

All-in-One Digital Multimeter Tweezers

L-C-R 0.1% Basic Accuracy LED/Diode/Continuity Test Analog Signature Tool Super Cap Testing

Test Frequency: 100 Hz to 250 kHz Test Signal Level: 0.1, 0.5, 1.0 Vrms

Model LCR-Reader- R2 User Manual



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2

1 Device Use

1.1 Main Features

- Automatic component recognition L-C-R-Diode
- Basic Accuracy of 0.1%
- DC measurement of Resistance and Capacitance up to 1 F
- Pass/No Pass Electrolyte Cap indication with Built-in Rejection table
- Automatic/manual frequency setting 100, 120 Hz, 1, 10, 100 and 250 kHz
- Automatic adjustment of test signal to 0.1 V peak-to-peak for in-circuit measurements
- Designated ESR measurements
- Easy Open/Short calibration for better measurement accuracy
- Automatic detection of diode polarity and short circuit
- Frequency meter
- Four-way joystick control
- Multiple Parameter Display: primary/secondary, etc.
- Automatic/Manual Right/Left hand screen orientation
- Sound indication
- Battery discharge warning, full charge indication
- Automatic power off
- Battery charge indicator
- Backlit LCD

2 What is included in the package

LCR-Reader R2 Case Capacitance Offset Calibration Board Spare Ergonomic Bent Test Leads* Spare Battery* Kelvin Probe Connector* * Optional Accessories

3 Symbols and Abbreviations

DUT – Device Under Test ESR - Equivalent Series Resistance Low ESR - Ultralow Equivalent Series Resistance Rs - Series Resistance Ls - Inductance in series connection Cs - Capacitance in Series connection Rp - Resistance in Parallel connection Lp - Inductance in Parallel Connection Cp - Capacitance in Parallel Connection Xp - Reactance in Parallel Connection Q - Quality Factor D - Loss Tangent

 ϑ – Phase angle

RMS - RMS value TRMS - True RMS Value LF - Low Frequency Z - Impedance / Z / - Impedance Module DDS - Direct Digital Frequency Synthesis DC - DC Voltage AC - Alternating Voltage

4 Principle of Operation

Fig. 1 shows the LCR meter block-diagram. Voltage from the voltage source through a limiting 100Ω resistor is applied to the DUT connected at points A and B. The amplitude and frequency of the Test Signal V are adjustable. It is *also possible to apply either positive or negative DC voltage to the DUT. A voltage drop on the DUT is measured by DAu.* The voltage drop on resistor Rj measured by DAj is proportional to the current flowing through the measured component. After digitizing the ADC signals the impedance is calculated according to the formula DUT impedance Z = Rj* Vau/Vaj.

Initial values of Impedance (offsets) obtained during calibration with Open and Short probes are stored in the non-volatile memory of the device and are considered in the calculation of the impedance of the measured component thus eliminating the offsets due to the device internal parasitics.

The measured component can be represented as one of the following equivalent circuits:

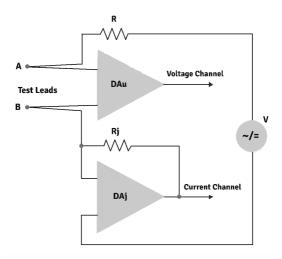
(1) and (2): AC measurement series circuits, (3) and (4): AC parallel circuits, (5,6,7) DC measurement of diodes, resistance and capacitance.

Impedance in series circuits is Z = Rs + iXs and in parallel circuits is Z = 1/(1/Rp + 1/iXp) where Xs (Xp) < 0 if the reactance is Capacitive and at Xs (Xp) > 0 the reactance is Inductive.

4.1 Calculation of Parameters:

Capacitance C = $1/(2\pi f |X_S|)$ where f is the test frequency.

Inductance L = Xs/(2 π f). Q = |Xs|/Rs. D = 1/Q. |Z| = $\sqrt{Rs^2 + Xs^2}$

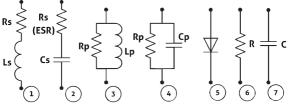


In automatic mode the device automatically selects the optimum frequency and the equivalent circuit for measurements. Users can also manually select measurement mode and frequency of the test signal can be selected a range of fixed values from 100 Hz to 250 kHz. Test voltage can be set to 1.0, 0.5 and 0.1 Vrms.

By passing direct current through the measured component, the voltage and current can be measured. Using Ohm's law, the DC current Resistance (RDC) is calculated.

By applying the DC voltage in forward and reverse direction, the diodes are detected, and the polarity of p-n junction is determined.

For capacitors larger than 40 mF the capacitance is calculated using the voltage variation on the measured capacitor when it is charging for a certain time interval and applied current.



The principle of the frequency meter is based on the counting of pulses of the reference generator between the two ramps of the input signal for a certain period of time (by default about 1 second). At the same time, the quantity of periods of the input

signal is counted too. Then the frequency f is calculated by the formula $f = M/N^*f$, where M is the number of periods of the input signal, N is the number of pulses from the reference generator and f, is the frequency of the reference generator.

The principle of measuring the voltage is based on comparing the input signal with the reference voltage.

5 Safety Measures and General Instructions 🔬

For safe and reliable operation of the device, follow these rules:

- 1. Never do measurements in a live circuit
- 2. Never apply voltage to the probes
- 3. Never measure Charged Capacitors
- 4. Do not make measurements while the device is charging
- Charge the battery using a USB port of a computer or a DC charger 5 V +/- 5%. Do not use damaged cables or chargers.
- Do not stretch the handles for more than 20mm between the test leads.
- 7. This device is designed for indoor use only.
- To prevent injury from sharp ends of the test leads, transport the device in the case provided.
- Do not touch non-insulated test lead surfaces during measurements, it will affect the result. Keep fingers on the insulated surfaces of the handles.
- Replacement of the battery must be carried out by a specialist. Batteries must be recycled or disposed of separately from regular household waste. Do not burn the battery.

