Getting Started Guide for

# LoRaWAN<sup>™</sup> Developer Gateway RAK7244

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# 1.Overview

This document complements the RAK7244 with LTE.

More document information please visit our official site, the document hub, the RAKwireless online store, and/or the forums:

V4.1.0R

https://www.rakwireless.com/en-int/

https://doc.rakwireless.com/

https://store.rakwireless.com

http://forum.rakwireless.com/

What do you need to prepare?

RAK7244 with LTE

https://store.rakwireless.com/

A 16G SD card, a card reader, and a PC.

Install a writing software on the PC which can be used to burn firmware onto the SD card, for example, you can use Etcher, which can be download freely from here:

https://www.balena.io/etcher/

Install an SSH tool on the PC If you are using Windows you can use Putty, which can be download freely from here:

https://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/latest.html

If your OS is Linux or Mac OS, there is a built-in SSH tool already.

Download the latest firmware from RAK website (the name is "RAK7243\_LTE..."):

https://downloads.rakwireless.com/en/LoRa/Pilot-Gateway-Pro-RAK7243/Firmw are/Raspberry-Pi-4/



# 2. Burning the SD card

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You can refer to this document for instructions on burning an image onto an SD:

http://docs.rakwireless.com/en/LoRa/RAK2245-Pi-HAT/Tool/How to write LoRa Gateway Image to Micro SD.pdf

When you complete it, insert the SD card into your LoRaWAN Gateway, and power it on.

# **3.Connecting to the Gateway**

There are two ways to connect your PC with the LoRaWAN Gateway:

### 3.1.Wi-Fi AP mode

By default, the LoRaWAN Gateway will work in Wi-Fi AP mode which means that you can find a SSID named like "Rakwireless\_XXXX" on the Wi-Fi network list, for example:

You can connect this Wi-Fi SSID by using "rakwireless" as the default password. The default IP address of the LoRaWAN Gateway's Wi-Fi is 192.168.12.1, and your PC will obtain an IP address automatically from DHCP if it connects successfully.

### **3.2.Ethernet cable**

You can also connect your PC with the LoRaWAN Gateway through an Ethernet cable. By default, the IP address of the LoRaWAN Gateway's Ethernet interface is 192.168.10.10, so you need to set the IP address of your PC's Ethernet to the same network segment, for example, 192.168.10.20.

OK, now, you should be able to ping the LoRaWAN Gateway from your PC successfully. If this is indeed so, you can log into the LoRaWAN Gateway through SSH from your PC.

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# 4.Logging into the Gateway through SSH

There are 3 possible cases depending on the OS you are using:

### 4.1.Windows

Open the SSH tool on your PC (in this document, we assume you are using Putty) and connect with the LoRaWAN Gateway through Wi-Fi AP mode which means the IP address is 192.168.230.1, as the following picture shows:

ategory:		
Session	Basic options for yo	ur PuTTY session
Logging	Specify the destination you want	t to connect to
Keyboard	Host Name (or IP address)	Port
- Bell	192.168.230.1	22
─ Features	Connection type: Raw Telnet Rio	ogin
- Behaviour - Translation - Selection - Colours	Load, save or delete a stored so Saved Sessions	ession
Connection	Default Settings	Load
- Proxy - Telnet		Save
- Rlogin ⊕-SSH Serial		Delete
Jena	Close window on exit Always Never (	Only on clean exit

Note: If you connect with the LoRaWAN Gateway through an Ethernet cable, the IP address of should be 192.168.10.10.

Next enter the username and password:

The default username is "pi", and the default password is "raspberry".









If there is a message to let you enter "yes" or "no", choose "yes".

