

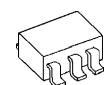
Ultra Low Noise Low Dropout Voltage Regulator

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM2863/64 is a low dropout voltage regulator designed for VCO Applications.

Advanced Bipolar technology achieves ultra low noise, high ripple rejection and low quiescent current.

■ PACKAGE OUTLINE

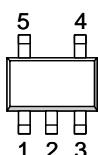


NJM2863F/64F

■ FEATURES

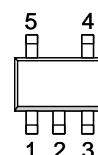
- High Ripple Rejection 75dB typ. ($f=1\text{kHz}$, $V_o=3\text{V}$ Version)
- Output capacitor with $1.0\mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitor
- Output Noise Voltage $V_{no}=19\mu\text{VRms}$ typ. ($C_p=0.01\mu\text{F}$, $C_o=1.0\mu\text{F}$ (Ceramic))
 $V_{no}=12\mu\text{VRms}$ typ. ($C_p=0.1\mu\text{F}$, $C_o=10\mu\text{F}$ (Tantalum))
- Output Current $I_o(\text{max.})=100\text{mA}$
- High Precision Output $V_o \pm 1.0\%$
- Low Dropout Voltage 0.10V typ. ($I_o=60\text{mA}$)
- ON/OFF Control (Active High)
- Internal Short Circuit Current Limit
- Internal Thermal Overload Protection
- Bipolar Technology
- Package Outline SOT-23-5

■ PIN CONFIGURATION



- 1.CONTROL
- 2.GND
- 3.NOISE BYPASS
4. V_{OUT}
5. V_{IN}

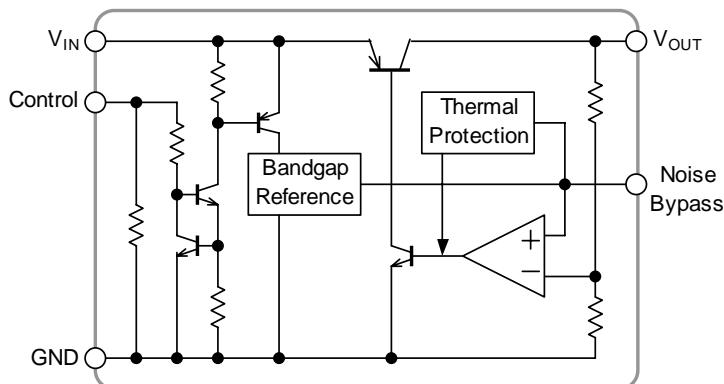
NJM2863F



1. V_{IN}
- 2.GND
- 3.CONTROL
- 4.NOISE BYPASS
5. V_{OUT}

NJM2864F

■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



NJM2863/64

■ OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANK LIST

Device Name	V_{OUT}	Device Name	V_{OUT}
NJM286xF21	2.1V	NJM286xF29	2.9V
NJM286xF25	2.5V	NJM286xF03	3.0V
NJM286xF27	2.7V	NJM286xF33	3.3V
NJM286xF28	2.8V	NJM286xF05	5.0V
NJM286xF285	2.85V		

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS		UNIT
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	+14		V
Control Voltage	V_{CONT}	+14(*1)		V
Power Dissipation	P_D	SOT-23-5	350(*2) 200(*3)	mW
Operating Temperature	T_{OPR}	-40 ~ +85		°C
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	-40 ~ +125		°C

(*1): When input voltage is less than +14V, the absolute maximum control voltage is equal to the input voltage.

(*2): Mounted on glass epoxy board based on EIA/JEDEC. (114.3x76.2x1.6mm: 2Layers)

(*3): Device itself.

