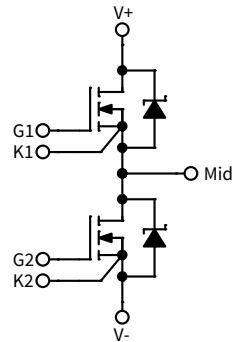


# CAS350M12BM3

1200 V, 350 A, Silicon Carbide, Half-Bridge Module

<b>V<sub>DS</sub></b>	<b>1200 V</b>
<b>I<sub>DS</sub></b>	<b>350 A</b>



## Technical Features

- Industry Standard 62mm Footprint
- Ultra Low Loss, High-Frequency Operation
- Zero Reverse Recovery from Diodes
- Zero Turn-off Tail Current from MOSFET
- Normally-off, Fail-safe Device Operation
- Copper Baseplate and Aluminum Nitride Insulator

## Applications

- Induction Heating
- Motor Drives
- Renewables
- Railway Auxiliary & Traction
- EV Fast Charging
- UPS and SMPS

## System Benefits

- 62mm Form Factor Enables System Retrofit
- Increased System Efficiency, due to Low Switching & Conduction Losses of SiC

## Maximum Parameters (Verified by Design)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Note
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>			1200	V		
Gate-Source Voltage, Maximum Value	V <sub>GS max</sub>	-8		+19		Transient, <100 ns	Fig. 33
Gate-Source Voltage, Recommended	V <sub>GS op</sub>	-4		+15		Static	
DC Continuous Drain Current	I <sub>D</sub>		417		A	V <sub>GS</sub> = 15 V, T <sub>c</sub> = 25 °C, T <sub>VJ</sub> ≤ 175 °C	Fig. 21
			318			V <sub>GS</sub> = 15 V, T <sub>c</sub> = 90 °C, T <sub>VJ</sub> ≤ 175 °C	
DC Source-Drain Current (Diode)	I <sub>SD</sub>		440			V <sub>GS</sub> = -4 V, T <sub>c</sub> = 25 °C, T <sub>VJ</sub> ≤ 175 °C	
			315			V <sub>GS</sub> = -4 V, T <sub>c</sub> = 90 °C, T <sub>VJ</sub> ≤ 175 °C	
Pulsed Drain Current	I <sub>D (pulsed)</sub>			700	°C	t <sub>pmax</sub> limited by T <sub>VJmax</sub> V <sub>GS</sub> = 15 V, T <sub>c</sub> = 25 °C	
Virtual Junction Temperature	T <sub>VJ op</sub>	-40		150		Operation	
				175		Intermittent with Reduced Life	

**MOSFET Characteristics (Per Position) ( $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Note
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	1200			V	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	1.8	2.5	3.6		$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 85 \text{ mA}$	
			2.0			$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 85 \text{ mA}, T_{VJ} = 175^\circ\text{C}$	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$		8.2	1128	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 1200 \text{ V}$	
Gate-Source Leakage Current	$I_{GS}$		40	400	nA	$V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance (Devices Only)	$R_{DS(\text{on})}$		4.0	5.2	$\text{m}\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 350 \text{ A}$	Fig. 2 Fig. 3
			6.5			$V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 350 \text{ A}, T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$		306		S	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 350 \text{ A}$	Fig. 4
			292			$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 350 \text{ A}, T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	
Turn-On Switching Energy, $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	$E_{On}$	5.0 4.5 4.4			mJ	$V_{DD} = 600 \text{ V},$ $I_D = 350 \text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = -4 \text{ V}/15 \text{ V},$ $R_{G(\text{OFF})} = 0.5 \Omega, R_{G(\text{ON})} = 0.5 \Omega,$ $L = 25 \mu\text{H}$	Fig. 11 Fig. 13
Turn-Off Switching Energy, $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	$E_{off}$	4.8 4.8 4.9					
Internal Gate Resistance	$R_{G(\text{int})}$		2.53		$\Omega$	$f = 100 \text{ kHz}, V_{AC} = 25 \text{ mV}$	
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$		25.7		nF	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 800 \text{ V},$ $V_{AC} = 25 \text{ mV}, f = 100 \text{ kHz}$	Fig. 9
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$		1.8				
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$		44.5		pF		
Gate to Source Charge	$Q_{GS}$		268		nC	$V_{DS} = 800 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -4 \text{ V}/15 \text{ V},$ $I_D = 350 \text{ A},$ Per IEC60747-8-4 pg 21	
Gate to Drain Charge	$Q_{GD}$		244				
Total Gate Charge	$Q_G$		844				
FET Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{thJC}$		0.116		$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$		Fig. 17

**Diode Characteristics (Per Position) ( $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Notes
Diode Forward Voltage	$V_F$		2.0		V	$V_{GS} = -4 \text{ V}, I_F = 350 \text{ A}, T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Fig. 7
			2.5			$V_{GS} = -4 \text{ V}, I_F = 350 \text{ A}, T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	
Reverse Recovery Time	$t_{rr}$		24.5		ns	$V_{GS} = -4 \text{ V}, I_{SD} = 350 \text{ A}, V_R = 800 \text{ V}$ $di/dt = 13.0 \text{ A/ns}, T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	Fig. 32
Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{rr}$		5.0		$\mu\text{C}$		
Peak Reverse Recovery Current	$I_{rrm}$		341		A		
Reverse Recovery Energy, $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	$E_{rr}$	1.7 2.0 2.0			mJ	$V_{DS} = 600 \text{ V}, I_D = 350 \text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = -4 \text{ V}/15 \text{ V}, R_{G(\text{ext})} = 0.5 \Omega,$ $L = 25 \mu\text{H}$	Fig. 14 Note 1
Diode Thermal Resistance, JCT. to Case	$R_{thJC}$		0.112		$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$		Fig. 18

Note:

<sup>1</sup> SiC Schottky diodes do not have reverse recovery energy but still contribute capacitive energy.



