Quick Start Up Guide PNEV512B Board Rev. 2.5 — 26 September 2018

255025

**Application note COMPANY PUBLIC** 

Info	Content
Keywords	PN512, Blueboard, LPCXpresso, MCU, eclipse, LPC1769, LPC11U68, NFC Reader Library, PNEV512B
Abstract	This application note is related to the installation procedures of the PNEV512B Board. It describes the actions to be done to become acquainted with the demo reader

#### **Document information**



**PNEV512B Quick Startup Guide** 

#### **Revision history**

Rev	Date	Description
2.5	20180925	Reference in Section 7.1 updated
2.4	20180626	Editorial updates
2.3	20161123	Updated examples descriptions
2.2	20160901	Added LPCXpresso version 8.1.4 requirement Added RTOS options
2.1	20160318	Added description about Ex10 – MIFARE DESFire
2.0	20160125	Added description about LPC11U68 support.
1.9	20151111	Updated all relevant parts in respect to the NFC Reader Library update
		Removed LPC1227 support
1.8	20141201	Added a note about RAM limitation of LPC1227.
1.7	20140721	Small corrections
1.6	20140519	Removed the note about the version of the LPCXpresso IDE.
		Some small corrections.
		Changed the description and pictures of the projects Polling and, Classic
		Changed the P2P description due to a software update.
		Removed the description about the projects Ultralight and DESFire.
		All projects are now based on the NFC Reader Library version 3.010. Therefore, all projects have been refactored.
		Added support for the development board LPCXpresso LPC1769 which is based on an ARM Cortex M3 microcontroller.
		The NFC Reader Library is now called NFC Reader Library
1.5	20140114	Added description for Card Emulation T4T and T2T.
1.4	20131011	Added info about what version of the LPCXpresso IDE to use.
1.3	20130613	Added description about the P2P Snep Client
1.2	20130221	Added description of the P2P project. Added information about the use of the projects in conjunction with the LPC1227 MCU. Added information about the documentation of the NFC Reader Library. Added information about the exemplary project of code size optimization of the NFC Reader Library.
1.1	20130108	Red circles of some figures corrected
1.0	20121217	First release

# **Contact information**

For more information, please visit: <u>http://www.nxp.com</u>

AN11308

## 1. Introduction

This application note gives a detailed overview of the hardware for working with the PN512 contactless reader IC, we use the LPCXpresso LPC 1769 and the Blueboard (**Chapter** <u>2</u>), the installation procedures of the Development Environment (**Chapter** <u>4.1</u>) and the handling of the reader projects using the NFC Reader Library.

The projects used and explained in this documentation are:

Table 1. Example projects

Example projects delivered with the NFC Reader Library

Example	Description
Example 1 – Basic Discovery Loop	Explains how to poll for different technologies (Tag, P2P, HCE), detect and report them. Default configuration parameters are used.
Example 2 – Advanced Discovery Loop	Explains how to poll for different technologies (Tag, P2P, HCE), detect and report them. All configuration parameters are used and explained.
Example 3 – NFC Forum	Explains how to configure the NFC Reader Library for different P2P modes such as Active Mode, Target Mode, Initiator Mode and SNEP Client/Server.
Example 4 – MIFARE Classic	Explains the usage of MIFARE Classic commands.
Example 5 – ISO1593	Explains the usage of this technology and provides an overview about the most common commands.
Example 6 – EMVCo Loopback	Application used for EMVCo Level 1 PCD certification.
Example 7 – EMVCo Polling	Explains polling for EMVCo payment cards.
Example 8 – HCE T4T	Explains how to emulate a NFC Forum Type 4 Tag supporting read and write operations.
Example 9 – NTAG- I2C	Explains NTAG-I2C specific commands.
Example 10 – MIFARE DESFire	Explains the usage of MIFARE DESFire IC-based cards.
Example 11 – SimplifiedAPI EMVCo	EMVCo loopback application with simplified API, which can be used for EMVCo level 1 digital certification.
Example 12 – SimplifiedAPI ISO	Explains how to use simplified API with different types of cards.

In this document the term "MIFARE Classic card" refers to a MIFARE Classic IC-based contactless card, the term "MIFARE DESFire card" refers to a MIFARE DESFire IC-based contactless card.

# 2. Hardware overview of the Demo Reader

The demo reader is made up of 2 separate boards:

- A PNEV512B demo board provided by NXP (12NC: 9352 981 99699). This board has connectors which are designed to exactly fit the ones of the companion LPCXpresso LPC 1769 development boards.
- A commercial LPCXpresso LPC 1769 development board (12NC: 935291912598, Type: OM13000+598) which can be provided by NXP or bought directly on the market. See Ref. [11].

All projects can be used with the LPCXpresso LPC11U68 development board (**12NC:** 935303579598) as well. See Ref. [14].

Once the two boards are put together via the connectors, the demo reader is ready for use.

## 2.1 PNEV512B demo board



#### Fig 1. Picture of PNEV512B demo board

The PNEV512B demo board embeds the contactless communication transceiver IC PN512 with all its elements needed for transmission: EMC filter, matching network and the antenna. The PN512 supports different kind of contactless communication methods and protocols at 13.56 MHz:

- Reader/Writer mode supporting ISO/IEC 14443A, MIFARE ICs and FeliCa scheme
- Reader/Writer mode supporting ISO/IEC 14443B
- Card Operation mode supporting ISO/IEC 14443A, MIFARE ICs and FeliCa scheme
- NFCIP-1 mode
- Refer to the data sheet of this IC [2] for more details

Thanks to the relevant solder bridges, the host link of the PNEV512B demo board can be configured for:

- I<sup>2</sup>C
- SPI
- UART (optional, see Section 2.7)

#### **PNEV512B Quick Startup Guide**



#### Fig 2. Picture of solder bridges in default configuration

The default interface configuration of the PNEV512B demo board is SPI. The detailed interface configuration is described in section 2.7.

