

# Stereo Low-Power CODEC with Video Buffer

## DESCRIPTION

The WM8946 is a highly integrated low power hi-fi CODEC designed for portable devices such as digital still cameras.

Up to 6 analogue inputs may be connected; a 2-channel digital microphone interface is also provided. Flexible output mixing options support single-ended and differential configurations, with outputs derived from the digital audio paths or from analogue bypass paths. Twin stereo outputs or stereo line and mono BTL headphone/speaker drive may be supported.

Flexible digital mixing and powerful DSP functions are available. Programmable filters and other processes may be applied to the ADC or DAC signal paths. The DSP functions include 3D-stereo enhancement, 5 notch filters, 5-band EQ, dynamic range control and the ReTune<sup>™</sup> feature.

The ReTune<sup>™</sup> feature is a sophisticated digital filter that can compensate for imperfect characteristics of the housing, loudspeaker or microphone components in an application. The ReTune<sup>™</sup> algorithm can provide acoustic equalisation and selective phase (delay) control of specific frequency bands.

The WM8946 is controlled via a I2C or SPI interface. Additional functions include Digital beep generator, Video buffer, programmable GPIO functions, Frequency Locked Loop (FLL) for flexible clocking support and integrated LDO for low noise supply regulation.

The WM8946 is supplied in 36-ball W-CSP package, ideal for portable systems.

## FEATURES

- Hi-fi audio CODEC
  - 94dB SNR during ADC recording ('A' weighted)
  - 96dB SNR during DAC playback ('A' weighted)
- 6 analogue audio inputs
- Integrated bias reference for electret microphones
- 2-channel digital microphone interface
  - Powerful digital mixing / DSP functions:
    - 3D-stereo enhancement
    - 5-notch filters
    - 5-band equalizer (EQ)
  - ReTune<sup>™</sup> parametric filter
  - Dynamic range control and noise gate
  - Low-pass/High-pass filters
  - Direct Form 1 (DF1) programmable digital filter
- Digital beep generator
- 4 analogue audio outputs
- Stereo line output
- Mono BTL headphone/speaker output driver
- I2S digital audio interface sample rates 8kHz to 48kHz
- Frequency Locked Loop (FLL) frequency conversion / filter
- Video buffer function
- Integrated LDO low-noise voltage regulator
- 36-ball W-CSP package (2.97 x 3.07 x 0.7mm, 0.5mm pitch)

## APPLICATIONS

- Digital Still Cameras (DSC)
- Multimedia phones







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# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**





# **PIN CONFIGURATION**

The WM8946 is supplied in a 36-pin CSP format. The pin configuration is illustrated below, showing the top-down view from above the chip.



# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

ORDER CODE	TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE	MOISTURE SENSITIVITY LEVEL	PEAK SOLDERING TEMPERATURE
WM8946ECS/R	-40°C to +85°C	36-ball W-CSP (Pb-free, tape and reel)	MSL1	260°C

Note:

Reel quantity = 5000



# **PIN DESCRIPTION**

PIN NO	NAME	ТҮРЕ	DESCRIPTION
A1	SPKVDD	Supply	Supply for speaker driver
A2	LDOVOUT	Supply	LDO output
A3	LDOVDD	Supply	LDO supply input
A4	VMIDC	Analogue Output	Midrail voltage decoupling capacitor
A5	DNC	N/A	Do Not Connect
A6	DNC	N/A	Do Not Connect
B1	SPKOUTR	Analogue Output	Right speaker mixer output
B2	SPKOUTL	Analogue Output	Left speaker mixer output
B3	GND	Supply	Ground
B4	DNC	N/A	Do Not Connect
B5	DNC	N/A	Do Not Connect
B6	AUX1	Analogue Input	Aux audio input
C1	LINEOUTL	Analogue Output	Left line mixer output
C2	LINEOUTR	Analogue Output	Right line mixer output
C3	ADCDAT	Digital Output	ADC / Digital Microphone digital audio data
C4	MICBIAS	Analogue Output	Microphone bias
C5	AUX2	Analogue Input	Aux audio input
C6	IN2L	Analogue Input	Left input 2
D1	VBREFR	Analogue Output	Video buffer current reference resistor connection
D2	VBOUT	Analogue Output	Video buffer output
D3	CS/GPIO2	Digital Input / Output	Chip Select / GPIO2
D4	IN1L/DMICDAT	Analogue Input / Digital Input	Left input 1 / Digital Microphone data input
D5	IN1R	Analogue Input	Right input 1
D6	IN2R	Analogue Input	Right input 2
E1	VBIN	Analogue Input	Video buffer input
E2	BCLK	Digital Input / Output	Audio interface bit clock
E3	LRCLK	Digital Input / Output	Audio interface left / right clock
E4	SDOUT/GPIO4	Digital Input / Output	Control interface data output / GPIO4
E5	DCVDD	Supply	Digital core supply
E6	SDA	Digital Input / Output	Control interface data input / output
F1	MCLK	Digital Input	Master clock
F2	DACDAT	Digital Input	DAC digital audio data
F3	GPIO1	Digital Input / Output	GPIO1
F4	CIFMODE/GPIO3	Digital Input / Output	Control interface mode select / GPIO3
F5	DBVDD	Supply	Digital buffer (I/O) supply
F6	SCLK	Digital Input	Control interface clock input



## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Absolute Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Permanent damage to the device may be caused by continuously operating at or beyond these limits. Device functional operating limits and guaranteed performance specifications are given under Electrical Characteristics at the test conditions specified.



ESD Sensitive Device. This device is manufactured on a CMOS process. It is therefore generically susceptible to damage from excessive static voltages. Proper ESD precautions must be taken during handling and storage of this device.

Cirrus Logic tests its package types according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 for Moisture Sensitivity to determine acceptable storage conditions prior to surface mount assembly. These levels are:

$$\label{eq:MSL1} \begin{split} \mathsf{MSL1} &= \mathsf{unlimited} \ \text{floor} \ \text{life} \ at <\!\!30^\circ\text{C} \ / \ 85\% \ \text{Relative} \ \text{Humidity}. \ \text{Not normally stored in moisture barrier bag}. \\ \mathsf{MSL2} &= \mathsf{out} \ \text{of} \ \text{bag storage for 1 year} \ at <\!\!30^\circ\text{C} \ / \ 60\% \ \text{Relative} \ \text{Humidity}. \ \text{Supplied in moisture barrier bag}. \\ \mathsf{MSL3} &= \mathsf{out} \ \text{of} \ \text{bag storage for 168 hours} \ at <\!\!30^\circ\text{C} \ / \ 60\% \ \text{Relative} \ \text{Humidity}. \ \text{Supplied in moisture barrier bag}. \\ \end{split}$$

The Moisture Sensitivity Level for each package type is specified in Ordering Information.

CONDITION	MIN	MAX
Supply voltages (DCVDD)	-0.3V	2.5V
Supply voltages (LDOVDD, DBVDD, SPKVDD)	-0.3V	4.5V
Voltage range digital inputs	-0.7V	DBVDD +0.7V
Voltage range analogue inputs	-0.7V	LDOVDD +0.7V
Operating temperature range, T <sub>A</sub>	-40°C	+85°C
Junction temperature, T <sub>JMAX</sub>	-40°C	+150°C
Storage temperature after soldering	-65°C	+150°C

# **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
Digital supply range (Core)	DCVDD	1.62	1.8	1.98	V
Digital supply range (I/O)	DBVDD	1.71	3.3	3.6	V
Analogue supply	LDOVDD	2.4	3.3	3.6	V
Speaker supply range	SPKVDD	1.71	3.3	3.6	V
Ground	GND		0		V

Note:

To ensure pop-free device start-up, LDOVDD must be enabled before SPKVDD



## THERMAL PERFORMANCE

Thermal analysis should be performed in the intended application to prevent the WM8946 from exceeding maximum junction temperature. Several contributing factors affect thermal performance most notably the physical properties of the mechanical enclosure, location of the device on the PCB in relation to surrounding components and the number of PCB layers. Connecting the GND balls through thermal vias and into a large ground plane will aid heat extraction.

Three main heat transfer paths exist to surrounding air as illustrated below in Figure 1:

- Package top to air (radiation).
- Package bottom to PCB (radiation).
- Package balls to PCB (conduction).



Figure 1 Heat Transfer Paths

The temperature rise  $T_R$  is given by  $T_R = P_D * \Theta_{JA}$ 

- P<sub>D</sub> is the power dissipated in the device.
- $\Theta_{JA}$  is the thermal resistance from the junction of the die to the ambient temperature and is therefore a measure of heat transfer from the die to surrounding air.  $\Theta_{JA}$  is determined with reference to JEDEC standard JESD51-9.

The junction temperature  $T_J$  is given by  $T_J = T_A + T_R$ , where  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Operating temperature range	T <sub>A</sub>	-40		85	°C
Operating junction temperature	TJ	-40		125	°C
Thermal Resistance	θ <sub>JC</sub>		30		°C/W
(Junction to Case)					
Thermal Resistance	θ <sub>JA</sub>		60		°C/W
(Junction to Ambient)					

Notes:

1. Junction temperature is a function of ambient temperature and of the device operating conditions. The ambient temperature limits and junction temperature limits must both be observed.



# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

### **Test Conditions**

DCVDD = 1.8V, DBVDD = LDOVDD = SPKVDD = 3.3V, LDOVOUT = 3.0V, GND = 0V,

 $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , 1kHz signal, fs = 48kHz, PGA gain = 0dB, 24-bit audio data unless otherwise stated.

	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analogue Inputs (IN1L, I	N2L, IN1R, IN2R)					
Maximum input signal		Single-ended input		1.0		Vrms
level (changes in				0		dBV
proportion to LDOVOUT)		Pseudo-differential input		0.7		Vrms
				-3.1		dBV
Input resistance (IN1L,		+35.25dB gain		3.5		kΩ
IN1R)		0dB gain		104		kΩ
		-12dB gain		166		kΩ
Input resistance (IN2L, IN2R)		All gain settings		96		kΩ
Input capacitance				10		pF
Analogue Inputs (AUX1,	AUX2)					
Maximum input signal		AUX1 or AUX2 enabled as audio		1.0		Vrms
level (changes in		input		0		dBV
proportion to LDOVOUT)				0		UDV
Input resistance		Input mixer path (0dB)		100		kΩ
		Output mixer / direct speaker path (0dB)		15		kΩ
		Output mixer / direct speaker path (-6dB)		30		kΩ
Input capacitance				10		pF
Analogue Inputs Progra	mmable Gain An	nplifiers (PGAs)				
Minimum programmable gain				-12		dB
Maximum programmable gain				35.25		dB
Gain step size		Guaranteed monotonic		0.75		dB
Mute attenuation	1			92		
						dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio		1kHz input		110		dB dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	mable Gain Am			110		
Common Mode Rejection Ratio Speaker Output Program	nmable Gain Am					dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio <b>Speaker Output Progran</b> Minimum programmable gain	nmable Gain Am			-57		dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio Speaker Output Program Minimum programmable gain Maximum programmable	nmable Gain Am					dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio Speaker Output Program Minimum programmable gain Maximum programmable gain	nmable Gain Am			-57		dB
Common Mode	nmable Gain Am	plifiers (PGAs)		-57		dB dB dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio Speaker Output Program Minimum programmable gain Maximum programmable gain Gain step size Mute attenuation		plifiers (PGAs) Guaranteed monotonic		-57 6 1		dB dB dB dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio Speaker Output Program Minimum programmable gain Maximum programmable gain Gain step size Mute attenuation ADC Input Path Perform		plifiers (PGAs) Guaranteed monotonic	84	-57 6 1		dB dB dB dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio Speaker Output Program Minimum programmable gain Maximum programmable gain Gain step size Mute attenuation ADC Input Path Perform SNR (A-weighted)		plifiers (PGAs) Guaranteed monotonic s to ADC)	84	-57 6 1 71 94	-75	dB dB dB dB dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio Speaker Output Program Minimum programmable gain Maximum programmable gain Gain step size Mute attenuation ADC Input Path Perform SNR (A-weighted) THD		plifiers (PGAs) Guaranteed monotonic s to ADC) -1dBFS input	84	-57 6 1 71 94 -83	-75 -70	dB dB dB dB dB dB dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio Speaker Output Program Minimum programmable gain Maximum programmable gain Gain step size		plifiers (PGAs) Guaranteed monotonic s to ADC)	84	-57 6 1 71 94	-75 -70	dB dB dB dB dB dB



PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	ingle-ended IN2	L, IN2R to Input PGA to Line Out	out, 10kΩ / 50	pF)	T	T
SNR (A-weighted)		PGA Gain = 0dB	90	98		dB
		INPPGAVOL = 0dB				
THD+N		PGA Gain = 0dB		-89.5	-82	dB
		INPPGAVOL = 0dB				
Bypass to Speaker Outpu	t ( Single-ender	d AUX1, AUX2 to Input PGA to SP	KMIX to Spea	ker Output	10kQ / 50pF)	
SNR (A-weighted)	it ( enigie enael	PGA Gain = 0dB	90	96		dB
SINIX (A-weighted)		INPPGAVOL = 0dB	90	90		uВ
TUD N						15
THD+N		PGA Gain = 0dB		-86.5	-77	dB
		INPPGAVOL = 0dB				
DAC Output Path Perform	nance (DAC to L	.ine Output, 10kΩ / 50pF)	-			
Maximum output signal				1		Vrms
level (changes in			1			
proportion to LDOVOUT)					ļ	<b> </b>
SNR (A-weighted)			85	96		dB
THD				-78	-72	dB
THD+N				-76	-70	dB
Channel separation				90		dB
(Left/Right)						
Mute attenuation				125		dB
PSRR (with respect to				48		dB
LDOVDD)				60		
Line Output Resistance				10		kΩ
Line Output Resistance				50		pF
				50		μг
	(2.4.2.)					
-	nance (DAC to S	speaker Output, 10kΩ / 50pF)	1	r	T	r
Maximum output signal				1		Vrms
level (changes in						
proportion to LDOVOUT)						
SNR (A-weighted)				96		dB
THD				-78		dB
THD+N				-76		dB
Speaker Output Performa	nce (Speaker O	utput, 8Ω BTL)				
SNR (A-weighted)			90	96		dB
THD		P <sub>o</sub> =150mW		0.03		%
		0		-68		dB
		P <sub>o</sub> =350mW		2.944		%
		F <sub>0</sub> =350mV				dB
		D 450 W		-30.6		
THD+N		P <sub>o</sub> =150mW		0.05		%
				-66		dB
		P <sub>o</sub> =350mW		3.72		%
				-28.6		dB
Channel separation				90		dB
(Left/Right)						
Mute attenuation				92		dB
PSRR (with respect to		217Hz		48		dB
LDOVDD)		1kHz		60		
PSRR (with respect to		217Hz		89		dB
SPKVDD)		1kHz		79		
Speaker Resistance		111112		79 8		0
UDEANEI NESISIAIILE				0	1	Ω
Speaker Capacitance				50		pF



PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
Digital Inputs/Outputs		1				
Input high level			0.7×DBVDD			V
Input low level					0.3×DBVDD	V
Output high level		I <sub>OL</sub> = 1mA	0.8×DBVDD			V
Output low level		I <sub>OH</sub> = -1mA			0.2×DBVDD	V
Input capacitance				10		pF
Input leakage		All digital pins except CIFMODE	-900		900	nA
1		CIFMODE pin	-90		90	nA
LDO Regulator			-11			
Input voltage	LDOVDD		2.4	3.3	3.6	V
Output voltage	LDOVOUT	LDO_REF_SEL = 0		3.0		V
Maximum output current				50		mA
(see note)						
Output voltage accuracy		$I_{LOAD} = 50 \text{mA}$		2		%
Quiescent current		No Load		55		μA
Leakage current				1		μA
PSRR (with respect to		217Hz		40		dB
LDOVDD)		1kHz		49		
Video Buffer						
Maximum output voltage	Vom	f=100kHz, THD=1%	1.10	1.25	1.50	V pk-pk
swing						
Voltage gain	Av	$VB\_GAIN = 1, R_{REF} = 187\Omega,$	5.08	6	7.94	dB
		$R_{LOAD}$ =75Ω, $R_{SOURCE}$ =75Ω VB_GAIN = 0, $R_{REF}$ =187Ω,	0.00	0	1.01	
		$R_{LOAD} = 75\Omega, R_{SOURCE} = 75\Omega$	-0.92	0	1.94	dB
Gain step size				6		dB
Differential gain	DG	Vin = 1V pk-pk	-2.0	0.3	+2.0	%
Differential phase	DP	Vin = 1V pk-pk	-2.0%	0.7	+2.0	Deg
SNR	VSNR		40	60	100	dB
SYNC tip offset above		VB_PD = 0	0	40	75	mV
GND		VB_GAIN = 1	Ũ	10	10	
Third order Low Pass		2.4MHz	-0.5	0	0.5	dB
Filter response		5.13MHz	-0.5	-0.2	0.5	dB
(referenced to 100kHz)		9.04MHz	-3.0	-1.6	0	dB
$R_{REF}$ =187 $\Omega$ , $R_{LOAD}$ =75 $\Omega$ ,		13.32MHz	-11.0	-7.0	-3.0	dB
$R_{SOURCE} = 75\Omega, 0 dB gain$					0.0	
PSRR (with respect to LDOVOUT)		100kHz		60		dB
Clocking	I	l			1	
MCLK frequency			30Hz		27MHz	Hz
FLL output frequency	1		2.045		50	MHz
FLL lock time	1		2.040	2		ms
	1					
MICBIAS	I	1	1		1	
Bias voltage (changes in	MICBIAS	$MICB_LVL = 0$		2.7		V
proportion to LDOVOUT)		MICB_LVL = 1		1.95		V
Bias Current source	1				3	mA
Output noise spectral	1	1kHz to 20kHz		15		nV/√Hz
density				.0		
PSRR (with respect to		217Hz		70		dB
LDOVDD)		1kHz		85		



PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analogue Reference Leve	els					
Midrail Reference Voltage (changes in proportion to LDOVOUT)	VMID	VMID_REF_SEL = 1 VMID_CTRL=1		1.5		V
Bandgap Reference		BG_VSEL=01010	-10%	1.5	+10%	V

#### Note:

The maximum LDO output current is the total internal and external load capability; internal circuits of the WM8946 will typically account for 25mA of this capacity.

### TERMINOLOGY

- Signal-to-Noise Ratio (dB) SNR is the difference in level between a full scale output signal and the device output noise with no signal applied, measured over a bandwidth of 20Hz to 20kHz. This ratio is also called idle channel noise. (No Auto-zero or Mute function is employed).
- Total Harmonic Distortion (dB) THD is the difference in level between a 1kHz reference sine wave output signal and the first seven harmonics of the output signal. The amplitude of the fundamental frequency of the output signal is compared to the RMS value of the next seven harmonics and expressed as a ratio.
- 3. Total Harmonic Distortion plus Noise (dB) THD+N is the difference in level between a 1kHz reference sine wave output signal and all noise and distortion products in the audio band. The amplitude of the fundamental reference frequency of the output signal is compared to the RMS value of all other noise and distortion products and expressed as a ratio.
- 4. Channel Separation (L/R) (dB) is a measure of the coupling between left and right channels. A full scale signal is applied to the left channel only, and the right channel amplitude is measured. Next, a full scale signal is applied to the right channel only, and the left channel amplitude is measured. The worst case channel separation is quoted; this is the difference in level between the full-scale output and the cross-channel output signal level, expressed as a ratio.
- 5. Mute Attenuation This is a measure of the difference in level between the full scale output signal and the output with mute applied.
- 6. Power Supply Rejection Ratio (dB) PSRR is a measure of ripple attenuation between a power supply rail and a signal output path. With the signal path idle, a small sine wave ripple is applied to power supply rail. The amplitude of the supply ripple is compared to the amplitude of the output signal generated and is expressed as a ratio.
- 7. All performance measurements are carried out with 20kHz AES17 low pass filter for distortion measurements, and an A-weighted filter for noise measurement. Failure to use such a filter will result in higher THD and lower SNR and Dynamic Range readings than are found in the Electrical Characteristics. The low pass filter removes out-of-band noise; although it is not audible, it may affect dynamic specification values.



## **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE**

## **INPUT PATH / OUTPUT PATH PERFORMANCE**

WM8946 ADC - THD+N v Ampltiude - ADC - Slave Mode



WM8946 - DAC to LINEOUT THD+N v Amplitude - Slave



WM8946 - DAC to SPKOUT 80hm BTL THD+N v Amplitude - 48kHz





# TYPICAL POWER CONSUMPTION

Condition	DCVDD Current	DBVDD Current	LDOVDD Current	SPKVDD Current	Total Current	Total Power
	@ 1.8V	@ 3.3V	@ 3.3V	@ 3.3V	(mA)	(mW)
Powerdown (no data)	0.178	0.062	0.007	0.002	0.249	0.555
Powerdown (+Master BIAS)	0.178	0.062	0.021	0.002	0.263	0.601
Powerdown (+Master BIAS+VMID buffer)	0.178	0.062	0.142	0.002	0.384	1.000
Powerdown (+Master BIAS+VMID buffer+VMID)	0.178	0.063	1.092	0.002	1.335	4.139
Playback to Lineout (no data)	4.272	0.057	2.336	0.007	6.672	15.610
Playback to Lineout (with data)	4.293	0.062	2.356	0.007	6.718	15.730
Video Buffer Only	0.178	0.062	5.088	0.020	5.348	17.381
Playback to Speaker (no data)	4.272	0.057	2.877	4.707	11.913	32.905
Playback to Speaker (with data)	4.294	0.062	2.895	4.730	11.981	33.096
Playback to Speaker (with data) 320hm	4.295	0.062	2.895	5.790	13.042	36.596
Playback to Speaker (with data) 16ohm	4.295	0.062	2.896	6.275	13.528	38.200
Mono Record (nodata)	2.992	0.088	3.728	0.007	6.815	18.002
Mono Record (with data)	2.999	0.100	3.727	0.007	6.833	18.050
Stereo Record (no data)	4.652	0.128	6.692	0.007	11.479	30.903
Stereo Record (with data)	4.654	0.128	6.692	0.007	11.481	30.906
Playback and Record (no data)	5.673	0.120	10.054	4.408	20.255	58.332
All On	5.408	0.099	62.323	4.211	24.253	71.923



# AUDIO SIGNAL PATHS DIAGRAM





## SIGNAL TIMING REQUIREMENTS

## SYSTEM CLOCK TIMING





#### **Test Conditions**

DCVDD = 1.8V, DBVDD = LDOVDD = SPKVDD = 3.3V, LDOVOUT = 3.0V, GND = 0V,  $T_A$  = +25°C.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Master Clock Timing						
MCLK cycle time	T <sub>MCLKY</sub>		0.037µs			S
MCLK duty cycle			60:40		40:60	
(= T <sub>MCLKH</sub> : T <sub>MCLKL</sub> )						

## AUDIO INTERFACE TIMING







#### **Test Conditions**

DCVDD = 1.8V, DBVDD = LDOVDD = SPKVDD = 3.3V, LDOVOUT = 3.0V, GND = 0V,

 $T_A$  = +25°C, 1kHz signal, fs = 48kHz, PGA gain = 0dB, 24-bit audio data unless otherwise stated.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Audio Interface Timing - Master Mode					
LRCLK propagation delay from BCLK falling edge	t <sub>DL</sub>			20	ns
ADCDAT propagation delay from BCLK falling edge	t <sub>DDA</sub>			20	ns
DACDAT setup time to BCLK rising edge	t <sub>DST</sub>	20			ns
DACDAT hold time from BCLK rising edge	t <sub>DHT</sub>	10			ns



#### SLAVE MODE





#### **Test Conditions**

DCVDD = 1.8V, DBVDD = LDOVDD = SPKVDD = 3.3V, LDOVOUT = 3.0V, GND = 0V,

 $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , 1kHz signal, fs = 48kHz, PGA gain = 0dB, 24-bit audio data unless otherwise stated.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
Audio Interface Timing - Slave Mode					
BCLK cycle time	t <sub>BCY</sub>	50			ns
BCLK pulse width high	t <sub>BCH</sub>	20			ns
BCLK pulse width low	t <sub>BCL</sub>	20			ns
LRCLK set-up time to BCLK rising edge	t <sub>LRSU</sub>	20			ns
LRCLK hold time from BCLK rising edge	t <sub>LRH</sub>	10			ns
DACDAT hold time from BCLK rising edge	t <sub>DH</sub>	10			ns
ADCDAT propagation delay from BCLK falling edge	t <sub>DD</sub>			20	ns
DACDAT set-up time to BCLK rising edge	t <sub>DS</sub>	20			ns

Note: BCLK period must always be greater than or equal to MCLK period.



## **CONTROL INTERFACE TIMING**



#### Figure 5 Control Interface Timing - 2-wire (I2C) Control Mode

### **Test Conditions**

 $\label{eq:DCVDD} DCVDD = 1.8V, DBVDD = LDOVDD = SPKVDD = 3.3V, LDOVOUT = 3.0V, GND = 0V, \\ T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}, 1\text{kHz} \text{ signal, fs} = 48\text{kHz}, PGA \text{ gain} = 0\text{dB}, 24\text{-bit} \text{ audio data unless otherwise stated}.$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SCLK Frequency				400	kHz
SCLK Low Pulse-Width	t <sub>1</sub>	1300			ns
SCLK High Pulse-Width	t <sub>2</sub>	600			ns
Hold Time (Start Condition)	t <sub>3</sub>	600			ns
Setup Time (Start Condition)	t <sub>4</sub>	600			ns
Data Setup Time	t <sub>5</sub>	100			ns
SDA, SCLK Rise Time	t <sub>6</sub>			300	ns
SDA, SCLK Fall Time	t <sub>7</sub>			300	ns
Setup Time (Stop Condition)	t <sub>8</sub>	600			ns
Data Hold Time	t <sub>9</sub>			900	ns
Pulse width of spikes that will be suppressed	t <sub>ps</sub>	0		5	ns





Figure 6 Control Interface Timing - 3-wire (SPI) Control Mode (Write Cycle)

Note: The data is latched on the 32<sup>nd</sup> falling edge of SCLK after 32 bits have been clocked into the device.



Figure 7 Control Interface Timing - 3-wire (SPI) Control Mode (Read Cycle)

#### **Test Conditions**

DCVDD = 1.8V, DBVDD = LDOVDD = SPKVDD = 3.3V, LDOVOUT = 3.0V, GND = 0V,

 $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , 1kHz signal, fs = 48kHz, PGA gain = 0dB, 24-bit audio data unless otherwise stated.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
CS falling edge to SCLK rising edge	t <sub>CSU</sub>	40			ns
SCLK falling edge to CS rising edge	t <sub>CHO</sub>	10			ns
SCLK pulse cycle time	t <sub>scy</sub>	200			ns
SCLK pulse width low	t <sub>SCL</sub>	80			ns
SCLK pulse width high	t <sub>SCH</sub>	80			ns
SDA to SCLK set-up time	t <sub>DSU</sub>	40			ns
SDA to SCLK hold time	t <sub>DHO</sub>	10			ns
Pulse width of spikes that will be suppressed	t <sub>ps</sub>	0		5	ns
SCLK falling edge to SDA output transition	t <sub>DL</sub>			40	ns





#### Figure 8 Control Interface Timing - 4-wire (SPI) Control Mode (Write Cycle)

Note: The data is latched on the 32<sup>nd</sup> falling edge of SCLK after 32 bits have been clocked into the device.



#### Figure 9 Control Interface Timing - 4-wire (SPI) Control Mode (Read Cycle)

#### **Test Conditions**

DCVDD = 1.8V, DBVDD = LDOVDD = SPKVDD = 3.3V, LDOVOUT = 3.0V, GND = 0V,

 $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , 1kHz signal, fs = 48kHz, PGA gain = 0dB, 24-bit audio data unless otherwise stated.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
CS falling edge to SCLK rising edge	t <sub>CSU</sub>	40			ns
SCLK falling edge to CS rising edge	t <sub>CHO</sub>	10			ns
SCLK pulse cycle time	t <sub>SCY</sub>	200			ns
SCLK pulse width low	t <sub>SCL</sub>	80			ns
SCLK pulse width high	t <sub>SCH</sub>	80			ns
SDA to SCLK set-up time	t <sub>DSU</sub>	40			ns
SDA to SCLK hold time	t <sub>DHO</sub>	10			ns
Pulse width of spikes that will be suppressed	t <sub>ps</sub>	0		5	ns
SCLK falling edge to SDOUT transition	t <sub>DL</sub>			40	ns



## **DEVICE DESCRIPTION**

### INTRODUCTION

The WM8946 is a highly integrated low power hi-fi CODEC designed for portable devices such as digital still cameras and multimedia phones. Flexible analogue interfaces and powerful digital signal processing (DSP) in a 2.96 x 3.06mm footprint make it ideal for small portable devices.

The WM8946 supports up to 6 analogue audio inputs. One pair of single-ended or pseudo differential microphone / line inputs is selected as the ADC input source. The two auxiliary inputs can be selected as line inputs to the ADC, or as direct signal paths to the output mixers. An integrated bias reference is provided to power standard electret microphones. A two-channel digital microphone interface is also supported, with direct input to the DSP core via the ADCs.

The stereo hi-fi ADCs and DACs operate at sample rates from 8kHz up to 48kHz. A high pass filter is available in the ADC path for removing DC offsets and suppressing low frequency noise such as mechanical vibration and wind noise. A digital tone ('beep') generator allows audio tones to be injected into the DAC output path.

The WM8946 provides a powerful DSP capability for configurable filtering and processing of the digital audio paths. The DSP provides low-pass / high-pass filtering, 3D stereo enhancement, notch filters, 5-band EQ, dynamic range control and a programmable DF1 digital filter. The tuned notch filters allow narrow frequency bands to be attenuated, to provide filtering of motor noise or other unwanted sounds; the 5-band EQ allows the signal to be adjusted for user-preferences. The dynamic range control provides a range of compression, limiting and noise gate functions to support optimum configuration for recording or playback modes. The DF1 filter allows user-specified algorithms to be implemented in the digital signal chain.

The ReTune<sup>™</sup> feature is a highly-configurable DSP algorithm which can be tailored to cancel or compensate for imperfect characteristics of the housing, loudspeaker or microphone components in the target application. The ReTune<sup>™</sup> algorithm coefficients and register contents are calculated using Cirrus Logic's WISCE<sup>™</sup> software; lab bench tests and audio reference measurements must be performed in order to determine the optimum settings.

The digital signal routing between the ADCs, DACs and I2S digital audio interface can be configured in different ways according to the application requirements. The DSP functions may be applied to the ADC record path, or the DAC record path, or may be distributed between these two paths.

Four analogue output mixers are provided, connected to 4 analogue output pins. Twin stereo outputs or stereo headphone/line and mono BTL speaker may be connected to these outputs.

The WM8946 incorporates an LDO regulator for compatibility with a wide range of supply rails; the internal LDO can also reduce any interference resulting from a noisy supply rail. The LDO regulator can also be used to provide a regulated supply voltage to other circuits.

I2C or SPI control interface modes for read/write access to the register map. A single external clock provides timing reference for all the digital functions; an integrated Frequency Locked Loop (FLL) also provides flexibility to perform frequency conversions and to remove noise/jitter from the external clock. The FLL can be configured for reduced power consumption, or for different filtering requirements of the reference source.

Additional functions include a current-mode video buffer providing excellent video signal reproduction at low operating voltages. Up to 4 GPIO pins may be configured for miscellaneous input/output, or for status indications from the temperature monitoring functions.



### ANALOGUE INPUT SIGNAL PATH

The WM8946 has six analogue input pins, which may be selected in many different configurations. The analogue input paths can support line and microphone inputs, in single-ended or pseudodifferential modes. The auxiliary input pins (AUX1 and AUX2) may be configured as inputs to the input PGAs or to the output mixers.

The Left and Right input PGA audio channels are routed to the Analogue to Digital converters (ADCs). There is also a bypass path for each channel, enabling the signal to be routed directly to the output mixers.

The WM8946 input signal paths and control registers are illustrated in Figure 10.



Figure 10 Input Signal Paths



#### INPUT PGA ENABLE

The input PGAs (Programmable Gain Amplifiers) are enabled using register bits INPPGAR\_ENA and INPPGAL\_ENA, as described in Table 1.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R2 (02h)	13	INPPGAR_ENA	0	Right Input PGA Enable
Power				0 = Disabled
Management 1				1 = Enabled
	12	INPPGAL_ENA	0	Left Input PGA Enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled

Table 1 Input PGA Enable

To enable the input PGAs, the reference voltage VMID and the bias current must also be enabled. See "Reference Voltages and Master Bias" for details of the associated controls VMID\_SEL and BIAS\_ENA.

#### **INPUT PGA CONFIGURATION**

Microphone and Line level audio inputs can be connected to the WM8946 in single-ended or differential configurations. (These two configurations are illustrated in Figure 57 and Figure 58 in the section describing the external components requirements - see "Applications Information".)

For single-ended microphone inputs, the microphone signal is connected to the non-inverting input of the PGAs, whilst the inverting inputs of the PGAs are connected to VMID. For differential microphone inputs, the non-inverted microphone signal is connected to the non-inverting input of the PGAs, whilst the inverted (or 'noisy ground') signal is connected to the inverting input pins.

Line level inputs are connected in the same way as a single-ended microphone signal.

The non-inverting input of the PGAs is configured using the P\_PGAR\_SEL and P\_PGAL\_SEL registers. These registers allow the selection of three possible input pins to the associated PGA. When the AUX1 or AUX2 pin is used as an audio input, that pin must be configured for audio using the AUX1\_AUDIO or AUX2\_AUDIO register bits.

The inverting input of the PGAs is configured using MICRN\_TO\_N\_PGAR and MICLN\_TO\_N\_PGAL. These registers allow the PGA to operate in either single-ended or pseudo-differential configuration.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R39 (27h)	8	AUX2_AUDIO	0	AUX2 pin configuration
Input Ctrl				0 = Non-Audio signal
				1 = AC-coupled Audio signal
	7	AUX1_AUDIO	0	AUX1 pin configuration
				0 = Non-Audio signal
				1 = AC-coupled Audio signal
	5	MICRN_TO_N_ PGAR	1	Right Input PGA Inverting Input Select
				0 = Connected to VMID
				1 = Connected to IN2R
	4	MICLN_TO_N_P GAL	1	Left Input PGA Inverting Input Select
				0 = Connected to VMID
				1 = Connected to IN2L

The registers for configuring the Input PGAs are described in Table 2.



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
	3:2	P_PGAR_SEL [1:0]	01	Right Input PGA Non-Inverting Input Select
				00 = Connected to IN2R
				01 = Connected to IN1R
				10 = Connected to AUX2
				11 = Reserved
	1:0	P_PGAL_SEL [1:0]	01	Left Input PGA Non-Inverting Input Select
				00 = Connected to IN2L
				01 = Connected to IN1L
				10 = Connected to AUX1
				11 = Reserved

Table 2 Input PGA Configuration

#### **MICROPHONE BIAS CONTROL**

The WM8946 provides a low noise reference voltage suitable for biasing electret condenser (ECM) type microphones via an external resistor. Refer to the "Applications Information" section for recommended components. The MICBIAS voltage is enabled using the MICB\_ENA register bit; the voltage can be selected using the MICB\_LVL bit, as described in Table 3.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R2 (02h)	4	MICB_ENA	0	Microphone Bias Enable
Power				0 = Disabled
Management 1				1 = Enabled
R39 (27h)	6	MICB_LVL	0	Microphone Bias Voltage control
Input Ctrl				0 = 0.9 x LDOVOUT
				1 = 0.65 x LDOVOUT

Table 3 Microphone Bias Control

#### **INPUT PGA GAIN CONTROL**

The volume control gain for the Left and Right channels can be independently adjusted using the PGAL\_VOL and PGAR\_VOL register fields as described in Table 4. The gain range is -12dB to +35.25dB in 0.75dB steps. The gains on the inverting and non-inverting inputs to the PGAs are always equal. Each input PGA can be independently muted using the PGA mute bits.

To prevent "zipper noise", a zero-cross function is provided on the input PGAs. When this feature is enabled, volume updates will not take place until a zero-crossing is detected. In the case of a long period without zero-crossings, a timeout function is provided. When the zero-cross function is enabled, the volume will update after the timeout period if no earlier zero-cross has occurred. The timeout clock is enabled using TOCLK\_ENA. See "Clocking and Sample Rates" for the definition of this bit. Note that the zero-cross function can be supported without TOCLK enabled, but the timeout function will not be provided in this case.

The PGA\_VU bits control the loading of the input PGA volume data. When PGA\_VU is set to 0, the PGA volume data will be loaded into the respective control register, but will not actually change the gain setting. The left and right input PGA volume settings are both updated when a 1 is written to PGA\_VU; this makes it possible to update the gain of the left and right signal paths simultaneously.

Note that SYSCLK must be enabled when writing to the PGA\_VU bits. (See "Clocking and Sample Rates" for details of SYSCLK.)



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R40 (28h)	8	PGA_VU	0	Input PGA Volume Update
Left INP PGA gain ctrl				Writing a 1 to this bit will cause the Left and Right Input PGA volumes to be updated simultaneously.
	7	PGAL_ZC	0	Left Input PGA Zero Cross Detector
				0 = Change gain immediately
				1 = Change gain on zero cross only
	6	PGAL_MUTE	1	Left Input PGA Mute
				0 = Disable Mute
				1 = Enable Mute
	5:0	PGAL_VOL [5:0]	01_0000	Left Input PGA Volume
			(0dB)	00_0000 = -12dB
				00_0001 = -11.25dB
				01_0000 = 0dB
				11_1111 = +35.25
				(See Table 5 for volume range)
R41 (29h)	8	PGA_VU	0	Input PGA Volume Update
Right INP PGA gain ctrl				Writing a 1 to this bit will cause the Left and Right Input PGA volumes to be updated simultaneously.
	7	PGAR_ZC	0	Right Input PGA Zero Cross Detector
				0 = Change gain immediately
				1 = Change gain on zero cross only
	6	PGAR_MUTE	1	Right Input PGA Mute
				0 = Disable Mute
				1 = Enable Mute
	5:0	PGAR_VOL	01_0000	Right Input PGA Volume
		[5:0]	(0dB)	00_0000 = -12dB
				00_0001 = -11.25dB
				01_0000 = 0dB
				 11_1111 = +35.25
				(See Table 5 for volume range)

The Input PGA volume control register fields are described in Table 4.

Table 4 Input PGA Volume Control



PGAL_VOL[5:0], PGAR_VOL[5:0]	VOLUME (dB)	PGAL_VOL[5:0], PGAR_VOL[5:0]	VOLUME (dB)
00_0000	-12	10_0000	12
00_0001	-11.25	10_0001	12.75
00_0010	-10.5	10_0010	13.5
00_0011	-9.75	10_0011	14.25
00_0100	-9	10_0100	15
00_0101	-8.25	10_0101	15.75
00_0110	-7.5	10_0110	16.5
00_0111	-6.75	10_0111	17.25
00_1000	-6	10_1000	18
00_1001	-5.25	10_1001	18.75
00_1010	-4.5	10_1010	19.5
00_1011	-3.75	10_1011	20.25
00_1100	-3	10_1100	21
00_1101	-2.25	10_1101	21.75
00_1110	-1.5	10_1110	22.5
00_1111	-0.75	10_1111	23.25
01_0000	0	11_0000	24
01_0001	0.75	11_0001	24.75
01_0010	1.5	11_0010	25.5
01_0011	2.25	11_0011	26.25
01_0100	3	11_0100	27
01_0101	3.75	11_0101	27.75
01_0110	4.5	11_0110	28.5
01_0111	5.25	11_0111	29.25
01_1000	6	11_1000	30
01_1001	6.75	11_1001	30.75
01_1010	7.5	11_1010	31.5
01_1011	8.25	11_1011	32.25
01_1100	9	11_1100	33
01_1101	9.75	11_1101	33.75
01_1110	10.5	11_1110	34.5
01_1111	11.25	11_1111	35.25

Table 5 Input PGA Volume Range



### DIGITAL MICROPHONE INTERFACE

The WM8946 supports a two-channel digital microphone interface. The two-channel audio data is multiplexed on the IN1L input pin and clocked using a GPIO output. The analogue signal path from the IN1L pin must be disabled when using the digital microphone interface; this is achieved by disabling the associated input PGA, (i.e. INPPGAL\_ENA= 0).

The Digital Microphone Input, DMICDAT, is provided on the IN1L/DMICDAT pin. The associated clock, DMICCLK, is provided on a GPIO pin.

The Digital Microphone Input is selected as input by setting the DMIC\_ENA bit. When the Digital Microphone Input is selected, the ADC input is deselected.

The digital microphone interface configuration is illustrated in Figure 11.

Note that the digital microphone may be powered from MICBIAS or from LDOVOUT; care must be taken to ensure that the respective digital logic levels of the microphone are compatible with the digital input thresholds of the WM8946. The digital input thresholds are referenced to DBVDD, as defined in "Electrical Characteristics".



Figure 11 Digital Microphone Interface

When any GPIO pin is configured as DMICCLK output, the WM8946 outputs a clock which supports Digital Mic operation at the ADC sampling rate. The ADC and Record Path filters must be enabled and the ADC sampling rate must be set in order to ensure correct operation of all DSP functions associated with the digital microphone. Volume control for the Digital Microphone Interface signals is provided using the ADC Volume Control.

See "Analogue-to-Digital Converter (ADC)" for details of the ADC Enable and volume control functions. See "General Purpose Input / Output" for details of configuring the DMICCLK output. See "Clocking and Sample Rates" for the details of the sample rate control.

When the DMIC\_ENA bit is set, then the IN1L pin is used as the digital microphone input DMICDAT. Up to two microphones can share this pin; the two microphones are interleaved as illustrated in Figure 12.

The digital microphone interface requires that MIC1 (Left Channel) transmits a data bit each time that DMICCLK is high, and MIC2 (Right Channel) transmits when DMICCLK is low. The WM8946 samples the digital microphone data in the middle of each DMICCLK clock phase. Each microphone must tristate its data output when the other microphone is transmitting.





Figure 12 Digital Microphone Interface Timing

The digital microphone interface control fields are described in Table 6.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R2 (02h)	7	DMIC_ENA	0	Enables Digital Microphone mode
Power				0 = Audio DSP input is from ADC
Management 1				1 = Audio DSP input is from digital microphone interface
				When DMIC_ENA = 0, the Digital microphone clock (DMICCLK) is held low.

Table 6 Digital Microphone Interface Control

## ANALOGUE-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER (ADC)

The WM8946 uses two 24-bit sigma-delta ADCs. The use of multi-bit feedback and high oversampling rates reduces the effects of jitter and high frequency noise. The ADC full-scale input level is proportional to LDOVOUT. See "Electrical Characteristics" section for further details. Any input signal greater than full scale may overload the ADC and cause distortion.

The ADCs and associated digital record filters are enabled by the ADCL\_ENA and ADCR\_ENA register bits.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R2 (02h)	11	ADCR_ENA	0	Right ADC Enable
Power				0 = Disabled
Management				1 = Enabled
1				ADCR_ENA must be set to 1 when processing right channel data from the ADC or Digital Microphone.
	10	ADCL_ENA	0	Left ADC Enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
				ADCL_ENA must be set to 1 when processing left channel data from the ADC or Digital Microphone.

Table 7 ADC Enable Control



#### ADC VOLUME CONTROL

The output of the ADCs can be digitally amplified or attenuated over a range from -71.625dB to +23.625dB in 0.375dB steps. The volume of each channel can be controlled separately using ADCL\_VOL or ADCR\_VOL. The ADC Volume is part of the ADC Digital Filters block. The gain for a given eight-bit code X is given by:

 $0.375 \times (X-192) \text{ dB}$  for  $1 \le X \le 255$ ; MUTE for X = 0

The ADC\_VU bit controls the loading of digital volume control data. When ADC\_VU is set to 0, the ADCL\_VOL or ADCR\_VOL control data is loaded into the respective control register, but does not actually change the digital gain setting. Both left and right gain settings are updated when a 1 is written to ADC\_VU. This makes it possible to update the gain of both channels simultaneously.

