

LVHC (Low Voltage High Current) LED Driver

Product Offering

LED driver board capable of driving 36A at low voltages

Adjustment to set max current

Fast Driver Switching Frequency (420KHz)

Custom Pulse Shaping

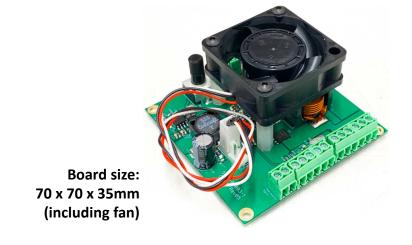
- Opto-isolated Input terminals
- Fast Switching Response (Min. Pulse Width = 8μs)

Monitor Driver and LED parameters through test points:

- Forward Voltage (V_f) and Forward Current (I_f)
- Forward Current (I_f) with Pulsed Input (Measured w/Duty Cycle)

Active thermal management

- Monitor LED Temperature
- · Back off drive current to maintain safe working temperatures

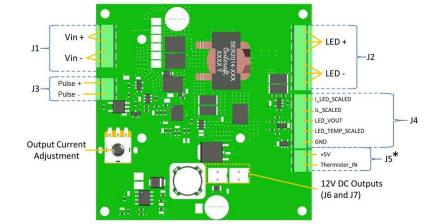


Input / Output Characteristics

Input Voltage	12 or 24Vdc
Output Power (Max.)	150W
	Up to 8Vdc (V _{in} =12V)
Output Voltage	Up to 18Vdc (V _{in} =24V)
Output Current Range (onboard dial)	1 – 30A (static current) 1 – 36A (pulse current)
Output Current Ripple	< 5% @ 420KHz
Efficiency (with 1.2W fan)	92% (typ.)
Driver Switching Frequency	420KHz

Custom Pulse Shaping (Pulse+ / Pulse-)

	<u>, </u>
Pulse Input (Isolated Input)	Opto-isolator
	5V (min)
Pulse Input Voltage (Pk-Pk)	8V (max)
	LED output ON when
Pulse Input: ACTIVE LOW	Pulse Input is LOW
Min. Pulse Width	8µs
Output Current Switching	Rise Time < 2µs
Response Time	Fall Time < 5.5µs
Pulsed Output Current Overshoot	< 35%



Monitoring Features

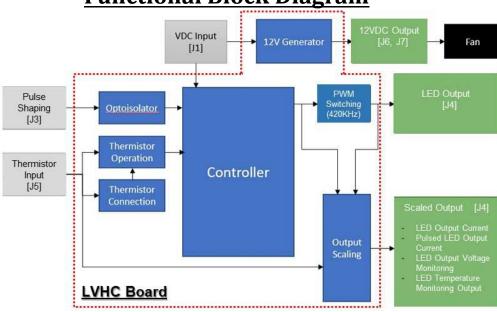
Thermistor_IN
LED_TEMP_SCALED
LED_VOUT
IL_SCALED
(Accuracy ± 5%)
I_LED_SCALED
(Accuracy ± 5%)

^{*} J5 - Thermistor input is required for driver operation. Driver will limit output current to less than 2A if no thermistor connection is detected.

The LED thermal protection function can be bypassed by placing a 10KΩ resistor across J5. Note that in doing so, the LVHC driver will not be able to detect excessive high-temperature LED operation. Thermistor wiring is interchangeable (no polarity)



