

Kit Revision Date: 03 March 2020

# **841ER** SUPER SHIELD<sup>™</sup> NICKEL EPOXY CONDUCTIVE COATING KIT

### MG Chemicals Multipart Product Kit

This product is a kit made up of multiple parts. Each part is an independently packaged chemical component and has independent hazard assessments.

#### Kit Content

Part	Product Name	Product Use
А	841ER-A	Nickel conductive epoxy resin
В	841ER-B	Nickel conductive epoxy Hardener

Safety Data Sheets for each part listed above follow this cover sheet.

## **Transportation Instruction**

Before offering this product kit for transport, read Section 14 for <u>all</u> parts listed above.



(PART A)

# Safety Data Sheet

**Section 1: Identification** 

**Product Identifier and Other Means of Identification** 

Product Name: 841ER-A

Other Means of Identification: Super Shield<sup>™</sup> Nickel Epoxy Conductive Paint (Part A) Related Part # 841ER-250ML, 841ER-1.17L, 841ER-3.25L

**Recommended Use and Restriction on Use** 

Use: Nickel conductive epoxy resin

Uses Advised Against: Not available

#### **Details of Manufacturer or Importer**

Manufacturer MG Chemicals 1210 Corporate Drive Burlington, Ontario L7L 5R6 CANADA

MG Chemicals (Head Office) 9347-193 Street Surrey, British Columbia V4N 4E7 CANADA

<b>æ</b>	+1-800-340-0772
Fax	+1-800-340-0773
E-mail	support@mgchemicals.com
Web	www.mgchemicals.com

 Image: mail
 +1-905-331-1396

 Fax
 +1-905-331-2682

 E-mail
 info@mgchemicals.com

E-MAIL (Competent Person): <a href="mailto:sds@mgchemicals.com">sds@mgchemicals.com</a>

#### **Emergency Phone Number**

For hazardous material incidents ONLY (leaks, spills, fires, exposures or accidents) USA or CANADA—Call Verisk 3E at +1-866-519-4752 or +1-760-476-3962 (Service access code: 335388)

For emergencies involving the transport of dangerous goods; 24/7 service CANADA—Call CANUTEC collect at +1-613-996-6666 or \*666 on cellular phones

Page 1 of 17



## 841ER-A

(PART A)

## Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification

#### **Classification of Hazardous Chemical**

#### **GHS Categories**

Criteria		Category	Signal Word	Pictograms
Eye Damage		1	Danger	Corrosion
Flammable Liquid		2	Danger	Flame
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	Repeated Exposure	1	Danger	Health
Carcinogenicity		2	Warning	Health
Sensitization	Skin	1	Warning	Exclamation
Skin Irritation		2	Warning	Exclamation
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	Single Exposure	3	Warning	Exclamation
Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment	Chronic	3	none	none

*Note:* The degree of severity is ranked within each hazard class from

1 (Highest Severity) to up to 5 (Lowest Severity), which is opposite to HMIS and NFPA conventions. Severity category rankings do not allow comparisons between classes.

Label Elements	
Signal Word	DANGER
Pictograms	Hazard Statements
Le la	H318: Causes serious eye damage
	H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor
	H372: Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation H351: Suspected of causing cancer

Section continued on the next page

Page 2 of 17



# 841ER-A

(PART A)

Pictograms	Hazard Statements
$\mathbf{\wedge}$	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction
	H315: Causes skin irritation
· ·	H336: May cause dizziness or drowsiness
No Symbol Mandated	H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Prevention	Precautionary Statements
P201, P202	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof equipment.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260	Do not breathe mist, vapors or spray.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
Response	Precautionary Statements
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, chemical foam, or water spray to extinguish.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
P314	Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.
P304 + P340, P312	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.

Section continued on the next page

Page **3** of **17** 



# 841ER-A

(PART A)

Continued	
Response	Precautionary Statements
P305 + P351 + P338, P310	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P303 + P361 + P352	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of water or shower.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Storage	Precautionary Statements
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.
Disposal	Precautionary Statements
P501	Dispose of contents in accordance to local, regional, national and international regulations.

## Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

Other Criteria	Hazard Statements/Precautionary Statement	Signal Word	Pictograms
None	None	None	None

## Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

CAS #	Chemical Name	%(weight)
7440-02-0	nickel	53%
78-93-3	2-butanone <sup>a)</sup>	15%
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10%
25068-38-6	bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin)	8%
71-36-3	butan-1-ol	7%
14807-96-6	talc (no asbestos fiber)	3%
68609-97-2	alkyl glycidyl ether	2%

a) Also known as methyl ethyl ketone (MEK)

Page 4 of 17



## 841ER-A

(PART A)

Section 4: First-Aid Measures	
Exposure Condition	GHS Code/Symptoms/Precautionary Statements
IF IN EYES	P305 + P351 + P338, P310
Immediate Symptoms	irritation, redness, pain, burn, eye damage
Response	Rinse cautiously with water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
IF ON SKIN (or hair)	P303 + P361 + P352, P333 + P313, P363
Immediate Symptoms	redness, irritation, rash, dry skin
Response	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of water or shower.
	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
IF INHALED	P304 + P340, P312, P308 + P313
Immediate Symptoms	cough, shortness of breath, dizziness, drowsiness, headaches
Response	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.
	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
IF SWALLOWED	P301 + P330, P331, P308 + P313
Immediate Symptoms	abdominal pain, nausea, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, vomiting
Response	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Page **5** of **17** 



# 841ER-A

(PART A)

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures		
Extinguishing Media	In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, chemical foam, or water spray to extinguish.	
	Use water spray to cool containers.	
Specific Hazards	Produces irritating and toxic fumes in fires or in contact with hot surfaces. May produce very toxic nickel carbonyl gas in the presence of carbon monoxide in a reducing atmosphere.	
	The vapors are heavier than air and may accumulate in low-lying areas. Vapors may travel long distances and ignite at an ignition source, which can cause a flashback or an explosion.	
	Prevent fire-fighting wash from entering waterway or sewer system.	
<b>Combustion Products</b>	Produces carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ), nickel oxides fumes, and nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ).	
Fire-Fighter	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turnout gear.	

## **Section 6: Accidental Release Measures**

Personal Protection	See personal protection recommendations in Section 8.
Precautions for Response	Do not breathe the mist, spray or vapors. Remove or keep away all sources of extreme heat or open flames.
Environmental Precautions	Avoid releasing to the environment. Prevent spill from entering drains and waterways.
<b>Containment Methods</b>	Contain with inert absorbent (such as soil, sand, vermiculite).
Cleaning Methods	Collect liquid in a sealable, solvent-resistant container. Sprinkle inert absorbent compound onto spill, then sweep into the container. Wash spill area with soap and water to remove the last traces of residue.
Disposal Methods	Dispose of spill waste according to Section 13.

