

RX95HF

Near field communication transceiver for tag emulation

Datasheet - production data



Typical protocols supported:

• ISO/IEC 14443-3 Type A tag emulation

Typical RX95HF applications include:

- Keyboard, laptop, set top box, printer, TV, etc.
- Identification, item pairing and data exchange



Features

- Operating mode supported:
 - Tag Emulation for passive peer-to-peer communication
- Hardware features
 - Dedicated internal frame controller
 - Highly integrated Analog Front End (AFE) for RF communications
 - Transmission and reception modes in Tag Emulation mode
 - Optimized power management
 - Field Detection mode
- RF communication @13.56 MHz
 - ISO/IEC 14443 Type A in Tag Emulation mode
- Communication interfaces with a Host Controller
 - Serial peripheral interface (SPI) Slave interface
 - Up to 256-byte command/reception buffer (FIFO)
- 32-lead, 5x5 mm, very thin fine pitch quad flat (VFQFPN) ECOPACK®2 package

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1 Description

The RX95HF is an integrated transceiver IC for contactless applications.

The RX95HF embeds an Analog Front End to provide the 13.56 MHz Air Interface.

The RX95HF supports ISO/IEC 14443 Type A communication in Tag Emulation mode.





1.1 Block diagram







1.2 List of terms

Table 1. List of terms	Table	1.	List	of	terms
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Term	Meaning
GND	Ground
HFO	High frequency oscillator
LFO	Low frequency oscillator
MCU	Microcontroller unit
NFC	Near Field Communication
RFID	Radio Frequency Identification
RFU	Reserved for future use
SPI	Serial peripheral interface
tL	Low frequency period
t _{REF}	Reference time
WFE	Wait For Event



2 Pin and signal descriptions



Table 2. RX95HF pin description	۱S
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Pin	Pin name	Type ⁽¹⁾	Main function	Alternate function
1	ST_R3		ST Reserved	
2	ST_R4		ST Reserved	
3	NC		Not connected	
4	NC		Not connected	
5	RX1	I	Receiver input 1	
6	RX2	I	Receiver input 2	
7	NC		Not connected	
8	GND_RX	Р	Ground (analog)	
9	ST_R0	0	ST Reserved ⁽²⁾	
10	NC		Not connected	
11	NC		Not connected	
12	IRQ_IN	l ⁽³⁾	Interrupt input	
13	VPS	Р	Main power supply	



Pin	Pin name	Type ⁽¹⁾	Main function	Alternate function
14	IRQ_OUT	O ⁽⁴⁾	Interrupt output	
15	SPI_SS	I ⁽⁵⁾	SPI Slave Select (active low)	
16	SPI_MISO	O ⁽⁵⁾	SPI Data, Slave Output	
17	SPI_MOSI	l ⁽⁵⁾	SPI Data, Slave Input ⁽⁵⁾	
18	SPI_SCK	I ⁽⁶⁾	SPI serial clock	
19	SSI_0	l ⁽⁵⁾	Select serial communication interface	
20	SSI_1	(5)	Select serial communication interface	
21	ST_R1	(7)	ST Reserved	
22	GND	Р	Ground (digital)	
23	NC		Not connected	
24	NC		Not connected	
25	NC		Not connected	
26	NC		Not connected	
27	NC		Not connected	
28	NC		Not connected	
29	XIN		Crystal oscillator input	
30	XOUT		Crystal oscillator output	
31	GND_TX	Р	Ground (RF drivers)	
32	ST_R5		ST Reserved	

Table 2. RX95HF pin descriptions (continued)

1. I: Input, O: Output, and P: Power

2. Must add a capacitor to ground (~1 nF).

3. Pad internally connected to a Very Weak Pull-up to VPS.

4. Pad internally connected to a Weak Pull-up to VPS.

5. Must not be left floating.

6. Pad internally connected to a Weak Pull-down to GND.

7. Pad input in High Impedance. Must be connected to VPS.



3 Power management and operating modes

3.1 Operating modes

The RX95HF has 2 operating modes: Wait for Event (WFE) and Active. In Active mode, the RX95HF communicates actively with an NFC reader or an external host (an MCU, for example).

The RX95HF can switch from one mode to another.

Mode	State	State Description		
	Power-up	This mode is accessible directly after POR. Low level on $\overline{IRQ_IN}$ pin (longer than 10 µs) is the only wakeup source. LFO (low-frequency oscillator) is running in this state.		
Wait For Event (WFE)	Hibernate	Lowest power consumption state. The RX95HF has to be woken-up in order to communicate. Low level on IRQ_IN pin (longer than 10 μ s) is the only wakeup source.		
()	Sleep/Field Detector	Low power consumption state. Wakeup source is configurable: – IRQ_IN pin – Field Detector LFO (low-frequency oscillator) is running in this state.		
Active	Ready	In this mode, the RX95HF waits for a command (PROTOCOLSELECT,) from the external host via the serial interface (SPI).		
	Tag Emulation	The RX95HF can communicate as a tag with an external reader. The tag application is located in the Host and communicates with the RX95HF via the serial interface (SPI).		

 Table 3. RX95HF operating modes and states

Hibernate, and Sleep/Field Detector states can only be activated by a command from the external host. As soon as any of these three states are activated, the RX95HF can no longer communicate with the external host. It can only be woken up.





Figure 4. RX95HF initialization and operating state change

3.2 Startup sequence

After the power supply is established at power-on, the RX95HF waits for a low pulse on the pin IRQ_IN (t_1) before automatically selecting the external interface (SPI) and entering Ready state after a delay (t_3).





1. Pin IRQ_IN low level < 0.2 VPS_Main.

Note: When RX95HF leaves WFE mode (from Power-up, Hibernate, or Sleep/Field Detector) following an IRQ_IN low level pulse.



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- t₀ is the initial wake-up delay
- t₁ is the minimum interrupt width
- t₂ is the delay for the serial interface selection
- t_3 is the HFO setup time ($t_{SU(HFO)}$)
- t₄ is the V_{PS} ramp-up time from 0V to VPS

VPS must be 0V before executing the start-up sequence.

The serial interface is selected after the following falling edge of pin IRQ_IN when leaving from POR or Hibernate state.

Table 4 lists the signal configuration used to select the serial communication interface.

Table 4. Select Selial communication interface selection table				
Pin	Serial interface (SPI)			
SSI_0	1			
SSI_1	0			

Table 4. Select serial communication interface selection table

Note:

100 μs (minimum) 10 μs (minimum)

250 ns (typical)

10 ms (maximum)

200 µs (minimum) and

10 ms (max. by design validation)

4 Communication protocols

4.1 Serial peripheral interface (SPI)

4.1.1 Polling mode

In order to send commands and receive replies, the application software has to perform 3 steps.

- 1. Send the command to the RX95HF.
- 2. Poll the RX95HF until it is ready to transmit the response.
- 3. Read the response.

The application software should never read data from the RX95HF without being sure that the RX95HF is ready to send the response.

