Finisar

Product Specification 2.5Gbps, 850nm VCSEL, TO-46 Package HFE4094-542

PRODUCT FEATURES

- 850nm multi-mode oxide isolated VCSEL
- Capable of modulation operation from DC to 2.5Gbps
- TO-46 tilt window metal can component
- Designed for drive currents between 3-15mA average
- Packaged with a back monitor
- Un-Attenuated window can



These products are high-performance 850nm VCSELs (Vertical Cavity Surface-Emitting Lasers) designed for high-speed data communications and packaged with a custom designed power monitor diode. The power monitor diode can be used with appropriate feedback control circuitry to set a maximum power level for the VCSEL. These combined features simplify design for high data rate communication and eye safety.

These products are high radiance VCSELs designed to convert electrical current into optical power that can be used in fiber optic communications and other applications. As the current varies above threshold, the light intensity increases proportionally.

These products are designed to be used with inexpensive silicon or gallium arsenide detectors, but excellent performance can also be achieved with some indium gallium arsenide detectors (see HFD3081-108 and HFD3081-203 product data sheets).

The low drive current requirement makes direct drive from PECL (Positive Emitter Coupled Logic) or ECL (Emitter Coupled Logic) gates possible and eases driver design.

These are designed to interface with 50/125 and 62.5/125mm multi-mode fiber. They produce circularly symmetric, non-astigmatic, narrow divergence beams that, with appropriate lensing, fiber couple all of the emitter power

PRODUCT SELECTION

Part Number	Description
HFE4094-542	Un-Attenuated TO-46 component, VCSEL with Back Monitor Photodiode, Cathode of VCSEL common with Photodiode Anode

I. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating
Storage Temperature	-40 to +100°C
Case Operating Temperature	-40* to +85°C
Lead Solder Temperature	260°C, 10 sec.
Laser continuous Forward Current	12mA
Laser peak forward current with pulse width less than 1ms	18mA
Laser Reverse voltage	5V
ESD Exposure (Human Body Model)	225V ¹

Notice
INVISIBLE LASER RADIATION.
CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT
AT 760-1050 nm
PER IEC/EN 60825-1/A2:2007 AND 21
CFR 1040.10 AND 1040.11,
EXCEPT FOR DEVIATIONS
PURSUANT TO LASER NOTICE NO. 50
DATED 24 JUNE 2007
No special LASER eye safety
precautions necessary

1201137

Notice

Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operations section for extended periods of time may affect reliability.



The inherent design of this component causes it to be sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). To prevent ESD-induced damage and/or degradation to equipment, take normal ESD precautions when handling this product