The output of the ADCs can be digitally muted using the ADCL\_MUTE or ADCR\_MUTE bits. Both ADCs are muted simultaneously when the ADC\_MUTEALL bit is set.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R25 (19h)	8	ADC_MUTEALL	0	ADC Digital Mute for All Channels
ADC Control 1				0 = Disable Mute
				1 = Enable Mute on all channels
R27 (1Bh)	12	ADC_VU	0	ADC Volume Update
Left ADC Digital Vol				Writing a 1 to this bit will cause Left and Right ADC volume to be updated simultaneously
	8	ADCL_MUTE	0	Left ADC Digital Mute
				0 = Disable Mute
				1 = Enable Mute
	7:0	ADCL_VOL [7:0]	1100_0000	Left ADC Digital Volume
			(0dB)	0000_0000 = mute
				0000_0001 = -71.625dB
				0000_0010 = -71.250dB
				1100_0000 = 0dB
				1111_111 = +23.625dB
				(See Table 9 for volume range)
R28 (1Ch)	12	ADC_VU	0	ADC Volume Update
Right ADC Digital Vol				Writing a 1 to this bit will cause Left and Right ADC volume to be updated simultaneously
	8	ADCR_MUTE	0	Right ADC Digital Mute
				0 = Disable Mute
				1 = Enable Mute
	7:0	ADCR_VOL [7:0]	1100_0000	Right ADC Digital Volume
			(0dB)	0000_0000 = mute
				0000_0001 = -71.625dB
				0000_0010 = -71.250dB
				1100_0000 = 0dB
				1111_111 = +23.625dB
				(See Table 9 for volume range)

Table 8 ADC Digital Volume Control



Г	ADCL VOL or		ADCL_VOL or		ADCL_VOL or		ADCL VOL or	
	ADCR_VOL	Volume (dB)	ADCR_VOL	Volume (dB)	ADCR_VOL	Volume (dB)	ADCR_VOL	Volume (dB)
	0h	MUTE	40h	-48.000	80h	-24.000	C0h	0.000
	1h	-71.625	41h	-47.625	81h	-23.625	C1h	0.375
	2h	-71.250	42h	-47.250	82h	-23.250	C2h	0.750
	3h	-70.875	43h	-46.875	83h	-22.875	C3h	1.125
	4h	-70.500	44h	-46.500	84h	-22.500	C4h	1.500
	5h	-70.125	45h	-46.125	85h	-22.125	C5h	1.875
	6h	-69.750	46h	-45.750	86h	-21.750	C6h	2.250
	7h	-69.375	47h	-45.375	87h	-21.375	C7h	2.625
	8h	-69.000	48h	-45.000	88h	-21.000	C8h	3.000
	9h	-68.625	49h	-44.625	89h	-20.625	C9h	3.375
	Ah	-68.250	4Ah	-44.250	8Ah	-20.250	CAh	3.750
	Bh	-67.875	4Bh	-43.875	8Bh	-19.875	CBh	4.125
	Ch	-67.500	4Ch	-43.500	8Ch	-19.500	CCh	4.500
	Dh	-67.125	4Dh	-43.125	8Dh	-19.125	CDh	4.875
	Eh	-66.750	4Eh	-42.750	8Eh	-18.750	CEh	5.250
	Fh	-66.375	4Fh	-42.375	8Fh	-18.375	CFh	5.625
	10h	-66.000	50h	-42.000	90h	-18.000	D0h	6.000
	11h 12h	-65.625	51h 52h	-41.625	91h 92h	-17.625	D1h D2h	6.375
	12h 13h	-65.250 -64.875	52h 53h	-41.250 -40.875	92h 93h	-17.250 -16.875	D2h D3h	6.750 7.125
	13n 14h	-64.875 -64.500	53h	-40.875 -40.500	93h 94h	-16.500	D3h D4h	7.125
	140 15h	-64.500 -64.125	5411 55h	-40.125	9411 95h	-16.125	D4n D5h	7.875
	16h	-63.750	56h	-39.750	96h	-15.750	D6h	8.250
	17h	-63.375	57h	-39.375	97h	-15.375	D7h	8.625
	18h	-63.000	58h	-39.000	98h	-15.000	D8h	9.000
	19h	-62.625	59h	-38.625	99h	-14.625	D9h	9.375
	1Ah	-62.250	5Ah	-38.250	9Ah	-14.250	DAh	9.750
	1Bh	-61.875	5Bh	-37.875	9Bh	-13.875	DBh	10.125
	1Ch	-61.500	5Ch	-37.500	9Ch	-13.500	DCh	10.500
	1Dh	-61.125	5Dh	-37.125	9Dh	-13.125	DDh	10.875
	1Eh	-60.750	5Eh	-36.750	9Eh	-12.750	DEh	11.250
	1Fh	-60.375	5Fh	-36.375	9Fh	-12.375	DFh	11.625
	20h	-60.000	60h	-36.000	A0h	-12.000	E0h	12.000
	21h	-59.625	61h	-35.625	A1h	-11.625	E1h	12.375
	22h	-59.250	62h	-35.250	A2h	-11.250	E2h	12.750
	23h	-58.875	63h	-34.875	A3h	-10.875	E3h	13.125
	24h	-58.500	64h	-34.500	A4h	-10.500	E4h	13.500
	25h	-58.125	65h	-34.125	A5h	-10.125	E5h	13.875
	26h	-57.750	66h	-33.750	A6h	-9.750	E6h	14.250
	27h	-57.375	67h	-33.375	A7h	-9.375	E7h	14.625
	28h	-57.000	68h	-33.000	A8h	-9.000	E8h	15.000
	29h	-56.625	69h	-32.625	A9h	-8.625	E9h	15.375
	2Ah	-56.250	6Ah	-32.250	AAh	-8.250	EAh	15.750
	2Bh	-55.875	6Bh	-31.875	ABh	-7.875	EBh	16.125
	2Ch	-55.500	6Ch	-31.500	ACh	-7.500	ECh	16.500
	2Dh	-55.125	6Dh	-31.125	ADh	-7.125	EDh	16.875
	2Eh	-54.750	6Eh	-30.750	AEh	-6.750	EEh	17.250
	2Fh	-54.375	6Fh	-30.375	AFh	-6.375	EFh	17.625
	30h	-54.000	70h 71b	-30.000	B0h B1b	-6.000	F0h	18.000
	31h 22b	-53.625	71h 72b	-29.625	B1h B2b	-5.625	F1h	18.375
	32h 33h	-53.250	72h 73b	-29.250	B2h B3h	-5.250	F2h F3h	18.750
	33n 34h	-52.875 -52.500	73h 74h	-28.875 -28.500	B3h B4h	-4.875 -4.500	F3h F4h	19.125 19.500
	35h	-52.500 -52.125	740 75h	-28.500	B5h	-4.125	F5h	19.875
	36h	-51.750	76h	-27.750	B6h	-3.750	F6h	20.250
	37h	-51.375	70h	-27.375	B011 B7h	-3.375	F7h	20.230
	38h	-51.000	78h	-27.000	B8h	-3.000	F8h	21.000
	39h	-50.625	79h	-26.625	B9h	-2.625	F9h	21.375
	3Ah	-50.250	7Ah	-26.250	BAh	-2.250	FAh	21.750
	3Bh	-49.875	7Bh	-25.875	BBh	-1.875	FBh	22.125
	3Ch	-49.500	7Ch	-25.500	BCh	-1.500	FCh	22.500
	3Dh	-49.125	7Dh	-25.125	BDh	-1.125	FDh	22.875
	3Eh	-48.750	7Eh	-24.750	BEh	-0.750	FEh	23.250
	3Fh	-48.375	7Fh	-24.375	BFh	-0.375	FFh	23.625

Table 9 ADC Digital Volume Range



#### ADC HIGH PASS FILTER

A digital high-pass filter can be applied to the ADC path to remove DC offsets. This filter can also be programmed to remove low frequency noise in handheld applications (e.g. wind noise, handling noise or mechanical vibration). This filter is controlled using the ADC\_HPF and ADC\_HPF\_CUT register bits (see Table 10).

Note that the ADC HPF is NOT enabled by default but must be used if DRC\_ENA is enabled in register R29(1Dh) bit 7. The DRC will not function correctly unless this filter is enabled.

When ADC\_HPF\_CUT=00, the high pass filter is optimised for hi-fi audio modes; the filter is designed to remove DC offsets without degrading the bass response and has a cut-off frequency of 3.7Hz at fs=44.1kHz.

In the other ADC\_HPF\_CUT modes. The high pass filter is optimised for voice communication modes. It is recommended to select a cut-off frequency below 300Hz; the preferred setting may vary according to the voice communication sample rate. (e.g. ADC\_HPF\_CUT=11 at fs=8kHz or ADC\_HPF\_CUT=10 at fs=16kHz).

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R26 (1Ah) ADC Control 2	2:1	ADC_HPF_CUT [1:0]	00	High pass filter configuration. 00 = 1st order HPF (fc=4Hz at fs=48kHz) 01 = 2nd order HPF (fc=122Hz at fs=48kHz) 10 = 2nd order HPF (fc=153Hz at fs=48kHz) 11 = 2nd order HPF (fc=196Hz at fs=48kHz) (See Table 11 for cut-off frequencies at all supported sample
	0	ADC_HPF	0	rates) ADC Digital High Pass Filter Enable 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled

Table 10 ADC High-pass Filter Control Registers

		Value of ADC_HPF_CUT bits			
Sample Rate	00	01	10	11	
(kHz)		Cut-off freq	uency (Hz)		
8.000	0.7	20	26	33	
11.025	0.9	28	36	45	
16.000	1.3	41	51	66	
22.050	1.9	56	71	90	
24.000	2.0	61	77	98	
32.000	2.7	81	102	131	
44.100	3.7	112	141	180	
48.000	4.0	122	153	196	

Table 11 ADC High-pass Filter Cut-off Frequencies

Filter response plots for the ADC high-pass filter are shown in "Digital Filter Characteristics".



### DSP CORE

DSP Core is at the centre of the ADC / DAC / Digital Audio Interface (I2S) blocks. It provides signal routing, and also implements a number of configurable signal processing functions.

The signal processing functions are arranged in three blocks, as follows:

- Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) Low-pass / High-pass filter, 3D-stereo enhancement, 5 notch filters, generic 'Direct-Form 1' filter.
- Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ processing, 5-band equalizer.
- Signal Enhancement 3 (SE3) Dynamic range control

The DSP Configuration modes and each of the Signal Enhancement blocks is described in the following sections.

#### **DSP CONFIGURATION MODES**

The DSP Configuration Mode is determined using the SE\_CONFIG register field; this configures the signal paths between the Signal Enhancement blocks and the ADC / DAC / I2S interfaces. The supported DSP modes are illustrated in Figure 13.







Record mode enables the entire set of Signal Enhancement functions in the ADC path. The direct DAC path is also active, without any Signal Enhancement functions; this allows basic audio playback and digital beep generation.

Playback mode enables the entire set of DSP functions in the DAC path. The direct ADC path is also active, without any DSP functions; this allows basic audio record functions to the host system.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R64 (40h)	3:0	SE_CONFIG	0000	DSP Configuration Mode select
SE Config		[3:0]		0000 = Record mode
Selection				0001 = Playback mode
				0010 = Reserved
				0011 = Reserved

Table 12 DSP Configuration Mode Select



#### LOW-PASS / HIGH-PASS FILTER (LPF/HPF)



The Low-pass / High-pass filter is part of the SE1 block. This first-order filter can be configured to be high-pass, low-pass; it can also be bypassed. The cut-off frequency is programmable; the default setting is bypass (OFF). The left and right channel parameters may be programmed individually. The left and right filters are enabled using the SE1\_LHPF\_L\_ENA and SE1\_LHPF\_R\_ENA register bits defined in Table 13. For the derivation of the other associated registers, refer to the configuration tools supplied with the WM8946 Evaluation Kit.

Example plots of the Low-pass / High-pass filter response are shown in Figure 14.



Figure 14 Low-pass / High-pass Filter Responses



3D SURROUND



The 3D-stereo surround effect is part of the SE1 block. This function uses time delays and controlled cross-talk mechanisms to adjust the depth or width of the stereo audio. The 3D-stereo surround effect includes programmable high-pass or low-pass filtering to limit the 3D effect to specific frequency bands if required. The structure of the 3D surround processing is illustrated in Figure 15.



Figure 15 3D Surround Processing

The 3D surround depth is programmable; the default setting is OFF. The 3D surround processing can also be configured to create a mono mix of the Left and Right channels.

The 3D effect is enabled on the left and right channels using the SE1\_3D\_L\_ENA and SE1\_3D\_R\_ENA register bits defined in Table 13. These bits can be set independently of each other. For the derivation of the other associated registers, refer to the configuration tools supplied with the WM8946 Evaluation Kit.



**5-NOTCH FILTER** 



The 5-notch filter is part of the SE1 block. This function allows up to 5 programmable frequency bands to be attenuated. The frequency and width of each notch is configurable; the depth of the attenuation may also be adjusted. The default setting is bypass (OFF).

The notch filters may be enabled on the left and right channels using the SE1\_NOTCH\_L\_ENA and SE1\_NOTCH\_R\_ENA register bits defined in Table 13. Note that, although the 5-notch filter can be enabled on the left/right channels independently, the parameters that define the notch filters apply equally to the left and right channels, when enabled.

The notch filter coefficients are programmed in registers R72 to R91. For the derivation of these registers, refer to the configuration tools supplied with the WM8946 Evaluation Kit.

Note that the notch filters should not be configured for centre-frequencies below 120Hz. To apply filtering at low frequencies, the SE1 High Pass Filter should be used.

Typical applications for the notch filters are filtering of fixed-frequency noise or resonances; these might arise from a motor (e.g. DSC zoom lens motor) or from characteristics of the application housing. Example plots of the Notch filter response are shown in Figure 16.



Figure 16 Notch Filter Responses


**DF1 FILTER** 



The DF1 filter is part of the SE1 block. This provides a direct-form 1 standard filter, as illustrated in Figure 17. All of the filter coefficients are programmable for the left and right channels independently. The default coefficients give a transparent filter response.



Figure 17 Direct-Form 1 Standard Filter Structure

The DF1 response is defined by the following equations:

$$y[n] = c_1 x[n] + c_2 x[n-1] + c_3 y[n-1]$$
$$H = \frac{y}{x} = \frac{c_1 + c_2 z^{-1}}{1 - c_3 z^{-1}}$$

The DF1 filters may be enabled on the left and right channels using the SE1\_DF1\_L\_ENA and SE1\_DF1\_R\_ENA register bits defined in Table 13. For the derivation of the other associated registers, refer to the configuration tools supplied with the WM8946 Evaluation Kit.

The DF1 filter can be used to implement very complex response patterns, with specific phase and gain responses at different frequencies. Typical applications of this type of filter include the application of refinements or compensations to the 3D enhancement or other user-selected filters.

### **RETUNE<sup>™</sup> FILTER**



The ReTune<sup>™</sup> filter is part of the SE2 block. This is a very advanced feature that is intended to perform frequency linearization according to the particular needs of the application microphone, loudspeaker or housing. The ReTune<sup>™</sup> algorithms can provide acoustic equalisation and selective phase (delay) control of specific frequency bands.

The ReTune<sup>TM</sup> filters are enabled using the SE2\_RETUNE\_L\_ENA and SE2\_RETUNE\_R\_ENA register bits defined in Table 14.

The ReTune <sup>™</sup> filter coefficients are programmed in registers R101 to R132. For the derivation of the other ReTune configuration parameters, the WISCE<sup>™</sup> software must be used to analyse the requirements of the application. (Refer to WISCE<sup>™</sup> for further information.) If desired, one or more sets of register coefficients might be derived for different operating scenarios, and these may be



recalled and written to the CODEC registers as required in the target application. The ReTune configuration procedure involves the generation and analysis of test signals as outlined below.

To determine the characteristics of the microphone in an application, a test signal is applied to a loudspeaker that is in the acoustic path to the microphone. The received signal through the application microphone is analysed and compared with the received signal from a reference microphone in order to determine the characteristics of the application microphone.

To determine the characteristics of the loudspeaker in an application, a test signal is applied to the target application. A reference microphone is positioned in the normal acoustic path of the loudspeaker, and the received signal is analysed to determine how accurately the loudspeaker has reproduced the test signal.

#### **5-BAND EQ**



The 5-band EQ is part of the SE2 block. This function allows 5 frequency bands to be controlled. The upper and lower frequency bands are controlled by low-pass and high-pass filters respectively. The middle three frequency bands are notch filters. The cut-off / centre frequency of each filter is programmable, and up to 12dB gain or attenuation can be selected in each case. The left and right channel parameters may be programmed individually.

The 5-band EQ (Left channel) may be enabled using the SE2\_5BEQ\_L\_ENA register bit defined in Table 14. Note that, to disable the 5-band EQ (Right channel), the gain of each Right channel frequency band must be set to 0dB. For the derivation of the other associated registers, refer to the WISCE software.

Typical applications of the 5-band EQ include the selection of user-preferences for different music types, such as 'rock', 'dance' or 'classical' EQ profiles.

### **DYNAMIC RANGE CONTROL (DRC)**



The Dynamic Range Control (DRC) forms the SE3 block. The DRC provides a range of compression, limiting and noise gate functions to support optimum configuration for recording or playback modes. The DRC is configured using the control fields in registers R29 to R35 - see "Dynamic Range Control".



### SIGNAL ENHANCEMENT REGISTER CONTROLS

The SE1 'enable' bits are described in Table 13. Note that other control fields must also be determined and written to the WM8946 using WISCE™ or other tools. The registers described below only allow the sub-blocks of SE1 to be enabled or disabled.

Note that it is not recommended to access these control fields unless appropriate values have been written to the associated bits in registers R65 to R98.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R65 (41h) SE1_LHPF_C ONFIG	1	SE1_LHPF_R_E NA	0	SE1 Right channel low-pass / high- pass filter enable 0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	0	SE1_LHPF_L_E NA	0	SE1 Left channel low-pass / high- pass filter enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
R68 (44h) SE1_3D_CON	1	SE1_3D_R_ENA	0	SE1 Right channel 3D stereo enhancement filter enable
FIG				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	0	SE1_3D_L_ENA	0	SE1 Left channel 3D stereo enhancement filter enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
R71 (47h) SE1 NOTCH	1	SE1_NOTCH_R _ENA	0	SE1 Right channel notch filters enable
CONFIG				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	0	SE1_NOTCH_L_ ENA	0	SE1 Left channel notch filters enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
R92 (5Ch)	1	SE1_DF1_R_EN	0	SE1 Right channel DF1 filter enable
SE1_DF1_CO		А		0 = Disabled
NFIG				1 = Enabled
	0	SE1_DF1_L_EN	0	SE1 Left channel DF1 filter enable
		A		0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled

Table 13 Signal Enhancement Block 1 (SE1)



The SE2 'enable' bits are described in Table 14. Note that (with the exception of the SE2 HPF) other control fields must also be determined and written to the WM8946 using WISCE™ or other tools. The registers described below only allow the sub-blocks of SE2 to be enabled or disabled.

Note that it is not recommended to access these control fields unless appropriate values have been written to the associated bits in registers R99 to R175.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R100 (64h) SE2_RETUNE	1	SE2_RETUNE_ R_ENA	0	SE2 Right channel ReTune™ filter enable
_CONFIG				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	0	SE2_RETUNE_ L_ENA	0	SE2 Left channel ReTune™ filter enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
R133 (85h)	0	SE2_5BEQ_L_E	0	SE2 Left channel 5-band EQ enable
SE2_5BEQ_C		NA		0 = Disabled
ONFIG				1 = Enabled

Table 14 Signal Enhancement Block 2 (SE2)

The register controls for Signal Enhancement Block SE3 are defined in the "Dynamic Range Control (DRC)" section.

### **DYNAMIC RANGE CONTROL (DRC)**

The dynamic range controller (DRC) is a circuit which can be enabled in the digital playback or digital record path of the WM8946, depending upon the selected DSP mode. The function of the DRC is to adjust the signal gain in conditions where the input amplitude is unknown or varies over a wide range, e.g. when recording from microphones built into a handheld system.

The DRC can apply Compression and Automatic Level Control to the signal path. It incorporates 'anticlip' and 'quick release' features for handling transients in order to improve intelligibility in the presence of loud impulsive noises.

The DRC also incorporates a Noise Gate function, which provides additional attenuation of very lowlevel input signals. This means that the signal path is quiet when no signal is present, giving an improvement in background noise level under these conditions.

The DRC is enabled as described in Table 15. The audio signal path controlled by the DRC depends upon the selected DSP Configuration mode - see "DSP Core" for details.

To remove any dc offsets from the input signal the ADC high pass filter must be enabled. The DRC will not function correctly unless this filter is enabled.

Note that the ADC HPF bit in register R26(1Ah) bit 0 is NOT enabled by default but MUST be used if DRC\_ENA is enabled in register R29(1Dh) bit 7.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R29 (1Dh)	7	DRC_ENA	0	DRC Enable
DRC Control 1				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled

Table 15 DRC Enable



#### DRC COMPRESSION / EXPANSION / LIMITING

The DRC supports two different compression regions, separated by a "Knee" (shown as "Knee1" in Figure 18) at a specific input amplitude. In the region above the knee, the compression slope DRC\_HI\_COMP applies; in the region below the knee, the compression slope DRC\_LO\_COMP applies.

The DRC also supports a noise gate region, where low-level input signals are heavily attenuated. This function can be enabled or disabled according to the application requirements. The DRC response in this region is defined by the expansion slope DRC\_NG\_EXP.

For additional attenuation of signals in the noise gate region, an additional "knee" can be defined (shown as "Knee2" in Figure 18). When this knee is enabled, this introduces an infinitely steep dropoff in the DRC response pattern between the DRC\_LO\_COMP and DRC\_NG\_EXP regions.

The overall DRC compression characteristic in "steady state" (i.e. where the input amplitude is nearconstant) is illustrated in Figure 18.



Figure 18 DRC Response Characteristic

The slope of the DRC response is determined by register fields DRC\_HI\_COMP and DRC\_LO\_COMP. A slope of 1 indicates constant gain in this region. A slope less than 1 represents compression (i.e. a change in input amplitude produces only a smaller change in output amplitude). A slope of 0 indicates that the target output amplitude is the same across a range of input amplitudes; this is infinite compression.

When the noise gate is enabled, the DRC response in this region is determined by the DRC\_NG\_EXP register. A slope of 1 indicates constant gain in this region. A slope greater than 1 represents expansion (i.e. a change in input amplitude produces a larger change in output amplitude).

When the DRC\_KNEE2\_OP knee is enabled ("Knee2" in Figure 18), this introduces the vertical line in the response pattern illustrated, resulting in infinitely steep attenuation at this point in the response.

REF	PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION
1	DRC_KNEE_IP	Input level at Knee1 (dB)
2	DRC_KNEE_OP	Output level at Knee1 (dB)
3	DRC_HI_COMP	Compression ratio above Knee1
4	DRC_LO_COMP	Compression ratio below Knee1
5	DRC_KNEE2_IP	Input level at Knee2 (dB)
6	DRC_NG_EXP	Expansion ratio below Knee2
7	DRC_KNEE2_OP	Output level at Knee2 (dB)

Table 16 DRC Response Parameters



The noise gate is enabled when the DRC\_NG\_ENA register is set. When the noise gate is not enabled, parameters 5, 6, 7 above are ignored, and the DRC\_LO\_COMP slope applies to all input signal levels below Knee1.

The DRC\_KNEE2\_OP knee is enabled when the DRC\_KNEE2\_OP\_ENA register is set. When this bit is not set, then parameter 7 above is ignored, and the Knee2 position always coincides with the low end of the DRC\_LO\_COMP region.

The "Knee1" point in Figure 18 is determined by register fields DRC\_KNEE\_IP and DRC\_KNEE\_OP.

Parameter Y0, the output level for a 0dB input, is not specified directly, but can be calculated from the other parameters, using the equation:

Y0 = DRC\_KNEE\_OP - (DRC\_KNEE\_IP \* DRC\_HI\_COMP)

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R29 (1Dh) DRC Control 1	8	DRC_NG_ENA	0	DRC Noise Gate Enable 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
R32 (20h) DRC Control 4	12:8	DRC_KNEE2_IP	000000	Input signal level at the Noise Gate threshold 'Knee2'. 00000 = -36dB 00001 = -37.5dB 00010 = -39dB (-1.5dB steps) 11110 = -81dB 11111 = -82.5dB Only applicable when DRC_NG_ENA = 1.
	7:2	DRC_KNEE_IP	000000	Input signal level at the Compressor 'Knee1'. 000000 = 0dB 000001 = -0.75dB 000010 = -1.5dB (-0.75dB steps) 111100 = -45dB 111101 = Reserved 11111X = Reserved
R33 (21h) DRC Control 5	13	DRC_KNEE2_OP _ENA	0	DRC_KNEE2_OP Enable 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
	12:8	DRC_KNEE2_OP	00000	Output signal at the Noise Gate threshold 'Knee2'. 00000 = -30dB 00001 = -31.5dB 00010 = -33dB (-1.5dB steps) 11110 = -75dB 11111 = -76.5dB Only applicable when DRC_KNEE2_OP_ENA = 1.
	7:3	DRC_KNEE_OP	00000	Output signal at the Compressor 'Knee1'. 00000 = 0dB 00001 = -0.75dB 00010 = -1.5dB (-0.75dB steps) 11110 = -22.5dB

The DRC Compression / Expansion / Limiting parameters are defined in Table 17.



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
				11111 = Reserved
	2:0	DRC_HI_COMP	011	Compressor slope (upper region)
				000 = 1 (no compression)
				001 = 1/2
				010 = 1/4
				011 = 1/8
				100 = 1/16
				101 = 0
				110 = Reserved
				111 = Reserved
R35 (23h)	9:8	DRC_NG_EXP	00	Noise Gate slope
DRC Control 7				00 = 1 (no expansion)
				01 = 2
				10 = 4
				11 = 8
	7:5	DRC_LO_COMP	000	Compressor slope (lower region)
				000 = 1 (no compression)
				001 = 1/2
				010 = 1/4
				011 = 1/8
				100 = 0
				101 = Reserved
				11X = Reserved

Table 17 DRC Control Registers

### GAIN LIMITS

The minimum and maximum gain applied by the DRC is set by register fields DRC\_MINGAIN, DRC\_MAXGAIN and DRC\_NG\_MINGAIN. These limits can be used to alter the DRC response from that illustrated in Figure 18. If the range between maximum and minimum gain is reduced, then the extent of the dynamic range control is reduced.

The minimum gain in the Compression regions of the DRC response is set by DRC\_MINGAIN. The minimum gain in the Noise Gate region is set by DRC\_NG\_MINGAIN. The minimum gain limit prevents excessive attenuation of the signal path.

The maximum gain limit set by DRC\_MAXGAIN prevents quiet signals (or silence) from being excessively amplified.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R30 (1Eh) DRC Control 2	12:9	DRC_NG_MING AIN [3:0]	0110	Minimum gain the DRC can use to attenuate audio signals when the noise gate is active. 0000 = -36dB 0011 = -30dB 0010 = -24dB 0010 = -12dB 0101 = -6dB 0101 = -6dB 0111 = 6dB 1000 = 12dB 1000 = 12dB 1001 = 18dB 1010 = 24dB 1011 = 30dB 1100 = 36dB 1101 to $1111 = Reserved$
	4:2	DRC_MINGAIN	001	Minimum gain the DRC can use to



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
		[2:0]		attenuate audio signals
				000 = 0dB
				001 = -12dB (default)
				010 = -18dB
				011 = -24dB
				100 = -36dB
				101 = Reserved
				11X = Reserved
	1:0	DRC_MAXGAIN [1:0]	01	Maximum gain the DRC can use to boost audio signals (dB)
				00 = 12dB
				01 = 18dB
				10 = 24dB
				11 = 36dB

Table 18 DRC Gain Limits

### GAIN READBACK

The gain applied by the DRC can be read from the DRC\_GAIN register. This is a 16-bit, fixed-point value, which expresses the DRC gain as a voltage multiplier.

DRC\_GAIN is coded as a fixed-point quantity, with an MSB weighting of 16. The first 7 bits represent the integer portion; the remaining bits represent the fractional portion. If desired, the value of this field may be interpreted by treating DRC\_GAIN as an integer value, and dividing the result by 512, as illustrated in the following examples:

DRC\_GAIN = 05D4 (hex) = 1380 (decimal)

Divide by 512 gives 2.914 voltage gain, or 4.645dB

DRC\_GAIN = 0100 (hex) = 256 (decimal)

Divide by 512 gives 0.5 voltage gain, or -3.01dB

The DRC\_GAIN register is defined in Table 19.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R36 (24h)	15:0	DRC_GAIN		DRC Gain value.
DRC Status		[15:0]		This is the DRC gain, expressed as a voltage multiplier. Fixed point coding, MSB = 64.
				The first 7 bits are the integer portion; the remaining bits are the fractional part.

Table 19 DRC Gain Readback

#### **DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

The dynamic behaviour determines how quickly the DRC responds to changing signal levels. Note that the DRC responds to the peak signal amplitude over a period of time.

The DRC\_ATK determines how quickly the DRC gain decreases when the signal amplitude is high. The DRC\_DCY determines how quickly the DRC gain increases when the signal amplitude is low.

These register fields are described in Table 20. Note that the register defaults are suitable for general purpose microphone use.



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R31 (1Fh) DRC Control 3	7:4	DRC_ATK [3:0]	0100	Attack rate relative to input signal (seconds/6dB) 0000 = Reserved 0001 = 181us 0010 = 363us 0011 = 726us 0100 = 1.45ms 0101 = 2.9ms 0110 = 5.8ms 0111 = 11.6ms 1000 = 23.2ms 1001 = 46.4ms 1010 = 92.8ms 1011 = 185.6ms 1100-1111 = Reserved
	3:0	DRC_DCY [3:0]	0010	Decay rate relative to input signal (seconds/6dB) 0000 = 186ms 0001 = 372ms 0010 = 743ms 0011 = 1.49s 0100 = 2.97s 0101 = 5.94s 0110 = 11.89s 0111 = 23.78s 1000 = 47.56s 1001-1111 = Reserved

Table 20 DRC Time Constants

The Attack and Decay times noted in Table 20 describe the DRC response to a DC step signal. The Attack and Decay response to other signal conditions will be dependent on the characteristics of the audio signal (eg. frequency content). The applicable compression ratio, and the extent of the change in input signal amplitude, will also impact on the overall Attack and Decay times.

Typical response times, based upon sine wave test conditions, are described in Table 21. It is recommended that the DRC Decay rate should be at least 8 times longer than the DRC Attack rate.

DRC_ATK	ATTACK RATE (seconds/6dB)	DRC_DCY	DECAY RATE (seconds/6dB)
0000		0000	333ms
0001	400us	0001	550ms
0010	810us	0010	1.05s
0011	1.6ms	0011	2.1s
0100	3.2ms	0100	4.2s
0101	6.5ms	0101	8.4s
0110	13ms	0110	16.8s
0111	26ms	0111	33.6s
1000	52ms	1000	67.3s
1001	104ms		
1010	208ms		
1011	416ms		

Table 21 Typical Attack / Decay Time Constants (Sine Wave test signal)



#### ANTI-CLIP CONTROL

The DRC includes an Anti-Clip feature to avoid signal clipping when the input amplitude rises very quickly. This feature uses a feed-forward technique for early detection of a rising signal level. Signal clipping is avoided by dynamically increasing the gain attack rate when required. The Anti-Clip feature is enabled using the DRC\_ANTICLIP bit.

Note that the feed-forward processing increases the latency in the input signal path. The DRC Anti-Clip control is described in Table 22.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R29 (1Dh)	1	DRC_ANTICLIP	1	DRC Anti-clip Enable
DRC Control 1				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled

Table 22 DRC Anti-Clip Control

Note that the Anti-Clip feature operates entirely in the digital domain. It cannot be used to prevent signal clipping in the analogue domain nor in the source signal. Analogue clipping can only be prevented by reducing the analogue signal gain or by adjusting the source signal.

Note: The Anti-Clip and Quick Release features should not be used at the same time.

### QUICK-RELEASE CONTROL

The DRC includes a Quick-Release feature to handle short transient peaks that are not related to the intended source signal. For example, in handheld microphone recording, transient signal peaks sometimes occur due to user handling, key presses or accidental tapping against the microphone. The Quick Release feature ensures that these transients do not cause the intended signal to be masked by the longer time constants of DRC\_DCY.

The Quick-Release feature is enabled by setting the DRC\_QR bit. When this bit is enabled, the DRC measures the crest factor (peak to RMS ratio) of the input signal. A high crest factor is indicative of a transient peak that may not be related to the intended source signal. If the crest factor exceeds the level set by DRC\_QR\_THR, then the normal decay rate (DRC\_DCY) is ignored and a faster decay rate (DRC\_QR\_DCY) is used instead.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R29 (1Dh)	2	DRC_QR	1	DRC Quick-release Enable
DRC Control 1				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
R34 (22h) DRC Control 6	3:2	DRC_QR_THR [1:0]	00	DRC Quick-release threshold (crest factor in dB)
				00 = 12dB
				01 = 18dB
				10 = 24dB
				11 = 30dB
	1:0	DRC_QR_DCY [1:0]	00	DRC Quick-release decay rate (seconds/6dB)
				00 = 0.725ms
				01 = 1.45ms
				10 = 5.8ms
				11 = reserved

The DRC Quick-Release control bits are described in Table 23.

Table 23 DRC Quick-Release Control

Note: The Anti-Clip and Quick Release features should not be used at the same time.



#### DRC INITIAL VALUE

The DRC can be set up to a defined initial condition based on the expected signal level when the DRC is enabled. This can be set using the DRC\_INIT bits in register R35 (23h) bits 4 to 0.

Note: This does NOT set the initial gain of the DRC. It sets the expected signal level of the DRC input signal when the DRC is enabled.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R35 (23h)	4:0	DRC_INIT	00000	Initial value at DRC startup
DRC Control 7				00000 = 0dB
				00001 = -3.75dB
				(-3.75dB steps)
				11111 = -116.25dB

Table 24 DRC Initial Value

## **DIGITAL-TO-ANALOGUE CONVERTER (DAC)**

The WM8946 DACs receive digital input data from the digital audio interface. (Note that, depending on the DSP Configuration mode, the digital input may first be processed and filtered in the DSP Core.) The digital audio data is converted to oversampled bit-streams in the on-chip, true 24-bit digital interpolation filters. The bit-stream data enters two multi-bit, sigma-delta DACs, which convert them to high quality analogue audio signals.

The analogue outputs from the DACs can then be mixed with other analogue inputs before being sent to the analogue output pins (see "Output Signal Path").

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R3 (03h) Power	1	DACR_ENA	0	Right DAC Enable 0 = Disabled
Management				1 = Enabled
2				DACR_ENA must be set to 1 when processing right channel data from the DAC or Digital Beep Generator.
	0	DACL_ENA	0	Left DAC Enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
				DACR_ENA must be set to 1 when processing left channel data from the DAC or Digital Beep Generator.

The DACs are enabled by the DACL\_ENA and DACR\_ENA register bits.

Table 25 DAC Enable Control

Note: If the WM8946 is to be used in mono mode for playback then the left and right DACs must both be enabled.

#### DAC DIGITAL VOLUME CONTROL

The output of the DACs can be digitally amplified or attenuated over a range from -71.625dB to +23.625dB in 0.375dB steps. The volume of each channel can be controlled separately using DACL\_VOL or DACR\_VOL. The DAC Volume is part of the DAC Digital Filters block. The gain for a given eight-bit code X is given by:

 $0.375 \times (X\text{-}192) \text{ dB} \ \text{ for } \ 1 \leq X \leq 255; \qquad \text{MUTE} \ \text{ for } \ X = 0$ 

The DAC\_VU bit controls the loading of digital volume control data. When DAC\_VU is set to 0, the DACL\_VOL or DACR\_VOL control data is loaded into the respective control register, but does not actually change the digital gain setting. Both left and right gain settings are updated when a 1 is written to DAC\_VU. This makes it possible to update the gain of both channels simultaneously.



Note that SYSCLK must be enabled when writing to the DAC\_VU bits. (See "Clocking and Sample Rates" for details of SYSCLK.)

The output of the DACs can be digitally muted using the DACL\_MUTE or DACR\_MUTE bits. Both DACs are muted simultaneously when the DAC\_MUTEALL bit is set.

A digital soft-mute feature is provided in order to avoid sudden glitches in the analogue signal. When DAC\_VOL\_RAMP is enabled, then all mute, un-mute or volume change commands are implemented as a gradual volume change in the digital domain. The rate at which the volume ramps up is half of the sample freq (fs/2). The DAC\_VOL\_RAMP register field is described in Table 26.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R21 (15h)	8	DAC_MUTEALL	1	DAC Digital Mute for All Channels:
DAC Control 1				0 = Disable Mute
				1 = Enable Mute on all channels
R22 (16h)	4	DAC_VOL_RAMP	1	DAC Volume Ramp control
DAC Control 2				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
R23 (17h)	12	DAC_VU	0	DAC Volume Update
Left DAC Digital Vol				Writing a 1 to this bit will cause Left and Right DAC volume to be updated simultaneously
	0	DACL_MUTE	0	Left DAC Digital Mute
	8	DACL_MOTE	0	0 = Disable Mute
	7:0		1100,0000	1 = Enable Mute
	7:0	DACL_VOL [7:0]	1100_0000 (0dB)	Left DAC Digital Volume 0000_0000 = mute
			(006)	_
				$0000_0001 = -71.625$ dB
				0000_0010 = -71.250dB
				 1100_0000 = 0dB
				1111_111 = +23.625dB
				(See Table 27 for volume range)
R24 (18h)	12	DAC_VU	0	DAC Volume Update
Right DAC				Writing a 1 to this bit will cause
Digital Vol				Left and Right DAC volume to be
				updated simultaneously
	8	DACR_MUTE	0	Right DAC Digital Mute
				0 = Disable Mute
				1 = Enable Mute
	7:0	DACR_VOL [7:0]	1100_0000	Right DAC volume control
			(0dB)	0000_0000 = mute
				0000_0001 = -71.625dB
				0000_0010 = -71.250dB
				1100_0000 = 0dB
				1111_111 = +23.625dB
				(See Table 27 for volume range)

