



# Rambus<sup>™</sup> XDR<sup>™</sup> Clock Generator

### **General Description**

The **ICS9214** clock generator provides the necessary clock signals to support the Rambus XDR<sup>™</sup> memory subsystem and Redwood logic interface. The clock source is a reference clock that may or may not be modulated for spread spectrum. The **ICS9214** provides 4 differential clock pairs in a space saving 28-pin TSSOP package and provides an off-the-shelf high-performance interface solution.

Figure 1 shows the major components of the **ICS9214** XDR Clock Generator. These include the a PLL, a Bypass Multiplexer and four differential output buffers. The outputs can be disabled by a logic low on the OE pin. An output is enabled by the combination of the OE pin being high, and 1 in its SMBus Output control register bit.

The PLL receives a reference clock, CLK\_INT/C and outputs a clock signal at a frequency equal to the input frequency times a multiplier. Table 2 shows the multipliers selectable via the SMBus interface. This clock signal is then fed to the differential output buffers to drive the enabled clocks. Disabled outputs are set to Hi-Z. The Bypass mode routes the input clock, CLK\_INT/C, directly to the differential output buffers, bypassing the PLL.

Up to four **ICS9214** devices can be cascaded on the same SMBus. Table 3 shows the SMBus addressing and control for the four devices.

#### **Features**

- 400 500 MHz clock source
- 4 open-drain differential output drives with short term jitter < 40ps
- Spread spectrum compatible
- Reference clock is differential or single-ended, 100 or 133 MHz
- SMBus programmability for:
  - frequency multiplier
  - output enable
  - operating mode
- Supports frequency multipliers of: 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9/2, 15/2 and 15/4
- Support systems where XDR subsystem is asynchronous to other system clocks
- 2.5V power supply



#### **Pin Configuration**

28-Pin 4.4mm TSSOP



# Pin Descriptions

PIN #	PIN NAME	PIN TYPE	DESCRIPTION
1	AVDD2.5	PWR	2.5V Analog Power pin for Core PLL
2	AGND	PWR	Analog Ground pin for Core PLL
			This pin establishes the reference current for the differential clock
3	IREFY	IN	pairs. This pin requires a fixed precision resistor tied to ground in
			order to establish the appropriate current.
4	AGND	PWR	Analog Ground pin for Core PLL
5	CLK_INT	IN	"True" reference clock input.
6	CLK_INC	IN	"Complementary" reference clock input.
7	VDD2.5	PWR	Power supply, nominal 2.5V
8	GND	PWR	Ground pin.
9	SMBCLK	IN	Clock pin of SMBUS circuitry, 5V tolerant
10	SMBDAT	I/O	Data pin of SMBUS circuitry, 5V tolerant
11	OE	IN	Active high input for enabling outputs.
	_		0 = tri-state outputs, 1= enable outputs
12	SMB_A0	IN	SMBus address bit 0 (LSB)
13	SMB_A1	IN	SMBus address bit 1
14	BYPASS#/PLL	IN	Input to select Bypass(fan-out) or PLL (ZDB) mode
			0 = Bypass mode, 1= PLL mode
15	VDD2.5	PWR	Power supply, nominal 2.5V
16	ODCLK_C3	OUT	"Complementary" side of open drain differential clock output. This
10		001	open drain output needs an external resistor network
17	ODCLK_T3	OUT	"True" side of open drain differential clock output. This open drain
	_		output needs an external resistor network
18	GND	PWR	Ground pin.
19	ODCLK_C2	OUT	"Complementary" side of open drain differential clock output. This
	00001.(_02		open drain output needs an external resistor network
20	ODCLK T2	OUT	"True" side of open drain differential clock output. This open drain
			output needs an external resistor network
21	GND	PWR	Ground pin.
22	VDD2.5	PWR	Power supply, nominal 2.5V
23	ODCLK C1	OUT	"Complementary" side of open drain differential clock output. This
	•••••		open drain output needs an external resistor network
24	ODCLK_T1	OUT	"True" side of open drain differential clock output. This open drain
	_		output needs an external resistor network.
25	GND	PWR	Ground pin.
26	ODCLK C0	OUT	"Complementary" side of open drain differential clock output. This
		-	open drain output needs an external resistor network
27	ODCLK_T0	OUT	"True" side of open drain differential clock output. This open drain
			output needs an external resistor network
28	VDD2.5	PWR	Power supply, nominal 2.5V



