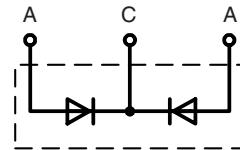


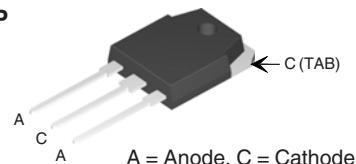
FRED for PDP Applications with common cathode and soft recovery

I_{FAV} = 2x30 A
V_{RRM} = 200 V
t_{rr} = 25 ns

V _{RSM} V	V _{RRM} V	Type
200	200	DSEC 60-02AQ



TO-3 P



Symbol	Conditions	Maximum Ratings		Features
I _{FRMS}		70	A	
I _{FAVM}	T _C = 145°C; rectangular, d = 0.5	30	A	
I _{FSM}	T _{VJ} = 45°C; t _p = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine	325	A	
E _{AS}	T _{VJ} = 25°C; non-repetitive I _{AS} = 3 A; L = 180 µH	1.2	mJ	
I _{AR}	V _A = 1.5·V _R typ.; f = 10 kHz; repetitive	0.3	A	
T _{VJ}		-55...+175	°C	
T _{VJM}		175	°C	
T _{stg}		-55...+150	°C	
P _{tot}	T _C = 25°C	165	W	
M _d	mounting torque	0.8...1.2	Nm	
F _c	mounting force with clip	20...120	N	
Weight	typical	5.2	g	

Applications

- Antiparallel diode for high frequency switching devices
- Antisaturation diode
- Snubber diode
- Free wheeling diode in converters and motor control circuits
- Rectifiers in switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Inductive heating
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)
- Ultrasonic cleaners and welders

Advantages

- Avalanche voltage rated for reliable operation
- Soft reverse recovery for low EMI/RFI
- Low I_{RM} reduces:
 - Power dissipation within the diode
 - Turn-on loss in the commuting switch

Symbol	Conditions	Characteristic Values	
		typ.	max.
I _R ①	V _R = V _{RRM} ; T _{VJ} = 25°C V _R = V _{RRM} ; T _{VJ} = 150°C	3 200	µA µA
V _F ②	I _F = 30 A; T _{VJ} = 150°C T _{VJ} = 25°C	0.95 1.20	V V
R _{thJC} R _{thCH}		0.25	K/W K/W
t _{rr}	I _F = 1 A; -di/dt = 200 A/µs; V _R = 30 V; T _{VJ} = 25°C	25	ns
I _{RM}	V _R = 100 V; I _F = 50 A; -di _F /dt = 100 A/µs; T _{VJ} = 100°C	4	A

Pulse test: ① Pulse Width = 5 ms, Duty Cycle < 2.0 %
② Pulse Width = 300 µs, Duty Cycle < 2.0 %

Data according to IEC 60747 and per diode unless otherwise specified.

