

## Current Sensing Chip Resistors

YAGEO Phícomp

## **About Yageo**



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Founded in 1977, the Yageo Corporation has become a world-class provider of passive component services with capabilities on a global scale, including production and sales facilities in Asia, Europe and the Americas.

Yageo currently ranks as the world No. 1 in chip-resistors, No. 3 in MLCCs and No. 4 in ferrite products, with a strong global presence: 21 sales offices in 15 countries, 9 production sites, 8 JIT logistic hubs, and 2 R&D centers worldwide. Ferroxcube and Vitrohm, who produce ferrites and leaded resistors, are also a part of the Yageo group.

We support our customers with extensive literature including datasheets, brochures and application notes, which are also available electronically on our website at: www.yageo.com



# Introduction

### Low Resistance, High Power for Current Sensing Applications

Current measurement is very important in power and instrumentation systems for circuit control, protection, monitoring, and performance enhancement. Engineers in power supply and battery circuit designs need to consider a give-and-take strategy between low resistance values to minimize power losses and sufficient voltage supplies to avoid noises generated from the environments or particularly in switch mode power supplies.

Yageo's current-sensing chip resistors are also fully compatible with today's high volume pick-and-place assembly systems. As such, they offer attractive, cost-effective solutions to designers of low voltage power supplies and battery management systems. Featuring a comprehensive resistance range of 0.5 milli-ohms to I ohm (low-ohmic), and available from 0.05 to 5 watts, they are not only applicable to battery packs, power supplies and converters, but also suitable for use in diverse power control circuits of tablets, notebook computers and hard disks.

Yageo now offers three types of surface-mount (SMT) current-sensing chip resistors based on thick film, metal foil, and metal plate technologies, with scalable product portfolios to meet the various demands of customers and their applications.

### Main Features of Yageo's Current-Sensing Chip Resistors

- Low resistance value from  $\mbox{Im}\Omega$  to 20 m $\Omega$  for minimizing power losses.
- High power-rating from 0.05 to 5 watts.
- Tight tolerance within 2% to exhibit actual current via voltage reading.
- Low TCR to avoid measurement distortions. TCR ranges from 50 to 100ppm/°C for metal and 100 to 1500ppm/°C for thick film current sensors.
- Scalable off-the-shelf products in standard case sizes.
- · Compatibility with surface-mount assembly process.
- RoHS/REACH-compliant & Halogen-free.

The low temperature coefficient of resistance (TCR) of Yageo's current-sensing chip resistors minimizes the resistance change caused by self-heating and high temperature environments.

Thermal electromotive force (EMF) is also an important consideration. Thermal EMF is an important parameter of the metal foil series of battery management circuits, and of current-sensor resistors. Thermal electromotive force (EMF) of an Mn-Cu alloy is especially optimal with low EMF below  $\mu$ 0.03 uV/oC.



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## **Current-Sensing Circuit Applications**

### Low-Ohmic Resistors in Power-Sensing

Current-sensor resistors are used in power sensing applications such as sensing output current in power supplies and automotive engine management systems. As shown in Figure I, a typical function for a current-sensor chip resistor is as a currentsensor (Rsense). This generates the sensing voltage (Vs) for a feedback control network through which an output current (lo) passes. The sensing voltage triggers MOSFET switches, switching them ON and OFF to regulate the duty factor of the current passing through a choke (L).



Figure I Current sensor chip resistor in current sensing application

The sensing voltage (Vs) is given by the simple relation:

 $Vs = Io \times Rsense$ 

This sensing voltage is generally set at around 100 mV both to save power and maintain satisfactory noise immunity. To sense a 5 A average output current, Rsense must be 100 mV/5 A = 20 m $\Omega$ . The power dissipation will then be:

 $P = Io2Rsense = 5 A \times 5 A \times 20 m\Omega = 0.5 W$ 

A current-sensor chip resistor with a power rating 1.0 W would then be recommended for this application to provide an adequate safety margin.

### **Over-Current Detection**

As a means to detect the current passing through the transistor (see Figure 2), a resistor in series is added between an emitter and a ground. This resistor shouldn't emit smoke or catch fire even when the switching transistor, subjected to a larger current, breaks down. In addition, reduced parasitic inductance is required, particularly for high frequency switching control. Recommended resistors with low resistance are metal-plate types, like the PE-series.

#### **DC/DC** converter

Figure 3 on the right shows the current-detecting circuit of a DC/DC converter. The voltage across the currentdetecting resistor is fed back to control the output power. The resistance should be low to reduce power dissipation, and the resistor should withstand a repeated rush current. Furthermore, the self-inductance should be low for highfrequency applications. Recommended types are PE-series chip resistors. As for high frequency DC/DC converters, metal-plate chip resistor, PE-series are the best fit.



Figure 3 DC/DC converter circuit

### **Tight Tolerance in Sensing Resistance**

The magnitude of the output ripple depends on the inductance of the choke - the higher the inductance, the lower the ripple. A high inductance choke, however, reduces the ability of the circuit to respond to high frequency transients. Such a choke will also be physically large, limiting the possibilities for miniaturization so essential to modern mobile equipment.