### General SMBus serial interface information for the ICS9214

### How to Write:

- Controller (host) sends a start bit.
- Controller (host) sends the write address D8 (H)
- ICS clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the begining byte location = N
- ICS clock will *acknowledge*
- Controller (host) sends the data byte count = X
- ICS clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) starts sending Byte N through Byte N + X -1
- ICS clock will acknowledge each byte one at a time
- Controller (host) sends a Stop bit

#### How to Read:

- Controller (host) will send start bit.
- Controller (host) sends the write address D8 (H)
- ICS clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the begining byte location = N
- ICS clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) will send a separate start bit.
- Controller (host) sends the read address D9 (H)
- ICS clock will acknowledge
- ICS clock will send the data byte count = X
- ICS clock sends Byte N + X -1
- ICS clock sends Byte 0 through byte X (if X<sub>(H)</sub> was written to byte 8).
- · Controller (host) will need to acknowledge each byte
- Controllor (host) will send a not acknowledge bit
- Controller (host) will send a stop bit

Ind	ex Block W	/rit	e Operation
Cor	ntroller (Host)	ICS (Slave/Receiver)	
Т	starT bit		
Slav	e Address D8 <sub>(H)</sub>		
WR	WRite		
			ACK
Begi	nning Byte = N		
			ACK
Data	Byte Count = X		
			ACK
Begir	ining Byte N		
			ACK
	$\diamond$	te	
	0	X Byte	○
	$\diamond$	×	0
			0
Byte	e N + X - 1		
			ACK
Р	stoP bit		

Ind	Index Block Read Operation								
Con	troller (Host)	IC	S (Slave/Receiver)						
Т	starT bit								
Slave	e Address D8 <sub>(H)</sub>								
WR	WRite								
			ACK						
Begii	nning Byte = N								
			ACK						
RT	Repeat starT								
Slave	e Address D9 <sub>(H)</sub>								
RD	ReaD								
		ACK							
		D	ata Byte Count = X						
	ACK								
			Beginning Byte N						
	ACK								
		X Byte	○						
	$\diamond$	B	<b>O</b>						
	<b>O</b>	×	○						
	<b>O</b>								
			Byte N + X - 1						
N	Not acknowledge								
Р	stoP bit								

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#### SMB Table: Output Control Register

By	Byte 0 Pin #		Name	Control	Туре	0	- 1	PWD <sup>1</sup>
Бу	leu	FIII #	Name	Function	туре	0	1	PVVD
Bit 7	-		Test Mode	Reserved for Vendor	RW	Disable	Enable	0
Bit 6	-		MULT2	Multiplier Select	RW			0
Bit 5	Bit 5 -		MULT1	Multiplier Select	RW	See Table 2.		0
Bit 4	-		MULT0	Multiplier Select	RW		1	
Bit 3	27,2	26	ODCLK_T/C0	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 2	24,2	24,23 ODCLK_T/C1 O		Output Control	RW	Disable E	Enable	1
Bit 1	Bit 1 20,19		ODCLK_T/C2	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 0	17,1	16	ODCLK_T/C3	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1

Disable = Output in high-impedance state Enable = Output is switching

#### SMB Table: Reserved Register

By	Byte 1 Pin #		Name	Control	Туре	0	1	PWD		
				Function						
Bit 7	-		Reserved	Reserved	RW	-	-	0		
Bit 6	-		Reserved	Reserved	RW	-	-	0		
Bit 5	5 -		-		Reserved	Reserved	RW	-	-	0
Bit 4	-		Reserved	Reserved	RW	-	-	0		
Bit 3	-		Reserved	Reserved	RW	-	-	0		
Bit 2	-		Reserved	Reserved	RW	-	-	0		
Bit 1	Bit 1 -		Reserved	Reserved	RW	-	-	0		
Bit 0	Bit 0 -		Reserved	Reserved	RW	-	-	0		