6 Device Controls

The device is controlled by a 4-way joystick. Joystick functions are different when it is held for 1, or 2 beeps. Figure below shows the joystick location on the housing with arrows indicating the push directions and the number of beeps required to call the function.



The arrows show the direction of the joystick push. A single arrow denotes holding for one beep, two arrow heads denote holding for two beeps before releasing.

6.1 Turning on the Device

Press the joystick and hold for 1 beep.

6.2 Turning Off the Device

The device will turn off in the following cases:

- 1. Press the joystick and hold it until the display shows "Shutdown".
- The device turns off if it has been inactive for 120 seconds (default). The automatic turn-off time setting can be changed in the menu: System /Power/Time Off

6.3 Charging the Battery

The device is powered by a Li-Po battery with 3.7 V rated voltage. The battery icon on the display shows the remaining charge of

the battery. This icon will blink when the device's power is below 3.6 V and will automatically turn off at 3.5 V.

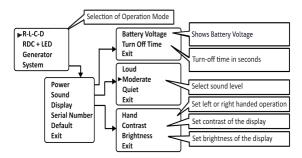


Information about the battery voltage can be displayed by selecting: System/Power/Battery Voltage

Charge the battery by connecting it via a micro-USB cable to a USB DC voltage source of 5V +/- 5%. The device screen is lit when the device is charging, and it turns off when the charging is complete.

6.4 Main and System Menu

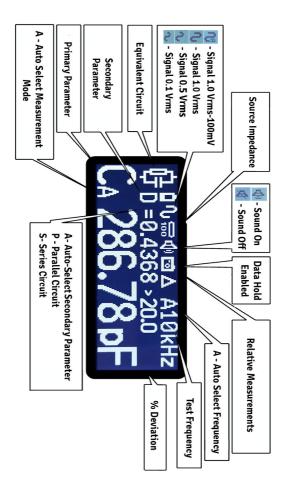
The main menu is shown when the joystick is pressed. The main menu is multi-levelled. Select the appropriate menu item by moving the joystick up or down and pressing down to select. To set the default operating mode (R-L-C-D, RDC+LED, Voltage, etc.), press and hold the joystick for two beeps. This mode is then stored in the device memory and will be activated when the device is powered on next time.



7 Modes of Operation

7.1 R-L-C-D Mode

R-L-C-D mode is the default device mode and it is designated for measurement of Resistors, Capacitors, Inductances and Diodes. To select the mode, select R-L-C-D in the main menu. In order to get access to the mode parameters (hidden sub-menu) push the joystick to the right for one beep. A typical screen for R-L-C-D mode looks as follows:



7.1.1 Measurements

When the measured component is connected to the test leads, the screen displays information depending on the component and the selected settings in the R-L-C-D mode menu.





In automatic mode, measurement of capacitance larger than 0.9 μ F by default is made at 120 Hz, while ESR is measured at 100



Resistance

kHz. In this case the display looks as follows. The frequency is not shown on the screen, but two

additional numbers are displayed indicating the capacitor parameters described below.

The main criterion for rejection of electrolytic capacitors is the value of ESR that varies amongst the types of capacitors and manufacturers. Two ESR tables have been compiled with typical ESR values for various capacitances/voltages, one for regular electrolytic capacitors and the other for Low ESR capacitors (presented below in Supplement A and B). These are indicative values and should only be used for a rough estimation of the capacitor performance. In this case besides the measured ESR value, two additional numbers are displayed in the right top portion of the screen. The first number indicates the quality of the capacitor measured as a ln(Rs/Rt) where Rs is the measured ESR value and Rt is the value from the table. For standard aluminum capacitors a positive number indicates rejection. whereas for Low ESR values above -10. The 2nd number is the selected operating voltage of the capacitor. It should be specified in the menu item Large Cap/C-voltage. It should also be kept in mind that the measured capacitance may be significantly lower than the original data from the data sheet due to evaporation of the electrolyte and other degradation mechanisms. In such cases the table cannot be used for accurate capacitor evaluation.

If you wish to measure capacitance larger than 0.9 μ F at a specific frequency you have to adjust frequency by pushing the joystick to the left for one beep or select frequency in the R-L-C-D parameter sub-menu by pushing the joystick to the right for one beep to activate the hidden sub-menu. In this case both the capacitance and the secondary parameter (ESR or D) are

measured at the same selected frequency.

▲ Discharge Capacitor!

7.1.2 Quick Controls

- Push the joystick up and hold for 1 beep to change the primary impedance type (more info below, Section 7.2.1)
- Push the joystick to the right and hold for 2 beeps to make Open/Short calibration and eliminate the offsets.



 Push the joystick left and hold for 1 beep to change the test frequency. The frequency changes cyclically Auto-100Hz-120Hz-1kHz-10kHz-100kHz. If the frequency is selected from the menu in the range 20-75kHz, the frequency changes cyclically
20kHz 20kHz 50kHz 50kHz 50kHz 50kHz 100kHz

20kHz-30kHz-40kHz-50kHz-60kHz-75kHz-100kHz

 Push the joystick down and hold for 1 beep to change the test signal level cyclically Auto-1.0-0.5-0.1 Vrms

7.1.3 Relative (Tolerance) Measurements

In order to initiate Relative (Tolerance) measurement mode, connect the measured reference component to the probes, push the joystick up and hold for 2 beeps. The reference value will be recorded, and further measurements will show the measured value as well as the percentage deviation from the reference value. To cancel Relative measurements, push the joystick down for two beeps.

7.1.4 Open/Short Calibration

Before the first use, the device must be calibrated with Open and Short probes for both RDC+LED (for a correct diode parameter extraction) and R-L-C-D mode for each test frequency. When the device is set to Auto-frequency the device is automatically calibrated at 100Hz, 120 Hz, 1 kHz, 10kHz, and 100kHz.

