

ASNT5131-PQC is available on two evaluation boards: one with negative supply and one with positive supply. Application notes for these two evaluation boards are presented in order of:

- Negative supply on ASNT05\_12
- Positive supply on ASNT05\_11

By default, ADSANTEC will ship the positive supply evaluation board. Please send us a message through the DigiKey marketplace website if you would like to receive the negative supply version.

The datasheet for ASNT5131-PQC can be accessed through the following LINK.

Rev. 1.0.1 September 2020



# ASNT5131-PQC on ASNT05\_12 Evaluation Board DC-17Gbps Limiting Amplifier Application Note

### **Part Description**

ASNT5131-PQC limiting amplifier accepts a broadband data/clock signal at its differential input port dp/dn and delivers it with adjustable amplitude to its differential output port qp/qn. The output amplitude can be adjusted by DC or AC signals applied to the differential tuning port tp/tn.

The part is mounted on an ASNT05\_12 evaluation board with 50*Ohm* transmission lines to transfer signals to/from the chip to 4 high-speed edge-mount female connectors (Southwest or similar) as shown in Fig. 1. The board has two low-speed edge-mount SMA connectors for control signals, a MOLEX connector for the power supply, as well as signal filters, supply filters, and decoupling networks. The board measures approximately 2.0 x 2.0 inches, without connectors.

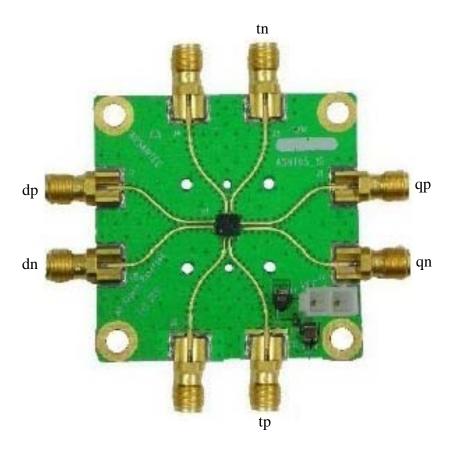


Fig. 1. Layout of ASNT05\_12 PCB



The signal and power connectors are described in Table 1 and Table 2 below.

Table 1. Signal Connectors

Name	Name	Signal description	Signal	I/O type
on PCB	on Chip		polarity	
J7	dp	Differential inputs with internal SE 50 <i>Ohm</i> termination to	Direct	CML
J8	dn	VCC	Inverted	input
J1	qp	Differential outputs with internal SE 50 <i>Ohm</i> termination	Direct	CML
J2	qn	to VCC; require external SE 50 <i>Ohm</i> termination to VCC	Inverted	output
J5	tp	Amplitude control - low-speed input with internal	Direct	Analog
J3	tn	2KOhm termination to VCC	Inverted	Analog

Table 2. Power Supply Connectors

Name on PCB	Name on Chip	Supply type	Supply voltage, V
GND	vcc	External ground	0
VEE	vee	Main negative power supply	-5.0

### **Initial Setup and Basic Functionality**

- 1. The part is static sensitive. Please observe anti-static protection procedures!
- 2. Measure the resistance of all connector pins to VCC, including the power supply, while making sure the board is grounded. All high speed I/O ports should measure 50*Ohms* while on the power supply connector, VEE should be high impedance and GND should be a short. tnp/tnn should be 2.0*KOhms*. Fig. 2 shows the resistance values of the described I/O connectors.

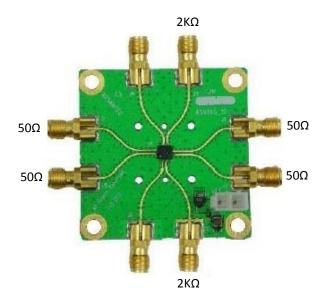


Fig. 2. Impedance of I/O Connectors



- 3. Switch on the external power supply unit and set it to a negative supply voltage with a value of -0.0V (positive output pin of the unit must be shorted to ground).
- 4. Connect the supply unit's output pins to the PCB's Molex connector marked VEE GND so that the negative output pin is connected to VEE connector pin.
- 5. Gradually increase the negative supply voltage to -5.0V.
- 6. Monitor the supply current in accordance with the part's specifications. Current should be approximately 196mA.
- 7. Apply differential or SE high-speed data or clock signaling to connectors J7/J8. DC blocks or the appropriate shift of voltage levels might be required!
- 8. Observe a version of the input signal at connectors J1/J2. Connect them to a sampling oscilloscope (or similar devices with a 50*Ohm* termination to ground) either directly or through DC blocks.
- 9. Apply DC voltages within the range from vcc to vcc-0.5V to connectors J5/J3 to modify the output amplitude. Observe the corresponding output amplitude changes on the oscilloscope.

#### **Board Dimension**

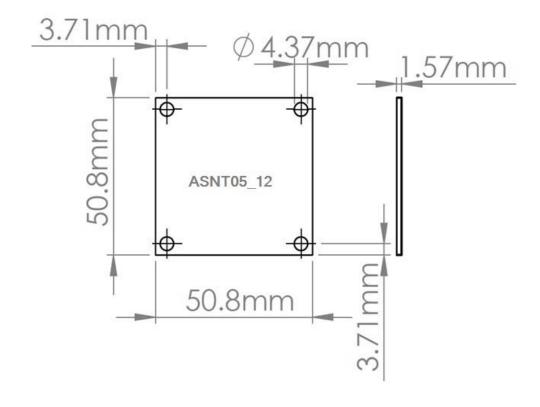


Fig. 3. ASNT05\_12 Board Dimensions

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# ASNT5131-PQC on ASNT05\_11 Evaluation Board DC-17Gbps Limiting Amplifier Application Note

### **Part Description**

The ASNT5131-PQC limiting amplifier accepts a broadband data/clock signal at its differential input port dp/dn and delivers it with adjustable amplitude to its differential output port qp/qn. The output amplitude can be adjusted by DC or AC signals applied to the differential tuning port tp/tn.