#### SMB Table: Revision & Vendor ID Register

Bu	to 0	Pin #	Name	Control	Tuna	0	- 1	PWD
Бу	Byte 2 Pi		Name	Function	Туре	0	1	PVD
Bit 7	-		RID4		R	-	-	Х
Bit 6	Bit 5 -		RID3	]	R	-	-	Х
Bit 5			RID2	Revision ID	R	-	-	Х
Bit 4			RID1	1	R	-	-	Х
Bit 3			RID0		R	-	-	Х
Bit 2			VID2		R	-	-	0
Bit 1	Bit 1		VID1	Vendor ID	R	-	-	0
Bit 0		VID0		R	-	-	1	

NOTES: 1. PWD = Power Up Default



### **PLL Multiplier**

Table 2 shows the frequency multipliers in the PLL, selectable by programming the MULT0, MULT1 and MULT2 bits in the SMBus Multiplier Control register. Power up default is 4.

			<b>.</b>
Table 2.	PLL	Multiplie	r Selection

	Byte 0			Output Frequency (MHz)		
Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Frequency Multiplier	CLK_INT/C =	CLK_INT/C =	
MULT2	MULT1	MULT0	manapher	100 MHz <sup>1</sup>	133 MHz <sup>1</sup>	
0	0	0	3	300 <sup>3</sup>	400	
0	0	1	4	400 <sup>2</sup>	533	
0	1	0	5	500	667	
0	1	1	6	600	800	
1	0	0	8	800	_3	
1	0	1	9/2	450	600	
1	1	0	15/2	750	_3	
1	1 1		15/4	375	500	

NOTES

- 1 Output frequencies are based on nominal input frequencies of 100 MHz and 133 MHz. The PLL multipliers are also applicable to spread spectrum modulated input clocks.
- 2 Default muliplier value at power up
- 3 Outputs at these settings do not conform to the AC Output Characteristics, or are not supported.
- 4 Shaded areas are under development and are not yet supported

### **Device ID and SMBus Device Address**

The device ID (SMB\_A(1:0)) is part of the SMBus device address. The least significant bit of the address designates a write or read operation. Table 3 shows the addresses for four ICS9214 devices on the same SMBus.

Table 3. SN	/Bus Device A	ddresses				
ICS	S9214		8-bit SME	Bus Device Ad	dress, Incluc	ling Oper.
Device	Operation	Hex Address		SMB_A1	SMB_A0	WR#/RD
0	Write	D8		0	0	0
0	Read	D9		0	0	1

	55214			Jus Device A	uness, menue	ing oper.
Device	Operation	Hex Address		SMB_A1	SMB_A0	WR#/RD
0	Write	D8		0	0	0
0	Read	D9		0	0	1
4	Write	DA		0	1	0
I	Read	DB	11011	0	I	1
2	Write	DC	11011	-	0	0
2	Read	DD		1	0	1
3	Write	DE		1	4	0
3	Read	DF	1	· ·	1	1



