NX30P6093A High-voltage I²C controlled OVP load switch with OTG Rev. 2.1 – 6 April 2022 Product data sheet

1 General description

The NX30P6093A is a 5.6A I²C controlled overvoltage protection Load switch for USB Type-C and PD applications. It includes undervoltage lockout, overvoltage lockout and overtemperature protection circuits, designed to automatically isolate the power switch terminals when a fault condition occurs. It features input pin impedance detection function, providing USB power supply pin status to system to avoid short circuit damage for the Type-C port power supply pin.

NX30P6093A has a default overvoltage protection threshold, and the OVLO threshold can be adjusted by both external resistor divider on ADJ pin and internal I²C register. A 13ms debounce time is deployed every time before the device is switched ON, followed by a soft start to limit the inrush current.

USB OTG is supported when the plugged accessory is recognized as an OTG device by system and a 5V source is applied on VOUT pin of NX30P6093A. The current capability in USB OTG mode is limited to max 1.5A.

Designed for operation from 2.8V to 20.0V, it can be used in USB Type-C and PD power control applications to offer essential protection and enhance system reliability.

NX30P6093A is offered in a small 20-bump 1.7 x 2.16 mm, 0.4mm pitch WLCSP package.

2 Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range for VIN from 2.8V to 20.0V
- System Power supply VDD from 3.0V to 4.5V
- I_{SW} maximum 5.6A continuous current for OVP mode
- Support 1.5A USB OTG
- 29V tolerance on VIN pin
- 16mΩ (typical) ultra-low ON resistance
- Adjustable VIN overvoltage protection by both external resistor and I²C
- · Built-in slew rate control for inrush current limit
- · Integrated current source for VIN pin impedance detection
- Protection circuitry
 - Overtemperature protection
 - Overvoltage protection
 - Undervoltage lockout
- · Surge protection:
 - IEC61000-4-5 exceeds ±100V on VIN
- ESD protection
 - IEC61000-4-2 contact discharge exceeds 8kV on VIN
 - IEC61000-4-2 air discharge exceeds 15kV on VIN



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- HBM ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 Class 2 exceeds 3kV on all pins
- MM Class B exceeds 100 V on all the pins
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C

3 Applications

- Smart and feature phones
- Tablets, eBooks
- Notebook

4 Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
NX30P6093AUK	-40 °C to +85 °C	WLCSP20	wafer level chip-scale package; 20 bumps; 1.70 mm x 2.16 mm x 0.525 mm body (backside coating included)	SOT1397-6

4.1 Ordering options

Table 2. Ordering options

Type number	Orderable part number	Package	Packing method	Minimum order quantity	Temperature
NX30P6093AUK	NX30P6093AUKZ		REEL 7" Q1/T1 *SPECIAL MARK CHIPS DP	4000	T_{amb} = -40 °C to +85 °C

5 Marking

Line	Marking	Description
1	X30AP2	basic type name
2	mmmmnn	wafer lot code (mmmmm) and wafer number (nn)
3	ZAYWW	manufacturing code: Z = foundry location A = assembly location Y = assembly year code WW = assembly week code
4	CCC-RRR	Die X-Y Coordinate

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6 Functional diagram



7 Pinning information



7.1 Pinning

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7.2 Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Туре	Description
VIN	B3, B4, B5 C3, C4, C5	Power I/O	Power Input pins, these pins should be connected together on PCB
VOUT	A3, A4, A5 D3, D4, D5	Power I/O	Power Input pins, these pins should be connected together on PCB
GND	B2, C2	Ground	Ground pin, these pins should be connected to system ground with good connection for surge protection discharge current
EN	A1	Input	Enable pin, active low. When it is tied to high, the device enters low power standby mode and VOUT is disconnected from VIN. Internal pull down resistor integrated
INT	B1	Output	$I^2C\text{-}bus$ interface interrupt to be connected to the $I^2C\text{-}bus$ master of the host processor
VDD	C1	Power	System Power supply for chip
SDA	D2	I/O	$I^2C\text{-}bus$ interface serial data to be connected to the $I^2C\text{-}bus$ master of the host processor
SCL	D1	Input	$I^2C\text{-}bus$ interface serial clock to be connected to the $I^2C\text{-}bus$ master of the host processor
ADJ	A2	Input	External OVLO adjust pin. Connect to OVLO resistor divider when select OVLO level by this pin. Connect to ground when it is not used, in this case OVLO determined internally

8 Functional description

NX30P6093A is an integrated device with three major functions: programmable overvoltage protection, VIN pin impedance detection and USB OTG. It protects USB Type-C power supply pin and internal system by isolating high voltage when it is exceeds OVLO threshold. The VIN pin impedance detection provides a status monitoring for system to avoid damage by short circuit of USB Type-C power supply pin.

The impedance detection feature is activated when VIN <V_{UVLO}, in this case NX30P6093A supplied by system power VDD. When VIN>V_{UVLO}, this feature is disabled automatically.

