# High-Speed Differential Signal Connectors

EXT Series



# Features 1. High-Speed Differential Signals

The construction supports high-speed differential signals such as LVDS, IEEE 1394, and USB 2.0. Use of twisted pair cable or twinax cable permits transmission speeds up to several hundred Mbps and higher per twisted pair.

#### (A) Impedance Matching

The connector is designed to minimize reflections with a differential impedance of 100 ohms between adjacent contacts. (B) Low Skew Construction

An equivalent electrical length is maintained between adjacent contacts while the equivalent electrical length between opposing terminals is approximately zero. Consequently the skew within differential pairs as well as between differential pairs is approximately zero.

However, a low skew between differential pairs is permitted by going through another layer of the board.

#### (C) Low Crosstalk

The design features a staggered arrangement between opposing contacts for low crosstalk effects between opposing pairs even though these are low-profile connectors.

#### 2. Batch Wiring of Cables Using Solder Paste

Soldered wiring has been used as the wiring method for the plug side composite cable, thin cable, and drain wires; however, paste soldering permits the batch wiring of prepared cables. (Existing soldering methods can also be used to wire the connectors.)

#### 3. No Shrink Tubing Required

The wiring portion of the plug side is secured by the molding which prevents short circuits without the use of shrink tubing. Since shrink tubing is not used, this allows the twist back length of the twisted pair cable or the twinax cable to be shortened, thereby permitting the impedance of the wiring section to be kept in check.

#### 4. Power and Signal Contacts

The 65 position connector is designed with 59 signal contacts and 6 power contacts. Each power contact is rated for 2 Amps. The 71 position connector is supplied with signal contacts only.

#### 5. Low-Profile Design

With the trend toward lower profiles, the receptacle is made to drop into the board, which results in a height dimension, including the board, of 5.6mm.



(One End of Connector: 2 m of AWG #28 Twinax Cable)







# Product Specification

	Operation temperature range		–55℃ to +85℃		
Potingo	Voltage		125 V AC		
Ratings	Current		Signal contacts	0.5A	
			Power supply contacts	2A	
Item	Standard	Condition			
1. Contact resistance	Signal contacts: 40 m $\Omega$ max. Power supply contacts: 16 m $\Omega$ max.	100	mA		
2. Insulation resistance	500 MΩ max.	250	250 V DC		
3. Withstanding voltage	No flashover or insulation breakdown	350 V AC / one minute			
4. Durability (mating / unmating)	Contact resistance Signal contacts: $60 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ max}$ . Power supply contacts: $24 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ max}$ . No damage, cracks, or parts dislocation.	3,000 cycles			
5. Vibration	No electrical discontinuity of $1\mu$ s or more. Contact resistance		quency: 10 to 55 Hz (5 minutes per cy al amplitude: Test at 1.5 mm in 3 direc		
6. Shock	Signal contacts: 60 mΩ max. Power supply contacts: 24 mΩ max. No damage, cracks, or parts dislocation.		Acceleration of 490 m/s <sup>2</sup> , 11 ms duration, sine halfwave waveform, 3 cycles in each of the 3 axis.		
7. Temperature cycle	Contact resistance Signal contacts: 60 mΩ max. Power supply contacts: 24 mΩ max.	Temperature : $-55 \rightarrow +15$ to $+35 \rightarrow +85 \rightarrow +15$ to $+35$ Time : $30 \rightarrow 10$ to $15 \rightarrow 30 \rightarrow 10$ to $15$ (Mir5 cycles			
8. Steady-state humidity resistance	Insulation resistance: 500 MΩ max. No damage, cracks, or parts dislocation.		Temperature of $40^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$ and humidity of 90% to 95% for 96 hours		
9. Salt spray	No corrosion	5%	5% concentration of salt water for 48 hours		

# Materials

# Receptacle

Part	Material	Finish
Contacts	Copper alloy	Gold plating
Insulator	LCP	UL94V-0
Body	Steel	Nickel plating
Metal Fitting	Stainless steel	Tin plating

#### ●Plug

Part	Material	Finish	
Contacts	Copper alloy	Selective gold plating	
Insulator	LCP	UL94V-0	
Body	Steel	Nickel plating	
Strain relief	Polycarbonate	UL94V-0	

#### Cover

Part	Material	Finish	
Cover	Polycarbonate	UL94HB	
Shield	Stainless steel	—	
Lock	Stainless steel	—	
Push button	Polycarbonate	UL94HB	
Clamp	Brass	—	
Metal hold down	Steel	Black nickel plating	
screw	Steel	Black chromate	

# Ordering Information



#### Connector Mounting Reference Diagram

Using a standard type plug (EX40T-C71S)



# Using a reverse type plug (EX40T-C71SR)



## Receptacle

#### •71 contact (Signal contacts only)



# Board Mounting Diagram (for Reference)

Establishing the discardable portion of the board indicated by the shaded area of the diagram below, serves to prevent the board from falling forward at the time of reflow. Making a V-shaped cut in the discardable portion of the board allows access to the connector by bending and breaking off this portion after reflow.



