BX Series

SENSORS

CONTROLLERS

MOTION DEVICES

SOFTWARE

Terminal Type and Long Sensing Distance Type

CE

Features

- Sensitivity adjuster
- Timer function: ON Delay, OFF Delay, One-shot Delay
- NPN/PNP open collector output (DC power type)
- Self-diagnosis function (green LED turns on in stable level)
- Wide power supply range: Universal 24-240VDC/24-240VAC
- Protection structure IP66 (IEC standard)

Please read "Safety Considerations" in the instruction manual before using

Specifications

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(MS-2) (MS-4) (MST-

(MS-3) XMS-4, MST-□ is sold separately.

	Standard type	BX15M-TFR	BX5M-MFR	BX3M-PFR	BX700-DFR		
Model	With Timer	BX15M-TFR-T	BX5M-MFR-T	BX3M-PFR-T	BX700-DFR-T		
Sensing t	уре	Through-beam	Retroreflective (standard type)	Retroreflective (built-in polarizing filter)	Diffuse reflective		
Sensing c	listance	15m	0.1 to 5m (reflector MS-2) ^{\times1}	0.1 to 2m (reflector MS-2), 0.1 to 3m (reflector MS-3) ^{$\times1$}	700mm ^{×2}		
Sensing t	arget	Opaque materials of Min. Ø15mm	Opaque materials of Min. Ø	50mm	Translucent, opaque material		
Hysteresis		Max. 20% at rated s distance					
Response	e time	Max. 20ms					
Power su	pply	24-240VAC~±10% 50/60Hz,	24-240VDC==±10% (ripple P	-P: max. 10%)			
Power co	nsumption	Max. 3VA					
Light sour	rce	Infrared LED (850nm)		Red LED (660nm)	Infrared LED (940nm)		
	y adjustment	Sensitivity adjuster					
Operation mode		Light ON/Dark ON operation mode switch					
Control o		Relay contact output (contact capacity: 30VDC= 3A, 250VAC \sim 3A at resistive load, contact composition: 1c) st_3					
Relay life cycle		Mechanically: min. 50,000,000, electrically: min. 100,000					
Self-diagnosis output		Self-diagnosis indicator (green LED) turns on at stable operation					
Timer function		Selectable ON delay, OFF delay, one shot delay by slide switch [delay time: 0.1 to 5 sec (timer adjuster)]					
Indicator		Operation indicator: yellow LED, self-diagnosis indicator: green LED					
Connection		Terminal connection					
Insulation resistance		Over 20MΩ (at 500VDC megger)					
Insulation type		Double or strong insulation (mark: , dielectric voltage between the measured input and the power: 1.5kV)					
Noise imr	nunity	±1,000V the square wave nois	se (pulse width: 1µs) by the no	ise simulator			
Dielectric strength		1500VAC 50/60Hz for 1 minute					
Vibration	Mechanical	1.5mm amplitude at frequency of 10 to 55Hz (for 1 min) in each X, Y, Z direction for 2 hours					
, ministration	Malfunction	1.5mm amplitude at frequency of 10 to 55Hz (for 1 min) in each X, Y, Z direction for 10 minutes					
Shock	Mechanical	500m/s² (approx. 50G) in each X, Y, Z direction for 3 times					
	Malfunction	100m/s ² (approx. 10G) in each X, Y, Z direction for 3 times					
	Ambient illu.	Sunlight: max. 11,000lx, incandescent lamp: max. 3,000lx (receiver illumination)					
Environment	Ambient temp	o20 to 55°C, storage: -25 to 70°C					
	Ambient humi	i. 35 to 85%RH, storage: 35 to 85%RH					
Protectior	n structure	IP66 (IEC standard)					
Material		Case, lens cover: polycarbon	ate, sensing part: acrylic, brac	ket, bolt, nut: steel chromium	molybdenum		
	Individual	<u> </u>	Reflector (MS-2)	Reflector (MS-3)			
Accessor	y Common	Adjustment screwdriver, mounting bracket, Z bolt: 2, washer: 2, Ø6 waterproof rubber: 2, Ø10 waterproof rubber: 2					
Approval		CE					
Unit weigl	ht	TFR: approx. 225g TFR-T: approx. 226g	MFR: approx. 130g MFR-T: approx. 131g	PFR: approx. 148g PFR-T: approx. 149g	DFR: approx. 115g DFR-T: approx. 116g		

×1: The sensing distance of the retroreflective type sensor is possible setting range between reflector and sensor. A target object can be sensed in 0.1m distance. When using reflective tapes, the reflectivity will vary by the size of the tape. Please refer to the "Reflectivity by Reflective Tape Model" table before using the tapes.

※2: Non-glossy white paper 200×200mm. ※3: Relay contact output of 1a type is option.

*The temperature or humidity mentioned in Environment indicates a non freezing or condensation environment.