Page **6** of **17** 



## 841ER-A

(PART A)

Section 7: Handling and Storage	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	Keep container tightly closed.
	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof equipment. Take action to prevent static discharges.
	Do not breathe mist, vapors or spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
	Avoid release to the environment.
Handling	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
	Take off contaminated clothing and was it before reuse.
	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	Store locked up.

## Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

## Substances with Occupational Exposure Limit Values

Chemical Name	Country/ Provinces	Long Term Exposure Limits (PEL)	Short Term Exposure Limits (STEL)
nickel (dust)	ACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC Canada ON Canada QC	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established

Section continued on the next page

Page 7 of 17



,

ISO 9001:2015 Quality Management System SAI Global File #004008 Burlington, Ontario, Canada

## 841ER-A

...

(PART A)

Chemical NameCountry/ ProvincesLong Term Exposure Limits (PEL)Short Term Exposure Limits (STEL)2-butanoneACGIH200 ppm300 ppmU.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB200 ppm300 ppmCanada AB Canada BC200 ppm300 ppmCanada AB Canada QC50 ppm100 ppmCanada QC150 ppm300 ppmn-butyl acetateACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL150 ppmNot establishedCanada AB Canada AB150 ppmNot establishedCanada AB Canada AB200 ppm200 ppmn-butyl acetateACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL150 ppmNot establishedCanada AB Canada AB Canada QC150 ppmNot establishedCanada AB Canada AB Canada AB200 ppm200 ppmbutan-1-olACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada AB Cana	Continued		1	
Perform(PEL)(STEL)2-butanoneACGIH200 ppm300 ppmU.S.A. OSHA PEL200 ppm300 ppmCanada AB200 ppm300 ppmCanada BC50 ppm100 ppmCanada QC150 ppm300 ppmCanada QC150 ppm300 ppmn-butyl acetateACGIH150 ppmNot establishedU.S.A. OSHA PEL150 ppmNot establishedCanada AB150 ppmNot establishedCanada AB200 ppm200 ppmCanada AB150 ppmNot establishedCanada QC150 ppmNot establishedCanada AB20 ppmNot establishedCanada AB20 ppmNot establishedCanada QC50 ppm (Ceiling)Not establishedCanada QC50 ppm (Ceiling)Not establishedCanada QC50 ppm (Ceiling)Not establishedCanada AB2 mg/m³Not establishedCanada AB2 mg/m³Not establishedCanada AB2 mg/m³Not established	Chemical Name			
2-butanoneACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC Canada BC Canada QC200 ppm 300 ppm 300 ppm000 ppm300 ppm 300 ppm000 ppmNot established 200 ppm000 ppm200 ppm 200 ppm000 ppmNot established 200 ppm000 ppm <th></th> <th>Provinces</th> <th>-</th> <th>-</th>		Provinces	-	-
U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC Canada BC Canada QC200 ppm300 ppm200 ppm300 ppm300 ppmCanada BC Canada QC50 ppm100 ppmn-butyl acetateACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL150 ppmNot establishedU.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB150 ppmNot establishedU.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada BC Canada BC200 ppm200 ppmCanada AB Canada BC20 ppm200 ppmCanada QC150 ppmNot establishedCanada QC150 ppm200 ppmCanada QC150 ppm200 ppmbutan-1-olACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC20 ppmbutan-1-olACGIH Canada AB Canada BC Canada AB Canada AB Canada QC100 ppmbutan-1-olACGIH Canada AB Canada AB Canada QC30 ppm (Ceiling)talc (without asbestos fibers)ACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada AB Canada BC Canada AB Canada AB Canada AB Canada AB Canada AB Canada AB Canada AB Canada AB Canada BCNot establishedtalc (without asbestos fibers)ACGIH Canada AB Canada BC Canada AB Canada AB Canada BC Canada AB Canada BC Canada BCNot establishedtalc (without asbestos fibers)ACGIH Canada AB Canada BC Canada BC Canada AB Canada BCNot establishedtalc (without asbestos fibers)ACGIH Canada AB Canada BC Canada BC Canada AB Canada BCNot established				
Canada AB Canada BC Canada ON Canada QC200 ppm 50 ppm300 ppm 100 ppmn-butyl acetateACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada QC150 ppmNot established 200 ppmn-butyl acetateACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada BC Canada QC150 ppmNot established 200 ppmcanada AB Canada AB Canada BC Canada QC150 ppmNot established 200 ppmbutan-1-olACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada QC20 ppmNot established 200 ppmbutan-1-olACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada AB <td>2-butanone</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	2-butanone			
Canada BC Canada ON Canada QC50 ppm100 ppm 300 ppmn-butyl acetateACGIH 				
Canada ON Canada QC200 ppm300 ppmn-butyl acetateACGIH150 ppmNot establishedU.S.A. OSHA PEL150 ppmNot establishedCanada AB150 ppm200 ppmCanada BC20 ppm200 ppmCanada ON150 ppm200 ppmCanada QC150 ppm200 ppmCanada QC150 ppm200 ppmbutan-1-olACGIH20 ppmNot establishedU.S.A. OSHA PEL100 ppmNot establishedCanada QC150 ppmNot establishedCanada QC150 ppm200 ppmbutan-1-olACGIH20 ppmNot establishedCanada AB20 ppmNot establishedCanada QC50 ppm (Ceiling)Not establishedtalcACGIH2 mg/m³Not established(without asbestosU.S.A. OSHA PEL20 mppcf a)Not establishedfibers)Canada AB2 mg/m³Not established				
Canada QC150 ppm300 ppmn-butyl acetateACGIH150 ppmNot establishedU.S.A. OSHA PEL150 ppmNot establishedCanada AB150 ppm200 ppmCanada BC20 ppm200 ppmCanada QC150 ppmNot establishedCanada QC150 ppmNot establishedbutan-1-olACGIH20 ppmVulsiana AB20 ppmNot establishedCanada AB20 ppmNot establishedCanada QC150 ppmNot establishedbutan-1-olACGIH20 ppmNot establishedCanada AB20 ppmNot establishedCanada QC50 ppm (Ceiling)Not establishedtalcACGIH2 mg/m³Not established(without asbestosU.S.A. OSHA PEL20 mppcf <sup>a)</sup> Not establishedfibers)Canada AB2 mg/m³Not establishedCanada BC2 mg/m³Not established				
n-butyl acetateACGIH150 ppmNot establishedU.S.A. OSHA PEL150 ppmNot establishedCanada AB150 ppm200 ppmCanada BC20 ppm200 ppmCanada QC150 ppmNot establishedCanada QC150 ppmNot establishedbutan-1-olACGIH20 ppmVutan-1-olACGIH20 ppmVutan-1-olACGIH2 mg/m³Vutan-1-olACGIH2 mg/m³Vutan-1-ol		Canada ON	200 ppm	300 ppm