Table 26 DAC Digital Volume Control



Oh         MUTE         40h         -48.000         80h         -24.400         CO         0.0           2h         -77.250         42h         -47.250         82h         -23.250         C1h         0.3           3h         -70.875         43h         -46.570         83h         -22.250         C4h         1.51           4h         -70.500         44h         -46.570         88h         -22.157         C5h         1.52           6h         -86.750         46h         -46.570         88h         -21.375         C7h         2.66           9h         -68.000         48h         -45.000         88h         -21.000         C8h         3.3           Ah         -68.250         4Ah         -44.250         88h         -20.0250         CAh         3.3           Ah         -66.750         4Ch         -43.500         8Ch         -19.800         CCh         4.55           Ch         -67.500         4Ch         -43.500         8Ch         -19.000         CCh         4.55           10h         -66.075         4Fh         -42.760         8Fh         -18.070         CCh         4.55           11h         -65.250	ſ	DACL_VOL or		DACL_VOL or		DACL_VOL or		DACL_VOL or	
1h         -71,625         4th         -47,625         8th         -23,825         C 2h         0.77           3h         -70,875         43h         -46,876         83h         -22,875         C 2h         0.77           4h         -70,507         44h         -46,500         84h         -22,875         C 2h         1.57           5h         -70,125         45h         -46,125         85h         -22,125         C Ch         1.8.           6h         -89,750         46h         -45,570         88h         -21,570         C Ch         3.0.           9h         -68,625         48h         -44,625         89h         -20,025         C Ch         3.0.           9h         -68,625         48h         -44,625         89h         -20,025         C Ch         4.5.           Ch         -77,125         40h         -43,875         88h         -19,876         C Ch         4.5.           Dh         -67,725         42h         -42,375         87h         -18,375         C Ch         4.5.           10h         -66,375         47h         -42,375         87h         -18,375         C Ch         5.7.           11h         -	ŀ	DACR_VOL	Volume (dB)						
2h         -71         2b         -71         2b         -72         2b         -73         2b         -74         75         75         75         75         75         75         75         75         75         75         75         75         75         75         76         75         75         75         75         75         75         75         77         76         75         75         77         76         75         75         77         76         75         77         76         75         77 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>0.000</th></t<>									0.000
3h         "70.875         44h         +46.875         83h         -22.875         CAh         115           5h         "70.125         45h         -46.125         85h         -22.125         CAh         15.5           7h         -68.375         47h         -45.375         87h         -21.375         C7h         2.6           8h         -68.0375         47h         -45.375         87h         -21.375         CAh         3.6           9h         -66.625         42h         -44.625         89h         -20.625         CAh         3.3           8h         -67.875         48h         -43.876         88h         -19.875         CAh         3.7           Bh         -67.875         48h         -43.876         88h         -19.875         CCh         4.5           Ch         -65.675         44h         -42.760         88h         -19.875         CCh         4.5           11h         -65.625         51h         -41.625         91h         -17.625         DCh         6.6           12h         -65.625         51h         -41.625         92h         -16.125         DFh         7.5           13h         -64.875									0.375
dh         -70,050         44h         -46,250         84h         -22,200         Ch         15,           6h         -69,750         46h         -46,750         8h         -22,1250         Ch         12,6           8h         -69,050         47h         -45,370         8h         -21,375         C7h         22,6           8h         -69,000         48h         -45,000         8h         -21,375         C7h         22,6           8h         -68,250         44h         -44,250         8h         -20,250         Ch         3,3           Ah         -68,250         44h         -44,250         8h         -19,500         CCh         45,1           Ch         -67,500         4Ch         -43,500         8ch         -19,500         CCh         45,6           Dh         -67,500         4Ch         -43,500         8ch         -19,250         CDh         48,8           Eh         -66,750         4Fh         -42,750         BFh         -18,270         CDh         6,8           10h         -66,000         5ch         -41,200         9h         -17,250         Dh         6,3           12h         -66,255 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>0.750</th></td<>									0.750
Sh         -70.125         49h         -46.125         85h         -22.125         CSh         18.1           Sh         -69.375         47h         -45.376         87h         -21.375         CGh         22.2           Th         -69.375         47h         -45.376         87h         -21.375         C7h         22.6           Bh         -68.625         49h         -44.626         89h         -20.625         C9h         33.3           Ah         -68.625         49h         -44.626         88h         -20.625         C9h         33.7           Bh         -67.875         48h         -43.870         82h         -19.870         C8h         41.7           Ch         -67.675         48h         -42.370         82h         -19.250         C2h         45.2           Fh         -66.375         44h         -42.370         82h         -18.750         C6h         5.2           Fh         -66.375         44h         -42.370         82h         -11.7250         D2h         6.6           11h         -65.625         51h         -41.626         93h         -16.875         D3h         7.5           11h         -66.875									1.125
6h         -63.750         4bh         -45.750         8bh         -21.750         CGh         22.8           7h         -63.757         47h         -45.375         87h         -21.375         C7h         26.6           8h         -68.252         49h         -44.625         89h         -20.625         C9h         3.3           Ah         -68.250         4Ah         -44.826         89h         -20.825         C9h         3.3           Ah         -68.250         4Ch         -43.876         88h         -19.875         CBh         4.11           Ch         -67.500         4Ch         -43.876         88h         -19.500         CCh         4.8           Fh         -66.750         4Eh         -42.750         8Fh         -18.750         CFh         5.6           10h         -66.020         5bh         -41.625         91h         -17.625         D1h         63.7           12h         -66.525         5bh         -41.250         92h         -17.250         D2h         67.7           13h         -64.275         5bh         -40.875         92h         -16.875         D3h         7.11           14h         -64.255									1.500
Ph         -08.375         47h         -45.375         87h         -21.375         CTh         28.0           9h         -08.625         49h         -44.625         89h         -20.625         CAh         33.0           9h         -08.625         44h         -44.625         89h         -20.625         CAh         33.0           9h         -67.875         44h         -44.625         88h         -20.625         CBh         43.125           9h         -67.750         44h         -44.2750         86h         -19.125         CCh         48           9h         -66.600         50h         -42.075         86h         -18.750         CFh         6.6           10h         -66.25         51h         -42.070         90h         -11.8750         CFh         6.6           11h         -66.25         51h         -40.275         91h         -17.657         02h         6.7           12h         -66.375         44h         -42.070         90h         -16.750         Dh         6.7           14h         -66.375         51h         -40.275         92h         -13.57         Dh         6.6           14h         -66.375									1.875
Bh         -08.000         49h         -44.000         88h         -21.000         CBh         30.3           Ah         -68.250         44h         -44.250         84h         -20.250         CGh         3.3           Ah         -68.250         44h         -44.250         84h         -20.250         CGh         4.1           Ch         -67.750         4Ch         -43.500         8Ch         -19.500         CCh         4.3           Ch         -67.750         4Ch         -43.500         8Ch         -19.500         CCh         4.8           Ch         -67.750         4Ch         -42.750         8Eh         -18.750         CCh         4.8           Ch         -66.375         4Ch         -42.200         9Dh         -18.000         Doh         -60.00           11h         -86.6250         5h         -41.626         92.h         -17.250         Doh         6.7           13h         -64.875         5h         -40.350         94.h         -16.800         Doh         7.5           14h         -64.205         5h         -40.750         95h         -16.875         Doh         7.5           15h         -64.125									
Ph         -06.825         49h         -44.625         89h         -20.625         CGh         3.3           Ah         -68.250         44h         -44.250         84h         -20.625         CGh         3.7           Bh         -67.875         48h         -43.875         88h         -19.8750         CGh         4.5           Dh         -67.725         40h         -43.125         80h         -19.750         CGh         4.5           Dh         -66.375         44h         -42.370         86h         -18.750         CGh         5.2           Fh         -66.375         44h         -42.375         87h         -11.8750         CGh         6.6           10h         -66.000         50h         -42.000         90h         -11.800         D0h         6.0           11h         -65.825         51h         -41.626         91h         -17.825         D1h         6.3           12h         -64.875         53h         -40.125         93h         -16.875         D3h         7.7           13h         -64.875         53h         -40.325         93h         -16.875         D7h         7.8           14h         -84.575									
Ah         +68.250         4Ah         -44.250         8Ah         -20.250         CAh         3.7.           Bh         +67.500         4Ch         +43.600         8Ch         +19.500         CCh         45.           Dh         +67.500         4Ch         +43.600         8Ch         +19.500         CCh         45.           Eh         -66.750         4Eh         +42.750         8Eh         +18.750         CEh         52.           10h         -66.600         50h         -42.000         90h         +18.000         Dh         60.           11h         -65.250         52h         +1.1250         92h         +7.7260         D2h         6.7.           13h         -64.870         53h         +40.875         93h         +16.6200         D4h         7.5.           15h         -64.3750         56h         -39.750         96h         +16.750         D6h         82.           17h         -63.370         56h         -39.375         97h         +15.375         D7h         86.           18h         -61.350         56h         -39.375         96h         +16.250         DAh         9.7.           18h         -63.375 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>									
Bh         -67.875         4Bh         -43.875         8Bh         -19.875         CBh         4.1           Ch         -67.125         4Dh         -43.125         8Dh         -19.125         CDh         4.8           Ch         -66.750         4Eh         -42.375         8Eh         -18.250         CDh         4.8           Ch         -66.750         4Eh         -42.375         8Eh         -18.375         CFh         5.6           10h         -66.000         50h         -41.625         91h         -17.260         D1h         6.3           12h         -65.250         52h         -41.250         92h         -17.250         D2h         6.7           13h         -64.875         53h         -40.500         94h         -16.875         D3h         7.5           14h         -64.500         54h         -40.500         94h         -16.875         D5h         7.8           15h         -64.125         55h         -40.125         95h         -16.125         D5h         7.8           16h         -63.750         56h         -39.750         97h         -15.375         D7h         8.6           17h         -63.757									
Ch         +67.500         4Ch         -43.500         8Ch         -19.500         CCh         4.5.5           Eh         -66.750         4Eh         -42.750         8Eh         -18.750         CEh         52.2           Fh         -66.375         4Fh         -42.2750         8Eh         -18.750         CEh         52.2           Fh         -66.375         4Fh         -42.200         90h         -18.000         D0h         6.0.0           11h         -65.620         52h         -41.625         91h         -17.7250         D2h         6.7.7           13h         -64.875         53h         -40.875         93h         -16.850         D4h         7.5.5           15h         -64.125         55h         -40.125         95h         -16.125         D5h         8.6.7           17h         -63.3750         56h         -39.750         96h         -15.750         D6h         8.6.7           18h         -64.125         59h         -38.625         99h         -13.870         D8h         10.1           19h         -62.625         59h         -38.625         99h         -14.825         D9h         9.3.7           18h									
Dh         -67.125         4Dh         -43.125         8Dh         -19.125         CDh         4.8           Fh         -66.375         4Fh         -42.375         8Fh         -18.375         CFh         5.6           10h         -66.005         5Dh         -42.000         90h         -18.000         D0h         6.0           11h         -65.625         51h         -41.250         91h         -17.250         D1h         6.3           12h         -66.250         52h         -41.250         92h         -17.250         D2h         6.7           13h         -64.275         53h         -40.075         93h         -16.675         D3h         7.1           14h         -64.500         54h         -40.500         94h         -16.275         D7h         8.6.7           17h         -63.3750         56h         -39.700         96h         -15.750         D7h         8.6.2           18h         -63.075         57h         -39.375         97h         -15.375         D7h         8.6.2           18h         -63.070         58h         -37.475         98h         -14.257         DAh         9.0           19h         -62.625									4.125
Eh         -66.760         4Eh         -42.760         8Eh         -18.757         CFh         52.6           Fh         -66.375         4Fh         -42.200         90h         -18.075         CFh         56.6           10h         -66.000         50h         -42.000         90h         -17.250         D2h         6.7.7           11h         -65.250         52h         -41.250         92h         -17.250         D2h         6.7.7           13h         -64.875         53h         -40.870         93h         -16.875         D3h         7.1.1           14h         -65.250         55h         -40.125         95h         -16.1575         D5h         7.8.1           16h         -63.750         56h         -39.750         96h         -15.750         D6h         82.2           17h         -63.375         57h         -39.375         97h         -15.375         D7h         86.6           18h         -61.875         58h         -37.875         98h         -14.255         D9h         9.0           19h         -62.625         59h         -37.807         98h         -14.255         D8h         10.1           10h									4.875
Fh         -66.375         4Fh         -42.375         9Fh         -18.375         CPh         5.6           10h         -66.000         50h         -42.000         90h         -18.000         D0h         6.0           11h         -65.250         52h         -41.250         92h         -17.250         D2h         6.7           13h         -64.875         53h         -40.375         93h         -16.875         D3h         7.1           14h         -64.500         54h         -40.500         94h         -16.205         D5h         7.8           16h         -63.750         56h         -40.125         95h         -16.125         D5h         7.8           17h         -63.375         57h         -39.375         97h         -15.375         D7h         86.6           18h         -63.075         58h         -38.625         99h         -14.825         D8h         90.3           18h         -61.875         58h         -37.675         99h         -13.250         D8h         10.5           10h         -61.255         52h         -37.750         96h         -12.275         D8h         10.2           18h         -63.875 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>5.250</th>									5.250
10h         -66.000         50h         -42.000         90h         -16.025         D1h         6.3.3           11h         -66.250         51h         -41.625         91h         -17.625         D2h         6.7.3           13h         -64.875         53h         -40.875         93h         -16.875         D3h         7.1.4           14h         -64.500         54h         -40.500         94h         -16.500         D4h         7.5.5           15h         -64.125         55h         -40.125         95h         -16.125         D5h         7.8.3           16h         -63.375         57h         -39.375         97h         -15.375         D7h         8.6.3           17h         -63.25         59h         -38.625         99h         -14.825         D8h         9.0           19h         -62.625         59h         -38.250         98h         -14.825         DA         9.0           19h         -62.625         59h         -37.705         99h         -13.875         DB         10.1           10h         -61.125         50h         -37.125         90h         -13.875         DF <h<11.2< td="">           19h         -62.625</h<11.2<>									5.625
11h         -65.625         51h         -41.625         91h         -17.625         D1h         63.7           12h         -65.625         52h         -41.625         93h         -16.875         D2h         67.7           13h         -64.875         53h         -40.875         93h         -16.875         D3h         7.17           14h         -64.500         54h         -40.875         93h         -16.875         D3h         7.17           16h         -63.750         56h         -40.125         95h         -16.125         D5h         7.83           16h         -63.750         56h         -39.700         96h         -15.375         D7h         86.65           17h         -63.375         57h         -39.375         97h         -15.375         D7h         86.65           18h         -63.000         58h         -37.875         98h         -14.625         D9h         93.3           14h         -62.50         52h         -37.125         92h         -13.20         DAh         10.0           16h         -61.500         5Ch         -37.125         92h         -13.25         DDh         10.0           16h         -60									6.000
12h         -65.250         52h         -41.250         92h         -17.250         D2h         6.7.7           13h         -64.875         53h         -40.875         93h         -16.875         D3h         7.13           14h         -64.600         54h         -40.25         95h         -16.25         D5h         7.83           15h         -64.125         55h         -40.125         95h         -15.750         D7h         8.6           17h         -63.375         57h         -39.375         97h         -15.375         D7h         8.6           18h         -63.000         58h         -39.000         98h         -14.250         DAh         9.7           18h         -61.875         58h         -37.875         98h         -14.250         DAh         9.7           18h         -61.875         55h         -37.670         98h         -13.270         DEh         10.1           11ch         -61.870         5ch         -36.570         9ch         -12.275         DEh         11.2           12h         -69.250         6th         -36.375         9ch         -12.275         DEh         11.2           12h         -69.25									6.375
13h         -64.875         53h         -40.875         93h         -16.875         D3h         7.15           14h         -64.125         55h         -40.126         95h         -16.126         D5h         7.6           15h         -64.125         55h         -40.126         95h         -15.750         D6h         82.2           17h         -63.375         57h         -39.375         97h         -15.375         D7h         82.6           18h         -63.000         58h         -39.000         98h         -15.000         D8h         90.0           19h         -62.255         50h         -38.625         99h         -13.870         D8h         10.1           10h         -61.875         58h         -37.750         96h         -13.250         DAh         97.7           18h         -61.875         58h         -36.750         95h         -13.600         DCh         10.5           10h         -61.125         50h         -37.500         95h         -12.750         DDh         10.3           12h         -68.675         65h         -36.750         95h         -12.275         DFh         11.6           20h         -69									6.750
14h         -64.500         54h         -40.500         94h         -16.520         D4h         7.53           15h         -64.125         55h         -30.125         95h         -16.20         D8h         7.8           16h         -63.375         57h         -39.375         97h         -15.375         D7h         8.2           17h         -63.375         57h         -39.375         97h         -15.375         D7h         8.6           18h         -62.625         59h         -38.250         98h         -14.250         DAh         9.7           18h         -61.875         58h         -37.875         98h         -13.875         DBh         10.1           1Ch         -61.125         5Dh         -37.125         9Dh         -13.250         DDh         10.5           1Dh         -61.25         5Dh         -37.125         9Dh         -13.275         DEh         11.2           1Th         -60.375         5Eh         -36.375         9Eh         -12.375         DEh         11.2           1Dh         -61.25         5Dh         -36.375         9Eh         -12.375         DEh         11.2           1Dh         -65.25 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>7.125</th>									7.125
16h         -64.125         55h         -40.125         96h         -16.125         D5h         7.8           16h         -63.375         57h         -39.375         97h         -15.375         D7h         8.6           18h         -63.000         58h         -39.000         98h         -15.000         D8h         9.00           19h         -62.625         59h         -38.625         98h         -14.625         D9h         9.3           1Ah         -62.265         59h         -37.60         98h         -13.875         D8h         10.1           1Ch         -61.500         5Ch         -37.60         9Ch         -13.500         DCh         10.5           1Dh         -61.125         5Dh         -37.125         9Dh         -13.125         DDh         10.6           20h         -60.000         60h         -36.625         A1h         -11.625         E1h         12.3           21h         -59.625         61h         -36.625         A1h         -11.625         E2h         12.7           22h         -59.250         62h         -35.620         A2h         -11.20         E2h         12.7           23h         -58.875<									7.500
16h         -63.750         56h         -39.750         96h         -15.750         D6h         8.22           17h         -63.375         57h         -39.375         97h         -15.375         D7h         8.6           18h         -63.000         58h         -39.000         98h         -14.255         D9h         9.3           1Ah         -62.625         59h         -38.625         99h         -14.4250         DAh         97.7           1Bh         -61.875         58h         -37.675         98h         -13.875         DBh         10.1           1Ch         -61.125         5Dh         -37.500         9Ch         -13.125         DDh         10.8           1Eh         -60.750         5Eh         -36.750         9Eh         -12.750         DEh         11.2           1Fh         -60.375         5Fh         -36.625         Ath         -11.625         E1h         12.0           21h         -59.250         62h         -36.625         Ath         -11.25         E3h         13.1           24h         -58.675         63h         -34.75         A3h         -10.85         E3h         13.1           24h         -56.25									7.875
17h         -63.375         57h         -39.375         97h         -15.375         D7h         8.65           18h         -63.000         58h         -39.000         98h         -14.625         D9h         9.33           1Ah         -62.625         59h         -38.625         98h         -14.625         D9h         9.33           1Ah         -62.625         58h         -37.620         98h         -14.625         D9h         9.71           1Bh         -61.500         5Ch         -37.500         9Ch         -13.500         DCh         105.           1Dh         -61.250         5Eh         -36.750         9Eh         -12.750         DEh         11.6           2Dh         -60.375         5Fh         -36.375         9Fh         -12.375         DFh         11.6           2Dh         -60.375         5Fh         -36.375         9Fh         -12.375         DFh         11.6           2Dh         -60.375         5Fh         -36.375         9Fh         -12.375         DFh         11.6           2Dh         -60.375         5Fh         -36.375         9Fh         -12.87         EBh         12.0           21h         -59									8.250
18h         -63.000         58h         -39.000         98h         -16.000         D8h         90.3           1Ah         -62.625         59h         -38.625         99h         -14.625         D9h         9.3           1Ah         -62.625         58h         -38.625         99h         -14.625         D9h         9.3           1Bh         -61.875         5Bh         -37.875         9Bh         -13.875         DBh         10.5           1Ch         -61.1500         5Ch         -37.500         9Ch         -13.300         DCh         10.5           1Dh         -61.125         5Dh         -37.125         9Dh         -13.125         DDh         10.8           1Eh         -60.750         5Eh         -36.750         9Eh         -12.750         DEh         11.2           2Dh         -69.625         61h         -35.625         A2h         -11.250         E2h         12.7           23h         -58.625         63h         -34.675         A3h         -10.650         E4h         13.5           24h         -58.626         63h         -34.670         A4h         -10.550         E2h         12.7           23h         -56									8.625
19h         -62.625         59h         -38.625         99h         -14.625         D9h         9.3           1Ah         -62.250         5Ah         -38.250         9Ah         -14.650         DAh         9.7           1Bh         -61.875         5Bh         -37.500         9Ch         -13.875         DBh         10.1           1Ch         -61.500         5Ch         -37.500         9Ch         -13.125         DDh         10.8           1Eh         -60.750         5Eh         -36.750         9Eh         -12.760         DEh         11.2           1Fh         -60.750         5Eh         -36.625         A1h         -11.625         E1h         12.3           2th         -59.626         61h         -36.625         A1h         -11.625         E1h         12.3           2th         -59.250         62h         -32.620         A2h         -11.20         E2h         12.0           2th         -59.250         62h         -34.520         A2h         -11.250         E5h         13.8           2th         -57.750         63h         -34.500         A4h         -10.5750         E6h         14.2           2th         -57.									9.000
1 Ah         -62.250         5Ah         -38.250         9Ah         -14.250         DAh         97.           1Bh         -61.875         5Bh         -37.875         9Bh         -13.875         DBh         10.5           1Ch         -61.800         5Ch         -37.875         9Bh         -13.800         DCh         105.           1Dh         -61.125         5Dh         -37.125         9Dh         -13.125         DDh         108.           1Eh         -60.750         5Eh         -36.750         9Eh         -12.750         DEh         112.           2Dh         -60.000         6Ch         -36.000         AOh         -12.000         ECh         12.0           21h         -59.250         62h         -35.250         A2h         -11.250         E2h         12.7           23h         -58.875         63h         -34.875         A3h         -10.875         E3h         13.1           24h         -58.500         64h         -33.576         A3h         -10.125         E5h         13.8           25h         -58.125         65h         -34.125         A5h         -10.125         E5h         13.8           26h         -5									9.375
1Bh         -61.875         5Bh         -37.875         9Bh         -13.875         DBh         10.1           1Ch         -61.500         5Ch         -37.125         9Dh         -13.125         DDh         10.1           1Eh         -60.750         5Eh         -36.750         9Eh         -12.750         DEh         11.2           1Fh         -60.375         5Fh         -36.375         9Fh         -12.375         DFh         11.6           20h         -60.000         60h         -36.000         A0h         -12.000         E0h         12.0           21h         -59.625         61h         -35.625         A1h         -11.625         E1h         12.3           22h         -59.250         62h         -35.250         A2h         -11.250         E2h         12.7           23h         -58.875         63h         -34.875         A3h         -10.875         E3h         13.1           24h         -56.50         64h         -34.875         A3h         -10.25         E5h         13.8           26h         -57.750         66h         -33.750         A6h         -9.750         E5h         14.2           27h         -57.3							-14.250		9.750
1Ch         -61.500         5Ch         -37.500         9Ch         -13.500         DCh         105.500           1Dh         -61.125         5Dh         -37.125         9Dh         -13.125         DDh         10.5           1Eh         -60.750         5Eh         -36.750         9Eh         -12.375         DFh         116.           2Dh         -60.000         6Oh         -36.625         ATh         -11.625         ETh         12.3           21h         -59.250         62h         -35.250         A2h         -11.250         E2h         12.7           23h         -58.875         63h         -34.875         A3h         -10.875         E3h         13.1           24h         -56.125         65h         -34.125         A5h         -10.125         E5h         13.8           26h         -57.750         66h         -33.375         A7h         -9.375         E7h         14.6           28h         -57.00         68h         -33.000         A8h         -9.000         E8h         15.3           29h         -56.625         69h         -32.250         AAh         -8.250         EAh         15.7           2Bh         -55			-61.875						10.125
1Dh         -61.125         5Dh         -37.125         9Dh         -13.125         DDh         10.8           1Eh         -60.375         5Eh         -36.750         9Eh         -12.375         DEh         11.2           1Fh         -60.375         5Fh         -36.375         9Fh         -12.375         DFh         112.3           20h         -60.000         60h         -36.000         A0h         -12.000         E0h         12.0           21h         -59.250         62h         -35.250         A2h         -11.250         E2h         12.7           23h         -58.875         63h         -34.875         A3h         -10.875         E3h         13.1           24h         -58.125         65h         -34.125         A5h         -10.125         E5h         13.8           26h         -57.750         66h         -33.750         A6h         -9.750         E6h         14.2           27h         -57.375         67h         -33.375         A7h         9.375         E7h         14.6           28h         -57.000         68h         -33.000         A8h         -9.000         E8h         150.0           29h         -56.		1Ch	-61.500	5Ch	-37.500	9Ch		DCh	10.500
1Fh         -60.375         5Fh         -36.375         9Fh         -12.375         DFh         11.6           20h         -60.000         60h         -36.000         A0h         -12.000         E0h         12.0           21h         -59.625         61h         -36.625         A1h         -11.625         E1h         12.3           22h         -59.250         62h         -35.250         A2h         -11.250         E2h         12.7           23h         -58.875         63h         -34.875         A3h         -10.875         E3h         13.1           24h         -58.500         64h         -34.600         A4h         -10.500         E4h         13.5           25h         -57.750         66h         -33.750         A6h         -9.750         E6h         14.2           27h         -57.375         67h         -33.375         A7h         -9.375         E7h         14.6           28h         -56.625         69h         -32.625         A9h         -8.625         E9h         15.3           2Ah         -56.250         62h         -31.750         ACh         -7.875         EBh         15.7           2Bh         -56.87		1Dh	-61.125	5Dh	-37.125	9Dh		DDh	10.875
20h         -60.000         60h         -36.000         A0h         -12.000         E0h         12.0           21h         -59.250         62h         -35.625         A1h         -11.250         E2h         12.7           23h         -58.875         63h         -34.875         A3h         -10.875         E3h         13.1           24h         -58.000         64h         -34.500         A4h         -10.500         E4h         13.5           25h         -58.125         65h         -34.125         A5h         -10.125         E5h         13.8           26h         -57.750         66h         -33.375         A7h         -9.375         E7h         14.6           28h         -56.625         69h         -32.625         A9h         -8.625         E9h         15.3           2Ah         -56.625         6Ah         -32.250         AAh         -8.250         EAh         15.7           2Bh         -56.625         6Bh         -31.875         ABh         -7.875         EBh         16.1           2Ch         -55.500         6Ch         -31.000         ACh         -7.500         ECh         16.5           2Dh         -55.125		1Eh	-60.750	5Eh	-36.750	9Eh	-12.750	DEh	11.250
21h         -59.625         61h         -35.625         A1h         -11.625         E1h         12.3           22h         -59.250         62h         -35.250         A2h         -11.250         E2h         12.7           23h         -58.875         63h         -34.875         A3h         -10.875         E3h         13.1           24h         -58.500         64h         -34.500         A4h         -10.500         E4h         13.5           25h         -58.125         65h         -34.125         A5h         -10.125         E5h         13.8           26h         -57.750         66h         -33.750         A6h         -9.750         E6h         14.2           27h         -57.375         67h         -33.375         A7h         -9.375         E7h         14.6           28h         -57.000         68h         -33.000         A8h         -9.000         E8h         15.0           29h         -56.625         69h         -32.625         A9h         -8.625         E9h         15.3           20h         -55.125         60h         -31.125         A2h         -7.875         E9h         16.1           20h         -55.125		1Fh	-60.375	5Fh	-36.375	9Fh	-12.375	DFh	11.625
22h         -59.250         62h         -35.250         A2h         -11.250         E2h         12.7           23h         -58.875         63h         -34.875         A3h         -10.875         E3h         13.1           24h         -58.807         63h         -34.875         A3h         -10.875         E3h         13.5           25h         -58.125         65h         -34.125         A5h         -10.125         E5h         13.8           26h         -57.750         66h         -33.750         A6h         -9.750         E6h         14.2           27h         -57.375         67h         -33.375         A7h         -9.375         E7h         14.6           28h         -57.000         68h         -33.000         A8h         -9.000         E8h         15.0           29h         -56.625         69h         -32.625         A9h         -8.625         E9h         15.3           2Ah         -56.875         68h         -31.875         A8h         -7.875         E8h         16.6           2Ch         -55.125         6Ch         -31.125         ADh         -7.125         EDh         16.8           2Eh         -54.750<		20h	-60.000	60h	-36.000	A0h	-12.000	E0h	12.000
23h         -58.875         63h         -34.875         A3h         -10.875         E3h         13.1           24h         -58.500         64h         -34.500         A4h         -10.500         E4h         13.5           25h         -58.125         65h         -34.125         A5h         -10.125         E5h         13.8           26h         -57.750         66h         -33.750         A6h         -9.750         E6h         14.2           27h         -57.375         67h         -33.375         A7h         -9.375         E7h         14.6           28h         -57.000         68h         -33.000         A8h         -9.000         E8h         15.0           29h         -56.250         6Ah         -32.250         AAh         -8.250         EAh         15.7           2Bh         -55.875         6Bh         -31.875         ABh         -7.875         EBh         16.1           2Ch         -55.100         6Ch         -31.500         ACh         -7.500         ECh         16.8           2Dh         -55.125         6Dh         -31.125         ADh         -7.125         EDh         16.8           2Dh         -55.125 </th <th></th> <th>21h</th> <th>-59.625</th> <th>61h</th> <th>-35.625</th> <th>A1h</th> <th>-11.625</th> <th>E1h</th> <th>12.375</th>		21h	-59.625	61h	-35.625	A1h	-11.625	E1h	12.375
24h         -58.500         64h         -34.500         A4h         -10.500         E4h         13.5           25h         -58.125         65h         -34.125         A5h         -10.125         E5h         13.8           26h         -57.750         66h         -33.750         A6h         -9.750         E6h         14.2           27h         -57.375         67h         -33.375         A7h         -9.375         E7h         14.6           28h         -57.000         68h         -33.000         A8h         -9.000         E8h         15.0           29h         -56.625         69h         -32.625         A9h         -8.625         E9h         15.3           2Ah         -56.250         6Ah         -32.250         AAh         -8.250         EAh         15.7           2Bh         -55.875         6Bh         -31.875         ABh         -7.875         EBh         16.1           2Ch         -55.500         6Ch         -31.500         ACh         -7.500         ECh         16.8           2Dh         -55.125         6Dh         -31.125         ADh         -7.125         EDh         16.8           2Lh         -54.375 <th></th> <th>22h</th> <th>-59.250</th> <th>62h</th> <th>-35.250</th> <th>A2h</th> <th>-11.250</th> <th>E2h</th> <th>12.750</th>		22h	-59.250	62h	-35.250	A2h	-11.250	E2h	12.750
25h         -58.125         65h         -34.125         A5h         -10.125         E5h         13.8           26h         -57.750         66h         -33.750         A6h         -9.750         E6h         14.2           27h         -57.375         67h         -33.375         A7h         -9.375         E7h         14.6           28h         -57.000         68h         -33.000         A8h         -9.000         E8h         15.0           29h         -56.625         69h         -32.625         A9h         -8.625         E9h         15.3           2Ah         -56.875         6Bh         -31.500         ACh         -7.875         EBh         16.1           2Ch         -55.875         6Bh         -31.500         ACh         -7.500         ECh         16.5           2Dh         -55.125         6Dh         -31.125         ADh         -7.125         EDh         16.8           2Eh         -54.750         6Eh         -30.750         AEh         -6.750         EEh         17.2           2Fh         -54.750         6Eh         -30.750         AEh         -6.375         EFh         17.6           30h         -54.000 <th></th> <th>23h</th> <th>-58.875</th> <th>63h</th> <th>-34.875</th> <th>A3h</th> <th>-10.875</th> <th>E3h</th> <th>13.125</th>		23h	-58.875	63h	-34.875	A3h	-10.875	E3h	13.125
26h         -57.750         66h         -33.750         A6h         -9.750         E6h         14.2           27h         -57.375         67h         -33.375         A7h         -9.375         E7h         14.6           28h         -57.000         68h         -33.000         A8h         -9.000         E8h         15.0           29h         -56.625         69h         -32.625         A9h         -8.625         E9h         15.3           2Ah         -56.250         6Ah         -32.625         A9h         -8.250         EAh         15.7           2Bh         -55.875         6Bh         -31.875         ABh         -7.875         EBh         16.1           2Ch         -55.500         6Ch         -31.500         ACh         -7.500         ECh         16.5           2Dh         -55.125         6Dh         -31.125         ADh         -7.125         EDh         16.8           2Fh         -54.750         6Eh         -30.750         AEh         -6.750         EEh         17.2           30h         -54.000         70h         -30.000         B0h         -6.000         F0h         18.0           31h         -53.250		24h	-58.500	64h	-34.500	A4h	-10.500	E4h	13.500
27h         -57.375         67h         -33.375         A7h         -9.375         E7h         14.6           28h         -57.000         68h         -33.000         A8h         -9.000         E8h         15.0           29h         -56.625         69h         -32.625         A9h         -8.625         E9h         15.3           2Ah         -56.625         6Ah         -32.250         AAh         -8.250         EAh         15.7           2Bh         -55.875         6Bh         -31.875         ABh         -7.875         EBh         16.1           2Ch         -55.500         6Ch         -31.500         ACh         -7.500         ECh         16.5           2Dh         -55.125         6Dh         -31.125         ADh         -7.125         EDh         16.8           2Eh         -54.750         6Eh         -30.750         AEh         -6.5750         EFh         17.6           30h         -54.000         70h         -30.000         B0h         -6.000         F0h         18.0           31h         -53.625         71h         -29.625         B1h         -5.625         F1h         18.3           32h         -53.250 <th></th> <th>25h</th> <th>-58.125</th> <th>65h</th> <th>-34.125</th> <th>A5h</th> <th>-10.125</th> <th>E5h</th> <th>13.875</th>		25h	-58.125	65h	-34.125	A5h	-10.125	E5h	13.875
28h         -57.000         68h         -33.000         A8h         -9.000         E8h         15.0           29h         -56.625         69h         -32.625         A9h         -8.625         E9h         15.3           2Ah         -56.250         6Ah         -32.250         AAh         -8.250         EAh         15.7           2Bh         -55.875         6Bh         -31.875         ABh         -7.875         EBh         16.1           2Ch         -55.125         6Dh         -31.875         ADh         -7.125         EDh         16.8           2Eh         -54.750         6Eh         -30.750         AEh         -6.750         EEh         17.2           2Fh         -54.375         6Fh         -30.375         AFh         -6.375         EFh         17.6           30h         -54.000         70h         -29.250         B0h         -6.000         F0h         18.0           31h         -53.625         71h         -29.250         B2h         -5.250         F2h         18.7           33h         -52.875         73h         -28.875         B3h         -4.875         F3h         19.1           34h         -52.500		26h	-57.750	66h	-33.750	A6h	-9.750	E6h	14.250
29h         -56.625         69h         -32.625         A9h         -8.625         E9h         15.3           2Ah         -56.250         6Ah         -32.250         AAh         -8.250         EAh         15.7           2Bh         -55.875         6Bh         -31.875         ABh         -7.875         EBh         16.1           2Ch         -55.105         6Ch         -31.500         ACh         -7.500         ECh         16.5           2Dh         -55.125         6Ch         -31.125         ADh         -7.125         EDh         16.8           2Eh         -54.750         6Eh         -30.750         AEh         -6.750         EEh         17.2           2Fh         -54.375         6Fh         -30.375         AFh         -6.375         EFh         17.6           30h         -54.000         70h         -30.000         B0h         -6.000         F0h         18.0           31h         -53.625         71h         -29.625         B1h         -5.625         F1h         18.3           32h         -52.800         74h         -28.875         B3h         -4.875         F3h         191           34h         -52.125		27h	-57.375	67h	-33.375	A7h	-9.375	E7h	14.625
2Ah         -56.250         6Ah         -32.250         AAh         -8.250         EAh         15.7           2Bh         -55.875         6Bh         -31.875         ABh         -7.875         EBh         16.1           2Ch         -55.500         6Ch         -31.500         ACh         -7.500         ECh         16.5           2Dh         -55.125         6Dh         -31.125         ADh         -7.125         EDh         16.8           2Eh         -54.750         6Eh         -30.750         AEh         -6.750         EEh         17.2           2Fh         -54.750         6Fh         -30.000         B0h         -6.000         F0h         18.0           30h         -54.000         70h         -30.000         B0h         -6.000         F0h         18.0           31h         -53.250         72h         -29.250         B2h         -5.250         F2h         18.7           33h         -52.875         73h         -28.875         B3h         -4.875         F3h         19.1           34h         -52.500         74h         -28.500         B4h         -4.500         F4h         19.5           35h         -52.125		28h	-57.000	68h	-33.000	A8h	-9.000	E8h	15.000
2Bh         -55.875         6Bh         -31.875         ABh         -7.875         EBh         16.1           2Ch         -55.500         6Ch         -31.500         ACh         -7.670         ECh         16.5           2Dh         -55.125         6Dh         -31.125         ADh         -7.125         EDh         16.8           2Eh         -54.750         6Eh         -30.750         AEh         -6.750         EEh         17.2           2Fh         -54.375         6Fh         -30.375         AFh         -6.375         EFh         17.6           30h         -54.000         70h         -30.000         B0h         -6.000         F0h         18.0           31h         -53.250         72h         -29.250         B1h         -5.6250         F2h         18.7           33h         -52.875         73h         -28.875         B3h         -4.875         F3h         19.1           34h         -52.500         74h         -28.500         B4h         -4.500         F4h         19.5           35h         -52.125         75h         -28.125         B5h         -4.125         F5h         19.8           36h         -51.750 <th>ļ</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>15.375</th>	ļ								15.375
2Ch         -55.500         6Ch         -31.500         ACh         -7.500         ECh         16.5           2Dh         -55.125         6Dh         -31.125         ADh         -7.125         EDh         16.8           2Eh         -54.750         6Eh         -30.750         AEh         -6.750         EEh         17.2           2Fh         -54.375         6Fh         -30.375         AFh         -6.375         EFh         17.2           30h         -54.000         70h         -30.000         Boh         -6.000         F0h         18.0           31h         -53.625         71h         -29.250         B2h         -5.250         F2h         18.7           32h         -52.875         73h         -28.875         B3h         -4.875         F3h         19.1           34h         -52.500         74h         -28.500         B4h         -4.500         F4h         19.5           35h         -52.125         75h         -28.125         B5h         -4.125         F5h         19.8           36h         -51.750         76h         -27.750         B6h         -3.750         F6h         20.2           37h         -51.375									15.750
2Dh         -55.125         6Dh         -31.125         ADh         -7.125         EDh         16.8           2Eh         -54.750         6Eh         -30.750         AEh         -6.750         EEh         17.2           2Fh         -54.375         6Fh         -30.375         AFh         -6.375         EFh         17.2           30h         -54.000         70h         -30.000         B0h         -6.000         F0h         18.0           31h         -53.625         71h         -29.250         B2h         -5.250         F2h         18.7           33h         -52.875         73h         -28.875         B3h         -4.875         F3h         19.1           34h         -52.500         74h         -28.500         B4h         -4.500         F4h         19.5           35h         -52.125         75h         -28.125         B5h         -4.125         F5h         19.8           36h         -51.750         76h         -27.750         B6h         -3.750         F6h         20.2           37h         -51.375         77h         -27.375         B7h         -3.375         F7h         20.6           38h         -51.000	ļ								16.125
2Eh         -54.750         6Eh         -30.750         AEh         -6.750         EEh         17.2           2Fh         -54.375         6Fh         -30.375         AFh         -6.375         EFh         17.6           30h         -54.000         70h         -30.000         B0h         -6.000         F0h         18.0           31h         -53.625         71h         -29.625         B1h         -5.625         F1h         18.3           32h         -53.250         72h         -29.250         B2h         -5.250         F2h         18.7           33h         -52.875         73h         -28.875         B3h         -4.875         F3h         19.1           34h         -52.500         74h         -28.807         B4h         -4.500         F4h         19.5           35h         -52.125         75h         -28.125         B5h         -4.125         F5h         19.8           36h         -51.750         76h         -27.750         B6h         -3.750         F6h         20.2           37h         -51.375         77h         -27.375         B7h         -3.375         F7h         20.6           38h         -51.000									16.500
2Fh         -54.375         6Fh         -30.375         AFh         -6.375         EFh         17.6           30h         -54.000         70h         -30.000         B0h         -6.000         F0h         18.0           31h         -53.625         71h         -29.625         B1h         -5.625         F1h         18.3           32h         -53.250         72h         -29.250         B2h         -5.250         F2h         18.7           33h         -52.875         73h         -28.875         B3h         -4.875         F3h         19.1           34h         -52.00         74h         -28.500         B4h         -4.600         F4h         19.5           35h         -52.125         75h         -28.125         B5h         -4.125         F5h         19.8           36h         -51.750         76h         -27.750         B6h         -3.750         F6h         20.2           37h         -51.375         77h         -27.375         B7h         -3.375         F7h         20.6           38h         -51.000         78h         -27.000         B8h         -3.000         F8h         21.0           39h         -50.625									16.875
30h         -54.000         70h         -30.000         B0h         -6.000         F0h         18.0           31h         -53.625         71h         -29.625         B1h         -5.625         F1h         18.3           32h         -53.250         72h         -29.250         B2h         -5.250         F2h         18.7           33h         -52.875         73h         -28.875         B3h         -4.875         F3h         19.1           34h         -52.00         74h         -28.875         B3h         -4.875         F3h         19.1           34h         -52.00         74h         -28.875         B3h         -4.875         F3h         19.1           34h         -52.125         75h         -28.125         B5h         -4.125         F5h         19.8           36h         -51.750         76h         -27.750         B6h         -3.750         F6h         20.2           37h         -51.375         77h         -27.375         B7h         -3.375         F7h         20.6           38h         -51.000         78h         -27.000         B8h         -3.000         F8h         21.0           39h         -50.625									17.250
31h         -53.625         71h         -29.625         B1h         -5.625         F1h         18.3           32h         -53.250         72h         -29.250         B2h         -5.250         F2h         18.7           33h         -52.875         73h         -28.875         B3h         -4.875         F3h         19.1           34h         -52.500         74h         -28.500         B4h         -4.500         F4h         19.5           35h         -52.125         75h         -28.125         B5h         -4.125         F5h         19.8           36h         -51.750         76h         -27.750         B6h         -3.750         F6h         20.2           37h         -51.375         77h         -27.375         B7h         -3.375         F7h         20.6           38h         -51.000         78h         -27.000         B8h         -3.000         F8h         21.0           39h         -50.625         79h         -26.625         B9h         -2.625         F9h         21.3           3Ah         -50.250         7Ah         -26.250         BAh         -2.250         FAh         21.7           3Bh         -49.875									17.625
32h         -53.250         72h         -29.250         B2h         -5.250         F2h         18.7           33h         -52.875         73h         -28.875         B3h         -4.875         F3h         19.1           34h         -52.500         74h         -28.500         B4h         -4.600         F4h         19.5           35h         -52.125         75h         -28.125         B5h         -4.125         F5h         19.8           36h         -51.750         76h         -27.750         B6h         -3.750         F6h         20.2           37h         -51.375         77h         -27.375         B7h         -3.375         F7h         20.6           38h         -51.000         78h         -27.000         B8h         -3.000         F8h         21.0           39h         -50.625         79h         -26.625         B9h         -2.625         F9h         21.3           3Ah         -50.250         7Ah         -26.250         BAh         -2.250         FAh         21.7           3Bh         -49.875         7Bh         -25.875         BBh         -1.875         FBh         22.1           3Ch         -49.500									18.000
33h         -52.875         73h         -28.875         B3h         -4.875         F3h         19.1           34h         -52.500         74h         -28.500         B4h         -4.500         F4h         19.5           35h         -52.125         75h         -28.125         B5h         -4.125         F5h         19.8           36h         -51.750         76h         -27.750         B6h         -3.750         F6h         20.2           37h         -51.375         77h         -27.375         B7h         -3.375         F7h         20.6           38h         -51.000         78h         -27.000         B8h         -3.000         F8h         21.0           39h         -50.625         79h         -26.625         B9h         -2.625         F9h         21.3           3Ah         -50.250         7Ah         -26.250         BAh         -2.250         FAh         21.7           3Bh         -49.875         7Bh         -25.875         BBh         -1.875         FBh         22.1           3Ch         -49.500         7Ch         -25.500         BCh         -1.500         FCh         22.5           3Dh         -49.125	1								18.375
34h         -52.500         74h         -28.500         B4h         -4.500         F4h         19.5           35h         -52.125         75h         -28.125         B5h         -4.125         F5h         19.8           36h         -51.750         76h         -27.750         B6h         -3.750         F6h         20.2           37h         -51.375         77h         -27.375         B7h         -3.375         F7h         20.6           38h         -51.000         78h         -27.000         B8h         -3.000         F8h         21.0           39h         -50.625         79h         -26.625         B9h         -2.625         F9h         21.3           3Ah         -50.250         7Ah         -26.250         BAh         -2.250         FAh         21.7           3Bh         -49.875         7Bh         -25.875         BBh         -1.875         FBh         22.1           3Ch         -49.500         7Ch         -25.500         BCh         -1.500         FCh         22.5           3Dh         -49.125         7Dh         -25.125         BDh         -1.125         FDh         22.8           3Eh         -48.750	1								18.750
35h         -52.125         75h         -28.125         B5h         -4.125         F5h         19.8           36h         -51.750         76h         -27.750         B6h         -3.750         F6h         20.2           37h         -51.375         77h         -27.375         B7h         -3.375         F7h         20.6           38h         -51.000         78h         -27.000         B8h         -3.000         F8h         21.0           39h         -50.625         79h         -26.625         B9h         -2.250         F9h         21.3           3Ah         -50.250         7Ah         -26.250         BAh         -2.250         FAh         21.7           3Bh         -49.875         7Bh         -26.250         BAh         -2.250         FAh         21.7           3Bh         -49.875         7Bh         -26.250         BAh         -2.250         FAh         21.7           3Bh         -49.875         7Bh         -26.875         BBh         -1.875         FBh         22.1           3Ch         -49.500         7Ch         -25.500         BCh         -1.500         FCh         22.8           3Dh         -49.125	1								19.500
36h         -51.750         76h         -27.750         B6h         -3.750         F6h         20.2           37h         -51.375         77h         -27.375         B7h         -3.375         F7h         20.6           38h         -51.000         78h         -27.000         B8h         -3.000         F8h         21.0           39h         -50.625         79h         -26.625         B9h         -2.250         F9h         21.3           3Ah         -50.250         7Ah         -26.250         BAh         -2.250         FAh         21.7           3Bh         -49.875         7Bh         -26.875         BBh         -1.875         FBh         22.1           3Ch         -49.500         7Ch         -25.500         BCh         -1.500         FCh         22.4           3Dh         -49.125         7Dh         -25.125         BDh         -1.125         FDh         22.8           3Eh         -48.750         7Eh         -24.750         BEh         -0.750         FEh         23.2	1								19.500
37h         -51.375         77h         -27.375         B7h         -3.375         F7h         20.6           38h         -51.000         78h         -27.000         B8h         -3.000         F8h         21.0           39h         -50.625         79h         -26.625         B9h         -2.625         F9h         21.3           3Ah         -50.250         7Ah         -26.625         B9h         -2.625         F9h         21.3           3Ah         -50.250         7Ah         -26.520         BAh         -2.250         FAh         21.7           3Bh         -49.875         7Bh         -25.875         BBh         -1.875         FBh         22.1           3Ch         -49.500         7Ch         -25.500         BCh         -1.500         FCh         22.5           3Dh         -49.125         7Dh         -25.125         BDh         -1.125         FDh         22.8           3Eh         -48.750         7Eh         -24.750         BEh         -0.750         FEh         23.2									20.250
38h         -51.000         78h         -27.000         B8h         -3.000         F8h         21.0           39h         -50.625         79h         -26.625         B9h         -2.625         F9h         21.3           3Ah         -50.250         7Ah         -26.250         BAh         -2.250         FAh         21.7           3Bh         -49.875         7Bh         -25.875         BBh         -1.875         FBh         22.1           3Ch         -49.500         7Ch         -25.500         BCh         -1.500         FCh         22.5           3Dh         -49.125         7Dh         -25.125         BDh         -1.125         FDh         22.8           3Eh         -48.750         7Eh         -24.750         BEh         -0.750         FEh         23.2									20.250
39h         -50.625         79h         -26.625         B9h         -2.625         F9h         21.3           3Ah         -50.250         7Ah         -26.250         BAh         -2.250         FAh         21.7           3Bh         -49.875         7Bh         -25.875         BBh         -1.875         FBh         22.1           3Ch         -49.500         7Ch         -25.500         BCh         -1.500         FCh         22.5           3Dh         -49.125         7Dh         -25.125         BDh         -1.125         FDh         22.8           3Eh         -48.750         7Eh         -24.750         BEh         -0.750         FEh         23.2	ļ								21.000
3Ah         -50.250         7Ah         -26.250         BAh         -2.250         FAh         21.7           3Bh         -49.875         7Bh         -25.875         BBh         -1.875         FBh         22.1           3Ch         -49.500         7Ch         -25.500         BCh         -1.500         FCh         22.5           3Dh         -49.125         7Dh         -25.125         BDh         -1.125         FDh         22.8           3Eh         -48.750         7Eh         -24.750         BEh         -0.750         FEh         23.2									21.375
3Bh         -49.875         7Bh         -25.875         BBh         -1.875         FBh         22.1           3Ch         -49.500         7Ch         -25.500         BCh         -1.500         FCh         22.5           3Dh         -49.125         7Dh         -25.125         BDh         -1.125         FDh         22.8           3Eh         -48.750         7Eh         -24.750         BEh         -0.750         FEh         23.2									21.750
3Ch         -49.500         7Ch         -25.500         BCh         -1.500         FCh         22.5           3Dh         -49.125         7Dh         -25.125         BDh         -1.125         FDh         22.8           3Eh         -48.750         7Eh         -24.750         BEh         -0.750         FEh         23.2									22.125
3Dh         -49.125         7Dh         -25.125         BDh         -1.125         FDh         22.8           3Eh         -48.750         7Eh         -24.750         BEh         -0.750         FEh         23.2									22.500
3Eh -48.750 7Eh -24.750 BEh -0.750 FEh 23.2									22.875
									23.250
3+n -48.375 7Fh -24.375 BFh -0.375 FFh 23.6		3Fh	-48.375	7Fh	-24.375	BFh	-0.375	FFh	23.625

Table 27 DAC Digital Volume Range



#### DAC AUTO-MUTE

The DAC digital mute and volume controls are described earlier in Table 26.