USB OTG is supported when the plugged accessory is recognized as an OTG device by system and a 5V source is applied on VOUT pin of NX30P6093A.

8.1 EN input

A HIGH on $\overline{\text{EN}}$ disables the channel MOSFET, all protection circuits, and VIN impedance detection circuits, putting the device into a low power mode. A LOW on $\overline{\text{EN}}$ enables the protection circuits and the MOSFET. There is an internal 1 M Ω pull-down resistor on the $\overline{\text{EN}}$ pin to ensure the power switch conducting in a dead-battery situation. A 13ms debounce time has been deployed before device turning on.

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8.2 OTG Mode

USB OTG is supported when the plugged accessory is recognized as an OTG device by system and a 5V source is applied on VOUT pin of NX30P6093A. The \overline{EN} pin and VOUT_EN bit in register 0x01 must to be set LOW to support USB OTG mode. If \overline{EN} pin or VOUT_EN bit is HIGH, the current is conducted by body diode that will induce much higher power dissipation due to body diode forward voltage and more heating in NX30P6093A. The overtemperature protection will not disable the main switch for the same reason, but only report interrupt to system. In this case, the system should turn off the power source of USB OTG to protect the device and system.

8.3 Slew rate tune

The slew rate control is integrated to avoid inrush current when the load switch turns on. It protects the internal circuits or blocks follow NX30P6093A. In order to increase the design flexibility on system level, the slew rate can be tuned through I^2C through register 0x0F as follows:

Table 5. Slew rate tune setting by I²C register

able 5. Slew rate tune setting by I C register Register Value SRT[2:0] Switch turn on slew rate (TYP)		
Switch turn on slew rate (TYP)		
0.42ms		
0.44ms		
0.5ms		
0.65ms		
0.9ms (Default)		
1.5ms		
2.8ms		
5.6ms		

8.4 Undervoltage lockout

When $\overline{\text{EN}}$ is LOW and VIN < V_{UVLO}, the Undervoltage Lockout (UVLO) circuit disables the power MOSFET. Once VIN exceeds V_{UVLO}, if no other protection circuit is active and $\overline{\text{EN}}$ is LOW, the MOSFET is turned on automatically regardless of the status of VOUT_EN in register 0x01h. If $\overline{\text{EN}}$ is HIGH, the MOSFET remains at off and at low power mode.

8.5 Overvoltage lockout

When $\overline{\text{EN}}$ is LOW and VIN > V_{OVLO}, the overvoltage lockout (OVLO) circuit disables the power MOSFET. The OV_FLG in register 0x03h is set as "1" and an interrupt is issued to notify the host. Once VIN drops below V_{OVLO} and no other protection circuit is active, the power MOSFET resumes operation.

The OVLO feature can be adjusted by both external resistor divider with ADJ pin and internal I^2C register. The sequences are:

• When NX30P6093A is powering up, the initial OVLO threshold is set by ADJ pin. If there is a resistor divider connected to ADJ pin, the OVLO threshold is set by resistor divider value. If ADJ is floating or pull to ground, the OVLO threshold is set by default value in <u>Table 6</u>.

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• After power up, the OVLO threshold can be adjusted by system through the I²C register 0x05h according to the flow chart in Figure 4.

When the overvoltage threshold is set by the ADJ pin with the connected resistor divider (see Figure 8), the overvoltage threshold is adjustable from 4V to 23V with below equation

 $Vovlo = Vth(ovlo) \times (R1+R2) / (R2) (1)$

If the voltage on ADJ pin is below 0.1V, the device uses internal default OVLO threshold.

When the overvoltage threshold is set by system through I^2C -bus, it is set by bit0 and bit1 of register 0x05h. The OVLO thresholds are shown in <u>Table 6</u>.

Table 6. OVLO threshold	setting by I ² C register
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Register Value OV[1:0]	OVLO Threshold	
00	6.8V (default)	
01	11.5V	
10	17V	
11	23V	

In additional, NX30P6093A provides two additional OVLO thresholds by bit0, bit1 of register 0x0Eh. The additional OVLO thresholds are shown in <u>Table 7</u>.

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 Table 7. Additional OVLO threshold setting by I²C register

Register Value AOVP[1:0]	OVLO Threshold
00	OVLO set by <u>Table 6</u> .
01	OVLO set by <u>Table 6</u> .
10	10V
11	14V

Furthermore when the OVLO threshold is set by I^2C register, it can be fine tuned by bit6bit4 of register 0x05h. The fine tune values are shown in <u>Table 8</u>.

Register Value RNG[2:0]	OVLO Threshold Fine Tune value
000	-600mV
001	-400mV
010	-200mV
011	0mV (default)
100	+200mV
101	+400mV
110	+600mV
111	+800mV

Table 8. OVLO threshold fine tune setting by I²C register

8.6 Overtemperature protection

When $\overline{\text{EN}}$ is LOW and the device temperature exceeds 140 °C the Overtemperature protection (OTP) circuit disables the power MOSFET and an interrupt is issued by setting OT_FLG as "1" in register 0x03h. Once the device temperature decreases below 115 °C and no other protection circuit is active, the state of the N-channel MOSFET is controlled by the $\overline{\text{EN}}$ pin again.

