

# CY7C1061G Automotive

# 16-Mbit (1 M words × 16 bit) Static RAM with Error-Correcting Code (ECC)

#### Features

- High speed □ t<sub>AA</sub> = 10 ns
- Temperature range □ Automotive-E: -40 °C to 125 °C
- Embedded error-correcting code (ECC) for single-bit error correction
- Low active and standby currents □ I<sub>CC</sub> = 90-mA typical at 100 MHz □ I<sub>SB2</sub> = 20-mA typical
- Operating voltage range: 2.2 V to 3.6 V
- 1.0-V data retention
- Transistor-transistor logic (TTL) compatible inputs and outputs
- Available in Pb-free 48-ball VFBGA and 48-pin TSOP I packages

### **Functional Description**

CY7C1061G<sup>[1]</sup> is a high-performance CMOS fast static RAM automotive part with embedded ECC. ECC logic can detect and correct single-bit error in read data word during read cycles.

This device has single chip en<u>able</u> input and is accessed by asserting the chip enable input  $(\overline{CE})$  LOW.

To perform data writes, assert the Write Enable ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$ ) input LOW and provide the data and address on the device data pins ( $I/O_0$ through  $I/O_{15}$ ) and add<u>ress</u> pins ( $A_0$  through  $A_{19}$ ) <u>resp</u>ectively. The Byte High Enable (BHE) and Byte Low Enable (BLE), inputs control byte writes and write data on <u>the</u> corresponding I/O lines to the memory location specified. BHE controls I/O<sub>8</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub> and BLE controls I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>7</sub>.

To perform data reads, assert the Output Enable ( $\overline{\text{OE}}$ ) input and provide the required address on the address lines. Read data is accessible on I/O lines (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub>). You can perform byte accesses by asserting the required byte enable signal ( $\overline{\text{BHE}}$  or  $\overline{\text{BLE}}$ ) to read either the upper byte or the lower byte of data from the specified address location.

All I/Os (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub>) are <u>placed</u> in a high-impedance state when the device is <u>deselected</u> (CE HIGH), or control signals are de-asserted ( $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$ ). Refer to the below logic block diagram.

The CY7C1061G automotive device is available in 48-ball VFBGA and 48-pin TSOP I packages.



# Logic Block Diagram – CY7C1061G

#### Note

1. The device does not support automatic write-back on error detection.

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# CY7C1061G Automotive

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### **Pin Configurations**

Figure 1. 48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm) Pinout <sup>[2]</sup>



Figure 2. 48-pin TSOP I (12 × 18.4 × 1 mm) Pinout<sup>[2]</sup>



# **Product Portfolio**

				Current Consumption			
Product	Bango V	V <sub>CC</sub> Range (V)	Speed	Operating I <sub>CC</sub> (mA)		Standby L (mA)	
FIGUE	Range	VCC Italige (V)	(ns)	f = 1	$f = f_{max}$ Standby, I <sub>SB2</sub> (mA		SB2 (11A)
				<b>Typ</b> <sup>[3]</sup>	Мах	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[3]</sup>	Мах
CY7C1061G30	Automotive	2.2 V–3.6 V	10	90	160	20	50

#### Notes

NC pins are not connected internally to the die.

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 Typical values are included only for reference and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C.





# **Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature65 °C to +150 °C
Ambient temperature with power applied–55 °C to +125 °C
Supply voltage on V_{CC} relative to GND–0.5 V to +6.0 V
DC voltage applied to outputs in High-Z State $^{[4]}$ 0.5 V to V_{CC} + 0.5 V
DC input voltage <sup>[4]</sup> –0.5 V to $V_{CC}$ + 0.5 V

Current into outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static discharge voltage (MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)>2	2001 \/
Latch-up current	

# **Operating Range**

Grade	Ambient Temperature	V <sub>CC</sub>	
Automotive-E	–40 °C to +125 °C	2.2 V to 3.6 V	

