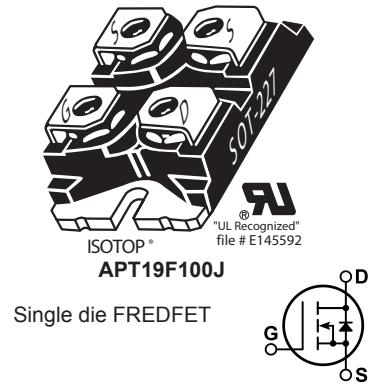


## N-Channel FREDFET

Power MOS 8™ is a high speed, high voltage N-channel switch-mode power MOSFET. This 'FREDFET' version has a drain-source (body) diode that has been optimized for high reliability in ZVS phase shifted bridge and other circuits through reduced  $t_{rr}$ , soft recovery, and high recovery dv/dt capability. Low gate charge, high gain, and a greatly reduced ratio of  $C_{rss}/C_{iss}$  result in excellent noise immunity and low switching loss. The intrinsic gate resistance and capacitance of the poly-silicon gate structure help control di/dt during switching, resulting in low EMI and reliable paralleling, even when switching at very high frequency.



### FEATURES

- Fast switching with low EMI
- Low  $t_{rr}$  for high reliability
- Ultra low  $C_{rss}$  for improved noise immunity
- Low gate charge
- Avalanche energy rated
- RoHS compliant

### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- ZVS phase shifted and other full bridge
- Half bridge
- PFC and other boost converter
- Buck converter
- Single and two switch forward
- Flyback

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Unit
$I_D$	Continuous Drain Current @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	20	A
	Continuous Drain Current @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	13	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current <sup>①</sup>	120	
$V_{GS}$	Gate-Source Voltage	$\pm 30$	V
$E_{AS}$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy <sup>②</sup>	1875	mJ
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current, Repetitive or Non-Repetitive	16	A

### Thermal and Mechanical Characteristics

Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$P_D$	Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			460	W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case Thermal Resistance			0.27	°C/W
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case to Sink Thermal Resistance, Flat, Greased Surface		0.15		
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55		150	°C
$V_{Isolation}$	RMS Voltage (50-60Hz Sinusoidal Waveform from Terminals to Mounting Base for 1 Min.)	2500			V
$W_T$	Package Weight		1.03		oz
			29.2		g
Torque	Terminals and Mounting Screws.			10	in·lbf
				1.1	N·m

## Static Characteristics

$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

APT19F100J

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{BR(DSS)}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	1000			V
$\Delta V_{BR(DSS)}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$		1.15		$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Drain-Source On Resistance <sup>③</sup>	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ , $I_D = 16\text{A}$		0.39	0.44	$\Omega$
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$ , $I_D = 2.5\text{mA}$	2.5	4	5	V
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient			-10		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 1000\text{V}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$			250	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$			1000	
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS} = \pm 30\text{V}$			$\pm 100$	nA

## Dynamic Characteristics

$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$g_{fs}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 50\text{V}$ , $I_D = 16\text{A}$		34		S
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$		8500		$\text{pF}$
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			115		
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			715		
$C_{o(cr)}^{\circledR}$	Effective Output Capacitance, Charge Related	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}$ = 0V to 667V		290		$\text{pF}$
$C_{o(er)}^{\circledR}$	Effective Output Capacitance, Energy Related			150		
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}$ = 0 to 10V, $I_D = 16\text{A}$ , $V_{DS} = 500\text{V}$		260		$\text{nC}$
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-Source Charge			46		
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-Drain Charge			125		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 667\text{V}$ , $I_D = 16\text{A}$ $R_G = 2.2\Omega^{\circledR}$ , $V_{GG} = 15\text{V}$	Resistive Switching	36		$\text{ns}$
$t_r$	Current Rise Time			37		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			140		
$t_f$	Current Fall Time			35		

## Source-Drain Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$I_s$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode (body diode)			20	A
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) <sup>①</sup>				120	
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_{SD} = 16\text{A}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$			1.2	V
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_{SD} = 16\text{A}^{\circledR}$ $V_{DD} = 100\text{V}$ $di_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		290	$\text{ns}$
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		600	
$I_{rrm}$	Reverse Recovery Current		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.3		$\mu\text{C}$
			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	3.5		
			$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	10.6		
			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	14.2		A
$dv/dt$	Peak Recovery dv/dt	$I_{SD} \leq 16\text{A}$ , $di/dt \leq 1000\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $V_{DD} = 667\text{V}$ , $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$			25	V/ns

① Repetitive Rating: Pulse width and case temperature limited by maximum junction temperature.