8.7 Short circuit protection

NX30P6093A has short circuit protection; after the MOSFET is fully turned on and when the current through it exceeds 10.5A typically, it turns the MOSFET off to protect the device and system. An interrupt is issued when short circuit protection is triggered by setting OC_FLG as "1" in register 0x03h. Once the short circuit condition is removed and no other protection circuit is active, the state of the N-channel MOSFET is controlled by the $\overline{\text{EN}}$ pin again.

8.8 VIN impedance detection for moisture and short detection

Moisture is detected by sensing the change in VIN impedance Z_{IN} , sampled through VIN = $I_{SOURCE} * Z_{IN}$ as shown in Figure 5. VIN is implemented and sensed by applying programmable current source I_{SOURCE} into Z_{IN} , and comparing with the programmable target threshold V_{TAG} . V_{TAG} should be selected according to the designed moisture impedance. For detailed implementation and parameter settings please refer to https://www.nxp.com/docs/en/application-note/AN13609.pdf.

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VIN impedance detection function can only begin when $\overline{\text{EN}}$ is LOW and VIN < V_{UVLO}. While in VIN detection mode, at any time when VIN pin exceeds V_{UVLO}, NX30P6093A exits from VIN detection mode to OVP mode immediately.

With the help of a host, NX30P6093A can start the VIN impedance detection according to the following sequence. First, set both VOUT_EN and DETC_EN bit to "1". After wake-up time t_{WAKEUP} , the host must then write I_{SOURCE} , t_{DET} , t_{DUTY} and VTAG voltage from registers 0x06h, 0x07h and 0x09h through I²C.

VIN detection ADC result is valid only after t_{DET} times out, setting TMR_OUT_STS to "1" and triggering an interrupt. The host can also read VIN detected Voltage VIN[7:0] at register 0x08h. At the same time NX30P6093A compares the detected VIN voltage against the VTAG voltage TVIN[7:0] in register 0x09h.

When the detected voltage is less than the VTAG voltage, the OVER_TAG_STS sets to "1" in register 0x02h and triggers an interrupt. <u>Table 9</u> shows the current source values, which can be programmed by bit3-bit0 of register 0x06h. Please note there are several internal circuits connected to VIN pin, for example, Surge protection and UVLO resistor ladder. That generates a leakage current according to different VIN voltage specified in <u>Table 28</u> as IDET_LEACKAGE.

Register Value ISRC[3:0]	Current source value
0000	0μA (default)
0001	1μΑ
0010	2μΑ
0011	ЗµА
0100	4μΑ
0101	5μΑ
0110	10μΑ
0111	20µA
1000	50µA
1001	100µA
1010	200µA
1011	500µA
1100	1000μΑ
1101	2000µA

Table 9. Current source set by I²C register

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Table 9. Current source set by I²C register...continued

Register Value ISRC[3:0]	Current source value
1110	5000μΑ
1111	10000μΑ

NX30P6093A turns on the $\mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{source}}$ according to the following system required timing sequence.



Figure 6. VIN Impedance detection timing sequence

The current source turn on pulse width t_{DET} is set by bit7 - bit4 of register 0x07h as follows.

Register Value TDET[3:0]	I _{source} Turn on Pulse Width (t _{DET})
0000	200µs (default)
0001	400µs
0010	1000µs
0011	2000µs
0100	4000µs
0101	10000µs
0110	20000µs
0111	40000µs
1000	100000µs
1001	20000µs
1010	400000µs
1011	100000µs
1100	200000µs
1101	400000µs
1110	1000000µs
1111	Always on

Table 10. Current source turn-on pulse width setting by I²C register

The detection duty cycle is set by bit3 to bit0 of register 0x07h according to the following table.

Table 11. Detection duty cycle setting by l^2C register

Register Value DUTY[3:0]	Detection duty cycle (t _{DUTY})		
0000	single pulse (default)		
0001	10ms		

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Table 11. Detection duty cycle setting by I ² C registercontinued				
Register Value DUTY[3:0]	Detection duty cycle (t _{DUTY})			

Register Value DUTY[3:0]	Detection duty cycle (t _{DUTY})			
0010	20ms			
0011	50ms			
0100	100ms			
0101	200ms			
0110	500ms			
0111	1000ms			
1000	2000ms			
1001	3000ms			
1010	6000ms			
1011	12000ms			
1100	30000ms			
1101	60000ms			
1110	120000ms			
1111	300000ms			

8.9 Interrupt

NX30P6093A has two types of interrupt. One is the interrupt generated by Flag register 0x03h, which includes the alarms of overvoltage, overtemperature and short circuit. The second type of interrupt is generated by Status register 0x02h. The following is a detailed description of the two interrupts.



