# intersil

#### Data Sheet

## February 23, 2012

## FN7362.5

## Triple 16x5 Differential Crosspoint Switch Capable of Operation in Single-Ended or Differential Input Modes

The EL4544 is a high bandwidth 16-channel differential RGB to 5-channel RGB single-ended RGB-HV video crosspoint switch with embedded sync extraction. There are four 16-Channel input muxes, each capable of receiving a complete RGB video signal, and five output muxes, each capable of "seeing" any one of the four RGB inputs. Additionally, the fifth input mux has an overlay "screen on screen" function that can be displayed in conjunction with any of the stacked RGB inputs.

The EL4544 has a fast disable feature to reduce power consumption. The device also provides a presence of signal indicator by looking for syncs on a designated channel.

## Ordering Information

PART NUMBER (Note)	PART MARKING	PACKAGE (Pb-Free)	PKG. DWG. #
EL4544IGZ	EL4544IGZ	356 Pin (27x27mm) PBGA	V356.27x27B

NOTE: These Intersil Pb-free WLCSP and BGA packaged products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and SnAgCu - e1 solder ball terminals, which are RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free WLCSP and BGA packaged products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.

## Features

- Serial programming of switch array
- · Parallel or serial modes
- High Z output disable
- Drives 150Ω loads
- 60MHz 0.1dB gain flatness
- -3dB bandwidth of 300MHz
- Crosstalk rejection: 75dB @ 100MHz
- · Channels settle to 5% within 10ns after overlay switching
- 356 pin PBGA packaging
- Pb-free (RoHS compliant)

## Applications

Video switching

Pinout

EL4544 (356 PIN PBGA) TOP VIEW

20	o	0	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	0	ο	0
20	Vp	Vm	BpF	BpE	BpD	BpC	ВрВ	BpA	Bp9	Bp8	Bp7	Bp6	Bp5	Bp4	Bp3	Bp2	Bp1	Bp0	Vm	Vp
19	Ö	0	0	0	0	Ö	Ö	0	0	0	Ö	Ö	0	Ö	0	ō	Ö	0	0	0
-	Vm	Vm	BnF	BnE	BnD	BnC	BnB	BnA	Bn9	Bn8	Bn7	Bn6	Bn5	Bn4	Bn3	Bn2	Bn1	Bn0	Vm	Vm
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ο	0
	RpF	RnF	TMon1	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vp	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	TMon2	GnF	GpF
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RpE	RnE	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	GnE	GpE
16	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	0	0
	RpD	RnD	Vm	Vm		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		Vm	Vm	GnD	GpD
15	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	0
	RpC	RnC	Vm	Vm		Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm		Vm	Vm	GnC	GpC
14	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	0
12	RpB	RnB	Vm	Vm	$\sim$	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	$\sim$	Vm	Vm	GnB	GpB
13	O RpA	O RnA	O Vm	O Vm	×	O Vm	O Vm	O Vm	O Vm	O Vm	O Vm	O Vm	O Vm	O Vm	O Vm	×	O Vm	O Vm	O GnA	O GpA
12	О	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	O
12	Rp9	Rn9	Vm	Vm	^	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm		Vm	Vm	Gn9	Gp9
11	O	0	0	0	x	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	x	0	0	0	0
	Rp8	Rn8	Vp	Vm	~	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	~	Vm	Vp	Gn8	Gp8
10	Ö	0	ò	ο	x	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	x	ο	ò	0	0
	Rp7	Rn7	Vm	Vm	•••	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	•••	Vm	Vm	Gn7	Gp7
9	Ó	0	0	ο	×	ο	0	ο	ο	ο	0	0	ο	ο	0	×	ο	0	0	Ó
	Rp6	Rn6	Vm	Vm		Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm		Vm	Vm	Gn6	Gp6
8	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	0
	Rp5	Rn5	Vm	Vm		Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm		Vm	Vm	Gn5	Gp5
7	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	0
	Rp4	Rn4	Vm	Vm		Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm		Vm	Vm	Gn4	Gp4
6	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	0	0
_	Rp3	Rn3	Raz	GAZ		Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm		NC	NC	Gn3	Gp3
5	0	0	<u> </u>	0	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	0	0
	Rp2	Rn2	Trans		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	Vdp	Chip	Gn2	Gp2
4	O Rp1	O Rn1	O Cal	O Ro∟	O Go∟	O Baz	O Vm	O sDo	O sEn	O Reset	O Gn1	O Gp1								
3	O	0	O	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	O	0	O
3	Rp0	Rn0	Vp		Bol	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	Vm	sDi	sClk	Vp	Gn0	Gp0
2	O	0	õ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	õ	0	O
-	VpS	Hs	Vs	VmS	VpD	Hd	Vd	VmD	VpC	Hc	Vc	VmC	VpB	НЬ	Vb	VmB	VpA	На	Va	VmA
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	o	0	0	0
	Rs	Gs	Bs	RefS	Rd	Gd	Bd	RefD	Rc	Gc	Bc	RefC	Rb	Gb	Bb	RefB	Ra	Ga	Ва	RefA
	•		с	D	_	-	~			V		M	N			-		v	14/	Y
	Α	в	L.	U	Е	F	G	н	J	к	L	м	Ν	Р	R	т	U	v	w	T

X = EMPTY LOCATION (UNPOPULATED) O = BALLGRID

## **Pin Descriptions**

PIN NAME	SOLDER BALL	DESCRIPTION	EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT
Rp0	A3	Red plus input 0	$\begin{array}{c} V_{P} \\ \hline \\ 1.75k\Omega \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $
Rn0	B3	Red minus input 0	Reference Circuit 1
Rp1	A4	Red plus input 1	Reference Circuit 1
Rn1	B4	Red minus input 1	Reference Circuit 1
Rp2	A5	Red plus input 2	Reference Circuit 1
Rn2	B5	Red minus input 2	Reference Circuit 1
Rp3	A6	Red plus input 3	Reference Circuit 1
Rn3	B6	Red minus input 3	Reference Circuit 1
Rp4	A7	Red plus input 4	Reference Circuit 1
Rn4	B7	Red minus input 4	Reference Circuit 1
Rp5	A8	Red plus input 5	Reference Circuit 1
Rn5	B8	Red minus input 5	Reference Circuit 1
Rp6	A9	Red plus input 6	Reference Circuit 1
Rn6	B9	Red minus input 6	Reference Circuit 1
Rp7	A10	Red plus input 7	Reference Circuit 1
Rn7	B10	Red minus input 7	
Vm	Multiple Balls	Analog minus supply	
Vp	C11	Analog plus supply	Reference Circuit 1
Rp8	A11	Red plus input 8	Reference Circuit 1
Rn8	B11	Red minus input 8	Reference Circuit 1
Rp9	A12	Red plus input 9	Reference Circuit 1
Rn9	B12	Red minus input 9	Reference Circuit 1
RpA	A13	Red plus input 10	Reference Circuit 1
RnA	B13	Red minus input 10	Reference Circuit 1
RpB	A14	Red plus input 11	Reference Circuit 1
RnB	B14	Red minus input 11	Reference Circuit 1
RpC	A15	Red plus input 12	Reference Circuit 1
RnC	B15	Red minus input 12	Reference Circuit 1
RpD	A16	Red plus input 13	Reference Circuit 1
RnD	B16	Red minus input 13	Reference Circuit 1
RpE	A17	Red plus input 14	Reference Circuit 1
RnE	B17	Red minus input 14	Reference Circuit 1
RpF	A18	Red plus input 15	Reference Circuit 1
RnF	B18	Red minus input 15	Reference Circuit 1

