

Characteristics:

- · Brushes minimize static charge generation and remove electrostatic charges to ground when held by grounded personnel
- Dissipative polypropylene black handles remove charges when grounded
- · Available in two kinds of bristles semi fine, firm
- · Semi-fine bristles are ideal for chemical and electronics applications
- Firm bristles are mainly for electronics, especially circuit boards
- · Conductive handle's ESD properties are not effected by humidity as are wooden handle brushes
- · Conductive copper based nylon bristles with hog hair and two other natural fibers.
- RTT Resistance: 1 x 10³ to <1 x 10⁵ ohms tested per modified ANSI/ESD S4.1

Materials:

- · Firm bristles conductive yarn and pig hair
- · Semi-fine bristles conductive varn and horse hair

Handle Type	Bristle Hardness	Overall Length	Overall Width	Bristle Length	Bristle Width	Bristle Height
Round	Firm	6" (152 mm)	5/16" (8 mm)	7/16" (11 mm)	3/16" (5 mm)	3/16" (5 mm)
Long	Firm	6" (152 mm)	1/2" (13 mm)	11/16" (17 mm)	1-1/4" (32 mm)	1/4" (6 mm)
Long	Firm	7" (178 mm)	1/2" (13 mm)	10/16" (16 mm)	2-3/8" (60 mm)	5/16" (8 mm)
Flat	Firm	6-1/4" (159 mm)	2-1/8" (54 mm)	3/4" (19 mm)	2" (51 mm)	3/16" (5 mm)
Flat	Semi-Fine	5-1/4" (133 mm)	5/16" (8 mm)	13/16" (21 mm)	1/2" (13 mm)	3/16" (5 mm)
Curved	Firm	4" (102 mm)	2-1/2" (64 mm)	1" (25 mm)	3" (76 mm)	1" (25 mm)
Flat	Firm	5-1/8" (130 mm)	5/16" (8 mm)	10/16" (16 mm)	1/2" (13 mm)	3/16" (5 mm)
Flat	Firm	5-3/4" (146 mm)	7/8" (22 mm)	3/4" (19 mm)	3/4" (19 mm)	3/16" (5 mm)
Flat	Firm	5-3/4" (146 mm)	1-1/16" (27 mm)	3/4" (19 mm)	7/8" (22 mm)	3/16" (5 mm)
Flat	Firm	6-1/4" (159 mm)	1-5/8" (41 mm)	3/4" (19 mm)	1-1/2" (38 mm)	3/16" (5 mm)
Round	Soft	6-5/16" (160 mm)	3/16" (5 mm)	1" (25 mm)	1/4" (6 mm)	1/4" (6 mm)
	Type Round Long Flat Flat Curved Flat Flat Flat Flat	TypeHardnessRoundFirmLongFirmLongFirmFlatSemi-FineFlatSemi-FineCurvedFirmFlatFirmFlatFirmFlatFirmFlatFirmFlatFirmFlatFirm	Type Hardness Length Round Firm 6" (152 mm) Long Firm 6" (152 mm) Long Firm 6" (152 mm) Long Firm 7" (178 mm) Flat Firm 6-1/4" (159 mm) Flat Semi-Fine 5-1/4" (133 mm) Curved Firm 4" (102 mm) Flat Firm 5-1/8" (130 mm) Flat Firm 5-3/4" (146 mm) Flat Firm 5-3/4" (146 mm) Flat Firm 6-1/4" (159 mm)	Type Hardness Length Width Round Firm 6" (152 mm) 5/16" (8 mm) Long Firm 6" (152 mm) 1/2" (13 mm) Long Firm 7" (178 mm) 1/2" (13 mm) Long Firm 6-1/4" (159 mm) 2-1/8" (54 mm) Flat Firm 6-1/4" (133 mm) 5/16" (8 mm) Flat Semi-Fine 5-1/4" (132 mm) 2-1/2" (64 mm) Curved Firm 4" (102 mm) 2/16" (8 mm) Flat Firm 5-1/8" (130 mm) 5/16" (8 mm) Flat Firm 5-3/4" (146 mm) 7/8" (22 mm) Flat Firm 5-3/4" (146 mm) 1-1/16" (27 mm) Flat Firm 6-1/4" (159 mm) 1-5/8" (41 mm)	TypeHardnessLengthWidthBristle LengthRoundFirm6" (152 mm)5/16" (8 mm)7/16" (11 mm)LongFirm6" (152 mm)1/2" (13 mm)11/16" (17 mm)LongFirm7" (178 mm)1/2" (13 mm)10/16" (16 mm)FlatFirm6-1/4" (159 mm)2-1/8" (54 mm)3/4" (19 mm)FlatSemi-Fine5-1/4" (133 mm)5/16" (8 mm)13/16" (21 mm)CurvedFirm4" (102 mm)2-1/2" (64 mm)1" (25 mm)FlatFirm5-1/8" (130 mm)5/16" (8 mm)10/16" (16 mm)FlatFirm5-3/4" (146 mm)7/8" (22 mm)3/4" (19 mm)FlatFirm5-3/4" (146 mm)1-1/16" (27 mm)3/4" (19 mm)FlatFirm6-1/4" (159 mm)1-5/8" (41 mm)3/4" (19 mm)	TypeHardnessLengthWidthBristie LengtnWidthRoundFirm6" (152 mm)5/16" (8 mm)7/16" (11 mm)3/16" (5 mm)LongFirm6" (152 mm)1/2" (13 mm)11/16" (17 mm)1-1/4" (32 mm)LongFirm7" (178 mm)1/2" (13 mm)10/16" (16 mm)2-3/8" (60 mm)FlatFirm6-1/4" (159 mm)2-1/8" (54 mm)3/4" (19 mm)2" (51 mm)FlatSemi-Fine5-1/4" (133 mm)5/16" (8 mm)13/16" (21 mm)1/2" (13 mm)CurvedFirm4" (102 mm)2-1/2" (64 mm)1" (25 mm)3" (76 mm)FlatFirm5-1/8" (130 mm)5/16" (8 mm)10/16" (16 mm)1/2" (13 mm)FlatFirm5-3/4" (146 mm)7/8" (22 mm)3/4" (19 mm)3/4" (19 mm)FlatFirm5-3/4" (146 mm)1-1/16" (27 mm)3/4" (19 mm)7/8" (22 mm)FlatFirm6-1/4" (159 mm)1-5/8" (41 mm)3/4" (19 mm)1-1/2" (38 mm)

