Mar/28/2012

### **General Descriptions**

The STR-V100 series comprise an integrated power MOSFET and a controller IC with a current mode and PRC\* control for switching power supply applications.

\* PRC (Pulse Ratio Control)---the control method for OFF-time fixed and ON time controlled (Sanken's designation)

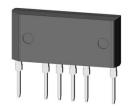
The SIP8L full mold package of low-profile and with creeping distance between high and low voltage of 4mm or longer (lead pin on Printed Circuit Board, PCB).

A startup circuit and a standby function are incorporated in the control circuit. Thereby, requirements for low power consumption and low standby power can be achieved.

The product easily achieves high cost-performance power supply system with few external components and enhanced protection functions.

### **Package**

SIP8L



#### **Features**

- SIP8L package (2.54 pitch, straight lead pin)
  Creeping distance of 4mm or longer between high voltage pin and low voltage pin (lead pin on PCB)
  Low profile; height from PCB of 12mm or less
- Current-Mode type PRC Control
- ullet Auto-Standby Function Input power  $P_{IN}$  at no load < 40mW, for low power consumption
- Built-in Auto Bias Function
- Built-in Leading Edge Blanking Function
- Protection functions
   Overcurrent Protection (OCP)-----Pulse-by-pulse
   Overvoltage Protection (OVP) -----Latched shutdown
   Overload Protection (OLP) --------Auto restart
   Thermal Shutdown (TSD) --------Latched shutdown

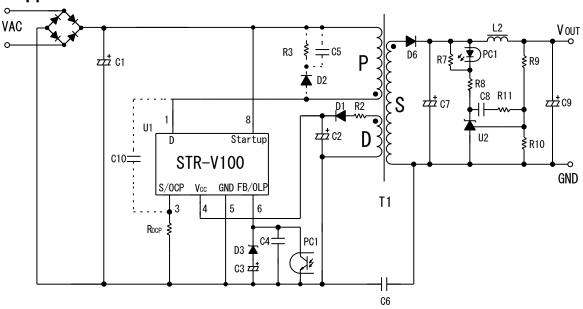
## **Electrical Characteristics**

- Power MOSFET  $V_{DSS}(MIN) = 650V$   $R_{DS(ON)}(MAX) = 2.8\Omega$
- Fixed OFF-Time,  $t_{OFF}(TYP) = 8\mu s$

## **Applications**

- Stand-by power supply
- White goods
- Office automation equipment
- Industrial equipment
- Communication equipment

# **Typical Application Circuit**





Mar/28/2012

Absolute Maximum Ratings (1) Valid at Ta=25°C unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Pins	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Notes
Drain Current (2)	1-3	$I_{DPEAK}$	4.0	A	Single pulse
Maximum Switching Current	1-3	$I_{DMAX}$	4.0	A	$V_{3-5}=1.33V$ Ta= -20 to +125°C
Avalanche Energy (3)	1-3	E <sub>AS</sub>	90	mJ	Single pulse V <sub>DD</sub> =99V, L=20mH I <sub>L</sub> =2.8A
S/OCP Pin Voltage	3-5	V <sub>S/OCP</sub>	-0.5 to 6	V	
Supply Voltage for Control Circuit	4-5	V <sub>CC</sub>	35	V	
FB /OLP Pin Voltage	6-5	V <sub>FB/OLP</sub>	-0.5 to 10	V	
Startup Pin Voltage	8-5	V <sub>STARTUP</sub>	-0.3 to 600	V	
Damas Dissination in MOSEET (4)	1 2	$P_{D1}$	10.6	W	With infinite heat sink
Power Dissipation in MOSFET (4)	1-3		1.6	W	Without heat sink
Power Dissipation in Control Circuit (5)	4-5	$P_{D2}$	0.15	W	Specified by V <sub>CC</sub> ×I <sub>CC</sub>
Internal Frame Temperature in Operation	_	$T_{\mathrm{F}}$	-20 to +125	°C	Recommended internal frame temperature $T_F = 115^{\circ}C$ (Max)
Operating Ambient Temperature	_	$T_{OP}$	-20 to +125	°C	
Storage Temperature	_	$T_{stg}$	-40 to +125	°C	
Channel Temperature	_	$T_{ch}$	+150	°C	