U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC Canada ON Canada QC150 ppm 200 ppm 200 ppmbutan-1-olACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada QC20 ppm 200 ppmbutan-1-olACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada AB U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada QC100 ppm Not established Not established Not established Not establishedbutan-1-olACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada AB Canada QC20 ppm Not established Not establishedbutan-1-olACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada QC20 ppm Not established Not establishedbutan-1-olACGIH Canada AB Canada AB Canada QC20 ppm Not established Not establishedbutan-1-olACGIH Canada AB Canada AB Canada QC20 ppm Not established Not establishedbutan-1-olACGIH Canada AB Canada AB Canada QC20 ppm S0 ppm (Ceiling) Not establishedbutan-1-olACGIH Canada AB Canada AB C		Canada QC	150 ppm	300 ppm
Canada AB Canada BC150 ppm200 ppmCanada BC20 ppm200 ppmCanada ON150 ppmNot establishedCanada QC150 ppm200 ppmbutan-1-olACGIH20 ppmNot establishedU.S.A. OSHA PEL100 ppmNot establishedCanada AB20 ppmNot establishedCanada QC50 ppm (Ceiling)Not establishedtalcACGIH2 mg/m³Not established(without asbestos fibers)U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB2 mg/m³Not establishedCanada AB2 mg/m³Not establishedCanada AB2 mg/m³Not establishedCanada AB2 mg/m³Not established	n-butyl acetate	ACGIH	150 ppm	Not established
Canada BC Canada ON Canada QC20 ppm Not established 200 ppmbutan-1-olACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC Canada BC Canada QC20 ppmbutan-1-olACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC Canada QC20 ppm Not established Not established Not established Not established Not establishedtalc (without asbestos fibers)ACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC Canada QC20 ppm Not established Not established Not established Not established Not establishedtalc (without asbestos fibers)ACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada AB Canada BC 2 mg/m³Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established		U.S.A. OSHA PEL	150 ppm	Not established
Canada ON Canada QC150 ppm 150 ppmNot established 200 ppmbutan-1-olACGIH20 ppmNot establishedU.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB100 ppm 20 ppmNot establishedCanada AB Canada BC20 ppmNot establishedCanada AB Canada BC15 ppm 20 ppm30 ppm (Ceiling)Canada QC50 ppm (Ceiling)Not establishedtalc (without asbestos fibers)ACGIH Canada BC2 mg/m³ 2 mg/m³Not establishedcanada AB Canada BC2 mg/m³ 2 mg/m³Not establishedtalc (without asbestos fibers)Canada AB Canada BC2 mg/m³ 2 mg/m³Not established		Canada AB	150 ppm	200 ppm
Canada QC150 ppm200 ppmbutan-1-olACGIH20 ppmNot establishedU.S.A. OSHA PEL100 ppmNot establishedCanada AB20 ppmNot establishedCanada BC15 ppm30 ppm (Ceiling)Canada ON20 ppmNot establishedCanada QC50 ppm (Ceiling)Not establishedtalcACGIH2 mg/m³Not established(without asbestosU.S.A. OSHA PEL20 mppcf a)Not establishedfibers)Canada AB2 mg/m³Not established		Canada BC	20 ppm	200 ppm
butan-1-olACGIH20 ppmNot establishedU.S.A. OSHA PEL100 ppmNot establishedCanada AB20 ppmNot establishedCanada BC15 ppm30 ppm (Ceiling)Canada QC50 ppm (Ceiling)Not establishedtalcACGIH2 mg/m³Not established(without asbestosU.S.A. OSHA PEL20 mppcf a)Not establishedfibers)Canada AB2 mg/m³Not established		Canada ON	150 ppm	Not established
U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC Canada ON Canada QC100 ppm 20 ppmNot established Not establishedtalc (without asbestos fibers)ACGIH Canada AB Canada AB Canada AB Canada QC20 ppm 20 ppm 20 ppm 20 ppm 20 ppm 20 ppm Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established		Canada QC	150 ppm	200 ppm
Canada AB Canada BC20 ppm 15 ppmNot established 30 ppm (Ceiling) Not establishedCanada ON Canada QC20 ppm 20 ppmNot establishedtalc (without asbestos fibers)ACGIH2 mg/m³ 20 mppcf a)Not establishedU.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC20 mppcf a) 2 mg/m³Not establishedtalc (without asbestos fibers)Canada AB Canada BC2 mg/m³ 2 mg/m³Not established	butan-1-ol	ACGIH	20 ppm	Not established
Canada BC Canada ON Canada QC15 ppm 20 ppm30 ppm (Ceiling) Not establishedtalc (without asbestos fibers)ACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC2 mg/m³ 20 mppcf a)Not established Not establishedtalc (without asbestos fibers)ACGIH Canada AB Canada BC2 mg/m³ 2 mg/m³ 2 mg/m³Not established Not established		U.S.A. OSHA PEL	100 ppm	Not established
Canada ON Canada QC20 ppm 50 ppm (Ceiling)Not established Not establishedtalc (without asbestos fibers)ACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC2 mg/m³ 2 mg/m³ 2 mg/m³Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established Not established		Canada AB	20 ppm	Not established
Canada QC50 ppm (Ceiling)Not establishedtalcACGIH2 mg/m³Not established(without asbestosU.S.A. OSHA PEL20 mppcf a)Not establishedfibers)Canada AB2 mg/m³Not establishedCanada BC2 mg/m³Not established		Canada BC	15 ppm	30 ppm (Ceiling)
talcACGIH2 mg/m³Not established(without asbestosU.S.A. OSHA PEL20 mppcf a)Not establishedfibers)Canada AB2 mg/m³Not establishedCanada BC2 mg/m³Not established		Canada ON	20 ppm	Not established
(without asbestos fibers)U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB Canada BC20 mppcf a) 2 mg/m3Not established Not established Not established		Canada QC	50 ppm (Ceiling)	Not established
fibers)Canada AB2 mg/m³Not establishedCanada BC2 mg/m³Not established	talc	ACGIH	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not established
Canada BC 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Not established	(without asbestos	U.S.A. OSHA PEL	20 mppcf <sup>a)</sup>	Not established
	fibers)	Canada AB	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not established
Canada ON 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Not established	-	Canada BC	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not established
		Canada ON	$2 \text{ mg/m}^3$	Not established
Canada QC 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Not established		Canada QC		Not established

*Note:* Ingredients are listed in descending weight contribution order (from greatest to least). The ACGIH<sup>1</sup>, OSHA (Table Z-1), and Canadian provinces exposure limits were consulted. Limits from RTECS database<sup>2</sup> and data from suppliers' SDS were also consulted. Short term exposure limits (STEL) are for 15 min and long term permissible exposure limits (PEL) for 8 h.

a) Millions of particles per cubic foot air, based on impinge samples counted by light-field technique.

#### Engineering Controls

Ventilation

Keep airborne concentrations below the occupational exposure limits (OEL).

