Features

- High Performance, Low Power AVR® 8-Bit Microcontroller
- Advanced RISC Architecture
 - 123 Powerful Instructions Most Single Clock Cycle Execution
 - 32 x 8 General Purpose Working Registers
 - Fully Static Operation
- Non-volatile Program and Data Memories
 - 2/4/8K Byte of In-System Programmable Program Memory Flash
 - Endurance: 10,000 Write/Erase Cycles
 - 128/256/512 Bytes In-System Programmable EEPROM
 - Endurance: 100,000 Write/Erase Cycles
 - 128/256/512 Bytes Internal SRAM
 - Data retention: 20 years at 85°C / 100 years at 25°C
 - Programming Lock for Self-Programming Flash Program & EEPROM Data Security
- Peripheral Features
 - 8/16-bit Timer/Counter with Prescaler
 - 8/10-bit High Speed Timer/Counter with Separate Prescaler
 - 3 High Frequency PWM Outputs with Separate Output Compare Registers
 - Programmable Dead Time Generator
 - 10-bit ADC
 - 11 Single-Ended Channels
 - 16 Differential ADC Channel Pairs
 - 15 Differential ADC Channel Pairs with Programmable Gain (1x, 8x, 20x, 32x)
 - On-chip Analog Comparator
 - Programmable Watchdog Timer with Separate On-chip Oscillator
 - Universal Serial Interface with Start Condition Detector
- Special Microcontroller Features
 - debugWIRE On-chip Debug System
 - In-System Programmable via SPI Port
 - External and Internal Interrupt Sources
 - Low Power Idle, ADC Noise Reduction, Standby and Power-Down Modes
 - Enhanced Power-on Reset Circuit
 - Programmable Brown-out Detection Circuit
 - Internal Calibrated Oscillator
 - On-chip Temperature Sensor
- I/O and Packages
 - 16 Programmable I/O Lines
 - Available in 20-pin PDIP, 20-pin SOIC and 32-pad MLF
- · Operating Voltage:
 - 1.8 5.5V for ATtiny261V/461V/861V
 - 2.7 5.5V for ATtiny261/461/861
- Speed Grade:
 - ATtiny261V/461V/861V: 0 4 MHz @ 1.8 5.5V, 0 10 MHz @ 2.7 5.5V
 - ATtiny261/461/861: 0 10 MHz @ 2.7 5.5V, 0 20 MHz @ 4.5 5.5V
- Industrial Temperature Range
- Low Power Consumption
 - Active Mode (1 MHz System Clock): 300 μA @ 1.8V
 - Power-Down Mode: 0.1 µA at 1.8V



8-bit **AVR**®
Microcontroller with 2/4/8K
Bytes In-System
Programmable
Flash

ATtiny261/V* ATtiny461/V ATtiny861/V

Summary

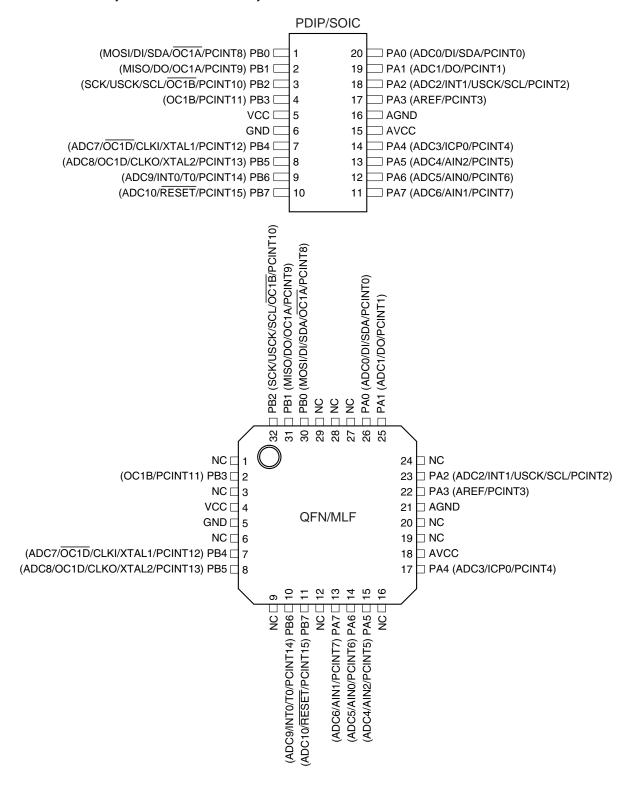
*Mature

2588FS-AVR-06/2013



1. Pin Configurations

Figure 1-1. Pinout ATtiny261/461/861 and ATtiny261V/461V/861V



Note: To ensure mechanical stability the center pad underneath the QFN/MLF package should be soldered to ground on the board.

1.1 Pin Descriptions

1.1.1 VCC

Supply voltage.

1.1.2 GND

Ground.

1.1.3 AVCC

Analog supply voltage. This is the supply voltage pin for the Analog-to-digital Converter (ADC), the analog comparator, the Brown-Out Detector (BOD), the internal voltage reference and Port A. It should be externally connected to VCC, even if some peripherals such as the ADC are not used. If the ADC is used AVCC should be connected to VCC through a low-pass filter.

1.1.4 AGND

Analog ground.

1.1.5 Port A (PA7:PA0)

An 8-bit, bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors, individually selectable for each bit. Output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, port pins that are externally pulled low will source current if pull-up resistors have been activated. Port pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port A also serves the functions of various special features of the device, as listed on page 63.

1.1.6 Port B (PB7:PB0)

An 8-bit, bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors, individually selectable for each bit. Output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, port pins that are externally pulled low will source current if pull-up resistors have been activated. Port pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port B also serves the functions of various special features of the device, as listed on page 66.