A trade-off is therefore necessary between choke volume and output current ripple. Experience indicates that a ripple of 0.04 provides a good compromise in





this area. With this ripple value, the peak output current (Ipeak) is 2% greater than the average current (lavg): Ipeak = 1.02 x lavg (Figure 4).

The voltage generated across the sensing resistor is used in a feedback network to trigger the power-switching IC.To allow for variation in the characteristics of the power-switching IC, a safety margin for the sensing-voltage is necessary. A -2% margin on sensing-voltage is usually taken for general applications.

As mentioned earlier, the relation between current sensor resistance, feedback sensing voltage and output current is given given by the formula: Rsense =  $V_s/I_0$ . With an output ripple of of 0.04, a 4% (± 2%) deviation on output current and a safety margin on the sensing voltage of -2%, the allowable deviation on (Rsense) is:

$$\frac{0.98 \times V_s}{0.98 \times I_o} \leq R_{sense} \leq \frac{V_s}{0.85 \times I_o}$$

If Vs= 100 mV and Io= 5 A, the allowable current sensor sensing resistance must lie in the range 19.2m $\Omega$  to 20.4m $\Omega$ .

### **Excellent Low TCR Values for Precision Applications**

The above discussion does not, of course, take into account the effects of the temperature coefficient of resistance (TCR) on current sensing applications. With a maximum deviation of 4% on output current and a safety margin of 2% on sensing voltage, the maximum allowable deviation on sensing resistance is 6%. The limit on TCR is then given by:

 $R_{sense}$  (I+T.C.R.x  $\Delta T$ )  $\leq$  I.06 Rsense So TCR  $\leq \frac{0.06}{\Delta T}$  ppm/K

Figure 3 plots the allowable T.C.R. values required to maintain tolerance on sensing resistance within the specified limit. TCR values of Yageo's current-sensor chip resistors fall well within these allowed limits over the temperature range 25°C to 155°C.



## **Market Applications**

Yageo's current sensor chip resistors are optimized for current sensing control. The current sensor current sensors, available from 0.05 to 5 watts, are applicable to battery pack, power supply and converter, and are suitable for use in diverse power control circuit of notebook computer or the hard disk of other compact portable devices that have current sensing and over current protection requirements. Featuring a comprehensive resistance range of 0.5 milliohms to 1 ohm and superior temperature coefficient (T.C.R.) performance is able to meet various customer demands and applications.

Application			Segment							
Application	Consumer	Automotive	Industrial	Telecom	Medical					
Device & Computing										
Home Appliances	v									
Air Conditioners	v	v								
Diagnostic Equipment					v					
Infotainment System	v		v							
Smart Meters			v							
Smartphones & Tablets	v			v						
Notebooks	v			v						
Wearable Devices	v		v	v	v					
Networking				v						
Batteries					-					
Battery Chargers	v	v	v	v	v					
Battery Life Indicators	v	v	v	v	v					
Battery Packs	v	v	v	v	v					
Motors										
Motor Controls	v	v	v							
Motor Drives	v	v	v							
Power Supplies										
DC/DC Converters	v		v	v	v					
Switch Mode Power Supplies	v	v	v	v	v					
LED Lighting										
LED Drivers	v	v	v		v					
Ballasts	v	v	v		v					
Storage & Cloud Computing										
Disk Drives (HDD &SSD)	v									
Servers	v									

## **Product Portfolio**

### Thick Film Current-Sensing Chip Resistors (RL & PT Series)

Based on thick film technology, these products exhibit far low parasitic inductance than wirewound and leaded counter parts. Yageo's thick film RL/PT low-ohmic current sensing chip resistors is low cost, capable of providing low TCR down to  $\pm 75$  ppm/°C, resistance value down to 50m $\Omega$  with power up to 2 watts of power dissipation.

### Metal Foil Current-Sensing Chip Resistors (PE & PF Series)

Metal foil current-sensing resistors made of Mn-Cu alloy are developed with substrates to provide a better thermal dissipation and with a wider resistance range up to  $300m\Omega$ . Metal foil PE series feature low EMF below conditions of temperature changes.  $\mu 0.03 \text{ uV/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  is more likely to endure harsh conditions. In the metal foil type, TCR ranges from 50 to  $100\text{ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ , power rates up to 3W, and resistance value is available as low as  $0.5m\Omega$ .

### Metal Plate Current-Sensing Chip Resistors (PA & PR Series)

A related simple construction without multiple cuts, metal plate current-sensing resistors provide low TCR down to  $\pm 25$  ppm/°C, high power rating up to 3W, high frequency performance and low resistance down to 0.5m $\Omega$ .

### Wide Terminal Current-Sensing Chip Resistors

Using the wider side as connection in the mounting plate, wide terminal current-sensing chip resistors strengthen solder joints, holding reliably to achieve higher power rating needs. With an ideal structure to suppress heat generation, wide terminal type currentsensors save space, and reduce resistor numbers in high-density circuit board designs.