Section continued on the next page

Page 8 of 17



# 841ER-A

# (PART A)

## **Personal Protective Equipment**

Eye protection	Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles.
	<b>RECOMMENDATION:</b> Ensure that glasses have side shields for lateral protection.
Skin Protection	For likely contacts, use of protective butyl rubber or other chemically resistant gloves.
	For incidental contacts, use disposable natural rubber or other chemically resistant gloves.
<b>Respiratory Protection</b>	For over-exposures up to 10 x OEL of mist, vapors or spray, wear respirator such as a half-mask respirator with organic vapor cartridges.
	Above 10 x OEL, use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator or a self-contained breathing apparatus.
	<b>RECOMMENDATION:</b> Consult your local safety supply store to ensure that your respirator has a NIOSH (U.S.) approved filter cartridges appropriate for the ingredients listed in Section 3. The respirator should be fitted to the employee by a professional. Ensure vapor cartridges are stored in sealed plastic bags when not being used.

## **General Hygiene Considerations**

Wash hands thoroughly with water and soap after handling.

Page **9** of **17** 



## 841ER-A

(PART A)

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties			
Physical State	Liquid	Lower Flammability Limit <sup>b)</sup>	1.7%
Appearance	Grey	Upper Flammability Limit <sup>b)</sup>	11%
Odor	Alcohol-like	Vapor Pressure @20 °C	Not available
Odor Threshold	0.007 ppm	Vapor Density	>4 (Air =1)
рН	Not available	Relative Density @25 °C	1.8
Freezing/Melting Point	Not available	Solubility in Water	Partially miscible
Initial Boiling Point <sup>a)</sup>	≥80 °C [≥176 °F]	Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water	Not available
Flash Point a)	-9 °C [16 °F]	Auto-ignition Temperature	Not available
Evaporation Rate	Not available	Decomposition Temperature	Not available
Flammability	Highly Flammable	Viscosity @25°C	200 mm²/s

a) Based on 2-butanone component

b) Values calculated using Raoult's Law and Le Chatelier principle for solvent components.

# Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	The nickel can react vigorously with acids and liberate hydrogen, which can form an explosive mixture in air.
	Nickel may react with carbon monoxide in a reducing atmosphere to form a very toxic nickel carbonyl gas.
<b>Chemical Stability</b>	Chemically stable at normal temperatures and pressures.
Conditions to Avoid	Ignition sources, open flames, excessive heat, and incompatible substances
Incompatibilities	Strong oxidizing agents, strong acids, strong bases
Polymerization	Will not occur
Decomposition	Will not decompose under normal conditions. For thermal decomposition, see combustion products in Section 5.
	Page <b>10</b> of <b>17</b>



## 841ER-A

# (PART A)

## Section 11: Toxicological Information

Summary of Effects and Symptoms by Routes of Exposure		
Eyes	Causes severe irritation, redness, pain, or burns.	
Skin	Causes skin irritation, redness, rash, or dry skin.	
Inhalation	May cause cough, shortness of breath, dizziness, drowsiness, or headaches.	
Ingestion	May cause nausea, sore throat, abdominal pain, and diarrhea (also see inhalation symptoms).	
Chronic	Chronic inhalation exposure to nickel dust or mist may damage lungs.	

## Acute Toxicity (Lethal Exposure Concentrations)

Chemical Name	LD50	LD50	LC50
	oral	dermal	inhalation
nickel	5 000 mg/kg	Not	Not
	Rat	available	available
2-butanone	2 737 mg/Kg	6 480 mg/Kg	23.5 mg/L
	Rat	Rabbit	8 h Rat
n-butyl acetate	>10 768 mg/kg	>17 600 mg/kg	390 ppm
	Rat	Rabbit	4 h Rat
bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin)	11 400 mg/kg	100 pph	Not
	Rat	7 h Rabbit	available
butan-1-ol	790 mg/kg	3 400 mg/kg	Not
	Rat	Rabbit	available
talc	Not	Not	Not
	available	available	available
alkyl glycidyl ether	19 200 mg/kg	4 500 mg/kg	Not
	Rat	Rat	available

*Note:* Toxicity data from the RTECS<sup>2</sup> and ECHA databases were consulted. The data from supplier SDSs were also consulted.

Section continued on the next page

Page 11 of 17



# 841ER-A

# (PART A)

Other Toxicological Effects	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Bisphenol-A, butan-1-ol, and alkyl glycidyl ether are known skin irritants.
Serious eye damage/irritation	The 7% butan-1-ol in the mixture is expected to cause severe eye irritation or irreversible eye damage.
Sensitization (allergic reactions)	Exposure to the epoxy resin and nickel may cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b> (risk of cancer)	Nickel is classified as a suspect carcinogen based on animal intratracheal instillation (intubation) or interperitoneal (in body cavity) injection studies. A reliable 2008 study by Oller et al. shows no carcinogenicity for the nickel metal via normal inhalation route.
	Nickel [7440-02-0]
	IARC Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans
	ACGIH A5: Not suspected as a human carcinogen
	CA Prop 65: Listed as a carcinogen
	NTP: Reasonably anticipated to be human carcinogen
<b>Mutagenicity</b> (risk of heritable genetic effects)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Reproductive Toxicity</b> (risk to sex functions)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Teratogenicity</b> (risk of fetus malformation)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
STOT-single exposure	The 2-butanone, N-butyl acetate and butan-1-ol can affect the central nervous system by inhalation causing drowsiness or dizziness, and they are a respiratory system irritant.
STOT-repeated exposure	Inhalation dust/mist containing nickel particles of less than 0.1 mm may cause chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and accumulation of the nickel particles.
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. It has a kinematic viscosity >20.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s.



## 841ER-A

(PART A)

#### **Section 12: Ecological Information**

Ecological classifications are based on the IMDG/GHS criteria in conjunction with ecotoxicological data from our suppliers, the European Chemical Agency database (<u>http://echa.europa.eu</u>), and other reliable sources.

Contains nickel of less than a 1 mm but more than 100 nm (larger than nanoparticles), which release ionic silver levels that are harmful to the environment. While massive nickel is insoluble in water, its powder is considered sufficiently soluble to give rise to an ecological hazard by EU regulators. The classification that follows takes into account to chronic aqueous toxicity of category 3 assignment of the EU.

The n-butyl acetate ingredient is an acute category 3 environmental toxicant liquid (biodegradable, with minimal LC50 of 18 mg/L for fathead minnow).

In Europe, similar the epoxy resins with CAS# 25068-38-6 and MW <700 is generally classified as chronic category 2 marine pollutant. It generally has LC50 96 h of >1 mg/L but  $\leq$ 10 mg/L.

Butan-1-ol and 2-butanone are not classifiable as environmental toxicants (with minimal LC50 of >100 mg/L).

- Butan-1-ol has a minimal LC50 96 h of 1 840 mg/L for Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow); and LC40 48 h of 44 mg/L, EC50 72 h of 648 mg/L Daphnia magna (water flea).
- The 2-butanone has minimal LC50 of 3 130 mg/L 96 h for Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow); EC50 24 h 5 102 mg/L 24 h Daphnia magna (water flea).