1.1.7 **RESET**

Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running and provided the reset pin has not been disabled. The minimum pulse length is given in Table 19-4 on page 190. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.

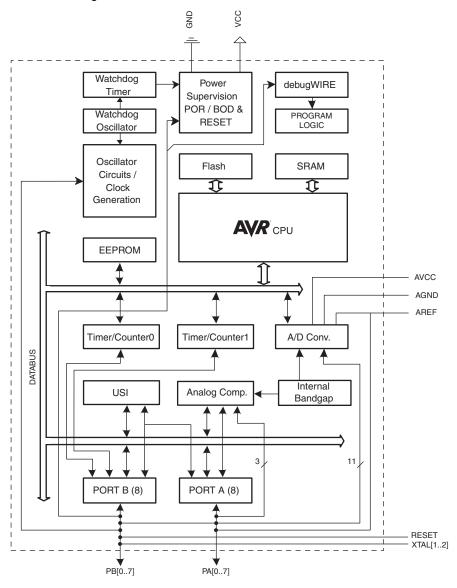
The reset pin can also be used as a (weak) I/O pin.

2. Overview

ATtiny261/461/861 are low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontrollers based on the AVR enhanced RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the ATtiny261/461/861 achieves throughputs approaching 1 MIPS per MHz allowing the system designer to optimize power consumption versus processing speed.

2.1 Block Diagram

Figure 2-1. Block Diagram



The AVR core combines a rich instruction set with 32 general purpose working registers. All 32 registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is more code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

ATtiny261/461/861

The ATtiny261/461/861 provides the following features: 2/4/8K byte of In-System Programmable Flash, 128/256/512 bytes EEPROM, 128/256/512 bytes SRAM, 16 general purpose I/O lines, 32 general purpose working registers, an 8-bit Timer/Counter with compare modes, an 8-bit high speed Timer/Counter, a Universal Serial Interface, Internal and External Interrupts, an 11-channel, 10-bit ADC, a programmable Watchdog Timer with internal oscillator, and four software selectable power saving modes. Idle mode stops the CPU while allowing the SRAM, Timer/Counter, ADC, Analog Comparator, and Interrupt system to continue functioning. Power-down mode saves the register contents, disabling all chip functions until the next Interrupt or Hardware Reset. ADC Noise Reduction mode stops the CPU and all I/O modules except ADC, to minimize switching noise during ADC conversions. In Standby mode, the crystal/resonator oscillator is running while the rest of the device is sleeping, allowing very fast start-up combined with low power consumption.

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high density non-volatile memory technology. The On-chip ISP Flash allows the Program memory to be re-programmed In-System through an SPI serial interface, by a conventional non-volatile memory programmer or by an On-chip boot code running on the AVR core.

The ATtiny261/461/861 AVR is supported by a full suite of program and system development tools including: C Compilers, Macro Assemblers, Program Debugger/Simulators, and Evaluation kits.

3. About

3.1 Resources

A comprehensive set of drivers, application notes, data sheets and descriptions on development tools are available for download at http://www.atmel.com/avr.

3.2 Code Examples

This documentation contains simple code examples that briefly show how to use various parts of the device. These code examples assume that the part specific header file is included before compilation. Be aware that not all C compiler vendors include bit definitions in the header files and interrupt handling in C is compiler dependent. Please confirm with the C compiler documentation for more details.

For I/O Registers located in the extended I/O map, "IN", "OUT", "SBIS", "SBIC", "CBI", and "SBI" instructions must be replaced with instructions that allow access to extended I/O. Typically, this means "LDS" and "STS" combined with "SBRS", "SBRC", "SBR", and "CBR". Note that not all AVR devices include an extended I/O map.

3.3 Data Retention

Reliability Qualification results show that the projected data retention failure rate is much less than 1 PPM over 20 years at 85°C or 100 years at 25°C.

3.4 Disclaimer

Typical values contained in this data sheet are based on simulations and characterization of other AVR microcontrollers manufactured on the same process technology.