② Starting at  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 14.65\text{mH}$ ,  $R_G = 2.2\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 16\text{A}$ .

③ Pulse test: Pulse Width < 380 $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle < 2%.

④  $C_{o(cr)}$  is defined as a fixed capacitance with the same stored charge as  $C_{OSS}$  with  $V_{DS} = 67\%$  of  $V_{(BR)DSS}$ .

⑤  $C_{o(er)}$  is defined as a fixed capacitance with the same stored energy as  $C_{OSS}$  with  $V_{DS} = 67\%$  of  $V_{(BR)DSS}$ . To calculate  $C_{o(er)}$  for any value of  $V_{DS}$  less than  $V_{(BR)DSS}$ , use this equation:  $C_{o(er)} = -2.47E-7/V_{DS}^2 + 4.36E-8/V_{DS} + 8.44E-11$ .

⑥  $R_G$  is external gate resistance, not including internal gate resistance or gate driver impedance. (MIC4452)

Microsemi reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.

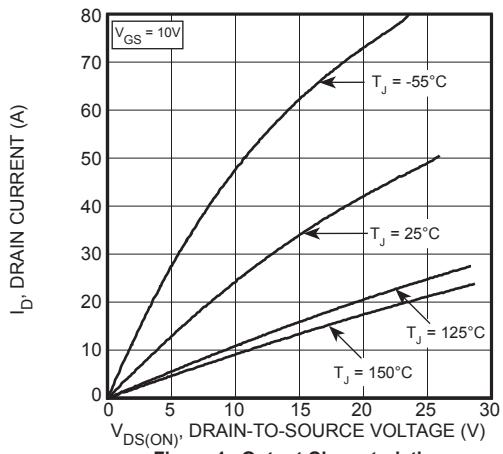


Figure 1, Output Characteristics

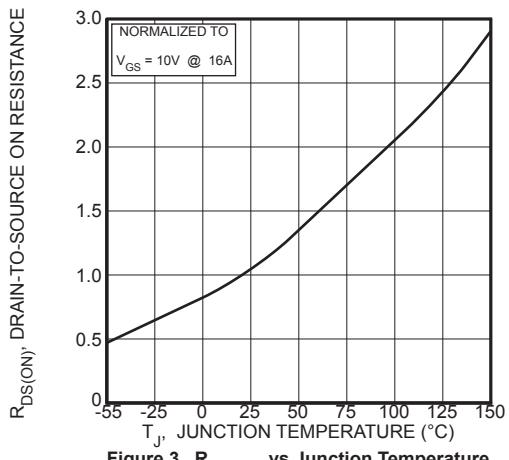
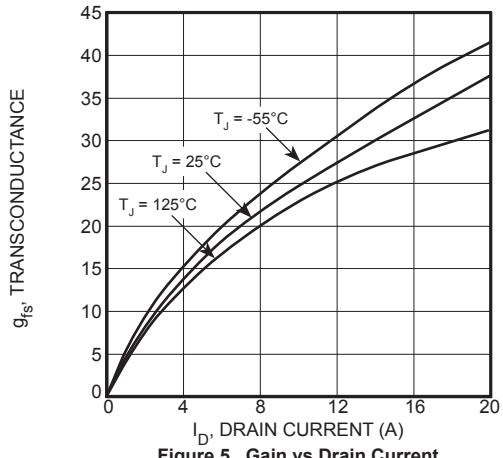
Figure 3,  $R_{DS(ON)}$  vs Junction Temperature

