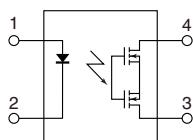
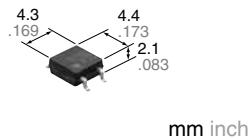


Small SOP4-pin type with short circuit protecting (Latch type)

**PhotoMOS®
GU SOP 1 Form A
Short Circuit Protection (AQY210KS)**



FEATURES

1. Short circuit protection (Latch type)

When the output current exceeds a fixed amount, it is cut and the off state is maintained. The device can be restored by turning off the input current and then turning it back on.

2. Miniature SOP4-pin package

3. Controls low-level analog signals

4. Low-level off state leakage current

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Modem and telephone equipment
- Measuring and testing equipment
- Security equipment
- Industrial equipment

RoHS compliant

TYPES

	Output rating*		Package	Part No.			Packing quantity		
	Load voltage	Load current		Tube packing style	Tape and reel packing style		Tube	Tape and reel	
					Picked from the 1/2-pin side)	Picked from the 3/4-pin side			
AC/DC dual use	350V	120mA	SOP4-pin	AQY210KS	AQY210KSX	AQY210KSZ	1 tube contains: 100 pcs. 1 batch contains: 2,000 pcs.	1,000 pcs.	

* Indicate the peak AC and DC values.

Note: For space reasons, only "210K" is marked on the product. The three initial letters of the part number "AQY", the surface mount terminal shape indicator "S" and the packing style indicator "X" or "Z" are not marked on the device.

RATING

1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

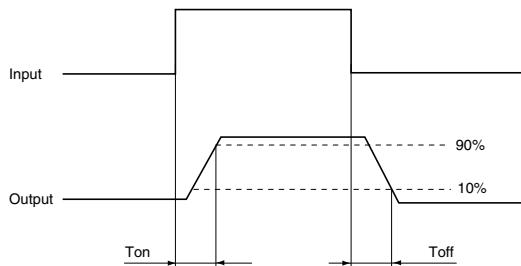
Item		Symbol	AQY210KS	Remarks
Input	LED forward current	I _F	50 mA	
	LED reverse voltage	V _R	5 V	
	Peak forward current	I _{FP}	1 A	f = 100 Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%
	Power dissipation	P _{in}	75 mW	
Output	Load voltage (peak AC)	V _L	350 V	
	Continuous load current	I _L	0.12 A	Peak AC, DC
	Power dissipation	P _{out}	400 mW	
Total power dissipation		P _T	450 mW	
I/O isolation voltage		V _{iso}	1,500 V AC	
Temperature limits	Operating	T _{opr}	-40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F	Non-condensing at low temperatures
	Storage	T _{stg}	-40°C to +100°C -40°F to +212°F	

GU SOP 1 Form A Short Circuit Protection (AQY210KS)

2. Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item			Symbol	AQY210KS	Condition
Input	LED operate current	Typical	I _{Fon}	1.1 mA	I _L = Max.
		Maximum		3.0 mA	
	LED turn off current	Minimum	I _{Foff}	0.3 mA	I _L = Max.
		Typical		1.0 mA	
	LED dropout voltage	Typical	V _F	1.13 V (1.32 V at I _f = 50 mA)	I _f = 5 mA
		Maximum		1.5 V	
Output	On resistance	Typical	R _{on}	23.5Ω	I _f = 5 mA I _L = 120 mA Within 1 s on time
		Maximum		35Ω	
	Off state leakage current		I _{Leak}	1μA	I _f = 0 mA V _L = 350 V
	Over current protection	Minimum	I _{shut}	160 mA	I _f = 5 mA Within 20ms on time
		Typical		200 mA	
		Maximum		240 mA	
	Detection time	Typical	T _{shut}	50μs	I _f = 5 mA V _L = 350 V DC short circuit
Transfer characteristics	Turn on time*		T _{on}	0.7 ms	I _f = 5 mA I _L = Max.
				2 ms	
	Turn off time*		T _{off}	0.07 ms	I _f = 5 mA I _L = Max.
				1 ms	
	I/O capacitance		C _{iso}	0.8 pF	f = 1 MHz V _B = 0 V
				1.5 pF	
Initial I/O isolation resistance			R _{iso}	1,000 MΩ	500 V DC

*Turn on/Turn off time



RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Please obey the following conditions to ensure proper device operation and resetting.