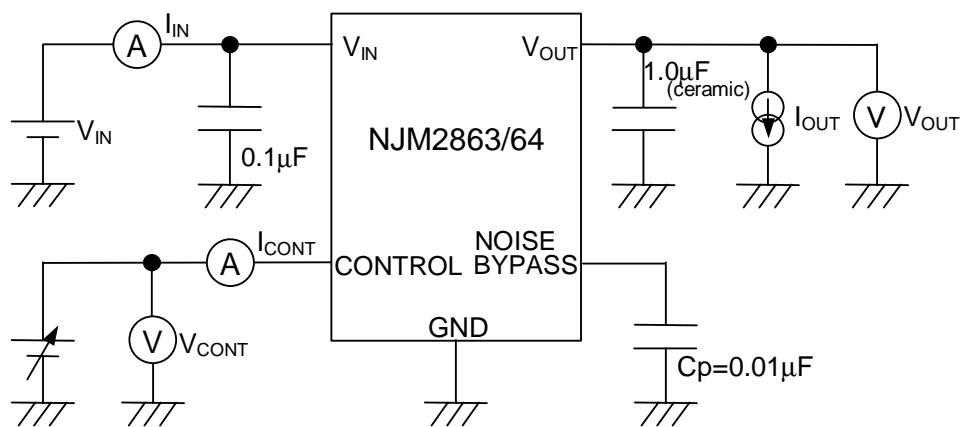
■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{IN}=V_o+1V$, $C_{IN}=0.1\mu F$, $C_O=1.0\mu F$, $C_P=0.01\mu F$, $T_a=25^{\circ}C$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Output Voltage	V_o	$I_o=30mA$	-1.0%	-	+1.0%	V
Quiescent Current	I_Q	$I_o=0mA$, except I_{CONT}	-	120	180	μA
Quiescent Current at Control OFF	$I_{Q(OFF)}$	$V_{CONT}=0V$	-	-	100	nA
Output Current	I_o	$V_o-0.3V$	100	130	-	mA
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_o / \Delta V_{IN}$	$V_{IN}=V_o+1V \sim V_o+6V$, $I_o=30mA$	-	-	0.10	%/V
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_o / \Delta I_o$	$I_o=0 \sim 100mA$	-	-	0.03	%/mA
Dropout Voltage	ΔV_{I_o}	$I_o=60mA$	-	0.10	0.18	V
Ripple Rejection	RR	$e_{IN}=200mV_{rms}$, $f=1kHz$, $I_o=10mA$, $V_o=3V$ Version	-	75	-	dB
Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	$\Delta V_o / \Delta T_a$	$T_a=0 \sim 85^{\circ}C$, $I_o=10mA$	-	± 50	-	ppm/ $^{\circ}C$
Output Noise Voltage1	V_{NO1}	$f=10Hz \sim 80kHz$, $I_o=10mA$, $C_p=0.01\mu F$, $C_o=1.0\mu F$ (Ceramic), $V_o=3V$ Version	-	19	-	μV_{rms}
Output Noise Voltage2	V_{NO2}	$f=10Hz \sim 80kHz$, $I_o=10mA$, $C_p=0.1\mu F$, $C_o=10\mu F$ (Tantalum), $V_o=3V$ Version	-	12	-	μV_{rms}
Control Voltage for ON-state	$V_{CONT(ON)}$		1.6	-	-	V
Control Voltage for OFF-state	$V_{CONT(OFF)}$		-	-	0.6	V

The above specification is a common specification for all output voltages.

Therefore, it may be different from the individual specification for a specific output voltage.

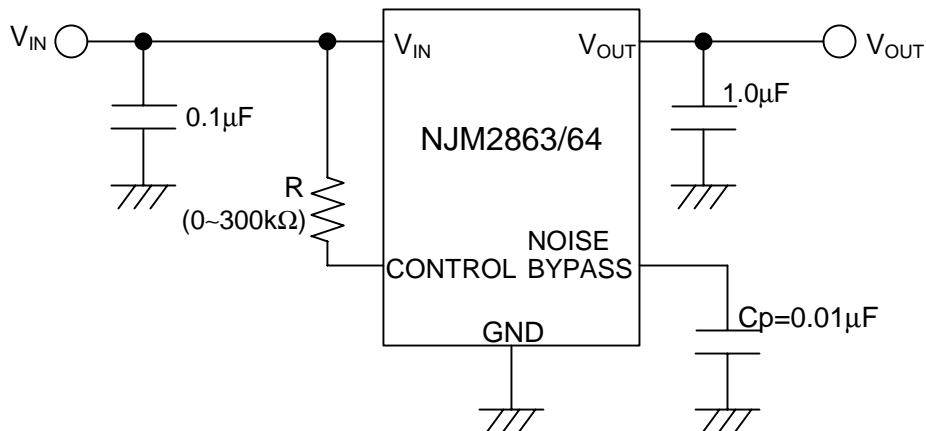
■ TEST CIRCUIT



NJM2863/64

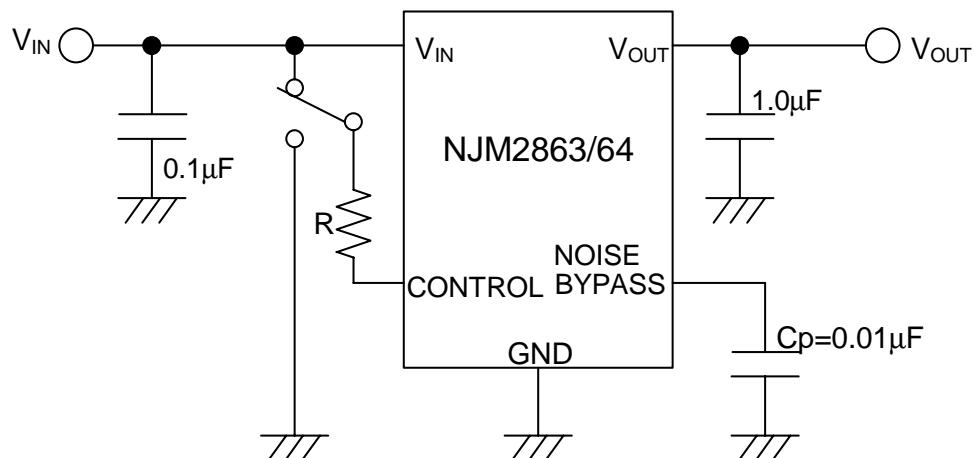
■ TYPICAL APPLICATION

- ① In the case where ON/OFF Control is not required:



Connect control terminal to V_{IN} terminal

- ② In use of ON/OFF CONTROL:



State of control terminal:

- "H" → output is enabled.
- "L" or "open" → output is disabled.