Cross section of RL / PT series



Cross section of PE / PF series



Cross section of PA / PR series



## Four-Terminal, Current-Sensing Chip Resistors

Design of accurate measurement circuitry, lower power consumption, higher accuracy, and smaller space requirements are important features for electronic control units. To minimize power losses, a large current across the (Rsense) resistor needs to be measured, and high-side, current-sense amplifier ICs have to monitor the current accurately. Four-terminal, current-sensing resistors separating current-carry from voltage-sensing terminals are able to improve voltage and current measurement accuracy from the ideal Kelvin configuration. They also improve interference and thermoelectric effects at higher applied power.



## Dimensions

			Wide terminal	<u>/1,/</u>	/l_/				
$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$									
Туре	Resistance range	L	W	н	I,	I <sub>2</sub>			
RL0402 <sup>(I)</sup>	50mΩ ≤ R < IΩ	1.00 ±0.10	0.50 ±0.05	0.35 ±0.05	0.20 ±0.10	0.25 ±0.10			
RL0603 <sup>(I)</sup>		1.60 ±0.10	0.80 ±0.10	0.45 ±0.10	0.25 ±0.15	0.25 ±0.15			
RL0805 <sup>(1)</sup>		2.00 ±0.10	1.25 ±0.10	0.50 ±0.10	0.35 ±0.20	0.35 ±0.20			
RLI206 <sup>(I)</sup>		3.10 ±0.10	1.60 ±0.10	0.55 ±0.10	0.45 ±0.20	0.45 ±0.20			
RL1210 <sup>(1)</sup>	$10m\Omega \le R \le 1\Omega$	3.10 ±0.10	2.60 ±0.15	0.55 ±0.10	0.50 ±0.20	0.50 ±0.20			
RL1218 <sup>(1)</sup>		3.05 ±0.15	4.60 ±0.20	0.55 ±0.10	0.45 ±0.25	0.50 ±0.25			
RL2010 <sup>(1)</sup>		5.00 ±0.10	2.50 ±0.15	0.55 ±0.10	0.60 ±0.20	0.50 ±0.20			
RL2512 <sup>(1)</sup>		6.35 ±0.10	3.20 ±0.15	0.55 ±0.10	0.60 ±0.20	0.50 ±0.20			
PT0402 <sup>(1)</sup>		1.00 ±0.10	0.50 ±0.05	0.35 ±0.05	0.20 ±0.10	0.25 ±0.10			
PT0603 <sup>(I)</sup>	50mΩ ≤R < IΩ	1.60 ±0.10	0.80 ±0.10	0.45 ±0.10	0.25 ±0.15	0.25 ±0.15			
PT0805 <sup>(1)</sup>		2.00 ±0.10	1.25 ±0.10	0.55 ±0.10	0.35 ±0.20	0.35 ±0.20			
PT1206 <sup>(1)</sup>	50mΩ ≤ R < 75mΩ & 91mΩ ≤ R < 1Ω	3.10 ±0.10	1.60 ±0.10	0.55 ±0.10	0.45 ±0.20	0.45 ±0.20			
	75mΩ ≤ R < 91mΩ	3.10±0.10	1.60±0.10	0.55±0.10	0.75±0.20	0.45±0.20			
PT2010 <sup>(1)</sup>	100mΩ ≤ R < 1Ω	5.00 ±0.10	2.50 ±0.15	0.55 ±0.10	0.60 ±0.20	0.50 ±0.20			
PT2512 <sup>(1)</sup>		6.35 ±0.10	3.20 ±0.15	0.55 ±0.10	0.60 ±0.20	0.50 ±0.20			
PE0402 <sup>(2)</sup>	$10m\Omega \le R \le 50m\Omega$	1.00 ± 0.30	0.50 ± 0.20	0.45 ± 0.20		0.25 ± 0.10			
PE0603 (2)	5mΩ ≤ R < 100mΩ	1.60 ± 0.25	0.80 ± 0.25	0.60 ± 0.25		0.30 ± 0.25			
	4mΩ					0.70 ± 0.25			
PE0805 <sup>(2)</sup>	5mΩ	2.00 ± 0.25	1.25 ± 0.25	0.60 ± 0.25		0.63 ± 0.25			
1 20005	6mΩ	2.00 ± 0.25	1.25 ± 0.25	0.00 ± 0.25		0.55 ± 0.25			
	$7m\Omega \le R \le 100m\Omega$					0.40 ± 0.25			
	4mΩ					1.20 ± 0.25			
PE1206 <sup>(2)</sup>	$5m\Omega \le R \le 8m\Omega$	3.20 ± 0.25	1.60 ± 0.25	0.60 ± 0.25		1.15 ± 0.25			
	$9m\Omega \le R \le 100m\Omega$					0.58 ± 0.25			
PE2010 <sup>(2)</sup>	$5m\Omega \le R \le 9m\Omega$	5.00 ± 0.25	2 50 + 0 25	0.60 ± 0.25		1.50 ± 0.25			
	$10m\Omega \le R < 100m\Omega$	5.00 ± 0.25	2.50 ± 0.25	5.00 ± 0.25		0.60 ± 0.25			
	$6m\Omega \le R \le 8m\Omega$	6.30 ± 0.25	3.10 ± 0.25	0.60 ± 0.25		1.90 ± 0.25			
PE2512 <sup>(2)</sup>	9mΩ ≤ R < 99mΩ	0.30 ± 0.25		0.00 ± 0.25		0.95 ± 0.25			
	100mΩ	6.45 ± 0.25	3.25 ± 0.25	0.70 ± 0.25		0.60 ± 0.25			