PIN NAME	SOLDER BALL	DESCRIPTION	EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT
TMon1	C18	Thermal Monitor 1 has diodes to measure die temperature	
Vp	A20	Analog plus supply	
Vm	Multiple Balls	Analog minus supply	
BnF	C19	Blue minus input 15	Reference Circuit 1
BpF	C20	Blue plus input 15	Reference Circuit 1
BnE	D19	Blue minus input 14	Reference Circuit 1
BpE	D20	Blue plus input 14	Reference Circuit 1
BnD	E19	Blue minus input 13	Reference Circuit 1
BnD BpD	E 10	Blue plus input 13	Reference Circuit 1
BnC	 F19	Blue minus input 12	Reference Circuit 1
ВрС	F20	Blue plus input 12	Reference Circuit 1
BnB	G19	Blue minus input 11	Reference Circuit 1
BpB	G20	Blue plus input 11	Reference Circuit 1
BnA	H19	Blue minus input 10	Reference Circuit 1
ВрА	H20	Blue plus input 10	Reference Circuit 1
Bn9	J19	Blue minus input 9	Reference Circuit 1
Bp9	J20	Blue plus input 9	Reference Circuit 1
Bn8	K19	Blue minus input 8	Reference Circuit 1
Bp8	K20	Blue plus input 8	Reference Circuit 1
Vp	K18	Analog plus supply	
Vm	Multiple Balls	Analog minus supply	
Bn7	L19	Blue minus input 7	Reference Circuit 1
Bp7	L20	Blue plus input 7	Reference Circuit 1
Bn6	M19	Blue minus input 6	Reference Circuit 1
Bp6	M20	Blue plus input 6	Reference Circuit 1
Bn5	N19	Blue minus input 5	Reference Circuit 1
Bp5	N20	Blue plus input 5	Reference Circuit 1
Bn4	P19	Blue minus input 4	Reference Circuit 1
Bp4	P20	Blue plus input 4	Reference Circuit 1
Bn3	R19	Blue minus input 3	Reference Circuit 1
Вр3	R20	Blue plus input 3	Reference Circuit 1
Bn2	T19	Blue minus input 2	Reference Circuit 1
Bp2	T20	Blue plus input 2	Reference Circuit 1
Bn1	U19	Blue minus input 1	Reference Circuit 1

4

PIN NAME	SOLDER BALL	DESCRIPTION	EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT
Bp1	U20	Blue plus input 1	Reference Circuit 1
Bn0	V19	Blue minus input 0	Reference Circuit 1
Bp0	V20	Blue plus input 0	Reference Circuit 1
Vm	Vm	Analog minus supply	
Vp	Y20	Analog plus supply	
TMon2	V18	Thermal Monitor 2 has diodes to measure die temperature	Reference Circuit 6
GnF	W18	Green minus input 15	Reference Circuit 1
GpF	Y18	Green plus input 15	Reference Circuit 1
GnE	W17	Green minus input 14	Reference Circuit 1
GpE	Y17	Green plus input 14	Reference Circuit 1
GnD	W16	Green minus input 13	Reference Circuit 1
GpD	Y16	Green plus input 13	Reference Circuit 1
GnC	W15	Green minus input 12	Reference Circuit 1
GpC	Y15	Green plus input 12	Reference Circuit 1
GnB	W14	Green minus input 11	Reference Circuit 1
GpB	Y14	Green plus input 11	Reference Circuit 1
GnA	W13	Green minus input 10	Reference Circuit 1
GpA	Y13	Green plus input 10	Reference Circuit 1
Gn9	W12	Green minus input 9	Reference Circuit 1
Gp9	Y12	Green plus input 9	Reference Circuit 1
Gn8	W11	Green minus input 8	Reference Circuit 1
Gp8	Y11	Green plus input 8	Reference Circuit 1
Vp	V11	Analog plus supply	
Vm	Multiple Balls	Analog minus supply	
Gn7	W10	Green minus input 7	Reference Circuit 1
Gp7	Y10	Green plus input 7	Reference Circuit 1
Gn6	W9	Green minus input 6	Reference Circuit 1
Gp6	Y9	Green plus input 6	Reference Circuit 1
Gn5	W8	Green minus input 5	Reference Circuit 1
Gp5	Y8	Green plus input 5	Reference Circuit 1
Gn4	W7	Green minus input 4	Reference Circuit 1
Gp4	Y7	Green plus input 4	Reference Circuit 1
Gn3	W6	Green minus input 3	Reference Circuit 1
Gp3	Y6	Green plus input 3	Reference Circuit 1
Gn2	W5	Green minus input 2	Reference Circuit 1
Gp2	Y5	Green plus input 2	Reference Circuit 1
Gn1	W4	Green minus input 1	Reference Circuit 1
Gp1	Y4	Green plus input 1	Reference Circuit 1
Gn0	W3	Green minus input 0	Reference Circuit 1
Gp0	Y3	Green plus input 0	Reference Circuit 1

5

PIN NAME	SOLDER BALL	DESCRIPTION	EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT
Vm	Vm	Analog minus supply	
Vp	V3	Analog plus supply	
Chip	V5	Chip enable (active low): when "HI" disables all analog except references; all analog or digital video outputs are in a high impedance state; all registers hold their data but remain programmable since the serial interface is left active	
Vdp	U5	Digital logic power supply: nominally at 3V	
Reset	V4	Reset (active low): clears all registers in interface and calibration sections; this causes the chip to standby with all outputs in a high impedance state	Reference Circuit 4
sEn	U4	Serial bus enable (active low): enables the serial bus when "LO"; latches the current value when transitioning to "HI"	Reference Circuit 4
Vp	V3	Analog plus supply	
Vm	Multiple Balls	Analog minus supply	
sClk	U3	Serial bus clock	Reference Circuit 4
sDo	T4	Serial bus data output	Reference Circuit 4
sDi	Τ3	Serial bus data input	
RefA	Y1	Output stage reference level (input) A	Reference Circuit 6
VmA	Υ2	RGB video output stages' minus supply A	$ \begin{array}{c}                                     $
Ва	W1	Blue output A	