Additional interface and power supply options are described in section 2.8.

#### 2.2 CE certification of the Blueboard

The current version of the demo board (v.1.5) is CE (European Conformity) compliant.

#### 2.3 LPCXpresso LPC1769 development board

To work with the provided projects, one will also need an LPCXpresso LPC development board. Such a board is **not included** in the Blueboard hardware package.

The LPC1769 development board integrates an NXP ARM Cortex-M3 microcontroller LPC1769 with 512 Kbytes of Flash memory and 64 Kbytes of RAM. It integrates a lot of hardware parts:

- Serial UART interface,
- SPI controller,
- I<sup>2</sup>C controller,
- · Serial Wire test/debug interface,
- For detailed information, see LPC1769 product site [3]

The LPCXpresso board contains a JTAG/ SWD debugger called the "LPC-Link" and a target MCU. LPC-Link is equipped with a 10-pin JTAG header and it seamlessly connects to the target via USB (the USB interface and other debug features are provided by NXP's ARM9 based LPC3154 MCU).



AN11308

## 2.4 Preparation of the hardware

The first step after unpacking the Blueboard and the LPCXpresso is soldering the connectors onto the boards to get them together. In our example we use a multipoint connector as one can see on the pictures below.



One may buy these connectors at any electronic store. Here are some examples [4]. After soldering the connectors, join the boards as shown on the following figure.



Now the hardware is ready for use. Please connect the LPCXpresso board with the Blueboard.



AN11308

## 2.5 Soldering the interrupt connection

To get the interrupt working, please connect the pins 26 and 27 of the PNEV512B board.



## 2.6 Interesting points of measurement

On the PNEV512B demo board one can find test pads for measurement purposes.

•	VCC	•	D7	٠	SIGIN
٠	GND	•	ALE	٠	SIGOUT
•	D5	•	AUX1	•	IRQ
•	D6	•	AUX2	•	VMID



## 2.7 Preparing the Blueboard for the use with SPI or I<sup>2</sup>C

The Blueboard is generally delivered in SPI configuration. To change the interface to I<sup>2</sup>C the four appropriate 0R0 resistors in the interface config section need to be resoldered to the I<sup>2</sup>C side of the solder jumpers. Also the two 0R0 resistors at A0 and A1 need to be changed.

Table 2.A0 aAppropriate sold		e configuration () resistors) for interfa	ce configuration	
Signal	Interface ty	/pe		
	SPI	l²C	UART(optional)	
A0	R28	R29	R29	
A1	R32	R31	R32	



To use the Blueboard in I<sup>2</sup>C configuration with the provided software projects, one has to carry out two minor adaptations in the code, which are described in section 7.5.

The I<sup>2</sup>C-address can be configured either by software or by hardware. To set the I<sup>2</sup>Caddress by hardware the solder jumpers in the I<sup>2</sup>C config section (see picture above) have to be connected appropriately. R7, R15 and R24 are logically LOW and R8, R16 and R22 logically HIGH.

## 2.8 Optional interfaces and power supply

The PNEV512B demo board is normally controlled by the LPCXpresso Board. With the optional interfaces and power supply the demo board can be controlled directly by a PC without the LPCXpresso Board.



To use the additional interfaces the interface selection signals A0 and A1 have to be configured to UART mode (see section 2.7, Table 2).

AN1	1	30	8

#### 2.8.1 Configuring the additional interfaces

With the appropriate solder jumpers two different serial interfaces can be selected.

 Table 3.
 Solder Jumpers for selecting the additional interfaces

Interface type	Resistors
USB	R38, R39
RS232	R40, R41, R42



Fig 11. Solder jumpers for additional interface configuration

In delivery default configuration the USB-connector of the PNEV512B demo board is directly routed to the USB-pins of the LPCXpresso Board  $\mu$ C in order to use the USB connector as an additional USB connector of the LPCXpresso Board.

For using the USB interface in UART mode the following solder jumper configuration is needed:

Connection type	Resistors	
LPCXpresso-USB	R4, R5, R6	
UART-USB	R12, R13, R14	

#### Table 4. Solder Jumpers for USB connector configuration

#### 2.8.2 Configuring the power supply

When using the PNEV512 demo board without the LPCXpresso Board an additional 5VDC power supply is needed. The onboard voltage regulator provides the 3.3VDC supply voltage VCC.

#### Table 5. VCC power supply configuration

Power supply	Resistors
LPCXpresso Board	R3
External 5VDC	R11



## 2.9 Additional supported development boards

All example projects described in this document are preconfigured for the LPCXpresso LPC11U68 development board as well. The LPC11U68 is a Cortex-M0+ microcontroller with 256kB flash memory.



## 2.10 Other supported system architectures

The projects described in this guide are also available on Linux. The projects are preconfigured for the use on the Raspberry Pi with the Raspbian image. The SPI interface is used for the communication between the application and the NFC controller. The software and the start guide can be downloaded at the product page of the EXPLORE-NFC [12].