Note: I. Apply to ordering codes ending in "L" 2. Apply to ordering codes ending in "Z" Please contact sales offices, distributors and representatives in your region before ordering

Туре	Resistance range	L	w	н	I <sub>1</sub>	l <sub>2</sub>
PE4527 <sup>(2)</sup>	5mΩ	11.50 ± 0.25	7.00 ± 0.25	0.60 ± 0.25		2.90 ± 0.25
	6mΩ ≤ R < 910mΩ	11.50 ± 0.25	7.00 ± 0.25	0.00 ± 0.25		2.60 ± 0.25
PR1206 (2)	$Im\Omega \le R \le 4m\Omega$	3.20 ± 0.25	1.60 ± 0.25	0.64 ± 0.25	0.50 ± 0.25	0.50 ± 0.25
PR2010 (2)	$Im\Omega \le R \le 3m\Omega$	5.10 ± 0.25	2.54 ± 0.25	0.80 ± 0.25	1.30 ± 0.25	1.30 ± 0.25
	4mΩ	5.10 ± 0.25	2.54 ± 0.25	0.64 ± 0.25	0.80 ± 0.25	0.80 ±0.25
PA2512 <sup>(I)</sup>	$Im\Omega \le R \le 5m\Omega$	6.50 ± 0.20	3.20 ± 0.20	0.65 ± 0.15	0.90 ± 0.20	0.90 ± 0.20

#### Wide terminal





Туре	Resistance range	L	w	н	I <sub>1</sub>	I <sub>2</sub>
PE0306 (2)	$5m\Omega \le R \le 100m\Omega$	0.90 ± 0.20	1.70 ± 0.20	0.65 ± 0.20	0.25 ± 0.15	0.25 ± 0.15
PE0508 (2)	$3m\Omega \le R \le 100m\Omega$	1.35 ± 0.20	2.10 ± 0.20	0.65 ± 0.20	0.43 ± 0.15	0.43 ± 0.15
	ImΩ	1.60 ± 0.20	3.20 ± 0.20	0.60 ± 0.15	0.55 ± 0.20	0.55 ± 0.20
PE0612 <sup>(2)</sup>	$2m\Omega \le R \le 4m\Omega$	1.60 ± 0.20	3.20 ± 0.20	0.60 ± 0.15	0.40 ± 0.20	0.40 ± 0.20
	$5m\Omega \le R \le 300m\Omega$	1.60 ± 0.20	3.20 ± 0.20	0.60 ± 0.15	0.30 ± 0.20	0.30 ± 0.20
	ImΩ	2.50 ± 0.20	3.70 ± 0.20	0.60 ± 0.15	0.95 ± 0.20	0.95 ± 0.20
PE0815 <sup>(2)</sup>	2mΩ	2.50 ± 0.20	3.70 ± 0.20	0.60 ± 0.15	0.75 ± 0.20	0.75 ± 0.20
	$3m\Omega \le R \le 100m\Omega$	2.50 ± 0.20	3.70 ± 0.20	0.60 ± 0.15	0.60 ± 0.20	0.60 ± 0.20
PE0830 <sup>(2)</sup>	6 / 8 / 10mΩ	2.00 ± 0.20	7.50 ± 0.30	0.60 ± 0.15	0.60 ± 0.15	0.60 ± 0.15
FE0030	$Im\Omega \le R \le 100m\Omega$ (except 6/8/10m $\Omega$ )	2.50 ± 0.20	7.50 ± 0.30	0.60 ± 0.15	0.58 ± 0.15	0.58 ± 0.15
PE1225 <sup>(2)</sup>	ImΩ	3.10 ± 0.20	6.30 ± 0.20	0.60 ± 0.15	1.15 ± 0.20	1.15 ± 0.20
FE1225	$2m\Omega \le R \le 100m\Omega$	3.10 ± 0.20	6.30 ± 0.20	0.60 ± 0.15	0.50 ± 0.20	0.50 ± 0.20