<sup>(1)</sup>Current characteristics are defined based on IC as sink (+), or source (-)
(2)Refer to MOSFET Safe Operating Area Curve
(3)Refer to MOSFET Avalanche Energy Derating Coefficient Curve
(4)Refer to MOSFET Temperature versus Power Dissipation Curve1
(5)Refer to MOSFET Temperature versus Power Dissipation Curve2



Mar/28/2012

# Electrical characteristics in Control Part (1) Valid at V<sub>CC</sub>=18V, Ta = 25°C, unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Pins	Symbol	Rating			T In:	·
Characteristic	PINS		MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Notes
Operation Start Voltage	4 – 5	V <sub>CC (ON)</sub>	16.0	17.5	19.2	V	
Operation Stop Voltage (2)	4 – 5	V <sub>CC (OFF)</sub>	9	10	11	V	
Circuit Current in Operation	4 – 5	I <sub>CC(ON)</sub>			4	mA	
Circuit Current in Non-operation	4 - 5	$I_{\text{CC(OFF)}}$			50	μΑ	$V_{CC}=14V$
Auto Bias Threshold Voltage	4 - 5	V <sub>CC(BIAS)</sub>	9.6	10.6	11.6	V	
$V_{BIAS} - V_{CC (OFF)}$		_	0.2	—	_	V	
Maximum OFF Time	1 - 5	t <sub>OFF(MAX)</sub>	7.3	8.0	8.7	μs	
OCP Threshold Voltage	3 - 5	$V_{OCP}$	1.07	1.20	1.33	V	
Leading Edge Blanking Time	1 – 5	$t_{\mathrm{BW}}$	168	280	392	ns	
Burst Threshold Voltage	6 – 5	$V_{BURST}$	0.67	0.76	0.85	V	
OLP Threshold Voltage	6 – 5	$V_{OLP}$	6.5	7.2	7.9	V	
OLP Source Current	6 – 5	$I_{OLP}$	-34.1	-26.0	-18.2	μΑ	
Maximum FB Source Current	6 – 5	$I_{FB(MAX)}$	-390	-300	-220	μΑ	
Startup Current	8 - 5	$I_{STARTUP}$	340	790	1230	μΑ	
Startup Circuit Leakage Current	8 - 5	I <sub>START(leak)</sub>			30	μΑ	
V <sub>CC</sub> Pin Overvoltage Protection Threshold Voltage	4 – 5	V <sub>CC(OVP)</sub>	28.7	31.2	34.1	V	
Latch Circuit Holding Current (3)	4 - 5	$I_{CC(H)}$		—	200	μΑ	
Latch Circuit Release Voltage (2) (3)	4 – 5	V <sub>CC(LaOH</sub> )	6.6	7.3	8.0	V	
Thermal Shutdown Operation Temperature	_	$T_{j(TSD)}$	135	_	_	°C	

<sup>(1)</sup>Current characteristics are defined based on IC as sink (+), or source (-)

# Electrical Characteristics in MOSFET (1) Valid at Ta=25°C unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Pins	Symbol	Rating			Unit	Notes
			MIN	TYP	MAX	Ullit	Notes
Drain-source Voltage	1 – 3	$V_{DSS}$	650	1	_	V	
Drain Leakage Current	1 – 3	$I_{DSS}$	_	_	300	μΑ	
ON Resistance	1 – 3	$R_{DS(ON)}$	1	1	2.8	Ω	
Switching Time	1 – 3	$t_{\mathrm{f}}$		_	250	ns	
Thermal Resistance (2)	_	$\theta_{\text{ch-F}}$	_	_	4.05	°C/W	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup>Current characteristics are defined based on IC as sink (+), or source (-)

