

# RF Power Field Effect Transistors

## N-Channel Enhancement-Mode Lateral MOSFETs

Designed for WiMAX base station applications with frequencies up to 3800 MHz. Suitable for WiMAX, WiBro, BWA, and OFDM multicarrier Class AB and Class C amplifier applications.

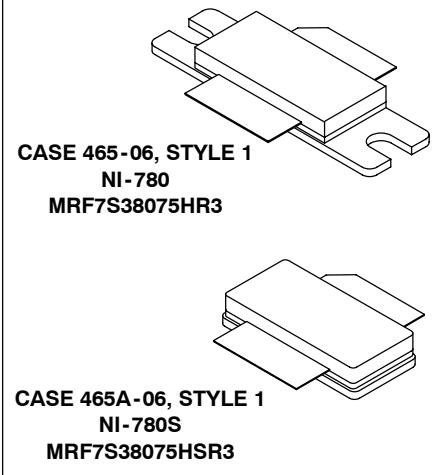
- Typical WiMAX Performance:  $V_{DD} = 30$  Volts,  $I_{DQ} = 900$  mA,  $P_{out} = 12$  Watts Avg.,  $f = 3400$  and  $3600$  MHz, 802.16d, 64 QAM  $\frac{3}{4}$ , 4 bursts, 7 MHz Channel Bandwidth, Input Signal PAR = 9.5 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF.
- Power Gain — 14 dB
- Drain Efficiency — 14%
- Device Output Signal PAR — 8.7 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF
- ACPR @ 5.25 MHz Offset — -49 dBc in 0.5 MHz Channel Bandwidth
- Capable of Handling 10:1 VSWR, @ 32 Vdc, 3500 MHz, 75 Watts CW Peak Tuned Output Power
- $P_{out}$  @ 1 dB Compression Point  $\geq 75$  Watts CW

### Features

- Characterized with Series Equivalent Large-Signal Impedance Parameters
- Internally Matched for Ease of Use
- Integrated ESD Protection
- Greater Negative Gate-Source Voltage Range for Improved Class C Operation
- RoHS Compliant
- In Tape and Reel. R3 Suffix = 250 Units per 56 mm, 13 inch Reel.

**MRF7S38075HR3**  
**MRF7S38075HSR3**

**3400-3600 MHz, 12 W AVG., 30 V  
WiMAX  
LATERAL N-CHANNEL  
RF POWER MOSFETs**



**Table 1. Maximum Ratings**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	-0.5, +65	Vdc
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	-6.0, +10	Vdc
Operating Voltage	$V_{DD}$	32, +0	Vdc
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +150	°C
Case Operating Temperature	$T_C$	150	°C
Operating Junction Temperature (1,2)	$T_J$	225	°C

**Table 2. Thermal Characteristics**

Characteristic	Symbol	Value (2,3)	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case Case Temperature 86°C, 74 W CW Case Temperature 69°C, 12 W CW	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.46 0.49	°C/W

- Continuous use at maximum temperature will affect MTTF.
- MTTF calculator available at <http://www.freescale.com/rf>. Select Tools/Software/Application Software/Calculators to access the MTTF calculators by product.
- Refer to AN1955, *Thermal Measurement Methodology of RF Power Amplifiers*. Go to <http://www.freescale.com/rf>. Select Documentation/Application Notes - AN1955.

**Table 3. ESD Protection Characteristics**

Test Methodology	Class
Human Body Model (per JESD22-A114)	1C (Minimum)
Machine Model (per EIA/JESD22-A115)	A (Minimum)
Charge Device Model (per JESD22-C101)	IV (Minimum)

**Table 4. Electrical Characteristics** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Off Characteristics</b>					
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Leakage Current ( $V_{DS} = 65 \text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$I_{DSS}$	—	—	10	$\mu\text{Adc}$
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Leakage Current ( $V_{DS} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$I_{DSS}$	—	—	1	$\mu\text{Adc}$
Gate-Source Leakage Current ( $V_{GS} = 5 \text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{DS} = 0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$I_{GSS}$	—	—	1	$\mu\text{Adc}$
<b>On Characteristics</b>					
Gate Threshold Voltage ( $V_{DS} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_D = 248 \mu\text{Adc}$ )	$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	1.2	2	2.7	$\text{Vdc}$
Gate Quiescent Voltage ( $V_{DD} = 30 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_D = 900 \text{ mA}$ , Measured in Functional Test)	$V_{GS(Q)}$	2	2.7	3.5	$\text{Vdc}$
Drain-Source On-Voltage ( $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_D = 2.3 \text{ Adc}$ )	$V_{DS(\text{on})}$	0.1	0.21	0.3	$\text{Vdc}$
<b>Dynamic Characteristics</b> <sup>(1)</sup>					
Reverse Transfer Capacitance ( $V_{DS} = 28 \text{ Vdc} \pm 30 \text{ mV(rms)} \text{ ac @ 1 MHz}$ , $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$C_{rss}$	—	0.77	—	$\text{pF}$
Output Capacitance ( $V_{DS} = 28 \text{ Vdc} \pm 30 \text{ mV(rms)} \text{ ac @ 1 MHz}$ , $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$C_{oss}$	—	464	—	$\text{pF}$
Input Capacitance ( $V_{DS} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc} \pm 30 \text{ mV(rms)} \text{ ac @ 1 MHz}$ )	$C_{iss}$	—	214	—	$\text{pF}$
<b>Functional Tests</b> (In Freescale Test Fixture, 50 ohm system) $V_{DD} = 30 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_{DQ} = 900 \text{ mA}$ , $P_{out} = 12 \text{ W Avg.}$ , $f = 3400 \text{ MHz}$ and $f = 3600 \text{ MHz}$ , WiMAX Signal, 802.16d, 7 MHz Channel Bandwidth, 64 QAM $3/4$ , 4 Bursts, PAR = 9.5 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF. ACPR measured in 0.5 MHz Channel Bandwidth @ $\pm 5.25 \text{ MHz}$ Offset.					
Power Gain	$G_{ps}$	12	14	17	$\text{dB}$
Drain Efficiency	$\eta_D$	12	14	24	%
Output Peak-to-Average Ratio @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF	PAR	7.5	8.7	—	$\text{dB}$
Adjacent Channel Power Ratio	ACPR	—	-49	-46	$\text{dBc}$
Input Return Loss	IRL	—	-12	-5	$\text{dB}$

