

# **EMC filters**

3-phase dv/dt output reactors 520 V AC, 8 A ... 1500 A, 40 °C

Series/Type: B86301U

Date: January 2021

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#### 3-phase dv/dt output reactors

3-phase dv/dt output reactors Rated voltage V<sub>R</sub>: 520 V AC Rated current I<sub>R</sub>: 8 A to 1500 A

#### Construction

- 3-phase dv/dt output reactor
- Natural cooling

#### **Features**

- Reduction of voltage stress at the motor
- dv/dt reduction
- Easy to install
- Low weight
- Compact design
- Design complies with IEC 60076-6
- Degree of protection¹):

IP20 (8 A ... 24 A)

IP10 (45 A ... 112 A)

IP00 (180 A ... 1500 A)

- Optimized for motor cables up to 50 m<sup>2)</sup>
- UL approved insulation system class 155 (F)

#### **Typical applications**

- Frequency converters for motor drives, e.g.
  - elevators
  - pumps
  - traction and conveyer systems
  - HVAC systems (heating, ventilation and air conditioning)

#### **Terminals**

- Up to 112 A: Finger-safe terminals
- 180 A to 1500 A: Busbars

#### Marking

Marking on component:

Manufacturer's logo, ordering code, rated voltage, rated current, rated motor frequency, rated switching frequency, rated temperature, climatic category, date code, approvals

Minimum data on packaging:

Manufacturer's logo, ordering code, quantity, date code



Schematic picture

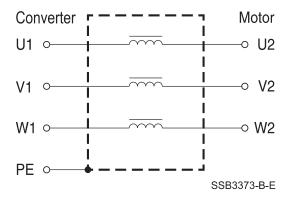
<sup>1)</sup> According to IEC 60529

<sup>2)</sup> The maximum permissible motor cable length depends on the application and must be checked.



# 3-phase dv/dt output reactors

### Typical circuit diagram



# Technical data and measuring conditions

Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	520 V AC (50/60 Hz)
Relative voltage drop v <sub>k</sub> in %	At I <sub>R</sub> ; 50 Hz and 400 V AC
Converter output frequency $f_M$	0 Hz 400 Hz
Pulse frequency f <sub>P</sub>	see table
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 40 °C rated temperature
Test voltage V <sub>test</sub>	1500 V AC, 10 s (line/line)
	2500 V AC, 10 s (lines/case)
Overload capability (thermal)	1.5 · I <sub>R</sub> for 1 min per hour
Max. dv/dt on filter input	8 kV/μs (higher values can be approved individually)
Insulation class	155 (F)
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)	25/100/21 (-25 °C/+100 °C/21 days damp heat test)
Approvals	Insulation system class155 (F)



# 3-phase dv/dt output reactors

# **Characteristics and ordering codes**

I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>k</sub>	R <sub>typ</sub> 1)	L <sub>R</sub> <sup>2)</sup>	P <sub>L</sub> <sup>3)</sup>	Approx. weight	f <sub>P</sub> max.	Ordering code	
Α	%	$m\Omega$	μН	W	kg	kHz		
$V_{R} = 52$	V <sub>R</sub> = 520 V AC							
8	0.79	57	730	13	1.3	16	B86301U0008R000	
12	0.65	31.0	400	19	1.8	16	B86301U0012R000	
24	0.82	12.50	250	25	2.6	16	B86301U0024R000	
45	0.80	5.80	130	45	5.6	10	B86301U0045R000	
112	0.76	1.60	50	75	9.4	8	B86301U0112R000	
180	0.78	0.85	32	100	11.0	6	B86301U0180S000	
250	0.75	0.70	22	150	13.7	6	B86301U0250S000	
320	0.78	0.40	18	180	17.0	6	B86301U0320S000	
360	0.73	0.35	15	170	19.5	4	B86301U0360S000	
400	0.71	0.32	13	200	20.5	4	B86301U0400S000	
500	0.75	0.3	11	320	23.5	4	B86301U0500S000	
720	0.78	0.24	8	480	30.5	2.5	B86301U0720S000	
950	0.78	0.14	6	600	43	2.5	B86301U0950S000	
1500	0.8	0.09	3.9	1050	65	2.5	B86301U1500S000	