VCSEL Parameters	Test Condition	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes
Optical Power Output	$I_F = 7mA$	Po		2.0		mW	2
Threshold Current		I _{TH}	0.5	1.8	2.5	mA	
Threshold Current maximum	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$	ΔI_{TH}	-0.5		1	mA	3
deviation from 25°C value	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	ΔI_{TH}			1.7	mA	3
	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $25^{\circ}C$	ΔI_{TH}			2.5	mA	3
Temperature at minimum threshold current		T _O	-20		50	°C	3
Slope Efficiency	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	η	0.225	0.4	0.6	mW/mA	4
	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$	η			0.75	mW/mA	
	$T_A = 85^{\circ}C$	η	0.19			mW/mA	
Slope Efficiency Temperature variation	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$	Δη/ΔΤ		-6000		ppm/ °C	5
Peak Wavelength	$I_F = 7mA$, $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	$\lambda_{ m P}$	830	850	860	nm	
λ_P Temperature Variation	$I_F = 7mA,$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	$\Delta\lambda_{\rm P}/\Delta T$		0.06		nm/°C	
Spectral Bandwidth, RMS	$I_F = 7 m A$	Δλ			0.65	nm	
Laser Forward Voltage	$I_F = 7mA$	V _F		1.8	2.0	V	
Rollover		P _{max}	1.25			mW	6
Rise and Fall Times	Pavg = 2mW,	t _r			130	ps	7
	Extinction Ratio = 10	t _f			150		
Relative Intensity Noise	1 GHz BW, $I_F = 7mA$	RIN		-130	-122	dB/Hz	
Series Resistance	$I_F = 7mA$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	R _S	25	35	50	Ω	
	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$	R _S			60	Ω	
	$T_A = 85^{\circ}C$	R _S	20			Ω	
Series Resistance Temperature Coefficient	$I_F = 7mA,$ $T_A = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } 70^{\circ}C$	$\Delta R_{s}/\Delta T$		-3000		ppm/ °C	8
Beam Divergence		θ	15		30	Degrees	9
Beam Divergence Current Variation		$\Delta \theta / \Delta I_{\rm F}$		0.45		Degree/mA	
Photodiode Parameters	Test Condition	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes
Monitor Current	$Po = 2mW, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	I _{PD}	TBD	0.025	TBD	mA	10
	$Po = 2mW, T_A = -40^{\circ}C$	I _{PD}	TBD		TBD		10
	$Po = 2mW, T_A = +85^{\circ}C$	I _{PD}	TBD		TBD	mA	10
Monitor current Temperature Variation	$Po = 2mW, 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } 70^{\circ}C$	$\Delta I_{PD} / \Delta T$		TBD		%/°C	10
Monitor Current Tracking		Deltrk		TBD			10, 11
Dark Current	$Po = 0mW, V_R = 3V$	I _D			20	nA	
PD Capacitance	$V_R = 0V$, Freq = 1MHz $V_R = 3V$, Freq = 1MHz	С		75 40	100 55	pF	

Electro-Optical Characteristics (T_{OP} = 25 °C unless otherwise stated) II. -

Notes:

- Reliability is a function of temperature, see www.finisar.com for details. 1.
- For the purpose of these tests, I_F is DC current. 2.
- Threshold current varies as $(T_A T_O)^2$. It may either increase or decrease with temperature, 3. depending upon relationship of T_A to T_0 . The magnitude of the change is proportional to the threshold at T_0 .
- Slope efficiency is defined as $\Delta P_0 / \Delta I_F$. 4.
- 5. To compute the value of Slope Efficiency at a temperature T, use the following equation: $\eta(T) \approx \eta(25^{\circ}C)^{*}[1+(\Delta\eta/\Delta T)^{*}(T-25)]$
- Rollover is the power at which a further current increase does not result in a power increase. 6.
- 7. Rise and fall times specifications are the 20% - 80%. Most of the devices will measure <135ps fall time. Rise and fall times are sensitive to drive electronics.
- 8. To compute the value of Series Resistance at a temperature T, use the following equation: $R_{s}(T) \approx R_{s}(25^{\circ}C)^{*}[1 + (\Delta R_{s}/\Delta T)^{*}(T-25)]$
- Beam divergence is defined as the total included angle between the $1/e^2$ intensity points. 9.
- 10. These specifications are for the TO-46 component alone. Reflections introduced by any subsequent higher level assembly may affect these values.
- 11. Monitor current tracking is defined as follows:

$$Deltrk = \frac{IPD(Po = 0.75mW) / 0.75mW}{IPD(Po = 0.45mW) / 0.45mW}$$

III. **Typical Performance Curves**

Emitted Power vs. Current: Power varies approximately Threshold Current vs. Temperature: Threshold linearly with current above threshold.



current varies parabolically with temperature; thus it can be nearly constant for a limited temperature range.



OPTICAL PLANE

IV. Environmental Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Ref.
Case Operating Temperature	T _{op}	-40		100	°C	
Storage Temperature	T _{sto}	-40		85	°C	

V. Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Agency	Standard	Certificate Number
Laser Eye Safety	FDA/CDRH	CDRH 21 CFR 1040 and Laser Notice 50	9521487

Copies of the referenced certificates are available at Finisar Corporation upon request.

VI. Mechanical Specifications



(dimensions are in inches)

VII. Revision History

Revision	Date	Description	
B00	8/14/2014	Changed to Latest Finisar format.	

VIII. For More Information

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