1. Part internally matched both on input and output.

(continued)

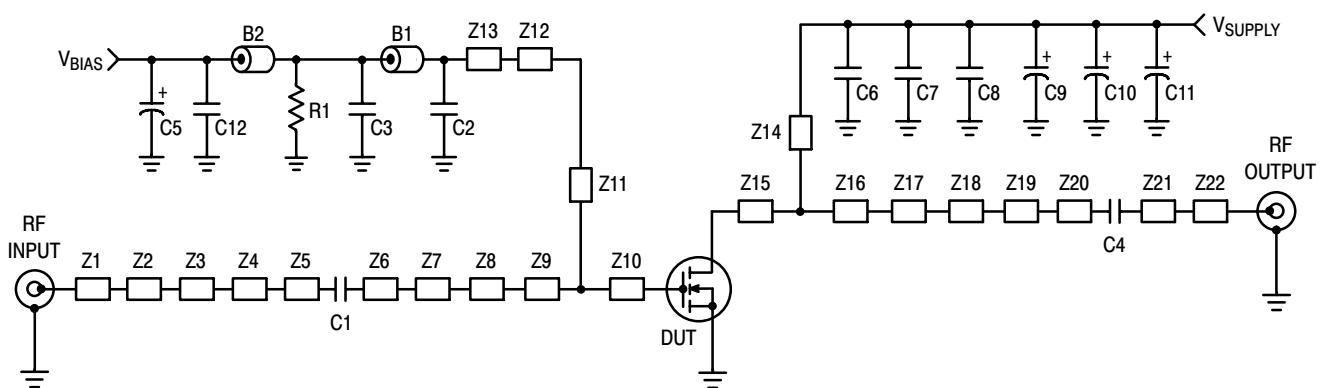
**Table 4. Electrical Characteristics** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted) **(continued)**

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Typical Performances OFDM Signal</b> (In Freescale Test Fixture, 50 ohm system) $V_{DD} = 30 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_{DQ} = 900 \text{ mA}$ , $P_{out} = 12 \text{ W Avg.}$ , $f = 3400 \text{ MHz}$ and $f = 3600 \text{ MHz}$ , WiMAX Signal, OFDM Single-Carrier, 7 MHz Channel Bandwidth, 64 QAM $\frac{3}{4}$ , 4 Bursts, PAR = 9.5 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF.					
Mask System Type G @ $P_{out} = 32 \text{ W Avg.}$	Mask	—	-27	—	dBc
Point B at 3.5 MHz Offset		—	-38	—	
Point C at 5 MHz Offset		—	-42	—	
Point D at 7.4 MHz Offset		—	-60	—	
Point E at 14 MHz Offset		—	-60	—	
Point F at 17.5 MHz Offset		—	—	—	
Relative Constellation Error @ $P_{out} = 12 \text{ W Avg.}$ (1)	RCE	—	-34	—	dB
Error Vector Magnitude (1) (Typical EVM Performance @ $P_{out} = 12 \text{ W Avg.}$ with OFDM 802.16d Signal Call)	EVM	—	2.1	—	% rms

**Typical Performances** (In Freescale Test Fixture, 50 ohm system)  $V_{DD} = 30 \text{ Vdc}$ ,  $I_{DQ} = 900 \text{ mA}$ , 3400-3600 MHz Bandwidth

Video Bandwidth @ 84 W PEP $P_{out}$ where IMD3 = -30 dBc (Tone Spacing from 100 kHz to VBW) $\Delta\text{IMD3} = \text{IMD3} @ \text{VBW frequency} - \text{IMD3} @ 100 \text{ kHz} < 1 \text{ dBc}$ (both sidebands)	VBW	—	20	—	MHz
Gain Flatness in 200 MHz Bandwidth @ $P_{out} = 12 \text{ W Avg.}$	$G_F$	—	0.36	—	dB
Average Deviation from Linear Phase in 200 MHz Bandwidth @ $P_{out} = 75 \text{ W CW}$	$\Phi$	—	3.21	—	°
Average Group Delay @ $P_{out} = 75 \text{ W CW}$ , $f = 3500 \text{ MHz}$	Delay	—	2.38	—	ns
Part-to-Part Insertion Phase Variation @ $P_{out} = 75 \text{ W CW}$ , $f = 3500 \text{ MHz}$ , Six Sigma Window	$\Delta\Phi$	—	63.4	—	°
Gain Variation over Temperature (-30°C to +85°C)	$\Delta G$	—	0.025	—	dB/°C
Output Power Variation over Temperature (-30°C to +85°C)	$\Delta P_{1\text{dB}}$	—	0.026	—	dBm/°C