The part is mounted on an ASNT05\_11 evaluation board with 50*Ohm* transmission lines to transfer signals to/from the chip to 4 high-speed edge-mount female connectors (Southwest or similar) as shown in Fig. 4. The board has two low-speed edge-mount SMA connectors for control signals, a MOLEX connector for the power supply, as well as signal filters, supply filters, and decoupling networks. The board measures approximately 2.0 x 2.0 inches, without connectors.

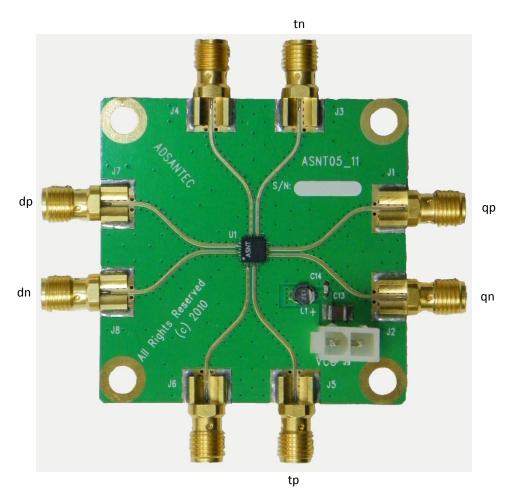


Fig. 4. Layout of ASNT05 11 PCB



The signal and power connectors are described in Table 1 and Table 2 below.

Table 3. Signal Connectors

Name	Name	Signal description	Signal	I/O type
on PCB	on Chip		polarity	
J7	dp	Differential inputs with internal SE 50 <i>Ohm</i> termination to	Direct	CML
J8	dn	VCC	Inverted	input
J1	qp	Differential outputs with internal SE 50 <i>Ohm</i> termination	Direct	CML
Ј2	qn	to VCC; require external SE 50 <i>Ohm</i> termination to VCC	Inverted	output
J5	tp	Amplitude control - low-speed input with internal	Direct	Analog
J3	tn	2KOhm termination to vcc	Inverted	Analog

Table 4. Power Supply Connectors

Name on PCB	Name on Chip	Supply type	Supply voltage, V
VCC	vcc	Main positive power supply	+5.0
GND	vee	External ground	0

### **Initial Setup and Basic Functionality**

- 10. The part is static sensitive. Please observe anti-static protection procedures!
- 11. Measure the resistance of all connector pins to VCC, including the power supply, while making sure the board is grounded. All I/O ports should measure 50*Ohms* while on the power supply connector, VCC should be a short, and GND should be high impedance. tnp/tnn should measure 2.0*KOhms*. Fig. 5 shows the resistance values of the described I/O connectors.

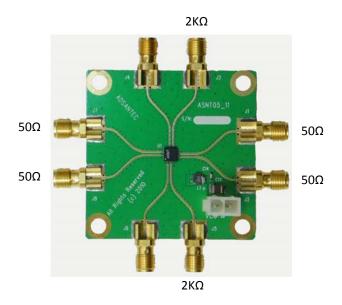


Fig. 5. Impedance of I/O Connectors

- 12. Switch on the external power supply unit and set it to a positive supply voltage with a value of +0.0V (negative output pin of the unit must be shorted to ground).
- 13. Connect the supply unit's output pins to the PCB's Molex connector marked VCC GND so that the positive output pin is connected to VCC connector pin.
- 14. Gradually increase the positive supply voltage to +5.0V.
- 15. Monitor the supply current in accordance with the part's specifications. Current should be approximately 100mA.
- 16. Apply differential or SE high-speed data or clock signaling to connectors J7/J8. DC blocks or the appropriate shift of voltage levels might be required!
- 17. Observe a version of the input signal at connectors J1/J2. Connect them to a sampling oscilloscope (or similar devices with a 50*Ohm* termination to ground) through DC blocks.
- 18. Apply DC voltages within the range from vcc to vcc-0.5V to connectors J5/J3 to modify the output amplitude. Observe the corresponding output amplitude changes on the oscilloscope.

#### **Board Dimensions**

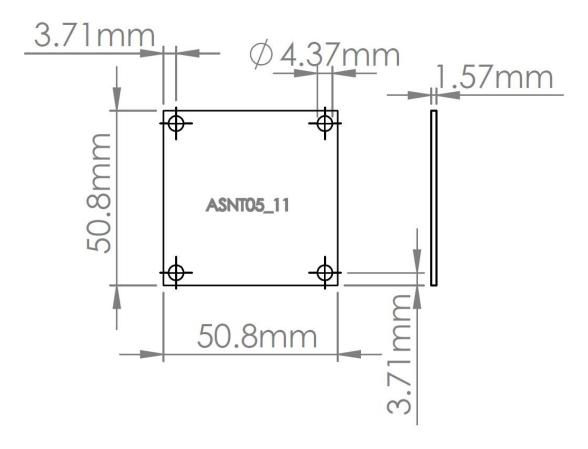


Fig. 6. ASNT05 11 Board Dimensions



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## **Revision History**

Revision	Date	Changes
1.0.1	09-2020	Initial Release

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