Specifications

◎ DC power type, Solid state output type

	Standard type	BX15M-TDT	BX5M-MDT	BX3M-PDT	BX700-DDT			
Model	With Timer	BX15M-TDT-T	BX5M-MDT-T	BX3M-PDT-T	BX700-DDT-T			
Sensing type		Through-beam	Retroreflective (standard type)	Retroreflective (built-in polarizing filter)	Diffuse reflective			
Sensing distance		15m	0.1 to 5m (reflector MS-2) ^{×1}	0.1 to 2m (reflector MS-2), 0.1 to 3m (reflector MS-3) ^{$\times 1$}	700mm ^{**}			
Sensing target		Opaque materials of Min. Ø15mm	Opaque materials of Min. Ø60mm		Translucent, opaque material			
Hysteres	is				Max. 20% at rated setting distance			
Respons	e time	Max. 1ms						
Power supply		12-24VDC== ±10% (ripple P-P:max. 10%)						
Current o	consumption	Max. 50mA						
Light sou	irce	Infrared LED (850nm) Red LED (660nm) Infrared LED (940nm)						
Sensitivit	y adjustment	Sensitivity adjuster						
Operatio	n mode	Light ON/Dark ON operation mode switch						
Control output		NPN or PNP open collector output ●Load voltage: max. 30VDC= ●Load current: max. 200mA ●Residual voltage - NPN: max. 1VDC=, PNP: max. 2.5VDC						
Self-diagnosis output		NPN open collector output (green LED turns on at stable operation and output (transistor output) turns on) •Load voltage: max. 30VDC •Load current: max. 50mA •Residual voltage - max. 1VDC(50mA), max. 0.4VDC(16mA)						
Protectio	n circuit	Reverse polarity protection ci	rcuit, output short overcurrer	t protection circuit				
Timer function		Selectable ON delay, OFF delay, one shot delay by slide switch [delay time: 0.1 to 5 sec (timer adjuster)]						
Indicator		Operation indicator: yellow LED, Self-diagnosis indicator: green LED						
Connection		Terminal connection						
Insulation resistance		Over 20MΩ (at 500VDC megger)						
Noise immunity		±240V the square wave noise (pulse width: 1µs) by the noise simulator						
Dielectric	strength	1500VAC 50/60Hz for 1 minu	ite					
	Mechanical	1.5mm amplitude at frequency of 10 to 55Hz (for 1 min) in each X, Y, Z direction for 2 hours						
Vibration	Malfunction	1.5mm amplitude at frequency of 10 to 55Hz (for 1 min) in each X, Y, Z direction for 10 minutes						
	Mechanical	500m/s ² (approx. 50G) in each X, Y, Z direction for 3 times						
Shock	Malfunction	100m/s ² (approx. 10G) in each X, Y, Z direction for 3 times						
	Ambient illu.	Sunlight: max. 11,000lx, incandescent lamp: max. 3,000lx (receiver illumination)						
Environmen	t Ambient temp.							
	-	ni. 35 to 85%RH, storage: 35 to 85%RH						
Protectio	n structure	IP66 (IEC standard)						
Material		Case, lens cover: polycarbonate, sensing part: acrylic, bracket, bolt, nut: steel chromium molybdenum						
	Individual		Reflector (MS-2)	Reflector (MS-3)				
		Adjustment screwdriver,			1			
Accesso	^{ry} Common	mounting bracket, Z bolt: 2, washer: 2, Ø6 waterproof rubber: 2, Ø10 waterproof rubber: 2	2, washer: 2, tterproof rubber: 2,					
Approval		CE	1					
Unit weig		TDT: approx. 211g TDT-T: approx. 212g	MDT: approx. 123g MDT-T: approx. 124g	PDT: approx. 141g PDT-T: approx. 142g	DDT: approx. 116g DDT-T: approx. 117g			

%1: The sensing distance of the retroreflective type sensor is possible setting range between reflector and sensor. A target object can be sensed in 0.1m distance. When using reflective tapes, the reflectivity will vary by the size of the tape. Please refer to the "IReflectivity by Reflective Tape Model" table before using the tapes.

%2: Non-glossy white paper 200×200mm.

%The temperature or humidity mentioned in Environment indicates a non freezing or condensation environment.



Operation angle (0)

type

(standard type)

(1)

Connectors/ Connector Cables/ Sensor Distribution Boxes/ Sockets

Retroreflective type (Built-in polarizing filter) • BX3M-PFR /BX3M-PFR-T • BX3M-PDT / BX3M-PDT-T

type

(standard type)

Left ←Center → Right

Sensing area ℓ_1 (mm)

type

(standard type)



Control Output Diagram

Free power type (Relay contact output)



O DC power type (NPN/PNP open collector simultaneous output)



%If short-circuit the control output terminal or supply current over the rated specification, normal control signal is not output due to the output short over current protection circuit.

The product is not equipped with the output short over current protection circuit. If short-circuit the control output terminal or supply current over the rated specification, it may result in product damage.

Operation Timing Diagram



** The waveforms of "Operation indicator" and "Transistor output" are for Light ON operation. They are opposite operation for Dark ON operation.