1.  $RCE = 20\log(EVM/100)$



Z1	0.427" x 0.084" Microstrip	Z13	0.358" x 0.150" Microstrip
Z2	0.066" x 0.192" x 0.084" Taper	Z14	0.541" x 0.070" Microstrip
Z3	0.045" x 0.192" Microstrip	Z15	0.911" x 0.560" Microstrip
Z4	0.044" x 0.310" Microstrip	Z16	0.379" x 0.560" Microstrip
Z5	0.150" x 0.430" Microstrip	Z17	0.300" x 0.084" Microstrip
Z6	0.107" x 0.240" Microstrip	Z18	0.200" x 0.240" Microstrip
Z7	0.155" x 0.400" Microstrip	Z19	0.047" x 0.240" x 0.140" Taper
Z8	0.943" x 0.084" Microstrip	Z20	0.463" x 0.084" Microstrip
Z9	0.158" x 0.600" Microstrip	Z21	0.089" x 0.142" Microstrip
Z10	0.110" x 0.600" Microstrip	Z22	0.657" x 0.084" Microstrip
Z11	0.802" x 0.150" Microstrip	PCB	Arlon CuClad 250GX-0300-55-22, 0.030", $\epsilon_r = 2.55$
Z12	0.150" x 0.155" Microstrip		

Figure 1. MRF7S38075HR3(HSR3) Test Circuit Schematic

Table 5. MRF7S38075HR3(HSR3) Test Circuit Component Designations and Values

Part	Description	Part Number	Manufacturer
B1, B2	Small Ferrite Beads	2743019447	Fair Rite
C1, C2, C4, C6	2.7 pF Chip Capacitors	ATC100B2R7BT500XT	ATC
C3, C7	100 pF Chip Capacitors	ATC100B101FT500XT	ATC
C5	22 µF, 35 V Electrolytic Capacitor	EMVY350ADA221MHA0G	Nippon Chemi-Con
C9	100 µF, 50 V Electrolytic Capacitor	MCHT101M1HB-1017-RF	Multicomp
C10, C11	470 µF, 63 V Electrolytic Capacitors	EKME630ELL471MK25S	Multicomp
C12, C8	0.01 µF, 50 V Chip Capacitors	C1825C103J5RAC	Kemet
R1	180 kΩ, 1/4 W Chip Resistor	CRCW12061803FKEA	Vishay

