

Current Transducer LAH 125-P

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



Electrical data

I _{pn}	Primary nominal RMS current	nt		125			А
I _{PM}	Primary current, measuring	Primary current, measuring range		0 ±20	00		Α
R _M	Measuring resistance @	C C	$T_A = 1$	70 °C	$T_{A} = 88$	5 °C	
			R _{Mmin}	R _{M max}	$R_{M \min}$	A mos	,
	with ±12 V	@ ±125 A _{max}	0	49	14	48	Ω
		@ ±200 A _{max}	0	14	14	15	Ω
	with ±15 V	@ ±125 A _{max}	22	72	29	70	Ω
		@ $\pm 200 A_{max}$	22	28	29	29	Ω
Isn	Secondary nominal RMS cu			125			mA
	Turns ratio			1:100	0		
U_{c}^{P}	Supply voltage (±5 %)			±12	15		V
$I_{\rm c}$	Current consumption			19 (@ ±	:15 V)+1	ľ	mA
C					,	3	
_	Accuracy - Dynamic pe	erformance data					
$\varepsilon_{\rm tot}$	Total error @ I_{PN} , T_{A} = 25 °C	;		±0.41			%
\mathcal{E}_{I}	Linearity error			< 0.15			%
L				Тур	Max		
I_{o}	Offset current referred to prim	ary @ $I_{\rm P}$ = 0, $T_{\rm A}$ = 25	°C		±200		mΑ
I _o	Offset current referred to seco				±0.20		mA
Ι _{ο M}	Magnetic offset current ¹⁾ @ I						
O IVI	and specified $R_{\rm M}$, after an ov		-		±0.20		mA
I _{o T}	Temperature variation of I_{Ω} ,		/				
07		–25 °C +70		±0.22	±0.65		mA
		–40 °C +85	°C	±0.30	±0.95		mA
	Delay time to 10 % of the first	al output value for L	oton	< 500			ns
t _{D 10}	Delay time to 10 % of the lina	al output value for I_{DN}	siep	- 000			110
t _{D 10} t _{D 90}	Delay time to 10 % of the fina Delay time to 90 % of the fina						ns
t _{D 10} t _{D 90} BW	Delay time to 90 % of the fina Frequency bandwidth (–3 d	al output value for I_{PN}			00		

General data °C Ambient operating temperature -40 ... +85 T_A Ambient storage temperature -40 ... +90 °C $T_{A \, st}$ Resistance of secondary winding 34 Ω $R_{\rm s}$ @ T_A= 70 °C @ T_A = 85 °C 35 Ω 30 Mass g mStandard EN 50178: 1997

<u>Notes</u>: ¹⁾ The result of the coercive field of the magnetic circuit ²⁾ For a $di/dt = 100 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}$.

$I_{\rm PN}$ = 125 A



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Printed circuit board mounting.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized delay time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application Domain

• Industrial.

LEM reserves the right to carry out modifications on its transducers, in order to improve them.



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l	Insulation coordination					
U_{d}	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	5	kV			
$U_{\rm Ni}$	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs	12	kV			
$U_{\rm t}$	Partial discharge RMS test voltage (q_m < 10 pC)	> 2	kV			
		Min				
$d_{\rm Cp}$	Creepage distance ¹⁾	14.25	mm			
d_{CI}	Clearance ¹⁾	14.25	mm			
	Comparative tracking index (group IIIa)	175				

Note: ¹⁾ On PCB with soldering pattern UTEC93-703.

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field.

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
$d_{\rm Cp}$, $d_{\rm Cl}$, $U_{\rm Ni}$	Rated insulation voltage	Nominal voltage
Basic insulation	1250 V	1000 V
Reinforced insulation	630 V	600 V

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation. A protective housing or additional shield could be used. Main supply must be able to be disconnected. Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

N° 97.34.36.000.0



UL 508: Rating and assumptions of certification

File # E189713 Vol:2 Sec:1

Standards

USR indicated investigation to the Standard for Industrial Control Equipment UL 508, Seventeenth Edition.

CNR indicated investigation to the Canadian Standard for Industrial Control Equipment CSA C22.2 No. 14-10, Eleventh Edition.

Ratings

Parameter	Unit	Standard Value	Derating Value
Primary involved potential	V AC/DC	600	600
Primary current	A AC/DC	125	86
Secondary supply voltage	V DC	0 ±15 V	0 ±13.5 V
Output signal	mA	0 125	0 86
Max surrounding air temperature	°C	85	95

Use

For use only in complete equipment where the acceptability of the combination is determined by Underwriters Laboratories Inc.

Conditions of acceptability

When installed in the end-use equipment, consideration shall be given to the following:

- 1. These devices must be mounted in a suitable end-use enclosure.
- 2. The terminals have not been evaluated for field wiring.

3. The LAH Series is intended to be mounted on the printed wiring board of the end-use equipment (with a minimum CTI of 100).

4. The LAH Series shall be used in a pollution degree 2 environment.

5. LAH Series shall be mounted on the load side of line filters.

6. Low voltage circuits are intended to be powered by a circuit derived from an isolating source (such as a transformer, optical isolator, limiting impedance or electro-mechanical relay) and having no direct connection back to the primary circuit (other than through the grounding means).

7. LAH Series: Based on results of temperature tests, in the end use application, a maximum of 100 °C cannot be exceeded at soldering point between primary coil pin and soldering point or on the primary bus bar (corrected to the appropriate evaluated max. surrounding air).

Marking

Only those products bearing the UL or UR mark should be considered to be listed or recognized and covered under UL's Followup services. Always look for the mark on the product.



Dimensions LAH 125-P (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance
- Fastening & connection of primary Recommended PCB hole
- Fastening & connection of secondary Recommended PCB hole

±0.2 mm

- 8 pins 1.4 × 1 mm 2 mm
- 3 pins 0.7 × 0.6 mm 1.2 mm

Remarks

- The temperature of the primary circuit board trace connected to the primrary pins of the transducer should not exceed 100 °C during operation.
- $I_{\rm s}$ is positive when $I_{\rm p}$ flows in the direction of the arrow.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.