OK, now, you have logged into the LoRaWAN Gateway through SSH successfully:

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### 4.2.Mac OS

Open the terminal of Mac OS. Launch the Terminal application, which is found in /Applications/Utilities/ directory but you can also launch it from Spotlight by hitting Command + Spacebar and typing "Terminal" and then return:

् terminal	
тор ніт	
📔 Terminal	
IMAGES	
📄 terminal-mac.jpg	>
🚊 terminal-security.jpg	- 1
osxdaily.com	
	Terminal
	Version: 2.7.2
FOLDERS	
	Kind Application
	Size 10.3 MB
DOCUMENTS	Created 7/31/16
terminal command up highlight pri	Modified 3/27/17
show every terminal command mac	Last opened 4/24/17

If you are not in root mode, please enter "sudo -i":

	🏫 rak — -bash — 80×24	
Last login: Wed May Mac-Pro:~ RAK\$ []	8 15:24:42 on ttys000	
	🏠 rak — sudo — 80×24	
Last login: Wed May [Mac-Pro:~ RAK\$ sudo Password:	8 15:24:42 on ttys000 -i	1



Enter the password, and you will be in root mode:

```
● ● ↑ rak — sh — 80×24

Last login: Wed May 8 15:24:42 on ttys000

Mac-Pro:~ RAK$ sudo -i

Password:

Mac-Pro:~ root#
```

Enter "ssh pi@192.168.230.1" to logged into the LoRa Gateway, the default password is "raspberry":



Note: If you connect your PC with the LoRa Gateway through Ethernet cable, you should enter "ssh pi@192.168.10.10" in this step.

OK, you have logged into the LoRa Gateway through SSH successfully:



### 4.3.Linux

If you are using Linux the procedure is the same as the one for Mac OS.



# **5.Configuring the Gateway**

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You should now be logged into the Gateway's Raspbian OS.

Enter the following command to start the configuration wizard:

#### sudo gateway-config



#### <u>Item 1</u>

Set a new password for the Gateway;

#### Item 2

Configure the Regional Frequency which the Gateway will work on, and the LoRa Server which the Gateway will work with;

#### Item 3

Restart the Packet Forwarder process;

#### Item 4

Open the *global\_conf.json* file, which includes the detailed configuration parameters (for advanced users only);

#### <u>Item 5</u>

Configure the Wi-Fi interface;

### Item 6

Configure the Ethernet interface;

Note: The Gateway ID (EUI) squared in red in the image above is an important parameter that you will need in order to register the device with a LoRa Server.



You can also get the Gateway EUI by entering the following command:

sudo gateway-version

pi@rak-gateway:~ \$ sudo gateway-version Gateway ID:B827EBFFFEEA6EDB RAKWireless gateway RAK7244 version 4.1.0R pi@rak-gateway:~ \$



# 5.1.Set a new password for the Gateway

The default password is "raspberry", which is the same for all Raspberry Pi devices, so it is considered a good practice to change it.

So, choose "1 Set pi password" as in the picture below:

****		X
password		X PPPP
p RAK Gateway LoRa c		× x
		×x
	nfig	××
		××
igure LAN		××
		~ ~
		aaaai x
K > < Qu	it >	x
	art packet-forwarder packet-forwarder co igure WIFI igure LAN	p RAK Gateway LoRa concentrator art packet-forwarder packet-forwarder config igure WIFI

After pressing "Yes" you need to enter a new password twice:



The figure below indicates that the change has been successful.

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# 5.2. Configure the Regional Frequency and the LoRa Server

As the image below shows, choose "Setup RAK Gateway LoRa concentrator":



You can choose one of two supported LoRa Servers here: TTN or ChirpStack.

logggggggggggggggggggggggggggggggggggg
x laadaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa
x 2 Server is ChirpStack x
× x × x
× maaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa
x x
x x
$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$
aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa

### 5.2.1. Server is TTN

If you choose TTN as the LoRa server, you will see the page below where you need to select your *Regional Frequency Band*.

annel-plan:	x
	dddddddd x
	××
	××
	××
	X X
	××
	× ×
	× x
8 US_902_928	× x
	× x
	× x
	× x
	addadddadi 🗙
144444444444444444444444444444444444444	addadadada u
< OK > <cancel></cancel>	
	(qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq

You should get the massage in the image below if all went right.





### 5.2.2. Server is ChirpStack

If you choose ChirpStack as the LoRa server, you will see the following page:



Choose Option 1 to select your Regional Frequency Band.



Next, you need to set an IP address of the ChirpStack which you want your LoRaWAN Gateway to work with:

SBRVER_IF: SBRVER_IF: laqaqaaqaqaqaqaqaqaqaqaqaqaqaqaqaqaqa x x127.0.0.1 m
x x 

The default IP address is "127.0.0.1" which means you will be using the built-in LoRa Server. If you want to use an independent LoRa Server running on another device or a cloud based LoRa Server, you need to set it to the corresponding IP address.