Figure 5, Gain vs Drain Current

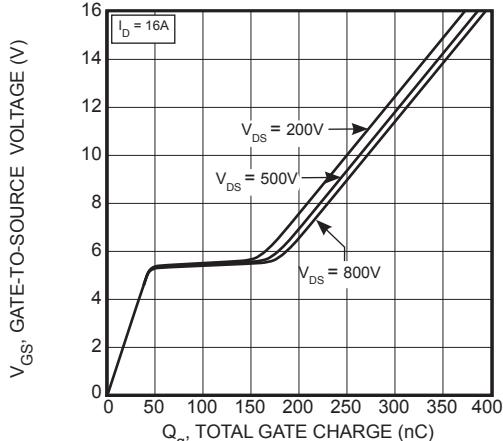


Figure 7, Gate Charge vs Gate-to-Source Voltage

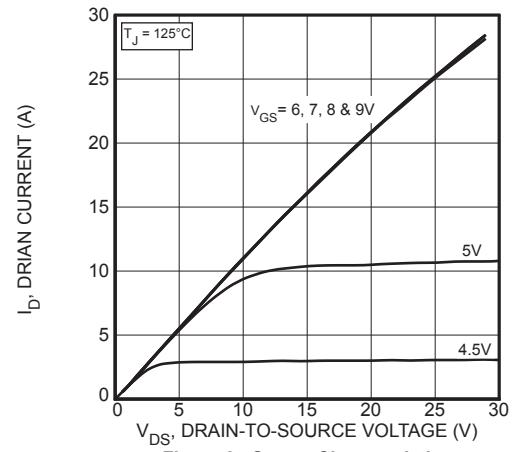


Figure 2, Output Characteristics

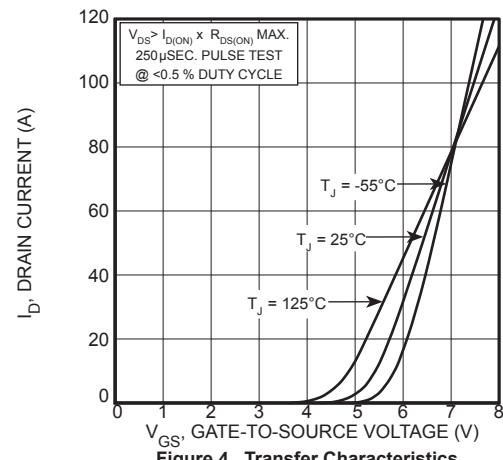


Figure 4, Transfer Characteristics

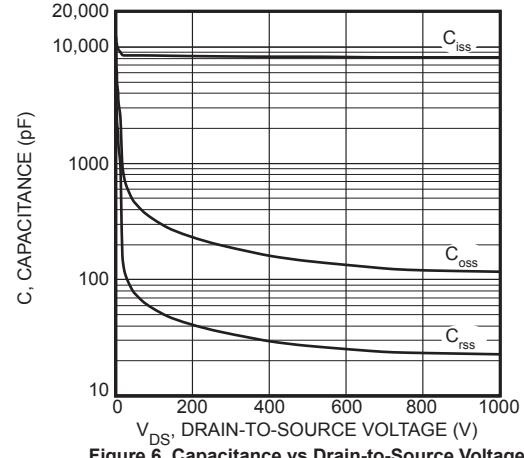


Figure 6, Capacitance vs Drain-to-Source Voltage

