OMRON

Switch Mode Power Supply (240/480/960-W Models) S8VK-W

New Three-phase Input Power Supplies harmonized with Value design for Panel concept. Saves space and contributes to reducing the wiring time.

With a line-up that includes two model types, 200 to 240 V input and 380 to 480 V input. Suitable for international use in a wide range of regions.

Supports quick identification of error locations with three status monitoring LEDs.

Enables stable operation of devices with the power boost function.

- Can operate at an ambient temperature of -40 to +70°C *1
- Side-by-side Mounting enabled *1 *2
- Complies with SEMI F47-0706 standard *3
- Certification for 3,000 m altitude *3
- Coated PCBs for Better Resistance to Environment
- Equipped with signal output that indicates DC OK and the overload status
- Five years Warranty

*1. For details, refer to *Derating Curves* on page 9 and 20.
*2. Refer to the Front, Side-by-side mounting on page 24.
*3. For details, refer to *Standard Compliance* on page 4 and 15.

S8VK-W Series

S8VK-WA Three-phase 200V Input	from page 2
S8VK-WB Three-phase 400V input	from page 11

Common items

Common Accessories (order seperately)	from page 22
Common Precautions	from page 24



S8VK-WA

S8VK-WB





NEW

For the most recent information on models that have been certified for safety standards, refer to your OMRON website.

OMRO

Switch Mode Power Supply (240/480/960-W Models)

New 200 V Three-phase Input **Power Supplies** A solution to three-phase balance problems

- Can operate at an ambient temperature of -40 to +70°C *1
- Side-by-side Mounting enabled *1 *2
- Complies with SEMI F47-0706 standard *3
- Certification for 3.000 m altitude *3
- Coated PCBs for Better Resistance to Environment
- Equipped with signal output that indicates DC OK and the overload status

*1. For details, refer to Derating Curves on page 9.

*2. Refer to the Front, Side-by-side mounting on page 24. ***3.** For details, refer to Standard Compliance on page 4.

Lineup

Output voltage		Power rating	
Output voltage	240 W	480 W	960 W
24 V	Released	Released	Released

Rated input voltage 200 to 240 VAC

Model Number Structure

Model Number Legend Not all combinations are possible. Refer to List of Models in Ordering Information, below.

S8VK-W	Ά		
Series name	(1)	(2)	(3)

Series name (1) (2)

(1) Rated input voltage

Code	
А	

(2) Power rating			
Code	Power rating		
240	240 W		
480	480 W		
960	960 W		

Ordering Information

List of Models

Power rating	Rated input voltage	Rated output voltage (VDC)	Rated output current	Maximum boost current	Model
240 W	Three-phase / single-phase 200 to 240 VAC	24 V	10 A	15 A	S8VK-WA24024
480 W	(Allowable range: Three-phase / single-phase 170 to 264 VAC, 240 to 350 VDC)	24 V	20 A	30 A	S8VK-WA48024
960 W		24 V	40 A	60 A	S8VK-WA96024

Accessories (Order separately)

Refer to page 22 for S8VK-WA/S8VK-WB Common Accessories.



Refer to Safety Precautions on page 24.

S8VK-WB

2

(3) Output voltage

(0) Output ton	ago
Code	Output voltage (VDC)
24	24 V

S8VK-WA

S8VK-WB

Common Precautions

Common Accessories

Ratings, Characteristics, and Functions

Item		Power rating	240 W	480 W	960 W	
Item		Output voltage (VDC)	24 V	24 V	24 V	
		Three-phase 200 VAC input	93% typ.	94% typ.	95% typ.	
Efficiency *1		Single-phase 200 VAC input		93% typ.	94% typ.	
		Three-phase 230 VAC input	93% typ.	94% typ.	95% typ.	
		Single-phase 230 VAC input	93% typ.	94% typ.	95% typ.	
	Input voltage range *2		Three-phase/single-phase 240 to 350 VDC	170 to 264 VAC, 265 to 300 V	AU (1 second)	
	Frequency *2		50/60 Hz (47 to 63 Hz)			
	• •	Three-phase 200 VAC input	0.80 A typ.	1.6 A typ.	3.1 A typ.	
		Single-phase 200 VAC input	1.4 A typ.	2.6 A typ.	5.2 A typ.	
Input con-	Input current *1	Three-phase 230 VAC input	0.70 A typ.	1.4 A typ.	2.7 A typ.	
ditions		Single-phase 230 VAC input	1.2 A typ.	2.3 A typ.	4.5 A typ.	
	Power factor *1		0.9 min.		1	
		Three-phase 200 VAC input	1 mA max.			
	Leakage current *3	Three-phase 230 VAC input	1 mA max.			
	Inrush current *4	Three-phase 200 VAC input	13 A typ.	13 A typ.	14 A typ.	
	(for a cold start at 25°C)	Three-phase 230 VAC input	15 A typ.	15 A typ.	16 A typ.	
	Rated output current		10 A	20 A	40 A	
	Power Boost Function		15 A	30 A	60 A	
	Voltage adjustment rang	je *5	24 to 29.5 V (with V.ADJ)	1	24 to 28 V (with V.ADJ)	
		Three-phase	50 mVp-p max.	120 mVp-p max.	60 mVp-p max.	
	Ripple noise voltage *6	200 to 240 VAC input	at 20 MHz of bandwidth	at 20 MHz of bandwidth	at 20 MHz of bandwidth	
Output	Input variation influence	*7	0.5% max.			
character- Load variation influence *8		*8	1.5% max.			
stics	Temperature variation influence	200 to 240 VAC input	0.05%/°C max.			
		Three-phase 200 VAC input	1,000 ms max.			
	Startup time *9	Three-phase 230 VAC input	1,000 ms max.			
-	.	Three-phase 200 VAC input	35 ms typ.	30 ms typ.	25 ms typ.	
	Output hold time *9	Three-phase 230 VAC input	35 ms typ.	30 ms typ.	25 ms typ.	
	Overload protection		Yes, automatic reset, inter Refer to Overload Protecti		+	
				ed output voltage, power shut o	off (shut off the input voltage a	
	Overvoltage protection	Overvoltage protection				
	Series energtica		Refer to Overvoltage Prote	1.2	rod)	
Additional	Series operation			Supplies; external diodes requi Supplies), Refer to <i>Parallel Op</i> o	1	
functions	Parallel operation			Supplies), Heler to Parallel Ope	erauon on page 28.	
			Yes (LED: Green)			
	DC OK Indicator		Yes (LED: Green)			
	lout > 100% Indicator		Yes (LED: Yellow) Yes (MOS EET relay output 30 VDC may 50 mA may)			
	DC OK Signal Output	ut	Yes (MOS FET relay output 30 VDC max., 50 mA max.) Yes (MOS FET relay output 30 VDC max., 50 mA max.)			
	lout > 100% signal outpu	л	Yes (MOS FET relay output 30 VDC max., 50 mA max.) 3.0 kVAC for 1 min. (between all input terminals and all output terminals, signal output			
			terminals), cutoff current 2		utput terminais, signai output	
			2.0 kVAC for 1 min. (between all input terminals and PE terminals), cutoff current 20 mA			
	Withstand voltage		1.0 kVAC for 1 min. (between all output terminals, signal output terminals and PE			
Insulation			terminals), cutoff current 25 mA 0.5 kVAC for 1 min. (between all output terminals and all signal output terminals), cutoff			
			current 10 mA			
	Insulation resistance		100 M Ω min. (between all output terminals, signal output terminals and all input terminals PE terminals) at 500 VDC			
	Ambient operating temp	erature *10	-40 to 70°C (Derating is re- on page 9.) (with no conde	quired according to the tempera ensation or icing)	ature. Refer to Engineering Da	
Environ-	Storage temperature		-40 to 85°C (with no conde	ensation or icing)		
ment	Ambient operating humi	dity	95% max. (Storage humid	ity: 95% max.)		
	Vibration resistance		· · ·	, 0.42 mm single amplitude for	2 h each in X, Y, and Z direction	
	Shock resistance		294 m/s ² , 3 times each in :	±X, ±Y, ±Z directions		
Delle k 'l''	MTBF *11		290,000 hrs typ.	230,000 hrs typ.	170,000 hrs typ.	
Reliability	Expected life *12		10 years min.			
	Weight		800 g max.	1,050 g max.	1,750 g max.	
			-	, , ,	, , ,	
Construc- tion	Cooling fan		No			

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		Power rating	240 W	480 W	960 W
Item		Output voltage (VDC)	24 V	24 V	24 V
	Harmonic current emiss	sions	Conforms to EN 61000-3-2 (single-phase *13) Complies with JIS C 61000-3-2 (three-phase, single-phase)		
		Conducted emissions			Conforms to EN 61204-3
	EMI	Radiated emissions	Conforms to EN 61204-3 Cla EN 55011 Class B (three-pha Conforms to EN 61204-3 Cla EN 55011 Class A (single-pha	Class B, EN 55011 Class B (three-phase) Conforms to EN 61204-3 Class B, EN 55011 Class B (single-phase *14) Conforms to EN 61204-3 Class A, EN 55011 Class A (single-phase)	
Standards	EMS		Conforms to EN 61204-3 high severity levels		
	Safety standards		UL 508 (Listing) CSA C22.2 No.107.1 (CUL) UL 62368-1 (Recognition) OV CSA C22.2 No.62368-1 (CUR EN/IEC 62477-1 OVC III (< 20 EN/IEC 62368-1 OVC II (< 30 EAC (TR CU 004 / 2011, TR RCM (EN61000-6-4) Complies with EN/IEC 61558) OVC II (≤ 3000 m) Pol2 000 m) OVC II (2000 m < a 000 m) Pol2 CU 020 / 2011) 60204-1)	nd ≤ 3000 m) Pol2
	SEMI		Complies with SEMI F47-070	6 (three-phase / single-pha	se 200 to 240 VAC input)