4 terminal







DC

A

PS0306 / PS0508 / PS0612

PS1225

unit: mm

Туре	Resistance range	L	W	А	D	С	н					
PS0306	$10m\Omega \le R \le 50m\Omega$	0.80 ± 0.20	1.60 ± 0.20	0.25 ± 0.20	0.30 ± 0.15	0.30 ± 0.15	0.55 ± 0.20					
PS0508	$10m\Omega \le R \le 50m\Omega$	1.25 ± 0.20	2.00 ± 0.20	0.25 ± 0.20	0.20 ± 0.15	0.30 ± 0.20	0.55 ± 0.20					
PS0612 <sup>(2)</sup>	$0.5 \text{m}\Omega \leq \text{R} \leq 100 \text{m}\Omega$	1.60 ± 0.20	3.20 ± 0.20	0.45 ± 0.20	0.50 ± 0.20	0.65 ± 0.20	0.60 ± 0.20					
PS1225 (2)	$3m\Omega \le R \le 100m\Omega$	3.10 ± 0.20	6.30 ± 0.20	0.80 ± 0.20		2.20 ± 0.20	0.60 ± 0.15					

Note: I. Apply to ordering codes ending in "L" 2. Apply to ordering codes ending in "Z" Please contact sales offices, distributors and representatives in your region before ordering

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## **Product Selection Tables**

T. C. R RL series										
Туре	T.C.R									
	50mΩ≤R<100	lmΩ	100r	nΩ≤R<500mΩ	500mΩ≤R <iω< th=""></iω<>					
RL0402	±1000 ppm/	°C	±	800 ррт/°С		±300 p	opm/°C			
	I0mΩ≤R≤36	mΩ	36mΩ <r≤91mω< th=""><th colspan="2">91mΩ<r≤500mω< th=""><th colspan="2">500mΩ<r<iω< th=""></r<iω<></th></r≤500mω<></th></r≤91mω<>		91mΩ <r≤500mω< th=""><th colspan="2">500mΩ<r<iω< th=""></r<iω<></th></r≤500mω<>		500mΩ <r<iω< th=""></r<iω<>			
RL0603	±1 500 ppm/	°C	±1 200 ppm/°C		±800 ppm/°C		±300 ppm/°C			
	I0mΩ≤R≤I8mΩ	I8mΩ <f< th=""><th>R≤47mΩ</th><th>47mΩ<r≤91mω< th=""><th>9ImΩ<r≤360mω< th=""><th>360mΩ<f< th=""><th>R≤500mΩ</th><th>500mΩ<r<iω< th=""></r<iω<></th></f<></th></r≤360mω<></th></r≤91mω<></th></f<>	R≤47mΩ	47mΩ <r≤91mω< th=""><th>9ImΩ<r≤360mω< th=""><th>360mΩ<f< th=""><th>R≤500mΩ</th><th>500mΩ<r<iω< th=""></r<iω<></th></f<></th></r≤360mω<></th></r≤91mω<>	9ImΩ <r≤360mω< th=""><th>360mΩ<f< th=""><th>R≤500mΩ</th><th>500mΩ<r<iω< th=""></r<iω<></th></f<></th></r≤360mω<>	360mΩ <f< th=""><th>R≤500mΩ</th><th>500mΩ<r<iω< th=""></r<iω<></th></f<>	R≤500mΩ	500mΩ <r<iω< th=""></r<iω<>		
RL0805 / RL1206 / RL2010	±1 500 ppm/°C	±1 200	ppm/°C	±1 000 ppm/°C	±600 ppm/°C	±300 p	opm/°C	±200 ppm/°C		
RL1210	±1 500 ppm/°C	±1 000	ppm/°C	±800 ppm/°C	±600 ppm/°C	±300 p	opm/°C	±200 ppm/°C		
RL2512	±1 500 ppm/°C	±1 200	ppm/°C	±800 ppm/°C	±600 ppm/°C	±300 p	pm/°C	±200 ppm/°C		
	I0mΩ≤R≤30	mΩ	30r	nΩ <r≤56mω< th=""><th colspan="2">56mΩ<r≤180mω< th=""><th colspan="2">180mΩ<r<1ω< th=""></r<1ω<></th></r≤180mω<></th></r≤56mω<>	56mΩ <r≤180mω< th=""><th colspan="2">180mΩ<r<1ω< th=""></r<1ω<></th></r≤180mω<>		180mΩ <r<1ω< th=""></r<1ω<>			
RL1218	±2 000 ppm/	°C	±I	000 ppm/°C	±700 ppm/°C		±250 ppm/°C			