#### **Acute Ecotoxicity**

Category 3 Harmful to aquatic life

#### **Chronic Ecotoxicity**

Category 3

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Avoid release to the environment.

#### **Biodegradability**

Not readily biodegradable

#### **Other Effects**

VOC (Regulated Volatile Organic Content) = 42% [753 g/L]

Page 13 of 17



## 841ER-A

(PART A)

## **Section 13: Disposal Information**

Dispose of contents in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.

## Section 14: Transport Information

#### Ground

<b>Refer to TDG regulations</b> (Canadian Tra	ansportation of Dangerous Goods regulations);	
USA CFR 49 Regulations (Parts 100 to 185).		
Sizes 5 L and under		
841ER-250ML, 841ER-1.17L,		
841ER-3.25L		
Limited Quantity		
$\langle \rangle$		

#### Air



\*Inner container max in combination package

Section continued on the next page

Page **14** of **17** 



## 841ER-A

(PART A)

#### Sea

Refer to IMDG regulations.		
Sizes 5 L and under	Sizes greater than 5 L	
841ER-250ML, 841ER-1.17L,	-	
841ER-3.25L		
Limited Quantity	UN number: UN1263	
	Shipping Name: PAINT	
	Class: 3	
	Packing Group: II	3
▼	Marine Pollutant: No	•

*Note:* Shipper must be appropriately <u>trained and certified</u> before involvement with the transport of dangerous goods.

#### **Section 15: Regulatory Information**

#### Canada

#### Domestic Substance List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substance Lists (NDSL)

All hazardous ingredients are listed on the DSL/NDSL.

#### Hazardous Products Act (R.S.C., 1985, c. H-3)

The safety data sheet and label comply with the Hazardous Product Act and WHMIS 2015.

#### USA

#### **Other Classifications**

#### HMIS® RATING

HEALTH:	*	2
FLAMMABILITY:		3
PHYSICAL HAZARD:		0
PERSONAL PROTECTION:		

**NFPA® 704 CODES** 



Approximate HMIS and NFPA Risk Ratings Legend: 0 (Low or none); 1 (Slight); 2 (Moderate); 3 (Serious); 4 (Severe)

Section continued on the next page

Page 15 of 17



## 841ER-A

# (PART A)

CAA (Clean Air Act, USA)

This product does not contain any class 1 ozone depleting substances.

This product does not contain any class 2 ozone depleting substances.

This product does not contain substances that are listed as hazardous air pollutants.

EPCRA (Emergency Planning and Right to Know Act, USA, 40 CFR 372.45

This product contains 2-butanone acetate (CAS# 78-93-3; reportable quantity =  $5\ 000\ lb\ [2\ 268\ kg]$ ), n-butyl acetate (CAS# 123-86-4; reportable quantity =  $5\ 000\ lb\ [2\ 268\ kg]$ ), butan-1-ol (CAS# 71-36-3; reportable quantity =  $5\ 000\ lb\ [2\ 268\ kg]$ ), and nickel (CAS# 7440-02-0, reportable quantity =  $100\ lb\ [45.4\ kg]$ ), which are subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 Title III of the SARA of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372.

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976, USA)

All substances are TSCA listed.

**California Proposition 65** (Chemicals known to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity, USA)

This product contains nickel (CAS# 7440-02-0), which is listed as a carcinogen.

#### Europe

RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive)

This product does not contain any lead, cadmium, mercury, hexavalent chromium, PBB's, PBDE's, DEHP, BBP, DBP, or DIBP and complies with European RoHS regulations.

**WEEE** (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive)

This product is not a piece of electrical or electronics equipment, and it is therefore not governed by this regulation.

#### **Section 16: Other Information**

MSDS Prepared by	MG Chemical's Regulatory Department
Date of Creation	27 February 2020
Supersedes	28 January 2020
Reason for Changes:	Emergency response number change.

Section continued on the next page

Page 16 of 17



# 841ER-A

(PART A)

#### References

1) ACGIH 2017 TLVs and BEIs: Based on the documentation of the threshold limit values for chemical substances and physical agents & biological exposure indices, American Conference of Governmental of Industrial Hygienist Cincinnati, OH (2017).

2) All toxicological data were checked against the RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances®), MDL Information Systems, Inc.

#### Abbreviations

- ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (USA)
- EC50 Half maximal effective concentration
- EL50 Half maximal effective loading
- NOELR No observable effect loading ratio
- GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification of Labeling of Chemicals
- LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%
- LCLo Lowest published lethal concentration
- LD50 Lethal Dose 50%
- PEL Permissible Exposure Limit
- STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit
- TCLo Lowest published toxic concentration
- TWA Time Weighted Average
- VOC Volatile Organic Content
- **Technical Queries** Contact us regarding any questions, improvement suggestions, or problems with this product. Application notes, instructions, and FAQs are located at <u>www.mgchemicals.com</u>.

Email: <a href="mailto:support@mgchemicals.com">support@mgchemicals.com</a>

Mailing Addresses	Manufacturing & Support	Head Office
	1210 Corporate Drive	9347–193rd Street
	Burlington, Ontario, Canada	Surrey, British Columbia, Canada
	L7L 5R6	V4N 4E7

**Disclaimer** This safety data sheet is provided as an information resource only. *M.G. Chemicals, Ltd.* believes the information contained herein is accurate and compiled from reliable sources. It is the responsibility of the user to query and verify any information seeming suspect where doubt on the validity may exist. The buyer assumes all responsibility of using and handling the product in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Page **17** of **17** 



(PART B)

# Safety Data Sheet

**Section 1: Identification** 

**Product Identifier and Other Means of Identification** 

Product Name: 841ER-B

**Other Means of Identification:** Super Shield<sup>™</sup> Nickel Epoxy Conductive Paint **Related Part #** 841ER-250ML, 841ER-1.17L, 841ER-3.25L

#### **Recommended Use and Restriction on Use**

Use: Nickel conductive epoxy hardener

Uses Advised Against: Not applicable

#### **Details of Manufacturer or Importer**

Manufacturer MG Chemicals 1210 Corporate Drive Burlington, Ontario L7L 5R6 CANADA

MG Chemicals (Head Office) 9347-193 Street Surrey, British Columbia V4N 4E7 CANADA

 +1-800-340-0772

 Fax
 +1-800-340-0773

 E-mail
 support@mgchemicals.com

 Web
 www.mgchemicals.com

+1-905-331-1396
 Fax +1-905-331-2682
 E-mail info@mgchemicals.com

E-MAIL (Competent Person): <a href="mailto:sds@mgchemicals.com">sds@mgchemicals.com</a>

#### **Emergency Phone Number**

**For hazardous material incidents ONLY** (leaks, spills, fires, exposures or accidents) USA or CANADA— Call Verisk 3E at **+1-866-519-4752** or **+1-760-476-3962** (Service access code: 335388)