Although this guide only describes the use of the EXPLORE-NFC extension board, it also supports the PNEV512B Blueboard. The Blueboard can be used with a special adaptor called BluePi. For information about how to configure the hardware and the software please refer to section <u>7.7</u>.

AN11308

**Application note** 

# 3. Installation of the LPCXpresso Board

The guidelines for installing the reader are as follows:

• Connect the LPCXpresso Board to a real USB2.0 port of the PC (for speed reasons) using the mini-USB connector. The PC detects and installs the Board automatically.

Once the Board has been installed, open the Device Manager of the PC to check that the installation was successful. The item "USB Device with DFU Capabilities" is being displayed.

<u>File Action View H</u> elp	
👂 🖳 Monitors	-
Network adapters	
Ports (COM & LPT)	
Processors	
⊳ - 📋 Smart card readers	
Sound, video and game controllers	
Storage controllers	
⊳ nu System devices	
Universal Serial Bus controllers	
Generic USB Hub	
Intel(R) 6 Series/C200 Series Chipset Family USB Enhanced Host Controller - 1C26	Ξ
Intel(R) 6 Series/C200 Series Chipset Family USB Enhanced Host Controller - 1C20	
USB Composite Device	·
USB Composite Device	
USB Device with DFU, Capabilities	
USB Root Hub	
USB Root Hub	

**Application note** 

# 4. Managing the Demo Reader project with LPCXpresso IDE

The demo reader project is delivered in a zip package. It can be extracted, edited, compiled and linked with LPCXpresso IDE.

LPCXpresso is a new, low-cost development platform available from NXP. It supports NXP's ARM-based LPC microcontrollers. The platform is comprised of a simplified Eclipse-based IDE and low-cost target boards which include an attached JTAG debugger.

This tool can freely be downloaded from the LPCXpresso website [1].

## 4.1 Installation of LPCXpresso IDE

The IDE is installed into a single directory of one's choice. Multiple versions can be installed simultaneously without side effects. Be sure to download LPCXpresso IDE version 8.1.4 or higher. The installation starts after double-clicking the installer file.

Debug driver selection Please select which drivers to install.		
Windows may issue warnings when installin If prompted, please allow the drivers to ins Drivers are located in the "Drivers" director	tall.	
NXP LPC-Link2 Redlink Debug drivers           NXP LPC-Link1 Debug drivers           Red Probe Debug drivers		
v7.7.2_379		
http://www.nxp.com/lpcxpresso	< Back Next > Ca	ncel

Make sure, the checkboxes for installing the NXP Debug drivers are activated.

During the installation, the user will be asked if he wants to install some required drivers. The installation of these drivers should be accepted.



After the setup wizard has finished one can launch the newly installed IDE.

LPCXpresso	
LPCXpresso	
License type: UNACTIVATED (Activation not completed) Debug limit: 8k Activation code: not available	
	OK Cancel

Directly after the first start of the Eclipse IDE one will see an info dialogue that this is only an unregistered copy of LPCXpresso IDE. Just confirm the dialog and follow the instructions on the Welcome Screen to get a registered version without the debug limit of 8k. The registration is free and can be done at the LPCware website. The Link is shown in the menu, Help  $\rightarrow$  Activate  $\rightarrow$  Create Serial number and register...

**Application note** 



If one doesn't already have an account at LPCware, please sign up to get an activation code. The code will be sent to the provided e-mail address.



Once the activation code arrives please open the activation window by pointing to Help  $\rightarrow$  Activate  $\rightarrow$  Activate (Free Edition), and enter the code. The success of the product activation will be confirmed by an info dialogue.

## 4.2 Extraction of the demo reader project

All demo reader projects are divided into three sub projects.

One project that contains the NFC Reader Library, one project that contains the FreeRTOS operating system, one project that contains all hardware dependent parts and one project that contains the example application.

All projects are distributed in one zip package that can be imported into the LPCXpresso IDE in one single action. The following example is based on this package.

The sequence of installing the reference reader projects is indicated:

- Start the LPCXpresso IDE.
- Select the option "Import project(s)" (see picture below).
- Browse the zip archive.
- LPCXpresso IDE unzips the software package.
- The software package is ready for use.

**PNEV512B Quick Startup Guide** 

	U Q S ⋈= V • B * 2  Start here  Import project(s)  New project  Build all projects []  Clean " []  Clean " []  Clean " []  Edit " project settings  Import project (s) from XML Descripti ▼	C 23 E No consoles :
Fig 22. Importing a pro	ject into the LPCXpresso IDE	



In the Quick Panel on the left-hand side, choose "Import projects(s)".

Browse the desired package and click "Next".

**Application note** 

Import project(s)
Import project(s)     Select a directory to search for existing Eclipse projects.
Projects:
Image: Second system       Image: Second system <td< th=""></td<>
Options
Working sets
Add project to working sets     Working sets:     Select
?     < Back

For a working demo project, you need to import at least four sub projects. One example project, the NFC Reader Library, FreeRTOS, one chip library and one board library.

When the import process has finished one can start browsing the code.

Before one can run the project, the LPCXpresso board containing the PN512 Blueboard needs to be connected to the computer. Wait until the adequate drivers have been installed.

## 4.3 Run the project

Before running the project, please ensure that the LPCXpresso with the Blueboard is connected to the computer. Please also make sure that the correct microcontroller and the correct build configurations are chosen. Information about how to do this can be found in the sections 7.2 and 7.3.