# **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Over the operating range of -40 °C to 125 °C

Parameter Desc		vintion	Test Conditions			10 ns		— Unit
Parameter	Desc	ription	Test Condit	lest conditions		Min Typ <sup>[5]</sup> M		
		2.2 V to 2.7 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.0 m	A	2.0	-	-	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH voltage	2.7 V to 3.0 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -4.0 m	A	2.2	-	-	V
	voltage	3.0 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -4.0 m	A	2.4	-	-	
M	Output LOW	2.2 V to 2.7 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 2 mA		-	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	voltage	2.7 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA		-	-	0.4	v
V <sub>IH</sub> <sup>[4]</sup>	Input HIGH	2.2 V to 2.7 V	-		2.0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
VIH	voltage	2.7 V to 3.6 V	-		2.0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	v
V <sub>IL</sub> <sup>[4]</sup>	Input LOW	2.2 V to 2.7 V	-		-0.3	-	0.6	V
vIL.	voltage	2.7 V to 3.6 V	-		-0.3	-	0.8	v
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input leakage	current	$GND \le V_{IN} \le V_{CC}$		-5.0	-	+5.0	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakag	je current	$GND \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC}$ , Out		-5.0	-	+5.0	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Operating sup	oply current	V <sub>CC</sub> =Max, I <sub>OUT</sub> =0 mA, CMOS levels	$f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{RC}$	-	90.0	160.0	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic CE current – TTL		$ \begin{array}{l} \text{Max } V_{CC}, \ \overline{CE} \geq V_{IH}, \\ V_{IN} \geq V_{IH} \ \text{or} \ V_{IN} \leq V_{IL}, \ f = f_{MAX} \end{array} $		-	-	60.0	mA
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Automatic CE current – CM		$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Max V}_{CC}, \ \overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0. \\ \mbox{V}_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ \mbox{V or } V_{IN} \end{array}$		_	20.0	50.0	mA

#### Notes

4. V<sub>IL</sub> (min) = -2.0 V and V<sub>IH</sub> (max) = V<sub>CC</sub> +2 V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.
 5. Typical values are included only for reference and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C.



### Capacitance

Parameter <sup>[6]</sup>	Description	Test Conditions	All Packages	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitance		10	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	I/O capacitance	$T_A = 25 \text{ °C}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}, V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$	10	pF

### **Thermal Resistance**

Parameter <sup>[6]</sup>	Description	Test Conditions	48-ball VFBGA	48-pin TSOP I	Unit
	Thermal resistance (junction to ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four layer printed circuit board	31.50	57.99	°C/W
(H) in	Thermal resistance (junction to case)		15.75	13.42	°C/W

### AC Test Loads and Waveforms





Parameters	3.0 V	Unit
R1	317	Ω
R2	351	Ω
V <sub>TH</sub>	1.5	V
V <sub>HIGH</sub>	3	V

- 6. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
   7. Full-device AC operation assumes a 100-µs ramp time from 0 to V<sub>CC</sub>(min) and 100-µs wait time after V<sub>CC</sub> stabilizes to its operational value.



# **Data Retention Characteristics**

#### Over the operating range of -40 °C to 125 °C

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Мах	Unit
V <sub>DR</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> for data retention	-	1.0	-	V
I <sub>CCDR</sub>	Data retention current	$V_{CC} = V_{DR}, \overline{CE} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}, V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V or } V_{IN} \le 0.2 \text{ V}$	-	50.0	mA
t <sub>CDR</sub> <sup>[8]</sup>	Chip deselect to data retention time	_	0	_	ns
t <sub>R</sub> <sup>[8]</sup>	Operation recovery time	V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ 2.2 V	10.0	Ι	ns

### **Data Retention Waveform**

#### Figure 4. Data Retention Waveform<sup>[9]</sup>



- 8. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
   9. Full device operation requires linear V<sub>CC</sub> ramp from V<sub>DR</sub> to V<sub>CC</sub>(min) ≥ 100 µs or stable at V<sub>CC</sub>(min) ≥ 100 µs.