4. Register Summary

| Address | Name | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Page | |
|----------------------------|------------------|---------|-----------|----------|--|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|--|
| 0x3F (0x5F) | SREG | I | Т | Н | S | V | N | Z | С | page 8 | |
| 0x3E (0x5E) | SPH | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | SP10 | SP9 | SP8 | page 11 | |
| 0x3D (0x5D) | SPL | SP7 | SP6 | SP5 | SP4 | SP3 | SP2 | SP1 | SP0 | page 11 | |
| 0x3C (0x5C) | Reserved | | ı | | | _ | | | | | |
| 0x3B (0x5B) | GIMSK | INT1 | INT0 | PCIE1 | PCIE0 | _ | - | _ | _ | page 52 | |
| 0x3A (0x5A) | GIFR | INTF1 | INTF0 | PCIF | - | - | - | - | | page 53 | |
| 0x39 (0x59) | TIMSK | OCIE1D | OCIE1A | OCIE1B | OCIE0A | OCIE0B | TOIE1 | TOIE0 | TICIE0 | page 86, page 123 | |
| 0x38 (0x58) | TIFR SPMCSR | OCF1D | OCF1A | OCF1B | OCF0A CTPB | OCF0B RFLB | TOV1 PGWRT | TOV0 PGERS | ICF0 SPMEN | page 87, page 123 | |
| 0x37 (0x57) 0x36 (0x56) | PRR | _ | _ | _ | CIFB | PRTIM1 | PRTIM0 | PRUSI | PRADC | page 169 page 37 | |
| 0x35 (0x55) | MCUCR | _ | PUD | SE | SM1 | SM0 | - | ISC01 | ISC00 | page 39, page 69, page 52 | |
| 0x34 (0x54) | MCUSR | _ | - | - | - | WDRF | BORF | EXTRF | PORF | page 47, | |
| 0x33 (0x53) | TCCR0B | _ | - | - | TSM | PSR0 | CS02 | CS01 | CS00 | page 85 | |
| 0x32 (0x52) | TCNT0L | | | Time | er/Counter0 Cour | nter Register Lo | w Byte | | | page 85 | |
| 0x31 (0x51) | OSCCAL | | | | Oscillator Calib | oration Register | | | | page 32 | |
| 0x30 (0x50) | TCCR1A | COM1A1 | COM1A0 | COM1B1 | COM1B0 | FOC1A | FOC1B | PWM1A | PWM1B | page 112 | |
| 0x2F (0x4F) | TCCR1B | PWM1X | PSR1 | DTPS11 | DTPS10 | CS13 | CS12 | CS11 | CS10 | page 169 | |
| 0x2E (0x4E) | TCNT1 | | | | Timer/Counter1 | Counter Registe | er | | | page 121 | |
| 0x2D (0x4D) | OCR1A | | | | r/Counter1 Outpo | | | | | page 121 | |
| 0x2C (0x4C) | OCR1B | | | | r/Counter1 Outpo | | | | | page 122 | |
| 0x2B (0x4B) | OCR1C | | | | r/Counter1 Outp | | | | | page 122 | |
| 0x2A (0x4A) | OCR1D | | | Time | r/Counter1 Outpo | ut Compare Reg | | | | page 122 | |
| 0x29 (0x49) | PLLCSR | LSM | | | | 0.1750 | PCKE | PLLE | PLOCK | page 120 | |
| 0x28 (0x48) | CLKPR | CLKPCE | 00144400 | 00111010 | 00111000 | CLKPS3 | CLKPS2 | CLKPS1 | CLKPS0 | page 32 | |
| 0x27 (0x47) | TCCR1C | COM1A1S | COM1A0S | COM1B1S | COM1B0S | COM1D1 | COM1D0 | FOC1D | PWM1D | page 117 | |
| 0x26 (0x46) | TCCR1D | FPIE1 | FPEN1 | FPNC1 | FPES1 | FPAC1 | FPF1 | WGM11 | WGM10 | page 118 | |
| 0x25 (0x45) 0x24 (0x44) | TC1H DT1 | DT1H3 | DT1H2 | DT1H1 | DT1H0 | DT1L3 | DT1L2 | TC19 DT1L1 | TC18 DT1L0 | page 121 page 124 | |
| 0x23 (0x43) | PCMSK0 | PCINT7 | PCINT6 | PCINT5 | PCINT4 | PCINT3 | PCINT2 | PCINT1 | PCINT0 | page 54 | |
| 0x22 (0x42) | PCMSK1 | PCINT15 | PCINT14 | PCINT13 | PCINT12 | PCINT11 | PCINT10 | PCINT9 | PCINT8 | page 54 | |
| 0x21 (0x41) | WDTCR | WDIF | WDIE | WDP3 | WDCE | WDE | WDP2 | WDP1 | WDP0 | page 47 | |
| 0x20 (0x40) | DWDR | | DWDR[7:0] | | | | | page 37 | | | |
| 0x1F (0x3F) | EEARH | | | | | | | | EEAR8 | page 20 | |
| 0x1E (0x3E) | EEARL | EEAR7 | EEAR6 | EEAR5 | EEAR4 | EEAR3 | EEAR2 | EEAR1 | EEAR0 | page 21 | |
| 0x1D (0x3D) | EEDR | | | | EEPROM D | ata Register | | | | page 21 | |
| 0x1C (0x3C) | EECR | - | _ | EEPM1 | EEPM0 | EERIE | EEMPE | EEPE | EERE | page 21 | |
| 0x1B (0x3B) | PORTA | PORTA7 | PORTA6 | PORTA5 | PORTA4 | PORTA3 | PORTA2 | PORTA1 | PORTA0 | page 69 | |
| 0x1A (0x3A) | DDRA | DDA7 | DDA6 | DDA5 | DDA4 | DDA3 | DDA2 | DDA1 | DDA0 | page 69 | |
| 0x19 (0x39) | PINA | PINA7 | PINA6 | PINA5 | PINA4 | PINA3 | PINA2 | PINA1 | PINA0 | page 70 | |
| 0x18 (0x38) | PORTB | PORTB7 | PORTB6 | PORTB5 | PORTB4 | PORTB3 | PORTB2 | PORTB1 | PORTB0 | page 70 | |
| 0x17 (0x37) | DDRB | DDB7 | DDB6 | DDB5 | DDB4 | DDB3 | DDB2 | DDB1 | DDB0 | page 70 | |
| 0x16 (0x36) | PINB | PINB7 | PINB6 | PINB5 | PINB4 | PINB3 | PINB2 | PINB1 | PINB0 | page 70 | |
| 0x15 (0x35) | TCCR0A TCNT0H | TCW0 | ICEN0 | ICNC0 | ICES0 | ACICO | h Dudo | | CTC0 | page 84 | |
| 0x14 (0x34) 0x13 (0x33) | OCR0A | | | | r/Counter0 Country r/Counter0 Outpo | | | | | page 86 page 86 | |
| 0x13 (0x33) 0x12 (0x32) | OCR0B | | | | r/Counter0 Outpo | | | | | page 86 | |
| 0x11 (0x31) | USIPP | | | Time | 7 Countero Cutp | at Compare reg | iotor B | | USIPOS | page 136 | |
| 0x10 (0x30) | USIBR | | | | USI Buffe | er Register | | | 0000 | page 133 | |
| 0x0F (0x2F) | USIDR | | | | | Register | | | | page 132 | |
| 0x0E (0x2E) | USISR | USISIF | USIOIF | USIPF | USIDC | USICNT3 | USICNT2 | USICNT1 | USICNT0 | page 133 | |
| 0x0D (0x2D) | USICR | USISIE | USIOIE | USIWM1 | USIWM0 | USICS1 | USICS0 | USICLK | USITC | page 134 | |
| 0x0C (0x2C) | GPIOR2 | | | | General Purpos | se I/O Register 2 | 2 | | | page 22 | |
| 0x0B (0x2B) | GPIOR1 | | | | General Purpos | se I/O Register 1 | | | | page 23 | |
| 0x0A (0x2A) | GPIOR0 | | | | General Purpos | se I/O Register 0 |) | | | page 23 | |
| 0x09 (0x29) | ACSRB | HSEL | HLEV | | | | ACM2 | ACM1 | ACM0 | page 140 | |
| 0x08 (0x28) | ACSRA | ACD | ACBG | ACO | ACI | ACIE | ACME | ACIS1 | ACIS0 | page 139 | |
| 0x07 (0x27) | ADMUX | REFS1 | REFS0 | ADLAR | MUX4 | MUX3 | MUX2 | MUX1 | MUX0 | page 155 | |
| 0x06 (0x26) | ADCSRA | ADEN | ADSC | ADATE | ADIF | ADIE | ADPS2 | ADPS1 | ADPS0 | page 159 | |
| 0x05 (0x25) | ADCH | - | | | | gister High Byte | | | | page 160 | |
| 0x04 (0x24) | ADCL | | 00=: | | 1 | gister Low Byte | 40=== | 40=0: | 40=== | page 160 | |
| 0x03 (0x23) | ADCSRB | BIN | GSEL | 4==- | REFS2 | MUX5 | ADTS2 | ADTS1 | ADTS0 | page 161 | |
| 0x02 (0x22) | DIDR1 | ADC10D | ADC9D | ADC8D | ADC7D | ADEED | ADOOD | AD04D | ADOOD | page 162 | |
| 0x01 (0x21) | DIDR0 | ADC6D | ADC5D | ADC4D | ADC3D | AREFD OC1OE3 | ADC2D | ADC1D | ADC0D | page 162 | |
| 0x00 (0x20) | TCCR1E | _ | - | OC1OE5 | OC10E4 | OC1OE3 | OC1OE2 | OC1OE1 | OC1OE0 | page 119 | |