**Application note** 

# AN11308 PNEV512B Quick Startup Guide



Choose the project that contains the user application and click the Debug Button on the left-hand side as shown in the example picture.

Make sure, the name of the build configuration as well as the selected MCU matches the name of the used microcontroller. See sections and 7.3 and 7.4 for further information.



# PNEV512B Quick Startup Guide

AN11308



## Fig 27. Run the project

After the software upload, the execution of the project starts immediately, but might halt at the initial breakpoint. To resume execution, just click onto the resume button.



**Application note** 

_			0	<u>.</u>	- swo	fig 📼 Power Measurement
					C/C++ (NXP Semicondu	ctors) MCU Application] Nfcro
Cá				ccesstully		
	Te	chnology : Card:				
			-	5A 81 22 80		
		SAK :		JA 01 22 00		
			Type 2 Ta			
		Type.	Type 2 Te	9		
Ca	ard dete	cted and act	tivated su	ccessfully		
	Те	chnology :	Type V /	ISO 15693 / T5	т	
		Card:	1			
		UID :	5D 75 A5	OE 50 01 04 E0	)	
Ca	ard dete	cted and act	tivated su	ccessfully		
	Те	chnology :	Type V /	ISO 15693 / TS	т	
		Card:	1			
T		UID :	5D 75 A5	OE 50 01 04 E0	)	
Ca	ard dete	cted and act	tivated su	ccessfully		
	Te	chnology :	ISO 18000	) p3m3 / EPC Ger	12	
		Card:	1			

In the console window at the bottom one will see the debug output of the execution.

After the execution has reached the end of the main function please click the Terminate button to stop the execution. Otherwise one won't be able to rerun the project. One can now do the following with the buttons near the top of the "Debug" view:

	Run the program.
Ì	Step over C/C++ line.
P	Step into a function.
	Stop the debugger.
00	Pause execution of the running
	program.
i⇒	Instruction stepping mode
	(disassembly).

Fig 30. Debug Buttons

# 5. Managing the PN5180 SW projects with Linux and KDS IDE

Detailed description and guideline, how to import and manage NFC NXP Reader Library projects in Linux and Kinetis Design Studio (KDS) environment, check:

- AN11802 NFC Reader Library for Linux Installation Guidelines
- AN11908 NFC Reader Library for KDS Installation Guidelines

# 6. Associated Projects

All example projects are available for download at the product page of the PNEV512B [7] in the documents section and are being distributed in one single file.

All projects are packaged into a single installer file. After downloading the zip file, extract it and run the installer. The installer makes a copy of all documents and SW on the hard disk.

By default, the projects are preconfigured to be run on the LPCXpresso LPC1769 development board. For instructions about how to run the projects on the LPCXpresso LPC11U68 development board, refer to chapter 7.2 and 7.3, please.

#### Running the projects with, or without FreeRTOS

All projects described in the following sub chapters can be configured to run with or without FreeRTOS operating system. To enable/disable FreeRTOS support, define settings in the file "../intfs/ph\_NxpBuild\_App.h" needs to be configured properly.

E.g. enable FreeRTOS

//#define NXPBUILD\_\_PH\_OSAL\_NULLOS
#define NXPBUILD\_\_PH\_OSAL\_FREERTOS

## 6.1 Example 1 – Basic Discovery Loop

The Discovery Loop can be seen as the entry point when starting to communicate with an NFC tag or device. It scans the close environment for tags and devices of different technologies.

Example is implemented to work in POLL and LISTEN mode of the discovery loop. Information (like UID, SAK, and Product Type for MIFARE product-based cards) of the detected tags are printed out and it also prints information when it gets activated as a target by an external initiator/reader. Whenever multiple technologies are detected, example select first detected technology and resolve it.

In passive poll mode, Low Power Card Detection (LPCD) is enabled.



The core function of this example is "*BasicDiscoveryLoop\_Demo()*", where initialization of the NFC Reader library and polling for NFC technologies is implemented. After each polling loop, application is checking polling result and printout information about the detected tags or devices.

This example is using default DiscoveryLoop configuration, which enables all supported technologies and it is limited to one device for each technology.

#### Table 6. Supported technologies

ISO14443P3A	ISO15693- SLI	FeliCa	TYPEF_TARGET_PASSIVE
ISO14443P4A	ISO18000P3M3	TYPEA_TARGET_PASSIVE	TYPEF_TARGET_ACTIVE
ISO18092MPI	ISO14443P3B	TYPEA_TARGET_ACTIVE	

## 6.2 Example 2 – Advanced Discovery Loop

Additionally to Example 1, the Advanced Discovery Loop example explains the different configuration options of the Discovery Loop and configure DiscoveryLoop with default values based on the interested profile, NFC or EMVCo.

The configuration of the "DiscoveryLoop" is implemented in "LoadProfile()" function.

#### 6.3 Example 3 – NFC Forum

Explains how to configure the NFC Reader Library for different P2P modes such as Active Mode, Target Mode, Initiator Mode and SNEP Client/Server.

In Snep Server mode the example waits for a connection from a Snep Client. When the connection between client and server is establish, client send a data and server read it. The application displays read data in the console window of the LPCXpresso IDE.

In Snep Client mode, the application tries to connect to a Snep Server. Once the connection is established, it transmits an NDEF message to the server.