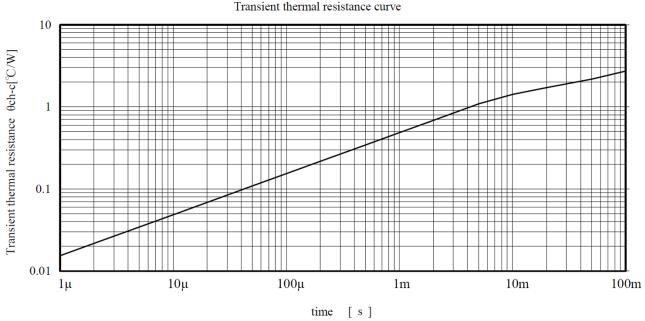
 $<sup>\</sup>label{eq:VCC} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{\colored} & \mbox{\colored} & \mbox{\colored} \\ \mbox{\colored} & \mbox{\colored} & \mbox{\colored} & \mbox{\colored} \\ \mbox{\colored} & \mbox{\colored} & \mbox{\colored} & \mbox{\colored} & \mbox{\colored} \\ \mbox{\colored} & \mbox{\colored} & \mbox{\colored} & \mbox{\colored} & \mbox{\colored} & \mbox{\colored} \\ \mbox{\colored} & \mbox{\c$ 

<sup>(2)</sup> The thermal resistance between the channel of the MOSFET and the internal frame

Mar/28/2012

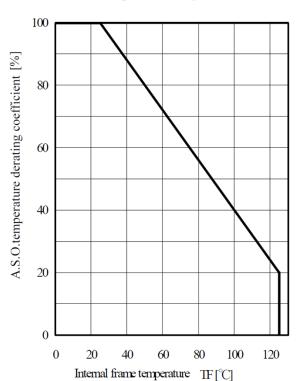
## **MOSFET Performance Curves**

STR-V152



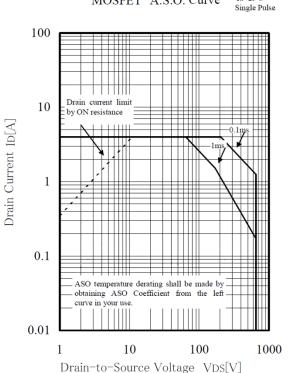
STR-V152

A.S.O. temperature derating coefficient curve



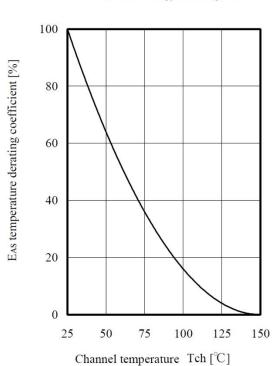
STR-V152 MOSFET A.S.O. Curve

Ta=25°C

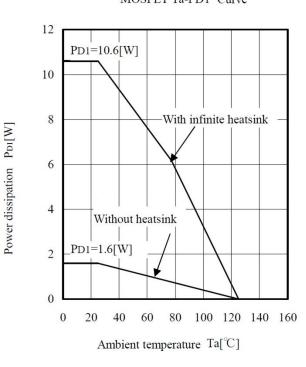


Mar/28/2012

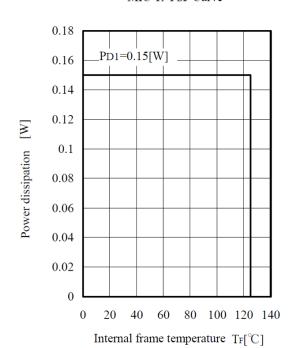
STR-V152 Avalanche energy derating curve



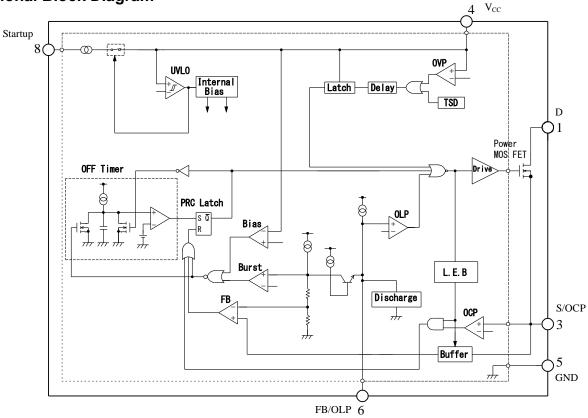
STR-V152 MOSFET Ta-PD1 Curve



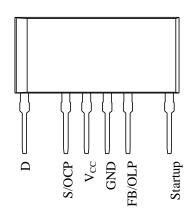
STR-V152 MIC T<sub>F</sub>-P<sub>D2</sub> Curve