PIN NAME	SOLDER BALL	DESCRIPTION	EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT
Va	W2	Vertical sync output A	Reference Circuit 5
Ga	V1	Green output A	Reference Circuit 2
На	V2	Horizontal sync output A	Reference Circuit 5
Ra	U1	Red output A	Reference Circuit 2
VpA	U2	RGB video output stages' plus supply A	Reference Circuit 7
RefB	T1	Output stage reference level (input) B	Reference Circuit 6
VmB	T2	RGB video output stages' minus supply B	Reference Circuit 7
Bb	R1	Blue output B	Reference Circuit 2
Vb	R2	Vertical sync output B	Reference Circuit 5
Gb	P1	Green output B	Reference Circuit 2
Hb	P2	Horizontal sync output B	Reference Circuit 5
Rb	N1	Red output B	Reference Circuit 2
VpB	N2	RGB video output stages' plus supply B	Reference Circuit 7
RefC	M1	Output stage reference level (input) C	Reference Circuit 6
VmC	M2	RGB video output stages' minus supply C	Reference Circuit 7
Bc	L1	Blue output C	Reference Circuit 2
Vc	L2	Vertical sync output C	Reference Circuit 5
Gc	K1	Green output C	Reference Circuit 2
Hc	K2	Horizontal sync output C	Reference Circuit 5
Rc	J1	Red output C	Reference Circuit 2
VpC	J2	RGB video output stages' plus supply C	Reference Circuit 7
RefD	H1	Output stage reference level (input) D	Reference Circuit 6
VmD	H2	RGB video output stages' minus supply D	Reference Circuit 7
Bd	G1	Blue output D	Reference Circuit 2
Vd	G2	Vertical sync output D	Reference Circuit 5
Gd	F1	Green output D	Reference Circuit 2
Hd	F2	Horizontal sync output D	Reference Circuit 5
Rd	E1	Red output D	Reference Circuit 2
VpD	E2	RGB video output stages' plus supply D	Reference Circuit 7
RefS	D1	Output stage reference level (input) S	Reference Circuit 6
VmS	D2	RGB video output stages' minus supply S	Reference Circuit 7
Bs	C1	Blue output S	Reference Circuit 2
Vs	C2	Vertical sync output S	Reference Circuit 5
Gs	B1	Green output S	Reference Circuit 2
Hs	B2	Horizontal sync output S	Reference Circuit 5
Rs	A1	Red output S	Reference Circuit 2
VpS	A2	RGB video output stages' plus supply S	Reference Circuit 7
BOL	E3	Blue overlay input for output group S	Reference Circuit 6
Gol	E4	Green overlay input for output group S	Reference Circuit 6
Rol	D4	Red overlay input for output group S	Reference Circuit 6