***1.** The value is when both rated output voltage and rated output current are satisfied.

- *2. Do not use an inverter output for the product. Inverters with an output frequency of 50/60 Hz are available, but the rise in the internal temperature of the product may result in ignition or burning. If the input is connected to a UPS, do not connect a UPS with a square-wave output. Doing so will cause the internal temperature of the product to increase, possibly causing smoking or burning.
- ***3.** The value is determined according to the Electrical Appliances and Material Safety Act.
- *4. Values for a cold start at 25°C. Refer to Inrush Current, Startup Time, and Output Hold Time on page 5.
- *5. If the output voltage adjuster (V. ADJ) is turned, the voltage will increase by more than the voltage adjustment range.
- When adjusting the output voltage, confirm the actual output voltage from the product and be sure that the load is not damaged.
- *6. The value is when both rated output voltage and rated output current are satisfied. A characteristic when the ambient operating temperature is 25°C.
- *7. This is the maximum variation in the output voltage when the input voltage is gradually changed within the allowable input voltage range at the rated output voltage and rated output current.
- *8. 200 to 240 VAC input, in the range of 0 A to the rated output current.
- ***9.** This is the value when both rated output voltage and rated output current are satisfied and at room temperature (25°C). Refer to *Inrush Current, Startup Time, and Output Hold Time* on page 5 for details.
- *10. At -40 to -25°C, time will be required before the rated output voltage is output after the input voltage is input.
- ***11.** MTBF is calculated according to JEITA RCR-9102.
- *12. Refer to Recommended Replacement Periods and Periodic Replacement for Preventive Maintenance on page 32 for details.
- *13. EN61000-3-2 does not applied to three-phase 200 to 240 VAC input models.
- ***14.** Class B compliance was met with the following configuration.



Standard Compliance

- To comply with PELV output requirements for EN/IEC 60204-1, ground the negative side of the output (-V) to a protective earth (PE).
- EN/IEC 61558-2-16
- The S8VK-WA was designed based on EN/IEC 61558-2-16.
- Currently, IEC 61558-2-17 has been replaced by IEC 61558-2-16.
- When certification was received for EN/IEC 60204-1 (Machinery Safety), it was necessary to go through a control transformer to the control circuits. However, a control transformer is not always necessary for product that have been certified for the safety standard for OVCIII or for product that use a transformer that complies with EN/IEC 61558-2-16.
- · Safety Standards for a DC Input

The following safety standards apply to a DC input: UL 62368-1, cUR (CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1), EN/IEC 62368-1, EN/IEC 61558-2-16. Safety standard compliance is achievable by connecting a UL-certified fuse as specified below to the (L1/+) side. For a DC power input, connect (L1/+) side to (+), and (L3/-) side to (-).

To select a UL certified fuse, refer to Recommended circuit breakers and fuses on page 25.

Common Accessories

Inrush Current, Startup Time, and Output Hold Time



Note: Twice the normal inrush current will flow during parallel operation or for backup operation. Therefore, check the fusing characteristics of fuses and operating characteristics of breakers making sure that the external fuses will not burn out and the circuit breakers will not be activated by the inrush current.

Overload Protection

The product is automatically protected from short-circuit current and overcurrent damages when the load current is in the range of 151 to 175% of the rated current.

When the output current falls within the rated range, the overload protection function is automatically cleared.



- Note: 1. Internal parts may occasionally deteriorate or be damaged if a short-circuited or overcurrent state continues during operation. Be sure to check that the lout > 100% indicator is not lit or the lout > 100% signal output is turned OFF before using.
 - Internal parts may possibly deteriorate or be damaged if the Power Supply is used for applications with inrush current or overloading at the load end. Do not use the Power Supply for such applications.

Overvoltage Protection

Overvoltage will be detected to prevent the load from being subjected to excessive voltage when the feedback circuit in the Power Supply fails, etc.

When an excessive voltage that is approximately 130% of the rated output voltage or more is output, the output voltage is cut OFF, preventing damage to the load due to overvoltage.

Reset the input power by turning it OFF for at least three minutes and then turning it back ON again.

Note: Do not turn ON the power again until the cause of the overvoltage has been removed.

INPUT OK Indicator

The INPUT OK indicator will light when the input voltage exceeds the lower limit value of the permissible range.

Note: The voltage may be applied even if the indicator does not light. Be sure to check the input voltage when performing wiring.

DC OK Indicator/Signal Output

The DC OK indicator will light when the output voltage is more than 90% of the rated output voltage, and the internal MOS FET relay is conducted (turned ON).

- Note: 1. The output voltage may be generated even if the indicator does not light. Be sure to check the output voltage when connecting to the load.
 - This function monitors the voltage at the power output terminals.
 To check the voltage accurately, measure the voltage at the
 - To check the voltage accurately, measure the voltage at the load end.
 - **3.** If the output voltage is set to less than 90% of the rated output voltage, the indicator may go off and the signal output may be turned OFF.

lout > 100% Indicator/Signal Output

The lout > 100% indicator lights up when the output current exceeds the rated output current, and the internal MOS FET relay is conducted (turned ON).

- Note: 1. The lout > 100% Indicator may light up, and the lout > 100% Signal Output may turn ON during peak current operation, however, the Power Supply can be used as long as the operating conditions specified in *Peak current* (P.27) are satisfied.
 - 2. Even when the operating conditions for parallel operation are satisfied, the lout>100% Indicator / Signal Output may operate, so do not use the lout>100% Indicator / Signal Output.
 - 3. During a short-circuit, the indicator will operate intermittently due to the overload protection function. When this happens, the indicator will blink in accordance with the intermittent operation, and the lout > 100% signal output will repeated turn ON and OFF. The obstract ON time of the lout > 100% signal output.

The shortest ON time of the lout > 100% signal output during intermittent operation is 5 ms.

Specifications of the Signal Output Terminals (between DC OK Signal Output Terminal and COM Terminal, and between lout > 100% Signal Output Terminal and COM Terminal)

Since the Signal Output is composed of the MOS FET relay, it does not have any polarity.

30 VDC max., 50 mA max.

Residual voltage when the function is ON: 2 V max.

- Leakage current when the function is OFF: 0.1 mA max.
- Note: 1. Internal current control circuits are not provided internally for output signals. Do not allow the output current to exceed 50 mA.
 - **2.** After completing wiring, confirm that the circuits operate correctly.

S8VK-WA

Common Accessories

Identification of error locations at the input, product, and load side by the Indicator or Signal Output, and troubleshooting for the same (Maintenance point indicator)

Error locations at the input, product, and load side can be identified by the INPUT OK, DC OK, lout > 100% Indicator / Signal Output.

INPUT OK Indicator	DC OK Indicator/Signal Output	lout > 100% Indicator/Signal Output	Product operating status	Troubleshooting methods
•	•	0		(Normal)
•	•	•	Operation is being performed in excess of the rated output current of the product.	Change to a product with less load or larger output capacity. However, the Power Supply can be used as long as the operating conditions specified in Peak current (P.27) are satisfied.
•	0	•	Overload protection is activated for the product, and the output voltage	Make sure the output line and the load are not short-circuited. If there is no short-circuiting, change to a product with less load or
•	0)• (drops.	larger output capacity.
•	0	0	The product may have failed, or the overvoltage protection may have been activated for the product.	To check for overvoltage protection, turn the input power OFF, and then turn it ON again after 3 minutes or more has elapsed. If no output voltage is output, the product may have failed. Replace the product.
0	0	0	No input voltage is being supplied.	Make sure the circuit breaker connected to the input side has not tripped, or the fuse connected to the input side has not blown. Turn ON the circuit breaker or replace the fuse. Turn the input power ON again, and if no output voltage is output, the product may have failed. Replace the product.

Time chart (Operation of the Indicator/Signal Output according to the product status)



Connections

Block Diagrams

S8VK-WA24024 (240 W)







S8VK-WA

Construction and Nomenclature

Nomenclature

S8VK-WA

S8VK-WB

Common Precautions



480 W

S8VK-WA48024

960 W

S8VK-WA96024



(5)	L3/- (1)		
(6)	L3/- (2)		
(7)	PE	Protective Earth terminal (😑)	Connect the ground line to this terminal. *2
(8)	+V1		
(9)	+V2		
(10)	-V1	DC Output terminals	Connect the load lines to these terminals.
(11)	-V2		
(12)	-V3		
(13)		INPUT OK Indicator (INPUT OK: Green)	Lights up when the input voltage exceeds the lower limit value of the permissible range.
(14)		lout > 100% Indicator (lout > 100%: Yellow)	The lout > 100% Indicator lights up when the output current exceeds the rated output current.
(15)		DC OK Indicator (DC OK: Green)	Lights up when the output voltage is more than 90% of the rated output voltage.
(16)		Output voltage adjuster (V.ADJ)	Use to adjust the output voltage.
(17)	lout > 100%	lout > 100% Signal Output Terminal	The lout > 100% Signal Output is output when the output current exceeds the rated output current.
(18)	DC OK	DC OK Signal Output Terminal	Outputs when the output voltage is more than 90% of the rated output voltage.
(19)	COM	COM Terminal	Common terminal for Signal Output (17) and (18).

*1. For a single-phase power input, connect to (L1/+) and (L3/-).

For a DC power input, connect (L1/+) to (+), and (L3/-) to (-).

(Refer to the wiring diagrams illustrated in *Recommended circuit breakers and fuses* on page 25.) ***2.** This is the protective earth terminal specified in the safety standards. Always ground this terminal.