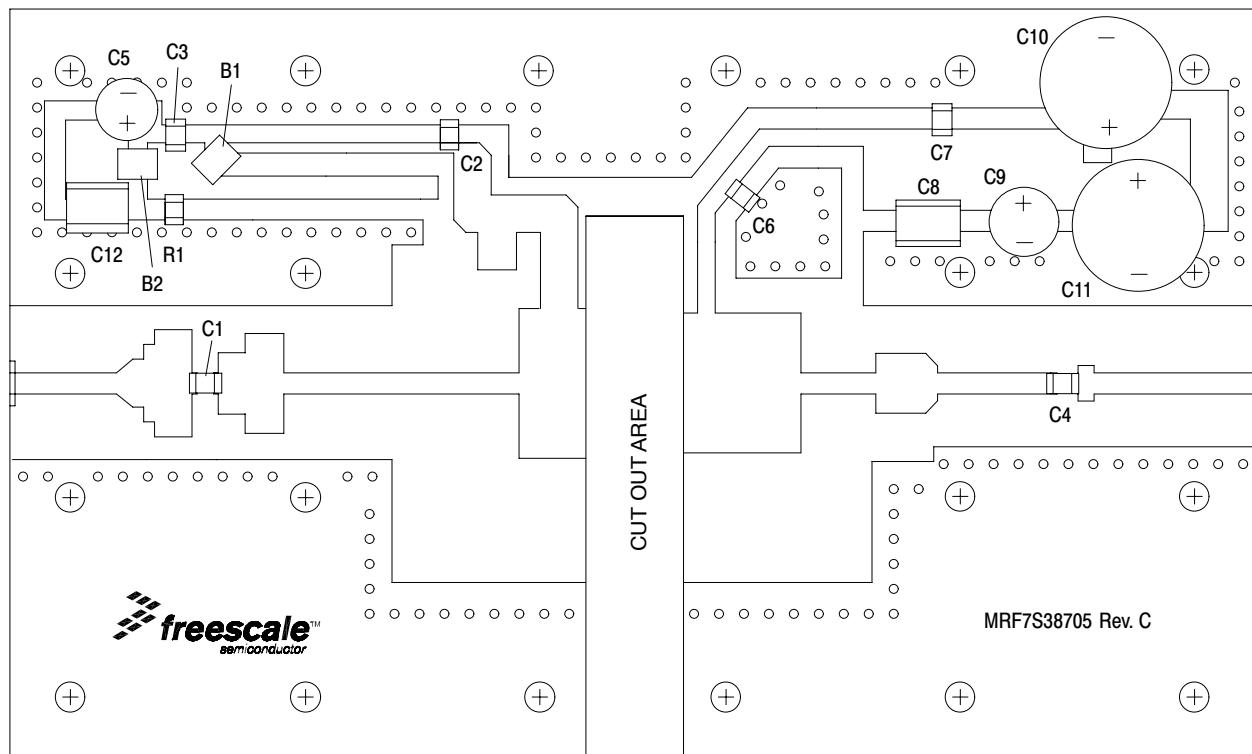
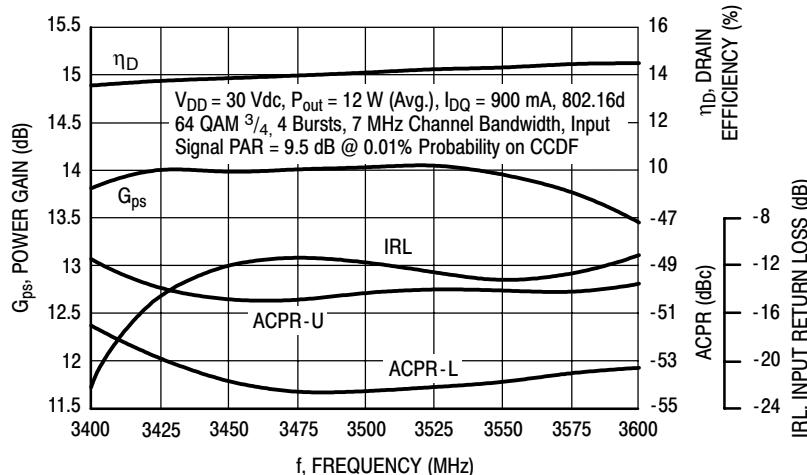
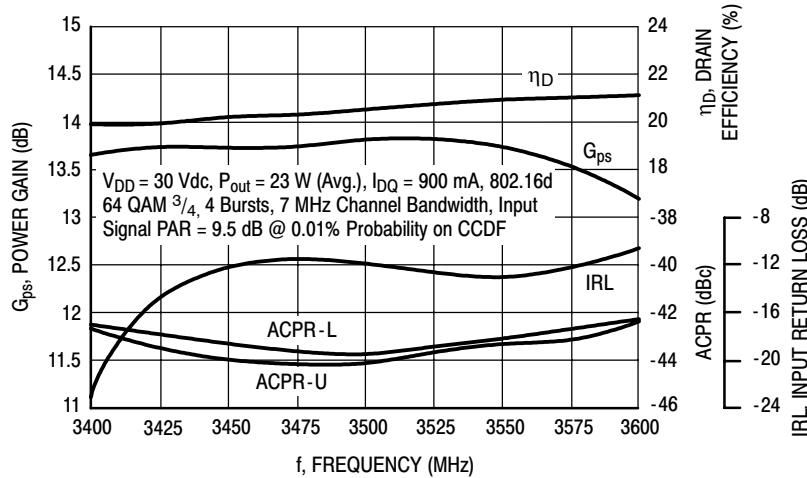


Figure 2. MRF7S38075HR3(HSR3) Test Circuit Component Layout

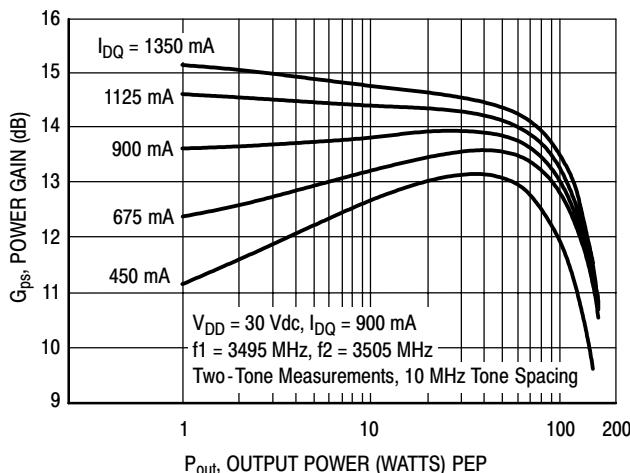
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



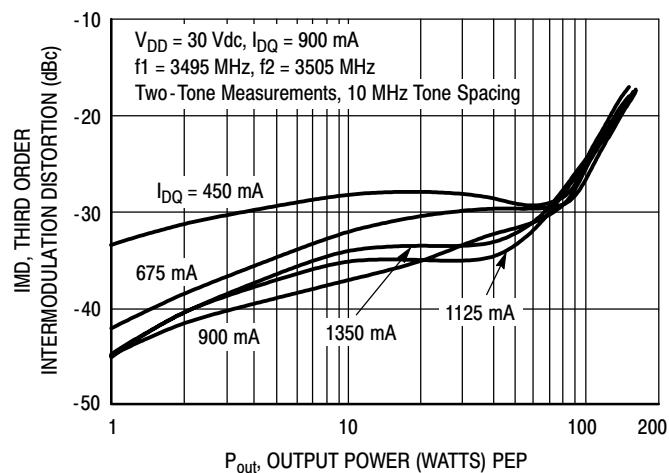
**Figure 3. WiMAX Broadband Performance @  $P_{\text{out}} = 12 \text{ Watts Avg.}$**