The maximum allowed SPI communication speed is $\ensuremath{\mathsf{f}_{\mathsf{SCK}}}$.

A Control byte is used to specify a communication type and direction:

- 0x00: Send command to the RX95HF
- 0x03: Poll the RX95HF
- 0x02: Read data from the RX95HF
- 0x01: Reset the RX95HF

The \overline{SPI}_S line is used to select a device on the common SPI bus. The \overline{SPI}_S pin is active low.

When the SPI_SS line is inactive, all data sent by the Master device is ignored and the MISO line remains in High Impedance state.

Figure 6. Sending command to RX95HF

MOSI	0000000 CMD LEN	DATA DATA
	Control Byte	Several data bytes
MISO	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x

Figure 7. Polling the RX95HF until it is ready

MOSI	00000011 X X X X X 1 1 X X X X X 1 1 X X X X
MISO	Control Byte Flag Flag X X X X X X X 0 0 0 0 0 X X X 0 0 0 0 0 X X X
	Flags are polled until data is ready (Bit 3 is set when data is ready)



Bit	Bit Meaning (Application point of view)			
[7:4]	Not significant			
3	Data can be read from the RX95HF when set.			
2	Data can be sent to the RX95HF when set.			
[1:0]	Not significant			

Table 5. Interpretation of flags

MOSI	00000010 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x
	Control Byte
MISO	X X X X X X X X Resp Code LEN DATA DATA
	Several data bytes

Figure 8. Reading data from RX95HF

Data must be sampled at the rising edge of the SCK signal.

<u>'Sending'</u>, 'Polling' and 'Reading' commands must be separated by a high level of the SPI_SS line. For example, when the application needs to wait for data from the RX95HF, it asserts the SPI_SS line low and issues a 'Polling' command. Keeping the SPI_SS line low, the Host can read the Flags Waiting bit which indicates that the RX95HF can be read. Then, the application has to assert the SPI_SS line high to finish the polling command. The Host asserts the SPI_SS line low and issues a 'Reading' command to read data. When all data is read, the application asserts the SPI_SS line high.

The application is not obliged to keep reading Flags using the Polling command until the RX95HF is ready in one command. It can issue as many 'Polling' commands as necessary. For example, the application asserts SPI_SS low, issues 'Polling' commands and reads Flags. If the RX95HF is not ready, the application can assert SPI_SS high and continue its algorithm (measuring temperature, communication with something else). Then, the application can assert SPI_SS low again and again issue 'Polling' commands, and so on, as many times as necessary, until the RX95HF is ready.

Note that at the beginning of communication, the application does not need to check flags to start transmission. The RX95HF is assumed to be ready to receive a command from the application.

Figure 9. Reset the RX95HF				
MOSI	0000001 Control Byte 01			
MISO	X X X X X X X			

To reset the RX95HF using the SPI, the application sends the SPI Reset command (Control Byte 01, see *Figure 9*) which starts the internal controller reset process and puts the RX95HF into Power-up state. The RX95HF will wake up when pin IRQ_IN goes low. The RX95HF reset process only starts when the SPI_SS pin returns to high level.

Caution: SPI communication is MSB first.

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4.1.2 Interrupt mode

When the RX95HF is configure to use the SPI serial interface, pin IRQ_OUT is used to give additional information to user. When the RX95HF is ready to send back a reply, it sends an Interrupt Request by setting a low level on pin IRQ_OUT, which remains low until the host reads the data.

The application can use the Interrupt mode to skip the polling stage.

Caution: SPI communication is MSB first.



5 Commands

5.1 Command format

- The frame from the Host to the RX95HF has the following format: <CMD><Len><Data>
- The frame from the RX95HF to Host has the following format: <RespCode><Len><Data>

These two formats are available in SPI mode.

Fields <Cmd>, <RespCode> and <Len> are always 1 byte long. <Data> can be from 0 to 253 bytes.

Note: The ECHO command is an exception as it has only one byte (0x55).

The following symbols correspond to:

>>> Frame sent by the Host to RX95HF

<<< Frame sent by the RX95HF to the Host

5.2 List of commands

Table 6 summarizes the available commands.

Code	Command	Description
0x01	IDN	Requests short information about the RX95HF and its revision.
0x02	PROTOCOLSELECT	Selects the RF communication protocol and specifies certain protocol-related parameters.
0x03	POLLFIELD	Returns the current value of the FieldDet flag.
0x05	LISTEN	Listens for data using previously selected protocol.
0x06	SEND	Sends data using previously selected protocol.
0x07	IDLE	Switches the RX95HF into a low consumption Wait for Event (WFE) mode (Power-up, Hibernate, or Sleep/Field Detector), specifies the authorized wake-up sources and waits for an event to exit to Ready state.
0x08	RDREG	Reads Wake-up event register or the Analog Register Configuration (ACC_A) register.
0x09	WRREG	Writes Analog Register Configuration (ACC_A) register or writes index of ACC_A register address.
0x0D	ACFILTER	Enables or disables the anti-collision filter for ISO/IEC 14443 Type A protocol.
0x55	Есно	RX95HF performs a serial interface ECHO command (reply data $0x55$ or stops the Listening state when a listen command has been sent without error).
(Other codes	ST Reserved

Table 6.	List of	RX95HF	commands



5.3 IDN command (0x01) description

The IDN command (0x01) gives brief information about the RX95HF and its revision.

Direction	Data	Comments	Example	
Host to	0x01	Command code		
RX95HF	0x00	Length of data	>>>0x0100	
	0x00	Result code	<<<0x000F4E4643204653324A415354	
	<len></len>	Length of data	34002ACE	
	<device id=""></device>	Data in ASCII format (13 bytes)	In this example,	
RX95HF to			<<<0x4E4643204653324A4153543400	
Host	<rom crc=""></rom>	CRC calculated for ROM content (2 bytes)	: 'NFC FS2JAST4', #4 (Last Character of NFC FS2JAST4 means ROM code revision 4.) 0x2ACE: CRC of ROM (real CRC may differ from this example)	

It takes approximately 6 ms to calculate the CRC for the entire ROM. The application must allow sufficient time for waiting for a response for this command.

5.4 Protocol Select command (0x02) description

This command selects the RF communication protocol and prepares the RX95HF for communication with a reader.

Direction	Data	Comments	Example	
	0x02	Command code		
	<len></len>	Length of data	See Table 9: List of <parameters></parameters>	
Host to RX95HF	<protocol></protocol>	Protocol codes: 12: ISO/IEC 14443-A	<i>values for different protocols (Tag Emulation)</i> for a detailed example.	
	<parameters></parameters>	Each protocol has a different set of parameters. See <i>Table 9</i> .	>>>0x02021208	
RX95HF to	0x00	Result code	<<<0x0000	
Host	0x00	Length of data	Protocol is successfully selected	
RX95HF to	0x82	Error code	<<<0x8200	
Host	0x00	Length of data	Invalid command length	
RX95HF to	0x83	Error code	<<<0x8300	
Host	0x00	Length of data	Invalid protocol	

Table 8. PROTOCOLSELECT command description

When the application selects a protocol, the RX95HF performs all necessary settings: it will choose the appropriate reception and transmission chains.