## **Operating Modes**

Tab	le 4: Operat	ing Moc	les							
	BYPASS#/	Byte 1		Byte 0						
OE	PLL	Bit 7	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	ODCLK_T/C3	ODCLK_T/C2	ODCLK_T/C1	ODCLK_T/C0
L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Z	Z	Z	Z
Н	Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х		Reserved for	Vendor Test	
Н	L	0	Х	Х	Х	Х		CLK_	NT/C <sup>1</sup>	
Н	Н	0	0	0	0	0	Z	Z	Z	Z
Н	Н	0	0	0	0	1	Z	Z	Z	CLK_INT/C
Н	Н	0	0	0	1	0	Z	Z	CLK_INT/C	Z
Н	Н	0	0	0	1	1	Z	Z	CLK_INT/C	CLK_INT/C
Н	Н	0	0	1	0	0	Z	CLK_INT/C	Z	Z
Н	Н	0	0	1	0	1	Z	CLK_INT/C	Z	CLK_INT/C
Н	Н	0	0	1	1	0	Z	CLK_INT/C	CLK_INT/C	Z
Н	Н	0	0	1	1	1	Z	CLK_INT/C	CLK_INT/C	CLK_INT/C
Н	Н	0	1	0	0	0	CLK_INT/C	Z	Z	Z
Н	Н	0	1	0	0	1	CLK_INT/C	Z	Z	CLK_INT/C
Н	Н	0	1	0	1	0	CLK_INT/C	Z	CLK_INT/C	Z
Н	Н	0	1	0	1	1	CLK_INT/C	Z	CLK_INT/C	CLK_INT/C
Н	Н	0	1	1	0	0	CLK_INT/C	CLK_INT/C	Z	Z
Н	Н	0	1	1	0	1	CLK_INT/C	CLK_INT/C	Z	CLK_INT/C
Н	Н	0	1	1	1	0	CLK_INT/C	CLK_INT/C	CLK_INT/C	Z
Н	Н	0 <sup>2</sup>	1 <sup>2</sup>	1 <sup>2</sup>	1 <sup>2</sup>	1 <sup>2</sup>	CLK_INT/C	CLK_INT/C	CLK_INT/C	CLK_INT/C

#### Notes

1 Bypass Mode

2 Power up default mode

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Supply Voltage	4.0 V
Logic Inputs	GND –0.5 V to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.5 V
Ambient Operating Temperature	0°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature	–65°C to +150°C

Stresses above those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

TA = 0°C to +85°C; Supply Voltage AVDD2.5, VDD2.5 = 2.5 V +/- 0.125V (unless otherwise stated								
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
Supply Voltage	$V_{DD2.5}, A_{VDD}$		2.375		2.625	V		
Supply Current	I <sub>DD2.5</sub> , I <sub>VDD</sub>				125	mA		
High-level input voltage	VIHCLK		0.6		0.95	V		
Low-level input voltage	V <sub>ILCLK</sub>		-0.15		0.15	V		
Crossing point voltage	VIXCLK	CLK_INT, CLK_INC	0.2		0.55	V		
Difference in crossing point voltage	V <sub>IXCLK</sub>				0.15	v		
Input threshold voltage	V <sub>TH</sub>		0.35		0.5 <sub>VDD2.5</sub>	V		
High-level input voltage for single- ended CLK_IN	V <sub>IHSE</sub>	Singled-ended CLK_IN <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>TH</sub> + 0.3		2.625	v		
Low-level input voltage for single- ended CLK_IN	V <sub>ILSE</sub>		-0.15		V <sub>TH</sub> - 0.3	v		
High-level input voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	OE, SMB_A0,	1.4		2.625	V		
Low-level input voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	SMB_A1, BYPASS#/PLL	-0.15		0.8	V		
High-level input voltage - SMBus	VIHSMB	SMBCLK,	1.4		3.4652	v		
Low-level input voltage - SMBus	V <sub>ILSMB</sub>	SMBDAT	-0.15		0.8	V		

#### **DC Characteristics - Inputs**

TA =  $0^{\circ}$ C to +85°C; Supply Voltage AVDD2.5, VDD2.5 = 2.5 V +/- 0.125V (unless otherwise stated)

#### Notes:

- 1 When using singled-ended clock input, VTH is supplied to CLK\_INTC as shown in Figure 2. Duty cycle of singled-ended CLK\_IN is measured at V<sub>TH</sub>
- 2 This range of SMBus input high voltages allows the 9214 to co-exist with 3.3V, 2.5V and 1.8V devices on the same SMBus.