<sup>1)</sup> Typical values at 20 °C

<sup>2)</sup> At  $I_R$ ; tolerance  $\pm 10\%$ 

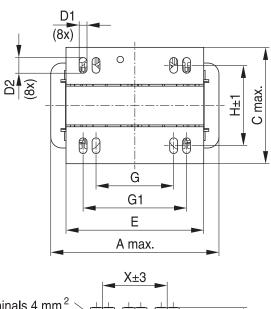
<sup>3)</sup> Typical values at I<sub>R</sub>, 50 Hz, 20 °C. Varies with type and length of motor cable, pulse frequency and modulation mode.

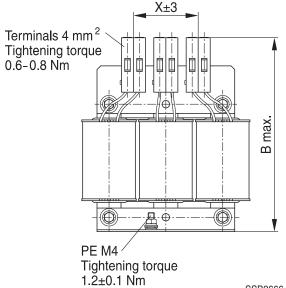


### 3-phase dv/dt output reactors

# **Dimensional drawings**

### B86301U0008R000 ... B86301U0024R000 (8 A ... 24 A)





SSB2666-F-E

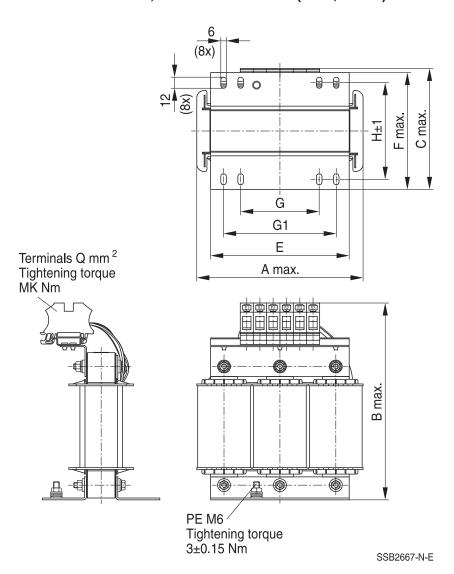
Ordering code	А	В	С	D1 × D2	Е	G	G1	Н	X
B86301U0008R000	100	120	65	6 × 9	80	40	60	42	40
B86301U0012R000	125	140	80	6 × 12	100	60	80.5	51	50
B86301U0024R000	125	140	90	6 × 12	100	60	80.5	61	50

General tolerances according to ISO 2768-cL Dimensions in mm



### 3-phase dv/dt output reactors

# B86301U0045R000, B86301U0112R000 (45 A, 112 A)



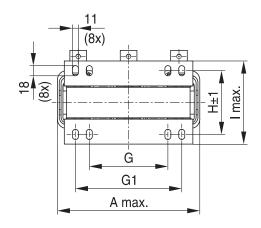
Ordering code	Α	В	С	E	F	G	G1	Н	Q	MK
									(mm <sup>2</sup> )	(Nm)
B86301U0045R000	180	210	130	150	125	85	122	96	16	2.0-2.3
B86301U0112R000	180	220	150	150	145	85	122	116	35	3.2-3.7

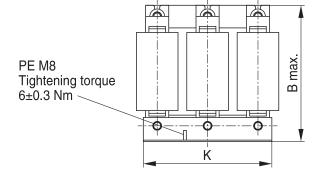
General tolerances according to ISO 2768-cL Dimensions in mm