Recommended replacement:
DPG 60C200QB

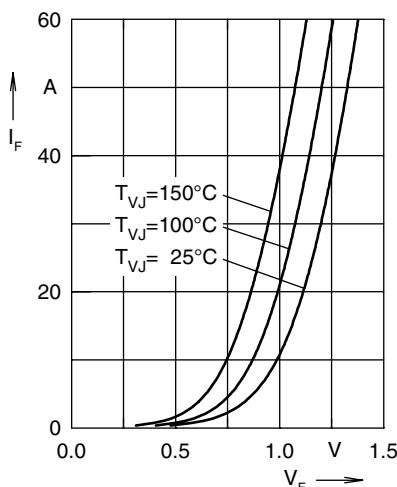
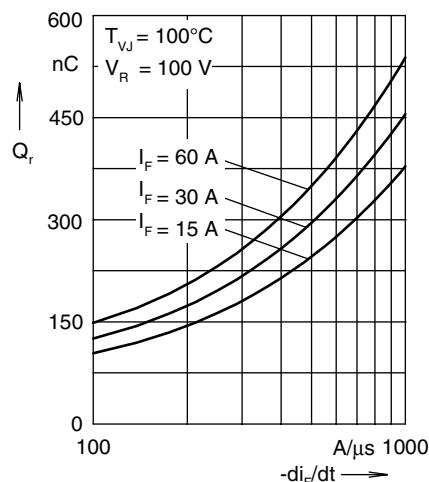
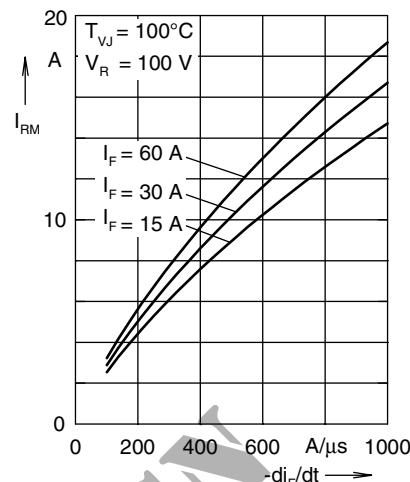
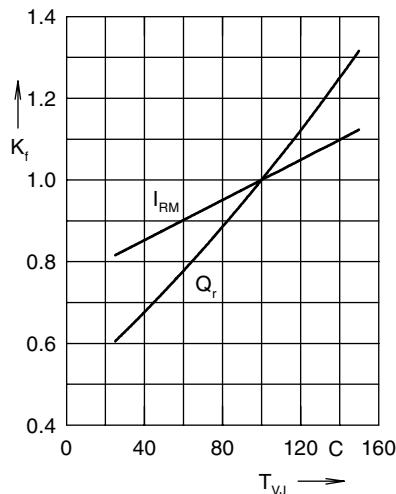
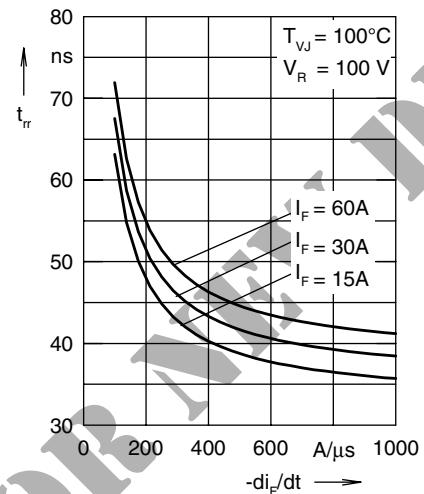
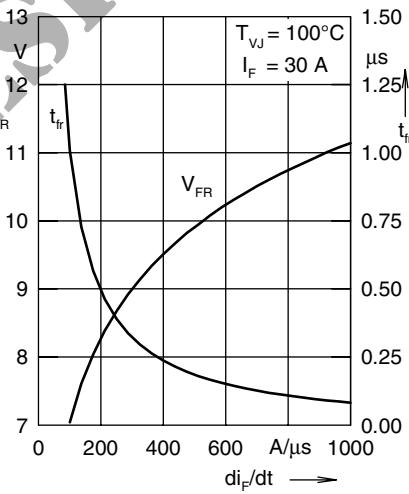
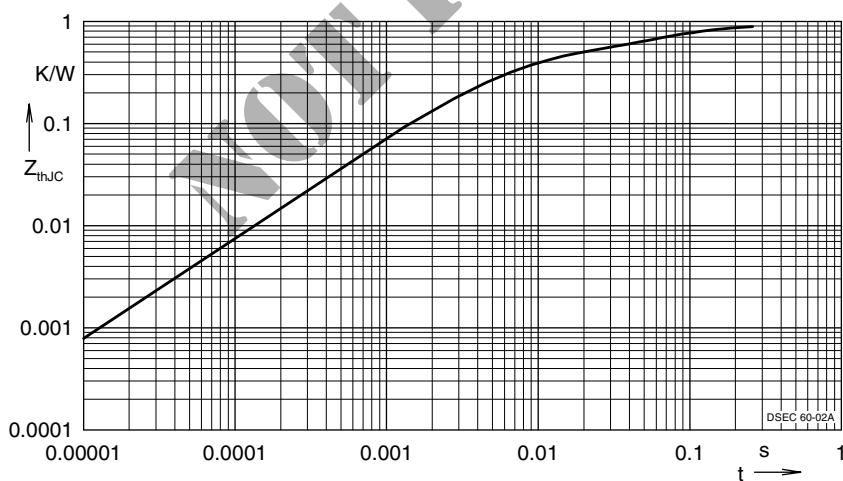
Fig. 1 Forward current I_F vs. V_F Fig. 2 Reverse recovery charge Q_r versus $-di_F/dt$ Fig. 3 Peak reverse current I_{RM} versus $-di_F/dt$ Fig. 4 Dynamic parameters Q_r , I_{RM} versus T_{VJ} Fig. 5 Recovery time t_{rr} vs. $-di_F/dt$ Fig. 6 Peak forward voltage V_{FR} and t_{fr} versus di_F/dt 

Fig. 7 Transient thermal resistance junction to case

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.465	0.005
2	0.179	0.0003
3	0.256	0.04

NOTE: Fig. 2 to Fig. 6 shows typical values