# **Functional Block Diagram**



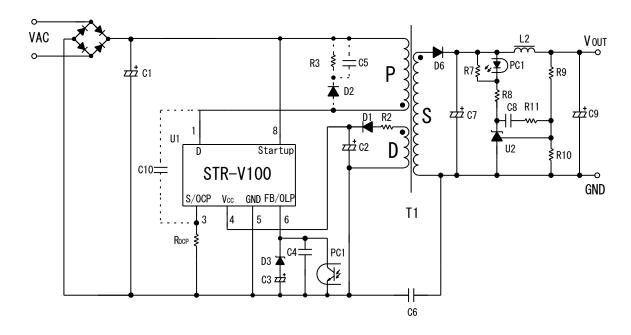
# **Pin List Table**



Number	Name	Function
1	D	MOSFET drain
2	_	Pin removed
3	S/OCP	MOSFET source and overcurrent detection signal input
4	V <sub>CC</sub>	Control circuit power supply input and Overvoltage Protection (OVP) signal input
5	GND	Ground
6	FB/OLP	Constant voltage control signal input and overload protection signal input
7	_	Pin removed
8	Startup	Startup current input

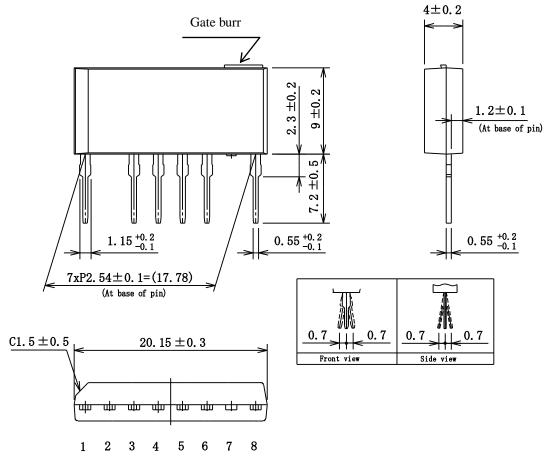


# **Typical Application circuit**



## **Package Information**

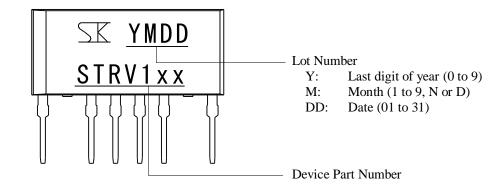
SIP8L package (2.54 pitch, straight lead pin)



#### NOTES:

- 1) All liner dimensions are in millimeters
- 2) "Gate Burr" shows area where 0.3 mm (max) gate burr may be present
- 3) Pin treatment Pb-free. Device composition compliant with the RoHS directive

# **Marking Diagram**



# SanKen

# **STR-V152**

Mar/28/2012

#### **OPERATING PRECAUTIONS**

Reliability can be affected adversely by improper storage environments and handling methods. Please observe the following cautions.

#### **Cautions for Storage**

- Ensure that storage conditions comply with the standard temperature (5 to 35°C) and the standard relative humidity (around 40 to 75%); avoid storage locations that experience extreme changes in temperature or humidity.
- Avoid locations where dust or harmful gases are present and avoid direct sunlight.
- Reinspect for rust on leads and solderability of products that have been stored for a long time.