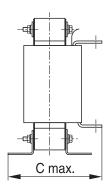


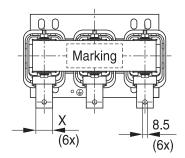
### 3-phase dv/dt output reactors

# B86301U0180S000 ... B86301U0360S000 (180 A ... 360 A)









SSB2669-5-E

Ordering code	А	В	С	Х	G	G1	Н	I	K
B86301U0180S000	240	200	140	20 × 3	140	190	95	135	230
B86301U0250S000	245	240	150	20 × 3	140	190	95	135	230
B86301U0320S000	270	245	165	30 × 3	140	190	100	140	230
B86301U0360S000	265	255	170	30 × 3	140	190	111	150	230

General tolerances according to ISO 2768-cL

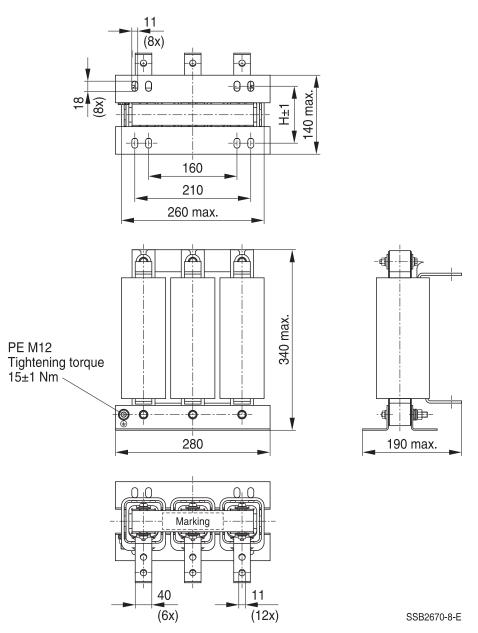
Dimensions in mm

Busbar connection see section "Mechanical properties"



### 3-phase dv/dt output reactors

# B86301U0400S000, B86301U0500S000 (400 A, 500 A)



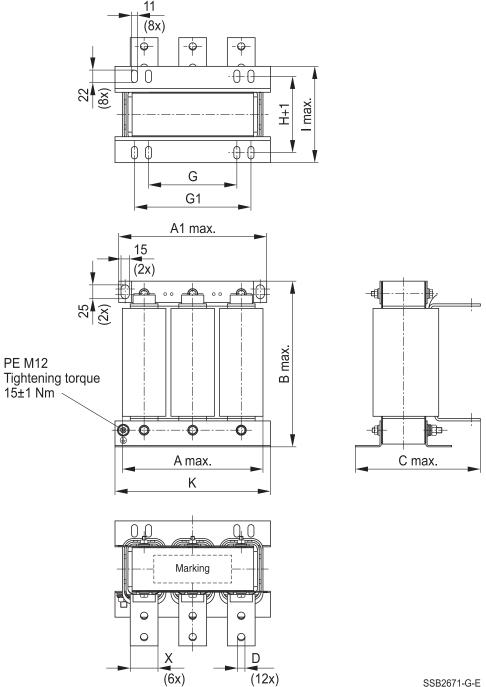
General tolerances according to ISO 2768-cL Dimensions in mm

Ordering code	Н
B86301U0400S000	95
B86301U0500S000	101



### 3-phase dv/dt output reactors

# B86301U0720S000 ... B86301U1500S000 (720 A ... 1500 A)



General tolerances according to ISO 2768-cL Dimensions in mm

Ordering code	Α	A1	В	С	D	X	G	G1	Н	I	K
B86301U0720S000	295	290	335	230	13.5	40 × 5	160	210	123	165	320
B86301U0950S000	290	290	550	240	13.5	50 × 5	190	230	95	145	320
B86301U1500S000	360	340	570	240	13.5	50 × 5	230	270	122	170	360



#### 3-phase dv/dt output reactors

#### **Cautions and warnings**

Please read all warning and safety notes carefully before installing the filter and putting it into operation (see 1). The same applies to the warning signs on the filter. Please ensure that the signs are not removed nor their legibility impaired by external influences.

Death, serious bodily injury and substantial material damage to equipment may occur if the appropriate safety measures are not carried out or the warnings in the text are not observed.