If you have instead selected <u>Option 2</u> you can enable/disable the Adaptive Data Rate (ADR) functionality:

lqqqq© v Chir	hirpStack ADR configura pStack ADR configuration	tionseggegegk	
	adadadadadadadadadadadada		
× X	Enable ADR	× x	
××	2 Disable ADR	× x	
× x		×x	
×x		x x	
хх		××	
××		× ×	
××		x x	
××		x x	
хх		××	
x x		x x	
××		x x	
Eddddd	<pre>qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq</pre>	aaaaaaaaa	
Č		z	
ddddd	dadadadadadadadadada		

# **5.3.Connect the LoRaWAN Gateway to a router**

If you want to use TTN or an independent LoRa Server which may be deployed in a local area network or in a remote one, you need to connect your LoRaWAN Gateway to a router.

There are 2 ways to connect your Gateway to a router:

#### 5.3.1. Connect to a Router via Wi-Fi

In the main configuration menu choose "5 Configure WIFI":



You will see the following page:



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**Note:** <u>Item 1</u> and <u>Item 2</u> are used to set the Wi-Fi mode, which the Gateway works in. If you choose <u>Item 1</u>, it means that the Gateway will work in Wi-Fi AP Mode after rebooting, while the Wi-Fi Client Mode will be disabled. If you choose <u>Item 2</u>, it means that the Gateway will work in Wi-Fi Client Mode after rebooting, while Wi-Fi AP Mode will be disabled. <u>Item 3</u> is used to modify the SSID and password of the Wi-Fi AP, and it is valid when the Gateway works in Wi-Fi AP mode. <u>Item 4</u> is used to configure the Wi-Fi SSID and password, which the Gateway will connect using after rebooting, if the Gateway works in Wi-Fi Client Mode. <u>Item 5</u> is used to change the Resident Country to match with Wi-Fi standards.

V4.1.0R

Choose Item 2 to enable Wi-Fi Client Mode, then choose Item 4 to configure the Wi-Fi SSID and password. Fill those in accordance with your router's Wi-Fi network credentials.



Remember that in order to enable Wi-Fi Client Mode, you have to first disable AP mode first (you will otherwise see the notification below):



One Wi-Fi AP Mode has been disabled you can enable and set up Wi-Fi Client Mode.

Start by selecting your country of residence, followed by the SSID, and lastly enter the passphrase:



Select the country in which the Pi is to be used	
Select the country in which the FI is to be used	
BE Belgium	1
BF Burkina Faso	
BG Bulgaria	
BH Bahrain BI Burundi	
BJ Burundi BJ Benin	
BL St Barthelemy	
BM Bermuda	
BN Brunei	
BO Bolivia	
<0k>	
Please enter SSID	
<0k>	
Please enter passphrase. Leave it empty if none.	

Please enter passphrase. Leave it empty if none.		
<0k>		
	1	

Once you are done with all of the steps above, you can reboot the Gateway. Once booted the system will automatically connect to the router using the Wi-Fi network.

### 5.3.2. Connect to a Router via the Ethernet interface

In the main configuration menu choose "6 *Configure LAN*". This will let you set up a static IP address for the Gateway's Ethernet adapter.

Configuration option lqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq x		d X X
x	2 Setup RAK Gateway LoRa concentrator	××
×	Restart packet-forwarder Edit packet-forwarder config	××
x	Configure WIFI	××
x x	Configure LAN	× x
×x		××
x		××
х д X Шаадаааааааааааааааааа		×
		tere u
	< <mark>OK &gt;</mark> < Quit >	x



In the page that follows you need to fill in the IP address you want to assign to the Gateway. Keep in mind that the Gateway and the Router must be in the same network segment, otherwise the connection will fail. By default, the IP address of the Gateway's Ethernet card is 192.168.10.10:



Next, configure the Router's IP address. This is going to act as the Internet Gateway address for the LoRaWAN Gateway.



You should get a message as the one below, is all went without errors.



Now, just reboot the Gateway and it will connect to the Router through the Ethernet interface.