Designed to fulfill ANSI/ESD S20.20 requirement to ground all conductors at ESD workstation.

ESD Handbook TR20.20 Table 1 lists under Typical Static Electricity Sources "Brushes (camel/pig hair and synthetic bristles)."

"It should be understood that any object, item, material or person could be a source of static electricity in the work environment. Removal of unnecessary nonconductors, replacing nonconductive materials with dissipative or conductive materials and grounding all conductors are the principle methods of controlling static electricity in the workplace, regardless of the activity." (TR 20.20 section 2.4)

Unless otherwise note

Specifications and pro Made in Israel

Dimensions are taken from the bottom of the brush to the top of the bristles.

Synthetic vs. Natural Bristles

Synthetic bristles can easily become charged with static in standard humidity conditions.

Natural hair usually builds static in areas of low humidity, but due to the conductive fibers in our brushes, this problem does not take effect.

Generally speaking, once the conductive yarn is added to the bristles, it neutralizes the possibility of static build up caused by the natural hair.

ted, tolerance is ±10%. rocedures subject to change without notice.	CONDUCTIVE BRUSHES			
MENDA	3651 WALNUT AVE., CHINO, CA 91710	DRAWING	DATE:	
	PHONE: (909) 627-2453	NUMBER	July	
	WEBSITE: <u>MendaPump.com</u>	35690	2018	