#### Using according to the terms

The filters may be used only for their intended application within the specified values in low-voltage networks in compliance with the instructions given in the data sheets and the data book. The conditions at the place of application must comply with all specifications for the filter used.

#### **Marning**

- It shall be ensured that only qualified persons (electricity specialists) are engaged on work such as planning, assembly, installation, operation, repair and maintenance. They must be provided with the corresponding documentation.
- Danger of electric shock. Filters contain components that store an electric charge. Dangerous voltages can continue to exist at the filter terminals for longer than five minutes even after the power has been switched off.
- The protective earth connections shall be the first to be made when the filter is installed and the last to be disconnected. Depending on the magnitude of the leakage currents, the particular specifications for making the protective earth connection must be observed.
- Impermissible overloading of the filter or filter, such as with circuits able to cause resonances, impermissible voltages at higher frequencies etc. can lead to bodily injury and death as well as cause substantial material damages (e.g. destruction of the filter housing).
- Filters must be protected in the application against impermissible exceeding of the rated currents by overcurrent protective devices.
- In case of leakage currents >3.5 mA you shall mount the PE conductor stationary with the required cross section before beginning of operation and save it against disconnecting. For leakage currents  $I_L^{1)} \le 10$  mA the PE conductor must have a KU value<sup>2)</sup> of 4.5<sup>3)</sup>; for leakage currents  $I_L > 10$  mA the PE conductor must have a KU value of  $6^{4)}$ .
- Output chokes and output filters must be protected in the application against impermissible exceeding of the component temperature.
- The converter output frequency must be within the specified range to avoid resonances and uncontrolled warming of the output chokes and output filters.
- Because the product can become very hot during operation, there is the risk of burns if touched. The product can remain hot for some time after the power is switched off!

<sup>1)</sup>  $I_L$  = leakage current let-go

<sup>2)</sup> The KU value (symbol KU) is a classification parameter of safety-referred failure types designed to ensure protection against hazardous body currents and excessive heating.

<sup>3)</sup> A value of KU = 4.5 with respect to interruptions is attained with: a) permanently connected protective earth connection ≥1.5 mm² and b) a protective earth connection ≥2.5 mm² via connectors for industrial equipment (IEC 60309-2)

<sup>4)</sup> KU = 6 with respect to interruptions is achieved for fixed-connection lines ≥10 mm² where the type of connection and installation correspond to the requirements for PEN conductors as specified in relevant standards.



# 3-phase dv/dt output reactors

The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must be observed without fail. A detailed description can be found in the relevant chapters of the databook.

Topic	Instructions	Reference chapter (data book), paragraph
Selecting a filter	When selecting a filter, it is mandatory to observe the rated data of the equipment (such as its rated input current, rated voltage, harmonic content etc.) as well as the derating instructions in Chapters 9 and 10.	Selection guide for converter filters
Rated voltage	When power distribution systems deviating from the symmetric TN-S system is to check the suitability of the filters and the allowed voltages including the fault cases.	Power distribution systems,
Protection from residual voltages Discharge resistors	Active parts must be discharged within 5 s to a voltage of less than 60 V (or 50 $\mu$ C). If this limit cannot be observed due to the operating mode, the hazardous point must be permanently marked in a clearly visible way.	Safety regulations, 6.1
	Filters which are not permanently connected (e.g. when the test voltage is applied to the filter at the incoming goods inspection) must be discharged after the voltage has been switched off.	Safety regulations, 6.2
Installing and removing of filters Installation	When installing and removing our filters, a voltage-free state must be set up and secured with observance of the five safety rules described in EN 50110-1.	Safety regulations, 6.4
Use in IT systems	The special features of the IT system ("first fault case" and other fault cases) shall be observed.	Power distribution system (network types), 7.6
Safety notes on leakage currents	The filter leakage currents specified in the data book are intended for user information only. The maximum leakage current of the entire electrical equipment or appliance has to be limited for safety reasons. Please obtain the applicable limits for your application from the relevant regulations, provisions and standards.	8.4 Leakage current,
Voltage derating Hazards caused by overloading the filters	If the permissible limits for the higher-frequency voltages at the filter are exceeded, the filter may be damaged or destroyed.	Voltage derating, 9.8
Current derating at elevated ambient temperatures	Non-observance of the current derating may lead to overheating and consequently represents a fire hazard.	Current derating, 10.1