*Noise bypass Capacitance C_p

Noise bypass capacitance C_p reduces noise generated by band-gap reference circuit. Noise level and ripple rejection will be improved when larger C_p is used. Use of smaller C_p value may cause oscillation.

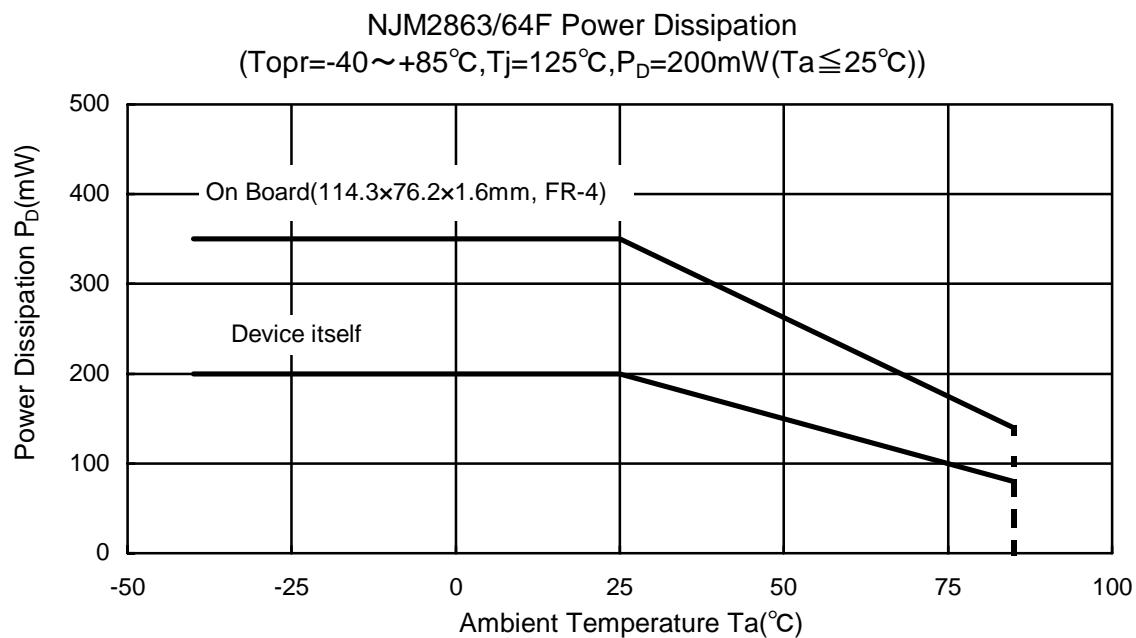
Use the C_p value of $0.01\mu F$ greater to avoid the problem.

*In the case of using a resistance "R" between V_{IN} and control.

The current flow into the control terminal while the IC is ON state (I_{CONT}) can be reduced when a pull up resistance "R" is inserted between V_{IN} and the control terminal.