Protocol Code		Parameters		Parameters	Examples of commands		
(Card)	Coue	Byte	Bit	Function	Comments		
ISO/IEC 14443 0 Type A	0x12		7:6	Transmission data rate 00: 106 Kbps 01: 212 Kbps ⁽¹⁾ 10: 424 Kbps ⁽¹⁾ 11: RFU			
		0x12	0x12 0	0	5:4	Reception data rate 00: 106 Kbps 01: 212 Kbps ⁽¹⁾ 10: 424 Kbps ⁽¹⁾ 11: RFU	>>>0x02021208 <<<0x0000 Tag Emulation for ISO/IEC 14443 Type A, Data rate is 106 Kbps for both up- and
					3	0: Return an error, if no RF field 1: Wait for RF field	down-links.
			2	RFU			
			1	0: HFO 1: ClkRec			
			0	RFU			

Table 9. List of <parameters></parameters>	values for different protocols (Tag Emulation)
	values for unreferit protocols (ray Linuation)

1. Not qualified for this version.



5.5 Pollfield command (0x03) description

This command returns the current value of the FieldDet flag.

Direction	Data	Comments	Example	
	03	Command code		
	<len></len>	Length of data	>>>0x0300 Check if RF Field is ON or OFF	
Host to RX95HF	<flags></flags>	RF field presence (Optional): 01: Wait for RF field appearance 00: Wait for RF field disappearance	>>> 0x0303010FFF - Wait for RF Field appearance for (16*256)/13.56 µs Flags, Presc and Timer parameters are optional. They must be specidfied if the application has to wait for RF field appearance or disappearance.	
	<presc></presc>	Timer prescaler (Optional)	The time to wait is (Presc+1)*(Timer+1)/13.56 µs.	
	<timer></timer>	Timer time-out (Optional)		
	00	Result code	<<<0x0000 or 0x000100 (No RF field detected) or 0x000101 (RF field	
RX95HF to Host	01	Length of data		
	<fielddet></fielddet>	01, if FieldDet is set. Otherwise, 00.	detected)	

Table 10.	POLLFIELD	command	description
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Table 11. Response for <POLLFIELD> command

Function	Explanation			Response example	Comments
	Response	00	01	01 or 00	This command returns the
	Result code				current state of the RF field.
Pollfield	Length of data fiel	d	_		<<<0x0000 or
	Bits [7:1]: RFU Bit 0: Field detect	ed (if	set)	-	0x000100 (No RF field detected) or 0x000101 (RF field detected)

5.6 Listen command (0x05) description

In Tag Emulation mode, this command waits for a command from an external reader. Before sending this command, the application must select a protocol.

Table	12. LISTE	N command	description

Direction	Data	Comments	Example	
Host to	05	Command code	0x0500: Enters a Listening mode	
RX95HF	00	Length of data	where the RX95HF waits for a command from an external reader.	
RX95HF to	00	Result code	0x0000: No error. Confirmation that	
Host	00	Length of data	RX95HF now is in Listening mode.	



	Table 12. Listek command description (continued)							
Direction	Data	Comments	Example					
RX95HF to	82	Error code	0					
Host	00	Length of data	0x8200: Invalid command length					
	83	Error code						
RX95HF to Host	00	Length of data	0x8300: Invalid protocol or protocol is not supported.					
RX95HF to	8F	Error code	0x8F00: No field. Command cannot be					
Host	00	Length of data	executed because there is no external field.					

 Table 12. LISTEN command description (continued)

After reception of the LISTEN command and the return of a 'No error' confirmation, the RX95HF enters Listening mode. The host controller has to use SPI Poll mode or IRQ_OUT pin to detect when a receive frame is available in the RX95HF buffer. The RX95HF will exit Listening mode as soon it receives the ECHO command (0x55) from the Host Controller (MCU) or a command from an external reader (not including commands supported by the ACFILTER command listed in *Table 29*).

In all cases, the RX95HF will send data or an error code to the Host controller (MCU).

The ECHO command (0x55) allows exiting Listening mode. In response to the ECHO command, the RX95HF sends 0x55 + 0x8500 (error code of the Listening state cancelled by the MCU).

Possible return codes are listed in Table 13.

Direction	Data	Comments	Example	
	80	Result code	<<<0x8005E050BCA508	
RX95HF to	<len></len>	Length of data	The request from the Reader is	
Host	<data></data>	Data received. Interpretation depends on protocol	decoded. This is an example of a response in ISO/IEC 14443 Type A protocol.	
RX95HF to	85	Error code	<<<0x8500 Listening mode was	
Host	00	Length of data	cancelled by the application	
RX95HF to	86	Error code	<<<0x8600 Communication error	
Host	00	Length of data		
RX95HF to	88	Error code	<<<0x8800 Invalid SOF	
Host	00	Length of data		
RX95HF to	89	Error code	<<<0x8900 Receive buffer overflow	
Host	00	Length of data	(too many bytes received)	
RX95HF to	8A	Error code	<<<0x8A00 Framing error (start bit=0,	
Host 00		Length of data	stop bit=1)	

Table 13. Response codes from the RX95HF in Listening mode



Direction	Data	Comments	Example
RX95HF -	8E	Error code	<<<0x8E00 Reception lost without EOF
Host	00	Length of data	received

Table 13. Response codes from the RX95HF in Listening mode (continued)
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If the request from the Reader was received and decoded correctly, the RX95HF will send data back to the Host (Tag Emulation application). This is explained in *Table 14*.

Protocol	Explanation			Response exa	Comments			
	Request example	80	0A	9370800F8C8E	8D	4E01	08	
	Result code							
	Length of entire da	ta fie	ld					
	Data received from	read	ler	-				
ISO/IEC-	Received value of I	зсс	(if ar	ıy)				<<<0x80 0A
14443 Type A	Received value of	CRC	(if ar	ıy)		-		9370800F8C8E 8D 4E01 08
	7: RFU						_	
	6: RFU							
	5: CRC error							
	4: Parity error							
	3:0: number of sign	ificar	nt bit	s in last byte				

Table 14. Data format sent to the Host in Listening mode

5.7 Send command (0x06) description

This command immediately sends data to the reader using the Load Modulation method without waiting for a reply.

Before sending this command, the application must select a communication protocol.

