

DATASHEET

Lamp EALP05RDJRA4



Features

- Popular T-1 round package.
- Choice of various viewing angles.
- Available on tape and reel.
- Reliable and robust.
- The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant version.
- UV resistant epoxy

Descriptions

• The series is specially designed for applications requiring higher brightness.

'The LED lamps are available with different colors, intensities, epoxy colors, etc.

Applications

- Color Graphic Signs
- 'Message boards
- 'Variable message signs (VMS)
- · Commercial outdoor advertising



Device Selection Guide

| Chip Materials | Emitted Color | Resin Color | |
|----------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| AlGaInP | Brilliant Red | Water Clear | |

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25℃)

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit | |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|
| Reverse Voltage | V_{R} | 5 | V | |
| Forward Current | I _F | 50 | mA | |
| Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @1KHz) | I _{FP} | 160 | mA | |
| Power Dissipation | Pd | 120 | mW | |
| Operating Temperature | T_{opr} | -40 ~ +85 | ${\mathbb C}$ | |
| Storage Temperature | Tstg | -40 ~ +100 | $^{\circ}$ | |
| ESD | ESD _{HBM} | 2000 | V | |
| Soldering Temperature | T_{sol} | 260 °C for 5 sec. | | |



Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25℃)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Condition |
|------------------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|------------|
| Luminous Intensity | lv | 3600 | 4500 | 7150 | mcd | $I_F=20mA$ |
| Viewing Angle | 201/2 | 1 | 25 | | deg | $I_F=20mA$ |
| Peak Wavelength | λр | | 632 | | nm | $I_F=20mA$ |
| Dominant Wavelength | λd | 619 | 622 | 628 | nm | $I_F=20mA$ |
| Spectrum Radiation Bandwidth | Δλ | 1 | 20 | | nm | $I_F=20mA$ |
| Forward Voltage | VF | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.6 | V | $I_F=20mA$ |
| Reverse Current | IR | | | 10 | μΑ | $V_R=5V$ |

Bin Range of Luminous Intensity

| Bin Code | Min. | Max. | Unit | Condition |
|----------|------|------|------|----------------------|
| Q | 3600 | 4500 | | |
| R | 4500 | 5650 | mcd | $I_F = 20 \text{mA}$ |
| S | 5650 | 7150 | | |

Note:

Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: ±10%

Bin Range of Dominant Wavelength

| Bin Code | Min. | Max. | Unit | Condition |
|----------|------|------|------|----------------------|
| 1 | 619 | 622 | nm | I _F =20mA |
| 2 | 622 | 625 | | |
| 2 | 625 | 628 | | |

Note:

Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength: ±1nm

Bin Range of Forward Voltage

| Bin Code | Min. | Max. | Unit | Condition |
|----------|------|------|------|----------------------|
| 1 | 1.8 | 2.0 | V | I _F =20mA |
| 2 | 2.0 | 2.2 | | |
| 3 | 2.2 | 2.4 | | |
| 4 | 2.4 | 2.6 | | |

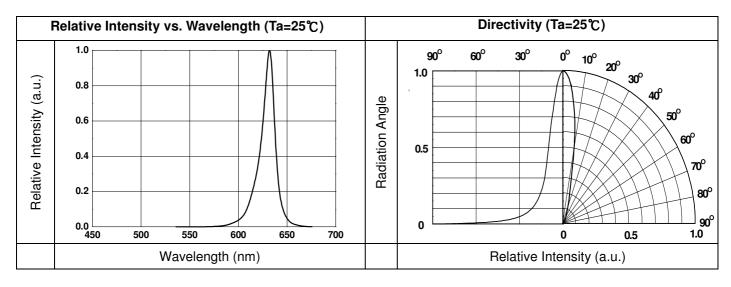
Copyright © 2010, Everlight Americas Inc. All Rights Reserved. Release Date : 28.Nov.2012. Issue No: 1 Rev:1