**For emergencies involving the transport of dangerous goods**; 24/7 service CANADA—Call CANUTEC collect at **+1-613-996-6666** or **\*666** on cellular phones

Page 1 of 17



## 841ER-B

(PART B)

## Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification

## **Classification of Hazardous Chemical**

#### **GHS** Categories

Criteria		Category	Signal Word	Pictograms
Flammable liquid		2	Danger	Flame
Eye Damage		1	Danger	Corrosion
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	Repeated Exposure	1	Danger	Health
Carcinogenicity		2	Warning	Health
Sensitization	Skin	1	Warning	Exclamation
Skin Irritation		2	Warning	Exclamation
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	Single Exposure	3	Warning	Exclamation
Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment	Chronic	3	none	none

*Note:* The degree of severity is ranked within each hazard class from 1 (Highest Severity) to up to 5 (Lowest Severity), which is opposite to HMIS and NFPA conventions. Severity category rankings do not allow comparisons between classes.

## **Label Elements**

Signal Word	DANGER		
Pictograms	Hazard Statements		
	H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor		
	H318: Causes serious eye damage		
	H372: Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation H351: Suspected of causing cancer		
•	Section continued on the next page Page <b>2</b> of <b>17</b>		
	Date: 27 February 2020 / Ver. 1.04		



ISO 9001:2015 Quality Management System SAI Global File #004008 Burlington, Ontario, Canada

# (PART B)

Pictograms	Hazard Statements	
	H315: Causes skin irritation	
	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction	
	H336: May cause dizziness or drowsiness	
No Symbol Mandated	H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
Prevention	Precautionary Statements	
P201, P202	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.	
P233	Keep container tightly closed.	
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.	
P241	Use explosion-proof equipment.	
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.	
P260	Do not breathe mist, vapors, or spray.	
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.	
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.	
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	
P273	Avoid release to the environment.	
Response	Precautionary Statements	
P303 + P361 + P352	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of water or shower.	
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, chemical foam, or water spray to extinguish.	
P305 + P351 + P338, P310	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.	

Section continued on the next page Page **3** of **17** 



## 841ER-B

## (PART B)

Continued		
Response	Precautionary Statements	
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.	
P314	Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.	
P304 + P340, P312	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.	
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.	
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.	
Storage	Precautionary Statements	
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.	
P405	Store locked up.	
Disposal	Precautionary Statements	
P501	Dispose of contents in accordance to local, regional, national, and international regulations.	

## **Hazards Not Otherwise Classified**

Other Criteria	Hazard Statements/Precautionary Statement	Signal Word	Pictograms
Defats skin	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	None	None

## Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

CAS #	Chemical Name	%(weight)
7440-02-0	nickel	27%
78-93-3	2-butanone <sup>a)</sup>	22%
68410-23-1	fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines	21%
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	18%
71-36-3	butan-1-ol	7%
14807-96-6	talc (no asbestos fiber)	3%
112-24-3	triethylenetetramine	2%

a) Also known as methyl ethyl ketone



(PART B)

Section 4: First-Aid Measures		
Exposure Condition IF IN EYES	GHS Code/Symptoms/Precautionary Statements P305 + P351 + P338, P310	
Immediate Symptoms	redness, irritation, pain, burn	
Response	Rinse cautiously with water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.	
IF ON SKIN (or hair)	P303 + P361 + P352, P333 + P313, P308 + P313, P363	
Immediate Symptoms	redness, irritation, rash, dry skin	
Response	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of water or shower.	
	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.	
	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.	
	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	
IF INHALED	P304 + P340, P312, P308 + P313	
Immediate Symptoms	cough, shortness of breath, dizziness, drowsiness, headaches	
Response	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.	
	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.	
IF SWALLOWED	P301 + P330, P331, P308 + P313	
Immediate Symptoms	abdominal pain, nausea, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, vomiting	
Response	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.	

Page **5** of **17** 



## 841ER-B

(PART B)

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures		
Response	In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, chemical foam, or water spray to extinguish.	
	Use water spray to cool containers.	
Specific Hazards	Produces irritating and toxic fumes in fires or in contact with hot surfaces. May produce very toxic nickel carbonyl gas in the presence of carbon monoxide in a reducing atmosphere.	
	The vapors are heavier than air and may accumulate in low- lying areas. Vapors may travel long distances and ignite at an ignition source, which can cause a flashback or an explosion.	
	Prevent fire-fighting wash from entering waterway or sewer system.	
<b>Combustion Products</b>	Combustion can produce carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nickel oxides fumes, and nitrogen oxides (NOx).	
Fire-Fighter	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn-out gear.	

## Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

<b>Personal Protection</b>	See personal protection recommendations in Section 8.
Precautions for Response	Do not breathe the mist, spray, or vapors. Remove or keep away all sources of extreme heat or open flames.
Environmental Precautions	Avoid releasing to the environment. Prevent spill from entering drains and waterways.
<b>Containment Methods</b>	Contain with inert absorbent (such as soil, sand, vermiculite).
Cleaning Methods	Collect liquid in a sealable, solvent-resistant container. Sprinkle inert absorbent compound onto spill, then sweep into the container. Wash spill area with soap and water to remove the last traces of residue.
Disposal Methods	Dispose of spill waste according to Section 13.

Page **6** of **17** 



## 841ER-B

Section 7. Ha

(PART B)

Section 7: Handling and Storage		
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	
	Keep container tightly closed.	
	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof equipment. Take action to prevent static discharges.	
	Do not breathe mist, vapors, or spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	
	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	
	Avoid release to the environment.	
Handling	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.	
	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.	
	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	
	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.	
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.	
	Store locked up.	

## Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

dling and Store

### **Substances with Occupational Exposure Limit Values**

Chemical Name	Country/ Provinces	Long Term Exposure Limits (PEL)	Short Term Exposure Limits (STEL)
nickel	ACGIH	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not established
(dust)	U.S.A. OSHA PEL	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not established
	Canada AB	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not established
	Canada BC	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not established
	Canada ON	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not established
	Canada QC	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not established
2-butanone	ACGIH	200 ppm	300 ppm
	U.S.A. OSHA PEL	200 ppm	300 ppm
	Canada AB	200 ppm	300 ppm
	Canada BC	50 ppm	100 ppm
	Canada ON	200 ppm	300 ppm
	Canada QC	150 ppm	300 ppm

Section continued on the next page

Page **7** of **17** 



ISO 9001:2015 Quality Management System SAI Global File #004008 Burlington, Ontario, Canada

## 841ER-B

(PART B)