### Receptacle

●65 contact (59 signal contacts, 6 power supply contacts)

EX60T-C65P(50)



# Board Mounting Diagram (for Reference)

Establishing the discardable portion of the board indicated by the shaded area of the diagram below, serves to prevent the board from falling forward at the time of reflow. Making a V-shaped cut in the discardable portion of the board allows access to the connector by bending and breaking off this portion after reflow.



### Plug (Standard type)

71 contact (Signal contacts only)	Part number	CL No.	RoHS
EX40T-C71S(50)	EX40T-C71S(50)	232-0583-1-50	YES
35 P= 1			



### ●65 contact (59 signal contacts, 6 power supply contacts)

EX40T-C65S(50)



CL No.

232-0589-8-50

RoHS

YES



### Plug (Reverse type)

•71 contact (Signal contacts only)	Part number	CL No.	RoHS
EX40T-C71SR(50)	EX40T-C71SR(50)	232-0587-2-50	YES
35			



# ●65 contact (59 signal contacts, 6 power supply contacts)

EX40T-C65SR(50)



10.8

5

8.8

# 

### Straight cover

EX40T-CCT(50)





Part number	CL No.	RoHS
EX40T-CCT(50)	232-0586-0-50	YES



# Angled cover

EX40T-CCV(50)

Part number	CL No.	RoHS
EX40T-CCV(50)	232-0591-0-50	YES







### Technical Notes 1

#### •Eye Pattern Waveforms

These eye pattern waveforms are from connectors harnessed with 2 m of twinax cable for high-speed differential signal applications.





#### Impedance Characteristics

These differential impedance characteristics have been measured with 45 ps rise time pulses. The impedance drops slightly in the vicinity of the connector coupling portion.



#### Crosstalk Characteristics

Crosstalk characteristics between opposing differential pairs.



## Technical Notes 2

#### Connection Pattern of Differential Signals

Differential signals should be arranged between adjacent contacts as illustrated in the diagram below for the purpose of impedance matching and equivalent electrical length. Furthermore, the establishment of a ground will be effective in reducing the crosstalk between adjacent differential pairs.

Note also that for faster high-speed differential signals, gathering them to the center portion will permit control of the electrical length at the time of harnessing.



#### Low Skew Between Opposing Differential Pairs

The electrical length between adjacent contacts is equal, but the electrical length between opposing contacts differs by approximately 1.2 mm.

As illustrated in the diagram to the right, the differential pair of contacts having a short electrical length on the upper side of the board can be given an electrical length equivalent to that between the opposing differential pair by adjusting the electrical length using such methods as through holes in the board.

The crosstalk on the board between differential pairs is also reduced.



#### •Power Supply Contacts Configuration Diagram

The 65-contact type is configured with 6 power supply contacts.

The power supply contacts are divided into 2 leads within the receptacle-side connector (EX60T-C65P) which results in differing numbers of coupling surface-side contacts and board-side lead portion contacts.



10 **HS** 

#### Anchoring to the Case

Mounting of the receptacle connectors makes use of screws to fasten the connectors to the case as illustrated in the diagram below. This contributes to a structure that is resistant to twisting.



#### ●A Design that Doesn't Use Heat-Shrink Tubing

The soldered wiring portion of the plug connector is secured to the molding which serves as a measure against the short-circuiting of adjacent contacts. This eliminates the need to attach heat-shrink tubing.

The plug connector has been furnished with a retaining plate made of resin material for the purpose of preventing short circuits with the metal portions of the cover case.



#### Batch Wiring of Plug Connectors

These connectors permit the batch soldered wiring of cables prepared with paste solder and partial reflow. (Regularly soldered wiring is used for power supply contacts.)

Please contact our Technical Department about harness details for the purpose of satisfying harness qualities and high-speed transmission characteristics.