# **AC Switching Characteristics**

Over the operating range of -40 °C to 125 °C

Parameter <sup>[10]</sup>	Description	10	ns	Unit
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	
Read Cycle		·		-
t <sub>POWER</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> (stable) to the first access <sup>[11]</sup>	100.0	-	μS
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read cycle time	10.0	_	ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to data	_	10.0	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data hold from address change	3.0	_	ns
t <sub>ACE</sub>	CE LOW to data	_	10.0	ns
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to data	-	5.0	ns
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to low-Z <sup>[12, 13]</sup>	0	_	ns
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to high-Z <sup>[12, 13]</sup>	_	5.0	ns
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	CE LOW to low-Z <sup>[12, 13]</sup>	3.0	_	ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	CE HIGH to high-Z <sup>[12, 13]</sup>	_	5.0	ns
t <sub>PU</sub>	CE LOW to power-up <sup>[14]</sup>	0	_	ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	CE HIGH to power-down <sup>[14]</sup>	_	10.0	ns
t <sub>DBE</sub>	Byte enable to data valid	_	5.0	ns
t <sub>LZBE</sub>	Byte enable to low-Z <sup>[12, 13]</sup>	0	_	ns
t <sub>HZBE</sub>	Byte disable to high-Z <sup>[12, 13]</sup>	_	6.0	ns
Write Cycle <sup>[15</sup>	, 16]		L	_
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write cycle time	10.0	_	ns
t <sub>SCE</sub>	CE LOW to write end	7.0	_	ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address setup to write end	7.0	_	ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address hold from write end	0	_	ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address setup to write start	0	_	ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE pulse width	7.0	_	ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data setup to write end	5.0	-	ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data hold from write end	0	_	ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to low-Z <sup>[12, 13]</sup>	3.0	_	ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to high-Z <sup>[12, 13]</sup>	-	5.0	ns
t <sub>BW</sub>	Byte Enable to write end	7.0	-	ns

Notes

Notes 10. Test conditions assume signal transition time (rise/fall) of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5 V (for  $V_{CC} \ge 3 \text{ V}$ ) and  $V_{CC}/2$  (for  $V_{CC} < 3 \text{ V}$ ), and input pulse levels of 0 to 3 V (for  $V_{CC} \ge 3 \text{ V}$ ) and 0 to  $V_{CC}$  (for  $V_{CC} < 3 \text{ V}$ ). Test conditions for the read cycle use the output loading shown in part (a) of Figure 3 on page 5, unless specified otherwise. 11.  $t_{POWER}$  gives the minimum amount of time that the power supply is at stable  $V_{CC}$  until the first memory access is performed. 12.  $t_{HZOE}$ ,  $t_{HZCE}$ ,  $t_{HZWE}$ , and  $t_{HZBE}$  are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF, as shown in part (b) of Figure 3 on page 5. Hi-Z, Lo-Z transition is measured  $\pm 200 \text{ mV}$  from steady state voltage. 13. At any temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{HZCE}$  is less than  $t_{LZCE}$ ,  $t_{HZBE}$  is less than  $t_{LZOE}$ , and  $t_{HZWE}$  is less than  $t_{LZWE}$  for any device. 14. These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.

15. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE} = V_{|L}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{|L}$  and  $\overline{BHE}$ , or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{|L}$ . These signals must be LOW to initiate a write, and the HIGH transition of any of these signals can terminate the operation. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

16. The minimum write pulse width for Write Cycle No. 2 ( $\overline{WE}$  Controlled,  $\overline{OE}$  LOW) should be sum of t<sub>HZWE</sub> and t<sub>SD</sub>.



### **Switching Waveforms**



#### Notes

17. The device is continuously selected,  $\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$  or  $\overline{BLE}$  or both =  $V_{IL}$ . 18. WE is HIGH for read cycle.

<sup>19.</sup> Address valid prior to or coincident with  $\overline{CE}$  LOW transition.