Functional Block Diagram

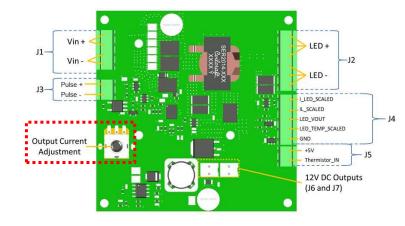


Input	Ports		
VDC Input [J1]	Vin+	• V _{in} =12V (Support V _{out} up to 8Vdc)	
	Vin-	 V_{in}=24V (Support V_{out} up to 18Vdc) Opto-isolated Input terminals 	
	Pulse+	Pk-Pk 5V (min) / 8V (max)	
Pulse Shaping [J3]	Pulse-	LED output ON when Pulse Input is LOW	
		 Fast Switching Response (Min. Pulse Width = 8μs) 	
Thermistor Input [J5]	+5V	• 10KΩ thermistor input	
Thermistor input [35]	Thermistor_IN	Thermistor wiring is interchangeable (no polarity)	
Output	Ports		
LED Output [J2]	LED+ LED-	LED Output ports for LED connection	
Scaled Output [J4]		By measuring voltage across monitoring pins to calculate the required	
		parameters	
- LED Output Current	IL_SCALED	LED Output Current (without Pulse Duty Cycle counted	
·	_	 Current (A) = 0.88 + [Voltage (V) x 20.7 	
- Pulsed LED Output Current	I_LED_SCALED	LED Output Current (with Pulse Duty Cycle counted) i.e. 36A LED Output	
		Current with 10% Duty-Cycle Pulse = 3.6A	
		 Current (A) = 0.88 + [Voltage (V) x 20.7 	
 LED Output Voltage Monitoring 	LED_VOUT	Measure the LED voltage	
-	LED_TEMP_SCALED	translates LED temperature into a voltage (tuned with Murata	
- LED Temp. Monitoring Output		NCP18XH103J03RB)	
		➤ LED Temperature (°C) = 39*LN(LED_TEMP_SCALED) + 90	
12VDC Output [J6, J7]		2x 12V DC output connectors (J6 & J7) are provided	
		Used – for driver on-board cooling fan	
	+/- [J6]		
		 Available for user – i.e. for LED cooling fan) 	
	+ / - [J7]		



LED Output Current Setting [R12]

- LED output current is set by turning R12
 - > clockwise to increase current
 - > counterclockwise to decrease current



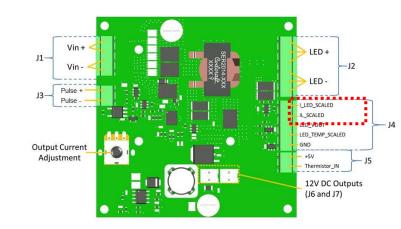
LED Output Current Monitoring [J4]

❖ IL_SCALED

- ➤ LED Output Current (without Pulse Duty Cycle counted
- > Current (A) = 0.88 + [Voltage (V) x 20.7
- ➤ Current Accuracy ± 5%

❖ I_LED_SCALED

- ➤ LED Output Current (with Pulse Duty Cycle counted)
- ➤ i.e. 36A LED Output Current with 10% Duty-Cycle Pulse = 3.6A
- > Current (A) = 0.88 + [Voltage (V) x 20.7
- ➤ Current Accuracy ± 5%





Custom Pulse Shaping [J3]

❖ Pulse +

Pulse -

• Input Signal (Pk-Pk): 5V (min) / 8V (max)

• Pulse Input: ACTIVE LOW

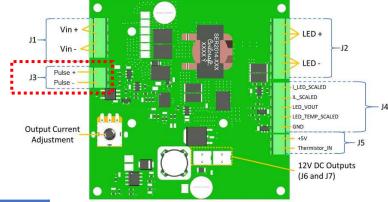
> LED output ON when Pulse Input is LOW

• Fast Switching Response (Min. Pulse Width = 8μs)

Output Current Pulse Switching Response

• Output Current / Voltage dependent

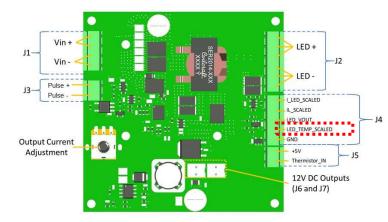
Output Voltage (V)	Output Current (A)	Rise Time (μs)	Fall Time (μs)
3	30	1.2	3.9
5	30	1.4	5.5
10	30	1.2	2.8
18	15	2	1