Chemical Name	Country/ Provinces	Long Term Exposure Limits	Short Term Exposure Limits
		(PEL)	(STEL)
n-butyl acetate	ACGIH	150 ppm	Not established
	U.S.A. OSHA PEL	150 ppm	Not established
	Canada AB	150 ppm	200 ppm
	Canada BC	20 ppm	200 ppm
	Canada ON	150 ppm	Not established
	Canada QC	150 ppm	200 ppm
butan-1-ol	ACGIH	20 ppm	Not established
	U.S.A. OSHA PEL	100 ppm	Not established
	Canada AB	20 ppm	Not established
	Canada BC	15 ppm	30 ppm (Ceiling)
	Canada ON	20 ppm	Not established
	Canada QC	50 ppm (Ceiling)	Not established
talc	ACGIH	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not established
(without asbestos	U.S.A. OSHA PEL	20 mppcf <sup>a)</sup>	Not established
fibers)	Canada AB	$2 \text{ mg/m}^3$	Not established
-	Canada BC	$2 \text{ mg/m}^3$	Not established
	Canada ON	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not established
	Canada QC	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not established
triethylenetetramine	ACGIH	Not established	Not established
-	U.S.A. OSHA PEL	Not established	Not established
	U.S.A (WEEL)	1 ppm	Not established
	Canada AB	Not established	Not established
	Canada BC	Not established	Not established
	Canada ON	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Skin) <sup>b)</sup>	Not established
	Canada QC	Not established	Not established

Note: Ingredients are listed in descending weight contribution order (from greatest to least). The ACGIH<sup>1</sup>, OSHA (Table Z-1), and Canadian provinces exposure limits were consulted. Limits from by RTECS<sup>2</sup> database and data from suppliers' SDS were also consulted. Short term exposure limits (STEL) are for 15 min and long term permissible exposure limits (PEL) for 8 h.

a) Million particles per cubic foot of air, based on impinge samples counted by light-field technique.

b) Skin—can be absorbed through the skin.

Section continued on the next page

Page 8 of 17



## (PART B)

Engineering Controls				
Ventilation	Keep airborne concentrations below the occupational exposure limits (OEL).			
Personal Protective Eq	uipment			
Eye protection	Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles.			
	<b>RECOMMENDATION:</b> Ensure that glasses have side shields for lateral protection.			
Skin Protection	For likely contacts, use of protective butyl rubber or other chemically resistant gloves.			
	For incidental contacts, use disposable natural rubber or other chemically resistant gloves.			
<b>Respiratory Protection</b>	For over-exposures up to 10 x OEL of mist, vapors, or spray, wear respirator such as a half-mask respirator with organic vapor cartridges.			
	Above 10 x OEL, use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator or a self-contained breathing apparatus.			
	<b>RECOMMENDATION:</b> Consult your local safety supply store to ensure that your respirator has a NIOSH (U.S.) approved filter cartridges appropriate for the ingredients listed in Section 3. The respirator should be fitted to the employee by a professional. Ensure vapor cartridges are stored in sealed plastic bags when not being used.			

## **General Hygiene Considerations**

Wash hands thoroughly with water and soap after handling.

Page **9** of **17** 



## 841ER-B

(PART B)

Physical State	Liquid	Lower Flammability Limit <sup>b)</sup>	1%
Appearance	Grey	Upper Flammability Limit <sup>b)</sup>	11%
Odor	Ammonia-like	Vapor Pressure @20 °C	Not available
Odor Threshold	0.007 ppm	Vapor Density	>4 (Air =1)
рН	Not available	Relative Density @25 °C	1.19
Freezing/Melting Point	Not available	Solubility in Water	Partially miscible
Initial Boiling Point <sup>a)</sup>	≥80 °C [≥176 °F]	Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water	Not available
Flash Point <sup>a)</sup>	-9 °C [16 °F]	Auto-ignition Temperature	338 °C [640 °F]
Evaporation Rate	Not available	Decomposition Temperature	Not available
Flammability	Not available	Viscosity @40°C	<20.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s

a) Based on 2-butanone componentb) Values calculated using Raoult's Law and Le Chatelier principle for solvent components.

## Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	The nickel can react vigorously with acids and liberate hydrogen, which can form an explosive mixture in air.
	Nickel may react with carbon monoxide in a reducing atmosphere to form a very toxic nickel carbonyl gas.
Chemical Stability	Chemically stable at normal temperatures and pressures.
Conditions to Avoid	Ignition sources. Low lying vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
Incompatibilities	Strong oxidizing agents, strong acids, strong bases
Polymerization	Will not occur
Decomposition	Will not decompose under normal conditions. For thermal decomposition, see combustion products in Section 5.
	Page <b>10</b> of <b>17</b>
	Date: 27 February 2020 / Ver. 1.04



(PART B)

## **Section 11: Toxicological Information**

Summary of Effects and Symptoms by Routes of Exposure			
Eyes	Causes severe irritation, redness, pain, or burns		
Skin	Causes skin irritation, redness, rash, or dry skin.		
Inhalation	May cause cough, shortness of breath, dizziness, drowsiness, or headaches.		
Ingestion	May cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting (also see inhalation symptoms).		
Chronic	Chronic inhalation exposure to nickel dust may damage lungs.		

Acute Toxicit	/ (Lethal Exposu	re Concentrations)
---------------	------------------	--------------------

Chemical Name	LD50	LD50	LC50
	oral	dermal	inhalation
nickel	5 000 mg/kg	Not	Not
	Rat	available	available
2-butanone	2 737 mg/kg	6 480 mg/kg	23.5 mg/L
	Rat	Rabbit	8 h Rat
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers	>2 000 mg/kg	>2 000 mg/kg	Not
	Rat	Rat	available
n-butyl acetate	>10 768 mg/kg	>17 600 mg/kg	390 ppm
	Rat	Rabbit	4 h Rat
butan-1-ol	790 mg/kg	3 400 mg/kg	Not
	Rat	Rabbit	available
talc	Not	Not	Not
	available	available	available
triethylenetetramine	2 500 mg/kg	805 mg/kg	Not
	Rat	Rabbit	available

*Note:* Toxicity data from the RTECS<sup>2</sup> and ECHA databases were consulted. The data from supplier SDS were also consulted.

Section continued on the next page

Page **11** of **17** 



# (PART B)

## **Other Toxicological Effects**

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	Butan-1-ol, triethylenetetramine and fatty acids, C18- unsatd., dimers cause serious eye damage.
Sensitization (allergic reactions)	Exposure to the epoxy hardener, nickel, and triethylenetetramine may cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b> (risk of cancer)	Nickel is classified as a suspect carcinogen based on animal intratracheal instillation (intubation) or interperitoneal (in body cavity) injection studies. A reliable 2008 study by Oller <i>et al.</i> shows no carcinogenicity for the nickel metal via normal inhalation route.
	Nickel [7440-02-0]
	IARC Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans
	ACGIH A5: Not suspected as a human carcinogen
	CA Prop 65: Listed as a carcinogen
	NTP: Reasonably anticipated to be human carcinogen
<b>Mutagenicity</b> (risk of heritable genetic effects)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Reproductive Toxicity</b> (risk to sex functions)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Teratogenicity</b> (risk of fetus malformation)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
STOT-single exposure	2-butanone, N-butyl acetate and butan-1-ol can affect the central nervous system by inhalation causing drowsiness or dizziness, and they are a respiratory system irritant.
STOT-repeated exposure	Inhalation dust/mist containing nickel particles of less than 0.1 mm may cause chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and accumulation of the nickel particles.
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Page 12 of 17 Date: 27 February 2020 / Ver. 1.04



## 841ER-B

(PART B)

### Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecological classifications are based on the IMDG/GHS criteria in conjunction with ecotoxicological data from our suppliers, the European Chemical Agency database (<u>http://echa.europa.eu</u>), and other reliable sources.