- The interrupt trigger is by all 3 bits of Flag register (0x03h) and 4 bits of Status register (0x02h) except for OTG_STS. Whenever one of them is changed from "0" to "1", the interrupt will be triggered. An event will be latched and only the first occurrence triggers an interrupt (if not masked). Reoccurring events will not trigger an additional interrupt.
- The interrupt release of Flag register is by read on clear, t_{DET} timer start, the interrupt status over 1000ms or NX30P6093A disabled by EN. For OV_FLG and OT_FLG interrupt, if it is not read by host and the fault condition is back to normal in 1000ms, the INT will be released. The bit values of the register 0x03h are cleared only by host read or VIN drop below UVLO.
- The interrupt release of Status register is by read on clear, t_{DET} timer start, the interrupt status over 1000ms or NX30P6093A disabled by \overline{EN} . The 4 bit values are the real status of the circuit status and will not be cleared when host read them after interrupt.

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8.10 I²C-bus interface

NX30P6093A implements l²C-bus slave interface which interfaces with the host system. The host processor can issue commands, monitor status and receive response through this bus. A detailed description of the l²C-bus specification, with applications, is given in *UM10204, "l²C-bus specification and user manual"*. NX30P6093A supports l²C-bus data transfers in both Standard-mode (100 kbit/s), Fast-mode (400 kbit/s) and Fast-mode Plus (1000 kbit/s).

As an exception to the I^2 C-bus specification, the NX30P6093A does not support the I^2 C 'General Call' address (and therefore does not issue an Acknowledge), clock stretching, Software Reset command, nor 10-bit address. The various registers, address offsets and bit definitions are shown in <u>Table 12</u>.

The I²C address at Power-On Reset is as follows:

- Write address: 0x6C
- Read address: 0x6D

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Table 12.	NX30P6093A	Register map

Addr	Name	Туре	Reset Value	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
0x00h	Device ID Register	R	-		Vendor ID					Version ID		
0x01h	Enable Register	R/W	00h	VOUT_EN	DETC_EN	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	
0x02h	Status Register	R	00h	PWRON_STS	OVER_ TAG_STS	TMR_ OUT_STS	SWON_STS	OTG_STS	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	
0x03h	Flag	C/R	00h	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	OV_FLG	OC_FLG	OT_FLG	
0x04h	Interrupt Mask	R/W	F7h	PWRON_STS	OVER_ TAG_STS	TMR_ OUT_STS	SWON_STS	Reserved	OV_FLG	OC_FLG	OT_FLG	
0x05h	OVLO Trigger level	R/W	30h	Reserved	RNG2	RNG1	RNG0	OV_SEL	Reserved	OV1	OV0	
0x06h	I _{source} to VIN	R/W	00h	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	ISRC3	ISRC2	ISRC1	ISRC0	
0x07h	I _{source} working time	R/W	00h	TDET3	TDET2	TDET1	TDET0	DUTY3	DUTY2	DUTY1	DUTY0	
0x08h	Voltage to VIN	R	00h	VIN7	VIN6	VIN5	VIN4	VIN3	VIN2	VIN1	VIN0	
0x09h	Set Tag on VIN	R/W	00h	TVIN7	TVIN6	TVIN5	TVIN4	TVIN3	TVIN2	TVIN1	TVIN0	
0x0Ah	Reserved	R/W	00h	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	
0x0Bh	Reserved	R/W	00h	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	
0x0Ch	Reserved	R/W	00h	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	
0x0Dh	Reserved	R/W	00h	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	
0x0Eh	Additional OVP	R/W	00h	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	AOVP1	AOVP0	
0x0Fh	Slew rate Tune	R/W	04h	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	SRT2	SRT1	SRT0	

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8.10.1 Device ID Register (Address 0x00h)

Table 13. Device ID Register

Bit	Name	Туре	Reset Value	Description
7:3	Vendor ID	R	00001	NXP Vendor ID 00001
2:0	Version ID	R	001	Device revision number 001

8.10.2 Enable Register (Address 0x01h)

Table 14. Enable Register

Bit	Name	Туре	Reset Value	Description			
7	VOUT_EN	R/W	0h	0h = Main switch MOSFET turned on			
				1h = Main switch MOSFET turned off			
6	DETC_EN	R/W	R/W 0h	R/W 0h	R/W 0h	0h	0h = ISOURCE VIN impedance detection turn off
				1h = ISOURCE VIN impedance detection turn on			
5:0	Reserved	R/W	0h	0h = default			