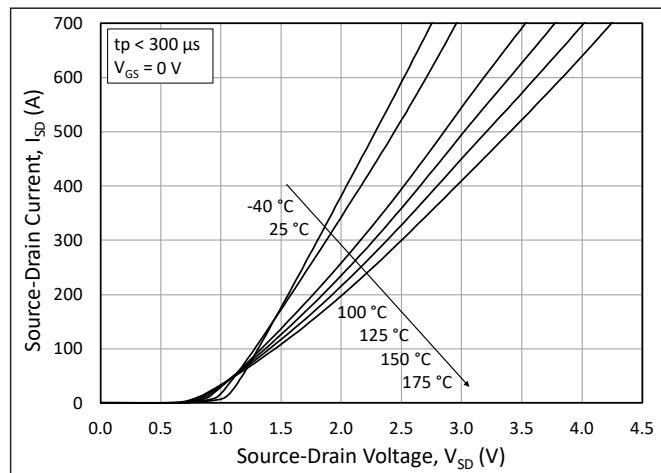
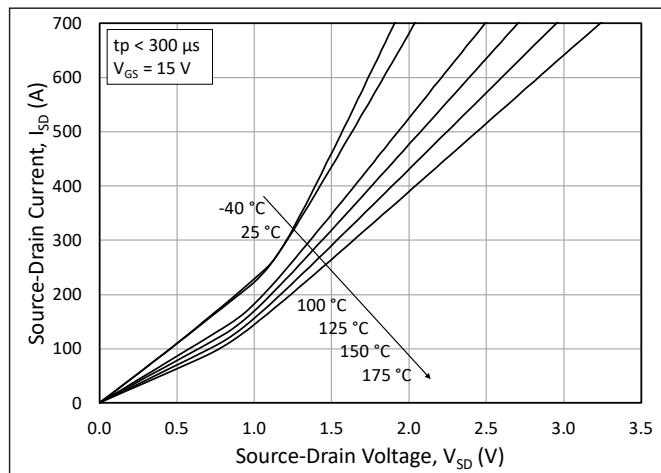
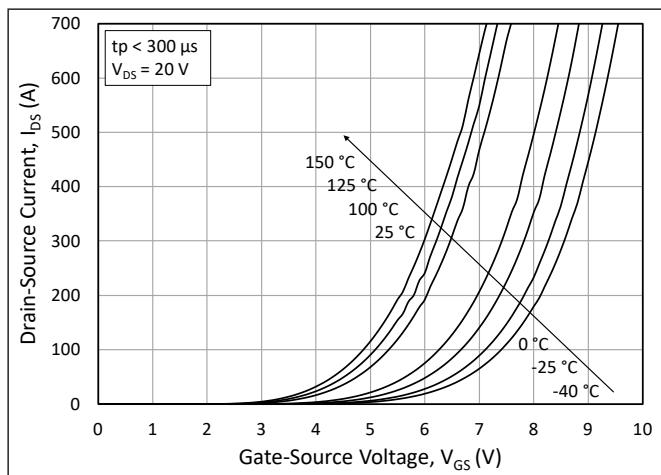
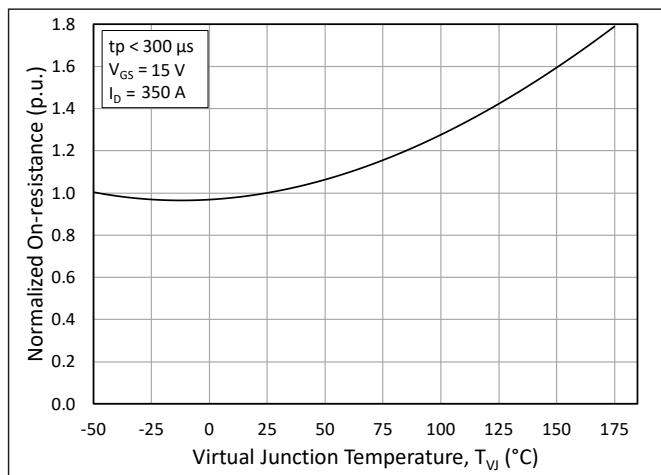
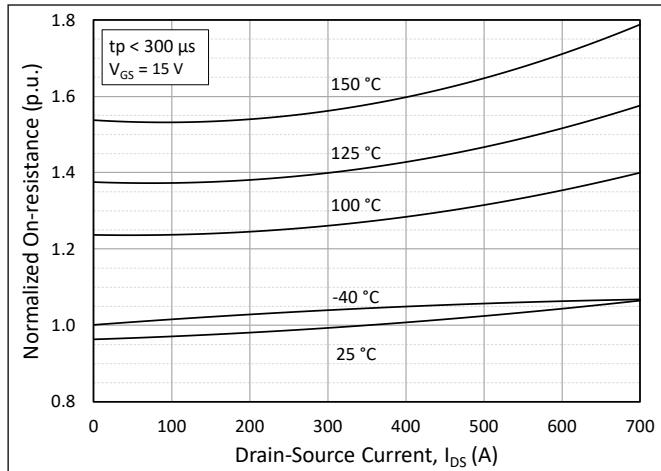
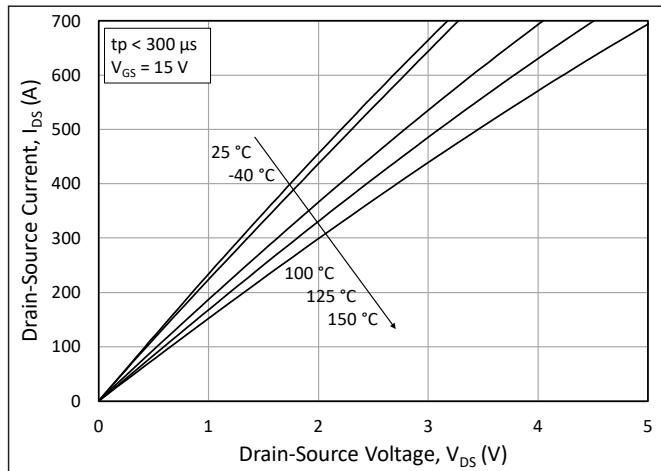
## Module Physical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Package Resistance, M1 (High-Side)	$R_{3-1}$		1.31		$m\Omega$	$T_C = 25^\circ C, I_{SD} = 350 A$ , Note 2
			1.84			$T_C = 125^\circ C, I_{SD} = 350 A$ , Note 2
Package Resistance, M2 (Low-Side)	$R_{1-2}$		1.26		$m\Omega$	$T_C = 25^\circ C, I_{SD} = 350 A$ , Note 2
			1.77			$T_C = 125^\circ C, I_{SD} = 350 A$ , Note 2
Stray Inductance	$L_{Stray}$		11.1		nH	Between DC- and DC+, f = 10 MHz
Case Temperature	$T_C$	-40		125	$^\circ C$	
Mounting Torque	$M_S$	4	5	5.5	$N\cdot m$	Baseplate, M6-1.0 bolts
		4	5	5.5		Power Terminals, M6-1.0 bolts
Weight	$W$		300		g	
Case Isolation Voltage	$V_{isol}$	5			kV	AC, 50 Hz, 1 minute
Clearance Distance		9			$mm$	Terminal to Terminal
		30				Terminal to Baseplate
Creepage Distance		30				Terminal to Terminal
		40				Terminal to Baseplate

