

BIPOLAR ANALOG + DIGITAL INTEGRATED CIRCUIT $\mu PB1007K$

REFERENCE FREQUENCY 16.368 MHz, 2nd IF FREQUENCY 4.092 MHz RF/IF FREQUENCY DOWN-CONVERTER + PLL FREQUENCY SYNTHESIZER IC FOR GPS RECEIVER

DESCRIPTION

The μ PB1007K is a silicon monolithic integrated circuit for GPS receiver. This IC is designed as double conversion RF block integrated Pre-Amplifier + RF/IF down-converter + PLL frequency synthesizer on 1 chip.

This IC is lower current than the μ PB1005K and packaged in a 36-pin QFN package.

This IC is manufactured using our 30 GHz fmax UHS0 (Ultra High Speed Process) silicon bipolar process.

FEATURES

Double conversion	: $f_{REFin} = 16.368 \text{ MHz}, f_{1stlFin} = 61.380 \text{ MHz}, f_{2ndlFin} = 4.092 \text{ MHz}$
 Integrated RF block 	: Pre-Amplifier + RF/IF frequency down-converter + PLL frequency synthesizer
Needless to input counter data	: fixed division internal prescaler
VCO side division	: ÷200 (÷25, ÷8 serial prescaler)
Reference division	: ÷2
Supply voltage	: Vcc = 2.7 to 3.3 V
Low current consumption	: Icc = 25.0 mA TYP. @ Vcc = 3.0 V
Gain adjustable externally	: Gain control voltage pin (control voltage up vs. gain down)
On-chip pre-amplifier	: G _P = 15.5 dB TYP. @ f = 1.57542 GHz
	NF = 3.2 dB TYP. @ f = 1.57542 GHz
Power-save function	: Power-save dark current Icc(PD) = 5 μ A MAX.
High-density surface mountable	: 36-pin plastic QFN

APPLICATIONS

• Consumer use GPS receiver of reference frequency 16.368 MHz, 2nd IF frequency 4.092 MHz (for general use)

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Package	Supplying Form
<i>µ</i> РВ1007К-Е1-А	36-pin plastic QFN	 12 mm wide embossed taping Pin 1 indicates pull-out direction of tape Qty 2.5 kpcs/reel

Remark To order evaluation samples, contact your nearby sales office. Part number for sample order: μPB1007K-A

Caution Electro-static sensitive devices

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Туре	Part Number	Functions (Frequency unit: MHz)	Vcc (V)	Icc (mA)	CG (dB)	Package	Status
Clock Frequency Specific 1 chip IC	μΡΒ1007Κ	Pre-amplifier + RF/IF down-converter + PLL synthesizer REF = 16.368 1stIF = 61.380/2ndIF = 4.092	2.7 to 3.3	25.0	100 to 120	36-pin plastic QFN	New Device
	μΡΒ1005GS μΡΒ1005Κ	RF/IF down-converter + PLL synthesizer REF = 16.368 1stIF = 61.380/2ndIF = 4.092	2.7 to 3.3	45.0	76 to 96	30-pin plastic SSOP 36-pin plastic QFN	Available

PRODUCT LINE-UP (TA = +25°C, Vcc = 3.0 V)

Remark Typical performance. Please refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS in detail. To know the associated products, please refer to their latest data sheets.

SYSTEM APPLICATION EXAMPLE

GPS receiver RF block diagram



Caution This diagram schematically shows only the μ PB1007K's internal functions on the system. This diagram does not present the actual application circuits.