8.10.3 Status Register (Address 0x02h)

Bit	Name	Туре	Reset Value	Description
7	PWRON_STS	R	0h	0h = VIN voltage less than V _{UVLO}
				1h= VIN voltage larger than V_{UVLO} . An interrupt will be issued
6	OVER_TAG_STS	R	0h	0h = VIN detected voltage larger than Tag voltage
				1h = VIN detected voltage less than Tag voltage. An interrupt will be issued, please refer to Section 8.8 for the details
5	TMR_OUT_STS	R	Oh	0h = t _{DET} timer is not out
				1h = t_{DET} timer out. An interrupt will be issued, please refer to <u>Section 8.8</u> for the details
4	SWON_STS	R	0h	0h = The main switch is turn off
				1h= The main switch is turn on. An interrupt will be issued
3	OTG_STS	R	0h	0h = The device is not in OTG mode
				1h = The device is in OTG mode
3:0	Reserved	R	0h	0h = default

Table 15. Status Register

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8.10.4 Flag Register (Address 0x03h)

This is the interrupt register, when one of the FLAGs is "1", the \overline{INT} pin will be pulled LOW. Please refer to <u>Section 8.8</u>.

Bit	Name	Туре	Reset Value	Description		
7:3	Reserved	C/R	0h	0h = Default		
2	OV_FLG	C/R	0h	Overvoltage protection flag		
				When overvoltage protection triggered, set this bit as "1"		
1	OC_FLG	C/R	C/R	_FLG C/R C	/R 0h	Short circuit protection flag
				When short circuit protection triggered, set this bit as "1"		
0	OT_FLG	C/R	0h	Over temperature protection flag		
				When Over temperature protection triggered, set this bit as "1"		

Table 16. FLAG Register

8.10.5 Interrupt Mask Register (Address 0x04h)

This is the register to enable masking of the interrupts of both Flag Register and Status Register.

Bit	Name	Туре	Reset Value	Description
7	PWRON_STS	R/W	1h	0h = mask PWRON_STS interrupt
				1h = Do not mask PWRON_STS interrupt
6	OVER_TAG_STS	R/W	1h	0h = mask OVER_TAG_STS interrupt
				1h = Do not mask OVER_TAG_STS interrupt
5	TMR_OUT_STS	R/W	1h	0h = mask TMR_OUT_STS interrupt
				1h = Do not mask TMR_OUT_STS interrupt
4	SWON_STS	R/W	1h	0h = mask OVER_TAG_STS interrupt
				1h = Do not mask OVER_TAG_STS interrupt
3	Reserved	R/W	0h	0h = Default
2	OV_FLG	R/W	1h	0h = mask OV_FLG interrupt
				1h = Do not mask OV_FLG interrupt
1	OC_FLG	R/W	1h	0h = mask OC_FLG interrupt
				1h = Do not mask OC_FLG interrupt
0	OT_FLG	R/W	1h	0h = mask OT_FLG interrupt
				1h = Do not mask OT_FLG interrupt

Table 17	Interrupt Mask R	onistor
	interrupt mask is	egister

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8.10.6 OVLO trig level Register (Address 0x05h)

This is the register to set OVLO trig level and also another 2 bits for enable signal.

Bit	Name	Туре	Reset Value	Description
7	Reserved	R/W	0h	0h = Default
6:4	RNG[2:0]	R/W	03h	OVLO fine tune bits, please refer to Section 8.5
3	OV_SEL	R/W	0h	0h= OVLO level adjusted by ADJ pin
				1h=OVLO level adjusted by I ² C register bit
2	Reserved	R/W	0h	0h = Default
1:0	OV[1:0]	R/W	0h	OVLO threshold set bits, please refer to Section 8.5

Table 18. OVLO trig level Register

8.10.7 I_{source} to VIN Register (Address 0x06h)

This is the register to set I_{source} value for VIN impedance detection, please refer to <u>Section 8.8</u>.

Table 19. I_{source} to VIN Register

Bit	Name	Туре	Reset Value	Description
7:4	Reserved	R/W	0h	0h = Default
3:0	ISRC[3:0]	R/W	0h	I _{source} current value setting bits

8.10.8 I_{source} timing Register (Address 0x07h)

This is the register to set I_{source} timing for VIN impedance detection, please refer to Section 8.8.

Table 20. I_{source} timing Register

E	Bit	Name	Туре	Reset Value	Description
7	' :4	TDET[3:0]	R/W	0h	I _{source} current pulse width setting bits
3	3:0	DUTY[3:0]	R/W	0h	VIN Impedance detection duty cycle setting bits

8.10.9 Voltage on VIN Register (Address 0x08h)

This is the register to store the VIN voltage detection results from ADC, please refer to <u>Section 8.8</u>.

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Table 21. Voltage on VIN Register

Bit	Name	Туре	Reset Value	Description
7:0	VIN[7:0]	R	0h	VIN voltage detection results. The detected VIN voltage can be calculated as: $VIN[7:0] = \frac{V_{DET}}{2.7} \times 256$ Where, VIN[7:0] is decimal value of this register.

8.10.10 Set tag on VIN Register (Address 0x09h)

This is the register to set the tag of VIN voltage in VIN impedance detection, please refer to <u>Section 8.8</u>.