Direction	Data	Comments	Example	
	06	Command code	Depends on protocol previously	
Host to	<len></len>	Length of data	selected!	
RX95HF	<data></data>	Data and additional parameter to be sent	>>>0x0606D07387080028: Emulation of TAG response in ISO/IEC 14443 Type A protocol	
RX95HF to	00	Result code	<<<0x0000	
Host	00	Length of data	Data was successfully sent	
RX95HF to	82	Error code	<<<0x8200 Invalid length (for example,	
Host	00	Length of data	Length=0 where it is not possible)	
RX95HF to	83	Error code	<<<0x8300 Invalid protocol previously	
Host	00	Length of data	selected by Select Protocol command	

Table 15. SEND command description



Table 10.1 official of data to be sent using SEND command							
Protocol	Explanation		-	Res	spor	nse example	Comments
	Send example	06	03	0400	08		
	Command code	-					
	Length of entire da	ata fi	eld				
ISO/IEC-	Data			-			
14443	Parameter:				-		>>>0x0603040008
Туре А	7:6: RFU						
	5: Append CRC						
	4: RFU (Do not a	appe	nd p	arity)			
	Inific	ant t	oits in fii	rst			

 Table 16. Format of data to be sent using SEND command

5.8 Idle command (0x07) description

This command switches the RX95HF into low consumption mode and defines the way to return to Ready state.

The Result code contains the Wake-up flag register value indicating to the application the wake-up event that caused the device to exit WFE mode.

Direction	Data	Comments	Example
	07	Command code	Example of switch from Active
	0E	Length of data	mode to Hibernate state (wake-up by low pulse on IRQ IN pin):
	<wu source=""></wu>	Specifies authorized wake- up sources and the LFO frequency	>>>0x07 0E 08 04 00 04 00 18 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
	EnterCtrlL	Settings to enter WFE	Example of switch from Active to
Host to	EnterCtrlH	mode : 0x0400, 0x0100 or 0x0142	WFE mode (Sleep) (wake-up by low pulse on IRQ_IN pin):
RX95HF	WUCtrlL	Settings to wake-up from	>>>0x07 0E 08 01 00 38 00
	WUCtrlH	WFE mode: 0x0400 or 0x3800	18 00 00 60 00 00 00 00 00 00
	LeaveCtrlL		Example of switch from Active mode to WFE mode (Field
	LeaveCtrlH	Settings to leave WFE mode (Default value = 0x1800)	Detector) with wake-up by Field Detection: >>> 0x07 0E 04 01 42 38 00 18 00 00 60 00 00 00 00
	0x00	Result code	This response is sent only when
	0x01	Length of data	RX95HF exits WFE mode.
RX95HF to Host	<data></data>	Data (Wake-up source): 0x04: Field detect 0x08: Low pulse on IRQ_IN pin	<<<0x000104 Wake-up by field detect <<<0x000108 Wake-up by low pulse on IRQ_IN pin

Table 17. IDLE command description



Direction	Data	Comments	Example
RX95HF to	0x82	Error code	<<<0x8200 Invalid command
Host	0x00	Length of data	length

Table 17. IDLE command description (continued)

5.8.1 Idle command parameters

The Idle command (Host to RX95HF) has the following structure (all values are hexadecimal):

Table 18. Idle command structure							
07 OE xx yy zz yy zz yy zz							
Command code	Data length	WU source	Enter Control	WU Control	Leave Control		

Parameter	De	Description		
Command code		This byte is the command code. '07' represents the Idle command. This command switches the device from Active mode to WFE mode.		
Data length	This byte is the length of the com following parameter values.	This byte is the length of the command in bytes. Its value depends on the following parameter values.		
WU Source	This byte defines the authorized wake-up sources in the Wake-up source register. Predefined values are: 0x04: Field Detector0x08: Low pulse on IRQ_IN			
Enter Control	These two bytes (EnterCtrlL and EnterCtrlH) define the resources when entering WFE mode. 0x0400: Hibernate0x0142: Sleep (if Field Detector source is enabled)			
WU Control	These two bytes (WuCtrlL and WuCtrlH) define the wake-up resources. 0x0400: Hibernate 0x3800: Sleep			
Leave Control	These two bytes (LeaveCtrlL and LeaveCtrlH) define the resources when returning to Ready state. 0x1800: Hibernate 0x1800: Sleep			

Table 19. Summary of Idle	command parameters
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5.8.2 Optimizing wake-up conditions

Using the Wake-up source register, it is possible to cumulate sources for a wake-up event. It is strongly recommended to always set an external event as a possible wake-up source.

To cumulate wake-up sources, simply set the corresponding bits in the Wake-up source register. For example, to enable a wake-up when an RF field is detected (bit 1 set to '1') or on a low pulse on pin $\overline{IRQ_{IN}}$ (bit 3 set to '1'), set the register to 0x0A.

5.8.3 Using various techniques to return to Ready state

The Idle command and reply set offers several benefits to users by enabling various methods to return the RX95HF to Ready state. Some methods are nearly automatic, such as waiting for a timer overflow or a field detection, but others consume more power compared to the ones requesting a host action. A description of each method follows below.



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Default setting: from POR to Ready state

After power-on, the RX95HF enters Power-up state.

To wake up the RX95HF and set it to Ready state, the user must send a low pulse on the \overline{IRQ}_{IN} pin. The RX95HF then automatically selects the external interface (SPI) and enters Ready state and is able to accept commSands after a delay of approximately 6 ms (t₃).

From Ready state to Hibernate state and back to Ready state

In Hibernate state, most resources are switched off to achieve an ultra-low power consumption.

The only way the RX95HF can wake-up from Hibernate state is by an external event (low pulse on pin IRQ_IN).

A basic Idle command is:

 $>>>0{\rm x07}$ OE 08 04 00 04 00 18 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

Note: The Wake-up flag value is NOT significant when returning to Ready state from Hibernate state or after a POR.

From Ready state to Sleep state and back to Ready state

Wake-up by external event (low pulse on IRQ_IN)

In Sleep or Power-up states, operating resources are limited in function of the selected wake-up source to achieve a moderate power consumption level.

An Idle command example when wake-up source is pin IRQ_IN:

>>>0x07 0E 08 01 00 38 00 18 00 00 60 00 00 00 00 00

5.9 Read Register (RdReg) command (0x08) description

This command is used to read the Wakeup register.

Direction	Data	Comments	Example
Host to RX95HF	0x08	Command code	
	0x03	Length of data	
	0x62 or 0x69	Register address	Ex 1. >>>0x0803690100 Reads the ACC A register. ⁽¹⁾
	0x01	Register size	
	0x00	ST Reserved	
RX95HF to Host RX95HF to Host	0x00	Result code	<<<0x000127
	<len></len>	Length of data	See Section 5.10: Write Register (WrReg) command (0x09) description for more
	<regdata></regdata>	Register data	information on received register data.
	0x82	Error code	
	0x00	Length of data	<<<0x8200 Invalid command length

Table 20. RDREG command description

1. This command must be preceded by the setting of the ACC_A register index (0x0903680004).

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Note: The Management of the Analog Register Configuration register (ACC_A) is described in Section 5.10: Write Register (WrReg) command (0x09) description.