The DAC also incorporates an analogue auto-mute, which is enabled by setting DAC\_AUTOMUTE. When the auto-mute is enabled, and a series of 1024 consecutive zero-samples is detected, the DAC output is muted in order to attenuate noise that might be present in output signal path. The DAC resumes normal operation as soon as digital audio data is detected.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R21 (15h)	4	DAC_AUTOMUT	1	DAC Auto-Mute Control
DAC Control 1		E		0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled

Table 28 DAC Auto Mute

Note: The DAC\_AUTOMUTE bit should not be set when the BEEP generator is used.

### DAC SLOPING STOPBAND FILTER

Two DAC filter types are available, selected by the register bit DAC\_SB\_FLT. When operating at lower sample rates (e.g. during voice communication) it is recommended that the sloping stopband filter type is selected (DAC\_SB\_FLT=1) to reduce out-of-band noise which can be audible at low DAC sample rates. See "Digital Filter Characteristics" for details of DAC filter characteristics.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R22 (16h)	0	DAC_SB_FLT	0	Selects DAC filter characteristics
DAC Control 2				0 = Normal mode
				1 = Sloping stopband mode

Table 29 DAC Sloping Stopband Filter



### **DIGITAL BEEP GENERATOR**

The WM8946 provides a digital signal generator which can be used to inject an audio tone (beep) into the DAC signal path. The output of the beep generator is digitally mixed with the DAC outputs, after the DAC digital volume.

The beep is enabled using BEEP\_ENA. The beep function creates an approximation of a Sine wave. The audio frequency is set using BEEP\_RATE. The beep volume is set using BEEP\_GAIN. Note that the volume of the digital beep generator is not affected by the DAC volume or DAC mute controls.

The DAC\_AUTOMUTE bit should not be set when the BEEP generator is used.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R37 (25h)	6:3	BEEP_GAIN [3:0]	0000	Digital Beep Volume Control
Beep Control				0000 = mute
1				0001 = -83dB
				0010 = -77dB
				(6dB steps)
				1111 = +1dB
	2:1	BEEP_RATE [1:0]	01	Beep Waveform Control
				00 = Reserved
				01 = 1kHz
				10 = 2kHz
				11 = 4kHz
	0	BEEP_ENA	0	Digital Beep Enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
				Note that the DAC and associated signal path needs to be enabled when using the digital beep.

The digital beep generator control fields are described in Table 30.

#### Table 30 Digital Beep Generator

**Note:** The beep generator is clocked by the left channel DAC clock. If the beep signal is used on the right channel only, the left channel DAC must be enabled.



### **OUTPUT SIGNAL PATH**

The WM8946 provides two Line Output mixers and two Speaker Output mixers. Multiple inputs to each mixer provide a high degree of flexibility to route different signal paths to each of the four analogue outputs.

The DAC outputs can be routed to the mixers either directly or in inverted phase. This makes it easy to generate differential (BTL) or mono output signals.

The Auxiliary input AUX1 may be routed directly to the Speaker outputs, bypassing the Speaker PGAs and mixers. This can be used to provide a fixed-gain signal path for a "PC Beep" or similar application.

The output signal paths and associated control registers are illustrated in Figure 19.

Note that the speaker outputs are intended to drive a mono headset or speaker (in BTL configuration). They are not designed to drive stereo speakers directly.



Figure 19 Output Signal Paths



### OUTPUT SIGNAL PATHS ENABLE

Each analogue output pin can be independently enabled or disabled using the register bits described in Table 31. The speaker output PGAs and mixers can also be controlled.

ADDRESS	BEL DEFAU	ILT DESCRIPTION
R3 (03h) 15 OUTR_E	NA 0	LINEOUTR enable
Power		0 = Disabled
management		1 = Enabled
2 14 OUTL_E	NA 0	LINEOUTL enable
		0 = Disabled
		1 = Enabled
13 SPKR_P	GA_ENA 0	Speaker Right PGA enable
		0 = Disabled
		1 = Enabled
12 SPKL_P	GA_ENA 0	Speaker Left PGA enable
		0 = Disabled
		1 = Enabled
11 SPKR_S	PKVDD_ 0	SPKOUTR enable
ENA		0 = Disabled
		1 = Enabled
		Note that SPKOUTR is also
		controlled by SPKR_OP_ENA.
		When powering down SPKOUTR, the SPKR_SPKVDD_ENA bit
		should be reset first.
10 SPKL_S		SPKOUTL enable
ENA		0 = Disabled
		1 = Enabled
		Note that SPKOUTL is also
		controlled by SPKL_OP_ENA.
		When powering down SPKOUTL,
		the SPKL_SPKVDD_ENA bit should
		be reset first
7 SPKR_O	P_ENA 0	SPKOUTR enable
		0 = Disabled
		1 = Enabled
		Note that SPKOUTR is also controlled by
		SPKR_SPKVDD_ENA. When
		powering up SPKOUTR, the
		SPKR_OP_ENA bit should be
		enabled first.
6 SPKL_O	P_ENA 0	SPKOUTL enable
		0 = Disabled
		1 = Enabled
		Note that SPKOUTL is also
		controlled by SPKL_SPKVDD_ENA. When powering up SPKOUTL, the
		SPKL_OP_ENA bit should be
		enabled first
3 SPKR_M	IX_ENA 0	Right speaker output mixer enable
		0 = Disabled
		1 = Enabled
2 SPKL_M	IX_ENA 0	Left speaker output mixer enable
		0 = Disabled
		1 = Enabled

Table 31 Output Signal Paths Enable



To enable the output PGAs and mixers, the reference voltage VMID and the bias current must also be enabled. See "Reference Voltages and Master Bias" for details of the associated controls VMID\_SEL and BIAS\_ENA.

Note that the Line outputs, Speaker outputs and Speaker PGA mixers are all muted by default. The required signal paths must be un-muted using the control bits described in the respective tables below.

#### LINE OUTPUT MIXER CONTROL

The Line Output mixer controls are described in Table 32 for the Left Channel (MIXOUTL) and Table 33 for the Right Channel (MIXOUTR). These allow any of the DACL/R, Inverted DACL/R, AUX1/2 and one of the ADC Bypass signals to be mixed. The output of each mixer can be muted also, using the LINEL\_MUTE and LINER\_MUTE bits.

Note that a signal gain of 4.5dB is applied to the ADC Bypass signals, as shown in Figure 19. Care should be taken when mixing more than one path to the Line Output mixers in order to avoid clipping. The gain of each input path is adjustable using a selectable -6dB control in each path to facilitate this.

Note that the attenuation control fields DACL\_TO\_OUTL\_ATTEN and DACR\_TO\_OUTL\_ATTEN control both the DAC and the Inverted DAC mixer paths to the Left Channel output mixer. The equivalent applies to DACL\_TO\_OUTR\_ATTEN and DACR\_TO\_OUTR\_ATTEN also. Note that the DAC input levels may also be controlled by the DAC digital volume control - see "Digital to Analogue Converter (DAC)" for further details.

When the AUX1 or AUX2 pin is used as an audio input, that pin must be configured for audio using the AUX1\_AUDIO or AUX2\_AUDIO register bits. These bits are defined in Table 2 (see "Analogue Input Signal Path").

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R42 (2Ah)	8	LINEL_MUTE	1	LINEOUTL Output Mute
Output ctrl				0 = Disable Mute
				1 = Enable Mute
R49 (31h) Line L mixer	6	BYPL_TO_OUTL	0	Left Input PGA (ADC bypass) to Left Output Mixer select
control 1				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	5	MDACL_TO_OUT L	0	Inverted Left DAC to Left Output Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	4	MDACR_TO_OU TL	0	Inverted Right DAC to Left Output Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	3	DACL_TO_OUTL	0	Left DAC to Left Output Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	2	DACR_TO_OUTL	0	Right DAC to Left Output Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	1	AUX2_TO_OUTL	0	AUX2 Audio Input to Left Output
				Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
	0	AUX1_TO_OUTL	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Left Output Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
R51 (33h) Line L mixer	6	BYPL_TO_OUTL _ATTEN	0	Left Input PGA (ADC bypass) to Left Output Mixer attenuation
control 2				0 = 0dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation
	3	DACL_TO_OUTL	0	Left DAC to Left Output Mixer
		_ATTEN		attenuation
				0 = 0 dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation
	2	DACR_TO_OUTL _ATTEN	0	Right DAC to Left Output Mixer attenuation
				0 = 0dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation
	1	AUX2_TO_OUTL _ATTEN	0	AUX2 Audio Input to Left Output Mixer attenuation
				0 = 0dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation
	0	AUX1_TO_OUTL	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Left Output
		_ATTEN		Mixer attenuation
				0 = 0 dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation

Table 32 Left Output Mixer (MIXOUTL) Control

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R42 (2Ah)	9	LINER_MUTE	1	LINEOUTR Output Mute
Output ctrl				0 = Disable Mute
				1 = Enable Mute
R50 (32h) Line R mixer	6	BYPR_TO_OUTR	0	Right Input PGA (ADC bypass) to Right Output Mixer select
control 1				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	5	MDACL_TO_OUT R	0	Inverted Left DAC to Right Output Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	4	MDACR_TO_OU TR	0	Inverted Right DAC to Right Output Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	3	DACL_TO_OUTR	0	Left DAC to Right Output Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	2	DACR_TO_OUTR	0	Right DAC to Right Output Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
	1	AUX2_TO_OUTR	0	AUX2 Audio Input to Right Output Mixer select 0 = Disabled
	0	AUX1_TO_OUTR	0	1 = Enabled AUX1 Audio Input to Right Output Mixer select 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
R52 (34h) Line R mixer control 2	6	BYPR_TO_OUTR _ATTEN	0	Right Input PGA (ADC bypass) to Right Output Mixer attenuation 0 = 0dB 1 = -6dB attenuation
	3	DACL_TO_OUTR _ATTEN	0	Left DAC to Right Output Mixer attenuation 0 = 0dB 1 = -6dB attenuation
	2	DACR_TO_OUTR _ATTEN	0	Right DAC to Right Output Mixer attenuation 0 = 0dB 1 = -6dB attenuation
	1	AUX2_TO_OUTR _ATTEN	0	AUX2 Audio Input to Right Output Mixer attenuation 0 = 0dB 1 = -6dB attenuation
	0	AUX1_TO_OUTR _ATTEN	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Right Output Mixer attenuation 0 = 0dB 1 = -6dB attenuation

Table 33 Right Output Mixer (MIXOUTR) Control

### SPEAKER PGA MIXER CONTROL

The Speaker PGA mixer controls are described in Table 34 for the left channel (MIXSPKL) and Table 35 for the right channel (MIXSPKR). These allow any of the DACL/R, Inverted DACL/R, AUX1/2 and one of the ADC Bypass signals to be mixed. The output of each PGA mixer can be muted also, using the SPKL\_MIX\_MUTE and SPKR\_MIX\_MUTE bits.

Note that the output from the Speaker PGA mixer is also controlled by the Speaker PGA Volume control and the Speaker Output control described in the following sections.

Note that a signal gain of 4.5dB is applied to the ADC Bypass signals, as shown in Figure 19. Care should be taken when enabling more than one path to the Speaker PGA mixers in order to avoid clipping. The gain of each input path is adjustable using a selectable -6dB control in each path to facilitate this.

Note that the attenuation control fields DACL\_TO\_PGAL\_ATTEN and DACR\_TO\_PGAL\_ATTEN control both the DAC and the Inverted DAC mixer paths to the Left Speaker PGA mixer. The equivalent applies to DACL\_TO\_PGAR\_ATTEN and DACR\_TO\_PGAR\_ATTEN also. Note that the DAC input levels may also be controlled by the DAC digital volume control - see "Digital to Analogue Converter (DAC)" for further details.

When the AUX1 or AUX2 pin is used as an audio input, that pin must be configured for audio using the AUX1\_AUDIO or AUX2\_AUDIO register bits. These bits are defined in Table 2 (see "Analogue Input Signal Path").

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
ADDRESS				



R3 (03h)	4	SPKL_MIX_MUT	1	Left Speaker PGA Mixer Mute
Power		E		0 = Disable Mute
Management				1 = Enable Mute
R43 (2Bh) SPK mixer control 1	6	BYPL_TO_PGAL	0	Left Input PGA (ADC bypass) to Left Speaker PGA Mixer select 0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	5	MDACL_TO_PGA L	0	Inverted Left DAC to Left Speaker PGA Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	4	MDACR_TO_PG AL	0	Inverted Right DAC to Left Speaker PGA Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	3	DACL_TO_PGAL	0	Left DAC to Left Speaker PGA Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	2	DACR_TO_PGAL	0	Right DAC to Left Speaker PGA
				Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	1	AUX2_TO_PGAL	0	AUX2 Audio Input to Left Speaker PGA Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	0	AUX1_TO_PGAL	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Left Speaker PGA Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
R45 (2Dh) SPK mixer	6	BYPL_TO_PGAL _ATTEN	0	Left Input PGA (ADC bypass) to Left Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation
control 3				0 = 0 dB
			0	1 = -6dB attenuation
	3	DACL_TO_PGAL _ATTEN	0	Left DAC to Left Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation
				0 = 0dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation
	2	DACR_TO_PGAL _ATTEN	0	Right DAC to Left Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation
				0 = 0dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation
	1	AUX2_TO_PGAL _ATTEN	0	AUX2 Audio Input to Left Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation
				0 = 0dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation
	0	AUX1_TO_PGAL _ATTEN	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Left Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation
				0 = 0 dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation
		GA Miyor (MIYSPKI )	<u> </u>	

Table 34 Left Speaker PGA Mixer (MIXSPKL) Control

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
---------------------	-----	-------	---------	-------------



R3 (03h)	5	SPKR_MIX_MUT	1	Right Speaker PGA Mixer Mute
Power		E		0 = Disable Mute
Management				1 = Enable Mute
R44 (2Ch)	6	BYPR_TO_PGAR	0	Right Input PGA (ADC bypass) to
SPK mixer				Right Speaker PGA Mixer select
control 2				0 = Disabled
_				1 = Enabled
	5	MDACL_TO_PGA	0	Inverted Left DAC to Right Speaker
		R		PGA Mixer select
				0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
-	4	MDACR_TO_PG	0	Inverted Right DAC to Right
	4	AR	0	Speaker PGA Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	3	DACL_TO_PGAR	0	Left DAC to Right Speaker PGA
				Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	2	DACR_TO_PGAR	0	Right DAC to Right Speaker PGA
				Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
-				1 = Enabled
	1	AUX2_TO_PGAR	0	AUX2 Audio Input to Right Speaker PGA Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	0	AUX1_TO_PGAR	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Right Speaker PGA Mixer select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
R46 (2Eh) SPK mixer control 4	6	BYPR_TO_PGAR _ATTEN	0	Right Input PGA (ADC bypass) to Right Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation
control 4				0 = 0dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation
	3	DACL_TO_PGAR	0	Left DAC to Right Speaker PGA
		_ATTEN		Mixer attenuation
				0 = 0 dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation
	2	DACR_TO_PGAR _ATTEN	0	Right DAC to Right Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation
				0 = 0dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation
[	1	AUX2_TO_PGAR _ATTEN	0	AUX2 Audio Input to Right Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation
				0 = 0dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation
	0	AUX1_TO_PGAR _ATTEN	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Right Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation
				0 = 0 dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation

Table 35 Right Speaker PGA Mixer (MIXSPKR) Control



### SPEAKER PGA VOLUME CONTROL

The volume control of the left and right Speaker PGAs can be independently adjusted using the SPKL\_VOL and SPKR\_VOL register fields as described in Table 36. The gain range is -57dB to +6dB in 1dB steps.

Note that the output from the Speaker PGA Volume control is an input to the Speaker Output control described in the following section.

To prevent "zipper noise", a zero-cross function is provided on the Speaker PGAs. When this feature is enabled, volume updates will not take place until a zero-crossing is detected. In the case of a long period without zero-crossings, a timeout function is provided. When the zero-cross function is enabled, the volume will update after the timeout period if no earlier zero-cross has occurred. The timeout clock is enabled using TOCLK\_ENA. See "Clocking and Sample Rates" for the definition of this bit.

The SPK\_VU bits control the loading of the Speaker PGA volume data. When SPK\_VU is set to 0, the volume control data will be loaded into the respective control register, but will not actually change the gain setting. The left and right Speaker PGA volume settings are both updated when a 1 is written to either SPK\_VU bit. This makes it possible to update the gain of the left and right output paths simultaneously.

Note that SYSCLK must be enabled when writing to the SPK\_VU bits. (See "Clocking and Sample Rates" for details of SYSCLK.)

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R47 (2Fh)	8	SPK_VU	0	Speaker PGA Volume Update
Left SPK volume ctrl				Writing a 1 to this bit will cause the Left and Right Speaker PGA volumes to be updated simultaneously.
	7	SPKL_ZC	0	Left Speaker PGA Zero Cross Detector
				0 = Change gain immediately
				1 = Change gain on zero cross only
	6	SPKL_PGA_MUT	1	Left Speaker PGA Mute
		E		0 = Disable Mute
				1 = Enable Mute
	5:0	SPKL_VOL	11_1001	Left Speaker PGA Volume
			(0dB)	00_0000 = -57dB gain
				00_0001 = -56dB
				11_1001 = 0dB
				11_111 = +6dB
				(See Table 37 for volume range)
R48 (30h)	8	SPK_VU	0	Speaker PGA Volume Update
Right SPK volume ctrl				Writing a 1 to this bit will cause the Left and Right Speaker PGA volumes to be updated simultaneously.
	7	SPKR_ZC	0	Right Speaker PGA Zero Cross Detector
				0 = Change gain immediately
				1 = Change gain on zero cross only
	6	SPKR_PGA_MUT	1	Right Speaker PGA Mute
		E		0 = Disable Mute
				1 = Enable Mute

The Speaker PGA volume control register fields are described in Table 36.



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
	5:0	SPKR_VOL	11_1001	Right Speaker PGA Volume
			(0dB)	00_0000 = -57dB gain
				00_0001 = -56dB
				11_1001 = 0dB
				11_1111 = +6dB
				(See Table 37 for volume range)

Table 36 Speaker PGA Volume Control

PGA GAIN SETTING	VOLUME (dB)	PGA GAIN SETTING	VOLUME (dB)
00h	-57	20h	-25
01h	-56	21h	-24
02h	-55	22h	-23
03h	-54	23h	-22
04h	-53	24h	-21
05h	-52	25h	-20
06h	-51	26h	-19
07h	-50	27h	-18
08h	-49	28h	-17
09h	-48	29h	-16
0Ah	-47	2Ah	-15
0Bh	-46	2Bh	-14
0Ch	-45	2Ch	-13
0Dh	-44	2Dh	-12
0Eh	-43	2Eh	-11
0Fh	-42	2Fh	-10
10h	-41	30h	-9
11h	-40	31h	-8
12h	-39	32h	-7
13h	-38	33h	-6
14h	-37	34h	-5
15h	-36	35h	-4
16h	-35	36h	-3
17h	-34	37h	-2
18h	-33	38h	-1
19h	-32	39h	0
1Ah	-31	3Ah	+1
1Bh	-30	3Bh	+2
1Ch	-29	3Ch	+3
1Dh	-28	3Dh	+4
1Eh	-27	3Eh	+5
1Fh	-26	3Fh	+6

Table 37 Speaker PGA Volume Range



### SPEAKER OUTPUT CONTROL

Each Speaker output has its own output mixer. This allows the output of the respective Speaker PGA to be enabled or disabled, and also allows the Auxiliary input AUX1 to be routed directly to either Speaker output. The two Speaker outputs can be muted also, using the SPKR\_OP\_MUTE and SPKL\_OP\_MUTE.

The AUX1 path can be used to provide a fixed-gain signal path that is unaffected by the Speaker PGA setting. This feature is intended for a "PC Beep" or similar applications.

Care should be taken when enabling more than one path to the Speaker Output mixers in order to avoid clipping. The gain of each input path is adjustable using a selectable -6dB control in each path to facilitate this.

When the AUX1 pin is used as an audio input, that pin must be configured for audio using the AUX1\_AUDIO register bit. This bit is defined in Table 2 (see "Analogue Input Signal Path").

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R3 (03h)	9	SPKR_OP_MUTE	1	SPKOUTR Output Mute
Power				0 = Disable Mute
Management				1 = Enable Mute
1	8	SPKL_OP_MUTE	1	SPKOUTL Output Mute
				0 = Disable Mute
				1 = Enable Mute
R43 (2Bh)	8	AUX1_TO_SPKL	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Left Speaker
SPK mixer				Output select
control 1				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	7	PGAL_TO_SPKL	0	Left Speaker PGA Mixer to Left
				Speaker Output select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
R44 (2Ch)	8	AUX1_TO_SPKR	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Right Speaker
SPK mixer				Output select
control 2				0 = Disabled
	-			1 = Enabled
	7	PGAR_TO_SPKR	0	Right Speaker PGA Mixer to Right Speaker Output select
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
R45 (2Dh)	8	AUX1_TO_SPKL_	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Left Speaker
SPK mixer	Ū	ATTEN	Ũ	Output attenuation
control 3				0 = 0 dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation
	7	PGAL_TO_SPKL	0	Left Speaker PGA Mixer to Left
		_ATTEN		Speaker Output attenuation
				0 = 0 dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation
R46 (2Eh)	8	AUX1_TO_SPKR	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Right Speaker
SPK mixer		_ATTEN		Output attenuation
control 4				0 = 0 dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation
	7	PGAR_TO_SPKR	0	Right Speaker PGA Mixer to Right
		_ATTEN		Speaker Output attenuation
				0 = 0 dB
				1 = -6dB attenuation

The Speaker Output control registers are described in Table 38.

Table 38 Speaker Output Control



### **ANALOGUE OUTPUTS**

The Line outputs and Speaker outputs are highly configurable and may be used in many different ways. The output mixers can be configured to generate mono or stereo, single-ended or differential outputs. The Class AB Speaker output driver can deliver up to 400mW into an  $8\Omega$  speaker in BTL mode. Alternatively, the Speaker outputs can deliver 40mW to a stereo  $16\Omega$  headphone load.

### LINE OUTPUTS

The line outputs LINEOUTL and LINEOUTR are the external connections to the Line output mixers. In a typical application, these will deliver a stereo pair of outputs in single-ended configuration.

For stereo line output, the Left and Right output mixers are used to generate the Left and Right output signals respectively.

A differential mono (left+right) DAC output may be generated at the line outputs by routing an inverted DAC signal to one output and the non-inverted signal from the other DAC to the other line output.

A differential output from a single DAC may be generated at the line outputs by routing the inverted DAC signal to one output and the non-inverted DAC signal to the other. When the speaker outputs are similarly configured for the other DAC channel, then stereo differential output is possible.

### SPEAKER OUTPUTS

The speaker outputs SPKOUTL and SPKOUTR are the external connections to the Speaker Output mixers. These outputs are intended for a mono speaker or headphone in BTL configuration or for a stereo line load.

For stereo line configuration, the Left and Right Speaker Output mixers are used to generate the Left and Right output signals respectively.

For mono speaker or headphone configuration, a BTL output from the DACs may be generated by routing an inverted DAC signal to one speaker output and the non-inverted signal from the other DAC to the other speaker output. The auxiliary inputs AUX1 or AUX2 may be routed to the mono speaker by enabling the respective signal path in either the Left or Right speaker output mixer. (Note that these signals should not be enabled in both mixers at once; this will lead to cancellation at the BTL output.)

Note that a differential output from a single DAC may be generated at the speaker outputs by routing the inverted DAC signal to one output and the non-inverted DAC signal to the other. When the line outputs are similarly configured for the other DAC channel, then stereo differential output is possible.

### **EXTERNAL COMPONENTS FOR LINE OUTPUT**

In single-ended output configurations, DC blocking capacitors are required at the output pins (LINEOUTL, LINEOUTR, SPKOUTL and SPKOUTR). See "Applications Information" for details of these components.



### LDO REGULATOR

The WM8946 provides an internal LDO which provides a regulated voltage for use as in internal supply and reference, which can also be used to power external circuits.

The LDO is enabled by setting the LDO\_ENA register bit. The LDO supply is drawn from the LDOVDD pin; the LDO output is provided on the LDOVOUT pin. The LDO requires a reference voltage and a bias source; these are configured as described below.

The LDO bias source is selected using LDO\_BIAS\_SRC. Care is required during start-up to ensure that the selected bias is enabled; the master bias will not normally be available at initial start-up, and the fast bias should be selected in the first instance.

The LDO reference voltage can be selected using LDO\_REF\_SEL; this allows selection of either the internal bandgap reference or one of the VMID resistor strings. When VMID is selected as the reference, then LDO\_REF\_SEL\_FAST selects either the Normal VMID reference or the Fast-Start VMID reference. Care is required during start-up to ensure that the selected reference is enabled; the VMID references are enabled using VMID\_ENA and VMID\_FAST\_START as described in Table 44 and Table 45 respectively.

The internal bandgap reference is nominally 1.5V. Note that this value is not trimmed and may vary significantly (+/-10%) between different devices. When using this reference, the internal bandgap reference must be enabled by setting the BG\_ENA register, as described in Table 41. The bandgap voltage can be adjusted using the BG\_VSEL register as described in Table 43.

The LDO output voltage is set using the LDO\_VSEL register, which sets the ratio of the output voltage to the LDO reference voltage. See Table 42 for LDO output voltages.

Two example LDO configurations are described below.

Table 39 describes how to generate LDOVOUT voltage of 3.0V, from a LDOVDD supply voltage of 3.3V, using VMID as the LDO reference.

Note that using VMID as the LDO reference offers the lowest power consumption, but any variation in the LDOVDD supply may cause a variation in VMID and, consequently, a variation in LDOVOUT.

DESCRIPTION	REGISTER
Select LDOVDD as the VMID source	VMID_REF_SEL = 0
Select 5/11 as the VMID ratio	VMID_CTRL = 0
Select 2 x 50k $\Omega$ VMID divider for normal operation	VMID_SEL = 01
Enable VMID	VMID_ENA = 1
VMID = LDOVDD x 5/11 = 1.5V	
Select VMID as the LDO Voltage reference	LDO_REF_SEL = 0
	LDO_REF_SEL_FAST = 0
Select Vref x 1.97 as the LDO output voltage	LDO_VSEL = 07h
Enable LDO	LDO_ENA = 1
LDOVOUT = Vref x 1.97 = 1.5V x 1.97 = 2.97V	

 Table 39 LDO Configuration using VMID as LDO reference

Table 40 describes how to generate LDOVOUT voltage of 2.4V, from a LDOVDD supply voltage of 3.0V, using the Bandgap as the LDO reference.

Note that using the Bandgap as the LDO reference offers the best voltage stability, as the Bandgap reference voltage does not change with LDOVDD. The Bandgap voltage is stable, but is not trimmed for accuracy; adjustment of the BG\_VSEL register may be necessary when using the Bandgap as the LDO reference.



DESCRIPTION	REGISTER			
Select 1.467V as Bandgap voltage	BG_VSEL = 0Ah			
Enable the Bandgap	BG_ENA = 1			
Select Bandgap as the LDO Voltage reference	LDO_REF_SEL = 1			
Select Vref x 1.66 as the LDO output voltage	LDO_VSEL = 03h			
Enable LDO	LDO_ENA = 1			
LDOVOUT = Vref x 1.66 = 1.467V x 1.66 = 2.435V				
Select LDOVOUT as the VMID source	VMID_REF_SEL = 1			
Select 1/2 as the VMID ratio	VMID_CTRL = 1			
Select 2 x 50k $\Omega$ VMID divider for normal operation	VMID_SEL = 01			
Enable VMID	VMID_ENA = 1			
VMID = LDOVOUT x 1/2 = 1.2V				

Table 40 LDO Configuration using Bandgap as LDO reference

By default, the LDO output is actively discharged to GND through internal resistors when the LDO is disabled. This is desirable in shut-down to prevent any external connections being affected by the internal circuits. The LDO output can be set to float when the LDO is disabled; this is selected by setting the LDO\_OP\_FLT bit. This option should be selected if the LDO is bypassed and an external voltage is applied to LDOVOUT.

The LDO output is monitored for voltage accuracy. The LDO undervoltage status can be read at any time from the LDO\_UV\_STS bit, as described in Table 41. This bit can be polled at any time, or may output directly on a GPIO pin, or may be used to generate Interrupt events.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R17 (11h)	0	LDO_UV_STS	0	LDO Undervoltage status
Status Flags				0 = Normal
				1 = Undervoltage
R53 (35h)	15	LDO_ENA	0	LDO Enable
LDO				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	14	LDO_REF_SEL_F	0	LDO Voltage reference select
		AST		0 = VMID (normal)
				1 = VMID (fast start)
				This field is only effective when LDO_REF_SEL = 0
	13	LDO_REF_SEL	LDO Voltage reference select	
				0 = VMID
				1 = Bandgap
	12	LDO_OPFLT	0	LDO Output float
				0 = Disabled (Output discharged when disabled)
				1 = Enabled (Output floats when disabled)
	5	LDO_BIAS_SRC	0	LDO Bias Source select
				0 = Master Bias
				1 = Start-Up Bias
	4:0	LDO_VSEL	00111	LDO Voltage select
				(Sets the LDO output as a ratio of the selected voltage reference. The voltage reference is set by LDO_REF_SEL.)
				00111 = Vref x 1.97 (default)
				(See Table 42 for range)



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION				
R54 (36h)	15	BG_ENA	0	Bandgap Reference Control				
Bandgap				0 = Disabled				
			1 = Enabled					
	4:0	BG_VSEL[4:0]	01010	Bandgap Voltage select				
				(Sets the Bandgap voltage)				
				00000 = 1.200V				
				26.7mV steps				
				01010 = 1.467V (default)				
				01111 = 1.600V				
				10000 to 11111 = Reserved				
				(See Table 43 for values)				

Table 41 LDO Regulator Control

LDO_VSEL [4:0]	LDO OUTPUT	LDO_VSEL [4:0]	LDO OUTPUT
00h	Vref x 1.42	10h	Vref x 2.85
01h	Vref x 1.50	11h	Vref x 3.00
02h	Vref x 1.58	12h	Vref x 3.16
03h	Vref x 1.66	13h	Vref x 3.32
04h	Vref x 1.74	14h	Vref x 3.49
05h	Vref x 1.82	15h	Vref x 3.63
06h	Vref x 1.90	16h	Vref x 3.79
07h	Vref x 1.97	17h	Vref x 3.95
08h	Vref x 2.06	18h	Vref x 4.12
09h	Vref x 2.13	19h	Vref x 4.28
0Ah	Vref x 2.21	1Ah	Vref x 4.42
0Bh	Vref x 2.29	1Bh	Vref x 4.58
0Ch	Vref x 2.37	1Ch	Vref x 4.75
0Dh	Vref x 2.45	1Dh	Vref x 4.90
0Eh	Vref x 2.53	1Eh	Vref x 5.06
0Fh	Vref x 2.69	1Fh	Vref x 5.23
Note: Vref is the applie	cable voltage reference	e, selected by LDO_REF	_SEL.

Table 42 LDO Output Voltage Control

BG_VSEL [4:0]	BG Voltage (V)	BG_VSEL [4:0]	BG Voltage (V)
00h	1.200	08h	1.414
01h	1.227	09h	1.440
02h	1.253	0Ah	1.467
03h	1.280	0Bh	1.494
04h	1.307	0Ch	1.520
05h	1.334	0Dh	1.547
06h	1.360	0Eh	1.574
07h	1.387	0Fh	1.600

Table 43 Bandgap Voltage Control

### **REFERENCE VOLTAGES AND MASTER BIAS**

This section describes the analogue reference voltage and bias current controls. It also describes the VMID soft-start circuit for pop suppressed start-up and shut-down.

The analogue circuits in the WM8946 require a mid-rail analogue reference voltage, VMID. This reference is generated via a programmable resistor chain. Together with the external decoupling capacitor (connected to the VMIDC pin), the programmable resistor chain results in a slow, normal or fast charging characteristic on the VMID reference. This is enabled using VMID\_ENA and VMID\_SEL. The different resistor options controlled by VMID\_SEL can be used to optimize the reference for normal operation, low power standby or for fast start-up as described in Table 44.

The VMID resistor chain can be powered from the LDO output (LDOVOUT) or from the LDO supply (LDOVDD). This is selected using VMID\_REF\_SEL. .

Note that when VMID is selected as the LDO reference voltage, VMID cannot be generated from the LDOVOUT supply voltage (VMID\_REF\_SEL = 1) and must be generated from the LDOVDD supply voltage (VMID\_REF\_SEL = 0).

The VMID ratio can be selected using VMID\_CTRL. This selects the ratio of VMID to the supply voltage that has been selected by VMID\_REF\_SEL. VMID should be half of the LDOVOUT supply voltage for maximum voltage swing. In the case where VMID\_REF\_SEL has selected the LDOVOUT supply voltage output, then VMID\_CTRL should select the ratio "1/2". In the case where VMID\_REF\_SEL has selected the LDOVDD supply voltage, then the alternate ratio "5/11" may be preferred provided LDOVDDD = 3.3V and LDOVOUT = 3.0V.

Note that the "5/11" ratio is designed for the case where LDOVDD = 3.3V and LDOVOUT = 3.0V. This results in a VMID =  $3.3V \times (5/11) = 1.5V$  which is half of the LDOVOUT voltage.

If these conditions are not being used or the LDO has been bypassed then VMID\_REF should be set to select LDOVOUT as the VMID source and VMID\_CTRL should be set to select the ratio "1/2".

The analogue circuits in the WM8946 require a bias current. The normal bias current is enabled by setting BIAS\_ENA. Note that the normal bias current source requires VMID to be enabled also.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION				
R7 (07h)	10	VMID_REF_SEL	0	VMID Source Select				
Additional				0 = LDO supply (LDOVDD)				
control				1 = LDO output (LDOVOUT)				
	9	VMID_CTRL	0	VMID Ratio control				
				Sets the ratio of VMID to the source selected by VMID_REF_SEL				
				0 = 5/11				
				1 = 1/2				
	4 VMID_ENA			VMID Enable				
				0 = Disabled				
				1 = Enabled				
R2 (02h)	3	BIAS_ENA	0	Master Bias Enable				
Power				0 = Disabled				
Management				1 = Enabled				
1	1:0	VMID_SEL [1:0]	00	VMID Divider Enable and Select				
				00 = VMID disabled (for OFF mode)				
				$01 = 2 \times 50 k\Omega$ divider (for normal operation)				
				$10 = 2 \times 250 k\Omega$ divider (for low power standby)				
				11 = 2 x 5k $\Omega$ divider (for fast start- up)				

The Master Reference and Bias Control bits are defined in Table 44.

Table 44 Reference Voltages and Master Bias Enable



A pop-suppressed start-up requires VMID to be enabled smoothly, without the step change normally associated with the initial stage of the VMID capacitor charging. A pop-suppressed start-up also requires the analogue bias current to be enabled throughout the signal path prior to the VMID reference voltage being applied. The WM8946 incorporates pop-suppression circuits which address these requirements.

An alternate bias current source (Start-Up Bias) is provided for pop-free start-up; this is enabled by the STARTUP\_BIAS\_ENA register bit. The start-up bias is selected (in place of the normal bias) using the BIAS\_SRC bit. It is recommended that the start-up bias is used during start-up, before switching back to the higher quality, normal bias.

A soft-start circuit is provided in order to control the switch-on of the VMID reference. The soft-start control circuit offers two slew rates for enabling the VMID reference; these are selected and enabled by VMID\_RAMP. When the soft-start circuit is enabled prior to enabling VMID\_SEL, the reference voltage rises smoothly, without the step change that would otherwise occur. It is recommended that the soft-start circuit and the output signal path be enabled before VMID is enabled by VMID\_SEL.

A soft shut-down is provided, using the soft-start control circuit and the start-up bias current generator. The soft shut-down of VMID is achieved by setting VMID\_RAMP, STARTUP\_BIAS\_ENA and BIAS\_SRC to select the start-up bias current and soft-start circuit prior to setting VMID\_SEL=00.

The internal LDO (described in the previous section) requires a voltage reference. Under normal operating conditions, this is provided from VMID, via the register controls described in Table 44. Note, however, that VMID is normally generated from the LDO output. Therefore, an alternative voltage reference is required for start-up, which is not dependent on the LDO output. The VMID\_FAST\_START bit enables a 'Fast-Start' reference powered from LDOVDD. This alternate VMID can be selected as the LDO reference using the LDO\_REF\_SEL\_FAST bit as described in Table 41.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION				
R7 (07h)	11	VMID_FAST_STA	0	VMID (fast-start) Enable				
Additional		RT		0 = Disabled				
control				1 = Enabled				
	8	STARTUP_BIAS_	0	Start-Up Bias Enable				
		ENA		0 = Disabled				
				1 = Enabled				
	7	BIAS_SRC	0	Bias Source select				
				0 = Normal bias				
			1 = Start-Up bias					
	6:5	VMID_RAMP [1:0]	00	VMID soft start enable / slew rate control				
				00 = Disabled				
				01 = Fast soft start				
				10 = Normal soft start				
				11 = Slow soft start				

The VMID soft-start and fast start register controls are defined in Table 45.

Table 45 Soft Start Control



### POP SUPPRESSION CONTROL

The WM8946 incorporates a number of features which are designed to suppress pops normally associated with Start-Up, Shut-Down or signal path control. These include the option to maintain an analogue output to VMID even when the output driver is disabled. In addition, there is the ability to actively discharge an output to GND.

Note that, to achieve maximum benefit from these features, careful attention may be required to the sequence and timing of these controls.

### DISABLED OUTPUT CONTROL

The line outputs and speaker outputs are biased to VMID in normal operation. In order to avoid audible pops caused by a disabled signal path dropping to GND, the WM8946 can maintain these connections at VMID when the relevant output stage is disabled. This is achieved by connecting a buffered VMID reference to the output.

The buffered VMID reference is enabled by setting VMID\_BUF\_ENA. This is applied to any disabled outputs, provided that the respective \_VMID\_OP\_ENA bit is also set. The output resistance can be either  $1k\Omega$  or  $20k\Omega$ , depending on the respective \_VROI register bit.

The disabled output control bits are described in Table 46. See "Output Signal Path" for details of how to disable any of the audio outputs.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R2 (02h)	2	VMID_BUF_ENA	0	VMID Buffer Enable.
Power management				(The buffered VMID may be applied to disabled input and output pins.)
1				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
R42 (2Ah)	13	SPKR_VMID_OP	0	Buffered VMID to SPKOUTR
Output ctrl		_ENA		Enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	12	SPKL_VMID_OP_	0	Buffered VMID to SPKOUTL Enable
		ENA		0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	11	LINER_VMID_OP _ENA	0	Buffered VMID to LINEOUTR Enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	10	LINEL_VMID_OP _ENA	0	Buffered VMID to LINEOUTL Enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	1	SPK_VROI	0	Buffered VREF to SPKOUTL / SPKOUTR resistance (Disabled outputs)
				0 = approx 20k
				1 = approx 1k
	0	LINE_VROI	0	Buffered VREF to LINEOUTL / LINEOUTR resistance (Disabled outputs)
				0 = approx 20k
				1 = approx 1k

Table 46 Disabled Output Control



#### **OUTPUT DISCHARGE CONTROL**

The line outputs and speaker outputs can be actively discharged to GND through internal resistors if desired. This is desirable at start-up in order to achieve a known output stage condition prior to enabling the soft-start VMID reference voltage. This is also desirable in shut-down to prevent the external connections from being affected by the internal circuits.

The individual control bits for discharging each audio output are described in Table 47.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R42 (2Ah) Output ctrl	7	SPKR_DISCH	0	Discharges SPKOUTR output via approx 4k resistor
oupurour				0 = Not active
				1 = Actively discharging SPKOUTR
	6	SPKL_DISCH	0	Discharges SPKOUTL output via approx 4k resistor
				0 = Not active
				1 = Actively discharging SPKOUTL
	5	LINER_DISCH	0	Discharges LINEOUTR output via approx 4k resistor
				0 = Not active
				1 = Actively discharging LINEOUTR
	4	LINEL_DISCH	0	Discharges LINEOUTL output via approx 4k resistor
				0 = Not active
				1 = Actively discharging LINEOUTL

Table 47 Output Discharge Control

### DIGITAL AUDIO INTERFACE

The digital audio interface is used for inputting DAC data into the WM8946 and outputting ADC data from it. It uses four pins:

- ADCDAT: ADC data output
- DACDAT: DAC data input
- LRCLK: DAC and ADC data alignment clock
- BCLK: Bit clock, for synchronisation

### MASTER AND SLAVE MODE OPERATION

The digital audio interface can be configured as a Master or a Slave interface, using the MSTR register bit. The two modes are illustrated in Figure 20 and Figure 21.



Figure 20 Master Mode



In Master mode, LRCLK and BCLK are configured as outputs, and the WM8946 controls the timing of the data transfer on the ADCDAT and DACDAT pins.

In Master mode, the LRCLK frequency is determined automatically according to the sample rate (see "Clocking and Sample Rates"). The BCLK frequency is set by the BCLK\_DIV register. BCLK\_DIV must be set to an appropriate value to ensure that there are sufficient BCLK cycles to transfer the complete data words from the ADCs and to the DACs.

In Slave mode, LRCLK and BCLK are configured as inputs, and the data timing is controlled by an external master.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION					
R6 (06h)	3:1	BCLK_DIV [2:0]	011	BCLK Frequency (Master mode)					
Clock Gen				000 = SYSCLK					
control				001 = SYSCLK / 2					
				010 = SYSCLK / 4					
				011 = SYSCLK / 8					
				100 = SYSCLK / 16					
				101 = SYSCLK / 32					
				110 = reserved					
				111 = reserved					
	0	MSTR	0	Digital Audio Interface Mode select					
				0 = Slave mode					
				1 = Master mode					

Table 48 Digital Audio Interface Control

### AUDIO DATA FORMATS

Three basic audio data formats are supported:

- Left justified
- I<sup>2</sup>S
- DSP mode

All four of these modes are MSB first. They are described in Audio Data Formats, below. Refer to the Electrical Characteristic section for timing information.

PCM operation is supported using the DSP mode.

The WM8946 can control the channel selection between the ADCs and the ADCDAT pin. Similarly, the channel selection between the DACDAT pin and the DACs is selectable. Digital inversion of the ADC or DAC data is also possible.