The n-butyl acetate ingredient is an acute category 3 environmental toxicant liquid (biodegradable, with minimal LC50 of 18 mg/L for fathead minnow).

Contains nickel of less than a 1 mm but more than 100 nm (larger than nanoparticles), which release ionic silver levels that are harmful to the environment. While massive nickel is insoluble in water, its powder is considered sufficiently soluble to give rise to an ecological hazard by EU regulators. The classification that follows takes into account to chronic aqueous toxicity of category 3 assignment of the EU.

The fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines (CAS# 68410-23-1) was classified as an acute category 2 environmental toxicant due to supplier reported LC50 range of 1-10 mg/L for fish.

- Butan-1-ol is not classifiable as an environmental toxicant with minimal LC50 of 1 840 mg/L for Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) 96 h; and LC40 of 44 mg/L 48 h, EC50 648 mg/L Daphnia magna (water flea) 72 h.
- Literature for the triethylenetetramine (CAS # 112-24-3) suggest low aquatic toxicity (LC50, IC50, and EC50 values of >100 mg/L for fish and between 10 and 100 for algae).

#### **Acute Ecotoxicity**

Category 3 Harmful to aquatic life

#### **Chronic Ecotoxicity**

Category 3 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects Avoid release to the environment.

#### Biodegradability

Not readily biodegradable

#### **Other Effects**

VOC (Regulated Volatile Organic Content) = 70% [835 g/L]

Page 13 of 17



## 841ER-B

(PART B)

#### **Section 13: Disposal Information**

Dispose of contents in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.

## Section 14: Transport Information

#### Ground

<b>Refer to TDG regulations</b> (Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods regulations); <b>USA CFR 49 Regulations</b> (Parts 100 to 185).				
Sizes 5 L and under 841ER-250ML, 841ER-1.17L, 841ER-3.25L Limited Quantity				

#### Air



\*Inner container max in combination package of 1 L net quantity.

Section continued on the next page

Page **14** of **17** 



## 841ER-B

(PART B)

#### Sea

Refer to IMDG regulations.	
Sizes 5 L and under	Sizes greater than 5 L
841ER-250ML, 841ER-1.17L,	
841ER-3.25L	
Limited Quantity	UN number: UN1263
	Shipping Name: PAINT
	Class: 3
	Packing Group: II
	Marine Pollutant: No

*Note:* Shipper must be appropriately <u>trained and certified</u> before involvement with the transport of dangerous goods.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

#### Canada

#### Domestic Substance List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substance Lists (NDSL)

All hazardous ingredients are listed on the DSL/NDSL.

#### Hazardous Products Act (R.S.C., 1985, c. H-3)

The safety data sheet and label comply with the Hazardous Product Act and WHMIS 2015.

#### USA

#### **Other Classifications**

#### HMIS® RATING

HEALTH:	*	2
FLAMMABILITY:		3
PHYSICAL HAZARD:		0
PERSONAL PROTECTION:		

NFPA® 704 CODES



Approximate HMIS and NFPA Risk Ratings Legend: 0 (Low or none); 1 (Slight); 2 (Moderate); 3 (Serious); 4 (Severe)

Section continued on the next page

Page 15 of 17



## (PART B)

**CAA** (Clean Air Act, USA)

This product does not contain any class 1 ozone depleting substances.

This product does not contain any class 2 ozone depleting substances.

This product does not contain substances that are listed as hazardous air pollutants.

EPCRA (Emergency Planning and Right to Know Act, USA, 40 CFR 372.45

This product contains n-butyl acetate (CAS# 123-86-4; reportable quantity =  $5\ 000\ lb\ [2\ 268\ kg]$ ), n-butanol (CAS# 71-36-3; reportable quantity =  $5\ 000\ lb\ [2\ 268\ kg]$ ), and nickel (CAS# 7440-02-0, reportable quantity =  $100\ lb\ [45.4\ kg]$ ), which are subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 Title III of the SARA of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372.

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976, USA)

All substances are TSCA listed.

**California Proposition 65** (Chemicals known to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity, USA).

This product contains nickel (CAS# 7440-02-0), which is listed as a carcinogen.

#### Europe

RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive)

This product does not contain any lead, cadmium, mercury, hexavalent chromium, PBB's, PBDE's, DEHP, BBP, DBP, or DIBP and complies with European RoHS regulations.

WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive)

This product is not a piece of electrical or electronics equipment, and it is therefore not governed by this regulation.

#### **Section 16: Other Information**

SDS Prepared by	MG Chemical's Regulatory Department
Date of Creation	28 January 2020
Supersedes	12 June 2018
Reason for Changes:	Emergency response number change.

Section continued on the next page

Page 16 of 17



(PART B)

#### References

1) ACGIH 2017 TLVs and BEIs: Based on the documentation of the threshold limit values for chemical substances and physical agents & biological exposure indices, American Conference of Governmental of Industrial Hygienist Cincinnati, OH (2017).

2) All toxicological data were checked against the RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances®)

#### Abbreviations

- ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (USA)
- EC50 Half maximal effective concentration
- EL50 Half maximal effective loading
- NOELR No observable effect loading ratio
- GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification of Labeling of Chemicals
- LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%
- LCLo Lowest published lethal concentration
- LD50 Lethal Dose 50%
- PEL Permissible Exposure Limit
- STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit
- TCLo Lowest published toxic concentration
- TWA Time Weighted Average
- VOC Volatile Organic Content
- **Technical Queries** Contact us regarding any questions, improvement suggestions, or problems with this product. Application notes, instructions, and FAQs are located at <u>www.mgchemicals.com</u>.

Email: <a href="mailto:support@mgchemicals.com">support@mgchemicals.com</a>

Mailing Addresses	Manufacturing & Support	Head Office
	1210 Corporate Drive	9347–193rd Street
	Burlington, Ontario, Canada	Surrey, British Columbia, Canada
	L7L 5R6	V4N 4E7

**Disclaimer** This safety data sheet is provided as an information resource only. *M.G. Chemicals, Ltd.* believes the information contained herein is accurate and compiled from reliable sources. It is the responsibility of the user to query and verify any information seeming suspect where doubt on the validity may exist. The buyer assumes all responsibility of using and handling the product in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.