#### 6.4 Example 4 – MIFARE Classic

This example demonstrates how to configure "DiscoveryLoop" to poll for only one technology and how to resolve detected card, in this example MIFARE Classic is used.

Once MIFARE Classic card is activated, application printout information like UID, ATQA and SAK and perform the authentication with MIFARE Classic card default key. After successful authentication basic read/write operations are implemented.

This example is good start in case of working with only one card or to see how to manage MIFARE Classic cards.

#### 6.5 Example 5 - ISO15693

ISO15693 feature is not supported by PN512, therefore it this example is not available for PNEN512B bluebord.

#### 6.6 Example 6 – EMVCo Loopback

The EMVCo Loopback example is a LoopBack application which is used to perform EMVCo 2.5 level 1 digital compliance validation. Example can be used as such without any changes to be used for the EMVCo certification.

## 6.7 Example 7 – EMVCo Polling

The EMVCo Polling example it is demonstrated how to configure NFC Reader Library as specified by EMVCo specifications and starts polling for EMVCo cards.

Once an EMVCo compatible card is resolved and activated, it demonstrates the exchange of APDU commands. This example shall help the developers getting started more quickly when working with EMVCo cards.

#### 6.8 Example 8 – HCE T4T

Example 8 implements a Type 4 Tag card emulation according to NFC Forum Type 4 Tag specification. The example supports all specified commands such as *Select*, *ReadBinary*, *UpdateBinary*.

With this example our reader is in card emulation mode (HCE) and it support reading and writing data. Default data is configured as an NDEF message as a url <u>www.nxp.com</u>.

The maximum NDEF length the reader can write is limited by NDEF file size used in example (default configured as 1024 bytes).

#### 6.9 Example 9 – NTAG-I2C

The NTAG-I2C example demonstrates the use of special features which are supported by NTAG-I2C. By using POLL mode of the discovery loop, example detect the NTag I2C cards and displays detected tag information like UID, ATQA, SAK, Version info and perform "*Page Read*" and "*PageWrite*" commands.

For more details about the NTAG-I2C and its functionalities please consult the product page of the same [13].

## 6.10 Example 10 – MIFARE DESFire

The MIFARE DESFire example demonstrates how to use MIFARE DESFire EV1 cards.

Once MIFARE DESFire card is resolved and activated, it displays MIFARE DESFire applications created by this example previously and it displays 32bit signed integer which is incremented after each successful detection of tag.

In case no application is present on the tag, new application will be created with two new files to hold NXPNFCRDLIB version used to create this application and another file to hold 32bit signed integer.

**Note:** This example including the required modules of the NFC Reader Library is only available via NXP Docstore.

## 6.11 Example 11 – SimplifiedAPI EMVCo

This example is similar to the "EMVCo Loopback" example, as it can be used to perform EMVCo 2.5 level 1 digital compliance validation.

The different between both examples is in NFCReaderLibrary initialization, where this example is using simplified reader library initialization process. Simplified approach, after library initialization, is using only three commands:

- phNfcLib Activate()
- phNfcLib Transmit()
- phNfcLib Receive()

## 6.12 Example 12 - SimplifiedAPI ISO

This example is a reference application to demonstrate the usage of Simplified API with ISO profile. Application contains example of Type A Layer 4, Type B Layer 4, MIFARE DESFire, MIFARE Ultralight, MIFARE Classic, ISO5693 and ISO18000p3m3.

Example demonstrates how to use simplified API, which require, after successful library initialization, only three commands:

- phNfcLib Activate()
- phNfcLib Transmit()
- phNfcLib Receive()

#### **Supplementary Notes** 7.

Fore detailed API description of the NFC Reader Library please refer to the chm help file located at

NFC\_Reader\_Library\docs\14\_user\_doc\NXP NFC Reader Library.chm.

#### 7.1 **General Software Architecture**

The software of the reference reader is based on the NFC Reader Library [5]. It intends to be simple, modular, easily readable and quickly portable by all the customers. This philosophy is reflected in its architecture which is divided into 4 layers:

- BAL (Bus Abstraction Layer),
- HAL (Hardware Abstraction Layer)
- PAL (Protocol Abstraction Layer)
- AL (Abstraction Layer)

Application note

**COMPANY PUBLIC** 

255025

# AN11308 PNEV512B Quick Startup Guide



For a detailed description of the NFC Reader Library please refer to the user manual **UM10721 - NXP NFC Reader Library User Manual**.

The API reference can be found in the help file *NXP-NFCReaderLibrary-apiguide.html* contained in the NXP NFC Reader Library package.

#### 7.1.1 Bus abstraction layer

This layer offers functions to abstract the hardware parts of the microcontroller.

These functions connect to the specific peripheral drivers of the microcontroller. Based on these stacks, the communication routines for the relevant physical media I2C/SPI can be easily designed. These drivers used in these examples are specific for the LPC1XXX family and therefore cannot be ported to other microcontrollers. If one wants to change the microcontroller, he would have to adapt this layer.

#### 7.1.2 Hardware abstraction layer

This layer offers functions to abstract the hardware parts of the supported transceivers.

#### 7.1.3 Protocol abstraction layer

Every PAL function is a low-level function realizing a single functionality. It is encapsulated in a module which is independent from the others. The user can easily design his application by doing a drag-and-drop of the relevant module.