Table 22. Set tag on VIN Register

Bit	Name	Туре	Reset Value	Description
7:0	TVIN[7:0]	R/W	00h	Set tag of VIN voltage bits. The TVIN [7:0] can be calculated as: $TVIN[7:0] = \frac{V_{TAG}}{2.7} \times 256$ Where, TVIN is decimal data and should be transfer to binary to TVIN[7:0]

8.10.11 Additional OVP Register (Address 0x0Eh)

This is the register to set additional OVLO trip level; please refer to <u>Section 8.5</u> for more details.

Table 23.	Additional	OVP	Register
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Bit	Name	Туре	Reset Value	Description
7:2	Reserved	R/W	00h	00h = Default
1:0	AOVP[1:0]	R/W	00h	Set additional OVLO trip level

8.10.12 Slew rate tune Register (Address 0x0Fh)

This is the register to set the load switch slew rate; please refer to <u>Section 8.3</u> for more details.

Table 24.	Additional	OVP	Register
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Bit	Name	Туре	Reset Value	Description
7:3	Reserved	R/W	00h	00h = Default
2:0	SRT[2:0]	R/W	02h	Set slew rate tune

9 Application diagram

The NX30P6093 is typically used on a USB port charging path in a portable, battery operated device. The I^2C signals require an external pull-up resistor which should

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be connected to a supply voltage matching the logic input pin supply level that it is connected to.

When the default internal OVLO threshold is used, the ADJ pin shall be shorted to GND. While OVLO threshold is adjusted by ADJ pin, a resister divider shall be connected.

In order to have better VIN pin impedance detection range, it is recommended that the total resistance of R1 and R2 are larger than $1M\Omega$.

For the best performance, it is recommended to keep input and output trace short and capacitors as close to the device as possible. Regarding the thermal performance, it is recommended to increase the PCB area around VIN and VOUT pins.



10 Limiting values

Table 25. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
VI	input voltage	VIN	$\begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ -2 \\ +29 \\ -0.3 \\ +7.0 \\ \hline \\ de \\ -0.3 \\ -0.3 \\ VIN \\ \begin{bmatrix} 21 \\ -0.3 \\ +7.0 \\ \hline \\ -0.3 \\ +7.0 \\ \hline \end{bmatrix}$	V		
		VDD		-0.3	+7.0	V
		VOUT, as an input pin in OTG mode		-0.3	+7.0	V
		ADJ		-0.3	VIN	V
		EN	[2]	-0.3	+7.0	V
		SCL, SDA	[1] -2 +29 -0.3 +7.0 TG mode -0.3 +7.0 -0.3 VIN [2] -0.3 +7.0 OVP mode -0.3 +7.0 -0.3 +7.0 -0.3 +7.0 -0.3 +7.0 -0.3 +7.0 -0.3 +7.0	V		
Vo	output voltage	VOUT, as an output pin in OVP mode		-0.3	+22	V
		EN		-0.3	+7.0	V
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Table 25. Limiting values...continued In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
I _{IK}	input clamping current	EN: V ₁ < -0.5 V		-50	-	mA
I _{SK}	switch clamping current	VIN; VOUT; V _I < -0.5 V		-50	-	mA
I _{SW}	OVP mode continuous switch current	T _{amb} = 85 °C		-	5.6	A
	OVP mode peak switch current	100µs pulse, 2% duty cycle		-	7	A
	OTG mode continuous switch current	T _{amb} = 85 °C		-	1.5	A
T _{stg}	storage temperature			-65	+150	°C
P _{tot}	total power dissipation		[3]	-	1.7	W

[1] The -2V limiting value is 200ms non-repetitive pulse

[2] The minimum input voltage rating may be exceeded if the input current rating is observed.

[3] The (absolute) maximum power dissipation depends on the junction temperature T_j . Higher power dissipation is allowed in conjunction with lower ambient temperatures. The conditions to determine the specified values are $T_{amb} = 25$ °C and the use of a 4 layer PCB.

11 Recommended operating conditions

Table 26. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
VI	input voltage	VIN	0	20	V
		VOUT (OTG Mode input voltage)	4.5	5.5	V
		EN	0	5.5	V
		VDD	3.0	4.5	V
Vo	output voltage	INT	0	5.5	V
T _{j(max)}	maximum junction temperature		-40	+125	°C
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+85	°C

12 Thermal characteristics

Table 27. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Тур	Unit
R _{th(j-a)}	thermal resistance from junction to ambient		[1][2]	58.6	K/W

[1] The overall Rth(j-a) can vary depending on the board layout. To minimize the effective Rth(j-a), all pins must have a solid connection to larger Cu layer areas e.g. to the power and ground layer. In multi-layer PCB applications, the second layer should be used to create a large heat spreader area right below the device. If this layer is either ground or power, it should be connected with several vias to the top layer connecting to the device ground or supply. Try not to use any solder-stop varnish under the chip.

[2] Rth(j-a) is calculated based on JEDEX2S2P board. The actual Rth(j-a) value may vary in applications using different layer stacks and layouts.