7

Refor     DS     Overlay inputs' reference level for output group S     Reference Circuit 6       Vm     Multiple Balls     Analog minus supply     Image: minus supply     Image: minus supply       Baz     F4     Biue auto-zero internal calibration level monitor for output group S     Image: minus supply       Baz     Constraints     F4     Biue auto-zero internal calibration level monitor for output group S     Reference Circuit 3       GAz     D6     Green auto-zero internal calibration level monitor for output group S     Reference Circuit 3       Vp     CG3     Analog plus supply     Reference Circuit 3       GW     U5     Digital input to select whether overlay is active for output group S     Reference Circuit 4       Cal     C4     Digital input to select a transparent overlay for output group S     Reference Circuit 4       Times     C3     Analog minus supply     Reference Circuit 4       Vp     C3     Analog minus supply     Reference Circuit 4       Vm     MultipleBalls     Analog minus supply     Reference Circuit 4       Vm     C13, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, C18, C14, C15, C16, C17, C18, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, C18, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, C18, C14, C15, C16, C16, C17, C18, C14, C15, C16, C17, C18, C14, C	PIN NAME	SOLDER BALL	DESCRIPTION	EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT
BAZ       F4       Blue auto-zero internal calibration level monitor for output group S         GAZ       D6       Green auto-zero internal calibration level monitor for output group S       Reference Circuit 3         Vp       C3       Analog plus supply       Reference Circuit 3         RAZ       C6       Red auto zero internal calibration level monitor for output group S       Reference Circuit 3         Vp       C3       Analog plus supply       Reference Circuit 3         Ovi       D3       Digital logic power supply: nominally at 3V       Reference Circuit 4         Cal       C4       Digital input to select whether overlay is active for output group S       Reference Circuit 4         Trans       C5       Digital input to select a transparent overlay for output group S       Reference Circuit 4         Vp       C3       Analog minus supply       P         Vm       MultipleBalts       Analog minus supply       P         Vm       B19, B20, C7, C8, C3, C1, C1, C7, C8, C3, C1, C1, C1, C13, C14, C15, C14, C15, C14, C14, C13, C14, C15, C14, C14, C14, C14, C14, C14, C14, C14	Refol	D5	Overlay inputs' reference level for output group S	Reference Circuit 6
GAZ       D6       Green auto-zero internal calibration level monitor for output group S       Reference Circuit 3         Vp       C3       Analog plus supply          Rxz       C6       Red auto-zero internal calibration level monitor for output group S       Reference Circuit 3         Vdp       U5       Digital logic power supply: nominally at 3V       Reference Circuit 4         Coil       D3       Digital input to select whether overlay is active for output group S       Reference Circuit 4         Trans       C5       Digital input to select whether overlay for output group S       Reference Circuit 4         Trans       C5       Digital input to select a transparent overlay for output group S       Reference Circuit 4         Vp       C3       Analog plus supply          Vm       MultipleBalls       Analog minus supply          Vm       B19, B20, C7, C8, C3, C10, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, D7, D8, D9, D10, D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16, D17, D18, P10, H11, H2, H13, H14, H15, H13, H14, H15, H17, H18, J3, J4, J5, J7, F18, F17, F18, G3, C43, G6, G7, G8, G9, G10, G11, G12, C13, G14, G15, G13, G14,	Vm	Multiple Balls	Analog minus supply	
Vp         C3         Analog plus supply           Raz         C6         Red auto zero internal calibration level monitor for output group S         Reference Circuit 3           Vdp         U5         Digital logic power supply: nominally at 3V            Orl         D3         Digital input to select whether overlay is active for output group S         Reference Circuit 4           Cal         C4         Digital input to calibrate S output group         Reference Circuit 4           Trans         C5         Digital input to select a transparent overlay for output group S         Reference Circuit 4           Vp         C3         Analog plus supply          Reference Circuit 4           Vp         C3         Analog minus supply          Reference Circuit 4           Vm         MultipleBalls         Analog minus supply             Vm         A19         Analog minus supply             Vm         B19, B20, C7, C8, C9, C10, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, D16, D17, D18, E17, F18, G3, G4, G6, G7, G8, G9, G10, G11, G12, C13, G14, G15, G17, G18, H3, H4, H6, H7, H4, H15, H17, H18, J3, J4, J4, J15, J17, J18, K3, K4, K6, K7, K8, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, K15, K17, L3, L46, L7, L8, L9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, L15, L17, L18, K3, K4, K6, K7, K8, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, K15, K17, K18, R3, R4, R6, R7, R8, R8, R10, R11, R12, R13, R1, R15, R17, R18, R3, R4, R6, R7, R8, R8, R10, R11, R	Baz	F4	Blue auto-zero internal calibration level monitor for output group S	
RxzC6Red auto zero internal calibration level monitor for output group SReference Circuit 3VdpU5Digital logic power supply: nominally at 3VOrlD3Digital input to select whether overlay is active for output group SReference Circuit 4CalC4Digital input to calibrate S output groupReference Circuit 4TransC5Digital input to select a transparent overlay for output group SReference Circuit 4VpC3Analog plus supplyVmMultipleBallsAnalog minus supplyVmA19Analog minus supplyVmB19, B20, C7, C8, C9, C10, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, D7, D8, D9, D10, D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16, D17, D18, E17, F18, F17, F18, G3, G4, G6, G7, G8, G9, G10, G11, G12, G13, G14, G15, G17, G18, H3, H4, H6, H7, H8, H9, H10, H11, H12, H13, H14, H15, H17, H18, J3, J4, J6, J7, J8, B9, J10, J11, J12, J13, J14, J15, J17, J18, K3, K4, K6, K7, K8, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, K15, K17, T13, L4, L6, L7, L8, L9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, L15, L17, L18, M3, M4, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M17, M18, N3, M4, M6, N7, N8, N9, N10, N11, N12, N13, N14, M15, M17, M18, N3, M4, N6, N7, N8, N9, N10, N11, N12, N13, N14, M15, M17, M18, P3, P4, P6, P7, P8, P9, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P15, P17, P18, P4, P6, P7, P8, P9, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P15, P17, P18, P14, P6, P7, P8, P9, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P15, P17, P18, P14, P6, P7, P8, P8, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P15, P17, P18, P14, P15, P17, P18, P14, P15, P17, P18, P3, P14, P15, P17, P18, P14, P6, P7, P8, P8, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P15, P17, P18, P14, P6, P7, P8, P8, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P1	Gaz	D6	Green auto-zero internal calibration level monitor for output group S	Reference Circuit 3
Vdp         U5         Digital logic power supply: nominally at 3V           Ovi         D3         Digital input to select whether overlay is active for output group S         Reference Circuit 4           Cal         C4         Digital input to select a transparent overlay for output group S         Reference Circuit 4           Trans         C5         Digital input to select a transparent overlay for output group S         Reference Circuit 4           Vp         C3         Analog plus supply         Reference Circuit 4           Vm         MultipleBalls         Analog minus supply         Reference Circuit 4           Vm         B19, B20, C7, C8, C9, C10, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, D18, E17, E18, F3, F6, F7, F8, F9, F10, D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16, D17, D18, E17, E18, F3, F6, F7, F8, F9, F10, F11, F12, F13, F14, F15, F14, F15, F14, F14, F15, F14, F15, F14, F15, F17, F18, J3, J4, J6, J7, J8, J9, J10, J11, J12, J13, J14, J15, J17, J18, K3, K4, K6, K7, K8, K0, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, K15, K17, L3, L4, L6, L7, K8, K0, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, K15, K17, K18, N3, M4, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M17, M18, N3, M4, N6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M17, M18, N3, M4, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M17, M18, N3, M4, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M17, M18, N3, M4, M6, M7, M8, M3, M4, M6, M7, M8, M9, M0, M11, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M17, M18, N3, M4, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M	Vp	C3	Analog plus supply	