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# 6. Connecting the Gateway to TTN

# 6.1.Configuring the Gateway

Make sure your Gateway is connected either via LTE, Wi-Fi or Ethernet, as per the instructions in the previous chapter. You should also be able to access it via SSH.

Next configure your Gateway to use TTN as a server (follow Section 5.2, subsection 5.2.1). In our example we are going to be using the EU863-870 band.

### 6.2. Registering the Gateway in TTN

Open the TTN website https://www.thethingsnetwork.org/, and log in (you need to have created an account first). After logging in (creating an account), you should see the page in the image below. In the upper left corner as shown in the red square, there is a drop-down menu with a "Console" tab you need to access.



Can you see this page? Click on "GATEWAYS":

THE THINGS CONSOLE	Applications	Gateways	Support	闪 RAKwirelessEU 🗸
ጰ Hi, RAKwirelessEU!				
Welcome to The Things Network Console.				
This is where the magic happens. Here you can work with your data. Register applications, devices and gatew collaborators and settings.	ays, manage your in	tegrations,		
	~			
$\sim$	2			
$\sim$	y y			
APPLICATIONS GAT	EWAYS			





		Applications	Gateways	Support	A RAKwirelessEU 🗸
Gateways					
				_	
GATEWAYS			🌖 tenister.(a	Lenay.	
	You do not have any gateways				
	Get started by registering one!				

#### Fill in the requested fields:

Click on register gateway":

CONSOLE Appli	ications	Gateways	Support	\Lambda RAKwirelessEU 🗸
Gateways > Register				
REGISTER GATEWAY				
Cateway ID A unique, Juman readable identifier for your gateway. It can be anything so be creatived				
I'm using the legacy packet forwarder Select this II you are using the legacy <u>Sentech number</u> .				
Description A hamaivreadulide description of the galeway				
Frequency Plan The frequency plan this pateway will use				
no selection				
Router The router this gateway will connect to. To reduce latency, pick a router that is in a region which is close to the location of the gateway.				

#### Gateway ID:

This is a unique identifier of your Gateway. This should have the same values as the one shown in the Gateway Configuration Wizard (see image below). Make sure to select the "*I'm using the legacy packet forwarder*" check box under the Gateway ID field.

Configuration of	ption	5:	x
1dddddddddddddd	dddd	set pi password	dd x
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	2	Setup RAK Gateway LoRa concentrator	<u></u>
x	2	Restart packet-forwarder	Ŷ
x	4	Edit packet-forwarder config	×
x	5	Configure WIFI	x
x	6	Configure LAN	×
x			××
×x			x
x x			×
x maaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa			an x
			etelete 12
		< OK > < Quit >	x
aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	qqqqq	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	qqqqj

#### Description:

The is no strict format or uniqueness for this field, you can enter whatever you like (*RAK7244 Indoor Gateway* for our example).

#### Frequency Plan:

This should correspond to the Gateway Hardware and the region you are in.



### <u>Router:</u>

This will be automatically populated once you select the Frequency Plan.

The rest of the fields (Location and Antenna Placement are optional).

You should end up with something like the configuration in the following image:

	Appl	cations	Gataways	Support	
Goteways > Register					
REGISTER GATEWAY					
<b>Osterway EUI</b> The FUI of the generative second from the Loffs module					
BS 27 EB FF FE EA 6E DB	😦 il tytus				
The using the legacy packet forwarder Select the if you are sing the typer <u>Select the advect forwarder</u> .					
Description Alturnar-readable description of the gateway					
R4K7244 Indux Gelerosy	٥				
Frequency Plan The fissionics also this pathway will use					
Europe 868M (z					
Router The router this gateway will connect to To reduce latency pick a router that is in a region which is close to the location of the gateway.					
tto-router eu					

Finalize by clicking on the "*Register Gateway*" button. If the process was successful you will be redirected to the overview page where you should be able to see your Gateway status as "*connected*". If it is indeed so, your Gateway is connected to TTN and is ready to forward data.