Timer Mode

Timer mode	Switch position		Status of light	Received light	
	S1	S2	Operation mode	Interrupted light	
	ON	ON	Light ON	ON	
Normal				OFF	
Normai			Dark ON	ON	
				OFF	
	ON	OFF	Light ON	ON	
One shat Delay				OFF	
One-shot Delay			Dark ON	ON	
				OFF	
		ON	Light ON	ON	
ON Delay	OFF			OFF	
ON Delay	OFF		Dark ON	ON	
				OFF	
		F OFF	Light ON	ON	
OFF Delay	OFF			OFF	
	OFF		Dark ON	ON	
				OFF	, I,

%T: Time can be set by the timer adjuster.

XConversion to other timer modes is applied after a former mode is finished.





Front Panel Identification

◎ Through-beam type



Timer mode switch

Dark ON / Light ON operation mode switch

Sensitivity adjuster

XThere are no timer mode switch and the timer adjuster in no timer function type.

Timer adjuster

Sensitivity adjuster

Dimensions

Timer mode switch

Dark ON / Light ON operation mode switch



Long Sensing, Amplifier Built-in Type with Universal Voltage (terminal)



Mounting and Sensitivity Adjustment

Use the product with the protective cover in the place.

Failure to follow this instruction may result in electric shock.

When extending wire, use AWG20 cable or over within 100m.

When using photoelectric sensors closely over two units, it may result in malfunction due to mutual interference. When installing the product, tighten the wire holder with a tightening torque of 1.0 to 1.5N·m.

When installing the cover, tighten the screw with a tightening torque of 0.3 to $0.5 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$.

O Through-beam type

- 1. Supply the power to the photoelectric sensor, after setting the emitter and the receiver facing each other.
- 2. Set the receiver in center of position in the middle of the operation range of indicator by adjusting the receiver or the emitter right and left, up and down.
- 3. After the adjustment, check the stability of operation by putting the object at the optical axis.
- ※If the sensing target is translucent body or smaller than Ø15mm, it can be missed by sensor because light penetrate it.
- XSensitivity adjustment: Refer to the diffuse reflective type's.



◎ Diffuse reflective type

- 1. The sensitivity should be adjusted depending on a sensing target or mounting place.
- Set the sensing target at a position to be sensed by the beam, then turn the sensitivity adjuster from the min. position of the sensitivity adjuster to the position (a) where the operation indicator (yellow LED) turns ON. (The self-diagnosis indicator (green LED) is in OFF status.)
- The operation indicator turns OFF, when the sensing target is removed from the position (a). Without the sensing target, turn the sensitivity adjuster from the position (a) to position (b) where the operation indicator (yellow LED) turns ON. (If the operation indicator does not turn ON, max. position of the sensitivity adjuster is (b).)
- Set the sensitivity adjuster at the center of two switching position (a), (b).
- ※Above sensitivity adjustment is for Light ON mode. If it is for Dark ON mode, operation indicator (yellow LED) operates opposite.
- The sensing distance indicated on specification chart is for 200×200mm of non-glossy white paper. Be sure that it can be different by size, surface and gloss of target.



Retroreflective type

- 1. Supply the power to the photoelectric sensor, after setting the photoelectric sensor and the reflector or reflective tape face to face.
- 2. Set the photoelectric sensor in the position which indicator turns on, by adjusting the reflector (or reflective tape) or the sensor right and left, up and down.
- 3. Fix both units tightly after checking that the unit detects the target.
- XIf using more than 2 photoelectric sensors in parallel, the space among them should be more than 30cm.
- XIf reflectance of target is higher than non-glossy white paper, it might cause malfunction by reflection from the target when the target is near to photoelectric sensor. Therefore put enough space between the target and the photoelectric sensor or the surface of the target should be installed at angle of 30° to 45° against optical axis. (When a sensing target with high reflectance near by, photoelectric sensing with the polarizing filter should be used.)

XSensitivity adjustment: Refer to the diffuse reflective type's.





%If the mounting place is too narrow, please use MS-4 instead of MS-2.

%Please use reflective tape (MST Series) for where a reflector is not installed.



© Retroreflective type (Built-in polarizing filter)

The light passed through the polarizing filter of the emitter reaches to the MS-3 reflector or reflective tape converting as horizontal direction. It reaches to the receiver element of polarizing filter converting as vertical by the MS-3 reflector or reflective tape. Therefore, this type can also detect reflective mirror.



%Please use reflective tape (MST Series) for where a reflector is not installed.

Reflectivity by Reflective Tape Model

Model	Standard	Built-in polarizing filter
MST-50-10 (50×50mm)	90%	30%
MST-100-5 (100×100mm)	100%	40%
MST-200-2 (200×200mm)	110%	60%

%This reflectivity is based on the reflector (MS-2).

※Reflectivity may vary depending on usage environment and installation conditions.

The sensing distance and minimum sensing target size increase as the size of the tape increases.

Please check the reflectivity before using reflective tapes.

%For using reflective tape, installation distance should be min. 20mm.