Ovi         D3         Digital input to select whether overlay is active for output group S         Reference Circuit 4           Cal         C4         Digital input to calibrate S output group         Reference Circuit 4           Trans         C5         Digital input to select a transparent overlay for output group S         Reference Circuit 4           Vp         C3         Analog plus supply         Reference Circuit 4           Vm         MultipleBalls         Analog minus supply         Image: Circuit 4           Vm         A19         Analog minus supply         Image: Circuit 4           Vm         A19         Analog minus supply         Image: Circuit 4           Vm         B19, B20, C7, C8, C9, C10, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, D7, D8, D9, D10, D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16, D17, D18, E17, E18, F3, F6, F7, F8, F9, F10, F11, F12, F13, F14, F15, F17, F18, G3, G4, G6, G7, G8, G9, G10, G11, G12, G13, G14, G15, G17, G18, H3, H4, H6, H7, H8, H9, H10, H11, H12, H13, H14, H15, H17, H18, J3, J4, J6, J7, J8, J9, J10, J11, J12, J13, J14, J15, J17, J18, X4, K6, K7, K8, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, K15, K17, L3, L4, L6, L7, L18, L9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, L12, L13, L14, L14, L14, L14, L14, L14, L14, L14	Raz	C6	Red auto zero internal calibration level monitor for output group S	Reference Circuit 3
Cal         C4         Digital input to calibrate S output group         Reference Circuit 4           Trans         C5         Digital input to select a transparent overlay for output group S         Reference Circuit 4           Vp         C3         Analog plus supply             Vm         MultipleBalls         Analog minus supply             Vm         A19         Analog minus supply             Vm         B19, B20, C7, C8, C9, C10, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, D7, D8, D9, D10, D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16, D17, D18, E17, E18, F3, F6, F7, F8, F9, F10, F11, F12, F13, F14, F15, F17, F18, G3, G4, G6, G7, C8, G9, G10, G11, G12, G13, G14, G15, G17, G18, H3, H4, H6, H7, H8, H9, H10, H11, H12, H13, H14, H15, H17, H18, J3, J4, J6, J7, J8, J9, J10, J11, J12, J13, J14, J15, J17, J18, K3, K4, K6, K7, K8, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, K15, K17, L18, K3, K4, K6, K7, K8, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, K15, K17, L18, L3, L4, L6, L7, L8, L9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, L15, L17, L18, M3, M4, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M17, M18, N3, N4, N6, N7, N8, N9, N10, N11, M12, N13, N14, N15, M17, N18, N18, N18, P3, P4, P6, P7, P8, P9, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P15, P17, P18, R3, R4, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R11, R12, R13, R1, R15, R17, R18, R17, T18, U7, U8, U9, U10, U11, U12, U13, U14, U15, U16,	Vdp	U5	Digital logic power supply: nominally at 3V	
Trans         C5         Digital input to select a transparent overlay for output group S         Reference Circuit 4           Vp         C3         Analog plus supply </td <td>Ovl</td> <td>D3</td> <td>Digital input to select whether overlay is active for output group S</td> <td>Reference Circuit 4</td>	Ovl	D3	Digital input to select whether overlay is active for output group S	Reference Circuit 4
Vp         C3         Analog plus supply           Vm         MultipleBalls         Analog minus supply           Vm         A19         Analog minus supply           Vm         A19         Analog minus supply           Vm         B19, B20, C7, C8, C9, C10,         C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17,           D7, D8, D9, D10, D11, D12,         D13, D14, D15, D16, D17, D18,         E17, E18, E3, E6, F7, E8, F9,           F10, F11, F12, F13, F14, F15,         F17, F18, G3, G4, G6, G7, G8,         G9, G10, G11, G12, G13, G14,           G15, G17, G18, H3, H4, H6, H7,         H8, H9, H10, H11, H12, H13,         H14, H15, H17, H18, J3, J4, J6,           J7, J8, J9, J10, J11, J12, J13,         J14, J15, J17, J18, K3, K4, K6,         K7, K8, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13,           K14, K15, K17, L3, L4, L6, L7,         L8, L9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14,         L15, L17, L18, M3, M4, M6, M7,           M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13,         M14, M15, M17, M18, N3, N4,         N6, M7, N8, N9, N10, M11, M12,           N13, N14, N15, N17, N18, P3,         P4, P6, P7, P8, P9, P10, P11,         P12, P13, P14, P15, P17, P18,           R3, R4, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10,         R11, R12, R13, R1, R15, R17,         R18, R17, T18, U7, U8, U9, U10,           U11, U12, U13, U14, U15, U16, U15, U16,         U10, U11, U12, U13, U14, U15, U16,         U10, U11, U12, U13, U14, U15, U16,	Cal	C4	Digital input to calibrate S output group	Reference Circuit 4
Vm         MultipleBalls         Analog minus supply           Vm         A19         Analog minus supply           Vm         B19, B20, C7, C8, C9, C10, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, D7, D8, D9, D10, D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16, D17, D18, E17, E18, F3, F6, F7, F8, F9, F10, F11, F12, F13, F14, F15, F17, F18, G3, G4, G6, G7, G8, G9, G10, G11, G12, G13, G14, G15, G17, G18, H3, H4, H6, H7, H8, H9, H10, H11, H12, H13, H14, H15, H17, H18, J3, J4, J6, J7, J8, J9, J10, J11, J12, J13, J14, J15, J17, J18, K3, K4, K6, K7, K8, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, K15, K17, L3, L4, L6, L7, L8, L9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, L15, L17, L18, M3, M4, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M17, M18, N3, N4, N6, N7, N8, N9, M10, N11, N12, N13, N14, N15, N17, N18, P3, P4, P6, P7, P8, P9, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P15, P17, P18, R3, R4, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R11, R12, R13, R1, R15, R17, R18, T17, T18, U7, U8, U9, U10, U11, U12, U13, U14, U15, U16,	Trans	C5	Digital input to select a transparent overlay for output group S	Reference Circuit 4
Vm         A19         Analog minus supply           Vm         B19, B20, C7, C8, C9, C10, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, D7, D8, D9, D10, D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16, D17, D18, E17, E18, E3, F6, F7, F8, F9, F10, F11, F12, F13, F14, F15, F17, F18, G3, G4, G6, G7, G8, G9, G10, G11, G12, G13, G14, G15, G17, G18, H3, H4, H6, H7, H8, H9, H10, H11, H12, H13, H14, H15, H17, H18, J3, J4, J6, J7, J8, J9, J10, J11, J12, J13, J14, J15, J17, J18, K3, K4, K6, K7, K8, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, K15, K17, L3, L4, L6, L7, L8, L9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, L15, L17, L18, M3, M4, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M17, M18, N3, N4, N6, N7, N8, N9, N10, N11, N12, N13, M14, N15, N17, M18, P3, P4, P6, P7, P8, P9, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P15, P17, P18, R3, R4, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R11, R12, R13, R1, R15, R17, R18, T17, T18, U7, U8, U9, U10, U11, U12, U13, U14, U15, U16,	Vp	C3	Analog plus supply	
Vm B19, B20, C7, C8, C9, C10, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, D7, D8, D9, D10, D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16, D17, D18, E17, E18, E3, F6, F7, F8, F9, F10, F11, F12, F13, F14, F15, F17, F18, G3, G4, G6, G7, G8, G9, G10, G11, G12, G13, G14, G15, G17, G18, H3, H4, H6, H7, H8, H9, H10, H11, H12, H13, H14, H15, H17, H18, J3, J4, J6, J7, J8, J9, J10, J11, J12, J13, J14, J15, J17, J18, K3, K4, K6, K7, K8, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, K15, K17, L3, L4, L6, L7, L8, L9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, L15, L17, L18, M3, M4, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M17, M18, N3, N4, N6, N7, N8, N9, N10, N11, N12, N13, N14, M15, N17, N18, P3, P4, P6, P7, P8, P9, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P15, P17, P18, R3, R4, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R11, R12, R13, R1, R15, R17, R18, T17, T18, U7, U8, U9, U10, U11, U12, U13, U14, U15, U16,	Vm	MultipleBalls	Analog minus supply	
C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, D7, D8, D9, D10, D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16, D17, D18, E17, E18, F3, F6, F7, F8, F9, F10, F11, F12, F13, F14, F15, F17, F18, G3, G4, G6, G7, G8, G9, G10, G11, G12, G13, G14, G15, G17, G18, H3, H4, H6, H7, H8, H9, H10, H11, H12, H13, H14, H15, H17, H18, J3, J4, J6, J7, J8, J9, J10, J11, J12, J13, J14, J15, J17, J18, K3, K4, K6, K7, K8, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, K15, K17, L3, L4, L6, L7, L8, L9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, L15, L17, L18, M3, M4, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M17, M18, N3, N4, N6, N7, N8, N9, N10, N11, N12, N13, N14, N15, N17, N18, P3, P4, P6, P7, P8, P9, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P15, P17, P18, R3, R4, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R11, R12, R13, R1, R15, R17, R18, T17, T18, U7, U8, U9, U10, U11, U12, U13, U14, U15, U16,	Vm	A19	Analog minus supply	
V17, U18, V7, V8, V9, V10, V12, V13, V14, V15, V16, V17, W19, W20, Y19	Vm	C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, D7, D8, D9, D10, D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16, D17, D18, E17, E18, F3, F6, F7, F8, F9, F10, F11, F12, F13, F14, F15, F17, F18, G3, G4, G6, G7, G8, G9, G10, G11, G12, G13, G14, G15, G17, G18, H3, H4, H6, H7, H8, H9, H10, H11, H12, H13, H14, H15, H17, H18, J3, J4, J6, J7, J8, J9, J10, J11, J12, J13, J14, J15, J17, J18, K3, K4, K6, K7, K8, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, K15, K17, L3, L4, L6, L7, L8, L9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, L15, L17, L18, M3, M4, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M17, M18, N3, N4, N6, N7, N8, N9, N10, N11, N12, N13, N14, N15, N17, N18, P3, P4, P6, P7, P8, P9, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P15, P17, P18, R3, R4, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R11, R12, R13, R1, R15, R17, R18, T17, T18, U7, U8, U9, U10, U11, U12, U13, U14, U15, U16, U17, U18, V7, V8, V9, V10, V12, V13, V14, V15, V16, V17, W19,		