If the probes are shorted, parasitic resistance is obtained and accounted for. If the probes are open, parasitic capacitance is obtained. Please use LCR-Reader Capacitance Calibration Board to set a proper distance between the test leads for Open circuit calibration (according to the component size) because the parasitic capacitance depends on the distance between the test leads. Short circuit calibration is very crucial for small resistance and inductance and large capacitance. Open circuit calibration is crucial for small capacitance and large resistance.

To eliminate the offset, push the joystick to the right, hold for 2 beeps and release. When measuring small capacitances less than 100 pF, use LCR-Reader Offset Calibration Board included in the package for the open calibration. Insert the test leads at the

distance of the size of the component and calibrate with open probes. Only then measure the capacitor.

Before measuring small inductances (less than 10 μ H) and resistances (less than 10 Ω) wipe off the tips of any dirt and oxides and calibrate with short probes.

7.1.5 Capacitance Offset Calibration Board

The Capacitance Offset Calibration Board provides a reliable method of determining the parasitic offset between the test leads. The dummy PCB uses holes to represent various sizes of components.

To use the calibration board, place the test leads into the holes corresponding to the size of the component under test; make



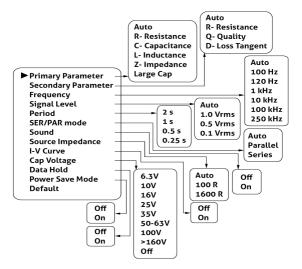
open calibration by pushing the joystick to the right, hold for 2 beeps and release.

7.2 R-L-C-D mode menu



To open the hidden R-L-C-D mode settings push the joystick to the right and hold for 1 beep, the following menu will appear. The menu tree is shown in detail in the following

diagram:



7.2.1 Primary Parameter

In Auto mode the type of measured component is determined automatically: R: Resistor, L: Inductance, C: Capacitor, D: Diode. In addition to the component type selection test signal level is also adjusted when in-circuit measurements are made (see below 7.2.4). Measurement mode can also be set manually to R, L, C, Z and Large Cap. The last mode is only for measuring capacitance values larger than 0.5 μ F (see section 7.2.14 below).

7.2.2 Secondary Parameter

In Auto mode for inductors quality Q factor is displayed for Q>1 and series Resistance Rs for Q<1, and for capacitors, loss tangent for C < 0.5 μ F and ESR for C >0.5 μ F. Automatic secondary parameter selection does not work if the Test Signal is set to Auto, Rs or Rp are used as the secondary parameter in this case.

7.2.3 Test Frequency

This menu item allows you to manually select the frequency of the test signal. In Auto mode, the device automatically selects a frequency of 100Hz, 1 kHz or 10 kHz, depending on the rating and type of the component. For electrolytic capacitors 120 Hz is used for capacitance measurements and 100kHz for ESR. Users can also manually select the test frequency. A higher frequency should be used for measuring small values of capacitances and inductances as well as ESR. Lower frequencies are used to measure large inductance and capacitance values. Resistance measurements are always made at 1 kHz unless **RDC+LED** mode is selected.

7.2.4 Test Signal Level

For more stable readings, select 1.0 Vrms or Auto signal level. Auto is best for measuring loose components and in-circuit measurements of R, C, L. When measuring a component on a PCB, high test signal may open p-n junctions of semiconductor components. This, in turn, may cause errors in the

measurements. In order to avoid the effect of p-n junctions, the signal level is automatically reduced to 0.1 V peak-to-peak and



the impedance is re-measured. In this case, the screen shows the diode symbol and the direction of the p-n junction as shown below.

7.2.5 Period

Increased measurement time results in more stable readings, reduced time results in faster updates on the screen.

7.2.6 SER/PAR Mode

This is used to select the equivalent circuit depending on the characteristics of the element. For Capacitance measurements in

Automatic equivalent circuit regime and Auto signal level Serial circuit is used for impedance values lower than 100 Ohms. If signal level is not in the Auto regime, serial equivalent circuit is used for impedance values lower than 1 kOhm. For inductance only serial mode is used unless parallel mode is explicitly specified.

7.2.7 Sound

The device will beep when the resistance is less than 10 $\Omega,$ or a short circuit is found.

7.2.8 Source Impedance

Auto – 100 R – 1600 R

7.2.9 I-V Curve

When this mode is selected, the device will switch to Analog Signature Analysis (ASA or I-V testing). This is a troubleshooting technique where current-limited AC sine wave is applied across two points to locate damaged and marginal components. The display plots the voltage across the device under test as the horizontal axis and the current as the vertical axis. Different signatures are produced depending on the current flow as the applied voltage changes.

The four basic signatures are displayed Resistance, Capacitance, Inductance and Semiconductor:

Resistance is displayed as a straight line at an angle from 0 to 90

degrees with the slope depending on the resistance. The higher the value of resistor, the closer the line will get to the herizontal (as a

| ີ ∿ ສ 4 \$ | | A 1kHz |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------|
| 0. 5V | | 332.5Ω |
| 1.2mA 🗄 | . | >20MF |
| 1 | Z | -0.020° |

will get to the horizontal (an open circuit)

Capacitance is displayed as a circle or ellipse. A low value

capacitor will have flattened, horizontal elliptical signatures; a capacitor with high values will have flattened, vertical elliptical



signatures. Signature of an ideal capacitor would be nearly a perfect circle.

Inductance is displayed as circular or somewhat elliptical due to parasitic resistance.

Inductors are displayed as flattened, horizontal ellipses; an ideal inductor would produce a perfect circle.



Inductors generally require low source impedance and higher test frequencies to display a nice elliptical signature.

Semiconductors/diodes are displayed as two or more line segments that resemble a right angle showing both

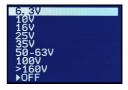


forward and reverse bias. The vertical segment displays the forward bias region and the turn-on voltage and drop; the horizontal part of the curve is the reverse voltage region where the diode is effectively an open-circuit and non-conducting.

Shorts are displayed as vertical lines because the current flow is theoretically infinite; an open circuit would display as a horizontal line due to the current always being zero.