ATtiny261/461/861

Note:

- 1. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses should never be written.
- 2. I/O Registers within the address range 0x00 0x1F are directly bit-accessible using the SBI and CBI instructions. In these registers, the value of single bits can be checked by using the SBIS and SBIC instructions.
- 3. Some of the Status Flags are cleared by writing a logical one to them. Note that, unlike most other AVRs, the CBI and SBI instructions will only operation the specified bit, and can therefore be used on registers containing such Status Flags. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers 0x00 to 0x1F only.

5. Instruction Set Summary

| Mnemonics | Operands | Description | Operation | Flags | #Clocks |
|--------------------|-------------------|--|--|------------|---------|
| ARITHMETIC AND L | OGIC INSTRUCTIONS | 3 | | | |
| ADD | Rd, Rr | Add two Registers | $Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr$ | Z,C,N,V,H | 1 |
| ADC | Rd, Rr | Add with Carry two Registers | $Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr + C$ | Z,C,N,V,H | 1 |
| ADIW | Rdl,K | Add Immediate to Word | Rdh:Rdl ← Rdh:Rdl + K | Z,C,N,V,S | 2 |
| SUB | Rd, Rr | Subtract two Registers | Rd ← Rd - Rr | Z,C,N,V,H | 1 |
| SUBI | Rd, K | Subtract Constant from Register | Rd ← Rd - K | Z,C,N,V,H | 1 |
| SBC | Rd, Rr | Subtract with Carry two Registers | $Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr - C$ | Z,C,N,V,H | 1 |
| SBCI | Rd, K | Subtract with Carry Constant from Reg. | Rd ← Rd - K - C | Z,C,N,V,H | 1 |
| SBIW | Rdl,K | Subtract Immediate from Word | Rdh:Rdl ← Rdh:Rdl - K | Z,C,N,V,S | 2 |
| AND | Rd, Rr | Logical AND Registers | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rr$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| ANDI | Rd, K | Logical AND Register and Constant | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet K$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| OR | Rd, Rr | Logical OR Registers | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee Rr$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| ORI | Rd, K | Logical OR Register and Constant | $Rd \leftarrow Rd v K$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| EOR | Rd, Rr | Exclusive OR Registers | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rr$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| COM | Rd | One's Complement | $Rd \leftarrow 0xFF - Rd$ | Z,C,N,V | 1 |
| NEG | Rd | Two's Complement | Rd ← 0x00 – Rd | Z,C,N,V,H | 1 |
| SBR | Rd,K | Set Bit(s) in Register | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| CBR | Rd,K | Clear Bit(s) in Register | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet (0xFF - K)$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| INC | Rd | Increment | Rd ← Rd + 1 | Z,N,V | 1 |
| DEC | Rd | Decrement | $Rd \leftarrow Rd - 1$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| TST | Rd | Test for Zero or Minus | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rd$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| CLR | Rd | Clear Register | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| SER | Rd | Set Register | Rd ← 0xFF | None | 1 |
| BRANCH INSTRUCT | TIONS | | | | |
| RJMP | k | Relative Jump | PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 2 |
| IJMP | | Indirect Jump to (Z) | PC ← Z | None | 2 |
| RCALL | k | Relative Subroutine Call | PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 3 |
| ICALL | | Indirect Call to (Z) | PC ← Z | None | 3 |
| RET | | Subroutine Return | PC ← STACK | None | 4 |
| RETI | | Interrupt Return | PC ← STACK | 1 | 4 |
| CPSE | Rd,Rr | Compare, Skip if Equal | if (Rd = Rr) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 | None | 1/2/3 |
| CP | Rd,Rr | Compare | Rd – Rr | Z, N,V,C,H | 1 |
| CPC | Rd,Rr | Compare with Carry | Rd – Rr – C | Z, N,V,C,H | 1 |
| CPI | Rd,K | Compare Register with Immediate | Rd – K | Z, N,V,C,H | 1 |
| SBRC | Rr, b | Skip if Bit in Register Cleared | if $(Rr(b)=0) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 \text{ or } 3$ | None | 1/2/3 |
| SBRS | Rr, b | Skip if Bit in Register is Set | if $(Rr(b)=1) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 \text{ or } 3$ | None | 1/2/3 |
| SBIC | P, b | Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared | if (P(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 | None | 1/2/3 |
| SBIS | P, b | Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set | if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3 | None | 1/2/3 |
| BRBS | s, k | Branch if Status Flag Set | if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC←PC+k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRBC | s, k | Branch if Status Flag Cleared | if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC←PC+k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BREQ | k | Branch if Equal | if (Z = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRNE | k | Branch if Not Equal | if (Z = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRCS | k | Branch if Carry Set | if (C = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRCC | k | Branch if Carry Cleared | if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRSH | k | Branch if Same or Higher | if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRLO | k | Branch if Lower | if (C = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRMI | k | Branch if Minus | if (N = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRPL | k | Branch if Plus | if (N = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRGE | k | Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed | if (N ⊕ V= 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRLT | k | Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed | if (N ⊕ V= 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRHS | k | Branch if Half Carry Flag Set | if (H = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRHC | k | Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared | if (H = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRTS | k | Branch if T Flag Set | if (T = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRTC | k | Branch if T Flag Cleared | if (T = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRVS | k | Branch if Overflow Flag is Set | if (V = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRVC | k | Branch if Overflow Flag is Cleared | if (V = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRIE | k | Branch if Interrupt Enabled | if (I = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BRID | k | Branch if Interrupt Disabled | if (I = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1 | None | 1/2 |
| BIT AND BIT-TEST I | NSTRUCTIONS | | | | |
| SBI | P,b | Set Bit in I/O Register | I/O(P,b) ← 1 | None | 2 |
| CBI | P,b | Clear Bit in I/O Register | I/O(P,b) ← 0 | None | 2 |
| LSL | Rd | Logical Shift Left | $Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), Rd(0) \leftarrow 0$ | Z,C,N,V | 1 |
| LSR | Rd | Logical Shift Right | $Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), Rd(7) \leftarrow 0$ | Z,C,N,V | 1 |
| | | Rotate Left Through Carry | $Rd(0) \leftarrow C,Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n),C \leftarrow Rd(7)$ | Z,C,N,V | 1 |
| ROL | Rd | Rotate Lett Through Carry | | | |