The register bits controlling audio data format and channel configuration are described in Table 49.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R4 (04h) Audio Interface	9	ADCR_SRC	1	Right Digital Audio interface source 0 = Left ADC data is output on right channel
				1 = Right ADC data is output on right channel
	8	ADCL_SRC	0	Left Digital Audio interface source 0 = Left ADC data is output on left channel
				1 = Right ADC data is output on left channel



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION					
	7	DACR_SRC	1	Right DAC Data Source Select 0 = Right DAC outputs left interface data					
				1 = Right DAC outputs right interface data					
	6	DACL_SRC	0	Left DAC Data Source Select					
				0 = Left DAC outputs left interface					
				data					
				1 = Left DAC outputs right interface data					
	5	BCLK_INV	0	BCLK Invert					
				0 = BCLK not inverted					
				1 = BCLK inverted					
	4	LRCLK_INV	0	LRCLK Polarity / DSP Mode A-B select.					
				Right, left and I <sup>2</sup> S modes – LRCLK polarity					
				0 = Not Inverted					
				1 = Inverted					
				DSP Mode – Mode A-B select					
				0 = MSB is available on 2 <sup>nd</sup> BCLK					
				rising edge after LRCLK rising edge (mode A)					
				1 = MSB is available on 1 <sup>st</sup> BCLK rising edge after LRCLK rising edge (mode B)					
	3:2	WL [1:0]	10	Digital Audio Interface Word Length					
				00 = 16 bits					
				01 = 20 bits					
				10 = 24 bits					
				11 = 32 bits					
				Note – see "Companding" for the selection of 8-bit mode.					
	1:0	FMT [1:0]	10	Digital Audio Interface Format					
				00 = Reserved					
				01 = Left Justified					
				10 = I2S format					
				11 = DSP/PCM mode					
R21 (15h)	1	DACR_DATINV	0	Right DAC Invert					
DAC Control 1				0 = Right DAC output not inverted					
	0		0	1 = Right DAC output inverted Left DAC Invert					
	0	DACL_DATINV	0	Left DAC Invert 0 = Left DAC output not inverted					
				1 = Left DAC output inverted					
R25 (19h)	1	ADCR_DATINV	0	Right ADC Invert					
ADC Control 1			0	0 = Right ADC output not inverted					
				1 = Right ADC output inverted					
	0	ADCL_DATINV	0	Left ADC Invert					
	ľ		Ĭ	0 = Left ADC output not inverted					
				1 = Left ADC output inverted					

Table 49 Audio Data Format Control



In Left Justified mode, the MSB is available on the first rising edge of BCLK following a LRCLK transition. The other bits up to the LSB are then transmitted in order. Depending on word length, BCLK frequency and sample rate, there may be unused BCLK cycles before each LRCLK transition.

	<1/fs►													•			
	LEFT CHANNEL						RIGHT CHANNEL										
LRCLK																	
BCLK							Г									ΠЛ	
DACDAT/ ADCDAT	 1 2	3		n-2 n-1	n		1	2	3	]	n-2	n-1	n				
	MSB	Input	Word Length	(WL)	LSB												

Figure 22 Left Justified Audio Interface (assuming n-bit word length)

In I<sup>2</sup>S mode, the MSB is available on the second rising edge of BCLK following a LRCLK transition. The other bits up to the LSB are then transmitted in order. Depending on word length, BCLK frequency and sample rate, there may be unused BCLK cycles between the LSB of one sample and the MSB of the next.



Figure 23 I<sup>2</sup>S Justified Audio Interface (assuming n-bit word length)

In DSP/PCM mode, the left channel MSB is available on either the 1<sup>st</sup> (mode B) or 2<sup>nd</sup> (mode A) rising edge of BCLK (selected by LRCLK\_INV) following a rising edge of LRCLK. Right channel data immediately follows left channel data. Depending on word length, BCLK frequency and sample rate, there may be unused BCLK cycles between the LSB of the right channel data and the next sample.

In device master mode, the LRCLK output resembles the frame pulse shown in Figure 24 and Figure 25. In device slave mode, Figure 26 and Figure 27, it is possible to use any length of frame pulse less than 1/fs, providing the falling edge of the frame pulse occurs greater than one BCLK period before the rising edge of the next frame pulse.



Figure 24 DSP/PCM Mode Audio Interface (mode A, LRCLK\_INV=0, Master)






Figure 25 DSP/PCM Mode Audio Interface (mode B, LRCLK\_INV=1, Master)



Figure 26 DSP/PCM Mode Audio Interface (mode A, LRCLK\_INV=0, Slave)



Figure 27 DSP/PCM Mode Audio Interface (mode B, LRCLK\_INV=0, Slave)

### COMPANDING

The WM8946 supports A-law and  $\mu$ -law companding on both transmit (ADC) and receive (DAC) sides as shown in Table 50. Companding converts 13 bits ( $\mu$ -law) or 12 bits (A-law) to 8 bits using nonlinear quantization. This provides greater precision for low-amplitude signals than for high-amplitude signals, resulting in a greater usable dynamic range than 8 bit linear quantization.



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R5 (05h)	3	DAC_COMP	0	DAC Companding Enable
Companding				0 = Disabled
control				1 = Enabled
	2	DAC_COMPMO	0	DAC Companding Mode
		DE		0 = μ-law
				1 = A-law
	1	ADC_COMP	0	ADC Companding Enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	0	ADC_COMPMO	0	ADC Companding Mode
		DE		0 = μ-law
				1 = A-law

Table 50 Companding Control

Table

Companding uses a piecewise linear approximation of the following equations (as set out by ITU-T G.711 standard) for data compression:

 $\mu$ -law (where  $\mu$ =255 for the U.S. and Japan):

	$F(x) = ln(1 + \mu  x ) / ln(1 + \mu)$	} for $-1 \le x \le 1$
1	law (where A=87.6 for Europe):	
	F(x) = A x  / (1 + InA)	$for x \leq 1/A$
	F(x) = (1 + InA x ) / (1 + InA)	} for $1/A \le x \le 1$



Figure 28 µ-Law Companding





Figure 29 A-Law Companding

The companded data is also inverted as recommended by the G.711 standard (all 8 bits are inverted for  $\mu$ -law, all even data bits are inverted for A-law). Companded data is transmitted in the first 8 MSBs of its respective data word, and consists of sign (1 bit), exponent (3 bits) and mantissa (4 bits), as shown in Table 51.

BIT7	BIT[6:4]	BIT[3:0]
SIGN	EXPONENT	MANTISSA

Table 51 8-bit Companded Word Composition

8-bit mode is selected whenever DAC\_COMP=1 or ADC\_COMP=1. The use of 8-bit data allows samples to be passed using as few as 8 BCLK cycles per Left/Right Clock frame. When using DSP mode B, 8-bit data words may be transferred consecutively every 8 BCLK cycles.

8-bit mode (without Companding) may be enabled by setting DAC\_COMPMODE=1 or ADC\_COMPMODE=1, when DAC\_COMP=0 and ADC\_COMP=0.



#### LOOPBACK

A loopback function is provided for test and evaluation purposes. When the LOOPBACK register bit is set, the DAC input data is fed through the DSP Core to the ADC output, as illustrated in Figure 30.



Figure 30 Audio Interface Loopback

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R5 (05h) Companding	5	LOOPBACK	0	Digital Loopback Function 0 = No loopback
control				1 = Loopback enabled (DACDAT input is fed through the DSP Core to the ADCDAT output).

Table 52 Loopback Control



#### DIGITAL PULL-UP AND PULL-DOWN

The WM8946 provides integrated pull-up and pull-down resistors on each of the DACDAT, LRCLK and BCLK pins. This provides a flexible capability for interfacing with other devices. Each of the pull-up and pull-down resistors can be configured independently using the register bits described in Table 53.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R4 (04h)	15:14	DACDATA_PUL	00	DACDAT pull-up / pull-down Enable
Audio		L [1:0]		00 = no pull-up or pull-down
interface				01 = pull-down
				10 = pull-up
				11 = reserved
	13:12 FRAME_PULL	00	LRCLK pull-up / pull-down Enable	
		[1:0]		00 = no pull-up or pull-down
				01 = pull-down
				10 = pull-up
				11 = reserved
	11:10	BCLK_PULL	00	BCLK pull-up / pull-down Enable
		[1:0]		00 = no pull-up or pull-down
				01 = pull-down
				10 = pull-up
				11 = reserved

Table 53 Pull-Up and Pull-Down Control

### **CLOCKING AND SAMPLE RATES**

The internal clocks for the CODEC and Digital Audio Interface are derived from a common internal clock source, SYSCLK. This clock can either be derived directly from MCLK, or may be generated using the Frequency Locked Loop (FLL) using MCLK as a reference. All commonly-used audio sample rates can be derived directly from typical MCLK frequencies; the FLL provides additional flexibility for a wider range of MCLK frequencies.

The WM8946 supports a wide range of standard audio sample rates from 8kHz to 48kHz. When the ADC and DAC are both enabled, they operate at the same sample rate, fs.

Other functions such as the Interrupts, GPIO input de-bounce and PGA zero-cross timeouts are clocked using a free-running oscillator.

The control registers associated with Clocking and Sample Rates are described in Table 54.

The overall clocking scheme for the WM8946 is illustrated in Figure 31.





Figure 31 WM8946 Clocking Overview

SYSCLK may be derived either from MCLK or from the FLL; this is selected using the SYSCLK\_SRC register bit. SYSCLK is enabled using the SYSCLK\_ENA and may be modified using a programmable divider configured by SYSCLK\_DIV. It is important that SYSCLK\_DIV is correctly set in order to produce 512 x fs at its output, where fs is the audio sampling rate.

The sampling rate for the CODEC and Digital Audio Interface is configured using the SR register field. In Master mode, the frequency of the Left/Right Clock output on the LRCLK pin is the BCLK frequency divided by 64 producing 32 BCLK cycles per channel. In Master mode, the BCLK\_DIV register configures the bit clock frequency output on BCLK.

The WM8946 can output a configurable clock on the GPIO pins; this is enabled automatically whenever a GPIO pin is configured for CLKOUT output. The source can either be before or after the SYSCLK divider, as shown in Figure 31. The source is selected using CLKOUT\_SEL, and may be modified using a programmable divider configured by CLKOUT\_DIV.

The WM8946 free-running oscillator required for GPIO input de-bounce and Interrupt functions must be enabled using OSC\_CLK\_ENA whenever any of these functions is required.

The zero-cross facility on input and output PGAs requires a timeout clock. This is enabled using the TOCLK\_ENA bit. The oscillator must also be enabled using OSC\_CLK\_ENA.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R6 (06h)	15	OSC_CLK_ENA	0	Oscillator Enable
Clock Gen				0 = Disabled
control				1 = Enabled
				This needs to be set when a timeout clock is required for PGA zero cross or GPIO input detection
	14:13	MCLK_PULL	00	MCLK pull-up / pull-down Enable
		[1:0]		00 = no pull-up or pull-down
				01 = pull-down
				10 = pull-up
				11 = reserved



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
	12	CLKOUT_SEL	0	CLKOUT Source Select
				0 = SYSCLK
				1 = FLL or MCLK (set by
				SYSCLK_SRC register)
	11:10	CLKOUT_DIV	00	CLKOUT Clock divider
		[1:0]		00 = divide by 1
				01 = divide by 2
				10 = divide by 4
				11 = divide by 8
	9	SYSCLK_ENA	0	SYSCLK Enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	8	SYSCLK_SRC	0	SYSCLK Source Select
				0 = MCLK
				1 = FLL output
	7:5	SYSCLK_DIV	000	SYSCLK Clock divider
		[2:0]		(Sets the scaling for either the
				MCLK or FLL clock output,
				depending on SYSCLK_SRC)
				000 = divide by 1
				001 = divide by 1.5
				010 = divide by 2
				011 = divide by 3
				100 = divide by 4
				101 = divide by  6
				110 = divide by 8
				111 = divide by 12
	4	TOCLK_ENA	0	TOCLK Enabled
				(Enables timeout clock for GPIO level detection, AMU, and PGA zero cross timeout)
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
R7 (07h)	3:0	SR [3:0]	1101	Audio Sample Rate select
Additional				0011 = 8kHz
control				0100 = 11.025kHz
				0101 = 12kHz
				0111 = 16kHz
				1000 = 22.05kHz
				1001 = 24kHz
				1011 = 32kHz
				1100 = 44.1kHz
				1101 = 48kHz

Table 54 Clocking and Sample Rate Control



#### **DIGITAL MIC CLOCKING**

When any GPIO is configured as DMICCLK output, the WM8946 outputs a clock which supports Digital Mic operation at the ADC sampling rate. Although the ADC is not used, the SYSCLK and Sample Rate control fields must still be set as they would for ADC operation.

PCM SAMPLE RATE	DMICCLK	FS RATE
8kHz	1.024MHz	128fs
11.025kHz	1.411MHz	128fs
12kHz	1.536MHz	128fs
16kHz	2.048MHz	128fs
22.05kHz	2.8224MHz	128fs
24kHz	3.072MHz	128fs
32kHz	2.048MHz	64fs
44.1kHz	2.8224MHz	64fs
48kHz	3.072MHz	64fs

The clock frequencies for each of the sample rates is shown in Table 55.

**Table 55 Digital Microphone Clock Frequencies** 

#### FREQUENCY LOCKED LOOP (FLL)

The integrated FLL can be used to generate SYSCLK from a wide variety of different reference sources and frequencies. The FLL uses MCLK as its reference, which may be a high frequency (e.g. 12.288MHz) or low frequency (e.g. 32,768kHz) reference. The FLL is tolerant of jitter and may be used to generate a stable SYSCLK from a less stable input signal. The FLL characteristics are summarised in "Electrical Characteristics".

The FLL is enabled using the FLL\_ENA register bit. At initial power on the VMID voltage must be allowed to settle at its final vale before enabling the FLL. Note that, when changing FLL settings, it is recommended that the digital circuit be disabled via FLL\_ENA and then re-enabled after the other register settings have been updated. When changing the input reference frequency  $F_{REF}$ , it is recommended that the FLL be reset by setting FLL\_ENA to 0.

The field FLL\_CLK\_REF\_DIV provides the option to divide the input reference (MCLK) by 1, 2, 4 or 8. This field should be set to bring the reference down to 13.5MHz or below. For best performance, it is recommended that the highest possible frequency – within the 13.5MHz limit – should be selected.

The field FLL\_CTRL\_RATE controls internal functions within the FLL; it is recommended that only the default setting be used for this parameter. FLL\_GAIN controls the internal loop gain and should be set to the recommended value.

The FLL output frequency is directly determined from FLL\_FRATIO, FLL\_OUTDIV and the real number represented by FLL\_N and FLL\_K. The field FLL\_N is an integer (LSB = 1); FLL\_K is the fractional portion of the number (MSB = 0.5). The fractional portion is only valid when enabled by the field FLL\_FRAC.

Power consumption in the FLL is reduced in integer mode; however, the performance may also be reduced, with increased noise or jitter on the output.

If low power consumption is required, then FLL settings must be chosen where N.K is an integer (i.e.  $FLL_K = 0$ ). In this case, the fractional mode can be disabled by setting  $FLL_FRAC = 0$ .

For best FLL performance, a non-integer value of N.K is required. In this case, the fractional mode must be enabled by setting FLL\_FRAC = 1. The FLL settings must be adjusted, if necessary, to produce a non-integer value of N.K.

The FLL output frequency is generated according to the following equation:

 $F_{OUT} = (F_{VCO} / FLL_OUTDIV)$ 



The FLL operating frequency, F<sub>VCO</sub> is set according to the following equation:

 $F_{VCO} = (F_{REF} \times N.K \times FLL_FRATIO)$ 

 $F_{REF}$  is the input frequency, as determined by FLL\_CLK\_REF\_DIV.

 $F_{\text{VCO}}$  must be in the range 90-100 MHz. Frequencies outside this range cannot be supported.

Note that the output frequencies that do not lie within the ranges quoted above cannot be guaranteed across the full range of device operating temperatures.

In order to follow the above requirements for  $F_{\text{VCO}}$ , the value of FLL\_OUTDIV should be selected according to the desired output  $F_{\text{OUT}}$ , as described in Table 56.

OUTPUT FREQUENCY FOUT	FLL_OUTDIV
2.8125 MHz – 3.125 MHz	4h (divide by 32)
5.625 MHz – 6.25 MHz	3h (divide by 16)
11.25 MHz – 12.5 MHz	2h (divide by 8)
22.5 MHz – 25 MHz	1h (divide by 4)
45 MHz – 50 MHz	0h (divide by 2)

Table 56 Selection of FLL\_OUTDIV

The value of FLL\_FRATIO should be selected as described in Table 57.

REFERENCE FREQUENCY FREF	FLL_FRATIO
1MHz – 13.5MHz	0h (divide by 1)
256kHz – 1MHz	1h (divide by 2)
128kHz – 256kHz	2h (divide by 4)
16kHz – 128kHz	3h (divide by 8)
Less than 16kHz	4h (divide by 16)

Table 57 Selection of FLL\_FRATIO

In order to determine the remaining FLL parameters, the FLL operating frequency,  $F_{VCO}$ , must be calculated, as given by the following equation:

$$F_{VCO} = (F_{OUT} \times FLL_OUTDIV)$$

The value of FLL\_N and FLL\_K can then be determined as follows:

 $N.K = F_{VCO} / (FLL_FRATIO \times F_{REF})$ 

Note that  $F_{REF}$  is the input frequency, after division by FLL\_CLK\_REF\_DIV, where applicable.

In FLL Fractional Mode, the fractional portion of the N.K multiplier is held in the FLL\_K register field. This field is coded as a fixed point quantity, where the MSB has a weighting of 0.5. Note that, if desired, the value of this field may be calculated by multiplying K by 2^16 and treating FLL\_K as an integer value, as illustrated in the following example:

If N.K = 8.192, then K = 0.192.

Multiplying K by 2^16 gives 0.192 x 65536 = 12582.912 (decimal) = 3126 (hex).



For best FLL performance, the FLL fractional mode is recommended. Therefore, if the calculations yield an integer value of N.K, then it is recommended to adjust FLL\_FRATIO in order to obtain a non-integer value of N.K. Care must always be taken to ensure that the FLL operating frequency,  $F_{VCO}$ , is within its recommended limits of 90-100 MHz.

The register fields that control the FLL are described in Table 58. Example settings for a variety of reference frequencies and output frequencies are shown in Table 59.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R8 (08h) FLL Control 1	12:11	FLL_CLK_RE F_DIV [1:0]	00	FLL Clock Reference Divider 00 = MCLK / 1 01 = MCLK / 2 10 = MCLK / 4 11 = MCLK / 8
				MCLK must be divided down to <=13.5MHz. For lower power operation, the reference clock can be divided down further if desired.
	10:8	FLL_OUTDIV [2:0]	001	$F_{OUT} \operatorname{clock} \operatorname{divider} \\ 000 = 2 \\ 001 = 4 \\ 010 = 8 \\ 011 = 16 \\ 100 = 32 \\ 101 = 64 \\ 110 = 128 \\ 111 = 256 \\ (F_{OUT} = F_{OUT} = (FUL OUTDW))$
	7:5	FLL_CTRL_R ATE [2:0]	000	$(F_{OUT} = F_{VCO} / FLL_OUTDIV)$ Frequency of the FLL control block $000 = F_{VCO} / 1 \text{ (Recommended value)}$ $001 = F_{VCO} / 2$ $010 = F_{VCO} / 3$ $011 = F_{VCO} / 4$ $100 = F_{VCO} / 5$ $101 = F_{VCO} / 6$ $110 = F_{VCO} / 7$ $111 = F_{VCO} / 8$ Recommended that this register is not changed from default.
	4:2	FLL_FRATIO [2:0]	000	$F_{VCO} \text{ clock divider}$ $000 = 1$ $001 = 2$ $010 = 4$ $011 = 8$ $1XX = 16$ $000 \text{ recommended for } F_{REF} > 1MHz$ $100 \text{ recommended for } F_{REF} < 16\text{kHz}$ $011 \text{ recommended for all other cases}$



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
	1	FLL_FRAC	1	Fractional enable
				0 = Integer Mode
				1 = Fractional Mode
				Integer mode offers reduced power consumption. Fractional mode offers best FLL performance, provided also that N.K is a non-integer value.
	0	FLL_ENA	0	FLL Enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
R9 (09h)	15:0	FLL_K[15:0]	3137h	Fractional multiply for FREF
FLL Control 2				(MSB = 0.5)
R10 (0Ah)	14:5	FLL_N[9:0]	008h	Integer multiply for F <sub>REF</sub>
FLL Control 3				(LSB = 1)
	3:0	FLL_GAIN	0100	Gain applied to error
		[3:0]		0000 = x 1 (Recommended value)
				0001 = x 2
				0010 = x 4
				0011 = x 8
				0100 = x 16
				0101 = x 32
				0110 = x 64
				0111 = x 128
				1000 = x 256
				Recommended that this register is set to 0000.

Table 58 Frequency Locked Loop Control



### EXAMPLE FLL CALCULATION

To generate 24.576MHz output ( $F_{OUT}$ ) from a 12.000MHz reference clock ( $F_{REF}$ ):

- Set FLL\_CLK\_REF\_DIV in order to generate  $F_{REF} \le 13.5 MHz$ : FLL\_CLK\_REF\_DIV = 00 (divide by 1)
- Set FLL\_CTRL\_RATE to the recommended setting: FLL\_CTRL\_RATE = 000 (divide by 1)
- Sett FLL\_GAIN to the recommended setting: FLL\_GAIN = 0000 (multiply by 1)
- Set FLL\_OUTDIV for the required output frequency as shown in Table 56:- $F_{OUT} = 24.576MHz$ , therefore FLL\_OUTDIV = 1h (divide by 4)
- Set FLL\_FRATIO for the given reference frequency as shown in Table 57:  $F_{REF} = 12MHz$ , therefore FLL\_FRATIO = 0h (divide by 1)
- Calculate  $F_{VCO}$  as given by  $F_{VCO} = F_{OUT} x FLL_OUTDIV:-F_{VCO} = 24.576 x 4 = 98.304MHz$
- Calculate N.K as given by N.K =  $F_{VCO}$  / (FLL\_FRATIO x  $F_{REF}$ ): N.K = 98.304 / (1 x 12) = 8.192
- Determine FLL\_N and FLL\_K from the integer and fractional portions of N.K:-FLL\_N is 8(dec) = 008(hex). FLL\_K is 0.192 (dec) = 3127(hex).
- Confirm that N.K is a fractional quantity and set FLL\_FRAC: N.K is fractional. Set FLL\_FRAC = 1. Note that, if N.K is an integer, then an alternative value of FLL\_FRATIO may be selected in order to produce a fractional value of N.K.



### EXAMPLE FLL SETTINGS

Table 59 provides example FLL settings for generating common SYSCLK frequencies from a variety of low and high frequency reference inputs.

F <sub>REF</sub>	F <sub>out</sub>	FLL_CLK_ REF_DIV	F <sub>vco</sub>	FLL_N	FLL_K	FLL_ FRATIO	FLL_ OUTDIV	FLL_ FRAC
8.000	22.5792	divide by 1	90.3168	705	0.6	16	4	1
kHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(2C1h)	(9999h)	(4h)	(1h)	
8.000	24.576	divide by 1	98.304	768	0.0	16	4	0
kHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(300h)	(0000h)	(4h)	(1h)	
32.768	22.5792	divide by 1	90.3168	344	0.53125	8	4	1
kHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(158h)	(8800h)	(3h)	(1h)	
32.768	24.576	divide by 1	98.304	375	0.0	8	4	0
kHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(177h)	(0000h)	(3h)	(1h)	
768.000	22.5792	divide by 1	90.3168	14	0.7	8	4	1
kHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(00Eh)	(B333h)	(3h)	(1h)	
768.000	24.576	divide by 1	98.304	16	0.0	8	4	0
kHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(010h)	(0000h)	(3h)	(1h)	
1.024	22.5792	divide by 1	90.3168	88	0.2	1	4	1
MHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(058h)	(3333h)	(0h)	(1h)	
1.024	24.576	divide by 1	98.304	96	0.0	1	4	0
MHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(060h)	(0000h)	(0h)	(1h)	
6.144	22.5792	divide by 1	90.3168	14	0.7	1	4	1
MHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(00Eh)	(B333h)	(0h)	(1h)	
6.144	24.576	divide by 1	98.304	16	0.0	1	4	0
MHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(010h)	(0000h)	(0h)	(1h)	
11.2896	22.5792	divide by 1	90.3168	8	0.0	1	4	0
MHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(008h)	(0000h)	(0h)	(1h)	
11.2896	24.576	divide by 1	98.304	8	0.70749	1	4	1
MHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(008h)	(B51Eh)	(0h)	(1h)	
12.000	22.5792	divide by 1	90.3168	7	0.5264	1	4	1
MHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(007h)	(86C2h)	(0h)	(1h)	
12.000	24.576	divide by 1	98.304	8	0.192	1	4	1
MHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(008h)	(3127h)	(0h)	(1h)	
12.288	22.5792	divide by 1	90.3168	7	0.35	1	4	1
MHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(007h)	(599Ah)	(0h)	(1h)	
12.288	24.576	divide by 1	98.304	8	0.0	1	4	0
MHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(008h)	(0000h)	(0h)	(1h)	
13.000	22.5792	divide by 1	90.3168	6	0.94745	1	4	1
MHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(006h)	(F28Ch)	(0h)	(1h)	
13.000	24.576	divide by 1	98.304	7	0.56185	1	4	1
MHz	MHz	(0h)	MHz	(007h)	(8FD5h)	(0h)	(1h)	
19.200	22.5792	divide by 2	90.3168	9	0.408	1	4	1
MHz	MHz	(1h)	MHz	(009h)	(6873h)	(0h)	(1h)	
19.200	24.576	divide by 2	98.304	10	0.24	1	4	1
MHz	MHz	(1h)	MHz	(00Ah)	(3D71h)	(0h)	(1h)	
27.000	22.5792	divide by 2	90.3168	6	0.69013	1	4	1
MHz	MHz	(1h)	MHz	(006h)	(B0Adh)	(0h)	(1h)	
27.000	24.576	divide by 2	98.304	7	0.28178	1	4	1
MHz	MHz	(1h)	MHz	(007h)	(4823h)	(0h)	(1h)	

Table 59 Example FLL Settings



### VIDEO BUFFER

The WM8946 provides a current mode output video buffer with an input 3<sup>rd</sup> order Butterworth low pass filter (LPF) and clamp. The video buffer is powered from LDOVDD – typically 3.3V. The video buffer is compatible with PAL and NTSC video formats.

The low pass filter (LPF) is intended to remove images in the video DAC output waveform at multiples of the DAC clock frequency. The input clamp supports AC coupling at the input to the video buffer.





The current mode output employed by the WM8946 video buffer allows operation at lower supply voltages than voltage mode video buffers. The current mode output also provides inherent protection against short circuits during jack insertion and removal. A current reference resistor (positioned close to the WM8946) ensures that the signal swing at the output of the buffer is the same as that at the receiving equipment (e.g. a television set), thus providing excellent signal reproduction.

For best performance, the input to the video buffer should be AC coupled and terminated to  $75\Omega$ . Note that the input clamp and pull-down features described below are only applicable to the AC-coupled input configuration.

Care should be taken with PCB layout, designing for at least 1GHz frequencies to avoid degrading performance. PCB vias and sharp corners should be avoided and parasitic capacitance minimised on signal paths; these should be kept as short and straight as possible. The LDOVDD supply should be decoupled as close to the WM8946 as possible. See the "External Components" section for more information.

The video buffer is enabled using the VB\_ENA register bit. The gain of the video buffer is selected using VB\_GAIN; this can be set to 0dB or 6dB (corresponding to 6dB or 12dB unloaded). The LPF response can be adjusted by setting the VB\_QBOOST register; this provides a small amount of additional gain in the region of the cut-off frequency.

The input signal clamp is enabled using VB\_CLAMP; this controls the DC component of the video signal for compatibility with the WM8941. The video buffer pull-down can be enabled using VB\_PD; this may be used during power-up of the video buffer in order to align the signal levels between the source and the WM8946. Note that the pull-down should not be enabled during normal operation of the video buffer; it should be enabled when the video buffer is first powered up, and subsequently disabled (e.g. After 20ms) once the circuit has settled.

A programmable DC offset can be applied to the output signal using the VB\_DISOFF register field; this can be set to 0mV, 20mV or 40mV offset.

Note that the VMID reference (see "Voltage References and Master Bias") must be enabled when using the WM8946 video buffer. VMID is enabled by setting VMID\_ENA, as defined in Table 44.



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R38 (26h)	7	VB_ENA	0	Video buffer enable
Video Buffer				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	6	VB_QBOOST	0	Video buffer filter Q-Boost control
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	5	VB_GAIN	0	Video buffer gain
				0 = 0dB (=6dB unloaded)
				1 = 6dB (=12dB unloaded)
	4:3	VB_DISOFF	111	Video buffer DC offset control
				000 = Reserved
				001 = 40mV offset
				010 = Reserved
				011 = 20mV offset
				100 = Reserved
				101 = Reserved
				110 = Reserved
				111 = 0mV offset
				Note - the specified offset applies
				to the 0dB gain setting
				(VB_GAIN=0). When 6dB gain is selected, the DC offset is doubled.
	1	VB PD	0	Video buffer pull-down
	1	VB_FD	0	0 = pull-down disabled
				1 = pull-down enabled
	0	VB CLAMP	0	Enable the clamp between the
	0		0	video input and ground
				0 = no clamp
				1 = Video buffer input is clamped to
				ground

The video buffer control registers are described in Table 60.

Table 60 Video Buffer Control

The video buffer circuit is illustrated in Figure 33.





The video buffer requires two external resistor components, as illustrated in Figure 33. For best performance, the resistor  $R_{\text{SOURCE}}$  should be matched (equal) to the load impedance  $R_{\text{LOAD}}$ .



The resistance  $R_{REF}$  is a function of the circuit gain and a function of the parallel combination of  $R_{SOURCE}$  and  $R_{LOAD}$ . When VB\_GAIN = 0 (0dB gain), the current gain of the video buffer is 5, as described by the equation  $I_{VBOUT} = 5 \times I_{VBREF}$ .

The resistor R<sub>REF</sub> should be set equal to 5 x (R<sub>SOURCE</sub> // R<sub>LOAD</sub>), where (R<sub>SOURCE</sub> // R<sub>LOAD</sub>) is the effective resistance of the parallel combination of R<sub>SOURCE</sub> and R<sub>LOAD</sub>. (Note that the required resistance R<sub>REF</sub> is the same for both settings of VB\_GAIN.)

In a typical application,  $R_{LOAD} = 75\Omega$ ,  $R_{SOURCE} = 75\Omega$ ,  $R_{REF} = 187\Omega$ .

#### **RECOMMENDED VIDEO BUFFER INITIALISATION SEQUENCES**

DESCRIPTION LABEL REGISTER [BITS] Turn on external supplies and wait for the supply voltages to settle. SW\_RESET Reset registers to default state (software reset). R0 (00h) [15:0] Enable VMID Fast Start and Start up Bias. VMID\_FAST\_START = 1 R7 (07h) [11] STARTUP\_BIAS\_ENA = 1 R7 (07h) [8] Select Start-Up Bias and set VMID soft start for start-up ramp. R7 (07h) [7]  $BIAS_SRC = 1$ VMID\_RAMP[1:0] = 01 R7 (07h) [6:5] If using VMID as the reference voltage for the LDO then select VMID  $LDO_ENA = 1$ R53 (35h) [15] LDO\_REF\_SEL\_FAST = 1 fast start or set to 0 if using the Bandgap as the reference voltage for R53 (35h) [14] LDO. Select LDO Start-Up Bias and enable LDO. LDO\_BIAS\_SRC = 1 R53 (35h) [5] Delay 300ms for LDO to settle.  $BIAS_ENA = 1$ Enable VMID Buffer and Master Bias. R2 (02h) [3] VMID\_BUF\_ENA = 1 R2 (02h) [2] Set VMID\_SEL[1:0] for fast start-up. VMID\_SEL[1:0] = 11 R2 (02h) [1:0] Enable VMID. VMID ENA = 1 R7 (07h) [4] Delay 150ms to allow VMID to settle. Set LDO and VMID for normal operation. LDO\_REF\_SEL\_FAST = 0 R53 (35h) [14] R53 (35h) [5]  $LDO_BIAS_SRC = 0$ VMID\_FAST\_START = 0 R7 (07h) [11] STARTUP BIAS ENA = 0 R7 (07h) [8] VMID\_SEL = 01 R2 (02h) [1:0] Set Video Buffer Gain as required. VB GAIN R38 (26h) [5] Set Video Buffer Filter Q Boost as required. VB\_QBOOST R38 (26h) [6] Enable Video Buffer Clamp. VB\_CLAMP = 1 R38 (26h) [0] Enable Video Buffer Pulldown. VB PD = 1R38 (26h) [1] Enable video buffer. VB ENA = 1 R38 (26h) [7] Delay 20ms for buffer to capture input level. Disable Video Buffer Pulldown.  $VB_PD = 0$ R38 (26h) [1]

Recommended power-up sequences for Video Buffer applications are described in Table 61 and Table 62.

Table 61 Power-Up Sequence (Video Signal AC-coupled to Video Buffer input)



DESCRIPTION	LABEL	REGISTER [BITS]
Turn on external supplies and wait for the supply voltages to settle.		
Reset registers to default state (software reset).	SW_RESET	R0 (00h) [15:0]
Enable VMID Fast Start and Start up Bias. Select Start-Up Bias and set VMID soft start for start-up ramp.	VMID_FAST_START = 1 STARTUP_BIAS_ENA = 1 BIAS_SRC = 1 VMID_RAMP[1:0] = 01	R7 (07h) [11] R7 (07h) [8] R7 (07h) [7] R7 (07h) [6:5]
If using VMID as the reference voltage for the LDO then select VMID fast start or set to 0 if using the Bandgap as the reference voltage for LDO. Select LDO Start-Up Bias and enable LDO. Delay 300ms for LDO to settle.	LDO_ENA = 1 LDO_REF_SEL_FAST = 1 LDO_BIAS_SRC = 1	R53 (35h) [15] R53 (35h) [14] R53 (35h) [5]
Enable VMID Buffer and Master Bias. Set VMID_SEL[1:0] for fast start-up.	BIAS_ENA = 1 VMID_BUF_ENA = 1 VMID_SEL[1:0] = 11	R2 (02h) [3] R2 (02h) [2] R2 (02h) [1:0]
Enable VMID. Delay 150ms to allow VMID to settle.	VMID_ENA = 1	R7 (07h) [4]
Set LDO and VMID for normal operation.	LDO_REF_SEL_FAST = 0 LDO_BIAS_SRC = 0 VMID_FAST_START = 0 STARTUP_BIAS_ENA = 0 VMID_SEL = 01	R53 (35h) [14] R53 (35h) [5] R7 (07h) [11] R7 (07h) [8] R2 (02h) [1:0]
Set Video Buffer Gain as required.	VB_GAIN	R38 (26h) [5]
Set Video Buffer Filter Q Boost as required.	VB_QBOOST	R38 (26h) [6]
Enable video buffer.	VB_ENA = 1	R38 (26h) [7]

Table 62 Power-Up Sequence (Video Signal DC-coupled to Video Buffer input)



### **GENERAL PURPOSE INPUT/OUTPUT**

The WM8946 provides four multi-function pins which can be configured to provide a number of different functions. These are digital input/output pins on the DBVDD power domain. The GPIO pins are:

- GPIO1
- CS/GPIO2
- CIFMODE/GPIO3
- SDOUT/GPIO4

Note that only GPIO1 is a dedicated GPIO pin; the other pins are shared with Control Interface functions. The pins available for GPIO function depend on the selected Control Interface mode, as described in Table 63.

CONTROL INTERFACE MODE	GPIO PIN AVAILABILITY			
2-wire (I2C)	GPIO1	GPIO2	GPIO3	GPIO4
3-wire (SPI)	GPIO1		GPIO3	GPIO4
4-wire (SPI)	GPIO1		GPIO3	

Table 63 GPIO Pin Availability

Note that CIFMODE/GPIO3 pin selects between I2C and SPI Control Interface modes (see "Control Interface"). To enable GPIO functions on GPIO3, the MODE\_GPIO register bit must be set in order to disconnect this pin from the Control Interface circuit. Setting the MODE\_GPIO register bit causes the Control Interface mode selection to be latched; it will remain latched until a Software Reset or Power On Reset occurs.

The register fields that control the GPIO pins are described in Table 64.

For each GPIO, the selected function is determined by the GPn\_FN field, where n identifies the GPIO pin (1 to 4). The pin direction, set by GPn\_DIR, must be set according to function selected by GPn\_SEL.

When a pin is configured as a GPIO output, its level can be set to logic 0 or logic 1 using the GPn\_LVL field. When a pin is configured as a GPIO input, the logic level can be read from the respective GPn\_LVL bit. The GPIO output is inverted with respect to the GPn\_LVL register when the polarity bit GPn\_POL is set; the equivalent is true of GPIO inputs also.

Internal pull-up and pull-down resistors may be enabled using the GPn\_PULL fields; this allows greater flexibility to interface with different signals from other devices.

Each of the GPIO pins is an input to the Interrupt control circuit and can be used to trigger an Interrupt event. This may be configured as level-triggered or edge-triggered using the GPn\_FN registers. Edge detect raises an interrupt when the GPIO status changes; level detect asserts the interrupt for as long as the GPIO status is asserted. See "Interrupts".

An edge-triggered GPIO can be configured to trigger on a single edge or on both edges of the input signal; this is selected using the GPn\_INT\_MODE registers. A level-triggered or single-edge-triggered input may be configured using the GPn\_POL registers to respond to a high level/edge (when GPn\_POL = 0) or a low level/edge (when GPn\_POL = 1).

The GPIO control fields are defined in Table 64.



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R11 (0Bh)	0	GPIO_MODE	0	CIFMODE/GPIO3 pin configuration
GPIO Config				0 = Pin configured as CIFMODE
				1 = Pin configured as GPIO3
				Note – when this bit is set to 1, it is
				latched and cannot be reset until Power-Off or Software Reset.
R12 (0Ch)	15	GP1_DIR	1	GPIO1 Pin Direction
GPIO1	10			0 = Output
Control				1 = Input
	14:13	GP1_PULL [1:0]	00	GPIO1 pull-up / pull-down Enable
		0 011 []		00 = no pull-up or pull-down
				01 = pull-down
				10 = pull-up
				11 = reserved
	12	GP1_INT_MOD	0	GPIO1 Interrupt Mode
		E		0 = GPIO interrupt is rising edge
				triggered (if GP1_POL=0) or falling edge triggered (if GP1_POL =1)
				1 = GPIO interrupt is triggered on
				rising and falling edges
	10	GP1_POL	0	GPIO1 Polarity Select
				0 = Non-inverted
				1 = Inverted
	5	GP1_LVL	0	GPIO1 level. Write to this bit to set
				a GPIO output. Read from this bit to read GPIO input level.
				When GP1_POL is set, the register
				contains the opposite logic level to
				the external pin.
	3:0	GP1_FN [3:0]	0000	GPIO1 Pin Function
				(see Table 65 for details)
R13 (0Dh)	15	GP2_DIR	1	GPIO2 Pin Direction
GPIO2				0 = Output
Control				1 = Input
	14:13	GP2_PULL [1:0]	00	GPIO2 pull-up / pull-down Enable
				00 = no pull-up or pull-down
				01 = pull-down
				10 = pull-up
				11 = reserved
	12	GP2_INT_MOD	0	GPIO2 Interrupt Mode
		E		0 = GPIO interrupt is rising edge triggered (if GP2_POL=0) or falling
				edge triggered (if GP2_POL=0) of failing
				1 = GPIO interrupt is triggered on
				rising and falling edges
	10	GP2_POL	0	GPIO2 Polarity Select
				0 = Non-inverted
				1 = Inverted
	5	GP2_LVL	0	GPIO2 level. Write to this bit to set
				a GPIO output. Read from this bit to
				read GPIO input level.
				When GP2_POL is set, the register contains the opposite logic level to
				the external pin.
L	1	1	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
	3:0	GP2_FN [3:0]	0000	GPIO2 Pin Function
				(see Table 65 for details)
R14 (0Eh)	15	GP3_DIR	1	GPIO3 Pin Direction
GPIO3				0 = Output
Control				1 = Input
	14:13	GP3_PULL [1:0]	10	GPIO3 pull-up / pull-down Enable
				00 = no pull-up or pull-down
				01 = pull-down
				10 = pull-up
				11 = reserved
	12	GP3_INT_MOD	0	GPIO3 Interrupt Mode
		E		0 = GPIO interrupt is rising edge
				triggered (if GP3_POL=0) or falling edge triggered (if GP3_POL =1)
				1 = GPIO interrupt is triggered on
				rising and falling edges
	10	GP3_POL	0	GPIO3 Polarity Select
				0 = Non-inverted
				1 = Inverted
	5	GP3_LVL	0	GPIO3 level. Write to this bit to set
				a GPIO output. Read from this bit to
				read GPIO input level.
				When GP3_POL is set, the register
				contains the opposite logic level to the external pin.
	3:0	GP3_FN [3:0]	0000	GPIO3 Pin Function
				(see Table 65 for details)
R15 (0Fh)	15	GP4_DIR	1	GPIO4 Pin Direction
GPIO4				0 = Output
Control				1 = Input
	14:13	GP4_PULL [1:0]	00	GPIO4 pull-up / pull-down Enable
				00 = no pull-up or pull-down
				01 = pull-down
				10 = pull-up
				11 = reserved
	12	GP4_INT_MOD	0	GPIO4 Interrupt Mode
		E		0 = GPIO interrupt is rising edge
				triggered (if GP4_POL=0) or falling edge triggered (if GP4_POL =1)
				1 = GPIO interrupt is triggered on
				rising and falling edges
	10	GP4_POL	0	GPIO4 Polarity Select
				0 = Non-inverted
				1 = Inverted
	5	GP4_LVL	0	GPIO4 level. Write to this bit to set
				a GPIO output. Read from this bit to
				read GPIO input level.
				When GP4_POL is set, the register
				contains the opposite logic level to the external pin.
	3:0	GP4_FN [3:0]	0000	GPIO4 Pin Function
				(see Table 65 for details)
<u> </u>	1	1	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Table 64 GPIO Control



### **GPIO FUNCTION SELECT**

The available GPIO functions are described in Table 65. The function of each GPIO is set using the GPn\_FN register, where n identifies the GPIO pin (1 to 4).

Note that the polarity of the GPIO inputs and outputs may be selected using the GPn\_POL register bits. When  $GPn_POL = 1$ , then the polarity is inverted with respect to the descriptions below.

The GPIO input functions may be used to detect headphone jack insertion or a button press. These signals may be used as inputs to the Interrupt Controller, via the integrated de-bounce circuit.

GPn_FN	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
0000	Logic level input	External logic level is read from GPn_LVL.
		Associated interrupt (when enabled) is level-triggered.
0001	Edge detection input	External logic level is read from GPn_LVL.
		Associated interrupt (when enabled) is edge triggered. Note that TOCLK_ENA must be set.
0010	CLKOUT output	Output clock frequency is set by CLKOUT_DIV.
0011	Interrupt (IRQ) output	Hardware output of all unmasked Interrupts.
0100	Reserved	
0101	Reserved	
0110	Reserved	
0111	Temperature flag output	Indicates the temperature sensor output. This is a hardware output of the TEMP_STS bit (assuming GPn_POL = 0).
		0 = Normal
		1 = Overtemperature
1000	Reserved	
1001	DMICCLK output	Output clock for digital microphone interface
1010	Logic level output	Pin logic level is set by GPn_LVL.
1011	LDO_UV output	Indicates the LDO undervoltage status. This is a hardware output of the LDO_UV_STS bit (assuming GPn_POL = 0).
		0 = Normal
		1 = LDO undervoltage
1100	Reserved	
1101	Reserved	
1110	Reserved	
1111	Reserved	

Table 65 GPIO Function Select



### **INTERRUPTS**

The Interrupt Controller has multiple inputs. These include the GPIO input pins, Temperature sensor and the LDO Regulator. Any combination of these inputs can be used to trigger an Interrupt (IRQ) event.