**Figure 4. WiMAX Broadband Performance @  $P_{\text{out}} = 23 \text{ Watts Avg.}$**

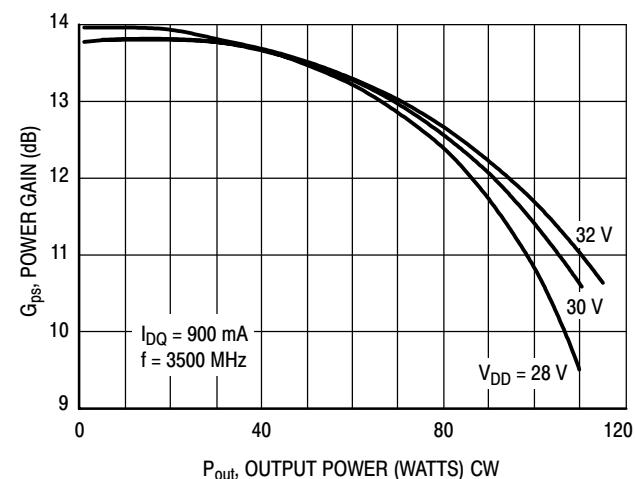
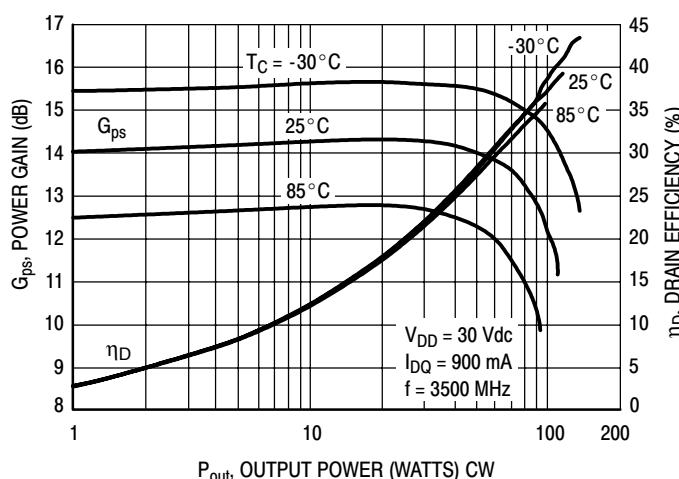
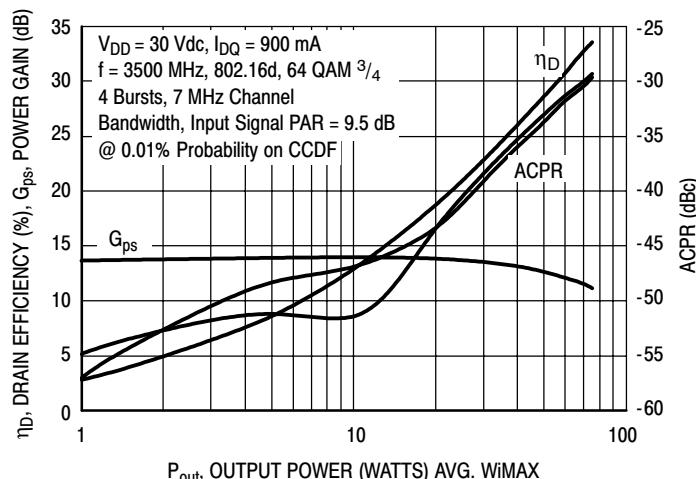
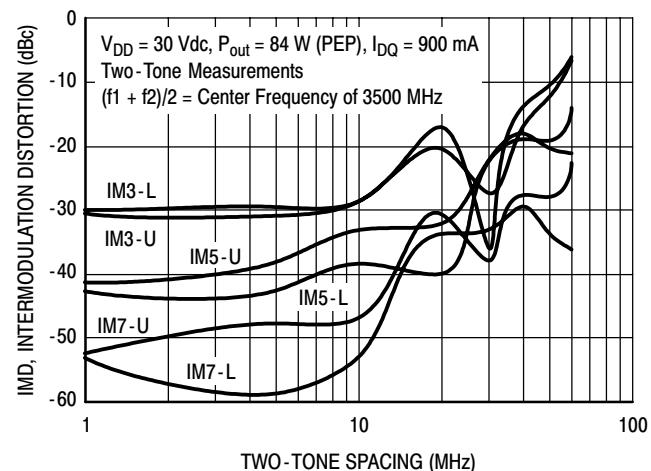
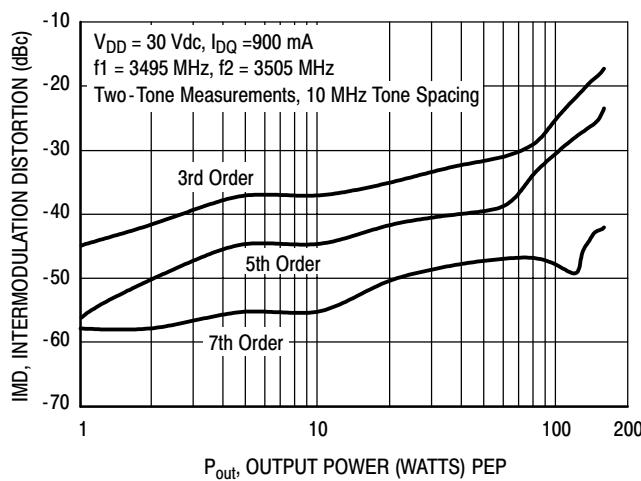