| Mnemonics | Operands | Description | Operation | Flags | #Clocks |
|-----------------|-----------------|---|---|--------------|---------|
| ASR | Rd | Arithmetic Shift Right | Rd(n) ← Rd(n+1), n=06 | Z,C,N,V | 1 |
| SWAP | Rd | Swap Nibbles | Rd(30)←Rd(74),Rd(74)←Rd(30) | None | 1 |
| BSET | s | Flag Set | $SREG(s) \leftarrow 1$ | SREG(s) | 1 |
| BCLR | s | Flag Clear | $SREG(s) \leftarrow 0$ | SREG(s) | 1 |
| BST | Rr, b | Bit Store from Register to T | $T \leftarrow Rr(b)$ | T | 1 |
| BLD | Rd, b | Bit load from T to Register | Rd(b) ← T | None | 1 |
| SEC | | Set Carry | C ← 1 | С | 1 |
| CLC | | Clear Carry | C ← 0 | С | 1 |
| SEN | | Set Negative Flag | N ← 1 | N | 1 |
| CLN | | Clear Negative Flag | N ← 0 | N | 1 |
| SEZ | | Set Zero Flag | Z ← 1 | Z | 1 |
| CLZ | | Clear Zero Flag | Z ← 0 | Z | 1 |
| SEI | | Global Interrupt Enable | I ← 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CLI | | Global Interrupt Disable | 1←0 | 1 | 1 |
| SES | | Set Signed Test Flag | S ← 1 | S | 1 |
| CLS | | Clear Signed Test Flag | S ← 0 | S | 1 |
| SEV | | Set Twos Complement Overflow. | V ← 1 | V | 1 |
| CLV | | Clear Twos Complement Overflow | V ← 0 | V | 1 |
| SET | | Set T in SREG | T ← 1 | Т | 1 |
| CLT | | Clear T in SREG | T ← 0 | Т | 1 |
| SEH | | Set Half Carry Flag in SREG | H ← 1 | Н | 1 |
| CLH | | Clear Half Carry Flag in SREG | H ← 0 | Н | 1 |
| DATA TRANSFER I | NSTRUCTIONS | | | | |
| MOV | Rd, Rr | Move Between Registers | $Rd \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 1 |
| MOVW | Rd, Rr | Copy Register Word | $Rd+1:Rd \leftarrow Rr+1:Rr$ | None | 1 |
| LDI | Rd, K | Load Immediate | $Rd \leftarrow K$ | None | 1 |
| LD | Rd, X | Load Indirect | $Rd \leftarrow (X)$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, X+ | Load Indirect and Post-Inc. | $Rd \leftarrow (X), X \leftarrow X + 1$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, - X | Load Indirect and Pre-Dec. | $X \leftarrow X - 1$, Rd $\leftarrow (X)$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, Y | Load Indirect | $Rd \leftarrow (Y)$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, Y+ | Load Indirect and Post-Inc. | $Rd \leftarrow (Y), Y \leftarrow Y + 1$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, - Y | Load Indirect and Pre-Dec. | $Y \leftarrow Y - 1$, $Rd \leftarrow (Y)$ | None | 2 |
| LDD | Rd,Y+q | Load Indirect with Displacement | $Rd \leftarrow (Y + q)$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, Z | Load Indirect | $Rd \leftarrow (Z)$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, Z+ | Load Indirect and Post-Inc. | $Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z+1$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, -Z | Load Indirect and Pre-Dec. | $Z \leftarrow Z - 1$, $Rd \leftarrow (Z)$ | None | 2 |
| LDD | Rd, Z+q | Load Indirect with Displacement | $Rd \leftarrow (Z + q)$ | None | 2 |
| LDS | Rd, k | Load Direct from SRAM | $Rd \leftarrow (k)$ | None | 2 |
| ST | X, Rr | Store Indirect | $(X) \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 2 |
| ST | X+, Rr | Store Indirect and Post-Inc. | $(X) \leftarrow Rr, X \leftarrow X + 1$ | None | 2 |
| ST | - X, Rr | Store Indirect and Pre-Dec. | $X \leftarrow X - 1$, $(X) \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 2 |
| ST | Y, Rr | Store Indirect | (Y) ← Rr | None | 2 |
| ST | Y+, Rr | Store Indirect and Post-Inc. | $(Y) \leftarrow Rr, Y \leftarrow Y + 1$ | None | 2 |
| ST | - Y, Rr | Store Indirect and Pre-Dec. | $Y \leftarrow Y - 1, (Y) \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 2 |
| STD | Y+q,Rr | Store Indirect with Displacement | (Y + q) ← Rr | None | 2 |
| ST | Z, Rr | Store Indirect | (Z) ← Rr | None | 2 |
| ST | Z+, Rr | Store Indirect and Post-Inc. | $(Z) \leftarrow Rr, Z \leftarrow Z + 1$ | None | 2 |
| ST | -Z, Rr | Store Indirect with Displacement | $Z \leftarrow Z - 1$, $(Z) \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 2 |
| STD | Z+q,Rr k, Rr | Store Indirect with Displacement Store Direct to SRAM | $(Z+q) \leftarrow Rr$ $(k) \leftarrow Rr$ | None None | 2 2 |
| LPM | Λ, Γ.Ι | Load Program Memory | (k) ← Kr R0 ← (Z) | None | 3 |
| LPM | Rd, Z | Load Program Memory Load Program Memory | $RU \leftarrow (Z)$ $Rd \leftarrow (Z)$ | None | 3 |
| LPM | Rd, Z+ | Load Program Memory Load Program Memory and Post-Inc | $Rd \leftarrow (Z)$ $Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z+1$ | None | 3 |
| SPM | 1\u, <u>_</u> T | Store Program Memory | $Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z+1$ (z) $\leftarrow R1:R0$ | None | 3 |
| IN | Rd, P | In Port | (2) ← R1.R0 Rd ← P | None | 1 |
| OUT | P, Rr | Out Port | P ← Rr | None | 1 |
| PUSH | Rr | Push Register on Stack | STACK ← Rr | None | 2 |
| POP | Rd | Pop Register from Stack | Rd ← STACK | None | 2 |
| MCU CONTROL INS | | 1 - Sp. (Sglotor Horri Otdor) | 1 () // () // () | 110110 | |
| NOP | | No Operation | | None | 1 |
| SLEEP | | Sleep | (see specific descr. for Sleep function) | None | 1 |
| WDR | <u> </u> | Watchdog Reset | (see specific descr. for WDR/Timer) | None | 1 |
| BREAK | | Break | For On-chip Debug Only | None | N/A |
| DIVEAN | I | Diodit | 1 of Off-only Debug Offly | INOTIC | 1 11/71 |