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8

Engineering Data

Derating Curves

240 W <Horizontal separation: 15 mm or more>



Note: 1. At less than 200 VAC three-phase/single-phase, derate the load at 0.5%/V

- 2. At less than 280 VDC, derate the load at 1.0%/V.
- In the shaded area, time is required to reach the rated 3. output voltage after the input voltage is applied.
- Standard mounting Α.
- B. Face-up mounting

960 W <Horizontal separation: 15 mm or more>



Note: 1. At less than 200 VAC three-phase/single-phase, derate the load at 0.5%/V.

- 2. At less than 280 VDC, derate the load at 1.0%/V.
- 3. In the shaded area, time is required to reach the rated output voltage after the input voltage is applied.
- Α. Standard mounting
- B. Face-up mounting

480 W <Horizontal separation: 15 mm or more>



Note: 1. At less than 200 VAC three-phase/single-phase, derate the load at 0.5%/V 2.

- At less than 280 VDC, derate the load at 1.0%/V.
- In the shaded area, time is required to reach the rated 3. output voltage after the input voltage is applied.
- Standard mounting Α. B. Face-up mounting

240 W/480 W/960 W <Horizontal separation: less than 15 mm>



Note: 1. Apply the rated input voltage for both three-phase and single-phase.

- 2. In the shaded area, time is required to reach the rated output voltage after the input voltage is applied.
- C. Front, side-by-side mounting

This Power Supply can be used at an altitude of up to 3,000 m. Between 2,000 and 3,000 m, derate the load according to the following derating curve. 240 W/480 W/960 W <Horizontal separation: less than 15 mm>

240 W/480 W/960 W <Horizontal separation: 15 mm or more>



- Note: 1. At less than 200 VAC three-phase/single-phase, derate the load at 0.5%/V.
 - 2. At less than 280 VDC, derate the load at 1.0%/V.
 - A. Standard mounting



Note: Apply the rated input voltage for both three-phase and singlephase.

C. Front, side-by-side mounting

S8VK-WA

Dimensions

S8VK-WA24024



S8VK-WB





S8VK-WA96024

Common Accessories



OMRON

Switch Mode Power Supply (240/480/960-W Models) K-WB

Even more compact three-phase 380 to 480 V input power supplies. **Reduces wiring work with** the Push-In Plus terminals. With a line-up that includes 24 VDC and 48 VDC models.

- Can operate at an ambient temperature of -40 to +70°C *1
- Side-by-side Mounting enabled *1 *2
- Complies with SEMI F47-0706 standard *3
- Certification for 3,000 m altitude *3
- Coated PCBs for Better Resistance to Environment
- Equipped with signal output that indicates DC OK and the overload status

*1. For details, refer to Derating Curves on page 20.

***2.** Refer to the Front, Side-by-side mounting on page 24. ***3.** For details, refer to *Standard Compliance* on page 15.



Refer to Safety Precautions on page 24.

Common Precautions

S8VK-WB

Lineup

Output voltage	Power rating				
Output voltage	240 W	480 W	960 W		
24 V	Released	Released	Released		
48 V	Released	Released	Released		

Model Number Structure

Model Number Legend Not all combinations are possible. Refer to List of Models in Ordering Information, below.

S8VK-W	/B		
Series name	(1)	(2)	(3)

(1) Rated input voltage

Code	Rated input voltage					
В	380 to 480					
(2) Power ratin	g					
Code	Power rating					
240	240 W					
480	480 W					
960	960 W					

(3) Output voltage

Code	Output voltage (VDC)
24	24 V
48	48 V

Ordering Information

List of Models

Power rating	Rated input voltage	Rated output voltage (VDC)	Rated output current	Maximum boost current	Model
240 W		24 V	10 A	15 A	S8VK-WB24024
240 VV	Three-phase / two-phase 380 to 480 VAC (Allowable range: Three-phase / two-phase 320 to 576 VAC, 450 to 810 VDC)	48 V	5 A	7.5 A	S8VK-WB24048
480 W		24 V	20 A	30 A	S8VK-WB48024
480 VV		48 V	10 A	15 A	S8VK-WB48048
000.00		24 V	40 A	60 A	S8VK-WB96024
960 W		48 V	20 A	30 A	S8VK-WB96048

Accessories (Order separately) Refer to page 22 for S8VK-WA/S8VK-WB Common Accessories.

Ratings, Characteristics, and Functions

		Power rating	240W	480W	960W
ltem		Output voltage	24V	24V	24V
Efficiency *	.1	Three-phase 400 VAC input	93% typ.	94% typ.	95% typ.
		Two-phase 400 VAC input	93% typ.	94% typ.	95% typ.
	Input voltage range *2		Three-phase/two-phase 320	to 576 VAC, 450 to 810 VDC	;
	Frequency *2		50/60 Hz (47 to 63 Hz)		
	Input ourrent %1	Three-phase 400 VAC input	0.41 A typ.	0.79 A typ.	1.6 A typ.
Input conditions	Input current *1	Two-phase 400 VAC input	0.75 A typ.	1.5 A typ.	3.0 A typ.
oonantonio	Power factor *1 Three-phase 400 VAC input		0.9 min.		
	Leakage current *3 Three-phase 400 VAC in		3.5 mA max.		
	Inrush current *4	Three-phase 400 VAC input	1.7 A typ.	3.0 A typ.	10.6 A typ.
	Rated output current		10 A	20 A	40 A
	Power Boost Function		15 A	30 A	60 A
	Voltage adjustment rang	je *5	24 to 29.5 V (with V.ADJ)		24 to 28 V (with V.ADJ)
Output	Ripple noise voltage *6	Three-phase 380 to 480 VAC input	100 mV p-p max. at 20 MHz of bandwidth	80 mV p-p max. at 20 MHz of bandwidth	50 mV p-p max. at 20 MHz of bandwidth
character-	Input variation influence	*7	0.5% max.		
istics	Load variation influence	*8	1.5% max.		
	Temperature variation influence	200 to 240 VAC input	0.05%/°C max.		
	Startup time *9	Three-phase 400 VAC input	1,000 ms max.		
	Output hold time *9	Three-phase 400 VAC input	30 ms typ.	25 ms typ.	20 ms typ.
	Overload protection	· · · · · ·	Yes, automatic reset, intermittent operation type Refer to Overload Protection on page 16		
	Overvoltage protection		Yes, 130% or higher of rated output voltage, power shut off (shut off the input voltage and turn on the input again), Refer to <i>Overvoltage Protection</i> on page 16.		
	Series operation		Yes (For up to two Power Su	pplies; external diodes requi	red.)
Additional	Parallel operation		Yes (For up to two Power Su	pplies), Refer to Parallel Ope	eration on page 28.
functions	INPUT OK Indicator		Yes (LED: Green)		
	DC OK Indicator		Yes (LED: Green)		
	lout > 100% Indicator		Yes (LED: Yellow)		
	DC OK Signal Output		Yes (MOS FET relay output :	30 VDC max., 50 mA max.)	
	lout > 100% signal outpu	ıt	Yes (MOS FET relay output :		
			3.0 kVAC for 1 min. (between all input terminals and all output terminals, signal output terminals), cutoff current 20 mA		
			2.5 kVAC for 1 min. (between all input terminals and PE terminals), cutoff current 30 mA		
Insulation	Withstand voltage		1.0 kVAC for 1 min. (between all output terminals, signal output terminals and PE terminals), cutoff current 25 mA		
			0.5 kVAC for 1 min. (between all output terminals and all signal output terminals), cutoff current 10 mA		
	Insulation resistance		$100\ M\Omega$ min. (between all output terminals, signal output terminals and all input terminals / PE terminals) at 500 VDC		
	Ambient operating temp	erature *10	-40 to 70°C (Derating is required according to the temperature. Refer to <i>Engineering Data</i> on page 20.) (with no condensation or icing)		
Environ-	Storage temperature		-40 to 85°C (with no condens	ation or icing)	
ment	Ambient operating humi	dity	95% max. (Storage humidity:	95% max.)	
	Vibration resistance		10 to 55 Hz, maximum 5 G, 0	.42 mm single amplitude for	2 h each in X, Y, and Z direction
	Shock resistance		294 m/s ² , 3 times each in ±X	, ±Y, ±Z directions	
Polichility	MTBF *11		170,000 hrs typ.	160,000 hrs typ.	140,000 hrs typ.
Reliability	Expected life *12		10 years min.		
	Weight		890 g max.	1,200 g max.	1,800 g max.
Construc- tion	Cooling fan		No		
	Degree of protection		IP20 by EN/IEC 60529		

Note: For *1 to *12, refer to page 15.