5.10 Write Register (WrReg) command (0x09) description

The Write Register (WRREG) command (0x09) is used to:

- set the Analog Register Configuration address index value before reading or overwriting the Analog Register Configuration register (ACC_A) value
- set the Analog Register Configuration register (ACC_A) value
 - Bits [7:6] are ST Reserved and must be set to '0'
 - Bits [5:4] set the Demodulator Sensitivity ('00' = AM 10% or '10' = AM 100%)
 - Bits [3:0] set the Load Modulation Index ('0001' = minimum load modulation, '0111'
 = default value, '1111' = maximum load modulation). The user can adjust this value to better fit his application.

5.10.1 Improving RF performance

Adjusting the Load Modulation Index and Demodulator Sensitivity parameters in Card Emulation mode helps improve application behavior.

The default value of these parameters (*Table 21*) is set by the PROTOCOLSELECT command, but they can be overwritten using the Write Register (WRREG) command (0×09). *Table 22* and *Table 23* list possible values for the Load Modulation Index and Demodulator Sensitivity parameters respectively.

This new configuration is valid until a new PROTOCOLSELECT or Write Register (of register ACC_A) command is executed. Register values are cleared at power off.

Direction	Data	Comments	Example
	0x09	Command code	
	0x03 or 0x04	Length of data	
	0x68	Analog Register Configuration address index	>>>0x0903680004 Set Analog Register Index to
Host to RX95HF	0x00 or 0x01	Flag Increment address or not after Write command	0x04 (ACC_A) ⁽¹⁾
	0x04	Index pointing to the Demodulator Sensitivity and Load Modulation values in ACC_A register (0x04) (See Section 5.10.1)	>>>0x090468010425 Update ACC_A to 0x25
	0xXX	New value for Demodulator Sensitivity and Load Modulation (See <i>Section 5.10.1</i>)	
RX95HF to	0x00	Result code	<<<0x0000
Host	0x00	Length of data (= RegCount)	Register written

Table 21. WRREG command description (Load Modulation Index and Demodulator)
Sensitivity)

1. This command must be executed before reading the ACC_A register (0x0903680004).



How to modify Analog Register Configuration register (ACC_A) values

1. Use the PROTOCOLSELECT command (0x02) to select the correct communication protocol.

For example, to select the ISO/IEC 14443-A card emulation protocol:

Send PROTOCOLSELECT command:	>>>0x02021208
RX95HF reply:	<<<0x0000

2. Read the Analog Register Configuration register (ACC_A) value.

a)	Write the ACC_A register index at 0x04:	>>>0x0903680004
	RX95HF reply:	<<<0x0000
b)	Read the ACC_A register value:	>>>0x0803690100
	RX95HF reply:	<<< 0x0127

In this example, the ACC_A register value is 0×27 , where "2" is the Demodulator Sensitivity and "7" is the Load Modulation Index.

3. Modify the Load Modulation Index values with 0x25.

Write the ACC_A register index:	>>>0x090468010425
RX95HF reply:	<<<0x0000

4. Read the Analog Configuration register (ACC_A) value.

a)	Write the ACC_A register index at 0x04: RX95HF reply:	>>>0x0903680004 <<<0x0000
b)	Read the ACC_A register value: RX95HF reply:	>>>0x0803690100 <<<0x0125

Load Modulation Index and Demodulator Sensitivity values

Table 22. Possible Load Modulation Index values

Code (bits [3:0] of ACC_A register)	1	2	 7	 E	F
Load Modulation Index	Min.		Default		Max.

Table 23. Possible Demodulator Sensitivity values

Code (bits [5:4] of ACC_A register)	0x1	0x2
Demodulator Sensitivity ⁽¹⁾	10%	100%

1. Characterized by design simulation.

Note: Bits [7:6] of ACC_A register are RFU and must set to '0'.



5.11 AcFilter command (0x0D) description

This command activates/deactivates the anti-collision filter in Type A Tag Emulation mode. The following tables define the command and response fields depending on the AC filter command length.

Direction	Data	Comments	Example
	OD	Command code	General case (LEN \neq 0x00, 0x01 or
	<len></len>	Length of data	0x02) >>>0D0B440320880251744AEF2280
	<atqa> (2 bytes)</atqa>	Unused and proprietary bits of SAK (protocol bits will be handled by firmware)	Activate filter for 2-cascade anti-collision Note that the command length can be 7, 11 or 15 bytes depending on UID length:
	<sak></sak>	Unused and proprietary bits of SAK (protocol bits will be handled by firmware)	7: for 1-cascade level filter 11: for 2-cascade levels filter 15: for 3-cascade levels filter All other values greater than 2 will result
	<uid 1="" part=""></uid>	UID for cascade level 1 (Mandatory)	in an 'Invalid command length' error. Values 0, 1 and 2 are defined in the
Host to RX95HF	<uid 2="" part=""></uid>	UID for cascade level 2 (Optional)	following tables.
	<uid 3="" part=""></uid>	UID for cascade level 3 (Optional)	<pre>*** Special cases of command *** LEN = 0x00 >>>0x0D00 De-activate AC Filter (LEN = 0x00) <<< 0x0001XX0000 AC Filter is successfully deactivated (xx: Table 28) LEN = 0x01 >>>0x0D01XX - Set AC state (see table below) <<< 0x0000 AC state successfully set LEN = 0x02 >>> 0x0D020000 - Returns AC state without deactivating filter <<< 0x0001XX AC state (xx: Table 28)</pre>
	00	Result code	AC Filter is successfully activated.
RX95HF to Host	00	Length of data	<<<0x0000 AC Filter is successfully deactivated (LEN = 0x00). <<<0x0001xx0000 (where XX is ST Reserved)
RX95HF to	82	Error code	<<<0x8200
Host	00	Length of data	Invalid command length

 Table 24. AC filter command description (Command <Len> > 0x02)



Direction	Data	Comments	Example		
	0D	Command code	If <len> = 0x00, AC filter is deactivated</len>		
Host to RX95HF	<len></len>	Length of data (0x00)	>>>0x0D00 Deactivate AC Filter AC filter is deactivated and response w		
	00	Result code	AC filter is deactivated and response will		
RX95HF to	01	Length of data	return Tag Emulation state.		
Host	уу	Tag Emulator state	where yy is the Tag Emulation state (<i>Table 28</i>).		
RX95HF to	82	Error code	<<<0x8200		
Host	00	Length of data	Invalid command length		

Table 25. AC filter command description (Command <Len> = 0x00)

Table 26. AC filter comman	d description (Command <len> = 0x01)</len>
----------------------------	--

Direction	Data	Comments	Example
	0D	Command code	If <len> = 0x01, AC Filter state will be</len>
Host to RX95HF	<len></len>	Length of data (0x01)	forced to yy state (<i>Table 28</i>).
KA9511F	уу	Tag Emulator state	Emulation state (yy).
RX95HF to	00	Result code	If <len> = 0x01, Tag Emulation state is</len>
Host	00	Length of data	successfully set. <<<0x0000
RX95HF to	82	Error code	<<<0x8200
Host	00	Length of data	Invalid command length