6. Ordering Information

6.1 ATtiny261 - Mature

| Speed (MHz) ⁽³⁾ | Power Supply (V) | Ordering Code ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾ | Package ⁽²⁾ | Operational Range |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|--|---|
| 10 | 1.8 - 5.5 | ATtiny261V-10MU ATtiny261V-10MUR ATtiny261V-10PU ATtiny261V-10SU ATtiny261V-10SUR | 32M1-A 32M1-A 20P3 20S2 20S2 | Industrial (-40°C to +85°C) ⁽¹⁾ |
| 20 | 2.7 - 5.5 | ATtiny261-20MU ATtiny261-20MUR ATtiny261-20PU ATtiny261-20SU ATtiny261-20SUR | 32M1-A 32M1-A 20P3 20S2 20S2 | Industrial (-40°C to +85°C) ⁽¹⁾ |

Notes:

- 1. These devices can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
- 2. All packages are Pb-free, halide-free and fully green and they comply with the European directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS).
- 3. For Speed vs. V_{CC}, see Figure 19.3 on page 188.
- 4. Code indicators:

- U: matte tin

- R: tape & reel

5. Mature devices, replaced by ATtiny261A.

| Package Type | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 32M1-A 32-pad, 5 x 5 x 1.0 mm Body, Lead Pitch 0.50 mm, Micro Lead Frame Package (MLF) | | | | | |
| 20P3 20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP) | | | | | |
| 20\$2 | 20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Smal Outline Package (SOIC) | | | | |

6.2 ATtiny461

| Speed (MHz) ⁽³⁾ | Power Supply (V) | Ordering Code ⁽⁴⁾ | Package ⁽²⁾ | Operational Range |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|--|---|
| 10 | 1.8 - 5.5 | ATtiny461V-10MU ATtiny461V-10MUR ATtiny461V-10PU ATtiny461V-10SU ATtiny461V-10SUR | 32M1-A 32M1-A 20P3 20S2 20S2 | Industrial (-40°C to +85°C) ⁽¹⁾ |
| 20 | 2.7 - 5.5 | ATtiny461-20MU ATtiny461-20MUR ATtiny461-20PU ATtiny461-20SU ATtiny461-20SUR | 32M1-A 32M1-A 20P3 20S2 20S2 | Industrial (-40°C to +85°C) ⁽¹⁾ |