There is an Interrupt Status field associated with each of the IRQ inputs. These are listed within the System Interrupts Register (R16), as described in Table 66. The status of the IRQ inputs can be read at any time from this register or else in response to the Interrupt (IRQ) output being signalled via a GPIO pin.

Individual mask bits can select or deselect different functions from the Interrupt controller. These are listed within the System Interrupts Mask Register (R19), as described in Table 66. Note that the status fields remain valid, even when masked, but the masked bits will not cause the Interrupt (IRQ) output to be asserted.

The Interrupt (IRQ) output represents the logical 'OR' of all the unmasked IRQ inputs. The bits within the System Interrupts Register (R16) are latching fields and, once they are set, they are not reset until the System Interrupts Register is read. Accordingly, the Interrupt (IRQ) output is not reset until the System Interrupts Register has been read. Note that, if the condition that caused the IRQ input to be asserted is still valid, then the Interrupt (IRQ) output will remain set even after the System Interrupts Register has been read.

When GPIO input is used to trigger an Interrupt event, polarity can be set using the GPn\_POL bits as described in Table 64. This allows the IRQ event to be used to indicate a rising or a falling edge of the external logic signal. If desired, the GPn\_INT\_MODE bits can be used to select an Interrupt event on both the rising and falling edges.

The GPIO inputs to the Interrupt Controller are de-bounced to avoid false detections. The timeout clock (TOCLK) is required for this function. When using GPIO inputs to the Interrupt Controller, the TOCLK must be enabled by setting the TOCLK\_ENA and OSC\_CLK\_ENA bits as described in "Clocking and Sample Rates".

The Interrupt (IRQ) output can be globally masked by setting the IM\_IRQ register. The Interrupt is masked by default.

The Interrupt (IRQ) output may be configured on any of the GPIO pins. See "General Purpose Input / Output" for details of how to configure GPIO pins for Interrupt (IRQ) output.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R16 (10h)	15	TEMP_INT	0	Thermal Interrupt status
System				0 = Thermal interrupt not set
Interrupts				1 = Thermal interrupt set
				This bit is latched when set; it is cleared when the register is Read.
	14	GP4_INT	0	GPIO4 Interrupt status
				0 = GPIO4 interrupt not set
				1 = GPIO4 interrupt set
				This bit is latched when set; it is cleared when the register is Read.
	13	GP3_INT	0	GPIO3 Interrupt status
				0 = GPIO3 interrupt not set
				1 = GPIO3 interrupt set
				This bit is latched when set; it is
				cleared when the register is Read.
	12	GP2_INT	0	GPIO2 Interrupt status
				0 = GPIO2 interrupt not set
				1 = GPIO2 interrupt set
				This bit is latched when set; it is cleared when the register is Read.

The Interrupt control fields are defined in Table 66.



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
	11	GP1_INT	0	GPIO1 Interrupt status
				0 = GPIO1 interrupt not set
				1 = GPIO1 interrupt set
				This bit is latched when set; it is
				cleared when the register is Read.
	0	LDO_UV_INT	0	LDO Undervoltage Interrupt
				0 = LDO Undervoltage interrupt not set
				1 = LDO Undervoltage interrupt set
				This bit is latched when set; it is cleared when the register is Read.
R18 (12h)	0	IM_IRQ	1	IRQ (GPIO output) Mask
IRQ Config				0 = Normal
C C				1 = IRQ output is masked
R19 (13h)	15	IM_TEMP_INT	0	Interrupt mask for thermal status
System				0 = Not masked
Interrupts				1 = Masked
Mask	14	IM_GP4_INT	0	Interrupt mask for GPIO4
				0 = Not masked
				1 = Masked
	13	IM_GP3_INT	0	Interrupt mask for GPIO3
				0 = Not masked
				1 = Masked
	12	IM_GP2_INT	0	Interrupt mask for GPIO2
				0 = Not masked
				1 = Masked
	11	IM_GP1_INT	0	Interrupt mask for GPIO1
				0 = Not masked
				1 = Masked
	0	IM_LDO_UV_IN	0	Interrupt mask for LDO
		Т		Undervoltage status
				0 = Not masked
				1 = Masked

Table 66 Interrupt Control



### **CONTROL INTERFACE**

The WM8946 is controlled by writing to its control registers. Readback is available for all registers. The Control Interface can operate as either a 2-, 3- or 4-wire interface:

- 2-wire (I2C) mode uses pins SCLK and SDA
- 3-wire (SPI) mode uses pins CS, SCLK and SDA
- 4-wire (SPI) mode uses pins CS, SCLK, SDA and SDOUT

Readback is provided on the bi-directional pin SDA in 2-/3-wire modes.

The device address in 2-wire (I2C) mode is 34h.

The WM8946 uses 15-bit register addresses and 16-bit data in all Control Interface modes.

#### SELECTION OF CONTROL INTERFACE MODE

The WM8946 Control Interface can be configured for I2C mode or SPI modes using the CIFMODE/GPIO3 pin at power-up. The mode selection is as described in Table 68.

CIFMODE/GPIO3	INTERFACE FORMAT
Low	2 wire
High	3- or 4- wire

#### Table 67 Control Interface Mode Selection

After the Control Interface Mode has been configured, the MODE\_GPIO register bit should be set in order to latch the selection and to allow GPIO functions to be supported on the CIFMODE/GPIO3 pin. After the MODE\_GPIO register bit has been set, the Control Interface mode selection will remain latched until a Software Reset or Power On Reset occurs. See "General Purpose Input / Output" for details.

In 2-wire (I2C) Control Interface mode, Auto-Increment mode may be selected. This enables multiple write and multiple read operations to be scheduled faster than is possible with single register operations. The auto-increment option is enabled when the AUTO\_INC register bit is set. This bit is defined in Table 68. Auto-increment is disabled by default.

In SPI modes, 3-wire or 4-wire operation may be selected using the SPI\_4WIRE register bit. In 3-wire mode, register readback is provided using the bi-directional pin SDA. In 4-wire mode, register readback is provided using SDOUT. The SDOUT pin may be configured as CMOS or as Open Drain using the SPI\_OD bit. In 3-wire mode the SDA pin may be configured as CMOS or as Open Drain using the SPI\_OD bit. If the open drain option is selected (SPI\_OD = 1) then an external pull-up resistor is required on the SDOUT or SDA output pin.

The Control Interface configuration bits are described in Table 68.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
t(14h)	2	SPI_OD	0	SDOUT pin configuration
Control Interface				(applies to 3-wire and 4-wire mode only)
				0 = SDOUT output is CMOS
				1 = SDOUT output is open drain
	1	SPI_4WIRE	1	SPI control mode select
				0 = 3-wire using bidirectional SDA
				1 = 4-wire using SDOUT
	0	AUTO_INC	0	Enables address auto-increment
				(applies to 2-wire / I2C mode only)
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled

Table 68 Control Interface Configuration



#### 2-WIRE (I2C) CONTROL MODE

In 2-wire mode, the WM8946 is a slave device on the control interface; SCLK is a clock input, while SDA is a bi-directional data pin. To allow arbitration of multiple slaves (and/or multiple masters) on the same interface, the WM8946 transmits logic 1 by tri-stating the SDA pin, rather than pulling it high. An external pull-up resistor is required to pull the SDA line high so that the logic 1 can be recognised by the master.

In order to allow many devices to share a single 2-wire control bus, every device on the bus has a unique 7-bit device ID (this is not the same as the 15-bit address of each register in the WM8946). The WM8946 device ID is 34h. The LSB of the device ID is the Read/Write bit; this bit is set to logic 1 for "Read" and logic 0 for "Write".

The WM8946 operates as a slave device only. The controller indicates the start of data transfer with a high to low transition on SDA while SCLK remains high. This indicates that a device ID, register address and data will follow. The WM8946 responds to the start condition and shifts in the next eight bits on SDA (7-bit device ID + Read/Write bit, MSB first). If the device ID received matches the device ID of the WM8946, then the WM8946 responds by pulling SDA low on the next clock pulse (ACK). If the device ID is not recognised or the R/W bit is '1' when operating in write only mode, the WM8946 returns to the idle condition and waits for a new start condition and valid address.

If the device ID matches the device ID of the WM8946, the data transfer continues as described below. The controller indicates the end of data transfer with a low to high transition on SDA while SCLK remains high. After receiving a complete address and data sequence the WM8946 returns to the idle state and waits for another start condition. If a start or stop condition is detected out of sequence at any point during data transfer (i.e. SDA changes while SCLK is high), the device returns to the idle condition.

The WM8946 supports the following read and write operations:

- Single write
- Single read
- Multiple write using auto-increment
- Multiple read using auto-increment

The sequence of signals associated with a single register write operation is illustrated in Figure 34.

SDA     D6     D0     R/W     A15     A9     A8     A7     A7       START     device address     Write     ACK     register address     A15 - A8     ACK     register address	A1 A0 B15 S B9 B8 B7 B1 B0 A1 A0 ACK data bits B15 – B8 ACK data bits B7 – B0 ACK STOP
	Note: The SDA pin is used as input for the control register address and data; SDA is pulled low by the receiving device to provide the acknowledge (ACK) response





The sequence of signals associated with a single register read operation is illustrated in Figure 35.



#### Figure 35 Control Interface 2-wire (I2C) Register Read

The Control Interface also supports other register operations, as listed above. The interface protocol for these operations is summarised below. The terminology used in the following figures is detailed in Table 69.

Note that, for multiple write and multiple read operations, the auto-increment option must be enabled. This feature is enabled by default, as noted in Table 68.

TERMINOLOGY	DESCR	RIPTION			
S	Start Co	ondition			
Sr	Repeat	ed start			
А	Acknowledge				
Р	Stop Co	Stop Condition			
R/W	ReadNotWrite 0 = Write				
	1 = Read				
[White field]	Data flow from bus master to WM8946				
[Grey field]	Data flow from WM	8946 to bus master			

Table 69 Control Interface Terminology



Figure 36 Single Register Write to Specified Address







Written to 'Register Address'										
S Device ID	RW A	MSByte Address	Α	LSByte Address	Α	MSByte Data 0	А	LSByte Data 0	A	MSByte Data 1
	(0)									
Written to 'Register Address+N-1' Written to 'Register Address+N'										
MSByte Data N-2	A M	SByte Data N-1 A	LS	Byte Data N-1 A	MS	SByte Data N A	L	SByte Data N A	Р	

Figure 38 Multiple Register Write to Specified Address using Auto-increment



Figure 39 Multiple Register Read from Specified Address using Auto-increment



Figure 40 Multiple Register Read from Last Address using Auto-increment

Multiple Write and Multiple Read operations enable the host processor to access sequential blocks of the data in the WM8946 register map faster than is possible with single register operations. The auto-increment option is enabled when the AUTO\_INC register bit is set. This bit is defined in Table 68. Auto-increment is disabled by default.



#### 3-WIRE (SPI) CONTROL MODE

The 3-wire control interface uses the CS, SCLK and SDA pins.

In 3-wire control mode, a control word consists of 32 bits. The first bit is the read/write bit (R/W), which is followed by 15 address bits (A14 to A0) that determine which control register is accessed. The remaining 16 bits (B15 to B0) are data bits, corresponding to the 16 bits in each control register.

In 3-wire mode, every rising edge of SCLK clocks in one data bit from the SDA pin. The data is latched on the 32<sup>nd</sup> falling edge of SCLK after 32 bits of data have been clocked into the device.

In Write operations (R/W=0), all SDA bits are driven by the controlling device.

In Read operations (R/W=1), the SDA pin is driven by the controlling device to clock in the register address, after which the WM8946 drives the SDA pin to output the applicable data bits.

Similarly to 2-wire control mode, the WM8946 can be set to transmit logic 1 by tri-stating the SDA pin, rather than pulling it high (SPI\_OD = 1). An external pull-up resistor is required to pull the SDA line high so that the logic 1 can be recognised by the master.

cs	
SCLK	
SDA	R/W         A14         A13         A12         A2         A1         A0         B15         B14         B13         A2         B1         B0
	15-bit control register address 16-bit control register data

The 3-wire control mode timing is illustrated in Figure 41.

Figure 41 3-Wire Serial Control Interface

#### 4-WIRE (SPI) CONTROL MODE

The 4-wire control interface uses the CS, SCLK, SDA and SDOUT pins.

The Data Output pin, SDOUT, can be configured as CMOS or Open Drain, as described in Table 68. In CMOS mode, SDOUT is driven low when not outputting register data bits. In Open Drain mode, SDOUT is undriven (high impedance) when not outputting register data bits.

In Write operations (R/W=0), this mode is the same as 3-wire mode described above.

In Read operations (R/W=1), the SDATA pin is ignored following receipt of the valid register address. SDOUT is driven by the WM8946.

The 4-wire control mode timing is illustrated in Figure 42 and Figure 43.



cs	
SCLK	
SDA	R/W         A14         A12         A2         A1         A0         X
SDOUT	B15 B14 B13 B2 B2 B1 B0
	15-bit control register address

Figure 42 4-Wire Readback (CMOS)



Figure 43 4-Wire Readback (Open Drain)

### **POWER MANAGEMENT**

The WM8946 has two control registers that allow users to select which functions are active. For minimum power consumption, unused functions should be disabled. To minimise pop or click noise, it is important to enable or disable these functions in the correct order, and to use the signal mute registers as part of a carefully structured control sequence. Refer to the "Recommended Power Up/Down Sequence" section for more details.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	
R2 (02h)	13	INPPGAR_ENA	0	Right Input PGA Enable	
Power				0 = Disabled	
management				1 = Enabled	
1	12	INPPGAL_ENA	0	Left Input PGA Enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	11	ADCR_ENA	0	Right ADC and Record filter Enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
				ADCR_ENA must be set to 1 when	
				processing right channel data from	
				the ADC or Digital Microphone.	



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
	10	ADCL_ENA	0	Left ADC and Record filter Enable 0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
				ADCL_ENA must be set to 1 when
				processing left channel data from
				the ADC or Digital Microphone.
	4	MICB_ENA	0	Microphone Bias Enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	3	BIAS_ENA	0	Master Bias Enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
R3 (03h)	15	OUTR_ENA	0	LINEOUTR enable
Power				0 = Disabled
management 2				1 = Enabled
	14	OUTL_ENA	0	LINEOUTL enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	13	SPKR_PGA_EN A	0	Speaker Right PGA enable
		~		0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	12	SPKL_PGA_EN A	0	Speaker Left PGA enable
		7		0 = Disabled
	11	SPKR_SPKVDD ENA	0	SPKOUTR enable
				0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
				Note that SPKOUTR is also
				controlled by SPKR_OP_ENA.
				When powering down SPKOUTR,
				the SPKR_SPKVDD_ENA bit
				should be reset first.
	10	SPKL_SPKVDD ENA	0	SPKOUTL enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
				Note that SPKOUTL is also controlled by SPKL_OP_ENA.
				When powering down SPKOUTL,
				the SPKL_SPKVDD_ENA bit should
				be reset first
	7	SPKR_OP_ENA	0	SPKOUTR enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
				Note that SPKOUTR is also
				controlled by SPKR_SPKVDD_ENA. When
				powering up SPKOUTR, the
				SPKR_OP_ENA bit should be
				enabled first.



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
	6	SPKL_OP_ENA	0	SPKOUTL enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
				Note that SPKOUTL is also controlled by SPKL_SPKVDD_ENA. When powering up SPKOUTL, the SPKL_OP_ENA bit should be enabled first
	3	SPKR_MIX_EN	0	Right speaker output mixer enable
		A		0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	2	SPKL_MIX_ENA	0	Left speaker output mixer enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
	1	DACR_ENA	0	Right DAC Enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
				DACR_ENA must be set to 1 when processing right channel data from the DAC or Digital Beep Generator.
	0	DACL_ENA	0	Left DAC Enable
				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
				DACR_ENA must be set to 1 when
				processing left channel data from the DAC or Digital Beep Generator.
				the DAG OF Digital Deep Generator.

Table 70 Power Management Control

### THERMAL SHUTDOWN

The WM8946 incorporates a temperature sensor which detects when the device temperature is within normal limits. The temperature status can be read at any time from the TEMP\_STS bit, as described in Table 71. This bit can be polled at any time, or may output directly on a GPIO pin, or may be used to generate Interrupt events.

The temperature sensor can be configured to shut down the speaker outputs in the event of an overtemperature condition. This is configured using the THERR\_ACT register field.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R17 (11h)	15	TEMP_STS	0	Thermal Sensor status
Status Flags				0 = Normal
				1 = Overtemperature
R42 (2Ah)	15	THERR_ACT	1	Thermal Shutdown enable
Output ctrl				0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
				When THERR_ACT = 1, then an overtemperature condition will cause the speaker outputs to be disabled.

Table 71 Thermal Shutdown Control



### **POWER ON RESET**

The WM8946 includes a Power-On Reset (POR) circuit, which is used to reset the digital logic into a default state after power up. The POR circuit derives its output from LDOVDD and DCVDD. The internal POR signal is asserted low when either LDOVDD or DCVDD are below minimum thresholds.

The specific behaviour of the circuit will vary, depending on relative timing of the supply voltages. Typical scenarios are illustrated in Figure 44 and Figure 45.



Figure 44 Power On Reset Timing – LDOVDD Enabled First



Figure 45 Power On Reset Timing – DCVDD Enabled First

The POR signal is undefined until LDOVDD has exceeded the minimum threshold,  $V_{pora}$  Once this threshold has been exceeded, POR is asserted low and the chip is held in reset. In this condition, all writes to the control interface are ignored. Once LDOVDD and DCVDD have both reached their respective power on thresholds, POR is released high, all registers are in their default state, and writes to the control interface may take place.



Note that a minimum power-on reset period,  $T_{POR}$ , applies even if LDOVDD and DCVDD have zero rise time. (This specification is guaranteed by design rather than test.)

On power down, POR is asserted low when LDOVDD or DCVDD falls below their respective power-down thresholds.

Typical Power-On Reset parameters for the WM8946 are defined in Table 72.

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>pora</sub>	Power-On undefined threshold (LDOVDD)		0.5		V
V <sub>pora_on</sub>	Power-On threshold (LDOVDD)		1.15		V
V <sub>pora_off</sub>	Power-Off threshold (LDOVDD)		1.12		V
V <sub>pord_on</sub>	Power-On threshold (DCVDD)		0.57		V
V <sub>pord_off</sub>	Power-Off threshold (DCVDD)		0.56		V
T <sub>POR</sub>	Minimum Power-On Reset period		10.6		μS

Table 72 Typical Power-On Reset Parameters

Separate Power-On Reset circuits are also implemented on the DBVDD and SPKVDD domains. These circuits ensure correct device behaviour whenever these supplies are enabled or disabled.

### SOFTWARE RESET AND DEVICE ID

The WM8946 can be reset by writing to Register R0. This is a read-only register, and the contents of R0 will not be affected by writing to this Register.

The Device ID can be read back from Register R0. The Chip Revision ID can be read back from Register 1, as described in Table 73.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
R0 (00h) Software	15:0	SW_RESET [15:0]	6229h	Writing to this register resets all registers to their default state.
Reset/Chip ID 1				Reading from this register will indicate device family ID 6229h.
R1 (01h) Revision Number	3:0	CHIP_REV [3:0]		Reading from this register will indicate the Revision ID.

Table 73 Chip Reset and ID



## **RECOMMENDED POWER UP / POWER-DOWN SEQUENCES**

In order to minimise output pop and click noise, it is recommended that the WM8946 device is powered-up and powered-down using the control sequences described in Table 74 and Table 75 respectively.

The power-up sequence described here includes enabling the DACs and output drivers; note that additional configuration will be required to enable the required internal signal paths.

The sequences noted here are provided as guidance only; each sequence will require to be adjusted to the particular application requirements.

DESCRIPTION	LABEL	REGISTER [BITS]
Turn on external supplies and wait for the supply voltages to settle.		
Reset registers to default state (software reset).	SW_RESET	R0 (00h) [15:0]
Enable speaker and line discharge bits.	SPKR_DISCH = 1 SPKL_DISCH = 1 LINER_DISCH = 1 LINEL_DISCH = 1	R42 (2Ah) [7] R42 (2Ah) [6] R42 (2Ah) [5] R42 (2Ah) [4]
Enable VMID to speaker and line outputs.	SPKR_VMID_OP_ENA = 1 SPKL_VMID_OP_ENA = 1 LINER_VMID_OP_ENA = 1 LINEL_VMID_OP_ENA = 1	R42 (2Ah) [13] R42 (2Ah) [12] R42 (2Ah) [11] R42 (2Ah) [10]
Enable VMID Fast Start and Start up Bias. Select Start-Up Bias and set VMID soft start for start-up ramp.	VMID_FAST_START = 1 STARTUP_BIAS_ENA = 1 BIAS_SRC = 1 VMID_RAMP[1:0] = 01	R7 (07h) [11] R7 (07h) [8] R7 (07h) [7] R7 (07h) [6:5]
If using VMID as the reference voltage for the LDO then select VMID fast start or set to 0 if using the Bandgap as the reference voltage for LDO. Select LDO Start-Up Bias and enable LDO. Delay 300ms for LDO to settle.	LDO_ENA = 1 LDO_REF_SEL_FAST = 1 LDO_BIAS_SRC = 1	R53 (35h) [15] R53 (35h) [14] R53 (35h) [5]
Enable VMID Buffer and Master Bias.	BIAS_ENA = 1	R2 (02h) [3]
Set VMID_SEL[1:0] for fast start-up.	VMID_BUF_ENA = 1 VMID_SEL[1:0] = 11	R2 (02h) [2] R2 (02h) [1:0]
Disable speaker and line output discharge bits.	SPKP_DISCH = 0 SPKN_DISCH = 0 LINER_DISCH = 0 LINEL_DISCH = 0	R42 (2Ah) [6] R42 (2Ah) [7] R42 (2Ah) [5] R42 (2Ah) [4]
Enable speaker mixers and DACs.	SPKR_MIX_ENA = 1 SPKL_MIX_ENA = 1 DACR_ENA = 1 DACL_ENA = 1	R3 (03h) [3] R3 (03h) [2] R3 (03h) [1] R3 (03h) [0]
Enable speaker outputs, speaker PGAs, and lineout outputs.	OUTR_ENA = 1 OUTL_ENA = 1 SPKR_PGA_ENA = 1 SPKL_PGA_ENA = 1 SPKN_OP_ENA = 1 SPKP_OP_ENA = 1	R3 (03h) [15] R3 (03h) [14] R3 (03h) [13] R3 (03h) [12] R3 (03h) [12] R3 (03h) [7] R3 (03h) [6]
Enable power to speaker driver (must be done after enabling the speaker outputs).	SPKR_SPKVDD_ENA = 1 SPKL_SPKVDD_ENA = 1	R3 (03h) [11] R3 (03h) [10]
Enable VMID. Delay 150ms to allow VMID to settle.	VMID_ENA = 1	R7 (07h) [4]
Set LDO and VMID for normal operation.	LDO_REF_SEL_FAST = 0 LDO_BIAS_SRC = 0 VMID_FAST_START = 0 STARTUP_BIAS_ENA = 0 VMID_SEL = 01	R53 (35h) [14] R53 (35h) [5] R7 (07h) [11] R7 (07h) [8] R2 (02h) [1:0]
Un-mute outputs as required.		

Table 74 Recommended Power-Up Sequence



DESCRIPTION	LABEL	REGISTER [BITS]			
Mute speaker PGAs and DACs.	$SPKR_PGA_ENA = 1$ $SPKL_PGA_ENA = 1$ $SPKR_VOL = 00h$ $SPKL_VOL = 00h$ $DACR_MUTE = 1$ $DACL_MUTE = 1$ $DACR_VOL = 0$ $DACL_VOL = 0$	R3 (03h) [13] R3 (03h) [12] R47 (2Fh) [5:0] R48 (30h) [5:0] R24 (18h) [8] R23 (17h) [8] R24 (18h) [7:0] R23 (17h) [7:0]			
Select LDO for fast start-up.	LDO_REF_SEL_FAST = 1 LDO_BIAS_SRC = 1	R53 (35h) [14] R53 (35h) [5]			
Select VMID for fast start-up.	VMID_SEL = 11 VMID_FAST_START =1 BIAS_SRC = 1 VMID_RAMP = 01	R2 (02h) [1:0] R7 (07h) [11] R7 (07h) [7] R7 (07h) [6:5]			
Disable VMID. Delay 500ms for VMID to discharge.	VMID_ENA = 0	R7 (07h) [4]			
Discharge the speaker and line outputs. Delay 50ms for outputs to discharge.	SPKR_DISCH = 1 SPKL_DISCH = 1 LINER_DISCH = 1 LINEL_DISCH = 1	R42 (2Ah) [7] R42 (2Ah) [6] R42 (2Ah) [5] R42 (2Ah) [4]			
Mute the speaker and line outputs.	LINER_MUTE = 1 LINEL_MUTE = 1 SPKR_OP_MUTE = 1 SPKL_OP_MUTE = 1	R42 (2Ah) [9] R42 (2Ah) [8] R03 (03h) [9] R03 (03h) [8]			
Disable power to speaker drivers (must be done before disabling the speaker outputs).	SPKR_SPKVDD_ENA = 0 SPKL_SPKVDD_ENA = 0	R3 (03h) [11] R3 (03h) [10]			
Disable speaker outputs.	SPKN_OP_ENA = 0 SPKP_OP_ENA = 0	R3 (03h) [7] R3 (03h) [6]			
Reset registers to default state (software reset).	SW_RESET	R0 (00h) [15:0]			
Turn off external power supply voltages.					

Table 75 Recommended Power-Down Sequence



## **REGISTER MAP**

REG	NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	DEFAULT
R0 (0h)	Software Reset/Chip ID 1								SW_RES	SET[15:0	)]							6229h
R1 (1h)	Chip ID 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		CHIP_F	REV[3:0]		0000h
R2 (2h)	Power management 1	0	0	INPPG AR_E NA	INPPG AL_EN A	ADCR _ENA	ADCL_ ENA	0	0	DMIC_ ENA	0	0	MICB_ ENA	BIAS_ ENA	VMID_ BUF_E NA		SEL[1:0]	0000h
R3 (3h)	Power management 2	OUTR _ENA	OUTL_ ENA	SPKR_ PGA_ ENA	SPKL_ PGA_ ENA	SPKR_ SPKV DD_E NA	SPKL_ SPKV DD_E NA	SPKR_ OP_M UTE	SPKL_ OP_M UTE	SPKR_ OP_E NA	SPKL_ OP_E NA	SPKR_ MIX_M UTE	SPKL_ MIX_M UTE	SPKR_ MIX_E NA	SPKL_ MIX_E NA	DACR _ENA	DACL_ ENA	0330h
R4 (4h)	Audio Interface		ATA_PU 1:0]	FRAME 1:		_	PULL[1: )]	ADCR _SRC	ADCL_ SRC	DACR _SRC	DACL_ SRC	BCLK_ INV	LRCLK _INV	WL[1:0] FMT		[1:0]	028Ah	
R5 (5h)	Companding control	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	LOOP BACK	0	DAC_ COMP	DAC_ COMP MODE	ADC_ COMP	ADC_ COMP MODE	0000h
R6 (6h)	Clock Gen control	OSC_ CLK_E NA		PULL[1: )]	CLKO UT_SE L		JT_DIV[ :0]	SYSCL K_ENA		SYS	CLK_DI		TOCL K_ENA			MSTR	0106h	
R7 (7h)	Additional control	0	0	0	0	VMID_ FAST_ START	VMID_ REF_S EL	VMID_ CTRL	START UP_BI AS_EN A	BIAS_ SRC	_	RAMP[1: 0]	VMID_ ENA	SR[3:0]			000Dh	
R8 (8h)	FLL Control 1	0	0	0	_	_K_REF /[1:0]	FLL_	OUTDI	/[2:0]	FLL_C	TRL_RA	TE[2:0]	FLL			FLL_E NA	0102h	
R9 (9h)	FLL Control 2		FLL_K[15:0]								3127h							
R10 (Ah)	FLL Control 3	0			-		FLL_	N[9:0]			-	-	0	FLL_GAIN[3:0]			0104h	
R11 (Bh)	GPIO Config	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	MODE _GPIO	0000h
R12 (Ch)	GPIO1 Control	GP1_D IR	GP1_P	ULL[1:0]	GP1_I NT_M ODE	0	GP1_P OL	0	0	0	0	GP1_L VL	0	GP1_FN[3:0]			8000h	
R13 (Dh)	GPIO2 Control	GP2_D IR	GP2_P	ULL[1:0]	GP2_I NT_M ODE	0	GP2_P OL	0	0	0	0	GP2_L VL	0	GP2_FN[3:0]			8000h	
R14 (Eh)	GPIO3 Control	GP3_D IR	GP3_PI	ULL[1:0]	GP3_I NT_M ODE	0	GP3_P OL	0	0	0	0	GP3_L VL	0	GP3_FN[3:0]			C000h	
R15 (Fh)	GPIO4 Control	GP4_D IR	GP4_P	ULL[1:0]	GP4_I NT_M ODE	0	GP4_P OL	0	0	0	0	GP4_L VL	0	GP4_FN[3:0]			8000h	
R16 (10h)	System Interrupts	TEMP _INT	GP4_I NT	GP3_I NT	GP2_I NT	GP1_I NT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	LDO_ UV_IN T	0000h
R17 (11h)	Status Flags	TEMP _STS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	LDO_ UV_ST S	0000h
R18 (12h)	IRQ Config	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	IM_IR Q	0001h
R19 (13h)	System Interrupts Mask	IM_TE MP_IN T		IM_GP 3_INT	IM_GP 2_INT	IM_GP 1_INT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	IM_LD O_UV_ INT	0000h
R20 (14h)	Control Interface	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SPI_O D	SPI_4 WIRE	AUTO _INC	0002h
R21 (15h)	DAC Control 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	DAC_ MUTE ALL	0	0	0	DAC_ AUTO MUTE	0	0	DACR _DATI NV	DACL_ DATIN V	0110h


REG	NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	DEFAULT
R22 (16h)	DAC Control 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	DAC_ VOL_R	0	0	0	DAC_ SB_FL	0010h
													AMP				T	
R23 (17h)	Left DAC digital Vol	0	0	0	DAC_ VU	0	0	0	DACL_ MUTE	DACL_VOL[7:0]						00C0h		
R24 (18h)	Right DAC digital Vol	0	0	0	DAC_ VU	0	0	0	DACR _MUT E	DACR_VOL[7:0]						00C0h		
R25 (19h)	ADC Control 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ADC_ MUTE ALL	0	0	0	0	0	0	ADCR _DATI NV	ADCL_ DATIN V	0100h
R26 (1Ah)	ADC Control 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		IPF_CU 1:0]	ADC_ HPF	0000h
R27 (1Bh)	Left ADC Digital Vol	0	0	0	ADC_ VU	0	0	0	ADCL_ MUTE				ADCL_\	/OL[7:0]				00C0h
R28 (1Ch)	Right ADC Digital Vol	0	0	0	ADC_ VU	0	0	0	ADCR _MUT E				ADCR_	VOL[7:0]				00C0h
R29 (1Dh)	DRC Control 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	DRC_ NG_E NA	DRC_ ENA	0	0	0	1	DRC_ QR	DRC_ ANTIC LIP	1	000Fh
R30 (1Eh)	DRC Control 2	0	0	0	DR	C_NG_M	IINGAIN	[3:0]	0	0	0	1	DRC_	MINGAI	N[2:0]	_	/AXGAI 1:0]	0C25h
R31 (1Fh)	DRC Control 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		DRC_A	TK[3:0]			DRC_D	OCY[3:0]		0342h
R32 (20h)	DRC Control 4	0	0	0		DRC_	KNEE2_	IP[4:0]			D	RC_KN	EE_IP[5:	0]		0	0	0000h
R33 (21h)	DRC Control 5	0	0	DRC_ KNEE2 _OP_E NA		DRC_ł	(NEE2_(	OP[4:0]			DRC_	KNEE_C	)P[4:0]		DRC_	HI_COM	1P[2:0]	0003h
R34 (22h)	DRC Control 6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		R_THR :0]		R_DCY :0]	0000h
R35 (23h)	DRC Control 7	0	0	0	0	0	0		G_EXP[ :0]	DRC_	LO_CON	/IP[2:0]		DF	RC_INIT[4	4:0]		0000h
R36 (24h)	DRC Status								DRC_G	AIN[15:0]								0000h
R37 (25h)	Beep Control 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		BEEP_C	GAIN[3:0]		BEEP_I	RATE[1: )]	BEEP_ ENA	0002h
R38 (26h)	Video Buffer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	VB_EN A	VB_Q BOOS T	VB_G AIN	VB_	DISOFF	[2:0]	VB_PD	VB_CL AMP	001Ch
R39 (27h)	Input ctrl	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	aux2_ Audio	aux1_ Audio	MICB_ LVL		_TO_N	-	.R_SEL[ :0]		NL_SEL[ :0]	0035h
R40 (28h)	Left INP PGA gain ctrl	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	PGA_ VU	PGAL_ ZC	PGAL_ MUTE			PGAL_	/OL[5:0]			0050h
R41 (29h)	Right INP PGA gain ctrl	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	PGA_ VU	PGAR _ZC	PGAR _MUT E			PGAR_	VOL[5:0]			0050h
R42 (2Ah)	Output ctrl	THER R_ACT	0	SPKR_ VMID_ OP_E NA	SPKL_ VMID_ OP_E NA	LINER _VMID _OP_E NA	LINEL _VMID _OP_E NA	LINER _MUT E	LINEL _MUT E	SPKR_ DISCH	SPKL_ DISCH	LINER _DISC H		0	0	SPK_V ROI	LINE_ VROI	8300h
R43 (2Bh)	SPK mixer control1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	AUX1_ TO_SP KL	PGAL_ TO_SP KL	BYPL_ TO_P GAL	MDAC L_TO_ PGAL	MDAC R_TO_ PGAL	DACL_ TO_P GAL	DACR _TO_P GAL	_	AUX1_ TO_P GAL	0000h
R44 (2Ch)	SPK mixer control2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	AUX1_ TO_SP KR	PGAR	BYPR_ TO_P GAR	MDAC L_TO_	MDAC R_TO_ PGAR	DACL_ TO_P GAR	DACR _TO_P GAR	AUX2_	AUX1_ TO_P GAR	0000h



REG	NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	DEFAULT
R45 (2Dh)	SPK mixer control3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	AUX1_	PGAL_	BYPL_	0	0	DACL_	DACR	AUX2_	AUX1_	0000h
									_	TO_SP				TO_P		TO_P	TO_P	
										KL_AT						GAL_A		
	CDK mixer centrel4	0	0	0	0		0	0	TEN	TEN	TTEN	0	0	TTEN	TTEN		TTEN	00001
R46 (2Eh)	SPK mixer control4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	AUX1_ TO_SP	PGAR _TO_S	-	0	0	DACL_ TO_P		AUX2_ TO_P	AUX1_ TO_P	0000h
									_	PKR_A				GAR_	GAR_	GAR_	GAR_	
									TEN	TTEN	ATTEN			ATTEN		ATTEN	ATTEN	
R47 (2Fh)	Left SPK volume ctrl	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SPK_V	SPKL_	SPKL_			SPKL_\	/OL[5:0]			0079h
									U	ZC	PGA_							
R48 (30h)	Right SPK volume	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SPK_V	SPKR	MUTE SPKR_			SPKR_		1		0079h
R40 (3011)	ctrl	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	U U	ZC	PGA_			SPRR_	VOL[5.0]			007911
											MUTE							
R49 (31h)	Line L mixer control 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	BYPL_	MDAC	MDAC	DACL_	DACR	AUX2_	AUX1_	0000h
											T0_0		R_TO_	TO_O		T0_0	TO_O	
D50 (001.)			_	_				_		_	UTL	OUTL		UTL	UTL	UTL	UTL	00001
R50 (32h)	Line R mixer control	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	BYPR_ TO_0	MDAC L_TO_	MDAC R_TO_	DACL_ TO_O		AUX2_ TO_O	AUX1_ TO_O	0000h
											UTR		OUTR	UTR	UTR	UTR	UTR	
R51 (33h)	Line L mixer control 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	BYPL_	0	0	DACL_	DACR	AUX2_	AUX1_	0000h
											T0_0			T0_0		T0_0	T0_0	
											UTL_A			_	_	UTL_A		
DE0 (24h)	Line B miver control	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	TTEN BYPR_	0	0	TTEN DACL_	TTEN	TTEN AUX2_	TTEN AUX1_	0000h
R52 (34h)	Line R mixer control 2	U	0	U	0	0	0	U	U	U	TO_0	U	0	TO_0		TO_0	TO_0	00001
	_										UTR_A					UTR_A		
											TTEN					TTEN		
R53 (35h)	LDO	LDO_E	_	LDO_	LDO_	0	0	0	0	0	0	LDO_B		LDO	D_VSEL	[4:0]		0007h
		NA	REF_S		OPFLT							IAS_S						
			EL_FA ST	EL								RC						
R54 (36h)	Bandgap	BG E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		BG	_VSEL[	4:01		000Ah
		NA	Ů	Ů	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ů	, in the second	Ů	ů	Ŭ		20				0007 41
R64 (40h)	SE Config Selection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		SE_CO	NFIG[3:0	]	0000h
R65 (41h)	SE1_LHPF_CONFIG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SE1_L	SE1_L	0	0	SE1_L		0000h
												HPF_R				HPF_R		
D00 (401)											21	_SIGN	_SIGN			_ENA	_ENA	00001
	SE1_LHPF_L SE1_LHPF_R								SE1_LHF		•							0000h
R67 (431) R68 (44h)	SE1_2D_CONFIG	0	0	0	SE1_3	0	0		E1_LHP			SE1_3	CE1 2	0	0	CE1 2	SE1_3	0000h 0000h
R00 (4411)		0	0	0	D_MO	0	0					D_R_L		0	U		D_L_E	000011
					NO			IGN				HPF_S				NA	NA	
										NA	NA	IGN	IGN					
R69 (45h)	SE1_3D_L	0	0	SE1_3[	D_L_DEL	.AY[2:0]	SE1_30		TOFF[2:	SE	1_3D_L	_CGAIN[	3:0]	SE	1_3D_L	_FGAIN[	3:0]	0408h
								0]										
R70 (46h)	SE1_3D_R	0	0	SE1_3L	D_R_DEL	.AY[2:0]	SE1_3L	0_R_CU	10FF[2:	SE	1_3D_R	_CGAIN[	3:0]	SE	1_3D_R	_FGAIN[	3:0]	0408h
R71 (47h)	SE1_NOTCH_CONF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SE1 N	SE1_N	0000h
10/1 (4/11)	IG	Ŭ	Ŭ	0	Ŭ	Ū	Ŭ	Ū	Ū	Ū	0	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	0		OTCH	000011
																_R_EN	_L_EN	
																A	А	
. ,	SE1_NOTCH_A10								1_NOTC									0000h
R73 (49h)	SE1_NOTCH_A11								1_NOTC	-	-							0000h
. ,	SE1_NOTCH_A20								1_NOTC									0000h
. ,	SE1_NOTCH_A21								1_NOTC	-	-							0000h
. ,	SE1_NOTCH_A30								1_NOTC									0000h
R77 (4Dh)	SE1_NOTCH_A31								1_NOTC	-	-							0000h
R78 (4Eh)	SE1_NOTCH_A40							SE	1_NOTC	H_A40[1	5:0]							0000h



REG	NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	DEFAULT
R79 (4Fh)	SE1_NOTCH_A41							SE	1_NOTC	H_A41[1	5:0]							0000h
R80 (50h)	SE1_NOTCH_A50							SE	1_NOTC	H_A50[1	5:0]							0000h
R81 (51h)	SE1_NOTCH_A51							SE	1_NOTC	H_A51[1	5:0]							0000h
R82 (52h)	SE1_NOTCH_M10							SE	1_NOTC	H_M10[1	5:0]							0000h
R83 (53h)	SE1_NOTCH_M11							SE	1_NOTC	H_M11[1	5:0]							1000h
R84 (54h)	SE1_NOTCH_M20								1_NOTC		-							0000h
R85 (55h)	SE1_NOTCH_M21							SE	1_NOTC	H_M21[1	5:0]							1000h
R86 (56h)	SE1_NOTCH_M30								_ 1_NOTC									0000h
R87 (57h)	SE1_NOTCH_M31								1_NOTC									1000h
R88 (58h)	SE1_NOTCH_M40								_ 1_NOTC		· ·							0000h
R89 (59h)	SE1_NOTCH_M41								1_NOTC	-	-							1000h
R90 (5Ah)	SE1_NOTCH_M50								1_NOTC									0000h
R91 (5Bh)	SE1_NOTCH_M51								_ 1_NOTC		· ·							1000h
R92 (5Ch)	SE1_DF1_CONFIG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SE1 D	) SE1_D	
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-			-		F1_R_	_	
																ENA	ENA	
R93 (5Dh)	SE1_DF1_L0							S	SE1_DF1	_L0[15:0	)]							1000h
R94 (5Eh)	SE1_DF1_L1							S	SE1_DF1	_L1[15:0	)]							0000h
R95 (5Fh)	SE1_DF1_L2							S	SE1_DF1	_L2[15:0	)]							0000h
R96 (60h)	SE1_DF1_R0							5	SE1_DF1	_R0[15:0	)]							1000h
R97 (61h)	SE1_DF1_R1							5	SE1_DF1	_R1[15:(	)]							0000h
R98 (62h)	SE1_DF1_R2							5	SE1_DF1	_R2[15:0	)]							0000h
R100 (64h)	SE2_RETUNE_CON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SE2_R	R SE2_R	0000h
	FIG																ETUN	
																E_R_E NA	E_L_E NA	
P101 (65b)	SE2_RETUNE_C0							CE.	2_RETU		5.01					INA	INA	1000h
	SE2_RETUNE_C1								2_RETU	-	-							0000h
. ,	SE2_RETUNE_C2								2_RETU									0000h
. ,	SE2_RETUNE_C3								 2_RETUI		-							0000h
R105 (69h)	SE2_RETUNE_C4							SE	2_RETU	NE_C4[1	5:0]							0000h
R106 (6Ah)	SE2_RETUNE_C5							SE:	2_RETU	NE_C5[1	5:0]							0000h
R107 (6Bh)	SE2_RETUNE_C6							SE	2_RETU	NE_C6[1	5:0]							0000h
	SE2_RETUNE_C7								2_RETU		-							0000h
	SE2_RETUNE_C8								2_RETU									0000h
R110 (6Eh)	SE2_RETUNE_C9							SE	2_RETU	NE_C9[1	5:0]							0000h
	SE2_RETUNE_C10								_RETUN									0000h
R112 (70h)	SE2_RETUNE_C11							SE2	RETUR	IE_C11[*	15:0]							0000h
R113 (71h)	SE2_RETUNE_C12							SE2	_RETUN	IE_C12['	15:0]							0000h
R114 (72h)	SE2_RETUNE_C13							SE2	 RETUN	IE C13[	- 15:0]							0000h
	SE2_RETUNE_C14								RETUN	-								0000h
	SE2_RETUNE_C15								 RETUN									0000h
	SE2_RETUNE_C16								RETUN	-								0000h
	SE2_RETUNE_C17								 RETUN	-								0000h
	SE2_RETUNE_C18																	0000h
	SE2_RETUNE_C19		SE2_RETUNE_C18[15:0] SE2_RETUNE_C19[15:0]							0000h								
	SE2_RETUNE_C20								RETUN									0000h
. ,	SE2_RETUNE_C21								_RETUN	-								0000h
. ,	SE2_RETUNE_C22								_RETUN									0000h
. ,	SE2_RETUNE_C23								_RETUN	-								0000h
. ,	SE2_RETUNE_C24								_RETUN									0000h
· · · ·	SE2_RETUNE_C25									-								0000h
	SE2_RETUNE_C26		SE2_RETUNE_C25[15:0] SE2_RETUNE_C26[15:0]								0000h							
1/12/ (/FII)	012_11110141_020	I						322	n:10	i⊏_020[	iJ.0]							000011



REG	NAME	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	DEFAULT
R128 (80h)	SE2_RETUNE_C27							SE2	RETUN	IE_C27[	15:0]							0000h
R129 (81h)	SE2_RETUNE_C28							SE2	RETUR	IE_C28[	15:0]							0000h
R130 (82h)	SE2_RETUNE_C29							SE2	_RETUN	IE_C29[	15:0]							0000h
R131 (83h)	SE2_RETUNE_C30							SE2	_RETUN	IE_C30[	15:0]							0000h
R132 (84h)	SE2_RETUNE_C31							SE2	RETUR	IE_C31[*	15:0]							0000h
R133 (85h)	SE2_5BEQ_CONFIG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SE2_5 BEQ_L _ENA	0000h
R134 (86h)	SE2_5BEQ_L10G	0	0	0		SF2 !	BEQ_L	1G[4·0]		0	0	0		SE2	5BEQ_L	)G[4·0]		0C0Ch
. ,	SE2_5BEQ_L32G	0	0	0		_	BEQ_L			0	0	0			5BEQ_L			0C0Ch
	SE2_5BEQ_L4G	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			5BEQ_L4			000Ch
. , ,	SE2_5BEQ_L0P	Ŭ	ů	Ŭ	v	Ŭ	ů		E2_5BEQ			Ū		OLL_	JDEQ_E	10[110]		00D8h
. ,	SE2_5BEQ_L0A																	0FCAh
. , ,	SE2_5BEQ_L0B		SE2_5BEQ_L0A[15:0] SE2_5BEQ_L0B[15:0]									0400h						
. ,	SE2_5BEQ_L1P											01C5h						
	SE2_5BEQ_L1A		SE2_5BEQ_L1P[15:0]										1EB5h					
. ,	SE2_5BEQ_L1B		SE2_5BEQ_L1A[15:0]										F145h					
	SE2_5BEQ_L1C		SE2_5BEQ_L1B[15:0]										0B75h					
	SE2_5BEQ_L2P		SE2_5BEQ_L1C[15:0] SE2_5BEQ_L2P[15:0]										0558h					
	SE2_5BEQ_L2A																	1C58h
	SE2_5BEQ_L2B		SE2_5BEQ_L2A[15:0] SE2_5BEQ_L2B[15:0]										F373h					
. ,	SE2_5BEQ_L2C								_									0A54h
. ,	SE2_5BEQ_L2C								E2_5BEC	-								1103h
. ,	SE2_5BEQ_L3A								E2_5BEC									168Eh
	SE2_5BEQ_L3B								E2_5BEC	-								F829h
. ,	SE2_5BEQ_L3C								E2_5BEC									
	SE2_5BEQ_L4P								E2_5BEC	-	-							07Adh 4000h
. ,	SE2_5BEQ_L4A								E2_5BEC									4000h 0564h
	SE2_5BEQ_L4B								E2_5BEC	-								0559h
	SE2_5BEQ_E4B	0	0	0		<b>SE</b> 2 B	BEQ_R		E2_5BEC	<u>с</u> ц46[10	0	0		SE2 8	5BEQ_R	00[4:0]		0000Ch
	SE2_5BEQ_R32G	0	0	0						0	0	0						0C0Ch
	SE2_5BEQ_R4G	0	0	0	0	0	BEQ_R	0	0	0	0	0			5BEQ_R			000Ch
. ,		0	U	0	0	0	U					U		SEZ_C		40[4.0]		
	SE2_5BEQ_R0P SE2_5BEQ_R0A								2_5BEC 2_5BEC		-							00D8h 0FCAh
. ,	SE2_5BEQ_R0B								_									0400h
. ,	SE2_5BEQ_R1P								2_5BEC 2_5BEC									040011 01C5h
	SE2_5BEQ_R1A								2_JBEC		·							1EB5h
. ,	SE2_5BEQ_R1B																	F145h
	SE2_5BEQ_R1C								2_5BEC 2_5BEC	-	-							0B75h
. ,	SE2_5BEQ_R2P								_									
. ,	SE2_SBEQ_R2P								2_5BEC		-							0558h
	SE2_5BEQ_R2A								E2_5BEC									1C58h
									E2_5BEC									F373h
. ,	SE2_5BEQ_R2C SE2_5BEQ_R3P		SE2_5BEQ_R2C[15:0] SE2_5BEQ_R3P[15:0]										0A54h					
	SE2_5BEQ_R3P										-							1103h
. ,									2_5BEC									168Eh
. ,	SE2_5BEQ_R3B								E2_5BEC									F829h
	SE2_5BEQ_R3C								2_5BEQ		- ·							07Adh
	SE2_5BEQ_R4P								E2_5BEC									4000h
. ,	SE2_5BEQ_R4A								2_5BEC		-							0564h
K1/5 (Ath)	SE2_5BEQ_R4B							SE	E2_5BEC	_K4B[15	0.UJ							0559h



#### **REGISTER BITS BY ADDRESS**

The complete register map is shown below. The detailed description can be found in the relevant text of the device description.