Table 27. AC filter command description (Command <Len> = 0x02)

Direction	Data	Comments	Example
	0D	Command code	If <len> = 0x02, response will return</len>
Host to RX95HF	<len></len>	Length of data (0x02)	Tag Emulation state without de- activating the AC filter.
	0000	ST Reserved	>>>0x0D020000
	00	Result code	If <len> = 0x02, returns Tag Emulation</len>
RX95HF to Host	01	Length of data	state (<i>Table 28</i>) without de-activating the AC filter.
	УУ	Tag Emulator state	<<<0x0001yy
RX95HF to	82	Error code	<<<0x8200
Host	00	Length of data	Invalid command length

Tag Emulation state	ISO/IEC 14443 - 3 Type A definition	Tag Emulation state	ISO/IEC 14443 - 3 Type A definition
0x00	Idle	0x80	Halt
0x01	ReadyA	0x81	ReadyA* ⁽¹⁾
0x02	ReadyB	0x82	ReadyB* ⁽¹⁾
0x03	ReadyC	0x83	ReadyC* ⁽¹⁾
0x04	Active		

Table 28. RX95HF state

1. After a ISO/IEC 14443 - 3 Type A WakeUp command.

The ACFILTER command activates or deactivates an anti-collision filter for ISO/IEC 14443A tag protocol. This command also forces or indicates the Card Emulator state.

If the AC filter is not activated, all received commands are stored in the RX95HF buffer before being read by the external microcontroller.

If the AC filter is activated, internal firmware will try to interpret the commands sent by the reader itself and perform an anti-collision sequence. Non-interpreted commands are stored in the RX95HF buffer before being read by the external microcontroller to perform Level 4 of the ISO/IEC 14443 Type A protocol.

The RX95HF is able to interpret and respond to the commands listed in the table below. The device remains in Listening mode after executing these commands.

Command	Code	Definition
SENS_REQ	26 (7-bit)	Sense request
ALL_REQ	52 (7-bit)	WakeUp All request
SDD_REQ	93, 95, 97	Single device detection request
SEL_REQ	9370, 9570, 9770	Select request

Table 29. Commands to which the device is able to respond

5.12 Echo command (0x55) description

The ECHO command verifies the possibility of communication between a Host and the RX95HF. This command also can be used to exit Listening mode without an error when the RX95HF has received a Listen command.

Direction	Data	Comments	Example
Host to RX95HF	0x55	Command code	
RX95HF to Host	0x55	Code response	>>> 0x55: Sends an ECHO command <<< 0x55: Response to an ECHO command



6 Electrical characteristics

6.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Table 31. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	
VPS_Main	Supply voltage ⁽¹⁾	–0.3 to 7.0	V	
V _{IO}	Input or output voltage relative to ground	-0.3 to VPS_Main +0.3	V	
V _{MaxCarrier}	Maximum input voltage (pins RX1 and RX2)	±14.0	V	
т	Ambient operating temperature	–25 to +85	ംറ	
T _A	Ambient operating temperature (RF mode)	–25 to +85		
T _{STG}	Storage temperature (Please also refer to package specification).	-65 to +150	°C	
T _{LEAD}	Lead temperature during soldering	See note ⁽²⁾	°C	
V _{ESD}	Electrostatic discharge voltage according to JESD22-A114, Human Body Model	2000	V	
P _{TOT} ⁽³⁾	Total power dissipation per package	1	W	

1. To properly reset the device, VPS_Main must be tied to 0V before executing the start-up sequence.

 Compliant with JEDEC standard J-STD-020D (for small-body, Sn-Pb or Pb assembly), the ST ECOPACK® 7191395 specification, and the European directive on Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive 2011/65/EU of July 2011).

3. Depending on the thermal resistance of package.

Note: Stresses listed above may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 DC characteristics

Table 32. DC characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
VPS_Main	Supply voltage		2.7	3.0	5.5	V	
V _{IL}	Input low voltage (I/Os)		0		0.2 x VPS_Main	V	
V _{IH}	Input high voltage (I/Os)		0.7 x VPS_Main		VPS_Main	V	
V _{OH}	Output high voltage (I/Os)	I _{OH} = - 8 μA	0.7 x VPS_Main		VPS_Main	V	
V _{OL}	Output low voltage (I/Os)	Ι _{ΟLMAX} = 500 μΑ	0		0.15 x VPS_Main	V	
POR	Power-on reset voltage			1.8		V	



6.3 **Power consumption characteristics**

 $T_A = -25^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise specified.

Table 33. Power consumption characteristics (VPS_Main from 2.7 to 5.5 V)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I _{CC} (V _{PS}) Power-up	Supply current in power-up state	T _A = 25°C	200	600	μA
I _{CC} (V _{PS}) Tag Emulation	Supply current in Tag Emulation mode	T _A = 25°C	2.5	5.0	mA
I _{CC} (V _{PS}) Hibernate	Supply current in Hibernate state	T _A = 25°C	1	5	μA
I _{CC} (V _{PS}) Sleep/Field Detector	Supply current in Sleep/Field Detector state	T _A = 25°C	20/25	80	μA
I_{CC} (V _{PS}) Ready	Supply current in Ready state	T _A = 25°C	2.5	5.0	mA



6.4 SPI characteristics

The RX95HF supports (CPOL = 0, CPHA = 0) and (CPOL = 1, CPHA = 1) modes.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit		
f _{SCK} 1/ t _{c(SCK)}	SPI clock frequency			2.0	MHz		
V _{IL}	Input low voltage			$0.3 \times V_{PS}$			
V _{IH}	Input high voltage		0.7 x V _{PS}		V		
V _{OL}	Output low voltage			$0.4 ext{ x V}_{PS}$	v		
V _{OH}	Output high voltage		0.7 x V _{PS}				
t _{SU(NSS)} ⁽¹⁾	NSS setup time		70		20		
t _{h(NSS)} ⁽¹⁾	NSS hold time		0		ns		
t _{CH(SCKL)} ⁽¹⁾	Clock low time		200		ns		
t _{CH(SCKH)} ⁽¹⁾	Clock high time		200		115		
t _{SU(SI)} ⁽¹⁾	Data slave Input setup time		20		20		
t _{h(SI)} ⁽¹⁾	Data slave Input hold time		80		ns		
t _{v(SO)} ⁽¹⁾	Data slave output valid time			80			
t _{h(SO)} ⁽¹⁾	Data slave output hold time	After enable edge			ns		
C _{b_SPI_IN}	Capacitive load for input pins NSS, CLK, MOSI			3	pF		
C _{b_SPI_OUT}	Capacitive load for input pins MOSI			20	pF		

Table 34. SPI interface characteristics

1. Values based on design simulation and/or characterization results, and not on tested in production.



Figure 10. SPI timing diagram (Slave mode and CPOL = 0, CPHA = 0)





Figure 11. SPI timing diagram (Slave mode and CPOL = 1, CPHA = 1)