**Figure 5. Two-Tone Power Gain versus Output Power**

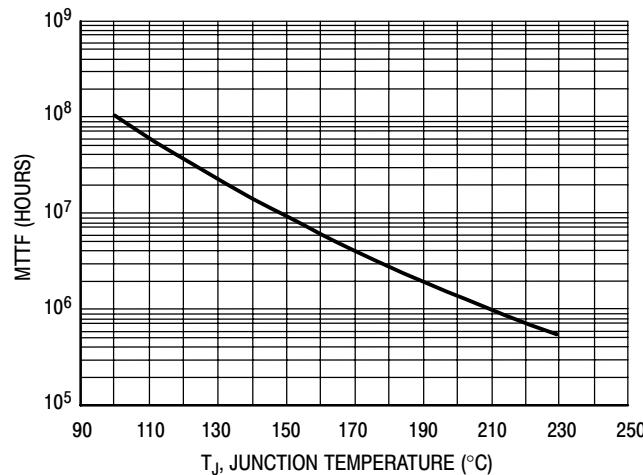


**Figure 6. Third Order Intermodulation Distortion versus Output Power**

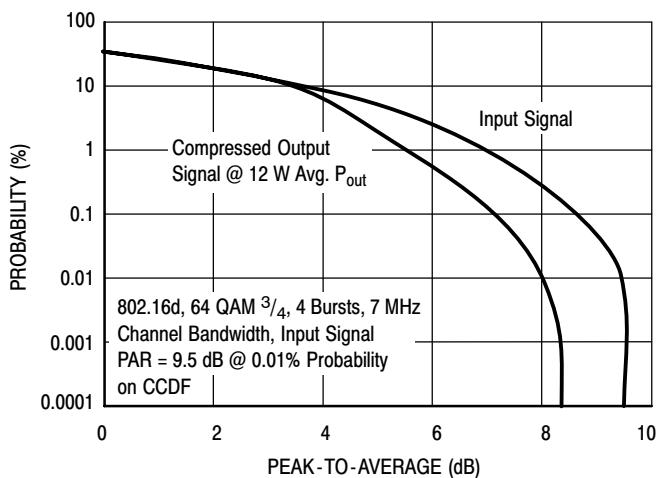
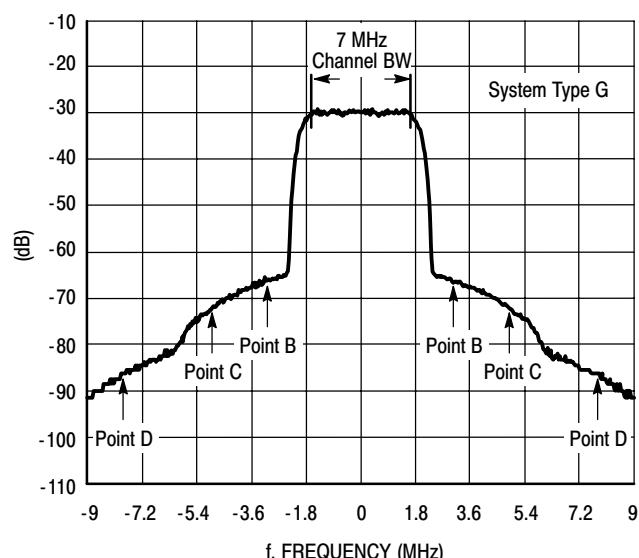
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