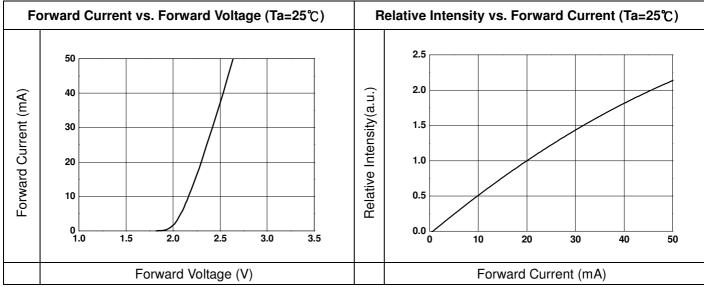
Note:

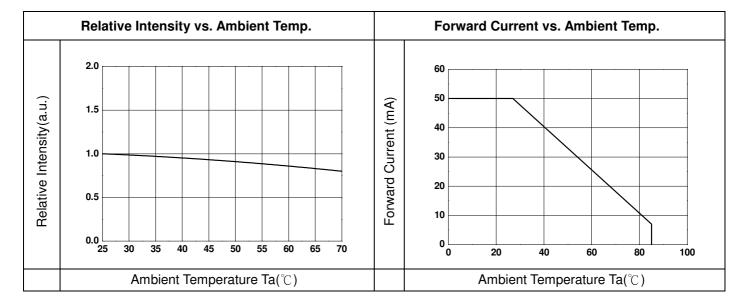
Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.1V



Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

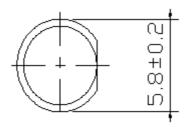


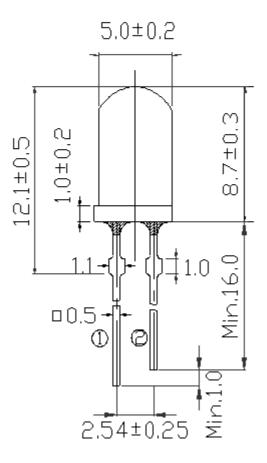






Package Dimension







① Anode

@Cathode

Note:

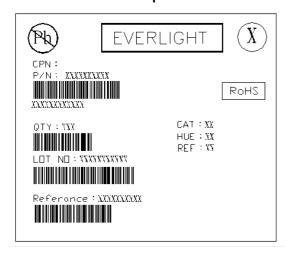
Other dimensions are in millimeters, tolerance is 0.25mm except being specified.

Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm Max LED.



Moisture Resistant Packing Materials

Label Explanation



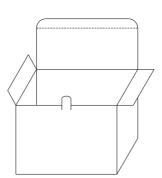
- CPN: Customer's Product Number
- P/N: Product Number
- QTY: Packing Quantity
- CAT: Ranks of Luminous Intensity and Forward Voltage
- · HUE: Rank of Dominant Wavelength
- · REF: Reference
- · LOT No: Lot Number

Packing Specification

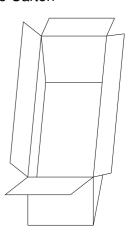
■ Anti-electrostatic bag



■ Inner Carton



■ Outside Carton



- Packing Quantity
- 1. Min 200pcs to Max 500 PCS/1 Bag, 5 Bags/1 Inner Carton.
- 2. 10 Inner Cartons/1 Outside Carton



Notes

1. Lead Forming

- During lead formation, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb.
- Lead forming should be done before soldering.
- Avoid stressing the LED package during leads forming. The stress to the base may damage the LED's characteristics or it may break the LEDs.
- Cut the LED leadframes at room temperature. Cutting the leadframes at high temperatures may cause failure of the LEDs.
- When mounting the LEDs onto a PCB, the PCB holes must be aligned exactly with the lead position of the LED. If the LEDs are mounted with stress at the leads, it causes deterioration of the epoxy resin and this will degrade the LEDs.

2. Storage

- The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 70%RH or less after being shipped from Everlight Americas and the storage life limits are 3 months. If the LEDs are stored for 3 months or more, they can be stored for a year in a sealed container with a nitrogen atmosphere and moisture absorbent material.
- Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially, in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.