PIN CONNECTION AND INTERNAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN EXPLANATION

Pin No.	Pin Name	Applied Voltage (V)	Pin Voltage (V)	Function and Application	Internal Equivalent Circuit
1	Pre-AMP _{out}	_	voltage as same as Vcc	Output pin of Pre-amplifier. Output biasing and matching required as it is a open collector output.	2
2	Vcc(Vreg)	2.7 to 3.3	_	Supply voltage pin of voltage regulator. This pin should be externally equipped with bypass capacitor to minimize ground impedance.	Regulator -
3	GND(Vreg)	0	_	Ground pin of voltage regulator.	
35	Pre-AMP _{in}	_	0.79	Input pin of Pre-amplifier. LC matching circuit must be connected to this pin.	3
36	GND(Pre-AMP)	0	-	Ground pin of Pre-amplifier.	
4	RF-MIX _{in}	-	1.00	Input pin of RF mixer. 1 575.42 MHz band pass filter can be inserted between pin 1 and 4.	34 1stLO-
5	GND(RF-MIX)	0	-	Ground pin of RF mixer.	
33	RF-MIX _{out}	-	1.30	Output pin of RF mixer. 1st IF filter must be inserted between pin 31 and 33.	
34	Vcc(RF-MIX)	2.7 to 3.3	_	Supply voltage pin of RF mixer. This pin should be externally equipped with bypass capacitor to minimize ground impedance.	
6	1stLO-OSC1	_	1.80	Pin 6 and 7 are each base pin of differential amplifier for 1st LO oscillator. These pins should be	8 RF-MIX or Prescaler
7	1stLO-OSC2	_	1.80	equipped with LC and varactor to oscillate on 1 636.80 MHz as VCO.	
8	Vcc(1stLO-OSC)	2.7 to 3.3	_	Supply voltage pin of differential amplifier for 1st LO oscillator circuit.	

Pin No.	Pin Name	Applied Voltage (V)	Pin Voltage (V)	Function and Application	Internal Equivalent Circuit
9	Vcc(PLL Block)	2.7 to 3.3	-	Supply voltage pin of PLL block. This pin should be externally equipped with bypass capacitor to minimize ground impedance.	(12) (9)
10	CPout	_	Output in accordance with phase difference.	Output pin of charge-pump. This pin should be equipped with external RC in order to adjust dumping factor and cut-off frequency. This tuning voltage output must be connected to varactor diode of 1stLO-OSC.	
11	GND(PLL Block)	0	-	Ground pin of PLL block.	
12	Vcc(PLL Block)	2.7 to 3.3	-	Supply voltage pin of PLL block. This pin should be externally equipped with bypass capacitor to minimize ground impedance.	
13	LO _{out}	-	1.85	Monitor pin of 1/200 prescaler output.	IF-MIX PD PD
14	REF _{out} 2	-	1.68	Monitor pin of 1/2 prescaler output.	
15	Power Down1	0 or Vcc	_	Stand-by mode control pin of Pre- amplifier block, 1stLO-OSC block, charge pump prescaler block, LO output amplifier, RF mixer, IF mixer, 2ndIF amplifier.	

Pin No.	Pin Name	Applied Voltage (V)	Pin Voltage (V)	Function and Application	Internal Equivalent Circuit
16	Power Down2	0 or Vcc	_	Stand-by mode control pin of reference block. Low OFF High ON	
17	REFout1	_	_	Output pin of reference frequency. The frequency from pin 19 can be taken out as 3 VP-P swing.	
18	REF _{in} 2	_	2.45	Input pin of reference frequency. This pin should be grounded through capacitor.	19 18 18 18 1/2 Prescaler
19	REFin1	_	2.45	Input pin of reference frequency. This pin can use as an input pin of reference frequency buffer. This pin should be equipped with external 16.368 MHz oscillator (example: TCXO).	Prescaler Prescaler 21
20	Vcc(REF Block)	2.7 to 3.3	_	Supply voltage pin of reference block. This pin should be externally equipped with bypass capacitor to minimize ground impedance.	
21	GND(REF Block)	0	_	Ground pin of reference block.	
22	2ndIF _{out}	_	1.80	Output pin of 2nd IF amplifier. This pin output 4.092 MHz. This pin should be equipped with external buffer amplifier to adjust level to next stage on user's system.	
23	Vcc(2nd IF-AMP)	2.7 to 3.3	-	Supply voltage pin of 2nd IF amplifier. This pin should be externally equipped with bypass capacitor to minimize ground impedance.	
24	2ndIFbypass	_	2.10	Bypass pin of 2nd IF amplifier. This pin should be grounded through capacitor.	
25	2ndlFin2	-	2.10	Pin of 2nd IF amplifier input 2. This pin should be grounded through capacitor.	
26	2ndlFin1	-	2.10	Pin of 2nd IF amplifier input 1. 2nd IF filter can be inserted between 26 and 28.	
27	GND(2nd IF-AMP)	0	-	Ground pin of 2nd IF amplifier.	