Item		Power rating	240W	480W	960W	
Item		Output voltage	48V	48V	48V	
Efficiency *1		Three-phase 400 VAC input	93% typ.	94% typ.	96% typ.	
		Two-phase 400 VAC input	93% typ.	94% typ.	95% typ.	
	Input voltage range *2		Three-phase/two-phase 320	to 576 VAC, 450 to 810 VDC		
	Frequency *2		50/60 Hz (47 to 63 Hz)	1	1	
Input	Input current *1	Three-phase 400 VAC input	0.41 A typ.	0.78 A typ.	1.6 A typ.	
conditions	.	Two-phase 400 VAC input	0.75 A typ.	1.5 A typ.	2.9 A typ.	
	Power factor *1	Three-phase 400 VAC input	0.9 min.			
	Leakage current *3	Three-phase 400 VAC input	3.5 mA max.			
	Inrush current *4	Three-phase 400 VAC input	1.7 A typ.	3.0 A typ.	10.6 A typ.	
	Rated output current		5 A	10 A	20 A	
	Power Boost Function		7.5 A	15 A	30 A	
	Voltage adjustment range		48 to 56 V (with V.ADJ)			
Output	Ripple noise voltage *6	Three-phase 380 to 480 VAC input	50 m V p-p max. at 20 MHz of bandwidth	60 mV p-p max. at 20 MHz of bandwidth	60 mV p-p max. at 20 MHz of bandwidth	
character- istics	Input variation influence	*7	0.5% max.			
ISUCS	Load variation influence	*8	1.5% max.			
-	Temperature variation influence	380 to 480 VAC input	0.05%/°C max.			
	Startup time *9	Three-phase 400 VAC input	1,000 ms max.			
	Output hold time *9	Three-phase 400 VAC input	30 ms typ.	25 ms typ.	20 ms typ.	
	Overload protection		Yes, automatic reset, intermittent operation type Refer to Overload Protection on page 1			
	Overvoltage protection		Yes, 130% or higher of rated output voltage, power shut off (shut off the input voltage and turn on the input again), Refer to <i>Overvoltage Protection</i> on page 16.			
Ŧ	Series operation		Yes (For up to two Power Su	pplies; external diodes requir	ed.)	
Additional	Parallel operation		Yes (For up to two Power Su	pplies), Refer to Parallel Ope	ration on page 28.	
functions	INPUT OK Indicator		Yes (LED: Green)			
	DC OK Indicator		Yes (LED: Green)			
	lout > 100% Indicator		Yes (LED: Yellow)			
	DC OK Signal Output		Yes (MOS FET relay output 3	30 VDC max., 50 mA max.)		
	lout > 100% signal outpu	t	Yes (MOS FET relay output 3	30 VDC max., 50 mA max.)		
			3.0 kVAC for 1 min. (betweer terminals), cutoff current 20 n		tput terminals, signal output	
			2.5 kVAC for 1 min. (between all input terminals and PE terminals), cutoff current 20 mA			
Insulation	Withstand voltage		1.0 kVAC for 1 min. (between all output terminals, signal output terminals and PE terminals), cutoff current 30 mA			
			0.5 kVAC for 1 min. (between all output terminals and all signal output terminals), cutoff current 10 mA			
	Insulation resistance		100 M Ω min. (between all out PE terminals) at 500 VDC	put terminals, signal output te	erminals and all input terminals	
	Ambient operating tempe	erature *10			ture. Refer to Engineering Date	
Environ-	Storage temperature		-40 to 85°C (with no condens	0,		
ment	Ambient operating humic	dity	95% max. (Storage humidity:	95% max.)		
	Vibration resistance		10 to 55 Hz, maximum 5 G, 0	.42 mm single amplitude for 2	h each in X, Y, and Z direction	
	Shock resistance		294 m/s ² , 3 times each in ±X	, ±Y, ±Z directions		
Delleh "	MTBF *11		170,000 hrs typ.	160,000 hrs typ.	140,000 hrs typ.	
Reliability	Expected life *12		10 years min.	•	- .	
	Weight		890 g max.	1,200 g max.	1,800 g max.	
Construc- tion	Cooling fan		No	1	I	
uon	Degree of protection		IP20 by EN/IEC 60529			

		Power rating	240 W	480 W	960 W
Item		Output voltage (VDC)	24 V/48 V	24 V/48 V	24 V/48 V
	Harmonic current emiss	sions	Conforms to EN 61000-3-2 (th	hree-phase/two-phase) *13	
			Conforms to EN 61204-3 Clas		
	EMI	Radiated emissions	EN 55011 Class B (three-phase) Conforms to EN 61204-3 Class A, EN 55011 Class A (two-phase)		
	EMS		Conforms to EN 61204-3 high severity levels		
Standards ∗14	Standards *14 Safety standards		UL 508 Listing UL 62368-1 (Recognition) OV CSA C22.2 No.62368-1 OVC EN/IEC 62477-1 OVC III (≤ 20 OVC II (2000 m < and ≤ 3000 EN/IEC 62368-1 OVC II (≤ 30 EAC (TR CU 004 / 2011, TR (RCM (EN61000-6-4) Complies with PELV (EN/IEC Complies with EN/IEC 61558-	C II (≤ 3000 m) Pol2 2000 m) 0 m) Pol2 000 m) Pol2 CU 020 / 2011) C 60204-1)	
	SEMI		Complies with SEMI F47-070	06 (three-phase 380 to 480 VAC	input)

***1.** The value is when both rated output voltage and rated output current are satisfied.

*2. Do not use an inverter output for the product. Inverters with an output frequency of 50/60 Hz are available, but the rise in the internal temperature of the product may result in ignition or burning. If the input is connected to a UPS, do not connect a UPS with a square-wave output. Doing so will cause the internal temperature of the product to increase, possibly causing smoking or burning.

***3.** The value is determined according to the Electrical Appliances and Material Safety Act.

*4. Values for a cold start at 25°C. Refer to Inrush Current, Startup Time, and Output Hold Time on page 16.

*5. If the output voltage adjuster (V. ADJ) is turned, the voltage will increase by more than the voltage adjustment range.

- When adjusting the output voltage, confirm the actual output voltage from the product and be sure that the load is not damaged. ***6.** The value is when both rated output voltage and rated output current are satisfied.
- A characteristic when the ambient operating temperature is 25°C. ***7.** This is the maximum variation in the output voltage when the input v
- *7. This is the maximum variation in the output voltage when the input voltage is gradually changed within the allowable input voltage range at the rated output voltage and rated output current.
- ***8.** 380 to 480 VAC input, in the range of 0 A to the rated output current.
- *9. This is the value when both rated output voltage and rated output current are satisfied and at room temperature (25°C).
- Refer to Inrush Current, Startup Time, and Output Hold Time on page 16 for details.
- *10. At -40 to -25°C, time will be required before the rated output voltage is output after the input voltage is input.
- *11. MTBF is calculated according to JEITA RCR-9102.
- *12. Refer to Recommended Replacement Periods and Periodic Replacement for Preventive Maintenance on page 32 for details.

*13. When using 2-phase input, conforms to EN 61000-3-2 under the following condition.

- 960W: At the rated output voltage, and 80% or less than the rated output current
- *14. Refer to Standard Compliance below for details.

Standard Compliance

- To comply with PELV output requirements for EN/IEC 60204-1, ground the negative side of the output (-V) to a protective earth (PE).
- EN/IEC 61558-2-16

The S8VK-WA was designed based on EN/IEC 61558-2-16.

Currently, IEC 61558-2-17 has been replaced by IEC 61558-2-16.

When certification was received for EN/IEC 60204-1 (Machinery Safety), it was necessary to go through a control transformer to the control circuits. However, a control transformer is not always necessary for product that have been certified for the safety standard for OVCIII or for product that use a transformer that complies with EN/IEC 61558-2-16.

· For the S8VK-WB, the DC input is not compliant with Safety standards.

Inrush Current, Startup Time, and Output Hold Time



Note: Twice the normal inrush current will flow during parallel operation or for backup operation. Therefore, check the fusing characteristics of fuses and operating characteristics of breakers making sure that the external fuses will not burn out and the circuit breakers will not be activated by the inrush current.

Overload Protection

The product is automatically protected from short-circuit current and overcurrent damages when the load current is in the range of 151 to 175% of the rated current.

When the output current falls within the rated range, the overload protection function is automatically cleared.



- Note: 1. Internal parts may occasionally deteriorate or be damaged if a short-circuited or overcurrent state continues during operation. Be sure to check that the lout > 100% indicator is not lit or the lout > 100% signal output is turned OFF before using.
 - Internal parts may possibly deteriorate or be damaged if the Power Supply is used for applications with inrush current or overloading at the load end. Do not use the Power Supply for such applications.

Overvoltage Protection

Overvoltage will be detected to prevent the load from being subjected to excessive voltage when the feedback circuit in the Power Supply fails, etc.

When an excessive voltage that is approximately 130% of the rated output voltage or more is output, the output voltage is cut OFF,

preventing damage to the load due to overvoltage.

Reset the input power by turning it OFF for at least three minutes and then turning it back ON again.

Note: Do not turn ON the power again until the cause of the overvoltage has been removed.

INPUT OK Indicator

The INPUT OK indicator will light when the input voltage exceeds the lower limit value of the permissible range.

Note: The voltage may be applied even if the indicator does not light. Be sure to check the input voltage when performing wiring.

DC OK Indicator/Signal Output

The DC OK indicator will light when the output voltage is more than 90% of the rated output voltage, and the internal MOS FET relay is conducted (turned ON).

- Note: 1. The output voltage may be generated even if the indicator does not light. Be sure to check the output voltage when connecting to the load.
 - **2.** This function monitors the voltage at the power output terminals.
 - To check the voltage accurately, measure the voltage at the load end.
 - **3.** If the output voltage is set to less than 90% of the rated output voltage, the indicator may go off and the signal output may be turned OFF.

lout > 100% Indicator/Signal Output

The lout > 100% indicator lights up when the output current exceeds the rated output current, and the internal MOS FET relay is conducted (turned ON).

- Note: 1. The lout > 100% Indicator may light up, and the lout > 100% Signal Output may turn ON during peak current operation, however, the Power Supply can be used as long as the operating conditions specified in *Peak current* (P.27) are satisfied.
 - 2. Even when the operating conditions for parallel operation are satisfied, the lout>100% Indicator / Signal Output may operate, so do not use the lout>100% Indicator / Signal Output.
 - **3.** During a short-circuit, the indicator will operate intermittently due to the overload protection function. When this happens, the indicator will blink in accordance with the intermittent operation, and the lout > 100% signal output will repeated turn ON and OFF.