Electrical characteristics										
Global part number	Series	Size	Power rating	Max. voltage	Operating Temp. range	Resistance range	Tol.	T. C. R.		
RL0402xR-07xxxxL		0402	1/16W			$50m\Omega \le R \le I\Omega$				
RL0603xR-07xxxxL		0603	1/10W							
RL0805xR-07xxxxL		0805	0805 I/8VV I/4VV							
RL0805xR-7WxxxxL		0005								
RL1206xR-07xxxxL	RL	1206	I/4W	(PvR)^1/2	-55°C to 125°C		±1% ±2%	Pls refer to above table		
RL1206xR-7WxxxxL	ΝL	RL	1200	1/2W	(1 ×1() 1/2	-55 C to 125 C	$10m\Omega \le R \le 1\Omega$	±5%	"T. C. R RL series"	
RL1210xR-07xxxxL		1210	1/2W	-						
RLI2I8xK-07xxxxL		1218	IW							
RL2010xK-07xxxxL		2010	3/4W							
RL2512xK-07xxxxL		2512	IW							
PT0402xRx07xxxxL			1/16W			50mO ≤ R < 10		50mΩ ≤ R < 68mΩ ± 600 ppm/°C		
PT0402xRx7WxxxxL		0402	1/8W					$68m\Omega \le R < 100\Omega \pm 300 \text{ ppm/°C}$ $100m\Omega \le R < 1\Omega \pm 200 \text{ ppm/°C}$		
PT0402xRx7TxxxxL			1/6W					$100m\Omega \le R < 1\Omega \le 200 \text{ ppm/ C}$		
PT0603xRx07xxxxL			1/10W			5011122 - K < 1122		50mΩ 0/+400 ppm/°C		
PT0603xRx7WxxxxL		0603	1/5W	(PvR)^1/2	-55°C to 155°C		±1% ±2%	$50m\Omega < R < 68m\Omega 0/+350 \text{ ppm/°C}$ $68m\Omega \leq R < 100\Omega 0/+300 \text{ ppm/°C}$		
PT0603xRx7TxxxxL	PT		1/3W	(1 × 1() 1/2	-55 C to 155 C		±5%	$100m\Omega \le R \le 1\Omega \pm 200 \text{ ppm/}^{\circ}C$		
PT0805xR-07xxxxL			1/8W					50mΩ 0/+350 ppm/°C 50mΩ < R < 68mΩ 0/+300 ppm/°C		
PT0805xR-7WxxxxL		0805	I/4W			50mΩ ≤ R < IΩ		$68m\Omega \le R < 100\Omega  0/+250 \text{ ppm/°C}$ $100m\Omega \le R < 1\Omega  \pm100 \text{ ppm/°C}$		
PT1206xR-07xxxxL	12(	1206	I/4W					50mΩ≤ R <75mΩ ±350ppm/°C 75mΩ≤ R ≤100mΩ ±100ppm/°C		
PT1206xR-7WxxxxL		1200	1/2W					$100 \text{m}\Omega < \text{R} < 1\Omega \pm 75 \text{ppm/°C}$		

Global part number	Series	Size	Power rating	Max. voltage	Operating Temp. range	Resistance range	Tol.	T. C. R.		
PT2010xK-07xxxxL			3/4W					100mΩ ±100 ppm/°C		
PT2010xK-7WxxxxL	DT	2010	IW			$100m\Omega \le R \le 1\Omega$	±1%	$100 \text{m}\Omega < \text{R} < 1\Omega$ ±75 ppm/°C		
PT2512xK-07xxxxL	PT	2512	IW	(PxR)^1/2	-55°C to 155°C		±2% ±5%	100mΩ ±100 ppm/°C		
PT2512xK-7WxxxxL		2512	2W			$100m\Omega \le R \le 1\Omega$		$100m\Omega < R < 1\Omega \pm 75 \text{ ppm/°C}$		
PE0402xRx07xxxxxx					1/16W					
PE0402xRx7Wxxxxxx		0402	1/8W		-55°C to 155°C	$10m\Omega \le R \le 50m\Omega$		±100 ppm/°C		
PE0402xRx47xxxxxx			I/4W	4W						
PE0603xRx07xxxxxx			1/10W							
PE0603xRx7Wxxxxxx			1/5W							
PE0603xRx7Txxxxxx		0603	1/3W			$5m\Omega \le R \le 100m\Omega$				
PE0603xRx47xxxxxx			2/5W							
PE0603xRx57xxxxxx			1/2W							
PE0805xRx07xxxxxx		0805 1/8W 1/4W 1/3W 1/2W	1/8W					±50 ppm/°C ±75 ppm/°C ±100 ppm/°C		
PE0805xRx7Wxxxxxx			I/4W	(PxR)^1/2	-55°C to 170°C	$3m\Omega \le R \le 100m\Omega$				
PE0805xRx7Txxxxxx	PE		1/3W		55 0 10 170 0		±1% ±5%			
PE0805xRx47xxxxxx			1/2W							
PE1206xxx07xxxxxx			I/4W	-						
PE1206xxx7Wxxxxxx		1206	1/2W			3mΩ ≤ R ≤ 100mΩ				
PE1206xxx47xxxxxx			IW							
PE2010xKx07xxxxxx		2010	2010	1/2W			5mΩ ≤ R ≤ 100mΩ			
PE2010xKx7Wxxxxxx		2010	IW							
PE2512xKx07xxxxxx		2512	IW			6mΩ ≤ R ≤ 100mΩ				
PE2512xKx7Wxxxxxx			2W							
PE4527xKx07xxxxxx		4527	2W			5mΩ ≤ R < 910mΩ				
PE4527xKx7Wxxxxxx		1027	3W							
PR1206xKx07xxxxxx			I/4W							
PR1206xKx7Wxxxxxx		1206	1/2W			$Im\Omega \le R \le 4m\Omega$	1.19/			
PR1206xKx47xxxxxx	PR		IW	(PxR)^1/2	-55°C to 170°C		±1% ±5%	±50 ppm/°C		
PR2010xKx07xxxxxx		2010	1/2W			ImΩ ≤ R < 4mΩ				
PR2010xKx7Wxxxxxx		2010	IW	w						
PA2512xKF07xxxxL		2512	IW	(PxR)^1/2 -55°C to 155°			. 10/	% ±100 ppm/°C		
PA2512xKF7WxxxxL	PA		2W		–55°C to 155°C	$C  Im\Omega \leq R \leq 5m\Omega$	±1% ±5%			
PA2512xKF7TxxxxL			3W							