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13 Static characteristics

Table 28. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	T _{amb} = 25 °C			T _{amb} = -40 °	Unit	
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	$\overline{\text{EN}}$ pin; V _{I(VIN)} = 2.8V to 20V	1.2	-	-	1.2	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage \overline{EN} pin; $V_{I(VIN)}$ = 2.8V to 20V		-	-	0.4	-	0.4	V
I _{EN}	Input leakage current	ΕΝ pin; V _{I(ΕΝ)} =0V	-	0.1	-	-1	1	μA
CI	input capacitance	EN pin; V _{I(VIN)} = 5V	-	5	-	-	-	pF
R _{pd}	pull-down resistance	EN pin;	0.7	1	1.3	-	-	MΩ
lq	VIN quiescent current	$\overline{\text{EN}}$ = 0 V; V _{I(VIN)} = 5.0 V; I _O = 0 A;	-	150	-	-	200	μA
		$\overline{\text{EN}}$ = 5.0 V; V _{I(VIN)} = 5.0 V; I _O = 0 A;	-	1	-	-	3	μA
I _{q_SLEEP}	VDD Sleep mode current	EN = 0 V; V _{I(VIN)} <v<sub>UVLO; VDD=3.0V; DETC_EN=0</v<sub>	-	12.5	-	-	20.5	μA
I _{q_OTG}	VOUT quiescent current	$\overline{\text{EN}} = 0 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I(VOUT)} = 5.0 \text{ V};$ I _O = 0 A;	-	160	-	-	210	μA
I _{DET_LEAKAGE}	VIN Pin leakage in detection mode	EN = 0 V; V _{I(VIN)} =1V; DETC_EN=1	-	0.2	-	-	0.5	μA
I _{S(OFF)}	VOUT OFF-state leakage current	EN = 5.0 V; V _{I(VIN)} = 5.0V; VOUT = 0 V	-	0.5	-	-	2	μA
V _{UVLO}	undervoltage lockout release voltage	VIN Rising; $\overline{EN} = 0 V$	-	2.65	-	2.5	2.8	V
V _{hys(UVLO)}	undervoltage lockout hysteresis voltage	VIN Falling;	-	100	-			mV
I _{OVLO}	ADJ pin input leakage Current	VIN=5V, V _{ADJ} =3V apply after power up	-	3	-	-	6	μA
		VIN=5V, V _{ADJ} =3V apply before power up	-	10	-	-	100	nA
V _{OVLO}	Default overvoltage lockout voltage	VIN Rising; EN = 0 V; ADJ short to GND	-	6.8	-	6.6	7.0	V
$V_{hys(OVLO)}$	Overvoltage lockout hysteresis voltage	VIN Falling; EN = 0 V; ADJ short to GND	-	2	-	1.3	2.7	%
$V_{\text{th}(\text{OVLO})}$	external OVLO set threshold voltage	V _{I(VIN)} = 2.8V to 20V; EN = 0 V	-	1.204	-	1.175	1.224	V
I ² C-bus Interf	ace Specifications	1		1	ļ.	1	1	
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	SCL, SDA; VDD= 3.0V to 4.5V	1.2	-	-	1.2	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	SCL, SDA; VDD= 3.0V to 4.5V	-	-	0.4	-	0.4	V

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Table 28. Static characteristics...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Т	_{amb} = 2	5 °C	T _{amb} = -40 °	C to +85 °C	Unit
			Min	Тур	Мах	Min	Max	
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	INT pin; VDD= 3.0V to 4.5V; I _{load} = 1mA	-	-	0.3	-	0.3	V
ISOURCE ADC S	Specifications							
I _{SOURCE_} ADC	Current source accuracy	VDD= 3.0V to 4.5V	-	-	-	-5	+5	%
t _{DET}	t _{DET} accuracy		-	-	-	-5	+5	%
t _{DUTY}	t _{DUTY} accuracy		-	-	-	-5	+5	%
V _{ADC}	ADC input voltage range	VDD= 3.0V to 4.5V	0		2.5	0	2.5	V
V _{ADC}	ADC reference voltage	VDD= 3.0V to 4.5V	-	2.7	-	2.64	2.76	V
Thermal Prote	ection		I	1	1			
T _{th(otp)}	over temperature shutdown threshold temperature	VIN=2.8V to 20V	-	-	-	127	150	°C
T _{th(otp)hys}	hysteresis of over temperature protection threshold temperature	VIN=2.8V to 20V	-	-	-	23	27	°C

13.1 Graphs



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13.2 ON resistance

Table 29. ON resistance

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		T _{amb} = 25 °C		T _{amb} = -40 °C to +85 °C		Unit	
				Min	Тур	Мах	Min	Мах	
R _{ON}	ON resistance	I _{LOAD} = 1 A							
		V _{I(VIN)} = 5.0 V		-	15.5	20	-	25	mΩ
		V _{I(VIN)} = 20 V		-	15.5	20	-	25	mΩ