7.2.10 Cap-Voltage

This setting must be selected in the menu when evaluating electrolytic capacitors for rejection by ESR value. The voltage value should be taken from the capacitor's housing. If



OFF is selected, the capacitor parameters such as the capacitor quality according to the table and nominal voltage will not be shown on the display

7.2.11 Data Hold

When selected, the device will hold measurement data on the screen. A beep will sound when the measurement is made, and the values are held on the screen after the component has been disconnected from the device. The device will only reset when a new component is measured, or the test probes are shorted.

In order to set a default measurement mode that will be activated when the device is turned on next time, select the mode, press the joystick and hold for 2 beeps. This measurement setting will be stored in the device's non-volatile memory for all other measurements until selecting other parameters or Default in the menu.

7.2.12 Power Save Mode

On/Off/Exit

7.2.13 Default

By selecting Default, the R-L-C-D mode parameters are reset to:

- Primary Parameter is Auto
- Secondary Parameter is Auto
- Frequency is Auto
- Signal Level 1.0 Vrms
- Measurement Time: 0.5 seconds
- Equivalent Scheme is Auto

- Sound is On
- C-voltage is Off
- Data Hold is Off

If you hold the joystick up to 2 beeps, then all parameters are stored in the non-volatile memory and will be loaded when the device is powered on.

7.2.14 Large Cap

In this mode, there are two sub-modes, one for capacitance values from 0.5 μF to 40 mF and the other from 40 mF to 1 F. In the



first mode the capacitance is measured at a frequency of 120 Hz, and the capacitor's ESR is measured at the frequency of 100 kHz. The other mode is for capacitance values from 40 mF to 1 F and the capacitance is measured using DC while ESR is still measured at 100 kHz. To toggle between the modes, push the joystick left for 1 beep.

▲ Discharge Capacitor!

Before the first application in this sub-mode it is necessary to additionally calibrate the device with both open and shorted probes.

For the rejection of electrolytic capacitors based on ESR, two tables are stored in the memory of the device, one for standard aluminum capacitors and the other for **Low ESR** capacitors (Supplement C and D, Section 14.2 and 14.3). Two additional numbers are displayed at the top-right corner of the screen in this case: the first number is the quality of the capacitor. For standard aluminum capacitors, positive values indicate rejection, and for **Low ESR** rejected values are above -10. The second number is the selected operating voltage of the capacitor in menu under C voltage: 6.3, 10, 16, 20, 30, 50-63, 100, and 160+ Volts.

CALI BRATI ON

7.2.15 Large Cap (0.5 µF to 40 mF) Settings

- Push the Joystick right for 2 beeps to make calibration eliminating the offset. Only short calibration is required.
- Push Joystick to the left to toggle between lower than 40 mF and higher than 40 mF capacitance measurements. To speed up the settling of the readings, short the capacitor leads for 2-3 seconds before the measurements.
- Push Joystick down for 1 beep to toggle the test signal level between 1.0 Vrms and 0.1 Vrms



7.2.16 Super Large Cap > 40 mF Measurement

- Push the Joystick right for 2 beeps to make calibration eliminating the offset. Only short calibration is required.
- Push Joystick to the left to toggle between lower than 40 mF and



higher than 40 mF capacitance measurements. To speed up the settling of the readings, short the capacitor leads for 2-3 seconds before the measurements.

7.3 RDC+LED Mode

This mode is designed to measure DC resistance, parameters of Diodes/LEDs, and diode leakage currents. Besides, it allows measuring a shunt resistor on a board that can be used for evaluating the current via that shunt in a live circuit.

- Press the joystick to open the main menu, select RDC+LED mode and press the joystick again.
- Before making any measurement, push the joystick to the right for 2 beeps to calibrate with open and short probes to eliminate the offsets.

Four sub-modes can be selected: Auto, Diode, R test at 1.3 V DC, R test at 100 mV DC.

7.3.1 Auto Mode

To select the Auto Mode push the joystick down.

In the Auto mode resistances and diodes are automatically detected. For resistors the bottom line displays the resistance of the connected element, at the top the current *Ir* flowing through it. For diodes, the polarity of the diode, the voltage drop in the open state and the reverse current *Ir* are displayed.





7.3.2 Diode Mode

To select the Diode Mode push the joystick left. If you push left once again, the diode polarity reverses.

Diode mode is used for LED/diode parameter extraction using DC bias. It is recommended for in-circuit characterization of p-n junctions. The screen displays the voltage drop in the open state when the forward bias is applied. If the reverse bias is applied, OL is displayed instead. Push the joystick to the left and hold for 1 beep to change the polarity of the probes.





7.3.2 R test at 1.3 V and R test at 100mV

To select the R-test Mode push the joystick up, resistor symbol will be displayed in the top left corner. If you push up again, the test voltage toggles between 1.3 and 0.1 Volts. The applied voltage is indicated by the pulse height in the top row of the screen.

These modes are used to measure DC resistance, recommended for in-circuit detection of resistors. It also allows measuring the selected shunt resistor on the board that could be later used for current measurements. In order to set the shunt resistor value, push the joystick down until 2 beeps while measuring the shunt resistor.



7.4 Signal Generator Mode

Only Sine wave signals are generated. The signal is applied to the device probes. It is possible to





adjust the span (peak-to-peak) of the signal from 0.1 to 3.0 V. Parameters are stored when exiting the mode. On the right of the screen the voltage span and the waveform icon are shown. The frequency in Hz is displayed in the center of the screen.

In this mode, the turn-off time is 4 times longer than the default in other modes. An external decoupling capacitor is required to supply a signal to an active circuit. It should be connected to the Blue probe. The Red probe is common, virtual ground. In this mode, the device does not turn-off by "flipping" and the function of automatic change of the display orientation (left/right hand) is disabled. It is recommended to use LCR-Reader Kelvin Probe Connector to simplify the device operation in this mode.

7.4.1 Controls

- Push the joystick to the left or right for 1 beep to select the item to change.
- Push the joystick up/down for 1 beep to increase/decrease the selected parameter.