The shortest ON time of the lout > 100% signal output during intermittent operation is 5 ms.

Specifications of the Signal Output Terminals (between DC OK Signal Output Terminal and COM Terminal, and between lout > 100% Signal Output Terminal and COM Terminal)

Since the Signal Output is composed of the MOS FET relay, it does not have any polarity.

30 VDC max., 50 mA max.

Residual voltage when the function is ON: 2 V max.

Leakage current when the function is OFF: 0.1 mA max.

- Note: 1. Internal current control circuits are not provided internally for output signals. Do not allow the output current to exceed 50 mA.
 - **2.** After completing wiring, confirm that the circuits operate correctly.

Identification of error locations at the input, product, and load side by the Indicator or Signal Output, and troubleshooting for the same (Maintenance point indicator)

Error locations at the input, product, and load side can be identified by the INPUT OK, DC OK, lout > 100% Indicator / Signal Output.

INPUT OK Indicator	DC OK Indicator/Signal Output	lout > 100% Indicator/Signal Output	Product operating status	Troubleshooting methods	
•	•	0		(Normal)	
•	•	•	Operation is being performed in excess of the rated output current of the product.	Change to a product with less load or larger output capacity. However, the Power Supply can be used as long as the operating conditions specified in Peak current (P.27) are satisfied.	
•	0	•	Overload protection is activated for the product, and the output voltage	Make sure the output line and the load are not short-circuited. If there is no short-circuiting, change to a product with less load or	
•	0	` •<	drops.	larger output capacity.	
•	0	0	The product may have failed, or the overvoltage protection may have been activated for the product.	To check for overvoltage protection, turn the input power OFF, and then turn it ON again after 3 minutes or more has elapsed. If no output voltage is output, the product may have failed. Replace the product.	
0	0	0	No input voltage is being supplied.	Make sure the circuit breaker connected to the input side has not tripped, or the fuse connected to the input side has not blown. Turn ON the circuit breaker or replace the fuse. Turn the input power ON again, and if no output voltage is output, the product may have failed. Replace the product.	

●: Lit / ON O: Not lit / OFF ● Flashing / ON · OFF

Time chart (Operation of the Indicator/Signal Output according to the product status)



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S8VK-WB

Connections

Block Diagrams

S8VK-WBDDDDD



S8VK-WB

S8VK-WA

Construction and Nomenclature

Nomenclature

240 W S8VK-WB240□□













No.	Terminal name	Name	Function	
(1)	L1/+ (1)			
(2)	L1/+ (2)			
(3)	L2 (1)	Input terminals	Connect the input lines to these terminals. *1	
(4)	L2 (2)			
(5)	L3/- (1)			
(6)	L3/- (2)			
(7)	PE	Protective Earth terminal ($\textcircled{=}$)	Connect the ground line to this terminal. *2	
(8)	+V1	1		
(9)	+V2			
(10)	-V1	DC Output terminals	Connect the load lines to these terminals.	
(11)	-V2			
(12)	-V3			
(13)		INPUT OK Indicator (INPUT OK: Green)	Lights up when the input voltage exceeds the lower limit value of the permissible range.	
(14)		lout > 100% Indicator (lout > 100%: Yellow)	The lout > 100% Indicator lights up when the output current exceeds the rated output current.	
(15)		DC OK Indicator (DC OK: Green)	Lights up when the output voltage is more than 90% of the rated output voltage.	
(16)		Output voltage adjuster (V.ADJ)	Use to adjust the output voltage.	
(17)	lout > 100%	lout > 100% Signal Output Terminal	The lout > 100% Signal Output is output when the output current exceeds the rated output current.	
(18)	DC OK	DC OK Signal Output Terminal	Outputs when the output voltage is more than 90% of the rated output voltage.	
(19)	COM	COM Terminal	Common terminal for Signal Output (17) and (18).	
		4		

*1. For a two-phase power input, connect to (L1/+) and (L3/-).

For a DC power input, connect (L1/+) to (+), and (L3/-) to (-).

(Refer to the wiring diagrams illustrated in Recommended circuit breakers and fuses on page 25.)

*2. This is the protective earth terminal specified in the safety standards. Always ground this terminal.

S8VK-WB

S8VK-WA

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S8VK-WB

S8VK-WA

S8VK-WE

Engineering Data

Derating Curves

240 W <Horizontal separation: 15 mm or more>



- Note: 1. At more than 528 VAC three-phase, derate the load at 0.5%/V. 2. At less than 380 VAC two-phase or at more than 528 VAC two-phase, derate the load at 0.5%/V.
 - At more than 746 VDC, derate the load at 0.5%/V.
 - In the shaded area, time is required to reach the rated output 4. voltage after the input voltage is applied.

A. Standard mounting, B. Face-up mounting

3.

rate -oad I

960 W <Horizontal separation: 15 mm or more>



- Note: 1. At more than 528 VAC three-phase, derate the load at 0.5%/V. 2. At less than 380 VAC two-phase or at more than 528 VAC
 - two-phase, derate the load at 0.5%/V. 3.
 - At more than 746 VDC, derate the load at 0.5%/V. 4.
 - In the shaded area, time is required to reach the rated output voltage after the input voltage is applied.

A. Standard mounting, B. Face-up mounting

480 W <Horizontal separation: 15 mm or more>



- Note: 1. At more than 528 VAC three-phase, derate the load at 0.5%/V. 2. At less than 380 VAC two-phase or at more than 528 VAC two-phase, derate the load at 0.5%/V.
 - 3. At more than 746 VDC, derate the load at 0.5%/V.
 - In the shaded area, time is required to reach the rated output 4. voltage after the input voltage is applied.

A. Standard mounting, B. Face-up mounting

240 W/480 W/960 W <Horizontal separation: less than 15 mm>



- Note: 1. Apply the rated input voltage for both three-phase and twophase.
 - 2. In the shaded area, time is required to reach the rated output voltage after the input voltage is applied.

C. Front, side-by-side mounting

This Power Supply can be used at an altitude of up to 3,000 m. Between 2,000 and 3,000 m, derate the load according to the following derating curve. 240 W/480 W/960 W <Horizontal separation: 15 mm or more> 240 W/480 W/960 W <Horizontal separation: less than 15 mm>



- Note: 1. At more than 528 VAC three-phase, derate the load at 0.5%/V. 2. At less than 380 VAC two-phase or at more than 528 VAC two-phase, derate the load at 0.5%/V.
 - 3. At more than 746 VDC, derate the load at 0.5%/V.

A. Standard mounting



Note: Apply the rated input voltage for both three-phase and twophase.

C. Front, side-by-side mounting

Common Accessories

S8VK-WB

Dimensions

S8VK-WB240





S8VK-WB480







Accessories (Order separately)

List of Models

Mounting Brackets (Order Separately)

Product name	Model
Front Mounting Bracket (for 240 W)	S82Y-VKW20F
Front Mounting Bracket (for 480 W)	S82Y-VKW40F
Front Mounting Bracket (for 960 W)	S82Y-VKW90F

DIN Rail Mounting Parts (Order Separately)

Part name	Model
Support Rail (Aluminum)	PFP-100N
	PFP-50N
	PFP-100N2
End Plate	PFP-M

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Dimensions

Mounting Brackets (Order Separately)

Name	Model	Dimensions Appearance		
Front mounting bracket (For 240 W models)	S82Y-VKW20F	Two-4.5 dia. ±0.1 R1.5 1 40 25 1 7.3 55 t=1.2		S8VK-WA
Front mounting bracket (For 480 W models)	S82Y-VKW40F	Two-4.5 dia. ± 0.1 R1.5 1 + 40 + 40 + 40 + 5 + 50 + 50 + 50 + 50		88
Front mounting bracket (For 960 W models)	S82Y-VKW90F	Three-4.5 dia. ± 0.1 R1.5 1 + - + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		S8VK-WB

Note: The front mounting bracket can be used for front, side-by-side mounting as well.

DIN Rail Mounting (Order Separately)

Mounting Rail (Material: Aluminum)



Mounting Rail (Material: Aluminum) PFP-100N2



Note: 1. If there is a possibility that the Unit will be subject to vibration or shock, use a steel DIN Rail. Otherwise, metallic filings may result from aluminum abrasion.

2. If the Unit may be subjected to sliding to either side, attach an End Plate (PFP-M) on each side of the Unit.

(Unit: mm)

Safety Precautions

Warning Indications

S8VK-WA

S8VK-WE

Common Precautions

	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in minor or moderate injury, or may result in serious injury or death. Additionally, there may be significant property damage.
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or in property damage.
Precautions for Safe Use	Supplementary comments on what to do or avoid doing, to use the product safely.
Precautions for Correct Use	Supplementary comments on what to do or avoid doing, to prevent failure to operate, malfunction or undesirable effect on product performance.

Meaning of Product Safety Symbols

	Caution against electric shock Used to warn of the risk of electric shock under specific conditions.
	Caution against high temperatures Used to warn of the risk of minor injury caused by high temperatures.
	No disassembly Use to indicate prohibition when there is a risk of minor injury from electrical shock or other source if the product is disassembled.
\triangle	General instructions Used for general mandatory action precautions for which there is no specified symbol.

🗥 WARNING

Product failure may result in fire or electric shocks. Be sure to use the recommended circuit breaker or fuse. For details, refer to *Recommended circuit breakers and fuses* on page 25.



The electrical wire may come out and an electric shock may be caused. Insert the solid wire or ferrule straight into the terminal block until the end touches the terminal block.



Minor electric shock, fire, or Product failure may occasionally occur. Do not disassemble, modify, or repair the Product or touch the interior of the Product.