Notes: 1. These devices can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

- 2. All packages are Pb-free, halide-free and fully green and they comply with the European directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS).
- 3. For Speed vs. V_{CC} , see Figure 19.3 on page 188.
- 4. Code indicators:

U: matte tinR: tape & reel

| Package Type | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 32M1-A 32-pad, 5 x 5 x 1.0 mm Body, Lead Pitch 0.50 mm, Micro Lead Frame Package (MLF) | | | | | | |
| 20P3 | 20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP) | | | | | |
| 20S2 | 20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Smal Outline Package (SOIC) | | | | | |

6.3 ATtiny861

| Speed (MHz) ⁽³⁾ | Power Supply (V) | Ordering Code ⁽⁴⁾ | Package ⁽²⁾ | Operational Range |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|--|---|
| 10 | 1.8 - 5.5 | ATtiny861V-10MU ATtiny861V-10MUR ATtiny861V-10PU ATtiny861V-10SU ATtiny861V-10SUR | 32M1-A 32M1-A 20P3 20S2 20S2 | Industrial (-40°C to +85°C) ⁽¹⁾ |
| 20 | 2.7 - 5.5 | ATtiny861-20MU ATtiny861-20MUR ATtiny861-20PU ATtiny861-20SU ATtiny861-20SUR | 32M1-A 32M1-A 20P3 20S2 20S2 | Industrial (-40°C to +85°C) ⁽¹⁾ |

Notes: 1. These devices can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

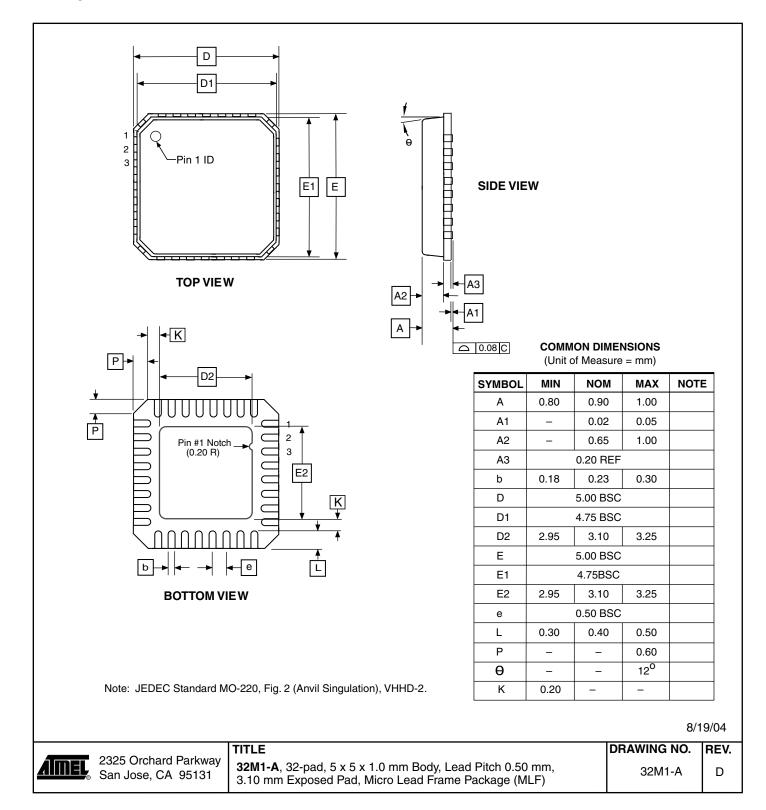
- 2. All packages are Pb-free, halide-free and fully green and they comply with the European directive for Restriction of Hazard-ous Substances (RoHS).
- 3. For Speed vs. V_{CC} , see Figure 19.3 on page 188.
- 4. Code indicators:

U: matte tinR: tape & reel

| Package Type | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 32-pad, 5 x 5 x 1.0 mm Body, Lead Pitch 0.50 mm, Micro Lead Frame Package (MLF) | | | | | |
| 20P3 | 20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP) | | | | |
| 20\$2 | 20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Smal Outline Package (SOIC) | | | | |

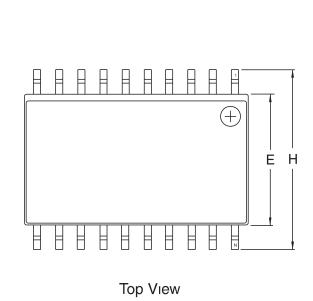
7. Packaging Information

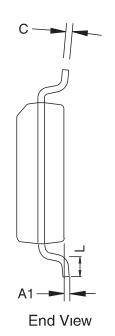
7.1 32M1-A



7.2 20P3

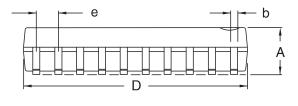
7.3 **20S2**







(Unit of Measure - mm)



Side View

| SYMBOL | MIN | NOM | MAX | NOTE |
|--------|-------|---------|-------|------|
| Α | 2.35 | | 2.65 | |
| A1 | 0.10 | | 0.30 | |
| b | 0.33 | | 0.51 | 4 |
| С | 0.23 | | 0.32 | |
| D | 12.60 | | 13.00 | 1 |
| Е | 7.40 | | 7.60 | 2 |
| Н | 10.00 | | 10.65 | |
| L | 0.40 | | 1.27 | 3 |
| е | | 1.27 BS | 0 | |

Notes. 1. This drawing is for general information only; refer to JEDEC Drawing MS-013, Variation AC for additional information.