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13.3 ON resistance test circuit and graphs





High-voltage I²C controlled OVP load switch with OTG

14 Dynamic characteristics

Table 30. Dynamic characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 18.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ta	amb = 25	°C	T _{amb} = -40 °C	c to +85 °C	Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Мах	
t _{en}	Enable Time	From EN to $V_{(VOUT)} = 10 \%$ of $V_{(VIN)}$; (Including debounce time); $V_{I(VIN)} = 5 V$; $C_{Load} = 22$ μ F; $R_{Load} = 100 \Omega$	-	15	-	10	20	ms
t _{TLH}	VOUT rise time	$V_{(VOUT)}$ from 10 % to 90 % V _(VIN) ; C _{Load} = 22 μF; R _{Load} = 100 Ω						
		V _{I(VIN)} = 5 V	-	0.9	-	-	2	ms
		V _{I(VIN)} = 20 V	-	1.8	-	-	3	ms
t _{dis(OVP)}	OVLO turn off time	From $V_{(VIN)}$ > V_{OVLO} to $V_{(VOUT)}$ = 80 % of $V_{(VIN)}$; R_{load} = 100 Ω ,; C_{load} = 0 μ F; $V_{I(VIN)}$ = 20 V; ADJ pin short to GND; VIN rise >2 V/us	-	30	-	-	100	ns
t _{start}	VIN start time	$\overline{\text{EN}}$ = 0; from VIN > V _{UVLO} to V _(VOUT) = 10 % of V _(VIN)	-	15	-	10	20	ms
t _{dis}	Disable time	From EN to $V_{(VOUT)} = 90$ % of $V_{(VIN)}$; $V_{I(VIN)} = 5$ V; $C_{Load} = 0$ μ F; $R_{Load} = 100 \Omega$	-	0.2	-	0.1	0.5	μs
t _{DEB}	Debounce time	Time from $V_{UVLO} < VIN < V_{OVLO}$ to $V_{(VOUT)} = 10$ % of $V_{(VIN)}$	-	13.5	-	-	-	ms
t _{WAKEUP} ^[1]	Sleep to VIN detection wake up time	Time from DETC_EN = 1 to device ready for VIN impedance detection	-	1.5	-	-	3	ms
t _{SCP}	Short circuit protection response time	VIN=5 V; Time from short circuit happened to switch turn off	-	3	-	-	-	μs

[1] Guaranteed by design

Table 31. I²C-bus interface timing requirements

At recommended operating conditions; $T_{amb} = -40$ °C to +85 °C; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standa	rd Mode	Fast Mode		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
f _{SCL}	I ² C SCL clock frequency ^[1]		0	100	0	1000	kHz
t _{HIGH}	HIGH period of the SCL clock		4	-	0.6	-	μs
t _{LOW}	LOW period of the SCL clock		4.7	-	1.3	-	μs
t _{SP}	pulse width of spikes that will be suppressed by the input filter		-	50	-	50	ns

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standa	rd Mode	Fast Mode		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{SU;DAT}	data set-up time		250	-	100	-	ns
t _r	rise time of both SDA and SCL signals		-	1000	20+0.1C _b ^[2]	300	ns
t _f	fall time of both SDA and SCL signals		-	300	20+0.1C _b ^[2]	300	ns
t _{BUF}	bus free time between a STOP and START condition		4.7	-	1.3	-	μs
t _{SU;STA}	set-up time for a repeated START condition		4.7	-	0.6	-	μs
t _{HD;STA}	hold time (repeated) START condition		4	-	0.6	-	μs
t _{SU;STO}	set-up time for STOP condition		4	-	0.6	-	μs
t _{VD;DAT}	data valid time	SCL LOW to SDA output valid	-	3.45	-	0.9	μs
t _{VD;ACK}	data valid acknowledge time	ACK signal from SCL LOW to SDA LOW	-	3.45	-	0.9	μs

 Table 31. I²C-bus interface timing requirements...continued

At recommended operating conditions; $T_{amb} = -40$ °C to +85 °C; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

[1] For other I²C operating modes please refer to I²C-bus specification and user manual: <u>https://www.nxp.com/docs/en/user-guide/UM10204.pdf</u> [2] C_b = total capacitance of one bus line in pF.

14.1 Waveforms and test circuit



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Table 32. Test Condition

Supply voltage V _{EXT}	Load	
VIN	CL	RL
2.8 V to 20V	22 µF	100 Ω



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15 Package outline



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16 Revision history

	/			
Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
NX30P6093A v2.1	20220406	Product data sheet	-	NX30P6093A v2.0
Modifications:	• Section 8.8: Upo	dated URL for application note	AN13609	
NX30P6093A v2.0	20220405	Product data sheet	-	NX30P6093A v1.0
NX30P6093A v1.0	20180816	Product data sheet	-	-

Table 33. Revision history

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17 Legal information

17.1 Data sheet status

Document status ^{[1][2]}	Product status ^[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
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