The following PAL modules are available in this software package:

- ISO/IEC 14443-3A,
- ISO/IEC 14443-3B,
- ISO/IEC 14443-4,

- MIFARE IC,
- ISO/IEC 14443-4mC
- FeliCa,
- NFC Initiator
- NFC Target
- ISO/IEC 15693
- ISO/IEC 18000-3 Mode 3

#### 7.1.4 Application layer

Lying on the previous software layers, the application layer is on top of the reader software package. It combines elements of the previous three parts into high level functionalities.

#### 7.1.5 NFC Activity

This component provides the Discovery Loop component. It implements poll mode based on NFC Activity Specification 1.1 (backward compatibility with version 1.0) and EMVCo Specification 2.3.1a. Listen mode is implemented based on NFC Activity Specification 1.1. Support for Type V (ISO 15693) polling is included based on NFC Forum draft specification. ISO 18000-3 Mode 3 (EPC Gen2) is supported as a proprietary technology in poll mode.

#### 7.1.6 HCE Layer

This component implements the card emulation of NFC Forum Type 4A Tag.

The implementation is based on NFC Forum Type 4 Tag Operation Specification version 2.0. SELECT, READ BINARY and UPDATE BINARY commands are supported as per NFC Forum Type 4 Tag Operation Specification.

This layer follows a multi-threaded RTOS based design using one reader library thread and one application thread. Application thread along with application callback can be used for handling of UPDATE BINARY and proprietary commands.

A pictorial representation of reader library thread and application thread used for card emulation is shown below. Refer function documentation for more information.

Application note



As UPDATE BINARY and proprietary commands are handled by the phceT4T\_AppProcessCmd in application thread, application shall use some synchronization mechanism (like mutex or semaphore) as shown in the diagram to synchronize entry to and exit from phceT4T\_Activate and phceT4T\_AppProcessCmd.

Waiting Time eXtension (WTX) is handled internally by phceT4T\_Activate in reader library thread. The reader library thread should be of high priority than the application thread for proper handling of WTX. In non RTOS single threaded environment this layer can be used with limited features, i.e. with no support for WTX.

#### 7.1.7 NFC Apps

The example applications make use of the underlying functions. They provide entry points for the developers to get started with the NFC Reader Library more quickly.

## 7.2 Build configuration

All the projects mentioned in this guide are available in debug and release configuration.

• Debug configuration

This configuration is mainly used when the target board is attached to the PC with the JTAG debugger. It allows the display of debug messages in the console window, which is useful in the early stage of the project.

Release configuration

Once the project is debugged and mature, it might be interesting to use the release configuration, to use the hardware stand alone. No debug messages are displayed in the console window.

Note, that only in Release Configuration one can flash the software onto the Blueboard and start it automatically, once power has been attached to the board.

The build configuration can be selected as follows:

- Click on the project in the project window of the LPCXpresso IDE,
- Right click of the mouse → Select Build Configuration,
- Set active DebugLPC1769 build (or ReleaseLPC1769 build) for LPC 1769.



Note: When switching from one MCU to another, please take care to also switch to the correct MCU setting within the LPCXpresso IDE. See section 7.3.

#### 7.3 Setting the MCU

There are many LPC microcontrollers supported by the LPCXpresso IDE build in compiler. Before compiling a project, the correct MCU need to be set.

- Right click the project  $\rightarrow$  choose properties (at the bottom)
- C/C++ build → MCU settings → expand desired LPC1xxx MCU group → choose the correct microcontroller → click OK

#### **PNEV512B Quick Startup Guide**



## 7.4 Level of compiler optimization

When the code size at the current compiler level overloads the FLASH size of the target board, a higher compiler optimization level can be selected to reduce the code size of the project.

The following steps can be followed to select a level of compiler optimization:

- Click on the application project in the project window of the LPCXpresso IDE,
- Right click of the mouse → Select properties → Select C/C++ build,
- Select Settings → Optimization,
- Choose the desired level in the combo box.

**Application note** 



#### 7.4.1 Optimization issues

When optimization is enabled, it will reorder code. What this means is that the code from multiple C lines will be intermingled. In addition, assignments and initializations might be pulled out of loops so they are only executed once. Changes like these will make the code confusing to debug. Some symptoms one might see are breakpoints that only work the first time through, or seeing the debugger's current line indicator fail to advance or even move backwards when clicking step. It is best to always use –O0 for debugging.

# 7.5 Preparing the projects for the use of the Blueboard in I<sup>2</sup>C configuration

To use the projects in I<sup>2</sup>C configuration one has to do some small adaptations in the file phLpc1xxxx\_Build.h located in the MCU project LPC1xxx.

To change from SPI to I2C on the LPC1769 microcontroller, follow these steps:

- 1. Open the file ../LPC1769/phLpc1768\_Build.h and
  - a. Uncomment the line #define I2C\_USED.
  - b. Comment the line #define SPI\_USED.

For the other supported MCUs it follows the same procedure.

## 7.6 Removing the initial breakpoint on debug startup

When the debugger starts, it automatically sets a breakpoint at the first statement in the main() function. One can remove this breakpoint as follows:

1. Right click on the project and choose Launch Configurations  $\rightarrow$  Edit current...



- Fig 37. Open Current Launch Configuration
- 1. Choose the Debug configuration
- 2. Choose the tab Debugger
- 3. Uncheck the box near "Stop on startup at:"
- 4. Click onto Apply and then Close.