- 2. Dimension 'D' does not include mold Flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold Flash, protrusions and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm (0.006') per side.
- 3. Dimension 'E' does not include inter-lead Flash or protrusion. Inter-lead Flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm
- 'L' is the length of the terminal for soldering to a substrate.
- 4. 'L' is the length of the terminal for soldering to a substrate.
 5. The lead width 'b', as measured 0.36 mm (0.014') or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61 mm 11/6/06 (0.024') per side.



2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131

20S2, 20-lead, 0.300' Wide Body, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline Package (SOIC)

DRAWING NO. REV. 20S2 В

8. Errata

8.1 Errata ATtiny261

The revision letter in this section refers to the revision of the ATtiny261 device.

8.1.1 Rev A

No known errata.

8.2 Errata ATtiny461

The revision letter in this section refers to the revision of the ATtiny461 device.

8.2.1 Rev B

Yield improvement. No known errata.

8.2.2 Rev A

No known errata.

8.3 Errata ATtiny861

The revision letter in this section refers to the revision of the ATtiny861 device.

8.3.1 Rev B

No known errata.

8.3.2 Rev A

Not sampled.

9. Datasheet Revision History

Please note that the referring page numbers in this section refer to the complete document.

9.1 Rev. 2588F - 06/13

1. ATtiny261 changed status to "Mature".

9.2 Rev. 2588E - 08/10

- 1. Added tape and reel in "Ordering Information" on page 11.
- 2. Clarified Section 6.4 "Clock Output Buffer" on page 32.
- 3. Removed text "Not recommended for new designs" from cover page.

9.3 Rev. 2588D - 06/10

- 1. Removed "Preliminary" from cover page.
- 2. Added clarification before Table 6-10, "Capacitance for Low-Frequency Crystal Oscillator," on page 29.
- 3. Updated Figure 15-1 "Analog to Digital Converter Block Schematic" on page 143, changed INTERNAL 1.18V REFERENCE to 1.1V.
- 4. Updated Table 18-8, "No. of Words in a Page and No. of Pages in the EEPROM," on page 173, No. of Pages from 64 to 32 for ATtiny261.
- 5. Adjusted notes in Table 19-1, "DC Characteristics. $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C, $V_{CC} = 1.8$ V to 5.5V (unless otherwise noted).," on page 187.

9.4 Rev. 2588C - 10/09

- 1. Updated document template. Re-arranged some sections.
- 2. Changed device status to "Not Recommended for New Designs".
- 3. Added Sections:
 - "Data Retention" on page 6
 - "Clock Sources" on page 25
 - "Low Level Interrupt" on page 51
 - "Prescaling and Conversion Timing" on page 145
 - "Clock speed considerations" on page 131
- 4. Updated Sections:
 - "Code Examples" on page 6
 - "High-Frequency PLL Clock" on page 26
 - "Normal Mode" on page 99
 - "Features" on page 142
 - "Temperature Measurement" on page 154
 - "Limitations of debugWIRE" on page 164
 - Step 1. on page 174
 - "Programming the Flash" on page 180
 - "System and Reset Characteristics" on page 190
- 5. Added Figures:
 - "Flash Programming Waveforms" on page 182

- "Reset Pin Output Voltage vs. Sink Current (V_{CC} = 3V)" on page 209
- "Reset Pin Output Voltage vs. Sink Current (V_{CC} = 3V)" on page 209
- "Reset Pin Output Voltage vs. Sink Current (V_{CC} = 3V)" on page 209
- "Reset Pin Output Voltage vs. Sink Current (V_{CC} = 3V)" on page 209
- "Bandgap Voltage vs. Supply Voltage (VCC)." on page 216
- 6. Updated Figures:
 - "Block Diagram" on page 4
 - "Clock Distribution" on page 24
- 7. Added Table:
 - "Capacitance for Low-Frequency Crystal Oscillator" on page 29
- 8. Updated Tables:
 - "Start-up Times for the Internal Calibrated RC Oscillator Clock Selection" on page 28
 - "Start-up Times for the 128 kHz Internal Oscillator" on page 29
 - "Active Clock Domains and Wake-up Sources in Different Sleep Modes" on page 36
 - "Serial Programming Characteristics, T_A = -40°C to +85°C, V_{CC} = 1.8 5.5V (Unless Otherwise Noted)" on page 193
- 9. Updated Register Descriptions:
 - "TCCR1A Timer/Counter1 Control Register A" on page 112
 - "TCCR1C Timer/Counter1 Control Register C" on page 117
 - "ADMUX ADC Multiplexer Selection Register" on page 155
- 10. Updated assembly program example in section "Write" on page 17.
- 11. Updated "DC Characteristics. $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C, $V_{CC} = 1.8$ V to 5.5V (unless otherwise noted)." on page 187.
- 9.5 Rev. 2588B 11/06
 - 1. Updated "Ordering Information" on page 11.
 - 2. Updated "Packaging Information" on page 15.
- 9.6 Rev. 2588A 10/06
 - 1. Initial Revision.



Atmel Corporation

1600 Technology Drive San Jose, CA 95110

USA

Tel: (+1) (408) 441-0311 **Fax:** (+1) (408) 487-2600

www.atmel.com

Atmel Asia Limited

Unit 01-5 & 16, 19F BEA Tower, Millennium City 5 418 Kwun Tong Roa Kwun Tong, Kowloon

HONG KONG

Tel: (+852) 2245-6100 **Fax:** (+852) 2722-1369

Atmel Munich GmbH

Business Campus Parkring 4

D-85748 Garching b. Munich

GERMANY

Tel: (+49) 89-31970-0 **Fax:** (+49) 89-3194621

Atmel Japan G.K.

16F Shin-Osaki Kangyo Bldg 1-6-4 Osaki, Shinagawa-ku

Tokyo 141-0032

JAPAN

Tel: (+81) (3) 6417-0300 **Fax:** (+81) (3) 6417-0370

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