Minor burns may occasionally occur. Do not touch the Product while power is being supplied or immediately after power is turned OFF.



Minor injury due to electric shock may occasionally occur. Do not touch the terminals while power is being supplied.

Minor electric shock, fire, or Product failure may occasionally occur. Do not allow any pieces of metal, conductors, or cuttings from installation work to enter the Power Supply.

If the circuit breaker has tripped, or the fuse has blown, there could be a severe failure in the Power Supply. Do not turn the input ON again.



Precautions for Safe Use

Ambient Operating and Storage Environments

- Store the Power Supply at a temperature of -40 to +85°C and a humidity of 95% or less.
- Do not use the Power Supply in areas outside the derating curve as doing so may result in internal parts occasionally deteriorating or being damaged.
- Use the Power Supply at a humidity of 95% max.
- Do not use the Power Supply in locations subject to direct sunlight.
- Do not use locations where liquids, foreign matter, or corrosive gases may enter the interior of the Product.

Installation Environment

- Do not use the Product in locations subject to shocks or vibrations. In particular, install the Power Supply as far away as possible from contactors or other devices that are a vibration source.
- Install the Power Supply well away from any sources of strong, high-frequency noise and surge.
- Do not use an inverter output for the product. Inverters with an output frequency of 50/60 Hz are available, but the rise in the internal temperature of the product may result in ignition or burning.
- If the input is connected to a UPS, do not connect a UPS with a square-wave output. Doing so will cause the internal temperature of the product to increase, possibly causing smoking or burning.

Mounting

- Take adequate measures to ensure proper heat dissipation to increase the long-term reliability of the Power Supply.
 Be sure to allow convection in the atmosphere around devices when mounting. Do not use in locations where the ambient temperature exceeds the range of the derating curve.
- When cutting out holes for mounting, make sure that cuttings do not enter the interior of the Power Supplies.
- The internal parts may occasionally deteriorate and be broken due to adverse heat radiation. Do not loosen the screws on the Power Supply.



- *1. Convection of air
 *2. Vertical separation: 23 mm or more
 *3. Horizontal separation: 15mm or more (Standard mounting) Horizontal separation:
 - Honzontal separation Less than 15 mm (Front, side-by-side mounting)
- S8VK-W can be used in combinations with a horizontal separation of less than 15 mm (front, side-by-side mounting) only in cases of the same model being used.

In such cases, use the product in accordance with a derating curve with a horizontal separation of less than 15 mm.

(A) Standard (Vertical) (B) Face-up mounting mounting

(C) Front, Side-by-side mounting





B B

Common Accessori

Recommended circuit breakers and fuses

- · Product failure may result in fire or electric shocks. Therefore, always use the recommended circuit breaker or fuse.
- · To ensure conformance to safety standards, and secure safety of the Unit, connect an input to the Unit via the recommended circuit breakers or fuses indicated in the table below.
- · A circuit breaker or fuse can be changed only by the indicated person or skilled person.
- Note: For the S8VK-WB, the DC input is not compliant with Safety standards.

Model	Input	Recommended product
modol	mpar	(per single Unit) Circuit breaker:
	Three-phase	240 VAC min., 4 to 20 A, Type B, C, or D characteristics
S8VK-WA24024	Single-phase Two-phase	Circuit breaker: 240 VAC min., 4 to 20 A, Type B, C, or D characteristics
	DC	Fuse: Fast-acting type, 350 VDC min., 6 A
	Three-phase	Circuit breaker: 240 VAC min., 4 to 20 A, Type B, C, or D characteristics
S8VK-WA48024	Single-phase Two-phase	Circuit breaker: 240 VAC min., 7 to 20 A, Type B, C, or D characteristics
	DC	Fuse: Fast-acting type, 350 VDC min., 8 A
	Three-phase	Circuit breaker: 240 VAC min., 8 to 20 A, Type B, C, or D characteristics
S8VK-WA96024	Single-phase Two-phase	Circuit breaker: 240 VAC min., 13 to 20 A, Type B, C, or D characteristics
	DC	Fuse: Fast-acting type, 350 VDC min., 15 A
	Three-phase	Circuit breaker: 480 VAC min., 4 to 20 A, Type B, C, or D characteristics
S8VK-WB24024 S8VK-WB24048	Two-phase	Circuit breaker: 480 VAC min., 4 to 20 A, Type B, C, or D characteristics
	DC	Fuse: Fast-acting type, 600 VDC min., 5 A
	Three-phase	Circuit breaker: 480 VAC min., 4 to 20 A, Type B, C, or D characteristics
S8VK-WB48024 S8VK-WB48048	Two-phase	Circuit breaker: 480 VAC min., 4 to 20 A, Type B, C, or D characteristics
	DC	Fuse: Fast-acting type, 600 VDC min., 5 A
	Three-phase	Circuit breaker: 480 VAC min., 6 to 20 A, Type B, C, or D characteristics
S8VK-WB96024 S8VK-WB96048	Two-phase	Circuit breaker: 480 VAC min., 8 to 20 A, Type B, C, or D characteristics
	DC	Fuse: Fast-acting type, 600 VDC min., 8 A

· If multiple Units are used through crossover wiring, select the circuit breaker or fuse in view of the input current and inrush current.

Wiring method

- · Connect the input as shown in the figure below.
- In the case of a three-phase four-wire system, do not connect the ground and neutral wire, but connect the other three wires to "L1/ +. L2. L3/-".







Wiring

L2 L3 N

- · This is the protective earth terminal specified in the safety standards. Connect the ground completely. Electric shock or malfunction may occur if the ground is not connected completely.
- Minor fire may possibly occur. Ensure that DC input and output terminals are wired correctly.
- · When you insert wires or insert a screwdriver into a release hole, do not press down on the terminal block with a force of 40 N or greater (100 N or greater for the output terminal block of S8VK-W 960 only).
- · Do not wire anything to the release holes.
- · Do not tilt or twist a flat-blade screwdriver while it is inserted into a release hole on the terminal block. The terminal block may be damaged.
- Insert a flat-blade screwdriver into the release holes at an angle. The terminal block may be damaged if you insert the screwdriver straight in.
- · Do not allow the flat-blade screwdriver to fall out while it is inserted into a release hole.
- · Do not bend a wire past its natural bending radius or pull on it with excessive force. This may cause a wire to be broken.
- · Do not insert more than one wire into each terminal insertion hole.
- · Do not pre-solder the ends of the wires. Doing so will inhibit proper connection.
- · Be sure to remove the sheet covering the S8M for machining before power-ON so that it does not interfere with heat dissipation.
- If there is a possibility of vibration or shock, please use wires and stranded wires with ferrules.
- · Minor fire may occasionally occur. Always check the voltage of the equipment when replacing the Unit, and be sure to use a conforming product.
- · Use the following material for the wires after confirming the rating of the wires in order to prevent smoking or ignition.
- Use copper stranded or solid wires. However, solid wires can not be used for the S8VK-W 960 output terminal.

S8VK-WA/S8VK-WB

Recommended Wire Type				
S.	Terminal	Model	Recommended wire gauge	
S8VK-WA			(mm²)	(AWG)
R		S8VK-WA24024	0.34 to 2.5	22 to 14
_	Input	S8VK-WA48024	0.5 to 2.5	20 to 14
		S8VK-WA96024	0.75 to 2.5	18 to 14
		S8VK-WA24024	2 to 2.5	14
	DC Output	S8VK-WA48024	3.5 to 6	12 to 10
		S8VK-WA96024	8 to 16	8 to 6
	Signal Output/COM	S8VK-WA	0.25 to 2.5	24 to 14
	PE (protective earth) terminal	S8VK-WA	2 to 2.5	14

Terminal	Model	Recommended wire gauge	
		(mm²)	(AWG)
	S8VK-WB240	0.34 to 2.5	22 to 14
Input	S8VK-WB480	0.34 to 2.5	22 to 14
	S8VK-WB960	0.5 to 2.5	20 to 14
	S8VK-WB24024	2 to 2.5	14
	S8VK-WB24048	0.75 to 2.5	18 to 14
DO Outrut	S8VK-WB48024	3.5 to 6	12 to 10
DC Output	S8VK-WB48048	2 to 6	14 to 10
	S8VK-WB96024	8 to 16	8 to 6
	S8VK-WB96048	3.5 to 16	12 to 6
Signal Output/COM	S8VK-WB	0.25 to 2.5	24 to 14
PE (protective earth) terminal	S8VK-WB	2 to 2.5	14

- Input crossover wiring can be used for the input side of this Power Supply.
- Do not use crossover wiring for more than five Power Supplies, and do not allow the steady-state current to the input terminals to exceed 10 A. The above table gives the recommended wires for one Power Supply.
- If you use crossover wiring for N number of Power Supplies, a current that is N times the current for a standalone Power Supply may flow to the input terminals. Take this into consideration when you select wiring materials.
- Use min. 60°C or 60/75°C wire. (Input line only)

Stripping Length

S8VK-WA 24: Input Terminals/PE Terminals S8VK-WA24024: DC Output Terminals

Recommended wire gauge	Stripping Length (Ferrules not used)	
0.34 to 1.5 mm ² /AWG22 to 16	8 mm	
2 to 2.5 mm ² /AWG14	10 mm	
S8VK-WA48024: DC Output Term	inals	
Recommended wire gauge	Stripping Length (Ferrules not used)	
3.5 to 6 mm ² /AWG12 to 10	15 mm	
S8VK-WA96024: DC Output Terminals		
Recommended wire gauge Stripping Length (Ferrules not used)		
8 to 16 mm ² /AWG8 to 6	18 mm	
S8VK-WA		
Recommended wire gauge	Stripping Length (Ferrules not used)	