7.5 System Menu Entries

7.5.1 Power

Battery Voltage Turn-off Time: Push joystick Up/Down to Increase/Decrease

Exit

7.5.2 Sound

Loud/Moderate/Quiet/Exit

7.5.3 Display

Hand: Right/Left /Exit

Contrast: Push joystick Up/Down to Increase/Decrease Contrast Brightness: Push joystick Up/Down to Increase/Decrease Brightness

Exit

7.5.4 Serial Number

Press the joystick to display the Serial Number of the device and the Firmware version.

7.5.5 Default

The following settings are stored in the device EEPROM when Default is selected in the System Menu and the joystick is pressed:

| • | Primary Parameter | Auto |
|---|-------------------------------|----------|
| • | Secondary Parameter | Auto |
| • | Frequency | Auto |
| • | Signal Level | 1.0 Vrms |
| • | Measurement Period | 0.5 s |
| • | Equivalent Circuit | Auto |
| • | Sound | On |
| • | Data Hold | Off |
| • | Shutdown Time | 120 s |
| • | Wakeup Mode | R-L-C-D |
| • | RDC+LED Mode | Auto |
| • | Frequency Measurement Time | 1 s |
| • | System Sound | Medium |
| • | All offsets are reset to zero | |

8 Device Troubleshooting

8.1 If the device does not turn on

- Push the joystick and hold it for 1 beep, then release it.
- Charge the battery.
- Contact the manufacturer for repair.

8.2 If there are no initial readings on the screen

- From the system menu, select Default.
- Clean the contacts and make open/short calibration with open and closed probes.
- Review this manual to find possible errors in operating the device.

8.3 Technical Support

Customers can contact customer support by phone

+1-519-888-9906 or by e-mail support@LCR-Reader.com.

When contacting technical support, please provide the following information:

- Model number
- Software version number
- Serial number of the device
- Purchase Receipt

9 Maintenance

9.1 General care of the device

- Do not expose the device to water, it is not waterproof.
- Do not expose the display for a long period of time to direct sunlight.
- Use a soft cloth dampened with water to clean the outside surface and clean the LCD display.
- Do not use liquid solvents or detergents.

9.2 Repairs

If there is an unexpected measurement result, check the quality of the contact between the test leads of the device probes and the element being examined. Make sure you make the measurements correctly. Carry out the instrument diagnostics. Independent dismantling of the case, replacement of individual elements and circuits are not allowed. For a repair, please contact the manufacturer directly.

10 Storage Conditions

- Temperature and humidity during storage: -10 ° C to 50 ° C with relative humidity <80%.
- There should be no dust, acid and alkali vapours in the storage room.
- Recharge the built-in battery once every 6 months.

11 Transportation

All modes of transportation at ambient temperatures from -40 $^\circ$ C to + 50 $^\circ$ C. The device must be protected against precipitation and dust.

12 Warranty

Manufacturer warrants this product to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one (1) year from the shipment date. Manufacturer warrants the following items for ninety (90) days from the date of shipment: rechargeable batteries, disks and documentation. During the warranty period, the Manufacturer will, at its discretion, either repair or replace any product that proves to be defective. To exercise this warranty, write or call your local distributor. You will be given prompt assistance and return instructions. Please send the product with shipping prepaid to the indicated service facility. Repairs will be made and the product will be returned to you. Repaired or replaced products are warranted for the balance of the original warranty period, or ninety (90) days from the date of the repair.

This warranty does not cover the repair of any product whose serial number has been altered, defaced or removed. This warranty does not cover finishes (scratches on surface or screen), normal wear and tear, nor does it cover damage resulting from misuse, dirt, liquids, proximity or exposure of heat, accident, abuse, neglect, misapplication, operation outside of the environmental specifications, tampering, unreasonable use, service performed or attempted by unauthorized service centers, failure to provide reasonable and necessary maintenance. This warranty does not apply to defects resulting from product modification without Manufacturer's express written consent, or misuse of any product or part. This warranty also does not apply to software, non-rechargeable batteries, damage from battery leakage, and improper polarity of the batteries or problems arising from normal tear and wear or failure to follow instructions. This warranty does not cover LCD damage, physical damage to the Joystick; electrical damage of the product due to high voltage / charged capacitor or improper battery type. The design and implementation of any circuit based on this product is the sole responsibility of the customer.

Manufacturer does not warrant any damage that occurs as a result of the user's circuit or any defects that result from user-supplied products. This warranty does not apply to repairs or replacements necessitated by any cause beyond the control of the factory including, but not limited to, operation contrary to furnished instructions, shipping accidents, modification or repair by the user, neglect, accidents, or other Acts of God. The foregoing is in lieu of all other expressed warranties, and the Manufacturer does not assume or authorize any party to assume for it any obligation or liability. The duration of any warranties that may be implied by law (including the warranties of merchantability and fitness) is limited to the term of this warranty. In no event shall the Manufacturer be liable for special, incidental, or consequential damages arising from ownership or use of this product, or for any delay in the performance of its obligations under this warranty due to causes beyond its control. This warranty is limited in duration to one (1) year from the date of original purchase.

This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied, including any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular use. The remedies provided herein are buyer's sole and exclusive remedies. Neither Manufacturer, nor any of its employees shall be liable for any direct, indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages arising out of the use of its devices and software even if Manufacturer has been advised in advance of the possibility of such damages. Such excluded damages shall include but are not limited to: costs of removal and installation, losses sustained as the result of injury to any person, or damage to property.

13 Specifications

The limits of the absolute error are given as \pm (% of the measured value + the number of LSB digits) at 23°C \pm 5°C, humidity less than 80% and 15 minutes of operation.