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings (T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C)

V <sub>SA</sub>	5.5V
Input Voltage	V <sub>SA</sub>
V <sub>SD</sub>	3.6V
Output Current	80mA

#### **Thermal Information**

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 1)	θ <sub>JA</sub> (°C/W)
356 Ld PBGA	25
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+135°C
Recommended Operating Temperature	40°C to +85°C
Pb-free reflow profile	see link below
http://www.intersil.com/pbfree/Pb-FreeReflow.asp	

CAUTION: Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions may adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

IMPORTANT NOTE: All parameters having Min/Max specifications are guaranteed. Typical values are for information purposes only. Unless otherwise noted, all tests are at the specified temperature and are pulsed tests, therefore:  $T_J = T_C = T_A$ 

#### NOTE:

1.  $\theta_{JA}$  is measured with the component mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief TB379 for details.

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY CHAR	ACTERISTICS	·			1	4
V <sub>SA</sub>	Recommended Analog Supply Voltage		4.75	5.0	5.25	V
V <sub>SD</sub>	Recommended Digital Supply Voltage		2.4	3.3	3.6	V
I <sub>SD</sub>	Digital Supply Current	Enabled		3	10	mA
I <sub>SA</sub>	Analog Supply Current	Enabled - no load, all amplifiers enabled		685	790	mA
		Disabled		33	50	mA
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	4.75V to 5.25V		40		dB
CHARACTERIS	TICS OF DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS	· ·				
CMRR	Input Common Mode Rejection Ratio	0V to 1.5V	45	66		dB
A <sub>V</sub>	Gain Accuracy for A, B, C, D, S Channels	Range of Deviation from gain of 2 (excluding overlay)	1.85	2.0	2.15	V/V
V <sub>N</sub>	Input Referred Voltage Noise			40		nV/√Hz
V <sub>OS</sub>	Input Referred Offset Voltage	Includes muxes and output amps; A, B, C, D channels, gain = 1	-80	0	80	mV
		S-Channel in auto-calibration mode, gain = 1	-20	5	20	mV
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance			2		pF
R <sub>IN</sub>	Input Resistance, Single-ended		1100	1500		Ω
VINSET	Input Biasing Voltage		1.49	1.55	1.61	V
OVERLAY SWIT	TCHING CHARACTERISTICS					
PAPERTURE	Pixel Mux Aperture of Uncertainty	5% setting for max signal charge		10		ns
OUTPUT CHAR	ACTERISTICS					+
Output		Enabled		100		mΩ
Impedance		Disabled		10		MΩ
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Maximum Recommended Output Range		0		3.3	V
IOUT	Output Current	Short-circuit (5Ω)		60		mA

#### $\label{eq:scalar} \textbf{Electrical Specifications} \quad \text{V}_{SA} = 5\text{V}, \text{V}_{SD} = 3.3\text{V}, \text{ Gain} = 2, \text{ R}_{L} = 150\Omega, \text{ C}_{L} = 2.7\text{pF}, \text{ T}_{A} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}.$

# **Electrical Specifications** $V_{SA} = 5V$ , $V_{SD} = 3.3V$ , Gain = 2, $R_L = 150\Omega$ , $C_L = 2.7pF$ , $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ . (Continued)

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
AC PERFORM	ANCE					
SR	Slew Rate	$2V_{P-P}$ symmetrical, $R_L$ = 150 $\Omega$ , $A_V$ = 2, (Note 2)		800		V/µs
BW	-3dB Bandwidth	-3dB, 200mV <sub>P-P</sub> , load of $150\Omega$		300		MHz
	0.1dB Bandwidth	0.1dB, 200mV <sub>P-P</sub> , load of $150\Omega$		60		MHz
Settling Time	1% Settling Time	$2V_{OUT}$ step, load of $150\Omega$		10		ns
Crosstalk	Hostile Crosstalk Between any 2 Channels	100MHz		-70		dB
	Worst Case Hostile Crosstalk One Channel Affected by all Other Channels Running the Same Signal	100MHz		-50		dB

NOTE:

2. Limits should be considered typical and are not production tested.

I/O Block Diagram of Video Signals









### Serial Bus Interface Architecture



NOTE: The selector has 16 outputs, connected to 16 AND gates, connected to 16 4-bit latches. Rising edge of  $\overline{\text{SEN}}$  triggers the load one-shot.





NOTE: Readback of the serial bus register can be done as follows: After SEN is taken low, latching data, and before writing the next word, the data in the register can be read back by clocking out 8 bits before writing in the next word.

14

## Serial Bus Interface Control Table

HEX		ADDRESS				DATA			
ADDRESS CODE	FUNCTION	A3	A2	A1	A0	D3	D2	D1	D0
0	Ai Input Mux: Select Input of Input Mux Ai	0	0	0	0	S3	S2	S1	S0
1	Bi Input Mux: Select Input of Input Mux Bi	0	0	0	1	S3	S2	S1	S0
2	Ci Input Mux: Select Input of Input Mux Ci	0	0	1	0	S3	S2	S1	S0
3	Di Input Mux: Select Input of Input Mux Di	0	0	1	1	S3	S2	S1	S0
4	Enable Any of the 4 Input Muxes: Di/Ci/Bi/Ai	0	1	0	0	EnDi	EnCi	EnBi	EnAi
5	Ti Input Test Mux: Select Which Input Group is Connected to Input Test Mux	0	1	0	1	TiS3	TiS2	TiS1	TiS0
6	Enable Test Muxes: Input and Output	0	1	1	0	EnTi	ToS2	ToS1	ToS0
7	Enable Sync Detectors for Di/Ci/Bi/Ai	0	1	1	1	EnDSync	EnCSync	EnBSync	EnASync
8	Ax Crosspoint Mux: Enable/Gain = 2 or 1/Select Input (2Bits)	1	0	0	0	En	A <sub>V</sub> = 2/ not1	S1	S0
9	Bx Crosspoint Mux: Enable/Gain = 2 or 1/Select Input (2Bits)	1	0	0	1	En	A <sub>V</sub> = 2/ not1	S1	S0
А	Cx Crosspoint Mux: Enable/Gain = 2 or 1/Select Input (2Bits)	1	0	1	0	En	A <sub>V</sub> = 2/ not1	S1	S0
В	Dx Crosspoint Mux: Enable/Gain = 2 or 1/Select Input (2Bits)	1	0	1	1	En	A <sub>V</sub> = 2/ not1	S1	S0
С	<b>Sx</b> Crosspoint Mux: Enable/Gain = 2 or 1/Select Input (2Bits)	1	1	0	0	En	A <sub>V</sub> = 2/ not1	S1	S0
D	Sync, Overlay, and Calibration Modes	1	1	0	1	Х	Trans	Toggle	Autocal
E	Gain for: <b>Di/Ci/Bi/Ai</b> Set to HI for gain of 2 Set to LO for gain of 1	1	1	1	0	AvDi = 2	AvCi = 2	AvBi = 2	AvDi = 2
F	No Operation	1	1	1	1	X	Х	Х	Х
Order bits a	re loaded	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

## Typical Performance Curves









FIGURE 5. GAIN vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS NON-INVERTING INPUTS





FIGURE 4. GAIN vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS OUTPUT COLOR CHANNELS



FIGURE 6. GAIN vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS INVERTING INPUTS

## Typical Performance Curves (Continued)



FIGURE 7. GAIN vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS GAINS



FIGURE 9. GAIN vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS GAIN COMBINATIONS



FIGURE 11. GAIN vs FREQUENCY DIFFERENTIAL INPUT COMPARISON



FIGURE 8. GAIN vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS GAINS



FIGURE 10. GAIN vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS INPUT MUX LOADING



FIGURE 12. GAIN vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS GAINS



500M





FIGURE 15. GAIN vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS GAINS



**FUNCTIONS** 



FIGURE 13. GAIN vs FREQUENCY FOR Sx CHANNEL



FIGURE 14. GAIN vs FREQUENCY FOR Sx CHANNEL FUNCTIONS



1M

10M

FREQUENCY (Hz)

FIGURE 18. INPUT TO OUTPUT ISOLATION (DISABLED)

100M

FIGURE 16. GAIN vs FREQUENCY FOR VARIOUS GAINS

5

3

1

-1

-3

-5

5

NORMALIZED GAIN (dB)

INPUT TO OUTPUT DISABLED (dB)

-50

-70

-90

-110

-130

100k

NORMALIZED GAIN (dB)