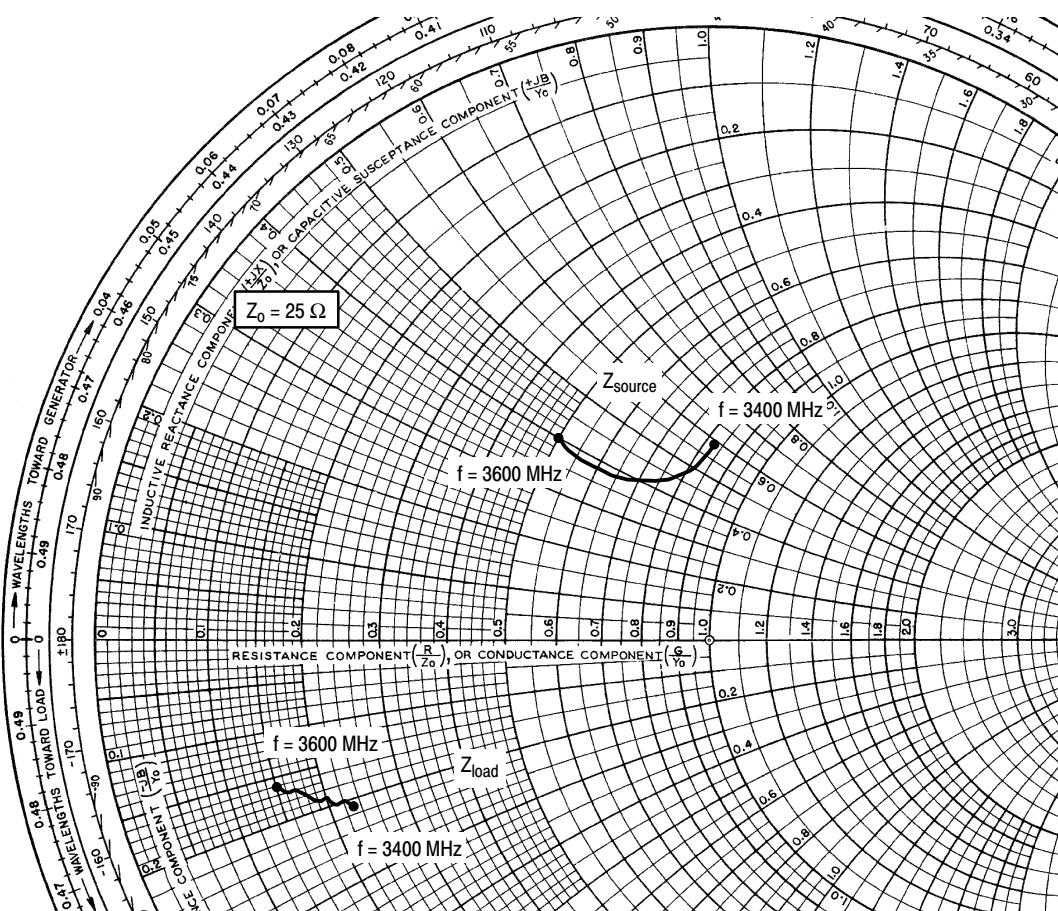


## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**Figure 12. MTTF versus Junction Temperature**

## WiMAX TEST SIGNAL

**Figure 13. OFDM 802.16d Test Signal****Figure 14. WiMAX Spectrum Mask Specifications**



$V_{DD} = 30 \text{ Vdc}$ ,  $I_{DQ} = 900 \text{ mA}$ ,  $P_{\text{out}} = 12 \text{ W Avg.}$

$f$ MHz	$Z_{\text{source}}$ $\Omega$	$Z_{\text{load}}$ $\Omega$
3400	$20.70 + j14.63$	$5.63 - j5.17$
3425	$20.22 + j12.38$	$5.44 - j5.10$
3450	$19.02 + j10.82$	$5.23 - j4.97$
3475	$17.58 + j9.95$	$4.98 - j4.83$
3500	$16.28 + j9.46$	$4.73 - j4.66$
3525	$14.97 + j9.47$	$4.50 - j4.50$
3550	$13.94 + j9.49$	$4.22 - j4.33$
3575	$13.11 + j9.66$	$3.97 - j4.13$
3600	$12.45 + j9.98$	$3.73 - j3.89$

$Z_{\text{source}}$  = Test circuit impedance as measured from gate to ground.

$Z_{\text{load}}$  = Test circuit impedance as measured from drain to ground.

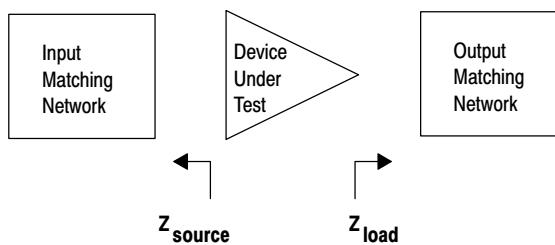
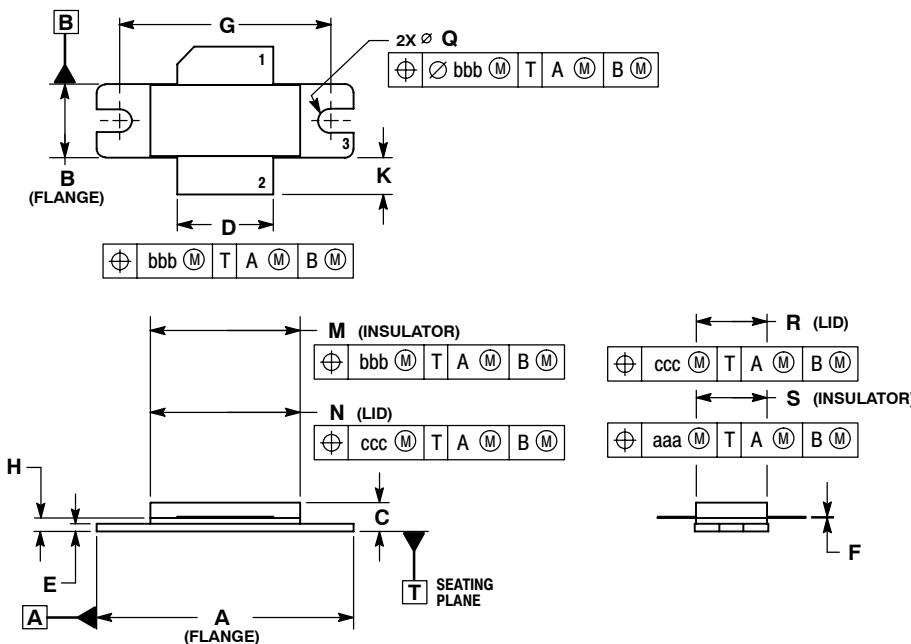