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Wide terminal	Wide terminal								
Global part number	Series	Size	Power rating	Max. voltage	Operating Temp. range	Resistance range	Tol.	T. C. R.	
PE0306xRM07xxxxx		0306	IW			$5m\Omega \le R \le 100m\Omega$			
PE0508xRM07xxxxx		0508	1.2W			$3m\Omega \le R \le 100m\Omega$			
PE0612xKM7Wxxxxx	PE	0612	2W	( <b>D</b> , <b>D</b> ) A I / 2	–55°C to 170°C-	$Im\Omega \le R \le 300m\Omega$	±1%	±75 ppm/°C	
PE0815xKM7Wxxxxx		0815	IW	(FXK)^1/2	-55 C to 170 C	$Im\Omega \le R \le 100m\Omega$	±5%	±100 ppm/°C	
PE0830xKM7Wxxxxx		0830	3W			$Im\Omega \le R \le 100m\Omega$			
PE1225xKM7Wxxxxx		1225	3₩		1	ImΩ≤ R ≤ 100mΩ			
4 terminal									
Global part number	Series	Size	Power rating	Max. voltage	Operating Temp. range	Resistance range	Tol.	T. C. R.	
PS0306xRx07xxxxxx		0306	1/8W		–55°C to 155°C				
PS0306xRx7Wxxxxxx		0306	I/4W		-55 C to 155 C				
PS0508xRx07xxxxxx			1/8W			$10m\Omega \le R \le 50m\Omega$		±75 ррт/°С ±100 ррт/°С	
PS0508xRx7Wxxxxxx		0508	I/4W				±1%		
PS0508xRx7Txxxxxx	PS		1/2W	(PxR)^1/2			±5%		
PS0612xKM07xxxxx			0612	IW		–55°C to 170°C	0.5mΩ, 0.75mΩ ImΩ ≤ R ≤ 5mΩ		0.5mΩ, 0.75mΩ ±700 ppm/°C ImΩ ≤ R ≤ 2mΩ ±400 ppm/°C 3mΩ ≤ R ≤ 5mΩ ±150 ppm/°C
PS1225xKM07xxxxx		1225	3₩			$4m\Omega \le R \le 50m\Omega$		±75 ррт/°С ±100 ррт/°С	

Jumper									
Global part number	Series	Size	Operating Temp. range	Max. Resistance	Rated Current				
RL0402-R-070RL		0402		20mΩ	I.5A				
RL0603-R-070RL	RL	0603	-55°C to 155°C	20mΩ	2A				
RL0805-R-070RL		0805	-55 C to 155 C	20mΩ	2.5A				
RL1206-R-070RL		1206	-	20mΩ	3.5A				
PT0402-R-070RL		0402		I0mΩ	3A				
PT0603-R-070RL	рт	0603	-55°C to 155°C	8mΩ	5A				
PT0805-R-070RL	PT	0805	-55 C to 155 C	5mΩ	6A				
PT1206-R-070RL		1206		5mΩ	10A				

### **Environmental characteristics**

Performanc	e test	Test method	Procedure	Requirements
Life	Life		I 000 hours at 70°C ±5°C applied RCWV I.5 hours on, 0.5 hours off, still air required	±(1%+ 0.0005Ω) <20mΩ for jumper
High tempera	ture exposure	MIL-STD-202G- method 108A	I 000 hours at maximum operating temperature depending on specification, unpowered	±(1%+ 0.0005Ω) <20mΩ for jumper
Moisture resi	Moisture resistance		Each temperature / humidity cycle is defined as 8 hours (method 106F), 3 cycles / 24 hours for 10d with 25°C / 65°C 95% R.H	±(0.5%+ 0.0005Ω) <20mΩ for jumper
Wetting		IPC/JEDECJ- STD-002B testB	Electrical test not required. Magnification 50X Lead-free solder bath at 245 ±3°C Dipping time: 3 ±0.5 seconds	Well tinned (≥95% covered) No visible damage
Solderability	Resistance to soldering heat	MIL-STD-202G- method 210F	±(0.5%+ 0.0005Ω) <10mΩ for jumper No visible damage	
Short time ov	Short time overload		PT/RL standard power: 6.25 times of rated power for 5 seonds at room temperature PA/PR/PE/PS & PT/RL high power: 5 times of rated power for 5 seconds at room temperature PT/RL jumper: 2.5 times of rated current for 5 seconds at room temperature	±(1%+ 0.0005Ω) <10mΩ for jumper No visible damage