Pin No.	Pin Name	Applied Voltage (V)	Pin Voltage (V)	Function and Application	Internal Equivalent Circuit
28	IF-MIX _{out}	_	1.0	Output pin of IF mixer. IF mixer output signal goes through gain control amplifier before this emitter follower output port.	30
29	Vcc(IF-MIX)	2.7 to 3.3	_	Supply voltage pin of IF mixer. This pin should be externally equipped with bypass capacitor to minimize ground impedance.	
30	V _{GC} (IF-MIX)	0 to 3.3	_	Gain control voltage pin of IF mixer output amplifier. This voltage performs forward control (V _{GC} up \rightarrow Gain down).	2ndLO 32
31	IF-MIXin	_	1.97	Input pin of IF mixer.	
32	GND(IF-MIX)	0	_	Ground pin of IF mixer.	

Caution Ground pattern on the board must be formed as wide as possible to minimize ground impedance.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	T _A = +25°C	3.6	V
Total Circuit Current		T _A = +25°C	100	mA
Power Dissipation	PD	T _A = +85°C Note	360	mW
Operating Ambient Temperature	TA		-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg		–55 to +150	°C

Note Mounted on double-sided copper-clad 50 \times 50 \times 1.6 mm epoxy glass PWB

RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	2.7	3.0	3.3	V
Operating Ambient Temperature	TA	-40	+25	+85	°C
RF Input Frequency	f RFin	_	1 575.42	-	MHz
1st LO Oscillating Frequency	f 1stLOin	_	1 636.80	-	MHz
1st IF Input Frequency	f 1stlFin	-	61.380	-	MHz
2nd LO Input Frequency	f2ndLOin	_	65.472	-	MHz
2nd IF Input Frequency	f2ndlFin	_	4.092	-	MHz
Reference Input/Output Frequency	freFin freFout	_	16.368	_	MHz
LO Output Frequency	fLOout	_	8.184	_	MHz