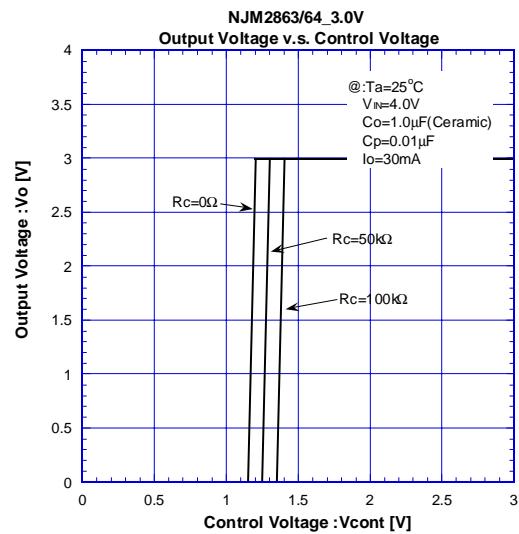
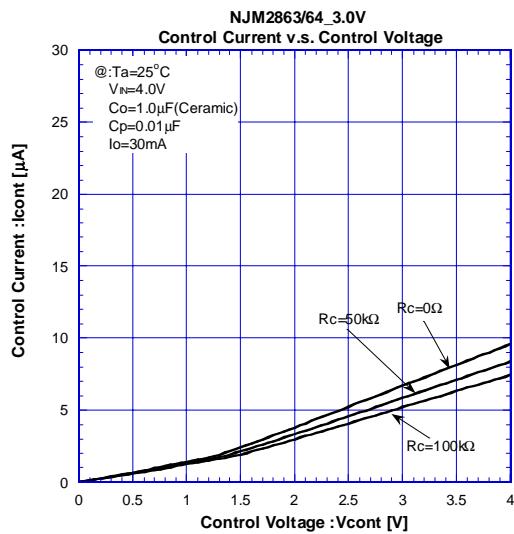
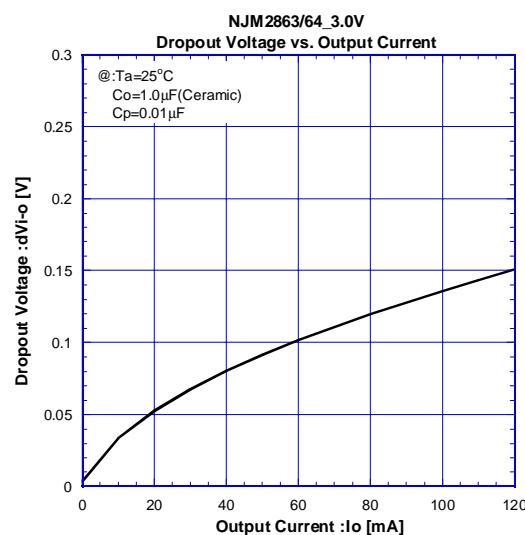
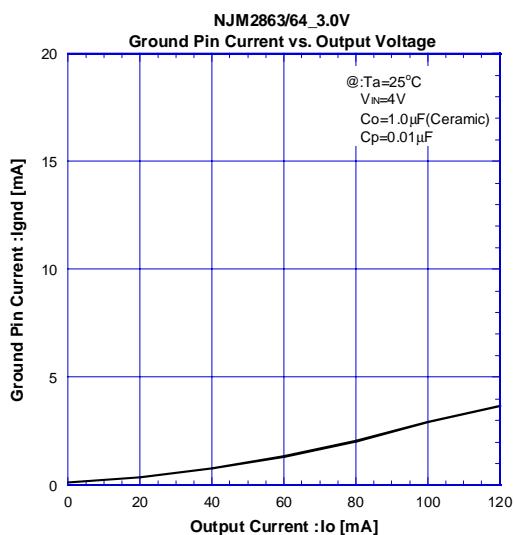
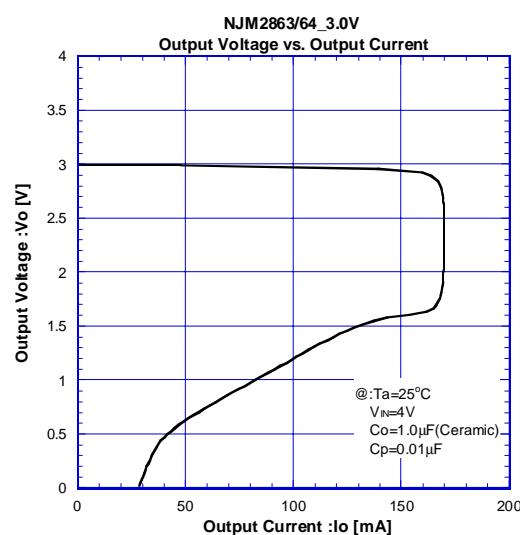
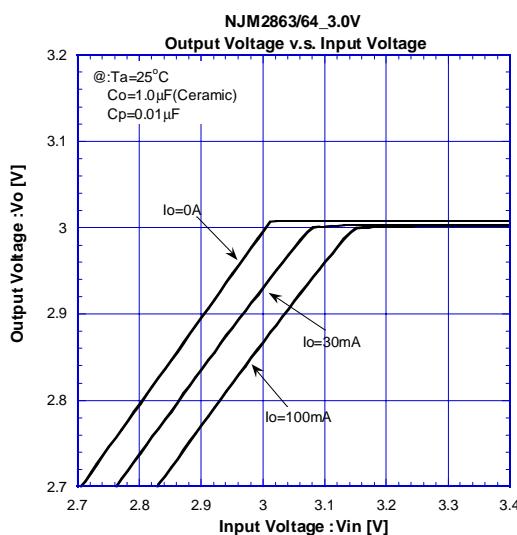
The minimum control voltage for ON state ($V_{CONT(ON)}$) is increased due to the voltage drop caused by I_{CONT} and the resistance "R". The I_{CONT} is temperature dependence as shown in the "Control Current vs. Temperature" characteristics. Therefore, the resistance "R" should be carefully selected to ensure the control voltage exceeds the $V_{CONT(ON)}$ over the required temperature range.

■ POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

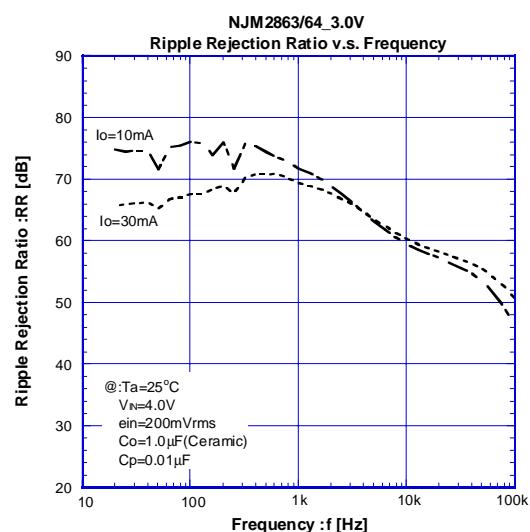
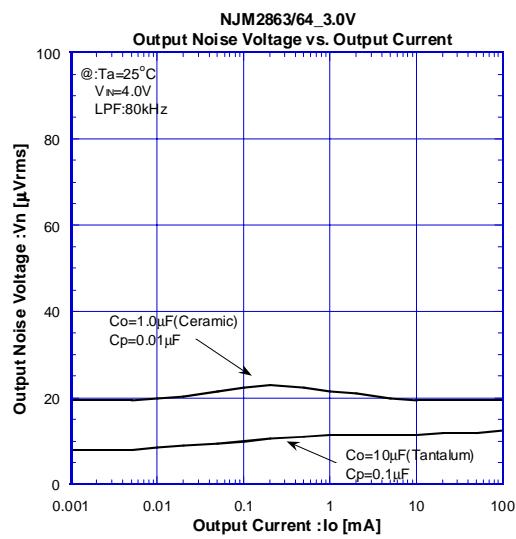
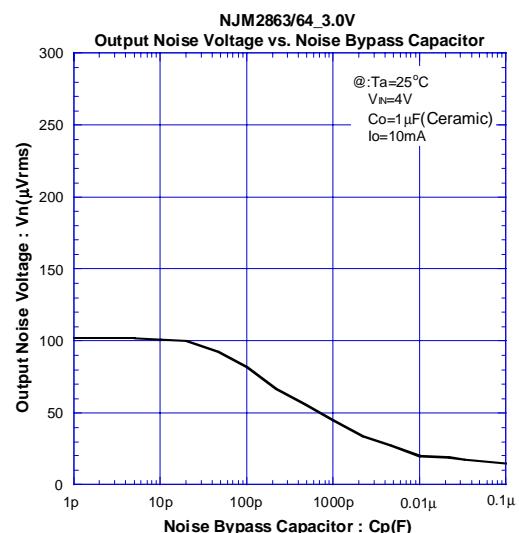
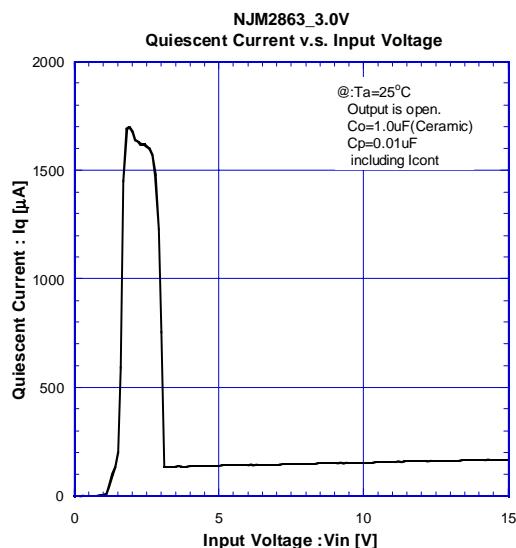
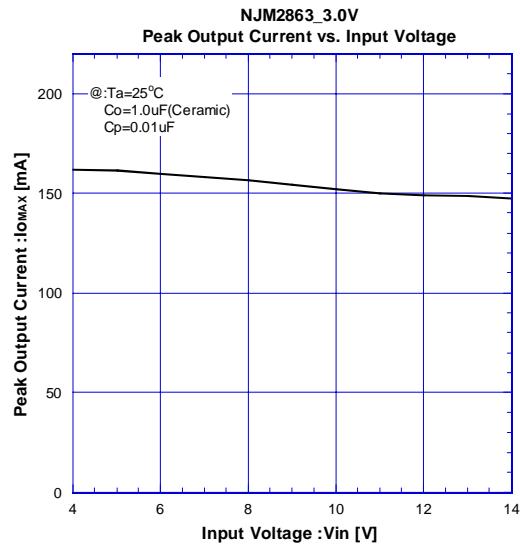
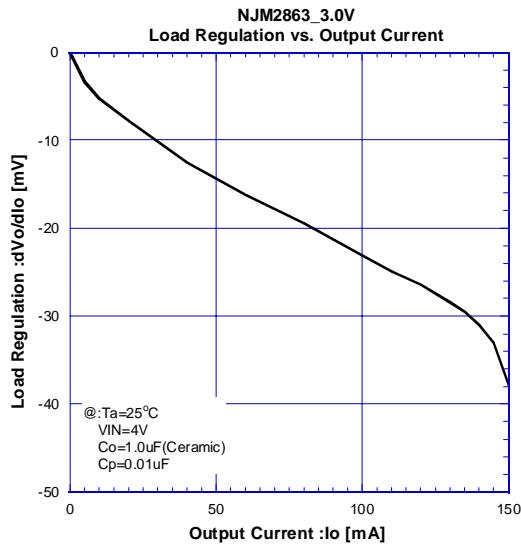