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R0 (00h) Software Reset/Chip ID 1	15:0	SW_RESET [15:0]	0110_0010 _0010_100 1	Writing to this register resets all registers to their default state. Reading from this register will indicate device family ID 6229h.	

Register 00h Software Reset/Chip ID 1

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R1 (01h) Chip ID 2	3:0	CHIP_REV[3:0]	0000	Reading from this register will indicate the Revision ID.	

Register 01h Chip ID 2

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R2 (02h)	13	INPPGAR_ENA	0	Right Input PGA Enable	
Power				0 = Disabled	
management				1 = Enabled	
I	12	INPPGAL_ENA	0	Left Input PGA Enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	11	ADCR_ENA	0	Right ADC Enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
				ADCR_ENA must be set to 1 when processing right	
				channel data from the ADC or Digital Microphone.	
	10	ADCL_ENA	0	Left ADC Enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
				ADCL_ENA must be set to 1 when processing left channel	
				data from the ADC or Digital Microphone.	
	7	DMIC_ENA	0	Enables Digital Microphone mode	
				0 = Audio DSP input is from ADC	
				1 = Audio DSP input is from digital microphone interface	
				When $DMIC_ENA = 0$ , the Digital microphone clock	
	4		0	(DMICCLK) is held low.	
	4	MICB_ENA	0	Microphone Bias Enable 0 = Disabled	
				0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	
	0		0		
	3	BIAS_ENA	0	Master Bias Enable	
				0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	
			0		
	2	VMID_BUF_EN A	0	VMID Buffer Enable.	
				(The buffered VMID may be applied to disabled input and output pins.)	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
	1:0	VMID_SEL[1:0]	00	VMID Divider Enable and Select	
				00 = VMID disabled (for OFF mode)	
				01 = 2 x 50k divider (for normal operation)	
				10 = 2 x 250k divider (for low power standby)	
				11 = 2 x 5k divider (for fast start-up)	

Register 02h Power management 1

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R3 (03h)	15	OUTR_ENA	0	LINEOUTR enable	
Power				0 = Disabled	
management				1 = Enabled	
2	14	OUTL_ENA	0	LINEOUTL enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	13	SPKR_PGA_EN	0	Speaker Right PGA enable	
		А		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	12	SPKL_PGA_EN	0	Speaker Left PGA enable	
		A		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
-	11	SPKR_SPKVDD	0	SPKOUTR enable	
		_ENA		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
				Note that SPKOUTR is also controlled by SPKR_OP_ENA. When powering down SPKOUTR, the SPKR_SPKVDD_ENA bit should be reset first.	
	10	SPKL_SPKVDD	0	SPKOUTL enable	
		_ENA		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
				Note that SPKOUTL is also controlled by SPKL_OP_ENA. When powering down SPKOUTL, the SPKL_SPKVDD_ENA bit should be reset first	
	9	SPKR_OP_MUT	1	SPKOUTR Output Mute	
		E		0 = Disable Mute	
				1 = Enable Mute	
	8	SPKL_OP_MUT	1	SPKOUTL Output Mute	
		E		0 = Disable Mute	
				1 = Enable Mute	
-	7	SPKR_OP_ENA	0	SPKOUTR enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
				Note that SPKOUTR is also controlled by SPKR_SPKVDD_ENA. When powering up SPKOUTR, the SPKR_OP_ENA bit should be enabled first.	
ļ	6	SPKL_OP_ENA	0	SPKOUTL enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
				Note that SPKOUTL is also controlled by SPKL_SPKVDD_ENA. When powering up SPKOUTL, the SPKL_OP_ENA bit should be enabled first	
	5	SPKR_MIX_MU	1	Right Speaker PGA Mixer Mute	
		TE		0 = Disable Mute	



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
				1 = Enable Mute	
	4	SPKL_MIX_MU	1	Left Speaker PGA Mixer Mute	
		TE		0 = Disable Mute	
				1 = Enable Mute	
	3	SPKR_MIX_EN	0	Right speaker output mixer enable	
		A		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	2	SPKL_MIX_ENA	0	Left speaker output mixer enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	1	DACR_ENA	0	Right DAC Enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
				DACR_ENA must be set to 1 when processing right channel data from the DAC or Digital Beep Generator.	
	0	DACL_ENA	0	Left DAC Enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
				DACR_ENA must be set to 1 when processing left channel data from the DAC or Digital Beep Generator.	

Register 03h Power management 2

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R4 (04h)	15:14	DACDATA_PUL	00	DACDAT pull-up / pull-down Enable	
Audio		L[1:0]		00 = no pull-up or pull-down	
Interface				01 = pull-down	
				10 = pull-up	
				11 = reserved	
	13:12	FRAME_PULL	00	LRCLK pull-up / pull-down Enable	
		[1:0]		00 = no pull-up or pull-down	
				01 = pull-down	
				10 = pull-up	
				11 = reserved	
	11:10	BCLK_PULL	00	BCLK pull-up / pull-down Enable	
		[1:0]		00 = no pull-up or pull-down	
				01 = pull-down	
				10 = pull-up	
				11 = reserved	
	9	ADCR_SRC	1	Right Digital Audio interface source	
				0 = Left ADC data is output on right channel	
				1 = Right ADC data is output on right channel	
	8	ADCL_SRC	0	Left Digital Audio interface source	
				0 = Left ADC data is output on left channel	
				1 = Right ADC data is output on left channel	
	7	DACR_SRC	1	Right DAC Data Source Select	
				0 = Right DAC outputs left interface data	
				1 = Right DAC outputs right interface data	
	6	DACL_SRC	0	Left DAC Data Source Select	
				0 = Left DAC outputs left interface data	
				1 = Left DAC outputs right interface data	
	5	BCLK_INV	0	BCLK Invert	



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
				0 = BCLK not inverted	
				1 = BCLK inverted	
	4	LRCLK_INV	0	LRCLK Polarity / DSP Mode A-B select.	
				Right, left and I2S modes – LRCLK polarity	
				0 = Not Inverted	
				1 = Inverted	
				DSP Mode – Mode A-B select	
				0 = MSB is available on 2 <sup>nd</sup> BCLK rising edge after LRCLK rising edge (mode A)	
				1 = MSB is available on 1 <sup>st</sup> BCLK rising edge after LRCLK rising edge (mode B)	
	3:2	WL[1:0]	10	Digital Audio Interface Word Length	
				00 = 16 bits	
				01 = 20 bits	
				10 = 24 bits	
				11 = 32 bits	
				Note – see "Companding" for the selection of 8-bit mode.	
	1:0	FMT[1:0]	10	Digital Audio Interface Format	
				00 = Reserved	
				01 = Left Justified	
				10 = I2S format	
				11 = DSP/PCM mode	

Register 04h Audio Interface

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R5 (05h)	5	LOOPBACK	0	Digital Loopback Function	
Companding				0 = No loopback	
control				1 = Loopback enabled (ADC data output is directly input to DAC data input).	
	3	DAC_COMP	0	DAC Companding Enable	
				0 = Disabled	
			1 = Enabled		
	2	DAC_COMPMO	0	DAC Companding Mode	
		DE		0 = µ-law	
				1 = A-law	
	1	ADC_COMP	0	ADC Companding Enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	0	ADC_COMPMO	0	ADC Companding Mode	
		DE		0 = µ-law	
				1 = A-law	

Register 05h Companding control



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R6 (06h)	15	OSC_CLK_ENA	0	Oscillator Enable	
Clock Gen				0 = Disabled	
control				1 = Enabled	
				This needs to be set when a timeout clock is required for	
				PGA zero cross or GPIO input detection	
	14:13	MCLK_PULL	00	MCLK pull-up / pull-down Enable	
		[1:0]		00 = no pull-up or pull-down	
				01 = pull-down	
				10 = pull-up	
				11 = reserved	
	12	CLKOUT_SEL	0	CLKOUT Source Select	
				0 = SYSCLK	
				1 = FLL or MCLK (set by SYSCLK_SRC register)	
	11:10	CLKOUT_DIV	00	CLKOUT Clock divider	
		[1:0]		00 = divide by 1	
				01 = divide by 2	
				10 = divide by 4	
				11 = divide by 8	
	9	SYSCLK_ENA	0	SYSCLK Enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	8	SYSCLK_SRC	1	SYSCLK Source Select	
				0 = MCLK	
				1 = FLL output	
	7:5	SYSCLK_DIV	000	SYSCLK Clock divider	
		[2:0]		(Sets the scaling for either the MCLK or FLL clock output, depending on SYSCLK_SRC)	
				000 = divide by 1	
				001 = divide by 1.5	
				010 = divide by 2	
				011 = divide by 3	
				100 = divide by 4	
				101 = divide by 6	
				110 = divide by 8	
				111 = divide by 12	
	4	TOCLK_ENA	0	TOCLK Enabled	
				(Enables timeout clock for GPIO level detection, AMU, and PGA zero cross timeout)	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	3:1	BCLK_DIV[2:0]	011	BCLK Frequency (Master mode)	
				000 = SYSCLK	
				001 = SYSCLK / 2	
				010 = SYSCLK / 4	
				011 = SYSCLK / 8	
				100 = SYSCLK / 16	
				101 = SYSCLK / 32	
				110 = reserved	
				111 = reserved	
	0	MSTR	0	Digital Audio Interface Mode select	
				0 = Slave mode	
				1 = Master mode	

Register 06h Clock Gen control



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R7 (07h)	11	VMID_FAST_ST	0	VMID (fast-start) Enable	
Additional		ART		0 = Disabled	
control				1 = Enabled	
	10	VMID_REF_SEL	0	VMID Source Select	
				0 = LDO supply (LDOVDD)	
				1 = LDO output (LDOVOUT)	
	9	VMID_CTRL	0	VMID Ratio control	
				Sets the ratio of VMID to the source selected by VMID_REF_SEL	
				0 = 5/11	
				1 = 1/2	
	8	STARTUP_BIAS	0	Start-Up Bias Enable	
		_ENA		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	7	BIAS_SRC	0	Bias Source select	
				0 = Normal bias	
				1 = Start-Up bias	
	6:5	VMID_RAMP	00	VMID soft start enable / slew rate control	
		[1:0]		00 = Disabled	
				01 = Fast soft start	
				10 = Normal soft start	
				11 = Slow soft start	
	4	VMID_ENA	0	VMID Enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	3:0	SR[3:0]	1101	Audio Sample Rate select	
				0011 = 8kHz	
				0100 = 11.025kHz	
				0101 = 12kHz	
				0111 = 16kHz	
				1000 = 22.05kHz	
				1001 = 24kHz	
				1011 = 32kHz	
				1100 = 44.1kHz	
L				1101 = 48kHz	

Register 07h Additional control

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R8 (08h) FLL Control 1	12:11	FLL_CLK_REF_ DIV[1:0]	00	FLL Clock Reference Divider 00 = MCLK / 1 01 = MCLK / 2 10 = MCLK / 4 11 = MCLK / 8 MCLK (or other input reference) must be divided down to <=13.5MHz. For lower power operation, the reference clock can be divided down further if desired.	



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
	10:8	FLL_OUTDIV	001	FOUT clock divider	
		[2:0]		000 = 2	
				001 = 4	
				010 = 8	
				011 = 16	
				100 = 32	
				101 = 64	
				110 = 128 111 = 256	
				111 = 250	
				(FOUT = FVCO / FLL_OUTDIV)	
	7:5	FLL_CTRL_RAT	000	Frequency of the FLL control block	
		E[2:0]		000 = FVCO / 1 (Recommended value)	
				001 = FVCO / 2	
				010 = FVCO / 3	
				011 = FVCO / 4	
				100 = FVCO / 5	
				101 = FVCO / 6	
				110 = FVCO / 7	
				111 = FVCO / 8	
				Recommended that this register is not changed from default.	
	4:2	FLL_FRATIO	000	FVCO clock divider	
		[2:0]		000 = 1	
				001 = 2	
				010 = 4	
				011 = 8	
				1XX = 16	
				000 recommended for FREF > 1MHz	
				100 recommended for FREF < 16kHz	
				011 recommended for all other cases	
	1	FLL_FRAC	1	Fractional enable	
				0 = Integer Mode	
				1 = Fractional Mode	
				Integer mode offers reduced neuronecounties. Fronties	
				Integer mode offers reduced power consumption. Fractional mode offers best FLL performance, provided also that N.K	
				is a non-integer value.	
	0	FLL_ENA	0	FLL Enable	
		_		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	

Register 08h FLL Control 1

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R9 (09h) FLL Control 2	15:0	FLL_K[15:0]	0011_0001 _0010_011 1	Fractional multiply for FREF (MSB = 0.5)	

Register 09h FLL Control 2



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R10 (0Ah)	14:5	FLL_N[9:0]	00_0000_1	Integer multiply for FREF	
FLL Control 3			000	(LSB = 1)	
	3:0	FLL_GAIN[3:0]	0100	Gain applied to error	
				0000 = x 1 (Recommended value)	
				0001 = x 2	
				0010 = x 4	
				0011 = x 8	
				0100 = x 16	
				0101 = x 32	
				0110 = x 64	
				0111 = x 128	
				1000 = x 256	
				Recommended that this register is not changed from	
				default.	

Register 0Ah FLL Control 3

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R11 (0Bh) GPIO Config	0	MODE_GPIO	0	CIFMODE/GPIO3 pin configuration 0 = Pin configured as CIFMODE 1 = Pin configured as GPIO3 Note – when this bit is set to 1, it is latched and cannot be reset until Power-Off or Software Reset.	

Register 0Bh GPIO Config

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R12 (0Ch)	15	GP1_DIR	1	GPIO1 Pin Direction	
GPIO1				0 = Output	
Control				1 = Input	
	14:13	GP1_PULL[1:0]	00	GPIO1 pull-up / pull-down Enable	
				00 = no pull-up or pull-down	
				01 = pull-down	
				10 = pull-up	
				11 = reserved	
	12	GP1_INT_MOD	0	GPIO1 Interrupt Mode	
		E		0 = GPIO interrupt is rising edge triggered (if GP1_POL=0) or falling edge triggered (if GP1_POL =1)	
				1 = GPIO interrupt is triggered on rising and falling edges	
	10	GP1_POL	0	GPIO1 Polarity Select	
				0 = Non-inverted	
				1 = Inverted	
	5	GP1_LVL	0	GPIO1 level. Write to this bit to set a GPIO output. Read from this bit to read GPIO input level.	
				When GP1_POL is set, the register contains the opposite logic level to the external pin.	



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
	3:0	GP1_FN[3:0]	0000	GPIO1 Pin Function	
				0000 = Logic Level Input	
				0001 = Edge Detection Input	
				0010 = CLKOUT output	
				0011 = Interrupt (IRQ) output	
				0100 = Reserved	
				0101 = Reserved	
				0110 = Reserved	
				0111 = Temperature flag output	
				1000 = Reserved	
				1001 = DMICCLK output	
				1010 = Logic Level output	
				1011 = LDO_UV output	
				1100 = Reserved	
				1101 = Reserved	
				1110 = Reserved	
				1111 = Reserved	

Register 0Ch GPIO1 Control

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R13 (0Dh)	15	GP2_DIR	1	GPIO2 Pin Direction	
GPIO2				0 = Output	
Control				1 = Input	
	14:13	GP2_PULL[1:0]	00	GPIO2 pull-up / pull-down Enable	
				00 = no pull-up or pull-down	
				01 = pull-down	
				10 = pull-up	
				11 = reserved	
	12	GP2_INT_MOD	0	GPIO2 Interrupt Mode	
		E		0 = GPIO interrupt is rising edge triggered (if GP2_POL=0) or falling edge triggered (if GP2_POL =1)	
				1 = GPIO interrupt is triggered on rising and falling edges	
	10	GP2_POL	0	GPIO2 Polarity Select	
				0 = Non-inverted	
				1 = Inverted	
	5	GP2_LVL	0	GPIO2 level. Write to this bit to set a GPIO output. Read	
				from this bit to read GPIO input level.	
				When GP2_POL is set, the register contains the opposite	
				logic level to the external pin.	
	3:0	GP2_FN[3:0]	0000	GPIO2 Pin Function	
				0000 = Logic Level Input 0001 = Edge Detection Input	
				0010 = CLKOUT output	
				0011 = Interrupt (IRQ) output	
				0100 = Reserved	
				0101 = Reserved	
				0110 = Reserved	
				0111 = Temperature flag output	
				1000 = Reserved	
				1001 = DMICCLK output	
				1010 = Logic Level output	
				1011 = LDO_UV output	
				1100 = Reserved	
				1101 = Reserved	



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
				1110 = Reserved 1111 = Reserved	

Register 0Dh GPIO2 Control

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS	45				
R14 (0Eh) GPIO3	15	GP3_DIR	1	GPIO3 Pin Direction	
Control				0 = Output	
			10	1 = Input	
	14:13	GP3_PULL[1:0]	10	GPIO3 pull-up / pull-down Enable	
				00 = no pull-up or pull-down	
				01 = pull-down	
				10 = pull-up 11 = reserved	
	10		0	GPIO3 Interrupt Mode	
	12	GP3_INT_MOD E	0	0 = GPIO interrupt is rising edge triggered (if GP3_POL=0)	
		-		or falling edge triggered (if GP3_POL=0)	
				1 = GPIO interrupt is triggered on rising and falling edges	
	10	GP3_POL	0	GPIO3 Polarity Select	
			-	0 = Non-inverted	
				1 = Inverted	
	5	GP3_LVL	0	GPIO3 level. Write to this bit to set a GPIO output. Read	
		_		from this bit to read GPIO input level.	
				When GP3_POL is set, the register contains the opposite	
				logic level to the external pin.	
	3:0	GP3_FN[3:0]	0000	GPIO3 Pin Function	
				0000 = Logic Level Input	
				0001 = Edge Detection Input	
				0010 = CLKOUT output	
				0011 = Interrupt (IRQ) output	
				0100 = Reserved	
				0101 = Reserved	
				0110 = Reserved	
				0111 = Temperature flag output	
				1000 = Reserved	
				1001 = DMICCLK output	
				1010 = Logic Level output 1011 = LDO_UV output	
				$1011 = LDO_0V$ output 1100 = Reserved	
				1100 = Reserved	
				1110 = Reserved	
				1110 = Reserved 1111 = Reserved	
					l

Register 0Eh GPIO3 Control

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R15 (0Fh)	15	GP4_DIR	1	GPIO4 Pin Direction	
GPIO4				0 = Output	
Control				1 = Input	
	14:13	GP4_PULL[1:0]	00	GPIO4 pull-up / pull-down Enable	
				00 = no pull-up or pull-down	



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
				01 = pull-down	
				10 = pull-up	
				11 = reserved	
	12	GP4_INT_MOD	0	GPIO4 Interrupt Mode	
		E		0 = GPIO interrupt is rising edge triggered (if GP4_POL=0) or falling edge triggered (if GP4_POL =1)	
				1 = GPIO interrupt is triggered on rising and falling edges	
	10	GP4_POL	0	GPIO4 Polarity Select	
				0 = Non-inverted	
				1 = Inverted	
	5	GP4_LVL	0	GPIO4 level. Write to this bit to set a GPIO output. Read from this bit to read GPIO input level.	
				When GP4_POL is set, the register contains the opposite logic level to the external pin.	
	3:0	GP4_FN[3:0]	0000	GPIO4 Pin Function	
				0000 = Logic Level Input	
				0001 = Edge Detection Input	
				0010 = CLKOUT output	
				0011 = Interrupt (IRQ) output	
				0100 = Reserved	
				0101 = Reserved	
				0110 = Reserved	
				0111 = Temperature flag output	
				1000 = Reserved	
				1001 = DMICCLK output	
				1010 = Logic Level output	
				1011 = LDO_UV output	
				1100 = Reserved	
				1101 = Reserved	
				1110 = Reserved	
				1111 = Reserved	

Register 0Fh GPIO4 Control

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R16 (10h)	15	TEMP_INT	0	Thermal Interrupt status	
System				0 = Thermal interrupt not set	
Interrupts				1 = Thermal interrupt set	
				This bit is latched when set; it is cleared when the register is Read.	
	14	GP4_INT	0	GPIO4 Interrupt status	
				0 = GPIO4 interrupt not set	
				1 = GPIO4 interrupt set	
				This bit is latched when set; it is cleared when the register is Read.	
	13	GP3_INT	0	GPIO3 Interrupt status	
				0 = GPIO3 interrupt not set	
				1 = GPIO3 interrupt set	
				This bit is latched when set; it is cleared when the register is Read.	
	12	GP2_INT	0	GPIO2 Interrupt status	
				0 = GPIO2 interrupt not set	



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
				1 = GPIO2 interrupt set	
				This bit is latched when set; it is cleared when the register is Read.	
	11	GP1_INT	0	GPIO1 Interrupt status	
				0 = GPIO1 interrupt not set	
				1 = GPIO1 interrupt set	
				This bit is latched when set; it is cleared when the register is Read.	
	0	LDO_UV_INT	0	LDO Undervoltage Interrupt	
				0 = LDO Undervoltage interrupt not set	
				1 = LDO Undervoltage interrupt set	
				This bit is latched when set; it is cleared when the register is Read.	

Register 10h System Interrupts

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R17 (11h)	15	TEMP_STS	0	Thermal Sensor status	
Status Flags				0 = Normal	
				1 = Overtemperature	
	0	LDO_UV_STS	0	LDO Undervoltage status	
				0 = Normal	
				1 = Undervoltage	

Register 11h Status Flags

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R18 (12h)	0	IM_IRQ	1	IRQ (GPIO output) Mask	
IRQ Config				0 = Normal	
				1 = IRQ output is masked	

Register 12h IRQ Config

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R19 (13h)	15	IM_TEMP_INT	0	Interrupt mask for thermal status	
System				0 = Not masked	
Interrupts Mask				1 = Masked	
IVIASK	14	IM_GP4_INT	0	Interrupt mask for GPIO4	
				0 = Not masked	
				1 = Masked	
	13	IM_GP3_INT	0	Interrupt mask for GPIO3	
				0 = Not masked	
				1 = Masked	
	12	IM_GP2_INT	0	Interrupt mask for GPIO2	
				0 = Not masked	
				1 = Masked	
	11	IM_GP1_INT	0	Interrupt mask for GPIO1	
				0 = Not masked	
				1 = Masked	



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
	0	IM_LDO_UV_IN	0	Interrupt mask for LDO Undervoltage status	
		Т		0 = Not masked	
				1 = Masked	

Register 13h System Interrupts Mask

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R20 (14h)	2	SPI_OD	0	SDOUT pin configuration	
Control Interface				(applies to 3-wire and 4-wire mode only)0 = SDOUT output is CMOS	
				1 = SDOUT output is open drain	
	1	SPI_4WIRE	1	SPI control mode select	
				0 = 3-wire using bidirectional SDA	
				1 = 4-wire using SDOUT	
	0	AUTO_INC	0	Enables address auto-increment	
				(applies to 2-wire / I2C mode only)	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	

Register 14h Control Interface

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R21 (15h)	8	DAC_MUTEALL	1	DAC Digital Mute for All Channels:	
DAC Control				0 = Disable Mute	
1				1 = Enable Mute on all channels	
	4	DAC_AUTOMU	1	DAC Auto-Mute Control	
		TE		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	1	DACR_DATINV	0	Right DAC Invert	
				0 = Right DAC output not inverted	
				1 = Right DAC output inverted	
	0	DACL_DATINV	0	Left DAC Invert	
				0 = Left DAC output not inverted	
				1 = Left DAC output inverted	

Register 15h DAC Control 1

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R22 (16h)	4	DAC_VOL_RAM	1	DAC Volume Ramp control	
DAC Control		Р		0 = Disabled	
2				1 = Enabled	
	0	DAC_SB_FLT	0	Selects DAC filter characteristics	
				0 = Normal mode	
				1 = Sloping stopband mode	

Register 16h DAC Control 2



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R23 (17h)	12	DAC_VU	0	DAC Volume Update	
Left DAC digital Vol				Writing a 1 to this bit will cause Left and Right DAC volume to be updated simultaneously	
alghai roi					
	8	DACL_MUTE	0	Left DAC Digital Mute	
				0 = Disable Mute	
				1 = Enable Mute	
	7:0	DACL_VOL	1100_0000	Left DAC Digital Volume	
		[7:0]		0000_0000 = mute	
				0000_0001 = -71.625dB	
				0000_0010 = -71.250dB	
				1100_0000 = 0dB	
				1111_111 = +23.625dB	

Register 17h Left DAC digital Vol

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R24 (18h) Right DAC digital Vol	12	DAC_VU	0	DAC Volume Update Writing a 1 to this bit will cause Left and Right DAC volume to be updated simultaneously	
	8	DACR_MUTE	0	Right DAC Digital Mute 0 = Disable Mute 1 = Enable Mute	
	7:0	DACR_VOL [7:0]	1100_0000	Right DAC volume control 0000_0000 = mute 0000_0001 = -71.625dB 0000_0010 = -71.250dB  1100_0000 = 0dB  1111_111 = +23.625dB	

Register 18h Right DAC digital Vol

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R25 (19h)	8	ADC_MUTEALL	1	ADC Digital Mute for All Channels	
ADC Control				0 = Disable Mute	
1				1 = Enable Mute on all channels	
	1	ADCR_DATINV	0	Right ADC Invert	
				0 = Right ADC output not inverted	
				1 = Right ADC output inverted	
	0	ADCL_DATINV	0	Left ADC Invert	
				0 = Left ADC output not inverted	
				1 = Left ADC output inverted	

Register 19h ADC Control 1



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R26 (1Ah)	2:1	ADC_HPF_CUT[	00	High pass filter configuration.	Table 11
ADC Control		1:0]		00 = 1 <sup>st</sup> order HPF	
2				(fc=4Hz at fs=48kHz)	
				01 = 2 <sup>nd</sup> order HPF	
				(fc=122Hz at fs=48kHz)	
				10 = 2 <sup>nd</sup> order HPF	
				(fc=153Hz at fs=48kHz)	
				11 = 2 <sup>nd</sup> order HPF	
				(fc=196Hz at fs=48kHz)	
	0	ADC_HPF	0	ADC Digital High Pass Filter Enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	

Register 1Ah ADC Control 2

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R27 (1Bh)	12	ADC_VU	0	ADC Volume Update	
Left ADC Digital Vol				Writing a 1 to this bit will cause Left and Right ADC volume to be updated simultaneously	
	8	ADCL_MUTE	0	Left ADC Digital Mute	
				0 = Disable Mute	
				1 = Enable Mute	
	7:0	ADCL_VOL	1100_0000	Left ADC Digital Volume	
		[7:0]		0000_0000 = mute	
				0000_0001 = -71.625dB	
				0000_0010 = -71.250dB	
				1100_0000 = 0dB	
				1111_111 = +23.625dB	

Register 1Bh Left ADC Digital Vol

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R28 (1Ch) Right ADC Digital Vol	12	ADC_VU	0	ADC Volume Update Writing a 1 to this bit will cause Left and Right ADC volume to be updated simultaneously	
	8	ADCR_MUTE	0	Right ADC Digital Mute 0 = Disable Mute 1 = Enable Mute	
	7:0	ADCR_VOL [7:0]	1100_0000	Right ADC Digital Volume 0000_0000 = mute 0000_0001 = -71.625dB 0000_0010 = -71.250dB  1100_0000 = 0dB  1111_111 = +23.625dB	

Register 1Ch Right ADC Digital Vol



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R29 (1Dh)	8	DRC_NG_ENA	0	DRC Noise Gate Enable	
DRC Control				0 = Disabled	
1				1 = Enabled	
	7	DRC_ENA	0	DRC Enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	2	DRC_QR	1	DRC Quick-release Enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	1	DRC_ANTICLIP	1	DRC Anti-clip Enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	

Register 1Dh DRC Control 1

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R30 (1Eh) DRC Control 2	12:9	DRC_NG_MING AIN[3:0]	0110	Minimum gain the DRC can use to attenuate audio signals when the noise gate is active. 0000 = -36dB 0001 = -30dB 0010 = -24dB 0011 = -18dB 0100 = -12dB 0101 = -6dB 0110 = 0dB	
				0111 = 6dB 1000 = 12dB 1001 = 18dB 1010 = 24dB 1011 = 30dB 1100 = 36dB 1101 to 1111 = Reserved	
	4:2	DRC_MINGAIN[ 2:0]	001	Minimum gain the DRC can use to attenuate audio signals 000 = 0dB 001 = -12dB (default) 010 = -18dB 011 = -24dB 100 = -36dB 101 = Reserved 11X = Reserved	
	1:0	DRC_MAXGAIN [1:0]	01	Maximum gain the DRC can use to boost audio signals (dB) 00 = 12dB 01 = 18dB 10 = 24dB 11 = 36dB	

Register 1Eh DRC Control 2



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R31 (1Fh)	7:4	DRC_ATK[3:0]	0100	Gain attack rate (seconds/6dB)	
DRC Control				0000 = Reserved	
3				0001 = 181us	
				0010 = 363us	
				0011 = 726us	
				0100 = 1.45ms	
				0101 = 2.9ms	
				0110 = 5.8ms	
				0111 = 11.6ms	
				1000 = 23.2ms	
				1001 = 46.4ms	
				1010 = 92.8ms	
				1011 = 185.6ms	
				1100-1111 = Reserved	
	3:0	DRC_DCY[3:0]	0010	Gain decay rate (seconds/6dB)	
				0000 = 186ms	
				0001 = 372ms	
				0010 = 743ms	
				0011 = 1.49s	
				0100 = 2.97s	
				0101 = 5.94s	
				0110 = 11.89s	
				0111 = 23.78s	
				1000 = 47.56s	
				1001-1111 = Reserved	

Register 1Fh DRC Control 3

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R32 (20h)	12:8	DRC_KNEE2_IP	0_000	Input signal level at the Noise Gate threshold 'Knee2'.	
DRC Control		[4:0]		00000 = -36dB	
4				00001 = -37.5dB	
				00010 = -39dB	
				(-1.5dB steps)	
				11110 = -81dB	
				11111 = -82.5dB	
				Only applicable when DRC_NG_ENA = 1.	
	7:2	DRC_KNEE_IP[	00_0000	Input signal level at the Compressor 'Knee1'.	
		5:0]		000000 = 0dB	
				000001 = -0.75dB	
				000010 = -1.5dB	
				(-0.75dB steps)	
				111100 = -45dB	
				111101 = Reserved	
				11111X = Reserved	

Register 20h DRC Control 4



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R33 (21h)	13	DRC_KNEE2_O	0	DRC_KNEE2_OP Enable	
DRC Control		P_ENA		0 = Disabled	
5				1 = Enabled	
	12:8	DRC_KNEE2_O	0_000	Output signal at the Noise Gate threshold 'Knee2'.	
		P[4:0]		00000 = -30dB	
				00001 = -31.5dB	
				00010 = -33dB	
				(-1.5dB steps)	
				11110 = -75dB	
				11111 = -76.5dB	
				Only applicable when DRC_KNEE2_OP_ENA = 1.	
	7:3	DRC_KNEE_OP	0_000	Output signal at the Compressor 'Knee1'.	
		[4:0]		00000 = 0dB	
				00001 = -0.75dB	
				00010 = -1.5dB	
				(-0.75dB steps)	
				11110 = -22.5dB	
				11111 = Reserved	
	2:0	DRC_HI_COMP[	011	Compressor slope (upper region)	
		2:0]		000 = 1 (no compression)	
				001 = 1/2	
				010 = 1/4	
				011 = 1/8	
				100 = 1/16	
				101 = 0	
				110 = Reserved	
				111 = Reserved	

Register 21h DRC Control 5

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R34 (22h)	3:2	DRC_QR_THR[	00	DRC Quick-release threshold (crest factor in dB)	
DRC Control		1:0]		00 = 12dB	
6				01 = 18dB	
				10 = 24dB	
				11 = 30dB	
	1:0	DRC_QR_DCY[	00	DRC Quick-release decay rate (seconds/6dB)	
		1:0]		00 = 0.725ms	
				01 = 1.45ms	
				10 = 5.8ms	
				11 = reserved	

Register 22h DRC Control 6

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R35 (23h)	9:8	DRC_NG_EXP[	00	Noise Gate slope	
DRC Control		1:0]		00 = 1 (no expansion)	
7				01 = 2	
				10 = 4	
				11 = 8	



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
	7:5	DRC_LO_COM	000	Compressor slope (lower region)	
		P[2:0]		000 = 1 (no compression)	
				001 = 1/2	
				010 = 1/4	
				011 = 1/8	
				100 = 0	
				101 = Reserved	
				11X = Reserved	
	4:0	DRC_INIT	00000	Initial value at DRC startup	
				00000 = 0dB	
				00001 = -3.75dB	
				(-3.75dB steps)	
				11111 = -116.25dB	

Register 23h DRC Control 7

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R36 (24h) DRC Status	15:0	DRC_GAIN [15:0]	_0000_000	DRC Gain value. This is the DRC gain, expressed as a voltage multiplier. Fixed point coding, MSB = 64. The first 7 bits are the integer portion; the remaining bits are the fractional part.	

Register 24h DRC Status

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R37 (25h)	6:3	BEEP_GAIN	0000	Digital Beep Volume Control	
Beep Control		[3:0]		0000 = mute	
1				0001 = -83dB	
				0010 = -77dB	
				(6dB steps)	
				1111 = +1dB	
	2:1	BEEP_RATE	01	Beep Waveform Control	
		[1:0]		00 = Reserved	
				01 = 1kHz	
				10 = 2kHz	
				11 = 4kHz	
	0	BEEP_ENA	0	Digital Beep Enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
				Note that the DAC and associated signal path needs to be enabled when using the digital beep.	