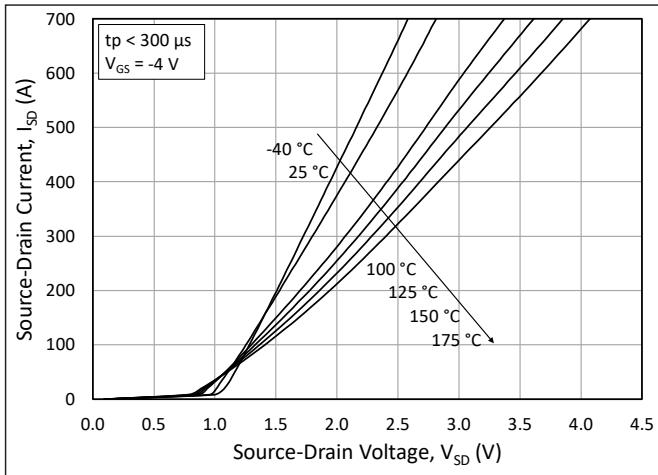
Note:

<sup>2</sup>Total Effective Resistance (Per Switch Position) = MOSFET  $R_{DS(on)}$  + Switch Position Package Resistance

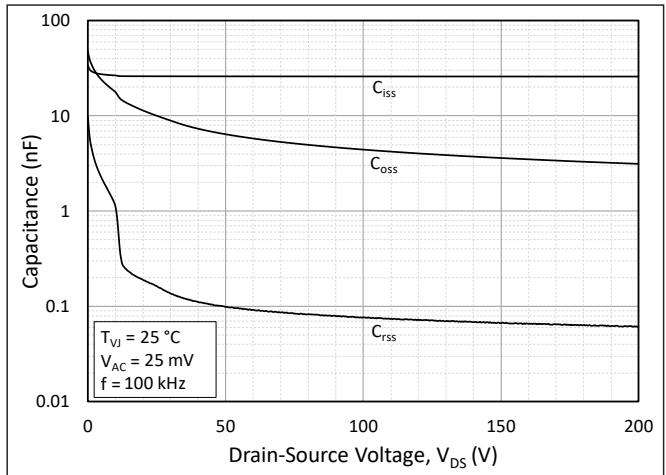
## Typical Performance



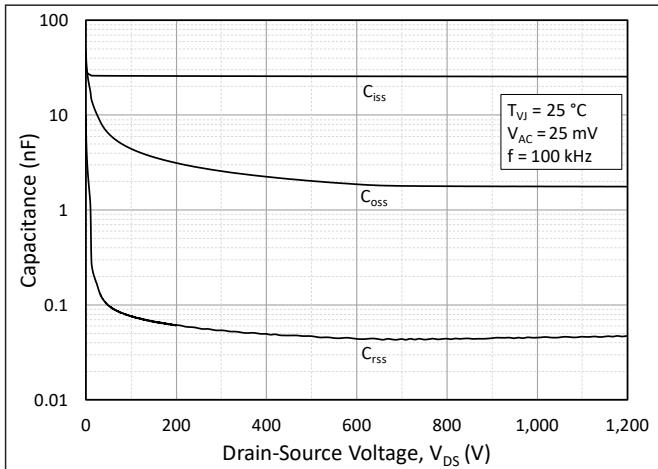
## Typical Performance



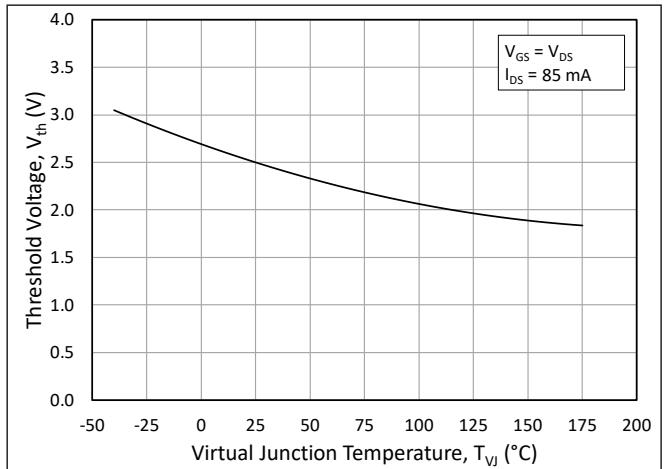
**Figure 7.** 3<sup>rd</sup> Quadrant Characteristic vs. Junction Temperature at  $V_{GS} = -4$  V (Diode)



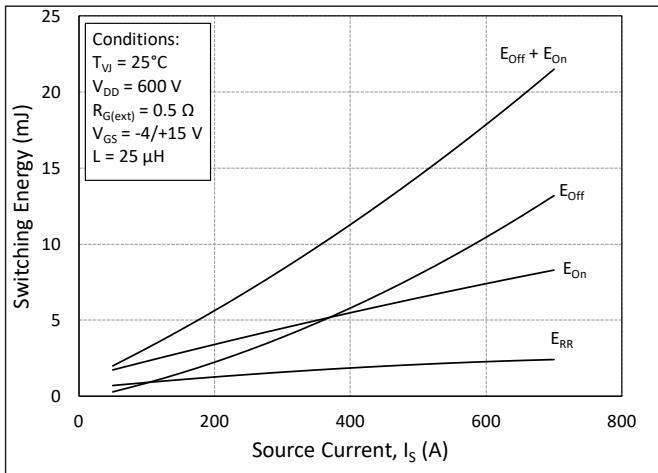
**Figure 8.** Typical Capacitances vs. Drain to Source Voltage (0 - 200V)