NJM2863/64

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

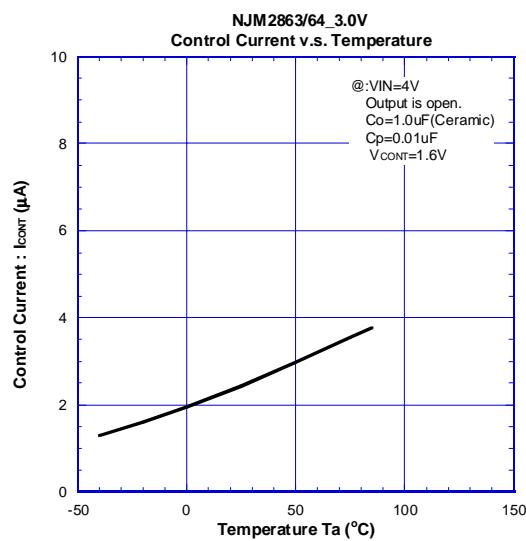
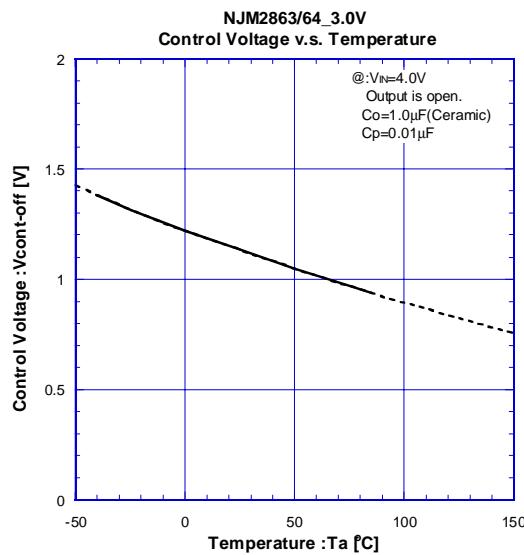
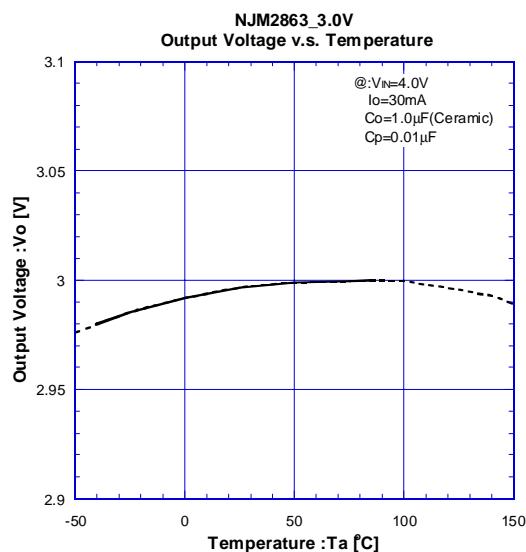
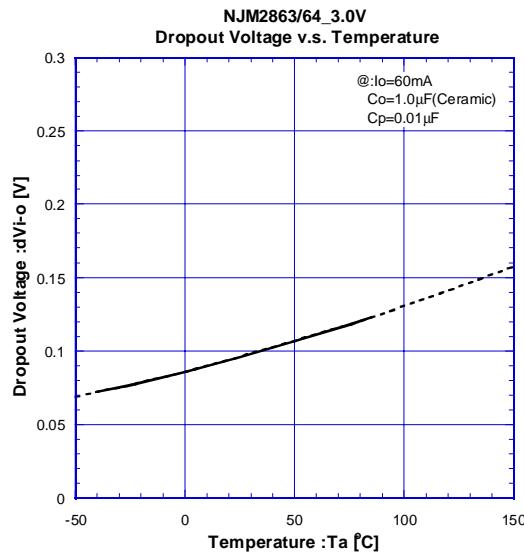
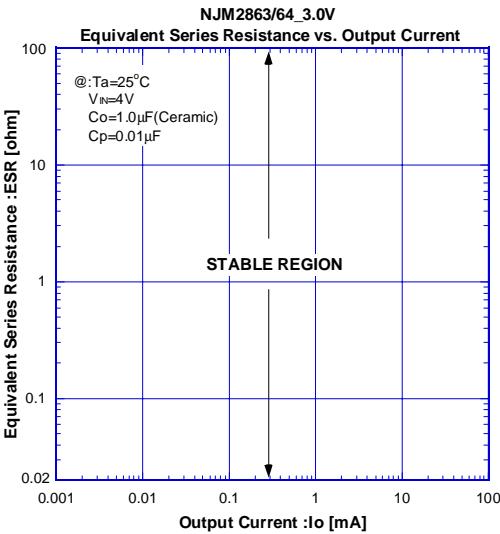
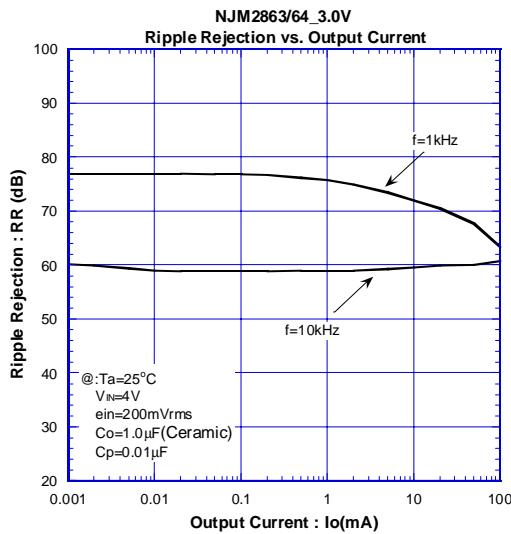


ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

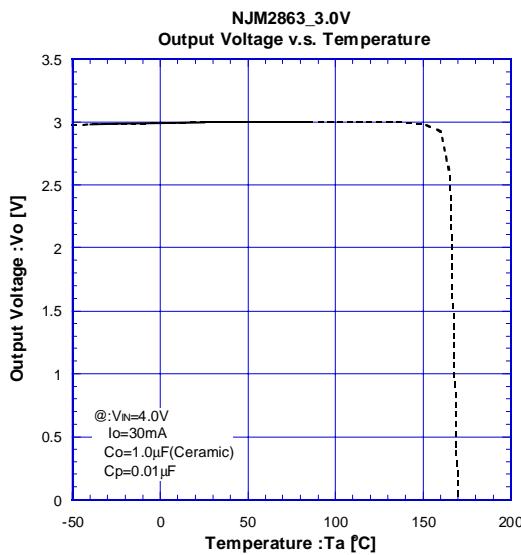
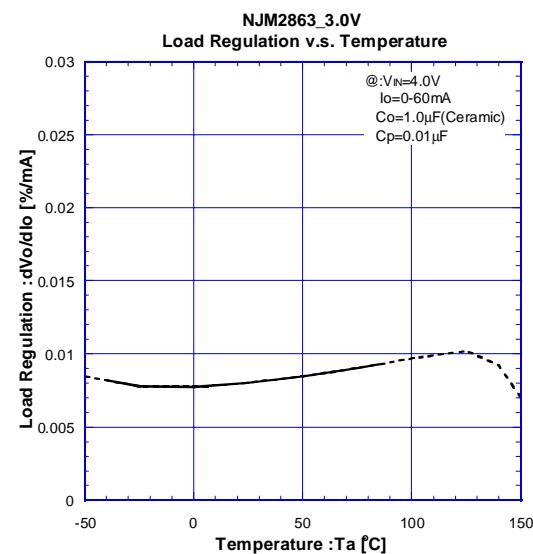
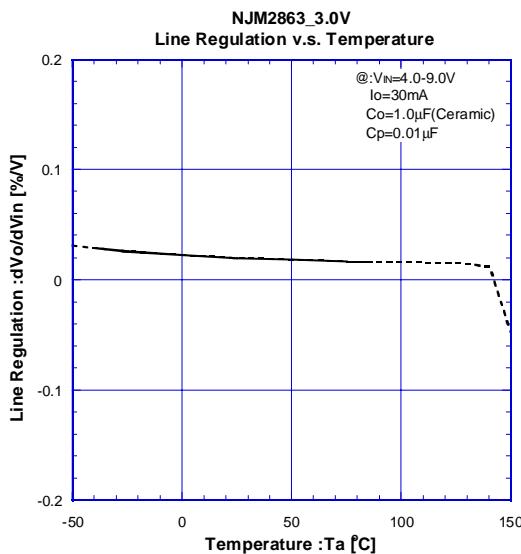
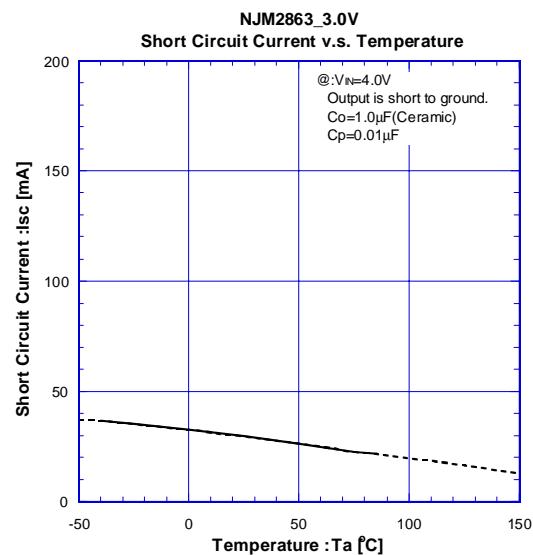
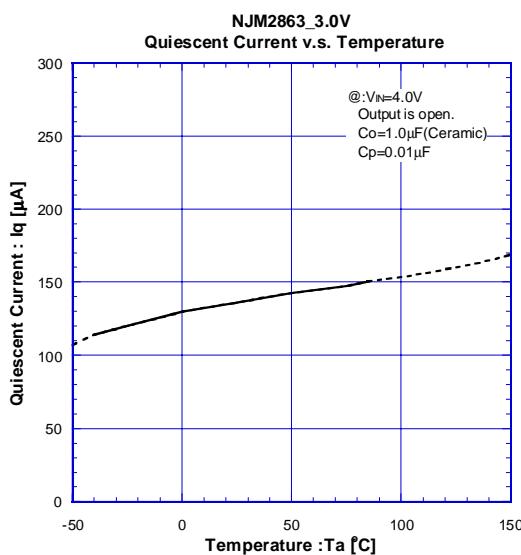