#### **DC Characteristics - Outputs**

TA = 0°C to +85°C; Supply Voltage AVDD2.5, VDD2.5 = 2.5 V +/- 0.125V (unless otherwise stated)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Power up latency	t <sub>PU</sub>	Power within spec to outputs within spec			3	ms
State transition latency <sup>1</sup>	t <sub>co</sub>	SMBus or Mode Select transition to outputs valid and within spec			3	ms
Differential output crossing voltage	V <sub>ox</sub>	Measured as shown in Fig. 3	0.9		1.1	V
Output Voltage Swing (peak-to-peak singled ended)	V <sub>cos</sub>	Measured as shown in Fig. 3. Excludes over and undershoot.	300		350	mV
Absolute output low voltage	VOLABS	Measured at ODCLK_T/C pins	0.85			V
Reference Voltage for swing control current	$V_{\text{ISET}}$	$V_{DD} = 2.3V, V_{OUT} = 1V$	0.98		1.02	V
Ratio of output low current to reference current at typical V <sub>DD2.5</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> /I <sub>REF</sub>	$I_{REF}$ is equal to $V_{ISET}/R_{RC}$ . Tolerance of $R_{RC} <=+/-1\%$ .	6.8	7	7.2	-
Minimum current at V <sub>OLABS</sub>	I <sub>OLABS</sub>	Measured at ODCLK_T/C pins with termination per Figure 3.	45		-	mA
Low-level output voltage SMBus	V <sub>OLSMB</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	-		0.4	V
Low-level output current SMBus	I <sub>OLSMB</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.8 V	6		-	mA
Tristate output current	I <sub>OZ</sub>	Differential clock output pins	-		50	μΑ

#### Notes:

There is no output latency or glitches if a value is written to an output register. that is the same as its current contents.

#### **AC Characteristics-Inputs**

 $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$  to +85°C; Supply Voltage AVDD2.5, VDD2.5 = 2.5 V +/- 0.125V (unless otherwise stated)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
CLK_INT/CLK_INC cycle time <sup>1</sup>	t <sub>CYCLEIN</sub>		7		11	ns
Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter	t <sub>cvc</sub> -t <sub>cvc</sub> <sup>2</sup>				185	ps
Input clock duty cycle	d <sub>tin</sub>	over 10,000 cycles	40		60	%
CLK_INT/CLK_INC rise and fall time	t <sub>R</sub> , t <sub>F</sub>	20% to 80% of input voltage	175		700	ps
Difference between input rise and fall time on same pin of a single device	t <sub>R-F</sub>	20% to 80% of input voltage	-		150	ps
Spread spectrum modulation frequency	f <sub>INM</sub> <sup>3</sup>		30		33	kHz
Spread spectrum modulation		Triangular modulation			0.6	%
index	m <sub>INDEX</sub> <sup>3</sup>	Non-triangular modulation			0.54	%
Input clock slew rate	t <sub>sl(I)</sub>	20% to 80% of input voltage	1		4	V/ns
Input Capacitance <sup>5</sup>	CINCLK	CLK_INT, CLK_INC			7	pF
Input Capacitance <sup>5</sup>	C <sub>IN</sub>	$VI = V_{DD2.5}$ or GND			10	pF
CLK_INT cycle time	t <sub>CYCLETST</sub>	Bypass Mode	4		40	ns
SMBus clock frequency	f <sub>SMB</sub>		10		100	kHz

#### Notes:

1. Measured at (VIH(nom) - VIL(nom))/2 and is the absolute value of the worst case deviation.

2. Measured at crossing points for differential clock input or at VTH for single-ended clock input

3. If input modulation is used. Input modulation is not necessary.

4. The amount of allowed spreading for non-triangular modulation is determined

by the induced downstream tracking skew.

5. Capacitance measured at f = 1 MHz, DC bias = 0.9V, VAC <100mV.



#### **AC Characteristics-Outputs**

 $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$  to +85°C; Supply Voltage AVDD2.5, VDD2.5 = 2.5 V +/- 0.125V (unless otherwise stated)