### **Packing quantities**

Size code	Tape width	178mm /	Ø7" reel	330mm / Ø13" reel		
		Paper	Embossed	Paper		
0306	8mm	5 000				
0402	8mm	10 000		50 000 (1)		
0508	8mm	5 000				
0603	8mm	5 000		20 000 (1)		
0612	8mm		5 000			
0805	8mm	5 000		20 000 (1)		
0815	8mm		4 000			
0830	l6mm		4 000			
1206	8mm	5 000	4 000	20 000 (1)		
1210	8mm	5 000		20 000 (1)		
1218	I2mm		4 000			
1225	I2mm		4 000			
2010	l 2mm		4 000 / 2 000 (2)			
2512	I2mm		4 000			
4527	24mm		I 000			

Note: (1) RL/PT series only (2) PR series with ordering code ending in "Z"



#### Explanation of ordering code



#### **Cross reference**

Yageo	Vishay	Rohm	КОА	Cyntec	TT/IRC	Susumu	Features
RL/PT Series	DLR/ CRCW,RCWE	UCR	SR73/ UR73	RLT	LRC, LRF, LVC	RLT	Thick Film 0402~2512, 0R05~0R91, Current sensing
PR/PE Series	WSL/WSLP	PMR/PML	TLR	RLT	ULR, LVC	KRL, RL	Metal Alloy, 0402~4527, 0R001~0R1, low TCR, used in middle/high power
PT0402	RCWE0402	UCR01	SR731E	RLT0510	LVC0402	RLT0510	0402, 0R1~0R91 Thick Film current sensing
PE0603	WSL0603	PMR03	-	RL0816	-	-	0603, 0R005~0R1, TC75, Metal Foil, current sensing
PE0805	WSL0805	PMR10	-	RL1220	-	-	0805, 0R003~0R1 , TC75, Metal Foil, current sensing
PE4527	WSR2/3/5	-	SL2/ SLN2	-	-	-	Metal Alloy, 4527, 5W, low TCR, high power current sensing

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#### YAGEO - A GLOBAL COMPANY

#### HQ

Taipei, Taiwan Tel. +886 2 6629 9999 Fax. +886 2 6628 8886 Mail: sales\_tw@yageo.com

#### EUROPE

**Munich, Germany** Tel. +49 8990 7784 380 Fax. +49 8990 7784 379 Mail: sales\_ye@yageo.com

**Milan, Italy** Tel. +39 02 6129 1017 Fax. +39 02 6601 7490 Mail: sales\_ye@yageo.com

Roermond, Benelux Tel. +31 475 385 555 Fax. +31 475 385 589 Mail: sales\_ye@yageo.com

**Szombathely, Hungary** Tel. +36 94 517 702 Fax. +36 94 517 701 Mail: sales\_ye@yageo.com

**Moscow, Russian Federation** Tel. +7 965 408 1811 Fax. +7 498 610 0707 Mail: sales\_ye@yageo.com

#### NORTH AMERICA

**San Jose, U.S.A.** Tel. +1 408 240 6200 Fax. +1 408 240 6201 Mail: sales\_ya@yageo.com

#### Mexico

Tel. +52 33 31330631 Fax. +1 408 240 6201 Mail: sales\_ya@yageo.com

#### China and ASIA

**Suzhou, China** Tel. +86 512 6825 5568 Fax. +86 512 6825 5386 Mail: sales\_sz@yageo.com

**Qingdao, China** Tel. +86 532 8797 0533 Fax. +86 532 8797 0533 Mail: sales\_sz@yageo.com

**Dongguan, China** Tel. +86 769 8772 0275 Fax. +86 769 8791 0053 Mail: sales\_dg@yageo.com

**Tokyo, Japan** Tel. +81 3 6809 3972 Fax. +81 3 6809 3982 Mail: sales\_yj@yageo.com

**Seongnam, Korea** Tel. +82 31 712 4797 Fax. +82 31 712 5866 Mail: sales\_yk@yageo.com

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Tel. +60 3 8063 8864 Fax. +60 3 8063 7376 Mail: sales\_ysa@yageo.com

Mail: sales ysa@yageo.com

Singapore

Tel. +65 6244 7800

Fax. +65 6244 4943

**Penang, Malaysia** Tel. +60 4 3973049 Fax. +60 4 3973050 Mail: sales\_ysa@yageo.com

> For a complete listing of all Yageo sales offices, distributors, and representatives, please visit "contact us" at www.vageo.com

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