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

## Typical Performance Curves (Continued)



FIGURE 19. CROSSTALK FOR VARIOUS GAINS



FIGURE 21. GROUP DELAY FOR OUTPUT CHANNELS A, B, C, D, S





FIGURE 20. CROSSTALK FOR VARIOUS BROADCAST MODES



FIGURE 22. GROUP DELAY FOR OVERLAY MODE



## Typical Performance Curves (Continued)



FIGURE 25. VOLTAGE NOISE vs FREQUENCY



FIGURE 27. SMALL SIGNAL NEGATIVE PULSE RESPONSE



FIGURE 29. LARGE SIGNAL NEGATIVE PULSE RESPONSE





FIGURE 28. SMALL SIGNAL POSITIVE PULSE RESPONSE



FIGURE 30. LARGE SIGNAL POSITIVE PULSE RESPONSE





FIGURE 31. ENABLE TIME



FIGURE 33. POWER SUPPLY CURRENT AS FUNCTION OF OUTPUT MUXES ENABLED - ALL INPUT MUXES

DISABLED



FIGURE 35. POWER SUPPLY CURRENT AS FUNCTION OF INPUT MUXES ENABLED (ALL OUTPUT MUXES ENABLED)



TIME (1ns/DIV)

FIGURE 32. DISABLE TIME



FIGURE 34. POWER SUPPLY CURRENT AS FUNCTION OF INPUT AND OUTPUT MUXES ENABLED



FIGURE 36. POWER SUPPLY CURRENT AS FUNCTION OF INPUT MUXES ENABLED (ALL OUTPUT MUXES DISABLED)









FIGURE 39. THIRD-ORDER INTERCEPT POINT vs FREQUENCY GREEN CHANNEL







FIGURE 38. SUPPLY CURRENT VERSUS SUPPLY VOLTAGE BASE LINE IDLE (ALL INPUTS AND OUTPUTS DISABLED)



FIGURE 40. THIRD-ORDER INTERCEPT POINT vs FREQUENCY BLUE CHANNEL





## Typical Performance Curves (Continued)



FIGURE 43. IP3  $A_V$ IN = 2 BLUE CHANNEL

## Functional Overview

### **Overall Functionality**

The EL4544 is a video crosspoint switch that has 16 (RGB differential) input channels (with H and V sync embedded in their common-modes) which connect via an internal crosspoint mux to 5 (RGB + HV) single-ended output channels. The 5th output group has enhanced features that include: a pixel-by-pixel overlay mux and auto-calibrated offset cancellation. All analog and digital outputs have a high-impedance state, allowing several EL4544 to share the same output connections.

# 16 RGB Differential Video Inputs with Encoded Sync

For each of the 16 RGB groups of differential video inputs, horizontal and vertical sync are encoded as a combination of the common modes for each RGB group. Each of these differential input pins has a single-ended signal range that spans the entire 0V to 5V supply range. The embedded sync signals are provided by the EL4543 Triple Differential Twisted Pair Driver IC.

### **Overall Analog Signal Flow**

There are four independent internal input multiplexors represented as **Ai**, **Bi**, **Ci**, and **Di** in the "I/O Block Diagram of Video Signals with Power Supplies and References" on page 12 and the "Serial Bus Interface Control Table" on page 15 (hexa-decimal addresses 0h, 1h, 2h, 3h). These muxes convert the selected RGB differential input signal to single-ended RGB and extract H and V sync. The five output crosspoint multiplexors represented as **Ax**, **Bx**, **Cx**, **Dx**, and **Sx**, can independently select from the four internal (RGBHV) signal groups **Ai**, **Bi**, **Ci**, and **Di** by programming the hexadecimal serial bus addresses 8h, 9h, Ah, Bh, and Ch. There are five RGBHV single-ended output signal groups labelled A, B, C, D, and S which buffer signals from the



FIGURE 44. IP3 AVIN = 1 BLUE CHANNEL

corresponding crosspoint outputs **Ax**, **Bx**, **Cx**, **Dx**, and **Sx**. Each of these output groups has an independent reference pin (**RefA**, **RefB**, **RefC**, **RefD**, and **RefS**) that allows the user to program the reference level that corresponds to a zero voltage differential input.

#### Analog and Digital Video Outputs

All analog outputs (A, B, C, D, and S) have a signal range from 0V to 3.5V and are capable of driving the  $150\Omega$  load presented by a terminated video cable. The H and V sync outputs and all other digital I/O are compatible with 3V operation; their signal swings are determined by connecting the digital supply pin **Vdp** to a 3V source.

All the analog video outputs must be terminated with an AC or DC coupled  $150\Omega$  load to ground. If power dissipation is an issue and DC coupling is not desired, then placing a  $150\Omega$  resistor in series with a 100pF capacitor to ground will provide adequate termination.

# How to Configure the Analog Video Outputs to Swing to 0V

The RGB analog outputs of the A, B, C, D, and S output groups are all capable of a range of swing that reaches the negative supply pin Vm = 0V. However, since the EL4544 has no internal supply connections, its single-ended outputs run out of bandwidth, slew rate, and linearity below 0.5V. If accurate wide band performance below 0.5V is required, add external pull-down resistors between each analog output and an external -5V supply.

This will keep the output stage biased. Values between  $3k\Omega$  to  $1k\Omega$  are suggested. The lower the selected resistance, the wider the bandwidth will be at 0V, but lower external resistance will increase overall IC power dissipation significantly since these resistors are loading their respective output stages.

## Operating the S Output Group Near Ground

The S output group has one additional consideration to cover configurations where the output signals and the output reference pin **RefS** are operated below 0.5V. Under these circumstances, each of the three auto-zero monitoring pins **Raz**, **Gaz**, and **Baz**, require an external  $10k\Omega$  resistor connecting each to an external -5V supply. This keeps the auto-zero circuitry active all the way down to ground.

# Switchable Video Output Group Has Overlay Capability and Offset Cancellation

The S group of output signals have an overlay switch that allows single-ended inputs **RoL**, **GoL**, and **BoL**, to be inserted on a pixel-by-pixel basis. The pin **RefoL** allows the user to program the overlay input (reference) level that produces an output voltage equal to the output reference pin **RefS**. The S group of video outputs has an Auto-Calibration mode which can null out offsets through the entire selected signal path from its inputs to its outputs. (It is usually triggered during the front or back porch of video when the input signal is known to be at Black Level).

#### Transparent vs Opaque Overlays

The overlay input for the S group is directly selected by the Overlay control pin **Ovl**. Two types of overlay are possible. The simplest overlay alternates between the dedicated overlay input and the "thru" input (that has been selected by the cross-point multiplexor). The "transparent" overlay mode is different from the standard overlay mode in that it presents the average of the overlay input and the "thru" input and the "thru" input signal during overlay. The transparent mode is selected either by driving the Trans pin low or by programming bit D2 in Register D of the Serial Interface to a logical "1".

# Serial Interface Control of the Auto-Calibration Feature

Programming bit D0 in Register D of the Serial Interface to a logical "1" activates the "Auto-Calibration" Mode which allows offsets from all inputs to the S group to be nulled-out via a calibration sequence. The programming Bit D1 in Register D of the Serial Interface is called **Toggle**. It allows for two modes of auto-calibration. If Toggle is programmed to a logical "0", Toggle mode is inactive. The auto-calibration cycle must be executed separately for both input groups (the overlay and the through signal groups).