13.1 Overview

| R-L-C | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|--------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Measurement Parameters | | | R, L+R, R, C+D, C+ESR, L+Q, Ζ+θ | | |
| Measuring Tim | e | 0.25 | 0.25 s, 0.5 s, 1.0 s, 2.0 s | | |
| Test Signal | Frequency | 100,1 | 120 Hz,1, 10, 100, 250 kHz | | |
| Generator | Voltage | | 1.0, 0.5, 0.1 Vrms | | |
| Generator | Source Resistar | nce | 100 Ω | | |
| Resistance | Range | | 10 mΩ to 20 MΩ | | |
| (R) | Maximum Reso | lution | 0.0001 Ω | | |
| Capacitance | Range | | 0.1 pF to 1 F | | |
| (C) | Maximum Reso | lution | 0.001 pF | | |
| Inductance | Range | | 10 nH to 100 H | | |
| (L) | Maximum Reso | lution | 0.1 nH | | |
| Quality Factor | (Q) | | 0.001 to 1000 | | |
| Loss Tangent (E | 0) | | 0.001 to 1000 | | |
| Loss Angle (0) | | | -90 to 90° | | |
| | | LED | /Diode | | |
| Maximum Volt | age Test | | 3.2 V | | |
| Voltage Measu | rement Accuracy | | ±(3%+5) V | | |
| Maximum Test | Current | | 16 mA | | |
| Current Measu | rement Accuracy | | ±(3%+5) A | | |
| | | Vo | oltage | | |
| Range | | | - 15 V to 15 V | | |
| Maximum Resolution (DC) | | | 1 mV | | |
| Input | | | DC+AC | | |
| Input Impedan | ce | | 10 MΩ | | |
| | | Fre | quency | | |
| Frequency | | | 25 Hz – 250 kHz | | |
| Measuring Tim | e | | 0.25 s, 0.5 s, 1s, 2s | | |
| Maximum Reso | olution | | 0.0001 Hz | | |
| Sensitivity | | | 0.25 V | | |
| Accuracy | | | ±(0.005%+5) Hz | | |
| Input Impedance | | | 10 MΩ | | |
| | | Signal | Generator | | |
| Waveform | | | Sine | | |
| Maximum Freq | uency | | 250 kHz | | |

13.2 FCC Compliance

Complies with ICES-003 Issue 6 and FCC Part 15.109. ETC Report produced by MPB Technologies No.: s57e17a242 Release 1 of August 30, 2017.

13.3 General Information

| Type of I | ndicat | or | Monochrome graphic LCD display with backlight | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | Bat | tery | Lithium-Polymer (Li-Poli) 3.7 V 250 mAh | |
| Damage | Typical Recharge Time | | 3 hours | |
| Power | Continuous Use Time | | Over 7 hours (without backlight) | |
| | Auto-off | | 10 - 990 seconds (default 120s) | |
| Use Cond | ditions | | 10 - 40°C and relative humidity up to 80% | |
| Dimensio | | Device | 166x23x14 mm | |
| Dimensio | Case | | 180x40x20 mm | |
| Unit Wei | Unit Weight | | 39 g (1.35 Oz) | |
| Weight of the Device and Case | | Device and Case | 105 g (3.6 Oz) | |

13.4 Details of the Measurement Modes 13.4.1 Test Signal Generator

| Test Frequency | 100, 120 Hz, 1, 10, 100, 250 kHz | DC Voltage | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Frequency Accuracy | 0.005% - | | |
| Test Signal Level | 1.0±0.05 Vrms, 0.5±0.02 Vrms, | ±1.3±0.1, ±3.2±0.1, | |
| lest signal Level | 0.1±0.01 Vrms, 0.1±0.01 V* 0.1±0.01 V | | |
| Source Impedance | 100 Ω 5% | | |

*Automatically set signal level for in-circuit measurement, lower accuracy 10% + 5.

13.4.2 Resistance

Test signal 1.0 Vrms

| | | | - | | | |
|-----------------------|------------|--------------|------------------|---------|--------------|---|
| | | | E q u i | | | |
| R a n g e | Resolution | 100Hz, 120Hz | 1ĸHz | 10ĸHz | 20кНz-100кНz | v al e n t C i r c u i t |
| 10Ω | 0.001Ω | 0.5%+20 | 0.2%+20 | 0.5%+20 | 1%+20 | Series |
| 100Ω | 0.01Ω | 0.1%+3 | 0.1%+3 | 0.1%+3 | 0.5%+3 | Series |
| 1κΩ | 0.1Ω | 0.1%+3 | 0.1%+3 | 0.1%+3 | 0.2%+3 | Series |
| 10κΩ | 0.001κΩ | 0.1%+3 | 0.1%+3 | 0.1%+3 | 0.2%+3 | Series, Parallel |
| 100κΩ | 0.01 κΩ | 0.1%+3 | 0.1%+3 | 0.1%+3 | 0.5%+3 | Parallel |
| 1MΩ | 0.1κΩ | 0.2%+3 | 0.2%+3 | 0.2%+3 | 1%+3 | Parallel |
| 10MΩ | 0.001MΩ | 1%+5 | 0.5%+5 | 1%+5 | - | Parallel |
| 20MΩ | 0.01MΩ | 3%+5 | 3%+5 | - | - | Parallel |

| Dennes | Resolution | Test signal | | Enviralment Circuit | |
|--------|------------|-------------|---------|---------------------|--|
| Range | Resolution | 0.5Vrms | 0.1Vrms | Equivalent Circuit | |
| 10Ω | 0.001Ω | 5%+20 | 5%+20 | Series | |
| 100Ω | 0.01Ω | 1%+3 | 1%+3 | Series | |
| 1κΩ | 0.1Ω | 0.2%+3 | 0.5%+3 | Series | |
| 10κΩ | 0.001κΩ | 0.2%+3 | 0.2%+3 | Series, Parallel | |
| 100κΩ | 0.01κΩ | 0.2%+3 | 0.2%+3 | Parallel | |
| 1MΩ | 0.1κΩ | 0.5%+3 | 0.5%+3 | Parallel | |
| 10MΩ | 0.001MΩ | 2%+5 | 5%+5 | Parallel | |
| 20MΩ | 0.01MΩ | 5%+5 | 5%+5 | Parallel | |