# 3-phase dv/dt output reactors

Topic	Instructions	Reference chapter (data book), paragraph
Protective earth connection at operating currents >250 A	For operating currents greater than 250 A, we recommend the PE connection to be set up between the feed (filter: line) and output (filter: load) not via the PE terminal bolt in the filter housing.	Mounting instructions, point 2
Mounting position	Note the mounting position of the filters! It must always be ensured that natural convection is not impaired.	Mounting instructions, point 13
Long motor cables	Long motor cables cause parasitic currents in the installation. The cable lengths indicated for the output chokes and output filters serve for orientation. The user must check the technical parameters and especially the choke temperatures for the respective application.	Mounting instructions, point 15

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# 3-phase dv/dt output reactors

# Symbols and terms

	and terms	
Symbol	English	German
α	Insertion loss	Einfügungsdämpfung
$C_R$	Rated capacitance	Bemessungskapazität
$C_X$	Capacitance X capacitor	Kapazität X-Kondensator
$C_{Y}$	Capacitance Y capacitor	Kapazität Y-Kondensator
$\Delta V$	Voltage drop (input to output)	Spannungsabfall (Eingang zu Ausgang)
dv/dt	Rate of voltage rise	Spannungsanstiegsgeschwindigkeit
f	Frequency	Frequenz
$f_{M}$	Converter output frequency	Motorfrequenz
$f_P$	Pulse frequency	Pulsfrequenz
$f_R$	Rated frequency	Bemessungsfrequenz
$f_{res}$	Resonant frequency	Resonanzfrequenz
$I_{C}$	Current through capacitor	Strom durch Kondensator
$I_{LK}$	Filter leakage current	Filter-Ableitstrom
I <sub>max</sub>	Maximum current	Maximalstrom
$I_N$	Nominal current	Nennstrom
$I_{op}$	Operating current (design current)	Betriebsstrom
$I_{pk}$	Rated peak withstand current	Bemessungs-Stoßstromfestigkeit
$I_{q}$	Capacitive reactive current	Kapazitiver Blindstrom
$I_R$	Rated current	Bemessungsstrom
$I_S$	Interference current	Störstrom
L	Inductance	Induktivität
$L_R$	Rated inductance	Bemessungsinduktivität
$L_{stray}$	Stray inductance	Streuinduktivität
$P_L$	Power loss	Verlustleistung
R	Resistance	Widerstand
$R_{is}$	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
$R_{typ}$	DC resistance, typical value	Gleichstromwiderstand typisch
$T_A$	Ambient temperature	Umgebungstemperatur
$T_{max}$	Upper category temperature	Obere Kategorietemperatur
$T_{min}$	Lower category temperature	Untere Kategorietemperatur
$T_R$	Rated temperature	Bemessungstemperatur
$\mathbf{u}_{k}$	Referred voltage drop in %	Bezogener Spannungsabfall in %
$V_{\rm eff}$	RMS voltage	Effektivspannung
$V_{K}$	Voltage drop	Spannungsabfall
$V_{LE}$	Voltage line to earth; voltage line to ground	Spannung Phase zu Erdpotential
$V_N$	Nominal voltage	Nennspannung
$V_R$	Rated voltage	Bemessungsspannung
$V_{peak}$	Peak voltage	Spitzenspannung
$V_{test}$	Test voltage	Prüfspannung
$V_X$	Voltage over X capacitor	Spannung über X-Kondensator
$V_Y$	Voltage over Y capacitor	Spannung über Y-Kondensator
$X_L$	Inductive reactance	Induktiver Blindwiderstand
Z	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
IZI	Impedance, absolute value	Scheinwiderstand (Betragswert)



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