Create, manage, and run configu	rations
Image: Second system         Image: Second system <th>Stop on startup at main Force has</th>	Stop on startup at main Force has

**Application note** 

## 7.7 Using the Blueboard with the Raspberry Pi

Detailed instructions about how to run the NFC Reader Library on the Raspberry Pi can be found in the Start Guide linked at the product page of the EXPLORE-NFC [12]. This sub chapter only describes some information that is not included in the start guide of the EXPLORE-NFC.

## 7.7.1 Preparing the hardware



- Connect the PNEV512B Blueboard to the BluePi adaptor.
- Connect the adaptor to the Raspberry Pi



**Application note** 

## 8. References

#### [1] LPCXpresso website http://www.lpcware.com/lpcxpresso/download

- [2] PN512 product information and data sheet http://www.nxp.com/products/interface\_and\_connectivity/nfc\_contactless\_reader\_ic s/series/PN512.html
- [3] LPC176x/5x User manual http://www.nxp.com/documents/user\_manual/UM10360.pdf
- [4] Multipoint Connectors we used: Grid Dimension: 2.54mm, at least 27 pins <u>http://www.conrad.at/ce/de/product/741119/STIFTLEISTE</u> and <u>http://www.conrad.at/ce/de/product/736427/BUCHSENLEISTE-EINREIHIG</u>
- [5] **Direct link to the NFC Reader Library** Not yet available
- [6] TYPE 4 TAG: NFC Forum, Type 4 Tag Operation Specification, Version 2.0, March 13, 2007 http://www.nfc-forum.org/specs
- [7] PNEV512B demo board site http://www.nxp.com/demoboard/PNEV512B.html
- [8] NXP NFC Reader Library User Manual http://www.nxp.com/documents/user\_manual/UM10721.pdf
- [9] **Technical Specification** Simple NDEF Exchange Protocol, NFCForum-TS-SNEP\_1.0 <u>http://www.nfc-forum.org/specs/spec\_license</u>
- [10] **EMV** The table of card types and their matching AIDs are available on <u>http://www.en.wikipedia.org/wiki/EMV</u>
- [11] LPCXpresso LPC1769 development board http://www.nxp.com/demoboard/OM13000.html
- [12] EXPLORE-NFC product page http://www.nxp.com/demoboard/PNEV512R.html#documentation
- [13] NTAG-I2C http://www.nxp.com/products/identification\_and\_security/nfc\_and\_reader\_ics/conne cted\_tag\_solutions/series/NT3H1101\_NT3H1201.html
- [14] LPCXpresso LPC11U68 development board http://www.nxp.com/products/microcontrollers-and-processors/arm-processors/lpcarm-cortex-m-mcus/lpc-cortex-m0-plus-m0/lpc1100-series/lpcxpresso-board-forlpc11u68:OM13058

#### **PNEV512B Quick Startup Guide**

# 9. Legal information

#### 9.1 Definitions

**Draft** — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

## 9.2 Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. NXP Semiconductors takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of NXP Semiconductors.

In no event shall NXP Semiconductors be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, NXP Semiconductors' aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the *Terms and conditions of commercial sale* of NXP Semiconductors.

**Right to make changes** — NXP Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use — NXP Semiconductors products are not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of an NXP Semiconductors product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. NXP Semiconductors and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of NXP Semiconductors products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

**Applications** — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. NXP Semiconductors makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products, and NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the NXP Semiconductors product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

NXP Semiconductors does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). NXP does not accept any liability in this respect.

**Export control** — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

**Translations** — A non-English (translated) version of a document is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy between the translated and English versions.

**Evaluation products** — This product is provided on an "as is" and "with all faults" basis for evaluation purposes only. NXP Semiconductors, its affiliates and their suppliers expressly disclaim all warranties, whether express, implied or statutory, including but not limited to the implied warranties of non-infringement, merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. The entire risk as to the quality, or arising out of the use or performance, of this product remains with customer.

In no event shall NXP Semiconductors, its affiliates or their suppliers be liable to customer for any special, indirect, consequential, punitive or incidental damages (including without limitation damages for loss of business, business interruption, loss of use, loss of data or information, and the like) arising out the use of or inability to use the product, whether or not based on tort (including negligence), strict liability, breach of contract, breach of warranty or any other theory, even if advised of the possibility of such damages.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever (including without limitation, all damages referenced above and all direct or general damages), the entire liability of NXP Semiconductors, its affiliates and their suppliers and customer's exclusive remedy for all of the foregoing shall be limited to actual damages incurred by customer based on reasonable reliance up to the greater of the amount actually paid by customer for the product or five dollars (US\$5.00). The foregoing limitations, exclusions and disclaimers shall apply to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, even if any remedy fails of its essential purpose.

## 9.3 Licenses

#### Purchase of NXP ICs with NFC technology

Purchase of an NXP Semiconductors IC that complies with one of the Near Field Communication (NFC) standards ISO/IEC 18092 and ISO/IEC 21481 does not convey an implied license under any patent right infringed by implementation of any of those standards. Purchase of NXP Semiconductors IC does not include a license to any NXP patent (or other IP right) covering combinations of those products with other products, whether hardware or software.

#### Purchase of NXP ICs with ISO/IEC 14443 type B functionality



This NXP Semiconductors IC is ISO/IEC 14443 Type B software enabled and is licensed under Innovatron's Contactless Card patents license for ISO/IEC 14443 B.

The license includes the right to use the IC in systems and/or end-user equipment.