Test signal 0.5 Vrms and 0.1 Vrms

- Calibrate with short and open test leads before measurement
- If D exceeds 0.1 then multiply the result by
- Measurement time 1 sec

13.4.3 DC Resistance

| lest signal 1.5D | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| Range | Resolution | Accuracy | | | | |
| 10Ω | 0.001Ω | 0.5%+20 | | | | |
| 100Ω | 0.01Ω | 0.3%+3 | | | | |
| 1κΩ | 0.1Ω | 0.1%+2 | | | | |
| 10κΩ | 0.001κΩ | 0.1%+2 | | | | |
| 100κΩ | 0.01κΩ | 0.2%+2 | | | | |
| 1ΜΩ | 0.1κΩ | 0.2%+3 | | | | |
| 10MΩ | 0.001ΜΩ | 0.5%+5 | | | | |
| 20ΜΩ | 0.01ΜΩ | 3%+5 | | | | |

oct cignal 1 2B

· Calibrate with short and open test leads before measurement

13.4.4 Capacitance

Test signal 1.0 Vrms

| | | Test frequency | | | | |
|--------|------------|----------------|--------|--------|-----------------|--------|
| Range | Resolution | 100Hz, 120Hz | 1ĸHz | 10ĸHz | 20кHz-75к Hz | 100кHz |
| 10 pF | 0.001pF | - | - | 0.5%+5 | - | 1%+50 |
| 100pF | 0.01pF | - | - | 0.3%+5 | 3%+5 | 0.3%+5 |
| 1000pF | 0.1pF | 4%+5 | 0.3%+3 | 0.2%+5 | 1%+5 | 0.2%+2 |
| 10nF | 0.001nF | 0.2%+4 | 0.2%+3 | 0.1%+3 | 0.5%+2 | 0.5%+2 |
| 100 nF | 0.01nF | 0.2%+2 | 0.1%+3 | 0.1%+3 | 0.5 %+2 | 0.5%+2 |
| 1000nF | 0.1nF | 0.2%+2 | 0.1%+3 | 0.2%+3 | 1 %+3 | 2%+3 |
| 10µF | 0.001 µF | 0.3%+2 | 0.2%+3 | 0.2%+3 | 3 %+5 | 3%+5 |
| 100µF | 0.01µF | 0.5%+2 | 0.2%+3 | 3%+5 | - | - |
| 1000µF | 0.1µF | 2%+5 | 3%+5 | - | - | - |
| 10mF | 0.01 mF | 5%+5 | - | - | - | - |
| 40mF | 0.01 mF | 10%+5 | - | - | - | - |

Test signal 0.5 Vrms and 0.1 Vrms

| | | Test signal | | |
|--------|------------|-------------|---------|--|
| Range | Resolution | 0.5Vrms | 0.1Vrms | |
| 10pF | 0.001pF | 5%+200 | - | |
| 100pF | 0.01pF | 3%+100 | 5%+200 | |
| 1000pF | 0.1pF | 1%+10 | 3%+20 | |
| 10nF | 0.001nF | 0.5%+3 | 2%+5 | |
| 100nF | 0.01nF | 0.5%+3 | 2%+3 | |
| 1000nF | 0.1nF | 0.5%+3 | 2%+3 | |
| 10µF | 0.001µF | 1%+3 | 2%+3 | |
| 100 µF | 0.01µF | 1%+3 | 2%+3 | |
| 1000µF | 0.1µF | 1%+3 | 2%+5 | |
| 10mF | 0.001mF | 2%+5 | - | |

 Calibrate with short and open probes using LCR-Reader Offset Calibration Board with a proper component size.

If D exceeds 0.1 multiply the result by √1+D²

- Capacitance measurements are performed at automatic selection of the equivalent circuit, test signal 1 Vrms or 0.1 V peak-to-peak for in-circuit measurement.
- Discharge capacitors before measurement.
- Measurement time 1 sec.

13.4.5 DC Capacitance Measurement

| Range | Resolution | Accuracy |
|-----------|------------|----------|
| 40-100 mF | 0.01mF | 5%+5 |
| 1000 mF | 0.1mF | 5%+5 |

▲ Discharge capacitors before measurement

13.4.6 Inductance

| Range | | Test Frequency | | | | | | |
|---------|------------|----------------|--------|---------|-----------------|--------|--|--|
| | Resolution | 100Hz, 120Hz | 1ĸHz | 10ĸHz | 20кHz-75 кHz | 100кHz | | |
| 1000 nH | 0.1nH | - | - | - | - | 3%+5 | | |
| 10µH | 0.001µH | - | - | 0.5%+30 | 2%+30 | 3%+2 | | |
| 100µH | 0.01µH | - | - | 0.3%+5 | 0.5%+5 | 2%+3 | | |
| 1000µH | 0.1µH | - | 1%+3 | 0.2%+3 | 0.5%+2 | 1%+2 | | |
| 10 mH | 0.001mH | 0.2%+3 | 0.2%+3 | 0.2%+3 | 0.5%+2 | 1%+2 | | |
| 100mH | 0.01mH | 0.2%+3 | 0.2%+3 | 0.2%+3 | 0.5%+2 | 2%+3 | | |
| 1000mH | 0.1mH | 0.2%+3 | 1.0%+3 | 0.3%+3 | 3%+5 | - | | |
| 10H | 0.001H | 2%+3 | 2%+2 | 2%+3 | - | - | | |
| 100H | 0.01H | 5%+3 | 5%+3 | - | - | - | | |

Test signal 1.0 Vrms

Test signal 0.5 Vrms and 0.1 Vrms

| Range | Resolution | Test signal | | | |
|--------|------------|-------------|---------|--|--|
| | Resolution | 0.5Vrms | 0.1Vrms | | |
| 10µH | 0.001µH | 3%+50 | - | | |
| 100µH | 0.01µH | 1%+5 | 5%+5 | | |
| 1000µH | 0.1µH | 1%+3 | 2%+3 | | |
| 10mH | 0.001mH | 1%+3 | 2%+3 | | |
| 100mH | 0.01mH | 1%+3 | 2%+3 | | |
| 1000mH | 0.1mH | 2%+3 | 5%+5 | | |
| 10H | 0.001H | 5%+3 | - | | |

Calibrate with short and open test leads before measurement

• If D exceeds 0.1 multiply the result by $\sqrt{1+D^2}$

 Inductance measurements are performed at automatic selection of the equivalent circuit, test signal 1.0 Vrms or 0.1 V peak-to-peak for in-circuit measurement.