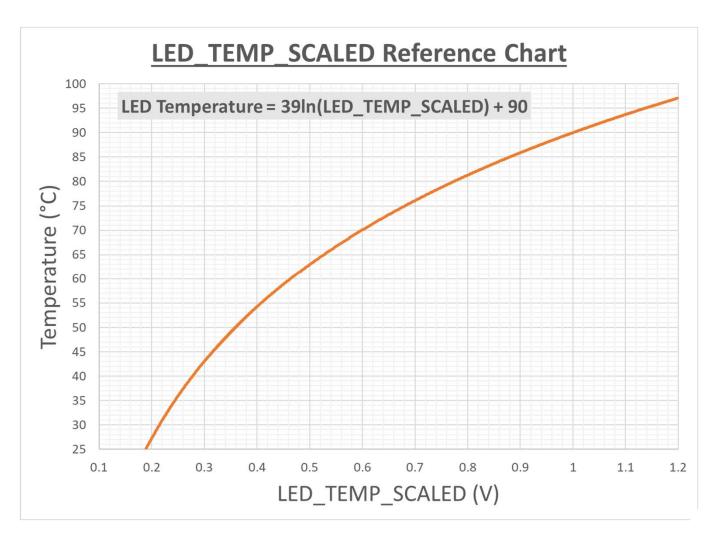




LED Temperature Monitoring [J4]

- LED_TEMP_SCALED
 - Translates LED temperature into a voltage (tuned with Murata NCP18XH103J03RB)
 - ➤ LED Temperature (°C) = 39*LN(LED_TEMP_SCALED) + 90





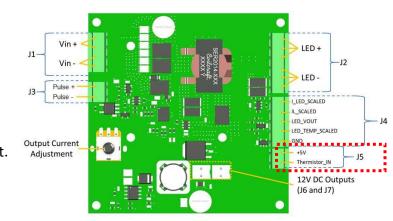




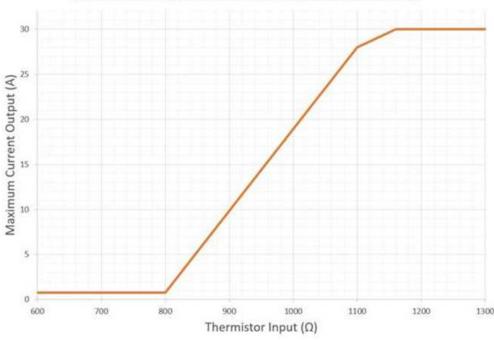
Active Thermal Management with Thermistor Input [J5]

THERMISTOR_IN / +5V

- > 10KΩ thermistor input
- Thermistor wiring is interchangeable (no polarity)
- ➤ 90°C maximum LED temperature: If thermistor readings are over 90°C, driver will reduce current output to LED, reducing overall power to prevent the LED from overheating. The more the temperature is exceeded, the greater the reduction of output current.
- Thermistor input is required for driver operation. Driver will limit maximum current output to less than 2A if no thermistor connection is detected.
 - o The LED thermal protection function can be bypassed by placing a $2K\Omega$ - $10K\Omega$ resistor across J5. Note that in doing so, the LVHC driver will not be able to detect excessive high-temperature LED operation.
- ➤ The below graph shows how the LVHC driver limits maximum current output to protect the LED. Note that using a different thermistor from the one specified will alter its behavior during high-temperature operation (per the above graph).



Thermistor Input vs. Maximum Current Output







LVHC Compatibility Table With Luminus Specialty LEDs



- 1				1
CBM-90 IR / IRD	CBT-39 UV / W	CFT-90 W / CG	PT-26 B / CG / RA	SBT-70 B / G
CBM-120 UV / FR	CBT-90 W/B/G/R UV		PT-39-TE B / G / DR	SBT-90 W / R
	CBT-140 W		PTM-40 B / CG / RA	
Surga Surga	No. of the last of		PT-50 B / CG / RA	
20		8	PT-54 B / G / RAX	
	111111		PT-120/121 B/G/RAX	