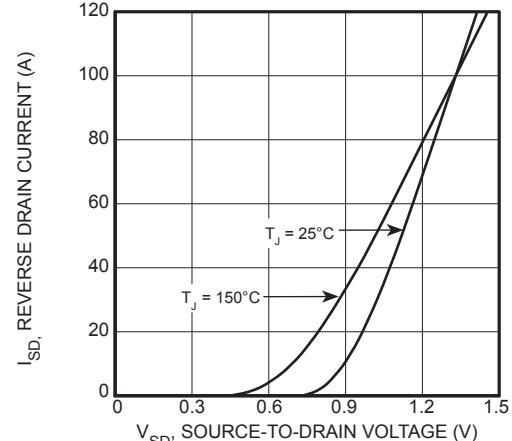
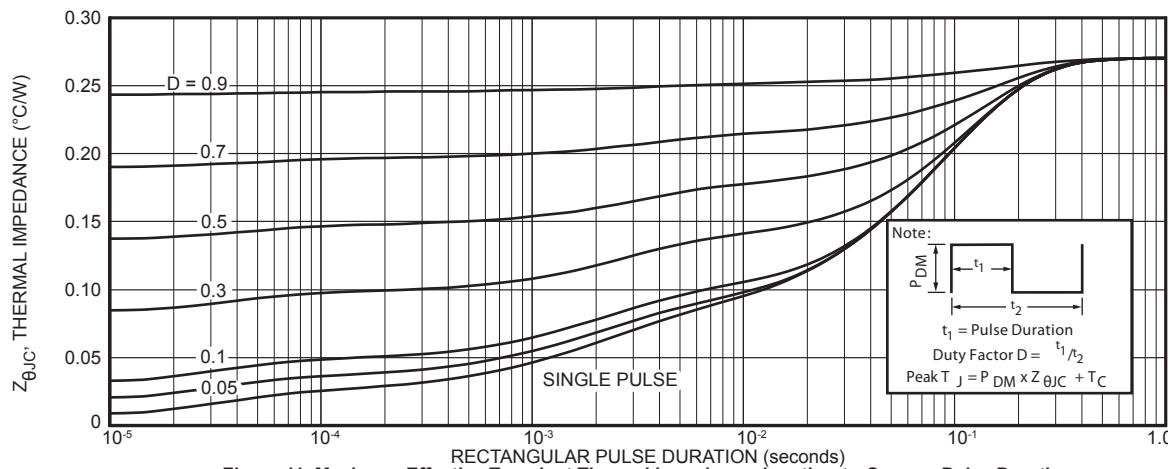
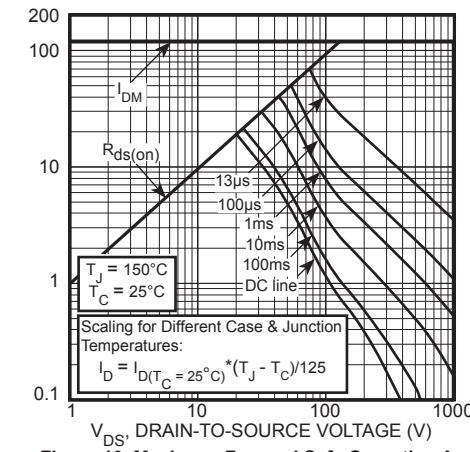
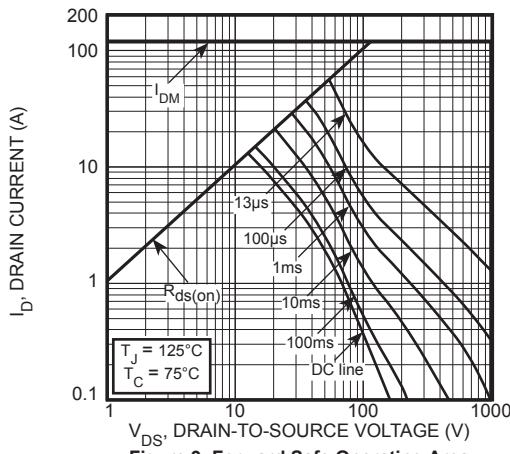
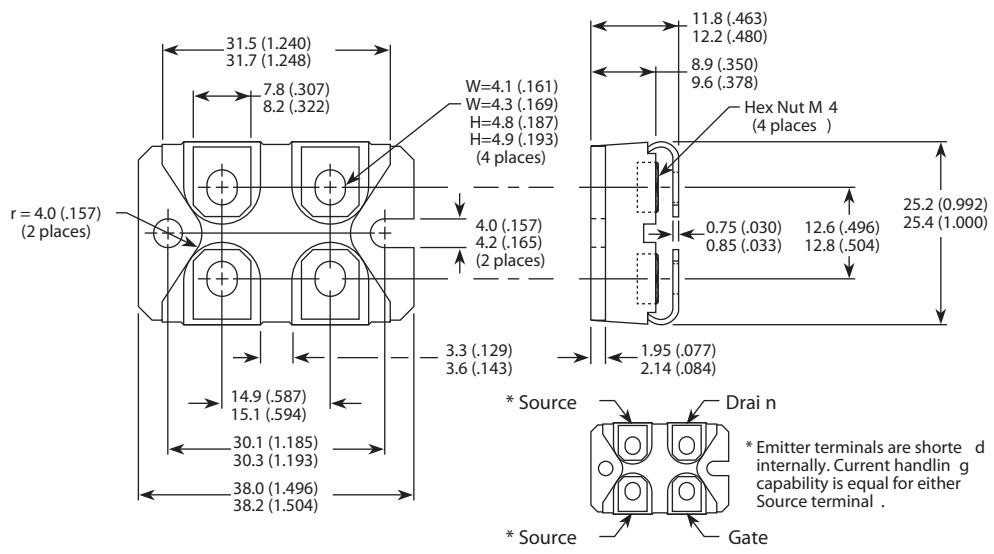


Figure 8, Reverse Drain Current vs Source-to-Drain Voltage



### SOT-227 (ISOTOP®) Package Outline



Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)