- Stripping
S8VK-WB240 : DC Output Terminals
S8VK-WB

Recommended wire gauge	Stripping Length (Ferrules not used)	
0.34 to 1.5 mm ² /AWG22 to 16	8 mm	
2 to 2.5 mm ² /AWG14	10 mm	
S8VK-WB480 : DC Output Tern	ninals	
Recommended wire gauge	Stripping Length (Ferrules not used)	
3.5 to 6 mm ² /AWG12 to 10	15 mm	
 S8VK-WB960□□: DC Output Terminals		
Recommended wire gauge Stripping Length (Ferrules not used)		
8 to 16 mm ² /AWG8 to 6	18 mm	
Recommended wire gauge	Stripping Length (Ferrules not used)	
0.25 to 2.5 mm ² /AWG24 to 14	10 mm	

Indicators/Signal Outputs

- Minor injury due to electric shock may occasionally occur. Do not touch the terminals while power is being supplied. The voltage may be applied even if the INPUT OK indicator does not light. Be sure to check the input voltage when performing wiring.
- The DC OK indicator will light when the output voltage is more than 90% of the rated output voltage, and the internal MOS FET relay is conducted (turned ON).
- The output voltage may be generated even if the DC OK indicator does not light. Be sure to check the output voltage when connecting to the load device.
- This function monitors the voltage at the power output terminals. To check the voltage accurately, measure the voltage at the load end.
- If the output voltage is set to less than 90% of the rated output voltage, the DC OK indicator may go off and the DC OK signal output may be turned OFF.
- The lout > 100% Indicator may light up, and the lout > 100% Signal Output may turn ON during peak current operation, however, the Power Supply can be used as long as the operating conditions specified in *Peak current* (P.27) are satisfied.
- During a short-circuit, the indicator will operate intermittently due to the overload protection function. When this happens, the lout > 100% indicator will blink in accordance with the intermittent operation, and the lout > 100% signal output will repeatedly turn ON and OFF. The shortest ON time of the lout > 100% signal output during intermittent operation is 5 ms.

Specifications of the Signal Output Terminals (between DC OK Signal Output Terminal and COM Terminal, and between lout > 100% Signal Output Terminal and COM Terminal)

Since the Signal Output is composed of the MOS FET relay, it does not have any polarity. 30 VDC max., 50 mA max. Residual voltage when the function is ON: 2 V max.

Leakage current when the function is OFF: 0.1 mA max.

- Note: 1. Internal current control circuits are not provided internally for output signals. Do not allow the output current to exceed 50 mA.
 - **2.** After completing wiring, confirm that the circuits operate correctly.

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Peak current

The boost current is a temporary current that exceeds the rated current.

However, it should meet the following four boost current conditions.

- Time that the boost current flows: t1 \leq 10 s
- The boost current: Ip \leq Maximum boost current
- The average output current: lave \leq Rated output current
- The time ratio of the boost current flow: Duty $\leq 30\%$



- Do not allow the peak current to continue for more than 10 seconds. Do not allow the duty to exceed 30%. The Power Supply may be damaged.
- Ensure that the average current of one cycle of the boost current does not exceed the specified value. The product may be damaged.
- Derate the load at the boost current and average output current according to the ambient operating temperature and mounting.

Charging a Battery

If you connect a battery as the load, install overcurrent control and overvoltage protection circuits.

Output voltage adjuster (V.ADJ)

- The output voltage adjuster (V.ADJ.) may possibly become damaged. Do not apply more than the required force.
- After completing output voltage adjustment, be sure that the output power or output current does not exceed the rated output electric power or rated output current.

Series Operation

Two Power Supplies can be connected in series.



Note: 1. If the load is short-circuited, a reverse voltage will be generated inside the Power Supply. If this occurs the product may possibly deteriorate or be damaged. Always connect a diode as shown in the figure. Select diodes with the following ratings.

Туре	Schottky Barrier diode
Dielectric strength (VRRM)	Twice the output voltage or above
Forward current (IF)	Twice the rated output current or above

 Though Power Supplies having different specifications can be connected in series, the current flowing through the load must not exceed the smaller rated output current. Be sure to check that the lout > 100% indicator is not lit or the lout > 100% signal output is turned OFF before using.

<Making Positive/Negative Outputs>

 The outputs are floating outputs (i.e., the primary circuits and secondary circuits are separated). You can therefore make positive and negative outputs by using two Power Supplies. You can make positive/negative outputs with any of the models. If positive and negative outputs are used, connect Power Supplies of the same model as in the following figure. (Combinations with different output capacities or output voltages can be made. However, use the lower of the two maximum rated output currents as the current to the loads.)



 Depending on the model, internal circuits may be damaged due to startup failure when the power is turned ON if loads such as a servomotor or operational amplifier may operate in series. Therefore, connect bypass diodes (D1, D2) as shown in the following figure.



• Use the following information as a guide to the diode type, dialectic strength, and current.

Туре	Schottky Barrier diode
Dielectric strength (VRRM)	Twice the output voltage or above
Forward current (IF)	Twice the rated output current or above

Parallel Operation

Parallel operation is used when the output current from one Power Supply is insufficient for the load. Power Supplies are connected in parallel to increase the output current. Two Power Supplies with the same capacity can be connected in parallel.

- You must meet the following conditions to use parallel operation.
- Standard mounting.

S8VK-WA

S8VK-WB

- Ambient temperature: -25 to +40°C
- Horizontal separation: 15 mm or more, Vertical separation: 23 mm or more
- Rated input voltage range
 Output voltage of 25 V max. (S8VK-W___24)
 Output voltage of 49 V max. (S8VK-WB__48)
- Adjust the output voltage difference of each Power Supply to 50 mV or less, using the output voltage adjuster (V. ADJ).
- There is no current balancing function for S8VK-X. A high output voltage unit may work at overcurrent state and in this situation, a life of a Power Supply will be extremely short. After adjusting the output voltage, confirm the output current of the Power Supplies balances.
- For Parallel Operation, to balance the current of the each unit, the length and thickness of each wire connected to the load and each unit must be same as much as possible.
- The output voltage may drop by several volts if the load changes rapidly (e.g., if the load starts or is disconnected). Use the S8VK-R or connect external diodes as shown in the figure.
 For parallel operation with 240 W Power Supplies or S8VK-WB48048, use the S8VK-R20.
- Do not use parallel operation when there is the possibility that the input voltage will vary outside of the rated input range.





• Use the following information as a guide to the diode type, dialectic strength, and current.

Туре	Schottky Barrier diode
Dielectric strength (VRRM)	Twice the output voltage or above
Forward current (IF)	Twice the rated output current or above

- Increase the output voltage setting of the Power Supplies by the drop in the forward voltage (VF) of diodes D1 and D2. Also, the diodes will cause a power loss equivalent to the Power Supply output current (IouT) times the diode forward voltage (VF). Therefore, cooling measures must be implemented so that the temperature of the diodes decreases to the catalog value or lower.
- Because of the load power and power loss due to the diodes, do not exceed the rated power of one Power Supply (rated output voltage × rated output current).

<Backup Operation>

Backup operation is possible if you use two Power Supplies of the same model.

Even if one Power Supply fails, operation can be continued with the other Power Supply.

Make sure that the maximum load does not exceed the capacity of one Power Supply.

Use the S8VK-R or connect external diodes.

For backup operation with 240 W Power Supplies or S8VK-WB48048, use the S8VK-R20.



 Use the following information as a guide to the diode type, dialectic strength, and current.

Туре	Schottky Barrier diode
Dielectric strength (VRRM)	Twice the output voltage or above
Forward current (IF)	Twice the rated output current or above

- Increase the output voltage setting of the Power Supplies by the drop in the forward voltage (VF) of diodes D1 and D2. Also, the diodes will cause a power loss equivalent to the Power Supply output current (IouT) times the diode forward voltage (VF). Therefore, cooling measures must be implemented so that the temperature of the diodes decreases to the catalog value or lower.
- Because of the load power and power loss due to the diodes, do not exceed the rated power of one Power Supply (rated output voltage × rated output current).

Precautions for Correct Use

DIN rail mounting

To mounting on a DIN Rail, hook portion (A) of the Block onto the rail and press in the (B) direction.









Connecting Wires to the Push-In Plus Terminal Block

Part Names of the Terminal Block



Connecting Wires with Ferrules and Solid Wires

Insert the solid wire or ferrule straight into the terminal block until the end touches the terminal block.



 If a wire is difficult to connect because it is too thin, use a flat-blade screwdriver in the same way as when connecting stranded wire.

Connecting Stranded Wires

Use the following procedure to connect the wires to the terminal block.

1. Hold a flat-blade screwdriver at an angle and insert it into the release hole.

The angle should be between 10° and 15° . If the flat-blade screwdriver is inserted correctly, you will feel the spring in the release hole.

- 2. With the flat-blade screwdriver still inserted into the release hole, insert the wire into the terminal hole until it strikes the terminal block.
- **3.** Remove the flat-blade screwdriver from the release hole.



Checking Connections

- After the insertion, pull gently on the wire to make sure that it will not come off and the wire is securely fastened to the terminal block
- The insulation distance is still satisfied although some of the conductor may still be visible after being inserted into the terminal block, even though recommended ferrules are used.

Removing Wires from the Push-In Plus Terminal Block

Use the following procedure to remove wires from the terminal block. The same method is used to remove stranded wires, solid wires, and ferrules.

- 1. Hold a flat-blade screwdriver at an angle and insert it into the release hole.
- 2. With the flat-blade screwdriver still inserted into the release hole, remove the wire from the terminal insertion hole.
- **3.** Remove the flat-blade screwdriver from the release hole.