NJM2863/64

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

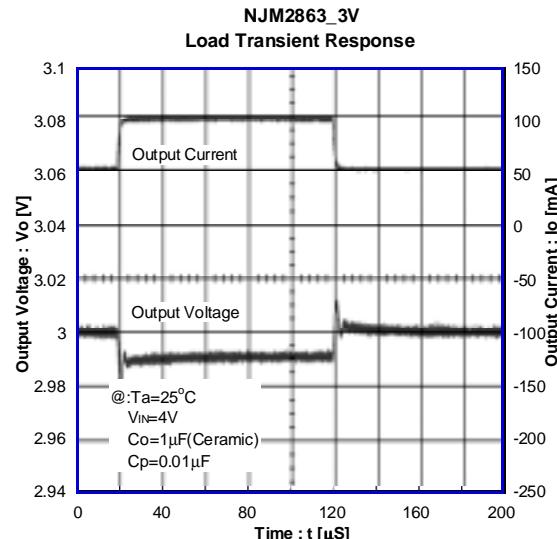
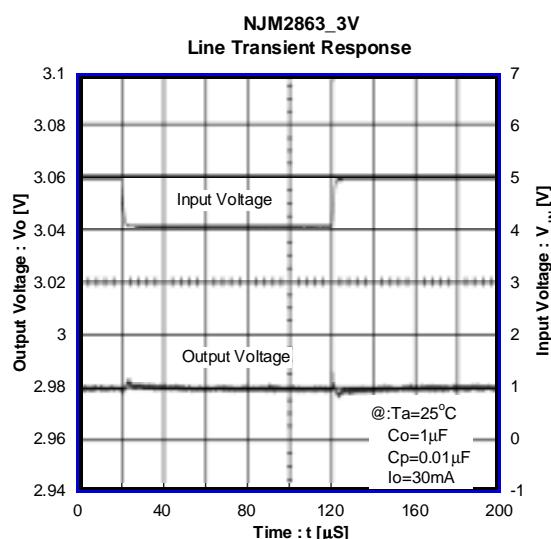
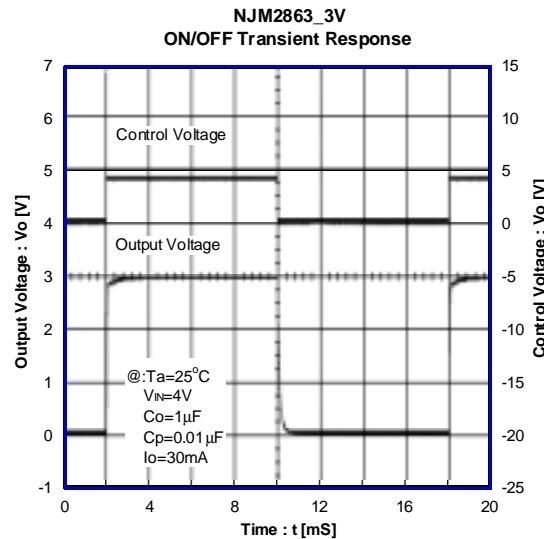
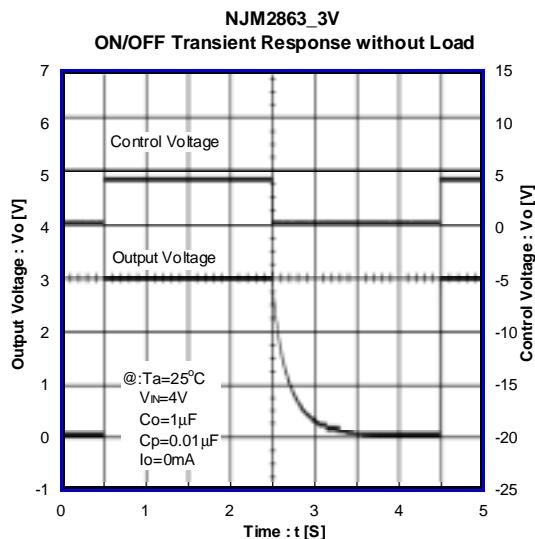


■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



NJM2863/64

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



[CAUTION]
The specifications on this databook are only given for information, without any guarantee as regards either mistakes or omissions. The application circuits in this databook are described only to show representative usages of the product and not intended for the guarantee or permission of any right including the industrial rights.