6.5 **RF** characteristics

Test conditions are $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to 50°C, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
f _C	Frequency of operating field (carrier frequency)		13.553	13.56	13.567	MHz
MI Carrier	Carrier Modulation Index from reader ISO/IEC 14443 -Type A				100	%
HField ⁽¹⁾	Operating field strength in ISO/IEC 14443		1.5		7.5	A/m
V _{MaxCarrier}	Input voltage between RX1 and RX2				18	V
f _S ⁽²⁾	Frequency of Subcarrier modulation (ISO/IEC 14443)				f _C / 16	
ALoad	Load Modulation Amplitude $f_{C} + f_{S}$ $f_{C} - f_{S}$	ISO 10373-6 test methods for ISO/IEC 14443-A @ 1.5 A/m	18 18			mV
ALOUG	f _C + f _S f _C - f _S	ISO 10373-6 test methods for ISO/IEC 14443-A @ 7.5A/m	8 8			mV
ALoad	Load Modulation Amplitude $f_{C} + f_{S}$ $f_{C} - f_{S}$	ECMA 356 test methods for ECMA 340 @ 1.5 A/m	18 18			mV
	$f_{C} + f_{S}$ $f_{C} - f_{S}$	ECMA 356 test methods for ECMA 340 @ 7.5 A/m	8 8			mV
DataR	ISO/IEC 14443 Type A		106			Kbps

Table 35	. Tag	Emulation	characteristics
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1. Maximum values based on design simulation and/or characterization results, and not tested in production.

2. Parameter measured on samples using recommended output matching network.

Table 36. Field detection characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	Level of detection ⁽¹⁾	0.5		8	A/m

1. Parameter measured using recommended output matching network for ISO/IEC 14443 communication.



6.6 Oscillator characteristics

The external crystal used for this product is a 27.12 MHz crystal with an accuracy of \pm 14 kHz.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
f _{XTAL}	Oscillator frequency			27.12		MHz
R _F	Feedback resistor			2		MΩ
С	Recommended load capacitance versus equivalent serial resistance of the crystal $(R_S)^{(3)}$	R _S = 30 Ω		6		pF
t _{SU(HFO)} ⁽⁴⁾	Startup time	V_{PS} is stabilized		6	10	ms

Table 37. HFO 27.12 MHz oscillator characteristics^{(1) (2)}

1. Resonator characteristics given by the crystal/ceramic resonator manufacturer.

2. Based on characterization, not tested in production.

 The relatively low value of the R_F resistor offers a good protection against issues resulting from use in a humid environment, due to the induced leakage and the bias condition change. However, it is recommended to take this point into account if the Host is used in tough humidity conditions.

 t_{SU(HFO)} is the startup time measured from the moment it is enabled (by software) to a stabilized 27.12 MHz oscillation is reached. This value is measured for a standard crystal resonator and it can vary significantly with the crystal manufacturer.

For C_{L1} and C_{L2} , it is recommended to use high-quality external ceramic capacitors in the 10 pF to 20 pF range (typ.), designed for high-frequency applications, and selected to match the requirements of the crystal or resonator (see *Figure 12*). C_{L1} and C_{L2} are usually the same size. The crystal manufacturer typically specifies a load capacitance which is the series combination of C_{L1} and C_{L2} .





Note:

For C_{L1} and C_{L2} it is recommended to use high-quality ceramic capacitors in the 10 pF to 20 pF range selected to match the requirements of the crystal or resonator. C_{L1} and C_{L2} are usually the same size. The crystal manufacturer typically specifies a load capacitance which is the series combination of C_{L1} and C_{L2} .

Load capacitance C_L has the following formula: $C_L = C_{L1} \times C_{L2} / (C_{L1} + C_{L2}) + C_{stray}$ where C_{stray} is the pin capacitance and board or trace PCB-related capacitance. Typically, it is between 2 pF and 7 pF.



7 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK[®] packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK[®] specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: *www.st.com*. ECOPACK[®] is an ST trademark.

This device is available in a 32-lead, 5x5 mm, 0.5 mm pitch, very thin fine pitch quad flat pack no-lead package (VFQFPN).



Figure 13. 32-lead VFQFPN package outline



Cumula al		millimeters			inches ⁽¹⁾			
Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Note	
A	0.800	0.900	1.000	0.0315	0.0354	0.0394		
A1	0.000	0.020	0.050	0.0000	0.0008	0.0020		
A3		0.200			0.0079			
b	0.180	0.250	0.300	0.0071	0.0098	0.0118		
D	4.850	5.000	5.150	0.1909	0.1969	0.2028		
D2 (AMK_B)	3.500	3.600	3.700	0.1378	0.1417	0.1457	1	
E	4.850	5.000	5.150	0.1909	0.1969	0.2028		
E2 (AMK_B)	3.500	3.600	3.700	0.1378	0.1417	0.1457	1	
е		0.500			0.0197			
L	0.300	0.400	0.500	0.0118	0.0157	0.0197		
ddd (AMK)			0.050			0.0020	2	

Table 38. 32-pin VFQFPN package mechanical data

1. Values in inches are rounded to 4 decimal digits.

Note:

AMKOR Variation B. Dimensions are not in accordance with JEDEC.
 AMKOR and MUAR.



8 Part numbering



T = Tape and Reel

Not all combinations are necessarily available. For a list of available options (speed, package, etc.) or for further information on any aspect of this device, please contact your nearest STMicroelectronics Sales Office.



Appendix A Card emulation communication

The following information is a log of basic exchanges between the CR95HF transceiver and RX95HF card emulator.

CR95HFDLL_STCMD: Is the standard RX95HF frame exchange command. In this command, the first byte 01 is not sent, it is only requested by the RX95HF development software in order to recognize if it is a user or service command.

CR95HFDLL_SENDRECV: Is the encapsulated CR95HF SendReceive command for which command codes, number of bytes, and CRC are automatically appended to the parameter.

In this section,

- The CR95HF data exchanges are in blue.
- The RX95HF card emulation data exchanges are in green.
- The CR95HF and RX95HF command overhead (command code, length of data and transmission flag) is in **bold**.
- The CRC value is in red.

When the CRC append option is set in the Protocol Select command, the CRC is automatically appended by the RX95HF, but the CRC is not visible in the instruction log file.

When the CRC is present in the command or response, CRC reply is in *italics*.