#### Switching Waveforms (continued)



### Figure 7. Write Cycle No. 1 (CE Controlled)<sup>[20, 21]</sup>

- 20. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ , and  $\overline{BHE}$  or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$ . These signals must be LOW to initiate a write and the HIGH transition of any of these signals can terminate the operation. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

- 21. Data I/O is in high-impedance state if  $\overline{CE} = V_{|H}$ , or  $\overline{OE} = V_{|H}$  or  $\overline{BHE}$ , and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{|H}$ . 22. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not <u>app</u>ly input sign<u>als</u>. 23. The minimum write pulse width for Write Cycle No. 2 (WE Controlled,  $\overline{OE}$  LOW) should be sum of t<sub>HZWE</sub> and t<sub>SD</sub>.





### Switching Waveforms (continued)



Figure 9. Write Cycle No. 3 (WE Controlled)<sup>[24, 25]</sup>

- 24. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE} = V_{|L|}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{|L|}$ , and  $\overline{BHE}$  or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{|L|}$ . These signals must be LOW to initiate a write, and the HIGH transition of any of these signals can terminate the operation. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
- 25. Data I/O is in high impedance state if  $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$ , or  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$  or  $\overline{BHE}$ , and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IH}$ . 26. During this period the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



# Switching Waveforms (continued)



Figure 10. Write Cycle No. 3 (BLE or BHE Controlled)<sup>[27, 28]</sup>

- **Notes** 27. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ , and  $\overline{BHE}$  or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$ . These signals must be LOW to initiate a write, and the HIGH transition of any of these signals can terminate the operation. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates
- 28. Data I/O is in high-impedance state if  $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$ , or  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$  or  $\overline{BHE}$ , and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IH}$ .
- 29. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.





# **Truth Table**

CE	OE	WE	BLE	BHE	I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub>	I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub>	Mode	Power
Н	X <sup>[30]</sup>	X <sup>[30]</sup>	X <sup>[30]</sup>	X <sup>[30]</sup>	High Z	High Z	Power down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
L	L	Н	L	L	Data out	Data out	Read all bits	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	L	Н	L	Н	Data out	High Z	Read lower bits only	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	L	Н	Н	L	High Z	Data out	Read upper bits only	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Х	L	L	L	Data in	Data in	Write all bits	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Х	L	L	Н	Data in	High Z	Write lower bits only	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Х	L	Н	L	High Z	Data in	Write upper bits only	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Х	Х	High Z	High Z	Selected, outputs disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Х	Х	Н	Н	High Z	High Z	Selected, outputs disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )



# **Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Voltage Range	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type (all Pb-free)	Operating Range
	CY7C1061G30-10BV1XE		51 95150	48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm) (Pb-free)	
10	2.2 V–3.6 V	CY7C1061G30-10BV1XET	51-05150	(6 × 8 × 1.0 mm) (Pb-free)	Automotive-E
10	2.2 V-3.0 V	CY7C1061G30-10ZXE	51 95193	48-pin TSOP I (12 × 18.4 × 1.0 mm) (Pb-free)	
		CY7C1061G30-10ZXET	51-05105		

# **Ordering Code Definitions**

CY 7 C 1 06 1 G XX - 10 XX 1 X E X Temperature Range: E = Automotive-E (-40 °C to 125 °C) Pb-free Chip enables: 1 = Single Chip Enable Package Type: XX = BV or Z BV = 48-ball VFBGA; Z = 48-pin TSOP 1 Speed: 10 ns Voltage Range: 30 = 2.2 V–3.6 V Revision Code "G": Process Technology – 65 nm Data Width: 1 = × 16-bits Density: 06 = 16-Mbit Family Code: 1 = Fast Asynchronous SRAM family Technology Code: C = CMOS Marketing Code: 7 = SRAM Company ID: CY = Cypress
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### **Package Diagrams**







NOTE:

PACKAGE WEIGHT: See Cypress Package Material Declaration Datasheet (PMDD) posted on the Cypress web.