Measurement time 1 sec.

13.4.9 Low Frequency DDS Signal Generator

| Sine Wave | 20 Hz-100 kHz |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Frequency Adjustment Step | 0.1 Hz |
| Maximum Number of Samples Per Channel | 512 |
| Maximum Output Level (peak-peak) | 3.0 V |
| Output Voltage Step | 0.1 V |
| DAC | 12 bit |
| Amplitude Accuracy | ± (5% of the set level plus 0.02 V) |
| Maximum sampling frequency | 1.5 MHz |
| Frequency Accuracy | Better than 0.02% |
| Source Impedance | 100 Ω |

We reserve the right to adjust specifications without prior notice

13.5 Supplement A

| device memory | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|------|
| Сар | Volts | | | | | | | |
| μF | 6.3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 50-63 | 100 | >160 |
| 1.0 | - | - | - | - | - | 142 | 118 | 74 |
| 2.2 | - | - | - | - | - | 64 | 54 | 34 |
| 3.3 | - | - | - | - | - | 43 | 36 | 22 |
| 4.7 | - | - | - | - | - | 30 | 25 | 16 |
| 6.8 | - | - | - | - | - | 21 | 17 | 11 |
| 10 | - | - | - | - | - | 14 | 12 | 7.4 |
| 22 | - | - | - | - | - | 6.5 | 5.4 | 3.4 |
| 33 | - | - | - | - | 5 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 2.2 |
| 47 | - | - | - | 4 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 1.7 |
| 68 | - | - | 3.5 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.1 |
| 100 | - | 2.9 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 0.75 |
| 150 | - | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.95 | 0.79 | 0.49 |
| 220 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.86 | 0.75 | 0.65 | 0.54 | 0.34 |
| 270 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.88 | 0.7 | 0.61 | 0.53 | 0.44 | 0.27 |
| 330 | 1.0 | 0.86 | 0.72 | 0.57 | 0.50 | 0.43 | 0.36 | 0.22 |
| 470 | 0.71 | 0.61 | 0.50 | 0.40 | 0.35 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.16 |
| 560 | 0.59 | 0.51 | 0.42 | 0.34 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.21 | 0.13 |
| 680 | 0.49 | 0.42 | 0.35 | 0.28 | 0.24 | 0.21 | 0.17 | - |
| 1000 | 0.33 | 0.29 | 0.24 | 0.19 | 0.17 | 0.14 | 0.12 | - |
| 1500 | 0.22 | 0.19 | 0.16 | 0.13 | 0.11 | 0.09 | - | - |
| 2200 | 0.16 | 0.14 | 0.12 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.08 | - | - |
| 3300 | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.06 | - | - |
| 4700 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.05 | - | - |
| 6800 | - | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | - | - | - |
| 8200 | - | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.04 | - | - | - | - |
| 10000 | - | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.04 | - | - | - | - |

ESR rejection table for standard aluminum capacitors stored in the device memory

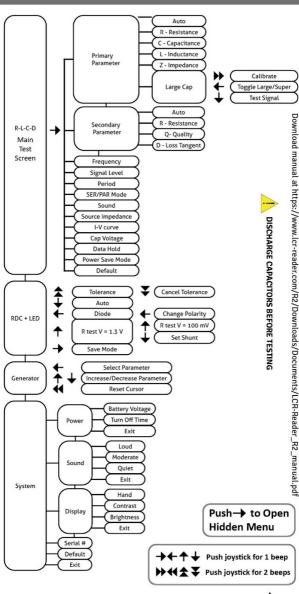
13.6

Supplement B

| Cap | Volts | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| μF | 6.3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 50 | 100 |
| 1.0 | - | - | - | - | - | 4.0 | 3.7 |
| 2.2 | - | - | - | - | - | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| 3.3 | - | - | - | - | - | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| 4.7 | - | - | - | - | - | 1.7 | 1.6 |
| 10 | - | - | - | - | - | 1.33 | 1.25 |
| 22 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.73 | 0.68 |
| 33 | - | - | - | 0.67 | 0.64 | 0.56 | 0.32 |
| 47 | - | - | 0.57 | 0.54 | 0.51 | 0.45 | 0.25 |
| 100 | 0.60 | 0.48 | 0.37 | 0.35 | 0.33 | 0.29 | 0.16 |
| 220 | 0.31 | 0.25 | 0.19 | 0.18 | 0.13 | 0.11 | 0.085 |
| 330 | 0.25 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.091 | 0.068 |
| 470 | 0.18 | 0.14 | 0.093 | 0.088 | 0.084 | 0.074 | - |
| 1000 | 0.066 | 0.063 | 0.060 | 0.057 | 0.054 | 0.048 | - |
| 2200 | 0.038 | 0.036 | 0.034 | 0.032 | 0.031 | 0.027 | - |
| 3300 | 0.032 | 0.030 | 0.029 | 0.027 | 0.026 | - | - |
| 4700 | 0.027 | 0.025 | 0.024 | 0.023 | - | - | - |
| 6800 | 0.024 | 0.023 | 0.022 | - | - | - | - |
| 10000 | 0.021 | 0.020 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 15000 | 0.020 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

LCR-Reader R2

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Siborg Systems Inc.

www.LCR-Reader.com

24 Combermere Crescent, Waterloo, Ontario, Canada N2L 5B1 1-519-888-9906