THE THINGS CONSOLE	Cateways > 🚫 eis 1877-1076aadedh					
		Oraniew	Traffic	Settings		
	GATEWAY OVERVIEW			o settings		
	Ganeray () accella Jahrmanden Description Substantian Substantian Owner ()): Reservements) (): a Januarda association Tables + construction					
	Fraquency Plan Surger 859400 Router thirtocensu Gateway Key 0			- m		
	Last See in 2 wounds Received Message 30005		,			
	Transmitted Messages 854					



# 7. Connecting the Gateway to ChirpStack

<u>ChirpStack</u> is an open source LoRa Server stack. RAKwireless Developer Gateways have 2 methods for using ChirpStack.

# 7.1.Built-in ChirpStack

There is a built-in ChirpStack in every RAK Developer Gateway that comes with the <u>Official RAKwireless Firmware</u>.

By default, after burning the firmware and accessing the Gateway for the first time it is configured to use the Built-in ChirpStack as its LoRa Server. It is set up to work in the EU863-870 band. Unless you are in aa region that uses this band, you should change it.

In case you have used TTN and you now want to return to the Built-in ChirpStack you can go back to Section 5.2, subsection 5.2.2 in order to go through the steps of configuring ChirpStack again.

There is a Web-based UI that comes with the ChirpStack instance. Simply open a browser and enter the LAN IP address:8080 of the LoRaWAN Gateway's (for the interface you are using to connect it to the network). Make sure not to forget to use the 8080 port. The default username and password are "*admin*".

C (0 Net secure   192.168.10.10.000/4/login			CD 🕁
	Login		
	Usemana*		
	Password *		
		LOGIN	

Everything should be pre-configured: Device profiles have been created, the Gateway has been registered with the server, etc. If you go to the *Gateways* tab and click on *rak\_gateway*, you should see the *Gateway details* page.

🖷 🖉 ChirpS				e admin
Network-servers	Gateways			+ CREATE
Gateway profiles	5			
Organizations	LIST MAP			
All users				
chirpstack	- Name	Gateway ID	Gateway activity (350)	
Org. settings	rak_gateway	b827ebff/eea6edb		
Org. users			Nows per page 10 🖛 1	t-1 of 1 C 3
E Service-profiles				
E Device-profiles				
Galeways				
Applications				
Multicast-group	s			

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The "*Last seen*" status should show as a few seconds, meaning that the gateway is visible to the Built-in ChirpStack (LoRa Server).

€	ChirpStack		${f Q}$ . Search organization, explication, gateway or device	📀 🖯 edmin
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	Network-servers Gateway-profiles Organizations	Gateways / rak_gateway APTENNYSTERIAL		DELETE
thirp	All users	Gateway details +-		
\$	Org. sattings	Gateway ID b827eb/ffleco6edb		
*	Org. users	Artifude 0 meters	0	
±=	Service-profiles	GPS coordinates	¥	
装	Device-profiles	0.0 Last seen		
R	Gateways	a few seconds ago		
	Applications			
2	Multicast-groups			MI   W OpenSteacPlag controlation

# 7.2. Remote ChirpStack

There are 2 easy ways (there are plenty more) to get a remote ChirpStack instance to work with your Gateway: use RAK's cloud testing ChirpStack or setup a remote ChirpStack instance by yourself (Cloud service hosted or your own Hardware).

If you want to use RAK's cloud testing ChirpStack, you can contact the RAKwireless team on the <u>forums</u> for support.

Deploying a remote instance by yourself is a little more complicated, however RAKwireless provides a <u>ChirpStack image</u>, that you can install on an X86 machine. Detailed instructions on how to deploy can be found <u>here</u>.

**Note:** The image mentioned above is an entire operating system (Ubuntu OS) and installing it will erase all data on the drive you are using.



# 8.Is there source code?

RAKwireless Developer Gateway firmware is a fully open project. It can be downloaded from the <u>GitHub repository</u>.

Please contact us if you need technical support or want to know more about our products using the links below:

Support center: https://forum.rakwireless.com/

Email us: info@rakwireless.com



# 9. Revision History

Revision	Description	Date
1.0	Initial version	2019-12-12

# **10. Document Summary**

Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by
Todor	Vladislav	



#### About RAKwireless:

RAKwireless is a pioneer in providing innovative and diverse Cellular and LoRaWAN connectivity solutions for both Edge and Gateway IoT devices. We believe that through easy to use and modular designs we can accelerate the time to market for various IoT Applications in order to optimize system deployment in both Developer and Commercial settings.