Item	Symbol	Recommended value	Unit
Input LED current	I _f	5 to 10	mA

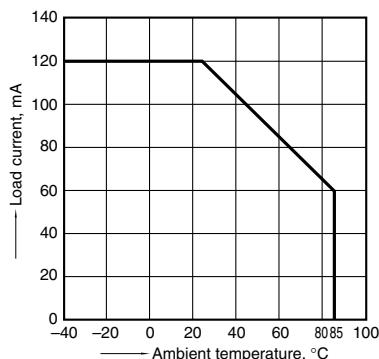
■ These products are not designed for automotive use.

If you are considering to use these products for automotive applications, please contact your local Panasonic Corporation technical representative.

REFERENCE DATA

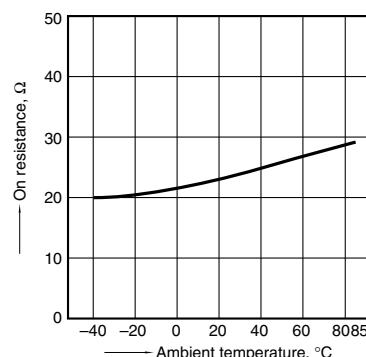
1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Allowable ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C
-40°F to +185°F



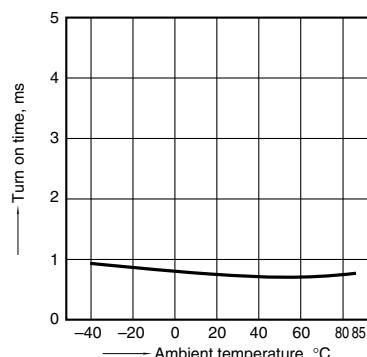
2. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4;
LED current: 5 mA; Load current: Max.(DC)



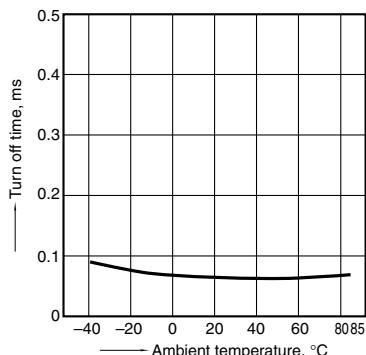
3. Turn on time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA;
Continuous load current: Max.(DC)

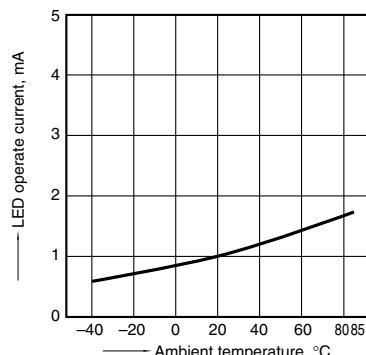


GU SOP 1 Form A Short Circuit Protection (AQY210KS)

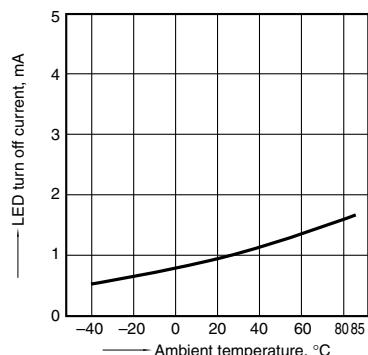
4. Turn off time vs. ambient temperature characteristics
LED current: 5 mA;
Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



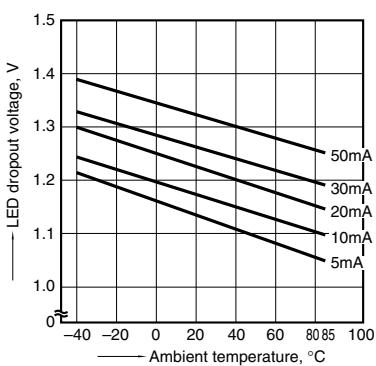
5. LED operate current vs. ambient temperature characteristics
Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



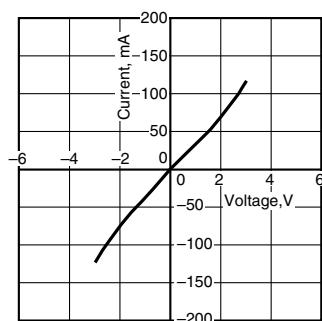
6. LED turn off current vs. ambient temperature characteristics
Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