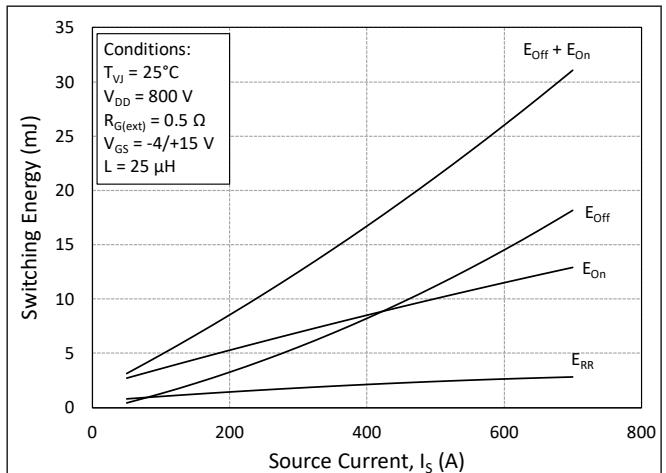
**Figure 9.** Typical Capacitances vs. Drain to Source Voltage (0 - 1200V)



**Figure 10.** Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

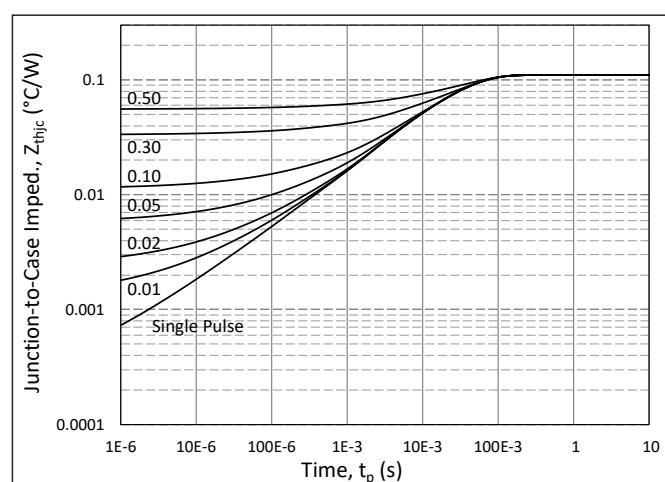
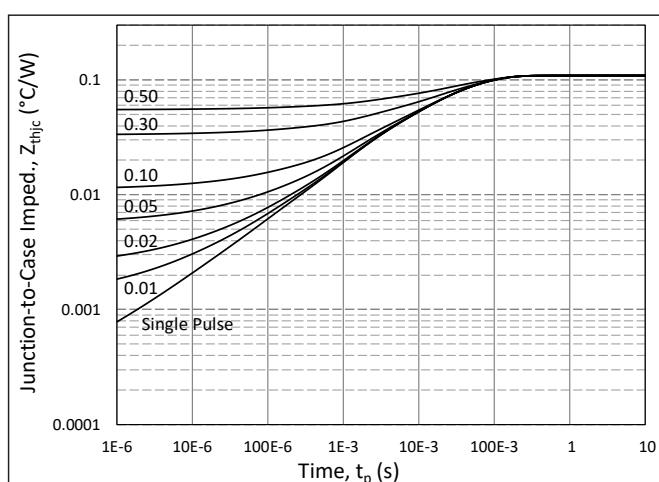
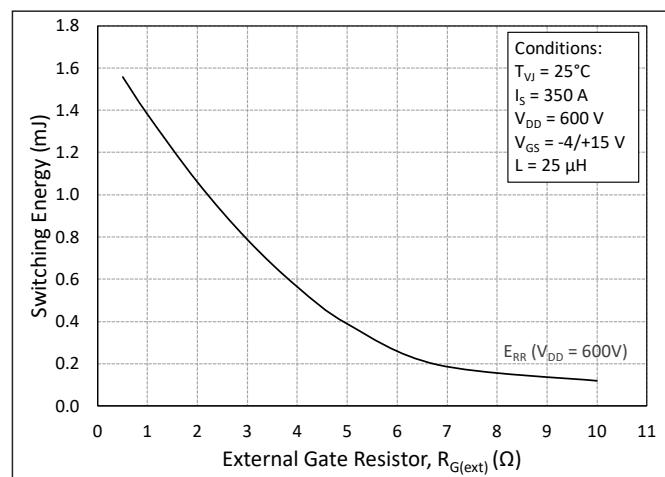
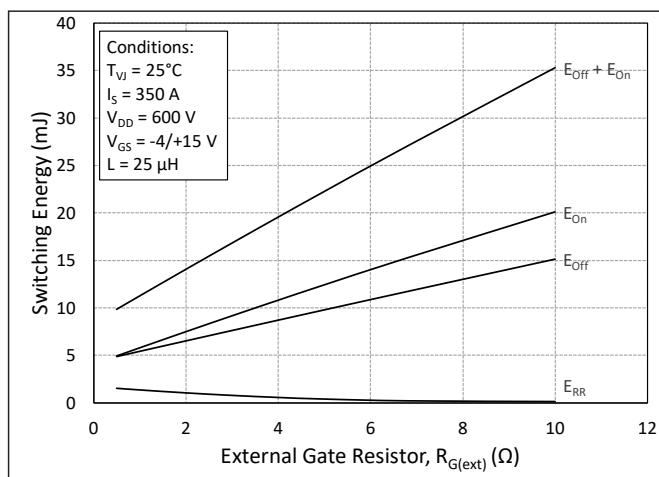
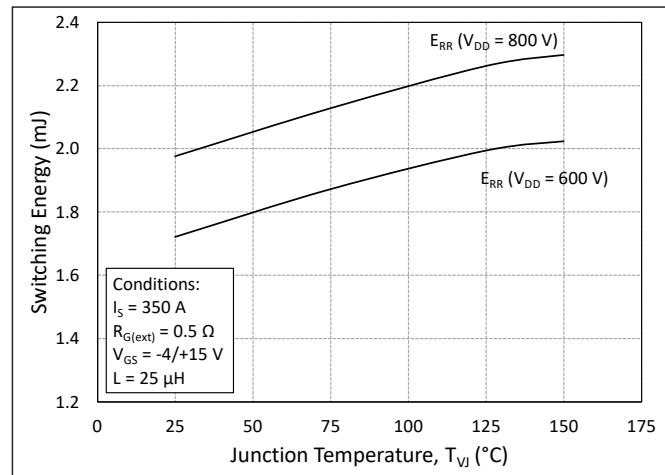
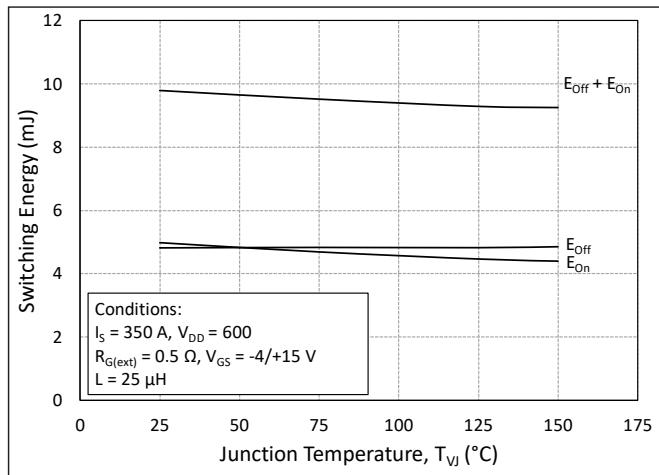