PARAMETER <sup>1</sup>	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output clock cycle time	t <sub>CYCLE</sub>		1.5		2.5	ns
Short term jitter (over 1 to	$t_{J}^{2}$	f = 400 to 635 MHz	-		40	ps
6 clock cycles)	Lj	f = 635 to 800 MHz	-		30	ps
Output Phase error when tracking SSC	t <sub>ERR,SSC</sub>		-100		100	ps
Change in skew	t <sub>SKEW</sub> <sup>3</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> = 0°C to +85°C, AVDD2.5, VDD2.5 = 2.5 V +/- 0.125V	-		15	ps
Long term average output duty cycle	DC		45		55	%
Cycle-to-cycle duty cycle	t	f = 400 to 635 MHz	-		40	ps
error	t <sub>DCERR</sub>	f = 635 to 800 MHz	-		30	ps
Output rise and fall times	t <sub>R</sub> , t <sub>F</sub>	20% to 80% of output voltage	100		300	ps
Difference between output rise and fall time on same pin of a single device	t <sub>R-F</sub>	20% to 80% of output voltage, f = 400 to 800 MHz	-		100	ps
Dynamic output impedance	Z <sub>OUT</sub> <sup>4</sup>	V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.9 V	1000		-	Ω

#### Notes:

1. Max and min output clock cycle times are based on nominal output frequencies of 400 and 667 MHz respectively. For spread spectrum modulated input clocks, the output clocks track the input modulation.

2. Output short-term jitter is the absolute value fo the worst case deviation and is defined in the Jitter section.

- 3. tSKEW is the timing difference between any two of the four differential clocks and
- is measured at common mode voltage.
- 4. Zout is defined at the output pins.
- 5. Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production

#### **Thermal Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
The most Desistance through a	$\theta_{JA}$	Still air		120		°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction to	$\theta_{JA}$	1 m/s air flow		95		°C/W
Ambient	$\theta_{JA}$	3 m/s air flow		80		°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	θ <sub>JC</sub>			20		°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction to Top of	$\Psi_{JT}$	Still Air				°C/W
Case	ΨJT			4.5		0/ 10
Maximum Case Temp					120	О°



### **Clock Output Drivers**

Figure 2 shows the clock driver equivalent circuit. The differential driver produces a specified voltage swing on the channel by switching the currents going into ODCLK\_T and ODCLK\_C. The external resistor  $R_{RC}$  at the IREFY pin sets the maximum current. The minimum current is zero.

The voltage at the IREFY pin,  $V_{IREFY}$ , is by design equal to 1 V nominally, and the driver current is seven times the current flowing through  $R_{RC}$ . So, the output low current can be estimated as  $I_{OL} = 7/R_{RC}$ .

The driver output characteristics are defined together with the external resistors,  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ , and  $R_3$ . The output clock signals are specified at the measurement points indicated in Figure 2. Table 5 shows example values for the resistors.

 $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ , and  $R_3$  and the clock driver output impedance,  $Z_{OUT}$ , must match the impedance of the channel,  $Z_{CH}$ , to minimize secondary reflections.  $Z_{OUT}$  is specified as 1000 Ohms, minimum to accomplish this. The effective impedance can be estimated by:

 $(1000R_1/(1000+R_1)+R_2)$  R<sub>3</sub>/ $(1000R_1/(1000+R_1)+R_2+R_3)$ 

Pull-up resistor  $R_T$  terminates the transmission line at the load to minimize clock signal reflection signal reflections. Table 5 shows the resistor values for establishing and effective source termination impedance of 49.2 Ohms to match a 50 Ohm channel. The termination voltages are 2.5 V for  $V_{TS}$  and 1.2 V for  $V_T$ . The resistor values R1 = 38.3 Ohms,  $R_2$  = 19.1 Ohms,  $R_3$  = 54.9 Ohms and  $R_{RC}$  = 200 Ohms can be used to match a 28 Ohm channel.

 Table 5. Example Resistor Values and Termination Voltages for a 50 Ohm Channel<sup>1</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Tolerance	Unit
R <sub>1</sub>	Termination resistor	39.2	+/- 1%	Ω
R <sub>2</sub>	Termination resistor	66.5	+/- 1%	Ω
R <sub>3</sub>	Termination resistor	93.1	+/- 1%	Ω
R <sub>T</sub>	Termination resistor	49.9	+/- 1%	Ω
R <sub>RC</sub>	Swing control resistor	200	+/- 1%	Ω
V <sub>TS</sub>	Source termination voltage	2.5	+/-5%	V
V <sub>T</sub>	Termination voltage	1.2	+/-5%	V

Notes:

1 A different set of resistors is used in Figure 2 when testing for maximum output current of the clock driver (I<sub>OLABS</sub>).