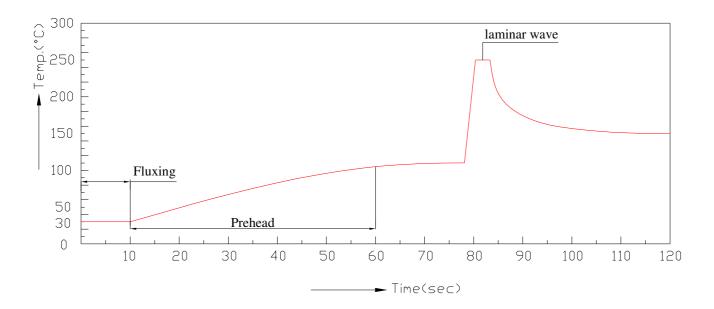
Soldering

- Careful attention should be paid during soldering. When soldering, leave more then 3mm from solder joint to epoxy bulb, and soldering beyond the base of the tie bar is recommended.
- Recommended soldering conditions:

| Hand Soldering | | DIP Soldering | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|--|
| Town at tin of iron | 300°C Max. (30W | Preheat temp. | 100 °C Max. (60 sec | |
| Temp. at tip of iron | Max.) | Freneat temp. | Max.) | |
| Soldering time | dering time 3 sec Max. | | 260 Max., 5 sec Max | |
| Distance 3mm Min.(From solder | | Distance | 3mm Min. (From solder | |
| joint to epoxy bulb) | | | joint to epoxy bulb) | |



■ Recommended soldering profile



- Avoiding applying any stress to the lead frame while the LEDs are at high temperature particularly when soldering.
- Dip and hand soldering should not be done more than one time
- After soldering the LEDs, the epoxy bulb should be protected from mechanical shock or vibration until the LEDs return to room temperature.
- A rapid-rate process is not recommended for cooling the LEDs down from the peak temperature.
- Although the recommended soldering conditions are specified in the above table, dip or handsoldering at the lowest possible temperature is desirable for the LEDs.
- Wave soldering parameter must be set and maintain according to recommended temperature and dwell time in the solder wave.

4. Cleaning

- When necessary, cleaning should occur only with isopropyl alcohol at room temperature for a duration of no more than one minute. Dry at room temperature before use.
- Do not clean the LEDs by the ultrasonic. When it is absolutely necessary, the influence of ultrasonic cleaning on the LEDs depends on factors such as ultrasonic power and the assembled condition. Ultrasonic cleaning shall be pre-qualified to ensure this will not cause damage to the LED

5. Heat Management

- Heat management of LEDs must be taken into consideration during the design stage of LED application. The current should be de-rated appropriately by referring to the de-rating curve found in each product specification.
- The temperature surrounding the LED in the application should be controlled. Please refer to the data sheet de-rating curve.



ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

■ The products are sensitive to static electricity or surge voltage. ESD can damage a die and its reliability. When handling the products, the following measures against electrostatic discharge are strongly recommended:

Eliminating the charge

Grounded wrist strap, ESD footwear, clothes, and floors

Grounded workstation equipment and tools

ESD table/shelf mat made of conductive materials

Proper grounding is required for all devices, equipment, and machinery used in product assembly.Surge protection should be considered when designing of commercial products.

If tools or equipment contain insulating materials such as glass or plastic,

the following measures against electrostatic discharge are strongly recommended:

Dissipating static charge with conductive materials

Preventing charge generation with moisture

Neutralizing the charge with ionizers

7. Directions for use

■ The LEDs should be operated with forward bias. The driving circuit must be designed so that the LEDs are not subjected to forward or reverse voltage while it is off. If reverse voltage is continuously applied to the LEDs, it may cause migration resulting in LED damage.

8. Other

- Above specification may be changed without notice. Everlight Americas will reserve authority on material change for above specification.
- When using this product, please observe the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions for using outlined in these specification sheets. Everlight Americas assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from use of the product which does not comply
 - with the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions included in these specification sheets.
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