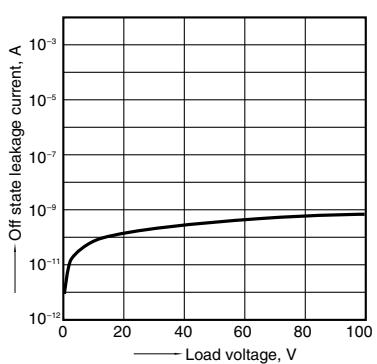
7. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics
LED current: 5 to 50 mA



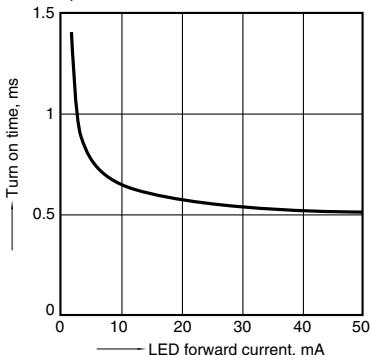
8. Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion
Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4;
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



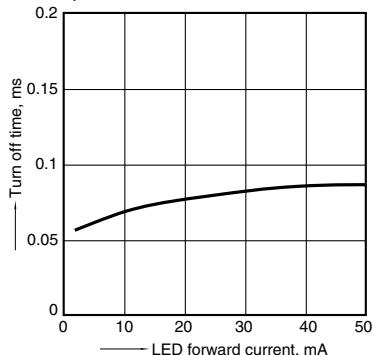
9. Off state leakage current vs. load voltage characteristics
Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4;
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



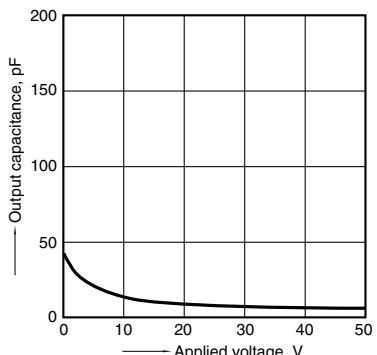
10. Turn on time vs. LED forward current characteristics
Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current:Max.(DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



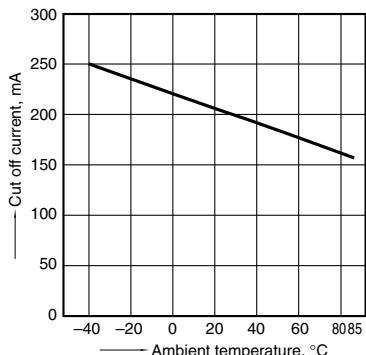
11. Turn off time vs. LED forward current characteristics
Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current:Max.(DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



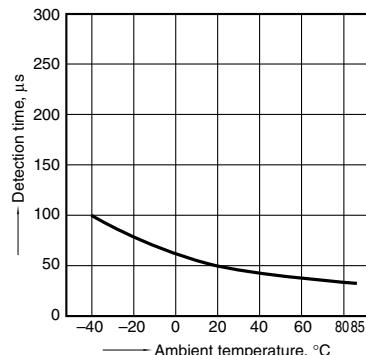
12. Output capacitance vs. applied voltage characteristics
Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4;
Frequency: 1 MHz; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



13. Cut off current vs. ambient temperature characteristics
Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4;
LED current: 5 mA, within 20ms on time



14. Detection time vs. ambient temperature characteristics
Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4;
LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max.(DC);



What is short circuit protection latch type?

When the load current reaches a certain fixed value, the short circuit protection function activates to completely cut off the load current and keep the PhotoMOS turned off.

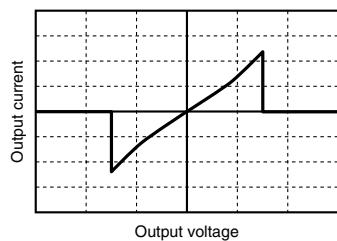
The short circuit protection inside the PhotoMOS instantaneously (typ. 50 μ s) and completely cuts off the load current.

This protects any circuits that follow the PhotoMOS from excess current.

There is almost no heating of the PhotoMOS, which prevents it from becoming damaged. To restore the function of the PhotoMOS turn off the input current and then turn it back on. In order to operate the short circuit protection function, ensure that the input current is at least $I_F = 5$ mA.

Output voltage and output current characteristics

V-I characteristics of PhotoMOS with short circuit protection circuit



Operation chart