**Figure 11.** Switching Energy vs. Drain Current ( $V_{DS} = 600$  V)

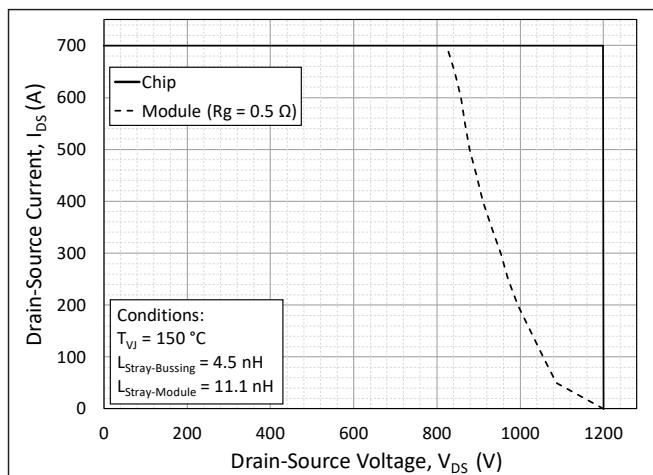


**Figure 12.** Switching Energy vs. Drain Current ( $V_{DS} = 800$  V)

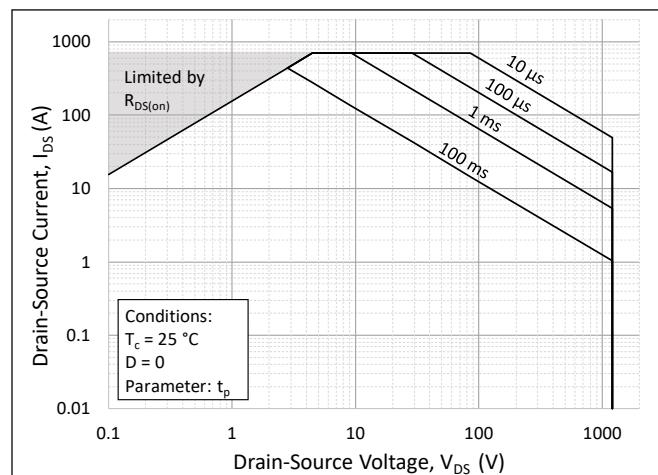
## Typical Performance



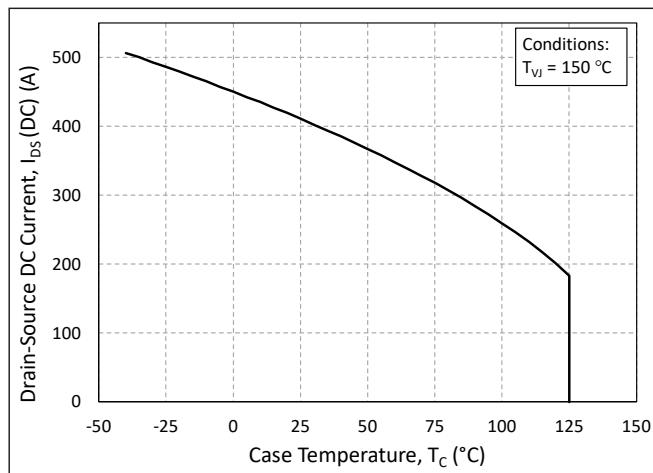
## Typical Performance



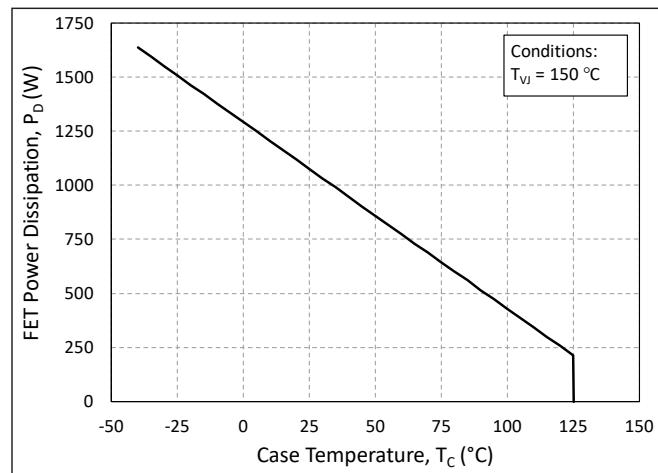
**Figure 19.** Switching Safe Operating Area