These resistors are:  $R_1$  = 34 $\Omega,~R_2$  = 31.8 $\Omega,~R_3$  = 48.7 $\Omega,~R_T$ =28 $\Omega,~R_{RC}$  = 147 $\Omega$ 





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### **Input Clock Signal**

The **ICS9214** receives either a differential or single-ended reference clock (CLK\_INT/C). When the reference input clock is from a differential clock source, it must meet the voltage levels and timing requirements listed in the **DC Characteristics** – **Inputs** and **AC Characteristics** – **Inputs** tables.

For a singled-ended clock input, an external voltage divider and a supply voltage, as shown in Figure 2, provide a reference voltage  $V_{TH}$  at the CLK\_INC pin to determine the proper switching point for CLK\_INT. The range of  $V_{TH}$  is specified in the **DC Characteristics – Inputs** table.



Figure 2. Example System Clock Driver Equivalent Circuit







Figure 4. Crossing-point Voltage



### **Power Sequencing**

Supply voltages for the ICS9214 must be applied before, or at the same time and external input and output signals.





### **Phase Noise**

The 9214 meets the single side band phase noise spectral purity for offset frequencies between 1 MHz and 100 MHz as described by the equation:

10log[1+(50 x 106/f)2.4] -138 dBc/Hz

This equation is shown in Figure 9. Phase Noise Plot



Figure 9 : Phase Noise Plot

Sample points are for this equation are shown in Table 6. Phase Noise Data Points

Offset Frequency (MHz)	1	5	10	15	20	40	80	100
SSB Spectral Purity (dbc/Hz)	-97	-114	-121	-125.2	-128	-133.7	-136.8	-137.3

Table 6 : Phase Noise Data Points





	(173 mi	l) (25.6 m	nil)		
SYMBOL		meters		ches IMENSIONS	
3 TNIDOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A		1.20		.047	
A1	0.05	0.15	.002	.006	
A2	0.80	1.05	.032	.041	
b	0.19	0.30	.007	.012	
С	0.09	0.20	.0035	.008	
D	SEE VAF	RIATIONS	SEE VARIATIONS		
E	6.40 E	BASIC	0.252 BASIC		
E1	4.30	4.50	.169	.177	
е	0.65 BASIC		0.0256	BASIC	
L	0.45	0.75	.018	.030	
N	SEE VARIATIONS		SEE VAF	RIATIONS	
α	0°	8°	0°	8°	
aaa		0.10		.004	

4.40 mm. Body, 0.65 mm. Pitch TSSOP

#### VARIATIONS

Ν	Dr	nm.	D (inch)		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
28	9.60	9.80	.378	.386	

Reference Doc.: JEDEC Publication 95, MO-153

10-0035

### **Ordering Information**







#### 0809G-08/02/08



#### **Revision History**

Rev.	Issue Date	Description	Page #
		Updated SMBus table Byte 2, Bit 3 from:0 to:1.	
		Updated PLL Multiplier Selection Table, from: Byte 1 to: Byte 0, and Bit 2,1,0,	4-5,15
0.1	3/30/2005	to: Bit 6,5,4.	4-5,15
		Updated Ordering Information from "Lead Free" to "Annealed Lead Free"	
		Added Phase noise spec	
		Removed unsupported speeds from PLL Multiplier Selection,	
		Changed minimum output raise, fall times from 140ps to 100 ps	
Α	4/6/2005	Compliant with Rev 0.81 of XCG spec.	Various
		1. Changed write address from D2 to a valid address (D8)	
В	4/22/2005	2. Changed read address from D3 to a valid address (D9)	3
С	11/11/2005	Added the 15/4 entry in the gear table to the list of supported frequencies	5
D	4/7/2006	Added Thermal Characteristics Table.	10
E	11/17/2006	Updated Pin Description.	2
F	11/5/2007	Updated to extended temperature range	-
G	5/2/2008	Updated SMBus Byte 1.	4