The following symbols correspond to:

- >>> Frame sent by Host to RX95HF
- <<< Frame received by Host from RX95HF

Card emulation communication

				1
Comment	CR95HF Reader	Direc -tion	RX95HF Card Emulation	Comment
	Exchange: Host -> Reader	CR95 RX95	Exchange: Host -> Card Emu	lator
			REM, DEMO RX95HF for Card Emulation Exchange	
			REM, 0A	
			REM, Check serial com with host	Check RX95HF
			>>> RX95HFDLL_ECHO	connection
			<<< 5500	to Host
0.1			>>> RX95HFDLL_IDN	
Set Reader			<<<	
Config.			000F <i>4E4643204653324A415354</i> 34002 ACE	
ISO/IEC			REM, POLLFIELD	
14443 Type A at 106 Kbps			>>> RX95HFDLL_STCMD, 01 0300 <<< 000100	No Field detected
	REM, Reader for Card Emulation Test Max waiting time for manual exchange REM, 0B		REM, Select Emulation Tag Mode 14443A	Set RX95HF config.
	>>> CR95HFDLL_STCMD, 01 020402000A05 <<< 0000		>>> RX95HFDLL_STCMD, 01 02021208 <<< 0000	Card Emu- lator ISO/IEC 14443 Type A at 106 Kbps

Table 40. Example logs



RX95HF



Comment	CR95HF Reader	Direc -tion	RX95HF Card Emulation	Comment
Set Reader Config.	REM, 02000180 REM, CR95HFDII_STCmd REM, CR95HFDII_STCmd 01 09043A00xx04 REM, Default xx 52 ND efault xx 52 Max 5A >>> CR95HFDLL_STCMD, 01 09043A005804 <<< 0000		REM, Read Default value Card Emulator Configuration register ACCA REM, ACCA (7:6 card clamp 00 default REM, ACCA (5:4 Card Demod 01 noise immunity low sensitivity 10% REM, ACCA (3:0 mod depth default 7 mon 0 max F) REM, READ Default value Reg ACCA Set Reg Index @4 >>> RX95HFDLL_STCMD, 01 0903680004 <<< 0000 REM, READ Reg ACCA card config 1 Reg @69 index 4 >>> RX95HFDLL_STCMD, 01 0803690100 <<< 000127	Check Con- figuration
ISO/IEC 14443 Type A at 106 Kbps (cont.)	BREAK		REM, CONFIGURE CARD EMULATOR (Set UID) REM, Set Anti-collision Filter Type A UID 0251744AEF2280 REM, ATQA 4403 SAK 20 UID1 88025174 UID2 4AEF2280 >>> RX95HFDLL_STCMD, 01 0D0B440320880251744AEF2280 <<< 0000 BREAK REM, POLLFIELD >>> RX95HFDLL_STCMD, 01 0300 <<< 000101 REM, LISTEN >>> RX95HFDLL_STCMD, 01 0500 <<< 0000	Set RX95HF Identity Check RF Field On RX95HF Set in Lis- tening mode

Table 40. Example logs (continued)



Card emulation communication

Comment	CR95HF Reader	Direc -tion	RX95HF Card Emulation	Comment
Execute Anti-colli- sion Pro- cess ISO/IEC 14443 Type A	<pre>>>> CR95HFDLL_ANTICOLSELECT123 ISO14443-A Start of Anti-Collision Algorithm ISO14443-A REQA >>> CR95HFDLL_SENDRECV, 2607 <<< 80054403280000 ISO14443-A ANTICOL 1 >>> CR95HFDLL_SENDRECV, 932008 <<< 800888025174A9280000 ISO14443-A SELECT 1 >>> CR95HFDLL_SENDRECV, 937088025174A928 <<< 800624D836080000 ISO14443-A ANTICOL 2 >>> CR95HFDLL_SENDRECV, 952008 <<<< 80084AEF228007280000 ISO14443-A SELECT 2 >>> CR95HFDLL_SENDRECV, 95704AEF22800728 <<<< 800620FC70080000> UID = 0251744AEF2280> TAG selected ISO14443-A End of Anti-Collision Algorithm</pre>	-tion > < > < > < > < > < > < > < > < > < > <		Anti-colli- sion Pro- cess on RX side (no return to Host) Response automati- cally sent to reader ISO/IEC 14443-3
	BREAK			

Table 40. Example logs (continued)



Comment	CR95HF Reader	Direc -tion	RX95HF Card Emulation	Comment
Applicative (RX95HF)	Communication ISO/IEC 14443-4: Data E	Exchang	l ge between Reader (CR95HF) & Card Er	nulator
				RX95HF is in Listening mode
	REM, RATS 1A			
	>>> CR95HFDLL_SENDRECV, E050 28	>	>>> RX95HFDLL_POLLING_READING <<< 8005 <i>E050</i> BCA508	After capture, Data is transferred
			REM, 1B SEND ATS 060706757781028028	to Host which
	<<< 800F06757781028002F00800 BREAK	<	>>> RX95HFDLL_STCMD, 01 060B06757781028002F0080028	defines the response
			<<< 0000	
Applica- tion comm protocol setup			REM, LISTEN >>> RX95HFDLL_STCMD, 01 0500 <<< 0000	RX95HF returns to Listening mode
ISO/IEC			BREAK	
14443-4	REM, PPS 2A >>> CR95HFDLL_SENDRECV, <i>D0110028</i>	>	>>> RX95HFDLL_POLLING_READING <<< 8006 <i>D01100</i> 52A6 08	After capture, Data is transferred
			REM, 2B PPS	to Host which
	<<< 800AD073870800	<	>>> RX95HFDLL_STCMD, 01 0606 <i>D0</i> 73870800 28 <<< 0000	defines the response
	BREAK		REM, LISTEN	
			>>> RX95HFDLL_STCMD, 01 0500 <<< 0000	RX95HF returns to Listening mode
			BREAK	

Table 40. Example logs (continued)



Card emulation communication

Comment	CR95HF Reader	Direc -tion	RX95HF Card Emulation	Comment
	REM, IBLOCK Exchange 3A >>> CR95HFDLL_SENDRECV, 0200A4040007D2760000860100 28	>	>>> RX95HFDLL_POLLING_READING <<< 8010 <i>0200A4040007D2760000860100</i> 4 BF708 REM, 3B IBLOCK	After capture, Data is transferred to Host which
Applica- tion comm protocol setup	<<< 800C029000F1090800 <		>>> RX95HFDLL_STCMD, 01 0608 <i>029000F1090800</i> 28 <<< 0000	defines the response
ISO/IEC 14443-4 (cont.)			REM, LISTEN >>> RX95HFDLL_STCMD, 01 0500 <<< 0000 BREAK	RX95HF returns to Listening mode
	REM, Set RF OFF >>> CR95HFDLL_STCMD, 01 02020000 <<< 0000		>>> RX95HFDLL_POLLING_READING <<< 8F00	No Field error
Close SPI link	BREAK >>> CR95HFDLL_RESET_SPI <<< 0000		BREAK REM, 4B >>> RX95HFDLL_RESET_SPI <<< 0000	Close SPI link

Table 40. Example logs (continued)



Revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
04-Jan-2013	1	Initial release.
15-Oct-2013	2	Updated Section 5.3: IDN command (0x01) description on page 15, Section 8: Part numbering on page 36 and title of Appendix A: Card emulation communication on page 37.
02-Jun-2014	3	Updated Section 3.2: Startup sequence on page 9, Table 31: Absolute maximum ratings on page 28 and Appendix A: Card emulation communication on page 37.

Table 41. Document revision history



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