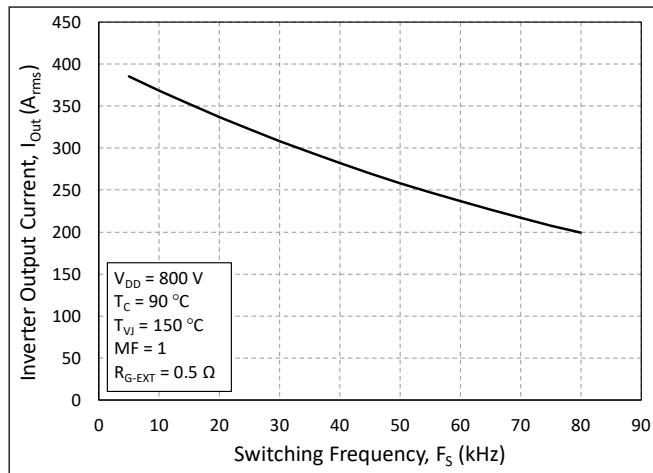
**Figure 20.** Forward Bias Safe Operating Area (FBSOA)



**Figure 21.** Continuous Drain Current Derating vs. Case Temperature

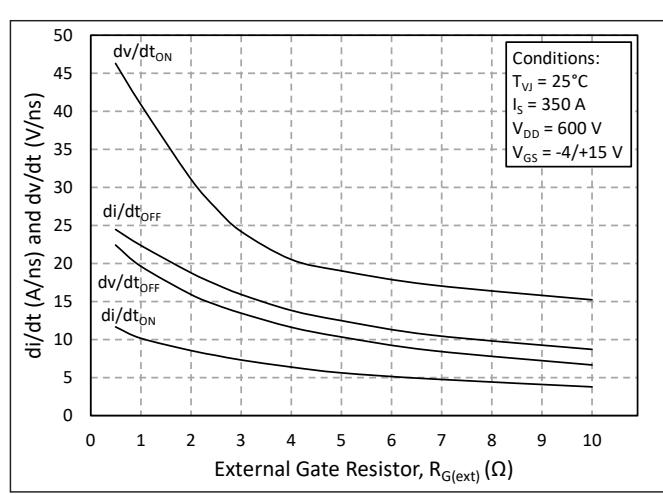
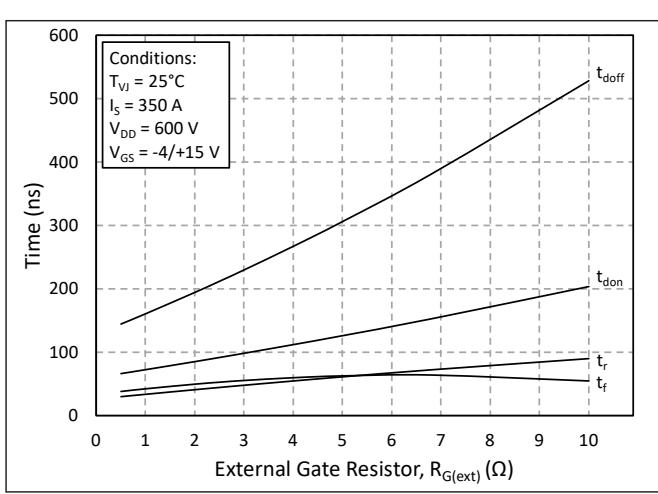
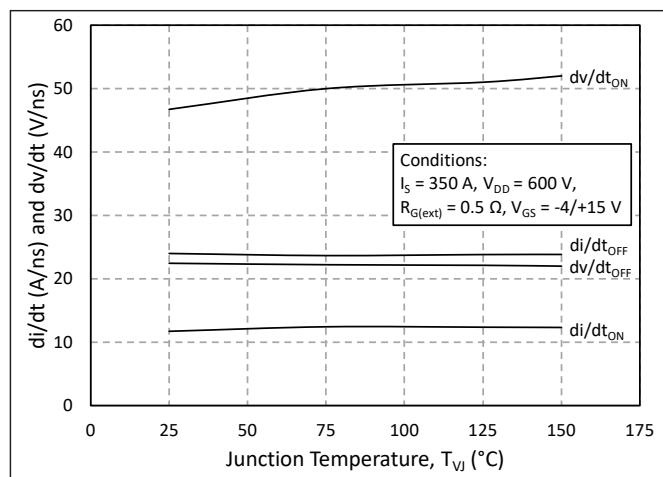
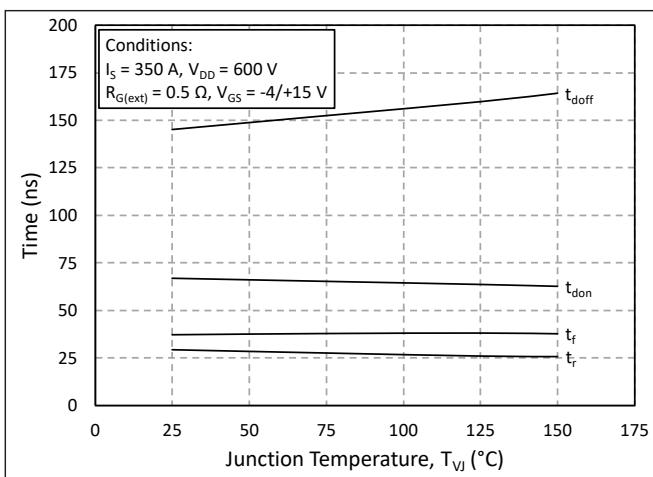
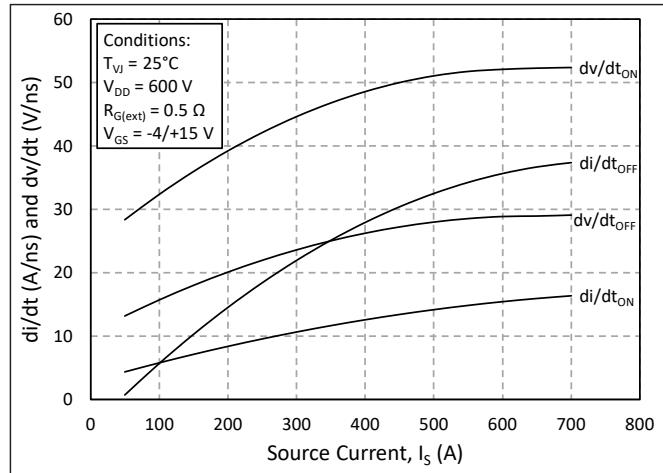
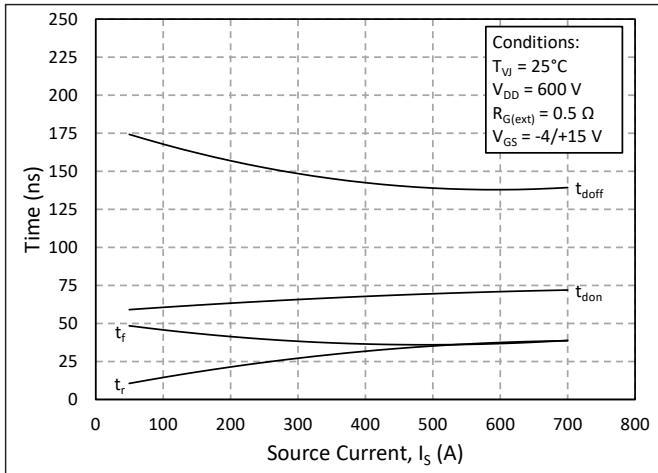