Figure 15. Series Equivalent Source and Load Impedance

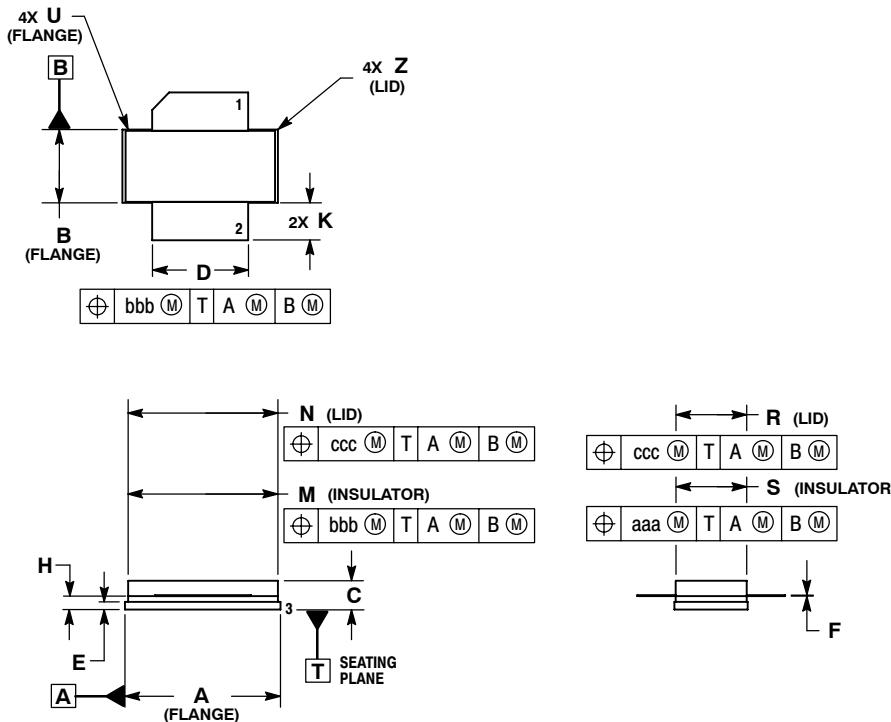
## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.335	1.345	33.91	34.16
B	0.380	0.390	9.65	9.91
C	0.125	0.170	3.18	4.32
D	0.495	0.505	12.57	12.83
E	0.035	0.045	0.89	1.14
F	0.003	0.006	0.08	0.15
G	1.100	BSC	27.94	BSC
H	0.057	0.067	1.45	1.70
K	0.170	0.210	4.32	5.33
M	0.774	0.786	19.66	19.96
N	0.772	0.788	19.60	20.00
Q	Ø 0.118	Ø 0.138	Ø 3.00	Ø 3.51
R	0.365	0.375	9.27	9.53
S	0.365	0.375	9.27	9.52
aaa	0.005	REF	0.127	REF
bbb	0.010	REF	0.254	REF
ccc	0.015	REF	0.381	REF

STYLE 1:  
PIN 1. DRAIN  
2. GATE  
3. SOURCE

**CASE 465-06**  
**ISSUE G**  
**NI-780**  
**MRF7S38075H**



DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.805	0.815	20.45	20.70
B	0.380	0.390	9.65	9.91
C	0.125	0.170	3.18	4.32
D	0.495	0.505	12.57	12.83
E	0.035	0.045	0.89	1.14
F	0.003	0.006	0.08	0.15
H	0.057	0.067	1.45	1.70
K	0.170	0.210	4.32	5.33
M	0.774	0.786	19.61	20.02
N	0.772	0.788	19.61	20.02
R	0.365	0.375	9.27	9.53
S	0.365	0.375	9.27	9.52
U	---	0.040	---	1.02
Z	---	0.030	---	0.76
aaa	0.005	REF	0.127	REF
bbb	0.010	REF	0.254	REF
ccc	0.015	REF	0.381	REF

STYLE 1:  
PIN 1. DRAIN  
2. GATE  
3. SOURCE

**CASE 465A-06**  
**ISSUE H**  
**NI-780S**  
**MRF7S38075HS**

**MRF7S38075HR3 MRF7S38075HSR3**

RF Device Data  
Freescale Semiconductor

## PRODUCT DOCUMENTATION

Refer to the following documents to aid your design process.

### Application Notes

- AN1955: Thermal Measurement Methodology of RF Power Amplifiers

### Engineering Bulletins

- EB212: Using Data Sheet Impedances for RF LDMOS Devices

## REVISION HISTORY

The following table summarizes revisions to this document.

Revision	Date	Description
0	Aug. 2007	• Initial Release of Data Sheet

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ARCO Tower 15F  
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Tokyo 153-0064  
Japan  
0120 191014 or +81 3 5437 9125  
[support.japan@freescale.com](mailto:support.japan@freescale.com)

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Freescale Semiconductor Hong Kong Ltd.  
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