## **Cautions for Testing and Handling**

• When tests are carried out during inspection testing and other standard test periods, protect the products from power surges from the testing products, shorts between the product pins, and wrong connections. In addition, avoid tests exceeded ratings

#### Remarks about Using Silicone Grease with a Heatsink

- When silicone grease is used in mounting this product on a heatsink, it shall be applied evenly and thinly. If more silicone grease than required is applied, it may produce excess stress.
- Volatile-type silicone greases may crack after long periods of time, resulting in reduced heat radiation effect. Silicone grease with low consistency (hard grease) may cause cracks in the mold resin when screwing the product to a heatsink.
   Our recommended silicone grease for heat radiation purposes, which will not cause any adverse effect on the product life, are indicated below:

Type	Suppliers
G746	Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd.
YG6260	MOMENTIVE performance materials Inc.
SC102	Dow Corning Toray Co., Ltd.

#### Soldering

• When soldering the products, please be sure to minimize the working time, within the following limits.

•  $260\pm5$ °C  $10\pm1$  s(Flow, 2times)

Soldering should be at a distance of at least 1.5 mm from the body of the products.

#### **Electrostatic Discharge**

- When handling the products, the operator must be grounded. Grounded wrist straps worn should have at least  $1M\Omega$  of resistance from the operator to ground to prevent shock hazard, and it should be placed near the operator.
- Workbenches where the products are handled should be grounded and be provided with conductive table and floor mats.
- When using measuring equipment such as a curve tracer, the equipment should be grounded.
- When soldering the products, the head of a soldering irons or the solder bath must be grounded in order to prevent leak voltages generated by them from being applied to the products.
- The products should always be stored and transported in Sanken shipping containers or conductive containers, or be wrapped in aluminum foil.



Mar/28/2012

#### **INPORTANTS NOTES**

- The contents in this document are subject to changes, for improvement and other purposes, without notice. Make sure that this is the latest revision of the document before use.
- Application and operation examples described in this document are quoted for the sole purpose of reference for the use of the products herein and Sanken can assume no responsibility for any infringement of industrial property rights, intellectual property rights or any other rights of Sanken or any third party which may result from its use.
- Although Sanken undertakes to enhance the quality and reliability of its products, the occurrence of failure and defect of semiconductor products at a certain rate is inevitable. Users of Sanken products are requested to take, at their own risk, preventative measures including safety design of the equipment or systems against any possible injury, death, fires or damages to the society due to device failure or malfunction.
- Sanken products listed in this document are designed and intended for the use as components in general purpose electronic equipment or apparatus (home appliances, office equipment, telecommunication equipment, measuring equipment, etc.).
  - When considering the use of Sanken products in the applications where higher reliability is required (transportation equipment and its control systems, traffic signal control systems or equipment, fire/crime alarm systems, various safety devices, etc.), and whenever long life expectancy is required even in general purpose electronic equipment or apparatus, please contact your nearest Sanken sales representative to discuss, prior to the use of the products herein.
  - The use of Sanken products without the written consent of Sanken in the applications where extremely high reliability is required (aerospace equipment, nuclear power control systems, life support systems, etc.) is strictly prohibited.
- In the case that you use Sanken semiconductor products or design your products by using Sanken semiconductor products, the reliability largely depends on the degree of derating to be made to the rated values. Derating may be interpreted as a case that an operation range is set by derating the load from each rated value or surge voltage or noise is considered for derating in order to assure or improve the reliability. In general, derating factors include electric stresses such as electric voltage, electric current, electric power etc., environmental stresses such as ambient temperature, humidity etc. and thermal stress caused due to self-heating of semiconductor products. For these stresses, instantaneous values, maximum values and minimum values must be taken into consideration.
  - In addition, it should be noted that since power devices or IC's including power devices have large self-heating value, the degree of derating of junction temperature affects the reliability significantly.
- When using the products specified herein by either (i) combining other products or materials therewith or (ii) physically, chemically or otherwise processing or treating the products, please duly consider all possible risks that may result from all such uses in advance and proceed therewith at your own responsibility.
- Anti radioactive ray design is not considered for the products listed herein.
- Sanken assumes no responsibility for any troubles, such as dropping products caused during transportation out of Sanken's distribution network.
- The contents in this document must not be transcribed or copied without Sanken's written consent.