**Figure 22.** Maximum Power Dissipation Derating vs. Case Temperature



**Figure 23.** Typical Output Current Capability vs. Switching Frequency (Inverter Application)

## Timing Characteristics



## Definitions

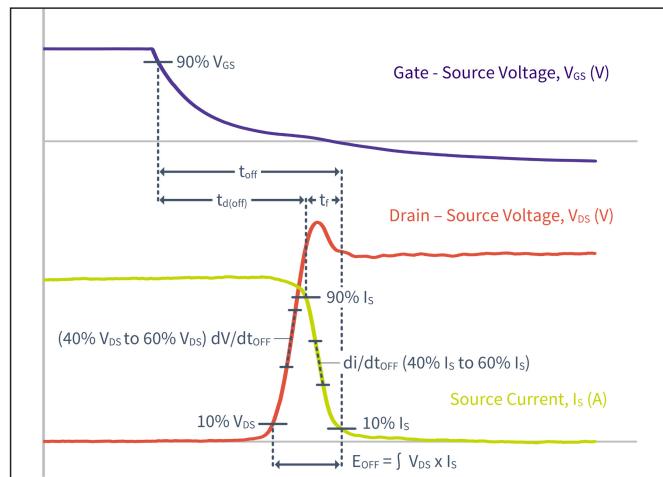


Figure 30. Turn-off Transient Definitions

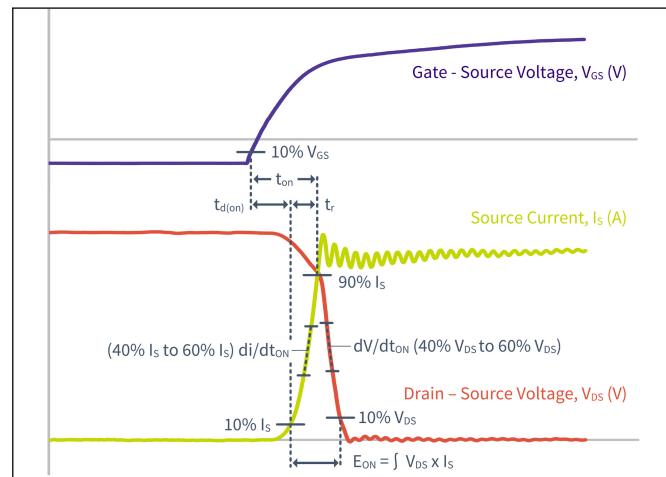


Figure 31. Turn-on Transient Definitions

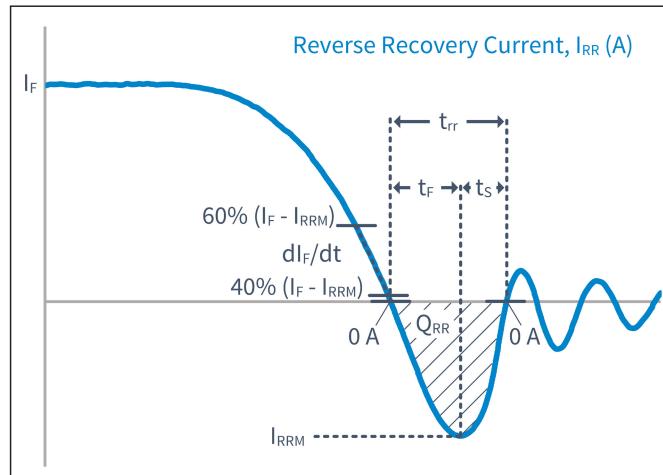


Figure 32. Reverse Recovery Definitions

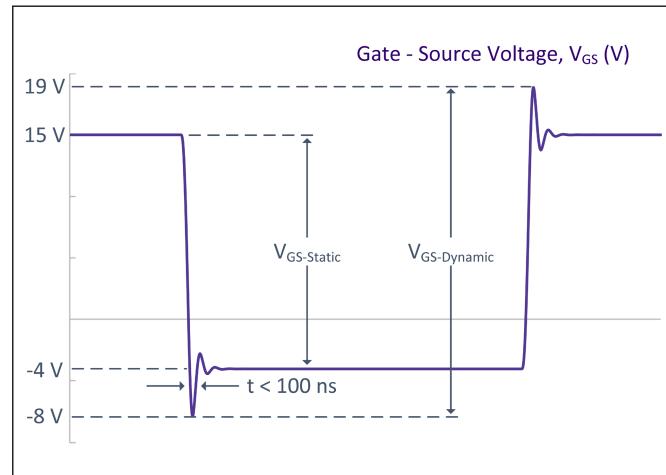
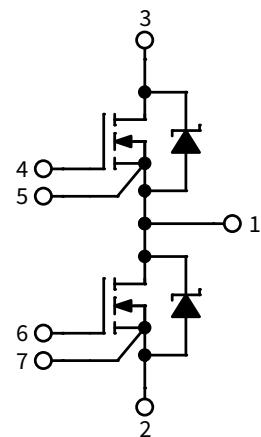
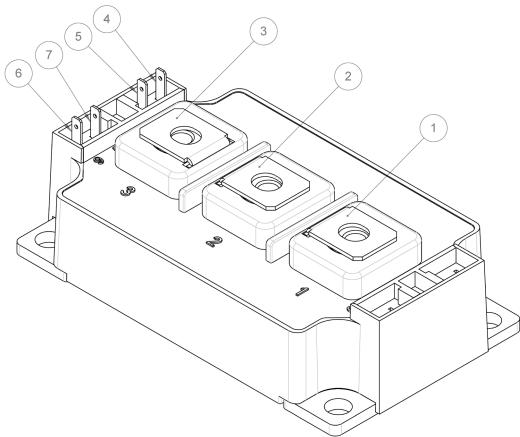
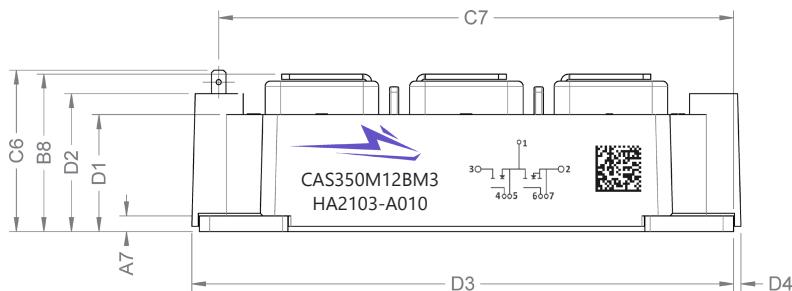
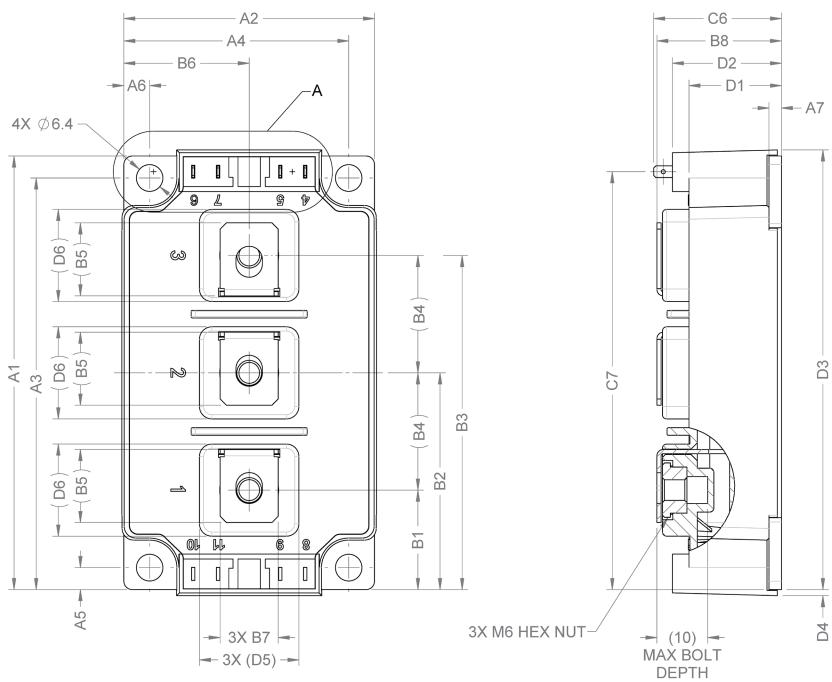


Figure 33.  $V_{GS}$  Transient Definitions

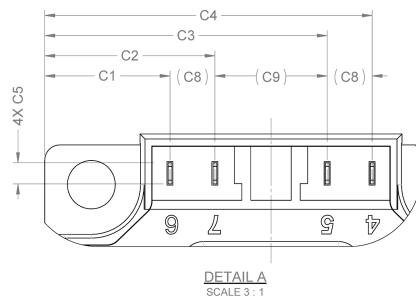
## Schematic and Pin Out



## Package Dimension (mm)



DIMENSION TABLE		
SYMBOL	DIMENSION	TOLERANCE
A1	103.5	±0.30
A2	60.44	±0.30
A3	98.25	±0.30
A4	54.22	±0.30
A5	5.25	±0.30
A6	6.22	±0.30
A7	3	±0.30
B1	23.75	±0.40
B2	51.75	±0.40
B3	79.75	±0.40
B4	(28)	REF.
B5	(17.43)	REF.
B6	30.23	±0.40