RATP/Innovatron

Technology

Application note

#### 9.4 Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are property of their respective owners.

**MIFARE** — is a trademark of NXP B.V.

**DESFire** — is a trademark of NXP B.V.

MIFARE Ultralight — is a trademark of NXP B.V.

MIFARE Plus — is a trademark of NXP B.V.

**MIFARE Classic** — is a trademark of NXP B.V.

Kinetis— is a trademark of NXP B.V

AN11308

**Application note** 

# 10. List of tables

Table 1.	Example projects3
Table 2.	A0 and A1 interface configuration8
Table 3.	Solder Jumpers for selecting the additional interfaces

Table 4.	Solder Jumpers for USB connector
	configuration9
Table 5.	VCC power supply configuration9
Table 6.	Supported technologies23

Application note COMPANY PUBLIC

# 11. List of figures

Picture of PNEV512B demo board4
Picture of solder bridges in default configuration
5
Picture of LPCXpresso LPC1769 development
board5
Multipoint Connectors we used6
LPCXpresso with the Multipoint Connectors6
Connect the two boards6
Interrupt connection7
Interesting points of measurement7
Blueboard in SPI configuration8
Additional interfaces8
Solder jumpers for additional interface
configuration9
Solder jumper for VCC power supply
configuration10
LPCXpresso LPC11U68 development board10
CLEV663B connected to LPCXpresso
LPC11U68 development board10
Enumeration of the LPCXpresso Board in
Device Manager Window12
LPCXpresso installation NXP Debug drivers 13
Windows Security dialog14
LPCXpresso IDE14
Product activation15

Fig 20.	Product activation15
Fig 21.	Product activation16
Fig 22.	Importing a project into the LPCXpresso IDE17
Fig 23.	Importing a project into the LPCXpresso IDE17
Fig 24.	Importing a project into the LPCXpresso IDE18
Fig 25.	Run the project19
Fig 26.	After the build process one can see the size of
	the image in the console window19
Fig 27.	Run the project20
Fig 28.	Debugging controls20
Fig 29.	Run the project21
Fig 30.	Debug Buttons21
Fig 31.	Discovery Loop in Poll mode23
Fig 32.	Architecture of the NFC Reader Library27
Fig 33.	State machine diagram of the T4T HCE
	example application29
Fig 34.	Select the build configuration
Fig 35.	Selection of the LPC1769 MCU31
Fig 36.	Select the level of optimization32
Fig 37.	Open Current Launch Configuration33
Fig 38.	BluePi adaptor34
Fig 39.	PNEV512B Blueboard connected to the
	Raspberry Pi34

Application note COMPANY PUBLIC

# 12. Contents

1.	Introduction3
2.	Hardware overview of the Demo Reader4
2.1	PNEV512B demo board4
2.2	CE certification of the Blueboard5
2.3	LPCXpresso LPC1769 development board5
2.4	Preparation of the hardware6
2.5	Soldering the interrupt connection7
2.6	Interesting points of measurement7
2.7	Preparing the Blueboard for the use with SPI or
	I <sup>2</sup> C7
2.8	Optional interfaces and power supply8
2.8.1	Configuring the additional interfaces9
2.8.2	Configuring the power supply9
2.9	Additional supported development boards10
2.10	Other supported system architectures11
3.	Installation of the LPCXpresso Board12
4.	Managing the Demo Reader project with
	LPCXpresso IDE13
4.1	Installation of LPCXpresso IDE
4.2	Extraction of the demo reader project
4.3	Run the project18
5.	Managing the PN5180 SW projects with Linux
	and KDS IDE22
6.	Associated Projects22
6.1	Example 1 – Basic Discovery Loop22
6.2	Example 2 – Advanced Discovery Loop24
6.3	Example 3 – NFC Forum24
6.4	Example 4 – MIFARE Classic24
6.5	Example 5 - ISO1569324
6.6	Example 6 – EMVCo Loopback24
6.7	Example 7 – EMVCo Polling24
6.8	Example 8 – HCE T4T25
6.9	Example 9 – NTAG-I2C25
6.10	Example 10 – MIFARE DESFire25
6.11	Example 11 – SimplifiedAPI EMVCo25
6.12	Example 12 - SimplifiedAPI ISO26

7.	Supplementary Notes26
7.1	General Software Architecture
7.1.1	Bus abstraction layer27
7.1.2	Hardware abstraction layer27
7.1.3	Protocol abstraction layer27
7.1.4	Application layer
7.1.5	NFC Activity28
7.1.6	HCE Layer28
7.1.7	NFC Apps29
7.2	Build configuration29
7.3	Setting the MCU
7.4	Level of compiler optimization31
7.4.1	Optimization issues32
7.5	Preparing the projects for the use of the
	Blueboard in I <sup>2</sup> C configuration32
7.6	Removing the initial breakpoint on debug startup
7.7	Using the Blueboard with the Raspberry Pi34
7.7.1	Preparing the hardware34
8.	References35
9.	Legal information36
9.1	Definitions
9.2	Disclaimers
9.3	Licenses
9.4	Trademarks
10.	List of tables
11.	List of figures
12.	Contents40

Please be aware that important notices concerning this document and the product(s) described herein, have been included in the section 'Legal information'.

© NXP B.V. 2018.

#### All rights reserved.

For more information, visit: http://www.nxp.com

Date of release: 26 September 2018 255025 Document identifier: AN11308