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = +25°C, Vcc = 3.0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Total Circuit Current		All block operating @ PLL lock	19.0	25.0	35.0	mA
Power-save Dark Current	lcc(PD)	Pin 15 = Pin 16 = 0 V	-	I	5	μA
Reference Block Circuit Current	IccREF	Pin 15 = 0 V, Pin 16 = 3 V	-	3	4	mA
Pre-amplifier Block (fRFin = 1 575.42	2 MHz, Zs =	Ζι = 50 Ω)				
Circuit Current 1	lcc1	No Signals	1.65	2.50	3.50	mA
Power Gain	GP	Input/Output matching, PRFin = -40 dBm	12.5	15.5	18.5	dB
Noise Figure	NF	Input/Output matching	-	3.2	4.0	dB
RF Down-converter Block (fRFin = 1	575.42 MH	z, f _{1stLOin} = 1 636.80 MHz, $P_{LOin} = -10 \text{ dBm}$, 2	Zs = ZL = 5	0 Ω)		
Circuit Current 2	lcc2	No Signals	5.2	7.0	9.9	mA
RF Conversion Gain	CGRF	P _{RFin} = -40 dBm	15.5	18.5	21.5	dB
RF-SSB Noise Figure	NFRF		-	10.5	13.5	dB
RF Saturated Output Power	Po(sat)RF	P _{RFin} = -10 dBm	-4	-1	-	dBm
IF Down-converter Block (f1stlFin = 6	1.38 MHz, 1	$f_{2ndLOin} = 65.472 \text{ MHz}, \text{ Zs} = 50 \Omega, \text{ ZL} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$				
Circuit Current 3	lcc3	No Signals	2.7	3.5	5.0	mA
IF Conversion Voltage Gain	$CG_{(GV)IF}$	at Maximum Gain, P₁stlFin = −50 dBm	40	43	46	dB
IF-SSB Noise Figure	NFIF	at Maximum Gain	-	11.5	14.5	dB
2nd IF Saturated Output Power	PO(sat)2ndIF	at Maximum Gain, P₁stlFin = −20 dBm	-9.0	-6.0	-	dBm
Gain Control Voltage	Vgc	Voltage at Maximum Gain CG⊮	-	_	1.0	V
Gain Control Range	Dgc	P _{1stlFin} = -50 dBm	20	-	-	dB
2nd IF Amplifier (f2ndIFin = 4.092 MH	z, Zs = 50 G	Ω, ZL = 2 kΩ)				
Circuit Current 4	lcc4	No Signals	0.8	1.0	1.6	mA
Voltage Gain	Gv	P _{2ndlFin} = -60 dBm	40	43	46	dB
2nd IF Saturated Output Power	PO(sat)2ndIF	P _{2ndlFin} = -30 dBm	-14.0	-11.0	-	dBm
PLL Synthesizer Block						
Circuit Current 5	lcc5	PLL All Block Operating	8.7	11.0	14.4	mA
Loop Filter Output (High)	VoH		2.8	-	-	V
Loop Filter Output (Low)	VoL		-	-	0.4	V
Reference Minimum Input Level	VREFin	$Z_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega//0.6 \text{ pF}$ Impedance of measurement equipment	200	_	_	mV _{P-P}
Reference Output Swing	VREFout	$Z_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega//0.6 \text{ pF}$ Impedance of measurement equipment	2.9	3.0	-	Vp-p

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Reference	Unit
Pre-amplifier Block (fRFin = 1 575.4	2 MHz, Zs =	$Z_{\perp} = 50 \Omega$)		
Input 1dB Compression Level	Pin(1dB)	Input/Output matching	-20	dBm
RF Down-converter Block (P1stLOin	= -10 dBm,	Zs = ZL = 50 Ω)		
LO Leakage to IF Pin	LOif	f _{1stLOin} = 1 636.80 MHz	-37	dBm
LO Leakage to RF Pin	LOrf	f _{1stLOin} = 1 636.80 MHz	-36	dBm
Input 3rd Order Intercept Point	IIP _{3(RF)}	frFin1 = 1 600 MHz, frFin2 = 1 605 MHz, f1stLOin = 1 660 MHz	-15	dBm
IF Down-converter Block (1st LO	oscillating, Z	s = 50 Ω, ZL = 2 kΩ)		•
LO Leakage to 1st IF Pin	LO _{1stif}	f _{2ndLOin} = 65.472 MHz	-90	dBm
LO Leakage to 2nd IF Pin	LO _{2ndif}	f _{2ndLOin} = 65.472 MHz	-63	dBm
Input 3rd Order Intercept Point	IIP _{3(IF)}	f1stlFin1 = 61.38 MHz, f1stlFin2 = 61.48 MHz, f2ndLOin = 65.472 MHz	-27.5	dBm
PLL Synthesizer Block	•		·	
Phase Comparing Frequency	fpd	PLL loop	8.184	MHz
VCO Block	- •	•		•
Phase Noise	C/N	PLL Loop, ⊿1 kHz of VCO wave	83	dBc/Hz

STANDARD CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = +25°C, Vcc = 3.0 V)

- ★ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Unless otherwise specified, T_A = +25°C, V_{CC} = 3.0 V)
 - IC TOTAL —