B7	(14)	REF.
B8	30.03	±0.40
C1	16.73	±0.40
C2	22.73	±0.40
C3	37.73	±0.40
C4	43.73	±0.40
C5	2.8	±0.40
C6	30.8	±0.50
C7	99.75	±0.40
C8	(6)	REF.
C9	(15)	REF.
D1	22.3	±0.30
D2	26.3	±0.30
D3	104.95	±0.30
D4	1.45	±0.40
D5	(24)	REF.
D6	(22)	REF.





## Supporting Links & Tools

### Evaluation Tools & Support

- CAS350M12BM3 PLECS Model
- KIT-CRD-CIL12N-BM: Dynamic Performance Evaluation Board for the BM2 and BM3 Module
- SpeedFit 2.0 Design Simulator™
- Technical Support Forum

### Dual-Channel Gate Driver Board

- CGD1200HB2P-BM3: Dual Channel Differential Isolated Half Bridge Gate Driver Board
- CGD12HB00D: Differential Transceiver Daughter Board Companion Tool for Differential Gate Drivers

### Application Notes

- CPWR-AN35: 62mm Module Thermal Interface Material Application Note
- CPWR-AN34: 62mm Module Mounting Guide Application Note
- CPWRAN12: Understanding the Effects of Parasitic Inductance Part 1.
- CPWRAN13: Understanding the Effects of Parasitic Inductance Part 2.



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