

A1699-xxlxx

Two-Wire, Differential, Vibration-Resistant Sensor IC with Speed and Direction Output

Package: 2-Pin SIP (Suffix UB)



Datasheet Addendum

DESCRIPTION

This addendum adds an alternate output pulse width (Intermediate "I") and protocol variant to the existing datasheet.

For parameters not listed within this addendum, refer to the A1699 datasheet. In the event of a conflict between this addendum and the main datasheet, this addendum takes precedence.

A1699

Two-Wire, Differential, Vibration-Resistant Sensor IC with Speed and Direction Output



Allegro Identifier a	nd Device Type	[A1699]		
Operating Temperature Range		[L]		
Package Designation		[UB] 2-pin plastic SIP		
Instructions (Packing)		[TN] Tape and reel		
Configuration	Rotation Direction	[-F] pin 1-to-2 forward or [-R] pin 2-to-1 forward		
	Number of Pulses	[S] single, one pulse per magnetic pole pair or [D] dual, one pulse for each north and south pole		
	Pulse Widths (typ)	[I] (Intermediate) Forward = 60 μs, Reverse = 120 μs, Speed = 30 μs		
	Running Mode SPD Pulses (low frequency)	[B] Blanked, no low-frequency SPD pulses[P] Pulses permitted during running mode		
	Vibration Immunity / Direction Change	[L] Low vibration immunity with immediate direction change detection or[H] High vibration immunity		
Leadframe Plating		[T] Lead (Pb) free		

For example: A1699LUBTN-RSIPL-T

Where a configuration character is unspecified, "x" will be used. For example, -xSIPL applies to both Rotation Direction configuration variants.

SELECTION GUIDE

	Part Number	Packing*
A	1699LUBTN-FSIBH-T	4000 pieces per 12 in real
A1	1699LUBTN-RSIBH-T	4000 pieces per 13-in. reel



*Not all combinations are available. Contact Allegro sales for availability and pricing of custom programming options.



OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS: Valid throughout full operating and temperature ranges, unless otherwise noted

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS								
	I _{CC(LOW)}	Low-current state (running mode)	5.9	-	8.4	mA		
Supply Current	I _{CC(HIGH)}	High-current state	11.8	-	16.8	mA		
	I _{CC(SU)(LOW)}	Low-current level (calibration) and Power-on mode	5.9	-	8.5	mA		
Supply Current Ratio	I _{CC(HIGH)} / I _{CC(LOW)}	Low-current state (running mode)	1.9	-	-	_		
OUTPUT PULSE CHARACTERISTIC	s							
Pulse Width, Forward Rotation	t _{w(FWD)}	-xxIxx variant	51	60	69	μs		
Pulse Width, Reverse Rotation	t _{w(REV)}	-xxlxx variant	102	120	138	μs		
Pulse Width, Speed Only	t _{w(SPD)}	-xxIxx variant	25	30	35	μs		
Pulse Pre-Low Length	t _{w(PRE)}	-xxlxx variant	25	30	35	μs		
OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS	· · · ·							
Transition Frequency Between	s f _{DIR}	Detection point, increasing frequency	_	1100	_	Hz		
Direction Pulses and Speed Pulses		Detection point, decreasing frequency	_	1000	_	Hz		

Output Pulse Timing

With an -xxIxx variant, each output pulse begins with a defined time duration of $I_{CC(LOW)}$ of $t_{W(PRE)}$ (typical 30 µs).

Direction Validation

For the -xxxxL variant, following a direction change in running mode, direction changes are immediately transmitted to the output.

For the -xxxPH variant, following a direction change in running mode, output pulses have a width of $t_{w(SPD)}$ until direction information is validated. Using the -xxxBH variant suppresses running-mode SPD pulses below f_{SPD} .





Figure 1: Example Running Mode Direction Change (-FSxxL variant)



Figure 2: Example Running Mode Direction Change (-FSxPH variant)







Startup Detection/Calibration

When power is applied to the A1699, the sensor IC internally detects the profile of the target. The gain and offset of the detected signals are adjusted during the calibration period, normalizing the internal signal amplitude for the air gap range of the device.

Direction information is available after calibration is complete.

For the -xxIxx variant, output pulses of $t_{w(SPD)}$ are supplied during calibration. Figure 4 shows where the first output edges may occur for various starting target phases.



Figure 4: Startup Position Effect on First Device Output Switching (-xxlxx variant)



Vibration Detection

Algorithms embedded in the IC's digital controller detect the presence of target vibration through analysis of the two magnetic input channels.

For the -xxxxL variant, the first direction change is immediately transmitted to the output. During any subsequent vibration, the output is blanked and no output pulses will occur for vibrations less than the specified vibration immunity. Output pulses containing the proper direction information will resume when direction information is validated on constant target rotation. For the -xxxPH variant, in the presence of vibration, output pulses of $t_{w(SPD)}$ may occur or no pulses may occur, depending on the amplitude and phase of the vibration. Output pulses have a width of $t_{w(SPD)}$ until direction information is validated on constant target rotation.

Speed Pulses

Above f_{DIR} , output pulses will be of $t_{w(SPD)}$ duration only.



Figure 5: Output Functionality in the Presence of Running Mode Target Vibration (-xxxxL variant)



Figure 6: Output Functionality in the Presence of Running Mode Target Vibration (-xxxxH variants)



Revision History

Numl	ber	Date	Description
-		February 17, 2017	Initial release

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