- PRE-AMPLIFIER BLOCK -

CIRCUIT CURRENT vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE











0

Vcc = 3.0 V

1

Vcc = 3.3 V

Vcc = 2.7 V

1

2

+20



CIRCUIT CURRENT vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE





- IF DOWN-CONVERTER BLOCK -









1stIF Input Power P1stIFin (dBm)

100

10

3





— IF AMPLIFIER BLOCK —







2ndIF Input Power P2ndIFin (dBm)

2ndIF OUTPUT POWER vs. 2ndIF INPUT POWER



2ndIF Input Power P2ndIFin (dBm)



- PLL SYNTHESIZER BLOCK -

CIRCUIT CURRENT vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



- REFERENCE BLOCK -









Reference Input Frequency fREFin (MHz)



Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.



★ MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 1 (Pre-Amplifier Block)



MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 2 (Pre-Amplifier Block: NF)



MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 3 (RF-MIX Block)



MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 4 (RF-MIX Block: NF)



Data Sheet PU10014EJ02V0DS

MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 5 (IF Down-Converter Block)



MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 6 (IF Down-Converter Block: NF)



MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 7 (IF Amplifier Block)



MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 8 (IF Amplifier Block: NF)





MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 9 (IF Amplifier Block: Output Swing)

MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 10 (1/2 Prescaler)



MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 11 (1/200 Prescaler)



MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT 12 (REF Output)



★ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

36-PIN PLASTIC QFN (UNIT: mm)



NOTES ON CORRECT USE

- (1) Observe precautions for handling because of electro-static sensitive devices.
- (2) Form a ground pattern as widely as possible to minimize ground impedance (to prevent abnormal oscillation).
- (3) Keep the wiring length of the ground pins as short as possible.
- (4) Connect a bypass capacitor (example: 1 000 pF) to the Vcc pin.
- (5) High-frequency signal I/O pins must be coupled with the external circuit using a coupling capacitor.

★ RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

This product should be soldered and mounted under the following recommended conditions. For soldering methods and conditions other than those recommended below, contact your nearby sales office.

Soldering Method	Soldering Conditions		Condition Symbol
Infrared Reflow	Peak temperature (package surface temperature) Time at peak temperature Time at temperature of 220°C or higher Preheating time at 120 to 180°C Maximum number of reflow processes Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux (% mass)	: 260°C or below : 10 seconds or less : 60 seconds or less : 120±30 seconds : 3 times : 0.2%(Wt.) or below	IR260
VPS	Peak temperature (package surface temperature) Time at temperature of 200°C or higher Preheating time at 120 to 150°C Maximum number of reflow processes Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux (% mass)	: 215°C or below : 25 to 40 seconds : 30 to 60 seconds : 3 times : 0.2%(Wt.) or below	VP215
Wave Soldering	Peak temperature (molten solder temperature) Time at peak temperature Preheating temperature (package surface temperature) Maximum number of flow processes Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux (% mass)	: 260°C or below : 10 seconds or less : 120°C or below : 1 time : 0.2%(Wt.) or below	WS260
Partial Heating	Peak temperature (pin temperature) Soldering time (per side of device) Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux (% mass)	: 350°C or below : 3 seconds or less : 0.2%(Wt.) or below	HS350

Caution Do not use different soldering methods together (except for partial heating).

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▶Business issue

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▶ Technical issue

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Subject: Compliance with EU Directives

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CEL Pb-free products have the same base part number with a suffix added. The suffix –A indicates that the device is Pb-free. The –AZ suffix is used to designate devices containing Pb which are exempted from the requirement of RoHS directive (*). In all cases the devices have Pb-free terminals. All devices with these suffixes meet the requirements of the RoHS directive.

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Lead (Pb)	< 1000 PPM	-A Not Detected	-AZ (*)
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РВВ	< 1000 PPM	Not Detected	
PBDE	< 1000 PPM	Not Detected	

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