### What Happens During an Auto-Calibration Cycle

The auto-calibration (auto-zero) feature only applies to the S group of outputs. An auto-calibration cycle works as follows for either the overlay input or a selected "thru" input from the cross-point: During any time when the input signal is known to be at a "zero-level" ("zero-level" is a differential-zero input signal for any of the 16-RGB differential inputs or when the pin voltages to the overlay inputs RoL = GoL = BoL are all equal to RefoL), setting the calibration pin Cal to a logical "LO" activates the sample phase of auto-calibration and forces the analog outputs to be equal to the reference

voltage of pin RefS. When pin Cal is brought back to a logical "HI", the calibration is held until the next calibration cycle, and the S group will accurately convey the video signal with low offsets. A small hold-step (≤1mV) can be observed whenever the calibration signal is released. Each subsequent activation of the sampling phase refreshes the calibration. If Toggle mode is inactive, the user must individually calibrate both the overlay and non-overlay ("thru") output states by selecting the between them and running calibration separately for both of the input conditions. Changing the input selections by reprogramming the crosspoint to another input path or by changing the overlay mode (transparent/opaque), requires refreshing of this calibration. Ideally, the calibration is refreshed once per line of video. The drift during a line of video is negligible. (On the lab bench, using manual control, a drift rate on the order of 0.2mV/s will be observed.)

#### Toggle Mode Automatically Supervises the Calibration Cycles

The purpose of Toggle mode is to automatically alternate between calibrating the overlay and calibrating the "thru" paths to the S Output group. The Toggle mode assumes that overlays never exist outside of the video screen (that overlay only occurs during active video). When using the Toggle mode, the overlay function must be inactive during and around sync. When Toggle mode is active and the overlay switch is disabled, the EL4544 will automatically toggle between "thru" and overlay selections for alternate pulsing of the calibrate signal. Thus, every alternate calibrate pulse will override the selected "thru" state of the overlay switch, perform an auto-zero function, and then return the overlay switch back to its original "thru" position. This is true if the programming Bit D1 in Register D (labelled Toggle) of the Serial Interface is programmed to a logical "1". Whenever the IC is reset by momentarily pulling the Reset pin "LO", the Toggle mode is initialized such that the first path calibrated is the overlay path. The next calibration cycle will automatically calibrate the "thru" path.

### Incorrect Use of the Toggle Mode

If the overlay is selected during auto-calibration with the Toggle mode active, the "thru" path will never be calibrated. Only the overlay gets calibrated in this configuration.

### Integrated Die Temperature Probes

Thermal monitoring pins **TMon1** and **TMon2** allow the user to effectively monitor the die temperature by lightly forward biasing internal diodes and measuring their forward voltage drop. Since these diodes will have a  $-2mV/^{\circ}C$  tempco, they can be an effective means of evaluating the thermal management of the user's application board and may even be configured to provide a thermally-triggered shutdown. To implement this feature, pull either of these pins below the negative supply with precision current source of  $10\mu A$  to  $100\mu A$ . Measure the forward drop at room temperature with the chip disabled. During operation, every +1°C rise in temperature will produce a 2mV drop in the forward voltage.

# Some Tips on the Most Effective Programming of the EL4544

The video inputs present a 1.75k $\Omega$  single ended and a 3.5k $\Omega$  differential load to an incoming video signal. Since this load is in parallel with the external termination network, it has a consistent effect on the system gain. To maintain this consistency, it is inadvisable to program more than one input stage (**Ai**, **Bi**, **Ci**, or **Di**) to "look" at any given video input (RGB0, RGB1, ..., RGBF) since each activated input stage puts an additional parallel load of 3.5k $\Omega$  onto the selected input. When programming the serial interface this is simply expressed as: Avoid programming the same value into the four data registers (for **Ai**, **Bi**, **Ci**, and **Di**) at hex addresses 0H, 1H, 2H, and 3H. They should all have unique values. This is important since if any inputs are selected more than once, their gains will mismatch an input that has only been selected once.

If one wishes to broadcast the same signal to multiple output channels, this can easily be accomplished without violating the advice of the previous paragraph. Select the input that needs to be broadcast using any one of the four input selectors (**Ai**, **Bi**, **Ci**, or **Di**), then have any of up to five of the output stages (**Ax**, **Bx**, **Cx**, **Dx**, **Sx**) point to the input stage that is pointing to the desired input signal. These are selected using hex 8H, 9H, AH, BH, and CH. Now the EL4544 is broadcasting a single video source to multiple outputs without excessively loading down the selected input.

#### Sync Decoding of EL4544

The EL4544 is designed to receive and decode Horizontal and Vertical Sync signals that have been encoded as common-mode signals of the Red, Green, and Blue Video inputs. The EL4543 provides this encoding as shown in Table 1.

Н	v	COMMON MODE A (RED)	COMMON MODE B (GREEN)	COMMON MODE C (BLUE)		
Low	High	3.0	2.0	2.5		
Low	Low	2.5	3.0	2.0		
High	Low	2.0	3.0	2.5		
High	High	2.5	2.0	3.0		

TABLE 1. SYNC SIGNAL ENCODING	TABLE 1.	SYNC SIGNAL	ENCODING
-------------------------------	----------	-------------	----------

The EL4544 decodes the common-mode signals into H and V syncs as follows: Horizontal Sync is TRUE when the Blue\_Common\_Mode voltage is greater than the Average\_of\_Red\_and\_Green\_Common\_Mode voltage. Vertical Sync is TRUE when the

Average\_of\_Red\_and\_Blue\_Common\_Mode voltage is greater than the Green\_Common\_Mode voltage. The sync comparators have an internal symmetrical hysteresis that is less than ±50mV. Timing skews between comparators under all conditions are less than one pixel. The comparators have an input common mode that allows for operation at least 1V from the negative supplies and at least 1.5V from the positive supplies.

#### Logic Levels for Serial Interface and Control Logic

#### TABLE 2. INPUT LOGIC THRESHOLD (+5V SUPPLY)

	. ,	
V <sub>LO</sub> , max	0.8V	

All Intersil U.S. products are manufactured, assembled and tested utilizing ISO9000 quality systems. Intersil Corporation's quality certifications can be viewed at www.intersil.com/design/quality

Intersil products are sold by description only. Intersil Corporation reserves the right to make changes in circuit design, software and/or specifications at any time without notice. Accordingly, the reader is cautioned to verify that data sheets are current before placing orders. Information furnished by Intersil is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Intersil or its subsidiaries for its use; nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of Intersil or its subsidiaries.

For information regarding Intersil Corporation and its products, see www.intersil.com

## **Package Outline Drawing**

#### V356.27x27B

356 BALL PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY PACKAGE (PBGA) Rev 2, 10/10



#### NOTES:

- 1. All dimensions and tolerances conform to ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 2. Dimensions are in millimeters.
- **3** Dimension is measured at the maximum solder ball diameter, parallel to primary datum C.
- A. Primary datum C and seating plane are defined by the spherical crowns of the solder balls.
- 5. A1 ball pad corner I.D. for plate mold: To be marked by ink. Auto mold: Dimple to be formed by mold cap.
- 6. Reference specifications: This drawing conforms to JEDEC registered outline MS-034/A variation BAL-2.