S8VK-WA

Recommended Ferrules and Crimping Tools Recommended Ferrules

S8VK-W

S8VK-W 240: DC Output Terminals S8VK-W

Signal Output Terminals/COM Terminals

	•	•				
	cable ire	Ferrule Condu	Stripping length	Recommended Ferrules		
(mm²)	(AWG)	ctor length (mm)	ength (Ferrules	Phoenix Contact	Weid muller	Wago
0.25	24	8	10	AI 0, 25-8	H0.25/12	FE-0.25-8N-YE
0.25	24	10	12	AI 0, 25-10		
0.34	22	8	10	AI 0,34-8	H0.34/12	FE-0.34-8N-TQ
0.34	22	10	12	AI 0,34-10		
0.50		8	10	AI 0,5-8	H0.5/14	FE-0.5-8N-WH
0.50 20	10	12	AI 0,5-10	H0.5/16	FE-0.5-10N-WH	
0.75	18	8	10	AI 0,75-8	H0.75/14	FE-0.75-8N-GY
0.75	10	10	12	AI 0,75-10	H0.75/16	FE-0.75-10N-GY
1/1.05	25 18/17	8	10	AI 1-8	H1.0/14	FE-1.0-8N-RD
1/1.25		10	12	AI 1-10	H1.0/16	FE-1.0-10N-RD
4.05/4.5	17/10	8	10	Al 1,5-8	H1.5/14	FE-1.5-8N-BK
1.25/1.5 17/16	10	12	AI 1,5-10	H1.5/16	FE-1.5-10N-BK	
2.5	14	10	12	Al 2, 5-10	H2.5/16DS	FE-2.5-10N-BU
Recommended crimp tool			CRIMPFOX6 CRIMPFOX6T-F CRIMPFOX10S	PZ6 roto	Variocrimp4	

Note: 1. Make sure that the outer diameter of the wire is smaller than the inner diameter of the insulating sleeve of the recommended ferrule.

2. Make sure that the ferrule processing dimensions conform to the following figure.



S8VK-W□480□□: DC Output Terminals

Applicable wire		Ferrule Stripping Conduct length	Recommended Ferrules			
(mm²)	(AWG)	or length (mm)	(mm) (Ferrules used)	Phoenix Contact	Weid muller	Wago
4	12	12	14	Al 4-12	H4.0/20D	FE-4.0-12N-GY
6	10	12	16	AI 6-12	H6.0/20	FE-6.0-12N-YE *
Recommended crimp tool			CRIMPFOX6 CRIMPFOX6T-F	PZ6 roto	Variocrimp4 * Use the Variocrimp1	

Note: 1. Make sure that the outer diameter of the wire is smaller than the inner diameter of the insulating sleeve of the

CRIMPFOX10S

2. Make sure that the ferrule processing dimensions conform

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Common Accessor

Common Precautions





recommended ferrule.

to the following figure.

S8VK-W 960 : DC Output Terminals

	cable ire	Ferrule Conduct or length (mm)	Conduct length	Recommended Ferrules		
(mm²)	(AWG)		(mm) (Ferrules used)	Phoenix Contact	Weid muller	Wago
10	8	18	21	AI 10-18	H10.0/28	FE-10.0-18N-RD
Recommended crimp tool			CRIMPFOX10S (0.14 to 10mm ²) CRIMPFOX 25R (10 to 25mm ²)	PZ 16 (6 to 16mm ²)	Variocrimp16 (6 to 16mm ²) 205-225 (10 to 25mm ²)	

Note: 1. Make sure that the outer diameter of the wire is smaller than the inner diameter of the insulating sleeve of the recommended ferrule.

2. Make sure that the ferrule processing dimensions conform to the following figure.



Recommended Flat-blade Screwdriver

Use a flat-blade screwdriver to connect and remove wires. Use the following flat-blade screwdrivers.

The following table shows manufacturers and models as of 2018/Dec.

S8VK-W240 : DC Output Terminals

S8VK-W 480 : DC Output Terminals

S8VK-W COM Terminal Output terminal/COM Terminal

Model	Manufacturer
ESD 0,40×2,5	Wera
SZS 0,4×2,5 SZF 0-0,4×2,5 *	Phoenix Contact
0.4×2.5×75 302	Wiha
AEF.2,5×75	Facom
210/-719	Wago
SDIS 0.4×2.5×75	Weidmuller
9900(-2.5×75)	Vessel

*OMRON's exclusive purchase XW4Z-00B is available to order as SZF 0-0,4×2,5 (manufactured by Phoenix Contact).



S8VK-W 960 : DC Output Terminals

Model	Manufacturer
ESD 0,80×4,0	Wera
SZF 2-0,8×4,0	Phoenix Contact
302\$4010	Wiha
AEF.4×75	Facom
SDS 0.8×4×100	Weidmuller
1-65-017	STANLEY
990 4×100	Vessel



S8VK-WA/S8VK-WB

Audible Noise at Power ON

A harmonic current suppression circuit is built into the Power Supply. This circuit can create noise when the input is turned ON, but it will last only until the internal circuits stabilize and does not indicate any problem in the Product.

In Case There Is No Output Voltage

The possible cause for no output voltage may be that the overload protection or overvoltage protection has operated. The internal protection may operate if a large amount of surge voltage, such as a lightning inrush, is applied to the input.

In case there is no output voltage, please check the following points before contacting us:

Checking overload protected status:

Check whether the load is in overload status or is short-circuited. Remove the load wires when checking. Can be checked depending on whether or not the lout > 100% indicator is lit, or from the operating status of the lout > 100% signal output.

Checking overvoltage or internal protection:

Switch off the input power supply, and switch back on after at least 3 minutes have elapsed.

Disposal

When disposing of the product, treat it as industrial waste.

Warranty and Limitations of Liability

WARRANTY

S8VK-WA

S8VK-WB

The Power Supply warranty is valid for a period of five years from the date of shipment from the factory.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY

The warranty is valid only for the following operating conditions.

1. Average ambient operating temperature of the Power Supply: 40°C max.

2. Average load rate of 80% max.

3.Mounting method: Standard mounting

Note: The maximum ratings must be within the derating curve.

If the Power Supply fails for reasons attributable to OMRON within the above warranty period, OMRON will repair or replace the faulty part of the Power Supply at the place of purchase or the place where the Power Supply delivered without charge. This warranty does not cover the following types of failures.

- 1. Failures that result from handling or operation of the product under conditions or in environments that are not given in this document and not given in any other specifications exchanged between OMRON and the customer.
- 2. Failures that originate in causes other than the delivered product itself
- 3. Failures caused by disassembly, modification, or repair of the Power Supply by anyone other than OMRON
- 4. Failures caused by applications or uses for which the product was not originally intended.
- 5. Failures caused by factors that could not be anticipated with the scientific or technical knowledge available when the Power Supply was shipped.
- 6. Failures caused by other causes for which OMRON is not responsible, such as natural disasters and other acts of God. This warranty is limited to the individual Power Supply that was delivered and does not cover any secondary, subsequent, or related damages.

Recommended Replacement Periods and Periodic Replacement for Preventive Maintenance

The recommended replacement period for preventive maintenance is greatly influenced by the installation environment of the Power Supply. As a guideline, the recommended replacement period is 7 to 10 years.*

To prevent failures or accidents that can be caused by using a Power Supply beyond its service live, we recommend that you replace the Power Supply as early as possible within the recommended replacement period. However, bear in mind that the recommended replacement period is for reference only and does not guarantee the life of the Power Supply.

Many electronic components are used in the Power Supply and the Power Supply depends on the correct operation of these components to achieve the original Power Supply functions and performance. However, the influence of the ambient temperature on aluminum electrolytic capacitors is large, and the service life is reduced by half for each 10°C rise in temperature (Arrhenius law). When the capacity reduction life of the electrolytic capacitor is reached, the Power Supply failures or accidents may occur. We therefore recommend that you replace the Power Supply periodically to minimize product failures or accidents in advance.

* The recommended replacement period applies under the following conditions: rated input voltage, load rate of 50% max., ambient temperature of 40°C max., and the standard mounting method.

This product model is designed with a service life of 10 years minimum under the above conditions.



OMRON AUTOMATION AMERICAS HEADQUARTERS • Chicago, IL USA • 847.843.7900 • 800.556.6766 • automation.omron.com

OMRON CANADA, INC. • HEAD OFFICE Toronto, ON, Canada • 416.286.6465 • 866.986.6766 • automation.omron.com

OMRON ELECTRONICS DE MEXICO • HEAD OFFICE Ciudad de México • 52.55.5901.4300 • 01.800.386.6766 • mela@omron.com

OMRON ELECTRONICS DE MEXICO • SALES OFFICE San Pedro Garza García, N.L. • 81.12.53.7392 • 01.800.386.6766 • mela@omron. com

OMRON ELECTRONICS DE MEXICO • SALES OFFICE Eugenio Garza Sada,León, Gto • 01.800.386.6766 • mela@omron.com

Authorized Distributor:

OMRON ELETRÔNICA DO BRASIL LTDA • HEAD OFFICE São Paulo, SP, Brasil • 55 11 5171-8920 • automation.omron.com

OMRON ARGENTINA • SALES OFFICE Buenos Aires, Argentina • +54.11.4521.8630 • +54.11.4523.8483 mela@omron.com

OTHER OMRON LATIN AMERICA SALES +54.11.4521.8630 • +54.11.4523.8483 • mela@omron.com

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- Rotary Encoders Ultrasonic Sensors

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 Safety Laser Scanners
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Control Components

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 Electromechanical Relays
- Solid State Relays

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Programming & Configuration
 Runtime

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