### Acronyms

### Table 1. Acronyms Used in this Document

Acronym	Description
BHE	Byte High Enable
BLE	Byte Low Enable
CE	Chip Enable
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
I/O	Input/Output
OE	Output Enable
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory
TSOP	Thin Small Outline Package
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic
VFBGA	Very Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array
WE	Write Enable

### **Document Conventions**

#### **Units of Measure**

#### Table 2. Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degree Celsius
MHz	megahertz
μA	microampere
μS	microsecond
mA	milliampere
mm	millimeter
ns	nanosecond
Ω	ohm
%	percent
pF	picofarad
V	volt
W	watt



# **Document History Page**

Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	3825225	MEMJ	11/29/2012	New data sheet.
*A	4003550	NILE	05/20/2013	Updated Document Title to read as "CY7C1061G Automotive, 16-Mbit (1 M words × 16 bit) Static RAM with Error-Correcting Code (ECC)". Updated Features. Updated Functional Description. Removed "Logic Block Diagram – CY7C1061GE". Updated Logic Diagram for Single Chip Enable. Updated Pin Configurations: Updated Pin diagram to have BV1XE without ERR pin Updated Product Portfolio. Updated Operating Range. Updated Capacitance. Updated Thermal Resistance. Updated Data Retention Characteristics. Updated AC Switching Characteristics: Removed 12 ns, 17 ns speed bin related information and included 10 ns speed bin related information. Updated Switching Waveforms. Removed "ERR Output – CY7C1061GE". Updated Package Diagrams: Added 48-pin TSOP I Package Diagram (Figure 11).
*B	4292074	MEMJ	02/28/2014	Updated Features: Mentioned frequency of measurement for $I_{CC}$ (typical). Updated Functional Description: Replaced "an error detection" with "a single-bit error detection". Added Note 1 (for ECC) and referred the same note in CY7C1061G. Updated Product Portfolio: Replaced CY7C1061G with CY7C1061G30. Updated Operating Range: Replaced Automotive with Automotive-E. Updated DC Electrical Characteristics: Added typical value for $I_{CC}$ parameter (90 mA). Added typical value for $I_{SB2}$ parameter (20 mA). Added Note 5 and referred the same note in "Typ" column. Updated AC Switching Characteristics: Added Note 11 and referred the same note in description of $t_{POWER}$ parameter Added Note 13 and referred the same note in description of $t_{LZOE}$ , $t_{HZOE}$ , $t_{LZOE}$ , $t_{LZBE}$ , $t_{HZBE}$ , $t_{LZWE}$ , and $t_{HZWE}$ parameters. Added Note 16 and referred the same note in "Write Cycle". Updated Switching Waveforms: Added Note 22 and referred the same note in Figure 7 and Figure 8. Added Note 23 and referred the same note in Figure 8. Added Note 26 and referred the same note in Figure 9 (to indicate that I/Os are in output state). Added Note 29 and referred the same note in Figure 10 (to indicate that I/Os are in output state).



# Document History Page (continued)

Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
*B (cont.)	4292074	MEMJ	02/28/2014	Updated Truth Table: Added Note 30 and referred the same note in "X" corresponding to Power down mode. Added condition to place outputs in disable state by making both BHE and BLE HIGH. Added Errata. Updated to new template.
*C	4330547	AJU	04/02/2014	No technical updates.
*D	4397546	AJU	06/03/2014	Updated AC Switching Characteristics: Updated Note 12 (Removed $t_{LZOE}$ , $t_{LZCE}$ , $t_{LZWE}$ , and $t_{LZBE}$ ; and added Hi-Z, Lo-Z transition).
*E	4469360	NILE	09/18/2014	No technical updates.
*F	4576640	VINI	11/21/2014	No technical updates.
*G	4800949	NILE	09/30/2015	Updated Logic Block Diagram – CY7C1061G. Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85183 – Changed revision from *C to *D. Removed Errata. Updated to new template.
*H	4983893	NILE	10/28/2015	Changed status from Preliminary to Final.
*	5435164	VINI	09/13/2016	Updated DC Electrical Characteristics: Updated the VOH values. Updated Note 4. Updated Ordering Code Definitions: Added Tape and Reel parts. Updated Copyright and Disclaimer.



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