Register 25h Beep Control 1

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R38 (26h) Video Buffer	7	VB_ENA	0	Video buffer enable 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
	6	VB_QBOOST	0	Video buffer filter Q-Boost control	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	5	VB_GAIN	0	Video buffer gain	
				0 = 0dB (=6dB unloaded)	
				1 = 6dB (=12dB unloaded)	
	4:2	VB_DISOFF	111	Video buffer DC offset control	
		[2:0]		000 = Reserved	
				001 = 40mV offset	
				010 = Reserved	
				011 = 20mV offset	
				100 = Reserved	
				101 = Reserved	
				110 = Reserved	
				111 = 0mV offset	
				Note – the specified offset applies to the 0dB gain setting (VB_GAIN=0). When 6dB gain is selected, the DC offset is doubled.	
	1	VB_PD	0	Video buffer pull-down	
				0 = pull-down disabled	
				1 = pull-down enabled	
	0	VB_CLAMP	0	Enable the clamp between the video input and ground	
				0 = no clamp	
				1 = Video buffer input is clamped to ground	

Register 26h Video Buffer

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R39 (27h)	8	AUX2_AUDIO	0	AUX2 pin configuration	
Input ctrl	Ŭ	NON2_NODIO	0	0 = Non-Audio signal	
				1 = AC-coupled Audio signal	
	7	AUX1_AUDIO	0	AUX1 pin configuration	
	•		Ŭ	0 = Non-Audio signal	
				1 = AC-coupled Audio signal	
	6	MICB_LVL	0	Microphone Bias Voltage control	
	Ũ		Ŭ	$0 = 0.9 \times LDOVOUT$	
				1 = 0.65 x LDOVOUT	
	5	MICRN_TO_N_	1	Right Input PGA Inverting Input Select	
	-	PGAR		0 = Connected to VMID	
				1 = Connected to IN2R	
	4	MICLN_TO_N_P	1	Left Input PGA Inverting Input Select	
		GAL		0 = Connected to VMID	
				1 = Connected to IN2L	
	3:2	P_PGAR_SEL	01	Right Input PGA Non-Inverting Input Select	
		[1:0]		00 = Connected to IN2R	
				01 = Connected to IN1R	
				10 = Connected to AUX2	
				11 = Reserved	



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
	1:0	P_PGAL_SEL	01	Left Input PGA Non-Inverting Input Select	
		[1:0]		00 = Connected to IN2L	
				01 = Connected to IN1L	
				10 = Connected to AUX1	
				11 = Reserved	

Register 27h Input ctrl

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R40 (28h)	8	PGA_VU	0	Input PGA Volume Update	
Left INP PGA				Writing a 1 to this bit will cause the Left and Right Input	
gain ctrl				PGA volumes to be updated simultaneously.	
	7	PGAL_ZC	0	Left Input PGA Zero Cross Detector	
				0 = Change gain immediately	
				1 = Change gain on zero cross only	
	6	PGAL_MUTE	1	Left Input PGA Mute	
				0 = Disable Mute	
				1 = Enable Mute	
	5:0	PGAL_VOL[5:0]	01_0000	Left Input PGA Volume	
				00_0000 = -12dB	
				00_0001 = -11.25dB	
				01_0000 = 0dB	
				11_1111 = +35.25	

Register 28h Left INP PGA gain ctrl

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R41 (29h)	8	PGA_VU	0	Input PGA Volume Update	
Right INP				Writing a 1 to this bit will cause the Left and Right Input	
PGA gain ctrl				PGA volumes to be updated simultaneously.	
	7	PGAR_ZC	0	Right Input PGA Zero Cross Detector	
				0 = Change gain immediately	
				1 = Change gain on zero cross only	
	6	PGAR_MUTE	1	Right Input PGA Mute	
				0 = Disable Mute	
				1 = Enable Mute	
	5:0	PGAR_VOL[5:0]	01_0000	Right Input PGA Volume	
				00_0000 = -12dB	
				00_0001 = -11.25dB	
				01_0000 = 0dB	
				11_1111 = +35.25	

Register 29h Right INP PGA gain ctrl



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R42 (2Ah)	15	THERR_ACT	1	Thermal Shutdown enable	
Output ctrl				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
				When THERR_ACT = 1, then an overtemperature condition	
				will cause the speaker outputs to be disabled.	
	13	SPKR_VMID_O	0	Buffered VMID to SPKOUTR Enable	
		P_ENA		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	12	SPKL_VMID_O	0	Buffered VMID to SPKOUTL Enable	
		P_ENA		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	11	LINER_VMID_O	0	Buffered VMID to LINEOUTR Enable	
		P_ENA		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	10	LINEL_VMID_O	0	Buffered VMID to LINEOUTL Enable	
		P_ENA		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	9	LINER_MUTE	1	LINEOUTR Output Mute	
				0 = Disable Mute	
				1 = Enable Mute	
	8	8 LINEL_MUTE	1	LINEOUTL Output Mute	
				0 = Disable Mute	
				1 = Enable Mute	
	7	SPKR_DISCH	0	Discharges SPKOUTR output via approx 4k resistor	
				0 = Not active	
				1 = Actively discharging SPKOUTR	
	6	SPKL_DISCH	0	Discharges SPKOUTL output via approx 4k resistor	
				0 = Not active	
				1 = Actively discharging SPKOUTL	
	5	LINER_DISCH	0	Discharges LINEOUTR output via approx 4k resistor	
				0 = Not active	
				1 = Actively discharging LINEOUTR	
	4	LINEL_DISCH	0	Discharges LINEOUTL output via approx 4k resistor	
				0 = Not active	
				1 = Actively discharging LINEOUTL	
	1	SPK_VROI	0	Buffered VREF to SPKOUTL / SPKOUTR resistance (Disabled outputs)	
				0 = approx 20k	
				1 = approx 1k	
	0	LINE_VROI	0	Buffered VREF to LINEOUTL / LINEOUTR resistance (Disabled outputs)	
				0 = approx 20k	
				1 = approx 1k	
				1 = approx 1k	

Register 2Ah Output ctrl

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R43 (2Bh) SPK mixer control1	8	AUX1_TO_SPK L	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Left Speaker Output select 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	
	7	PGAL_TO_SPK L	0	Left Speaker PGA Mixer to Left Speaker Output select 0 = Disabled	



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
				1 = Enabled	
	6	BYPL_TO_PGA	0	Left Input PGA (ADC bypass) to Left Speaker PGA Mixer	
		L		select	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	5	MDACL_TO_PG	0	Inverted Left DAC to Left Speaker PGA Mixer select	
		AL		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	4	MDACR_TO_P	0	Inverted Right DAC to Left Speaker PGA Mixer select	
		GAL		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	3	DACL_TO_PGA	0	Left DAC to Left Speaker PGA Mixer select	
		L		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	2	DACR_TO_PGA	0	Right DAC to Left Speaker PGA Mixer select	
		L		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	1	AUX2_TO_PGA	0	AUX2 Audio Input to Left Speaker PGA Mixer select	
		L		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	0	AUX1_TO_PGA	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Left Speaker PGA Mixer select	
		L		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	

Register 2Bh SPK mixer control1

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R44 (2Ch)	8	AUX1_TO_SPK	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Right Speaker Output select	
SPK mixer		R		0 = Disabled	
control2				1 = Enabled	
	7	PGAR_TO_SPK	0	Right Speaker PGA Mixer to Right Speaker Output select	
		R		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	6	BYPR_TO_PGA R	0	Right Input PGA (ADC bypass) to Right Speaker PGA Mixer select	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	5	MDACL_TO_PG	0	Inverted Left DAC to Right Speaker PGA Mixer select	
		AR		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	4	MDACR_TO_P	0	Inverted Right DAC to Right Speaker PGA Mixer select	
		GAR		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	3	DACL_TO_PGA	0	Left DAC to Right Speaker PGA Mixer select	
		R		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	2	DACR_TO_PGA	0	Right DAC to Right Speaker PGA Mixer select	
		R		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	1	AUX2_TO_PGA	0	AUX2 Audio Input to Right Speaker PGA Mixer select	
		R		0 = Disabled	



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
				1 = Enabled	
	0	AUX1_TO_PGA	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Right Speaker PGA Mixer select	
		R		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	

Register 2Ch SPK mixer control2

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R45 (2Dh) SPK mixer	8	AUX1_TO_SPK L ATTEN	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Left Speaker Output attenuation	
control3		L_ATTEN		0 = 0dB 1 = -6dB attenuation	
	7	PGAL_TO_SPK L_ATTEN	0	Left Speaker PGA Mixer to Left Speaker Output attenuation 0 = 0dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	
	6	BYPL_TO_PGA L_ATTEN	0	Left Input PGA (ADC bypass) to Left Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation	
				0 = 0dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	
	3	DACL_TO_PGA L_ATTEN		Left DAC to Left Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation	
				0 = 0dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	
	2	DACR_TO_PGA	0	Right DAC to Left Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation	
		L_ATTEN		0 = 0dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	
	1	AUX2_TO_PGA	0	AUX2 Audio Input to Left Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation	
		L_ATTEN		0 = 0dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	
	0	AUX1_TO_PGA	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Left Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation	
		L_ATTEN		0 = 0dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	

Register 2Dh SPK mixer control3

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R46 (2Eh) SPK mixer control4	8	AUX1_TO_SPK R_ATTEN	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Right Speaker Output attenuation 0 = 0dB 1 = -6dB attenuation	
	7	PGAR_TO_SPK R_ATTEN	0	Right Speaker PGA Mixer to Right Speaker Output attenuation 0 = 0dB 1 = -6dB attenuation	
	6	BYPR_TO_PGA R_ATTEN	0	Right Input PGA (ADC bypass) to Right Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation 0 = 0dB 1 = -6dB attenuation	
	3	DACL_TO_PGA R_ATTEN	0	Left DAC to Right Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation 0 = 0dB 1 = -6dB attenuation	
	2	DACR_TO_PGA R_ATTEN	0	Right DAC to Right Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation 0 = 0dB	



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
				1 = -6dB attenuation	
	1	AUX2_TO_PGA	0	AUX2 Audio Input to Right Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation	
		R_ATTEN		0 = 0dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	
	0	AUX1_TO_PGA	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Right Speaker PGA Mixer attenuation	
	R_ATTEN		0 = 0dB		
				1 = -6dB attenuation	

Register 2Eh SPK mixer control4

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R47 (2Fh)	8	SPK_VU	0	Speaker PGA Volume Update	
Left SPK volume ctrl				Writing a 1 to this bit will cause the Left and Right Speaker PGA volumes to be updated simultaneously.	
	7	SPKL_ZC	0	Left Speaker PGA Zero Cross Detector	
				0 = Change gain immediately	
				1 = Change gain on zero cross only	
	6	SPKL_PGA_MU	1	Left Speaker PGA Mute	
		TE		0 = Disable Mute	
				1 = Enable Mute	
	5:0	SPKL_VOL[5:0]	11_1001	Left Speaker PGA Volume	
				00_0000 = -57dB gain	
				00_0001 = -56dB	
				11_1001 = 0dB	
				11_1111 = +6dB	

Register 2Fh Left SPK volume ctrl

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R48 (30h)	8	SPK_VU	0	Speaker PGA Volume Update	
Right SPK volume ctrl				Writing a 1 to this bit will cause the Left and Right Speaker	
volume etti	7			PGA volumes to be updated simultaneously.	
	7	SPKR_ZC	0	Right Speaker PGA Zero Cross Detector	
				0 = Change gain immediately	
				1 = Change gain on zero cross only	
	6	SPKR_PGA_MU	1	Right Speaker PGA Mute	
		TE		0 = Disable Mute	
				1 = Enable Mute	
	5:0	SPKR_VOL[5:0]	11_1001	Right Speaker PGA Volume	
				00_0000 = -57dB gain	
				00_0001 = -56dB	
				11_1001 = 0dB	
				11_1111 = +6dB	

Register 30h Right SPK volume ctrl



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R49 (31h) Line L mixer	6	BYPL_TO_OUT L	0	Left Input PGA (ADC bypass) to Left Output Mixer select 0 = Disabled	
control 1				1 = Enabled	
	5	MDACL_TO_OU	0	Inverted Left DAC to Left Output Mixer select	
		TL		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	4	MDACR_TO_O	0	Inverted Right DAC to Left Output Mixer select	
		UTL		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	3	DACL_TO_OUT	0	Left DAC to Left Output Mixer select	
		L		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	2	DACR_TO_OUT	0	Right DAC to Left Output Mixer select	
		L		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	1	AUX2_TO_OUT	0	AUX2 Audio Input to Left Output Mixer select	
		L		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	0	AUX1_TO_OUT	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Left Output Mixer select	
		L		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	

Register 31h Line L mixer control 1

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R50 (32h)	6	BYPR_TO_OUT	0	Right Input PGA (ADC bypass) to Right Output Mixer select	
Line R mixer		R		0 = Disabled	
control 1				1 = Enabled	
	5	MDACL_TO_OU	0	Inverted Left DAC to Right Output Mixer select	
		TR		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	4	MDACR_TO_O	0	Inverted Right DAC to Right Output Mixer select	
		UTR		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	3	DACL_TO_OUT	0	Left DAC to Right Output Mixer select	
		R		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	2	DACR_TO_OUT	0	Right DAC to Right Output Mixer select	
		R		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	1	AUX2_TO_OUT	0	AUX2 Audio Input to Right Output Mixer select	
		R		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	0	AUX1_TO_OUT	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Right Output Mixer select	
		R		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	

Register 32h Line R mixer control 1



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R51 (33h) Line L mixer	6	BYPL_TO_OUT L_ATTEN	0	Left Input PGA (ADC bypass) to Left Output Mixer attenuation	
control 2				0 = 0 dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	
	3	DACL_TO_OUT	0	Left DAC to Left Output Mixer attenuation	
		L_ATTEN		0 = 0dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	
	2	DACR_TO_OUT	0	Right DAC to Left Output Mixer attenuation	
		L_ATTEN		0 = 0dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	
	1	AUX2_TO_OUT	0	AUX2 Audio Input to Left Output Mixer attenuation	
		L_ATTEN		0 = 0dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	
	0	AUX1_TO_OUT	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Left Output Mixer attenuation	
		L_ATTEN		0 = 0dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	

Register 33h Line L mixer control 2

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R52 (34h) Line R mixer	6	BYPR_TO_OUT R_ATTEN	0	Right Input PGA (ADC bypass) to Right Output Mixer attenuation	
control 2				0 = 0dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	
	3	DACL_TO_OUT	0	Left DAC to Right Output Mixer attenuation	
		R_ATTEN		0 = 0dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	
	2	DACR_TO_OUT	0	Right DAC to Right Output Mixer attenuation	
		R_ATTEN		0 = 0dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	
	1	AUX2_TO_OUT	0	AUX2 Audio Input to Right Output Mixer attenuation	
		R_ATTEN		0 = 0dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	
	0	AUX1_TO_OUT	0	AUX1 Audio Input to Right Output Mixer attenuation	
		R_ATTEN		0 = 0dB	
				1 = -6dB attenuation	

Register 34h Line R mixer control 2

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R53 (35h)	15	LDO_ENA	0	LDO Enable	
LDO				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	14	LDO_REF_SEL	0	LDO Voltage reference select	
		_FAST		0 = VMID (normal)	
				1 = VMID (fast start)	
				This field is only effective when LDO_REF_SEL = 0	
	13	LDO_REF_SEL	0	LDO Voltage reference select	
				0 = VMID	
				1 = Bandgap	



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
	12	LDO_OPFLT	0	LDO Output float	
				0 = Disabled (Output discharged when disabled)	
				1 = Enabled (Output floats when disabled)	
	5	LDO_BIAS_SR	0	LDO Bias Source select	
		С		0 = Master Bias	
				1 = Start-Up Bias	
	4:0	LDO_VSEL	0_0111	LDO Voltage select	
		[4:0]		(Sets the LDO output as a ratio of the selected voltage reference. The voltage reference is set by LDO_REF_SEL.)	
				00111 = Vref x 1.97 (default)	

Register 35h LDO

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R54 (36h) Bandgap	15	BG_ENA	0	Bandgap Reference Control 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	
	4:0	BG_VSEL[4:0]	0_1010	Bandgap Voltage select (Sets the Bandgap voltage) 00000 = 1.200V 26.7mV steps 01010 = 1.467V (default)  01111 = 1.600V 10000 to 11111 = reserved (See Table 43 for values)	

Register 36h Bandgap

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R64 (40h) SE	3:0	SE_CONFIG	0000	DSP Configuration Mode select	
Config		[3:0]		0000 = Record mode	
Selection				0001 = Playback mode	
				0010 = Reserved	
				0011 = Reserved	

Register 40h SE Config Selection

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R65 (41h)	5	SE1_LHPF_R_S	0	SE1_LHPF_R_SIGN	
SE1_LHPF_		IGN		0 : sum internal result (LPF)	
CONFIG				1 : sub internal result (HPF)	
	4	SE1_LHPF_L_S	0	SE1_LHPF_L_SIGN	
		IGN		0 : sum internal result (LPF)	
				1 : sub internal result (HPF)	
	1	SE1_LHPF_R_E	0	SE1 Right channel low-pass / high-pass filter enable	
		NA		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	0	SE1_LHPF_L_E	0	SE1 Left channel low-pass / high-pass filter enable	



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
		NA		0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	

Register 41h SE1\_LHPF\_CONFIG

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R66 (42h) SE1_LHPF_L	15:0	SE1_LHPF_L [15:0]	0000_0000 _0000_000 0	SE1_LHPF left channel coefficient	

Register 42h SE1\_LHPF\_L

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R67 (43h) SE1_LHPF_ R	15:0	SE1_LHPF_R [15:0]	0000_0000 _0000_000 0	SE1_LHPF right channel coefficient	

Register 43h SE1\_LHPF\_R

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R68 (44h)	12	SE1_3D_MONO	0	SE1_3D_MONO :	
SE1_3D_CO				0 : L, R configs active	
NFIG				1 : L config applied to both L and R	
	9	SE1_3D_R_SIG	0	SE1_3D_R_SIGN	
		N		0 : add cross path values	
				1 : sub cross path values	
	8	SE1_3D_L_SIG	0	SE1_3D_L_SIGN	
		N		0 : add cross path values	
				1 : sub cross path values	
	7	SE1_3D_LHPF_		SE1_3D_LHPF_R_ENA :	
		R_ENA		0 : R channel disabled (bypass coeffs applied)	
				1 : R channel enabled (bank coeffs applied)	
	6	SE1_3D_LHPF_ L_ENA		SE1_3D_LHPF_L_ENA :	
				0 : L channel disabled (bypass coeffs applied)	
				1 : L channel enabled (bank coeffs applied)	
	5	5 SE1_3D_R_LHP F_SIGN	0	SE1_3D_R_LHPF_SIGN	
				0 : sum internal result (LPF)	
				1 : sub internal result (HPF)	
	4	SE1_3D_L_LHP	0	SE1_3D_L_LHPF_SIGN	
		F_SIGN		0 : sum internal result (LPF)	
				1 : sub internal result (HPF)	
	1	SE1_3D_R_EN	0	SE1 Right channel 3D stereo enhancement filter enable	
		A		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	
	0	SE1_3D_L_ENA	0	SE1 Left channel 3D stereo enhancement filter enable	
				0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	

Register 44h SE1\_3D\_CONFIG



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R69 (45h)	13:11	SE1_3D_L_DEL	000	Sets the number of delay samples:	
SE1_3D_L		AY[2:0]		0000 = 0	
				0001 = 1	
				0010 = 2	
				0011 = 3	
				0100 = 4	
	10:8	SE1_3D_L_CUT	100	Cut Off Frequency	
		OFF[2:0]		0000 = 50Hz	
				0001 = 100Hz	
				0010 = 200Hz	
				0011 = 400 Hz	
				0100 = 1KHz	
				0101 = 2KHz	
				0110 = 4KHz	
				0111 = 10KHz	
				1000 to 1111 = reserved	
	7:4	SE1_3D_L_CG	0000	SE1 3D Left Channel cross gain setting	
		AIN[3:0]		0000 = -12dB	
				0001 = -10.5db	
				1000= 0dB	
				1001 to 1111 = reserved	
	3:0	SE1_3D_L_FGA	1000	SE1 3D Left Channel forward gain setting	
		IN[3:0]		0000 = -12dB	
				0001 = -10.5db	
				1000= 0dB	
				1001 to 1111 = reserved	

Register 45h SE1\_3D\_L

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R70 (46h)	13:11	SE1_3D_R_DEL	000	Sets the number of delay samples:	
SE1_3D_R		AY[2:0]		0000 = 0	
				0001 = 1	
				0010 = 2	
				0011 = 3	
				0100 = 4	
	10:8	SE1_3D_R_CU	100	Cut Off Frequency	
		TOFF[2:0]		0000 = 50Hz	
				0001 = 100Hz	
				0010 = 200Hz	
				0011 = 400 Hz	
				0100 = 1KHz	
				0101 = 2KHz	
				0110 = 4KHz	
				0111 = 10KHz	
				1000 to 1111 = reserved	
	7:4	SE1_3D_R_CG	0000	SE1 3D Right Channel cross gain setting	
		AIN[3:0]		0000 = -12dB	



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
				0001 = -10.5db	
				1000= 0dB	
				1001 to 1111 = reserved	
	3:0	SE1_3D_R_FG	1000	SE1 3D Right Channel forward gain setting	
		AIN[3:0]		0000 = -12dB	
				0001 = -10.5db	
				1000= 0dB	
				1001 to 1111 = reserved	

Register 46h SE1\_3D\_R

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R71 (47h)	1	SE1_NOTCH_R	0	SE1 Right channel notch filters enable	
SE1_NOTCH		_ENA		0 = Disabled	
_CONFIG				1 = Enabled	
	0	SE1_NOTCH_L	0	SE1 Left channel notch filters enable	
		_ENA		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	

Register 47h SE1\_NOTCH\_CONFIG

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R72 (48h) SE1_NOTCH _A10	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_A 10[15:0]	0000_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch filter	

Register 48h SE1\_NOTCH\_A10

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R73 (49h) SE1_NOTCH _A11	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_A 11[15:0]	0000_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch filter	

Register 49h SE1\_NOTCH\_A11

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R74 (4Ah) SE1_NOTCH _A20	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_A 20[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch filter	

Register 4Ah SE1\_NOTCH\_A20



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R75 (4Bh)	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_A	0000_0000	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch	
SE1_NOTCH		21[15:0]	_0000_000	filter	
_A21			0		

Register 4Bh SE1\_NOTCH\_A21

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R76 (4Ch) SE1 NOTCH	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_A 30[15:0]	0000_0000 0000_000	5	
_A30		00[10.0]	0		

Register 4Ch SE1\_NOTCH\_A30

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R77 (4Dh) SE1_NOTCH _A31	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_A 31[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch filter	

Register 4Dh SE1\_NOTCH\_A31

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R78 (4Eh) SE1_NOTCH _A40	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_A 40[15:0]	0000_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch filter	

Register 4Eh SE1\_NOTCH\_A40

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R79 (4Fh) SE1_NOTCH _A41	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_A 41[15:0]	_	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch filter	

Register 4Fh SE1\_NOTCH\_A41

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R80 (50h) SE1_NOTCH _A50	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_A 50[15:0]	0000_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch filter	

Register 50h SE1\_NOTCH\_A50

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R81 (51h)	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_A	0000_0000	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch	
SE1_NOTCH		51[15:0]	_0000_000	filter	
_A51			0		

Register 51h SE1\_NOTCH\_A51


REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R82 (52h)	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_M	0000_0000	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch	
SE1_NOTCH		10[15:0]	_0000_000	filter	
_M10			0		

Register 52h SE1\_NOTCH\_M10

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R83 (53h) SE1_NOTCH	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_M 11[15:0]	0001_0000 _0000_000	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch filter	
_M11			0		

Register 53h SE1\_NOTCH\_M11

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R84 (54h) SE1_NOTCH _M20	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_M 20[15:0]	0000_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch filter	

Register 54h SE1\_NOTCH\_M20

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R85 (55h) SE1_NOTCH _M21	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_M 21[15:0]	0001_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch filter	

Register 55h SE1\_NOTCH\_M21

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R86 (56h) SE1_NOTCH	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_M 30[15:0]	0000_0000 _0000_000	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch filter	
_M30			0		

Register 56h SE1\_NOTCH\_M30

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R87 (57h) SE1_NOTCH _M31	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_M 31[15:0]	0001_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch filter	

Register 57h SE1\_NOTCH\_M31

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R88 (58h) SE1_NOTCH	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_M 40[15:0]	0000_0000 _0000_000	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch filter	
_M40			0		

Register 58h SE1\_NOTCH\_M40



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R89 (59h) SE1_NOTCH _M41	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_M 41[15:0]	0001_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch filter	

Register 59h SE1\_NOTCH\_M41

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R90 (5Ah)	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_M	0000_0000	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch	
SE1_NOTCH		50[15:0]	_0000_000	filter	
_M50			0		

Register 5Ah SE1\_NOTCH\_M50

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R91 (5Bh) SE1_NOTCH _M51	15:0	SE1_NOTCH_M 51[15:0]	0001_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) notch filter	

Register 5Bh SE1\_NOTCH\_M51

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R92 (5Ch)	1	SE1_DF1_R_EN	0	SE1 Right channel DF1 filter enable	
SE1_DF1_C		A		0 = Disabled	
ONFIG				1 = Enabled	
	0	SE1_DF1_L_EN	0	SE1 Left channel DF1 filter enable	
		A		0 = Disabled	
				1 = Enabled	

Register 5Ch SE1\_DF1\_CONFIG

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R93 (5Dh) SE1_DF1_L0	15:0	SE1_DF1_L0[15 :0]	_	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) left channel DF1 filter	

Register 5Dh SE1\_DF1\_L0

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R94 (5Eh) SE1_DF1_L1	15:0	SE1_DF1_L1[15 :0]	_	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) left channel DF1 filter	

Register 5Eh SE1\_DF1\_L1



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS R95 (5Fh) SE1_DF1_L2	15:0	SE1_DF1_L2[15 :0]	_	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) left channel DF1 filter	

Register 5Fh SE1\_DF1\_L2

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R96 (60h) SE1_DF1_R0	15:0	SE1_DF1_R0[1 5:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) right channel DF1 filter	

Register 60h SE1\_DF1\_R0

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R97 (61h) SE1_DF1_R1	15:0	SE1_DF1_R1[1 5:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) right channel DF1 filter	

Register 61h SE1\_DF1\_R1

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R98 (62h) SE1_DF1_R2	15:0	SE1_DF1_R2[1 5:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 1 (SE1) right channel DF1 filter	

Register 62h SE1\_DF1\_R2

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R100 (64h) SE2_RETUN E_CONFIG	1	SE2_RETUNE_ R_ENA	0	SE2 Right channel ReTune™ filter enable 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	
	0	SE2_RETUNE_ L_ENA	0	SE2 Left channel ReTune™ filter enable 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	

Register 64h SE2\_RETUNE\_CONFIG

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R101 (65h) SE2_RETUN E_C0	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C0[15:0]	_		

Register 65h SE2\_RETUNE\_C0



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS R102 (66h) SE2_RETUN	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C1[15:0]	—	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	
E_C1			0		

Register 66h SE2\_RETUNE\_C1

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R103 (67h)	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_	0000_0000	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2)	
SE2_RETUN		C2[15:0]	_0000_000	ReTune™ filter	
E_C2			0		

Register 67h SE2\_RETUNE\_C2

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R104 (68h)	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_	0000_0000	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2)	
SE2_RETUN		C3[15:0]	_0000_000	ReTune™ filter	
E_C3			0		

Register 68h SE2\_RETUNE\_C3

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R105 (69h) SE2_RETUN E_C4	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C4[15:0]	0000_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 69h SE2\_RETUNE\_C4

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R106 (6Ah) SE2_RETUN E_C5	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C5[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 6Ah SE2\_RETUNE\_C5

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R107 (6Bh) SE2_RETUN E_C6	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C6[15:0]	0000_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 6Bh SE2\_RETUNE\_C6

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R108 (6Ch)	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2)	
SE2_RETUN E_C7		C7[15:0]	_0000_000 0	ReTune™ filter	

Register 6Ch SE2\_RETUNE\_C7



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R109 (6Dh)	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_	0000_0000	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2)	
SE2_RETUN		C8[15:0]	_0000_000	ReTune™ filter	
E_C8			0		

Register 6Dh SE2\_RETUNE\_C8

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R110 (6Eh)	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_		5	
SE2_RETUN		C9[15:0]	_0000_000	ReTune™ filter	
E_C9			0		

Register 6Eh SE2\_RETUNE\_C9

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R111 (6Fh) SE2_RETUN E_C10	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C10[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 6Fh SE2\_RETUNE\_C10

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R112 (70h) SE2_RETUN E_C11	15:0 I	SE2_RETUNE_ C11[15:0]	0000_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 70h SE2\_RETUNE\_C11

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R113 (71h) SE2_RETUN E_C12	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C12[15:0]		5	

Register 71h SE2\_RETUNE\_C12

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R114 (72h) SE2_RETUN E_C13	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C13[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 72h SE2\_RETUNE\_C13

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R115 (73h)	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_	0000_0000	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2)	
SE2_RETUN		C14[15:0]	_0000_000	ReTune™ filter	
E_C14			0		

Register 73h SE2\_RETUNE\_C14



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R116 (74h)	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_	0000_0000	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2)	
SE2_RETUN		C15[15:0]	_0000_000	ReTune™ filter	
E_C15			0		

Register 74h SE2\_RETUNE\_C15

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R117 (75h)	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_	0000_0000	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2)	
SE2_RETUN		C16[15:0]	_0000_000	ReTune™ filter	
E_C16			0		

Register 75h SE2\_RETUNE\_C16

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R118 (76h) SE2_RETUN E_C17	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C17[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 76h SE2\_RETUNE\_C17

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R119 (77h) SE2_RETUN E_C18	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C18[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 77h SE2\_RETUNE\_C18

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R120 (78h) SE2_RETUN E_C19	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C19[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 78h SE2\_RETUNE\_C19

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R121 (79h) SE2_RETUN E_C20	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C20[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 79h SE2\_RETUNE\_C20

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R122 (7Ah) SE2_RETUN E_C21	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C21[15:0]	0000_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 7Ah SE2\_RETUNE\_C21



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R123 (7Bh)	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_	0000_0000	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2)	
SE2_RETUN		C22[15:0]	_0000_000	ReTune™ filter	
E_C22			0		

Register 7Bh SE2\_RETUNE\_C22

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R124 (7Ch)	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2)	
SE2_RETUN		C23[15:0]	_0000_000	ReTune™ filter	
E_C23			0		

Register 7Ch SE2\_RETUNE\_C23

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R125 (7Dh) SE2_RETUN E_C24	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C24[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 7Dh SE2\_RETUNE\_C24

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R126 (7Eh) SE2_RETUN E_C25	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C25[15:0]	0000_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 7Eh SE2\_RETUNE\_C25

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R127 (7Fh) SE2_RETUN E_C26	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C26[15:0]		5	

Register 7Fh SE2\_RETUNE\_C26

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R128 (80h) SE2_RETUN E_C27	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C27[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 80h SE2\_RETUNE\_C27

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R129 (81h) SE2_RETUN E_C28	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C28[15:0]	0000_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 81h SE2\_RETUNE\_C28



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R130 (82h)	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_	0000_0000	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2)	
SE2_RETUN		C29[15:0]	_0000_000	ReTune™ filter	
E_C29			0		

Register 82h SE2\_RETUNE\_C29

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R131 (83h) SE2_RETUN E_C30	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C30[15:0]	0000_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 83h SE2\_RETUNE\_C30

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R132 (84h) SE2_RETUN E_C31	15:0	SE2_RETUNE_ C31[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) ReTune™ filter	

Register 84h SE2\_RETUNE\_C31

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R133 (85h) SE2_5BEQ_ CONFIG	0	SE2_5BEQ_L_E NA	-	SE2 Left channel 5-band EQ enable 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	

Register 85h SE2\_5BEQ\_CONFIG

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
	12:8	SE2_5BEQ_L1 G[4:0]	0_1100	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter Gain 00000 : -12dB 00001 : -12dB 00010 : -10dB 00011 : -9dB 00100 : -8dB 00101 : -7dB 00110 : -6dB 00111 : -5dB 01000 : -4dB 01000 : -4dB 01001 : -3dB 01010 : -2dB 01011 : -1dB 01101 : -1dB 01101 : 1dB 01101 : 2dB 01111 : 3dB 10000 : 4dB 10000 : 4dB	
				10010 : 6dB	



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
				10011 : 7dB	
				10100 : 8dB	
				10101 : 9dB	
				10110 : 10dB	
				10111 : 11dB	
				11000 : 12dB	
				11001 to 11111 : Reserved	
	4:0	SE2_5BEQ_L0	0_1100	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left	
		G[4:0]		channel 5-band EQ filter Gain	
				00000 : -12dB	
				00001 : -12dB	
				00010 : -10dB	
				00011 : -9dB	
				(1dB steps)	
				11000 : 12dB	
				11001 to 11111 : Reserved	

Register 86h SE2\_5BEQ\_L10G

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R135 (87h) SE2_5BEQ_ L32G	12:8	SE2_5BEQ_L3 G[4:0]	0_1100	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter Gain 00000 : -12dB 00010 : -12dB 00011 : -9dB (1dB steps) 11000 : 12dB 11001 to 11111 : Reserved	
	4:0	SE2_5BEQ_L2 G[4:0]	0_1100	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter Gain 00000 : -12dB 00010 : -12dB 00010 : -10dB 00011 : -9dB (1dB steps) 11000 : 12dB 11001 to 11111 : Reserved	

Register 87h SE2\_5BEQ\_L32G



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R136 (88h) SE2_5BEQ_ L4G	4:0	SE2_5BEQ_L4 G[4:0]	0_1100	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter Gain 00000 : -12dB 00011 : -12dB 00010 : -10dB 00011 : -9dB (1dB steps) 11000 : 12dB 11001 to 11111 : Reserved	

Register 88h SE2\_5BEQ\_L4G

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R137 (89h) SE2_5BEQ_ L0P	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L0P [15:0]	0000_0000 _1101_100 _0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register 89h SE2\_5BEQ\_L0P

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R138 (8Ah)	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L0A	_	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left	
SE2_5BEQ_		[15:0]	_1100_101	channel 5-band EQ filter	
LOA			0		

Register 8Ah SE2\_5BEQ\_L0A

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R139 (8Bh)	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L0B	0000_0100	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left	
SE2_5BEQ_		[15:0]	_0000_000	channel 5-band EQ filter	
L0B			0		

Register 8Bh SE2\_5BEQ\_L0B

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R140 (8Ch) SE2_5BEQ_ L1P	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L1P [15:0]	_	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register 8Ch SE2\_5BEQ\_L1P

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R141 (8Dh) SE2_5BEQ_ L1A	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L1A [15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register 8Dh SE2\_5BEQ\_L1A



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R142 (8Eh)	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L1B	1111_0001	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left	
SE2_5BEQ_		[15:0]	_0100_010	channel 5-band EQ filter	
L1B			1		

Register 8Eh SE2\_5BEQ\_L1B

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R143 (8Fh) SE2_5BEQ_ L1C	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L1C [15:0]	0000_1011 _0111_010 1	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register 8Fh SE2\_5BEQ\_L1C

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R144 (90h) SE2_5BEQ_ L2P	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L2P [15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register 90h SE2\_5BEQ\_L2P

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R145 (91h) SE2_5BEQ_ L2A	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L2A [15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register 91h SE2\_5BEQ\_L2A

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R146 (92h) SE2_5BEQ_ L2B	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L2B [15:0]	_	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register 92h SE2\_5BEQ\_L2B

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R147 (93h) SE2_5BEQ_ L2C	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L2C [15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register 93h SE2\_5BEQ\_L2C

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R148 (94h) SE2_5BEQ_ L3P	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L3P [15:0]	0001_0001 _0000_001 1	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register 94h SE2\_5BEQ\_L3P



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R149 (95h) SE2_5BEQ_ L3A	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L3A [15:0]	_	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register 95h SE2\_5BEQ\_L3A

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R150 (96h) SE2_5BEQ_ L3B	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L3B [15:0]	_	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register 96h SE2\_5BEQ\_L3B

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R151 (97h) SE2_5BEQ_ L3C	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L3C [15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register 97h SE2\_5BEQ\_L3C

EGISTER DDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
152 (98h) E2_5BEQ_ L4P	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L4P [15:0]	0100_0000 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register 98h SE2\_5BEQ\_L4P

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R153 (99h) SE2_5BEQ_ L4A	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L4A [15:0]	0000_0101 _0110_010 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register 99h SE2\_5BEQ\_L4A

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R154 (9Ah) SE2_5BEQ_ L4B	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_L4B [15:0]	_	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) left channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register 9Ah SE2\_5BEQ\_L4B

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R155 (9Bh) SE2_5BEQ_ R10G	12:8	SE2_5BEQ_R1 G[4:0]	0_1100	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter Gain 00000 : -12dB 00011 : -12dB 00010 : -10dB 00011 : -9dB	



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
				00100 : -8dB	
				00101 : -7dB	
				00110 : -6dB	
				00111 : -5dB	
				01000 : -4dB	
				01001 : -3dB	
				01010 : -2dB	
				01011 : -1dB	
				01100 : 0dB	
				01101 : 1dB	
				01110 : 2dB	
				01111 : 3dB	
				10000 : 4dB	
				10001 : 5dB	
				10010 : 6dB	
				10011 : 7dB	
				10100 : 8dB	
				10101 : 9dB	
				10110 : 10dB	
				10111 : 11dB	
				11000 : 12dB	
				11001 to 11111 : Reserved	
	4:0	SE2_5BEQ_R0	0_1100	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right	
		G[4:0]		channel 5-band EQ filter Gain	
				00000 : -12dB	
				00001 : -12dB	
				00010 : -10dB 00011 : -9dB	
				(1dB steps)	
				11000 : 12dB	
				11000 . 1205 11001 to 11111 : Reserved	

Register 9Bh SE2\_5BEQ\_R10G

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R156 (9Ch) SE2_5BEQ_ R32G	12:8	SE2_5BEQ_R3 G[4:0]	0_1100	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter Gain 00000 : -12dB 00001 : -12dB 00010 : -10dB 00011 : -9dB	
				(1dB steps) 11000 : 12dB 11001 to 11111 : Reserved	
	4:0	SE2_5BEQ_R2 G[4:0]	0_1100	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter Gain 00000 : -12dB 00010 : -12dB 00010 : -10dB 00011 : -9dB (1dB steps) 11000 : 12dB	



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
				11001 to 11111 : Reserved	

Register 9Ch SE2\_5BEQ\_R32G

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R157 (9Dh) SE2_5BEQ_	4:0	SE2_5BEQ_R4 G[4:0]	0_1100	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter Gain	
R4G				00000 : -12dB	
				00001 : -12dB	
				00010 : -10dB	
				00011 : -9dB	
				(1dB steps)	
				11000 : 12dB	
				11001 to 11111 : Reserved	

Register 9Dh SE2\_5BEQ\_R4G

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R158 (9Eh) SE2_5BEQ_	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R0 P[15:0]	0000_0000 _1101_100	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter	
R0P			0		

Register 9Eh SE2\_5BEQ\_R0P

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R159 (9Fh)	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R0	0000_1111	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right	
SE2_5BEQ_		A[15:0]	_1100_101	channel 5-band EQ filter	
R0A			0		

Register 9Fh SE2\_5BEQ\_R0A

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R160 (A0h) SE2_5BEQ_ R0B	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R0 B[15:0]	0000_0100 _0000_000 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register A0h SE2\_5BEQ\_R0B

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R161 (A1h) SE2_5BEQ_ R1P	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R1 P[15:0]	0000_0001 _1100_010 _1	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register A1h SE2\_5BEQ\_R1P



REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R162 (A2h)	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R1	0001_1110	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right	
SE2_5BEQ_		A[15:0]	_1011_010	channel 5-band EQ filter	
R1A			1		

Register A2h SE2\_5BEQ\_R1A

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS R163 (A3h) SE2_5BEQ_ R1B	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R1 B[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register A3h SE2\_5BEQ\_R1B

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R164 (A4h) SE2_5BEQ_ R1C	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R1 C[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register A4h SE2\_5BEQ\_R1C

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R165 (A5h) SE2_5BEQ_ R2P	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R2 P[15:0]	0000_0101 _0101_100 0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register A5h SE2\_5BEQ\_R2P

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R166 (A6h) SE2_5BEQ_ R2A	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R2 A[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register A6h SE2\_5BEQ\_R2A

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R167 (A7h) SE2_5BEQ_ R2B	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R2 B[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register A7h SE2\_5BEQ\_R2B

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R168 (A8h) SE2_5BEQ_ R2C	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R2 C[15:0]	0000_1010 _0101_010 _0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register A8h SE2\_5BEQ\_R2C



REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R169 (A9h) SE2_5BEQ_ R3P	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R3 P[15:0]	0001_0001 _0000_001 1	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register A9h SE2\_5BEQ\_R3P

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R170 (Aah) SE2_5BEQ_ R3A	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R3 A[15:0]	0001_0110 _1000_111 _0	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register Aah SE2\_5BEQ\_R3A

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R171 (Abh) SE2_5BEQ_ R3B	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R3 B[15:0]	_	Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register Abh SE2\_5BEQ\_R3B

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R172 (Ach) SE2_5BEQ_ R3C	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R3 C[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register Ach SE2\_5BEQ\_R3C

REGISTER	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
ADDRESS					
R173 (Adh) SE2_5BEQ_ R4P	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R4 P[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register Adh SE2\_5BEQ\_R4P

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R174 (Aeh) SE2_5BEQ_ R4A	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R4 A[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register Aeh SE2\_5BEQ\_R4A

REGISTER ADDRESS	BIT	LABEL	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION	REFER TO
R175 (Afh) SE2_5BEQ_ R4B	15:0	SE2_5BEQ_R4 B[15:0]		Filter coefficients for Signal Enhancement 2 (SE2) right channel 5-band EQ filter	

Register Afh SE2\_5BEQ\_R4B



### **DIGITAL FILTER CHARACTERISTICS**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
ADC Filter					
Passband	+/- 0.1dB	0		0.454 fs	
	-6dB		0.5fs		
Passband Ripple				+/- 0.1	dB
Stopband		0.546s			
Stopband Attenuation	f > 0.546 fs	-60			dB
DAC Normal Filter					
Passband	+/- 0.03dB	0		0.454 fs	
	-6dB		0.5 fs		
Passband Ripple	0.454 fs			+/- 0.03	dB
Stopband		0.546 fs			
Stopband Attenuation	F > 0.546 fs	-50			dB
DAC Sloping Stopband Filt	er	•			
Passband	+/- 0.03dB	0		0.25 fs	
	+/- 1dB	0.25 fs		0.454 fs	
	-6dB		0.5 fs		
Passband Ripple	0.25 fs			+/- 0.03	dB
Stopband 1		0.546 fs		0.7 fs	
Stopband 1 Attenuation	f > 0.546 fs	-60			dB
Stopband 2		0.7 fs		1.4 fs	
Stopband 2 Attenuation	f > 0.7 fs	-85			dB
Stopband 3		1.4 fs			
Stopband 3 Attenuation	F > 1.4 fs	-55			dB

DAC FILTERS		ADC FILTERS		
Mode	Group Delay	Mode	Group Delay	
Normal	16.5 / fs	Normal	16.5 / fs	
Sloping Stopband	18 / fs			

#### TERMINOLOGY

- 1. Stop Band Attenuation (dB) the degree to which the frequency spectrum is attenuated (outside audio band)
- 2. Pass-band Ripple any variation of the frequency response in the pass-band region

#### Notes:

1. The Group Delays are quoted with the DSP SE1, SE2, and SE3 filters disabled. Enabling the DSP SE1, SE2, and SE3 filters will increase the Group Delay



### ADC FILTER RESPONSE



Figure 46 ADC Frequency Response up to 4 x fs (Sample rate, fs = 48kHz)



Figure 47 ADC Pass Band Frequency Response up to fs/2 (Sample rate, fs = 48kHz)



### ADC HIGHPASS FILTER RESPONSE



Figure 48 ADC High Pass Filter Frequency Response for the Hi-Fi Mode (Sample rate, fs = 48kHz)



Figure 49 ADC High Pass Filter Frequency Response for the Application Mode (Sample rate, fs = 48kHz)



### DAC FILTER RESPONSE



Figure 50 DAC Frequency Response up to 4 x fs (Sample rate, fs = 32k to 48kHz)



Figure 51 DAC Frequency Response up to 4 x fs (Sample rate, fs = 16k to 24kHz)





Figure 52 DAC Frequency Response up to 4 x fs (Sample rate, fs = 8k to 12kHz)



Figure 53 DAC Pass Band Frequency Response up to fs/2 (Sample rate, fs = 8k to 12kHz, 16k to 24kHz, 32k to 48kHz)



### **APPLICATIONS INFORMATION**

### **RECOMMENDED EXTERNAL COMPONENTS**

#### **AUDIO INPUT PATHS**

The WM8946 provides up to 6 analogue audio inputs (including the auxiliary inputs AUX1 and AUX2). Each of these inputs is referenced to the internal DC reference, VMID. A DC blocking capacitor is required for each input pin used in the target application. The choice of capacitor is determined by the filter that is formed between that capacitor and the input impedance of the input pin. The circuit is illustrated in Figure 54. (Note that capacitors are not required on any unused audio input.)



$$Fc = \frac{1}{2\pi RC}$$

Fc = high pass 3dB cut-off frequency

#### Figure 54 Audio Input Path DC Blocking Capacitor

When the input impedance is known, and the cut-off frequency is known, then the minimum capacitor value may be derived easily. For practical use, a  $1\mu$ F capacitance for all audio inputs can be recommended for most cases. Tantalum electrolytic capacitors are particularly suitable as they offer high stability in a small package size.

Ceramic equivalents are a cost effective alternative to the superior tantalum packages, but care must be taken to ensure the desired capacitance is maintained at the LDOVOUT operating voltage. Also, ceramic capacitors may show microphonic effects, where vibrations and mechanical conditions give rise to electrical signals. This is particularly problematic for microphone input paths where a large signal gain is required.

A single capacitor is required for a line input or single-ended microphone connection. In the case of a differential microphone connection, a DC blocking capacitor is required on both input pins.

#### **HEADPHONE / LINE OUTPUT PATHS**

The WM8946 provides four outputs (LINEOUTL, LINEOUTR, SPKOUTL and SPKOUTR). Each of these outputs is referenced to the internal DC reference, VMID. In any case where a line output is used in a single-ended configuration (i.e. referenced to GND), a DC blocking capacitor is required in order to remove the DC bias. In the case where a pair of line outputs is configured as a BTL differential pair, then the DC blocking capacitor should be omitted.

The choice of capacitor is determined from the filter that is formed between the capacitor and the load impedance. A  $1\mu$ F capacitance would be a suitable choice for a line load. For a headphone load a larger value (100uF for a 32 ohm load or 220uF for a 16 ohm load) would be required. Tantalum electrolytic capacitors are again particularly suitable but ceramic equivalents are a cost effective alternative. Care must be taken to ensure the desired capacitance is maintained at the appropriate operating voltage.









Figure 56 DC-blocking Components for Headphone Output

#### **BTL SPEAKER OUTPUT CONNECTION**

The BTL speaker output connection is a differential mode of operation. The loudspeaker may be connected directly across the SPKOUTL and SPKOUTR pins. No additional external components are required in this case.

#### POWER SUPPLY DECOUPLING

Electrical coupling exists particularly in digital logic systems where switching in one sub-system causes fluctuations on the power supply. This effect occurs because the inductance of the power supply acts in opposition to the changes in current flow that are caused by the logic switching. The resultant variations (or 'spikes') in the power supply voltage can cause malfunctions and unintentional behavior in other components. A decoupling (or 'bypass') capacitor can be used as an energy storage component which will provide power to the decoupled circuit for the duration of these power supply variations, protecting it from malfunctions that could otherwise arise.

Coupling also occurs in a lower frequency form when ripple is present on the power supply rail caused by changes in the load current or by limitations of the power supply regulation method. In audio components such as the WM8946, these variations can alter the performance of the signal path, leading to degradation in signal quality. A decoupling (or 'bypass') capacitor can be used to filter these effects, by presenting the ripple voltage with a low impedance path that does not affect the circuit to be decoupled.

These coupling effects are addressed by placing a capacitor between the supply rail and the corresponding ground reference. In the case of systems comprising multiple power supply rails, decoupling should be provided on each rail.



The recommended power supply decoupling capacitors for WM8946 are listed below in Table 76.

POWER SUPPLY	DECOUPLING CAPACITOR
DCVDD, DBVDD, LDOVDD, SPKVDD	4.7µF ceramic
LDOVOUT	2.2µF ceramic
VMIDC	4.7µF ceramic

Table 76 Power Supply Decoupling Capacitors

All decoupling capacitors should be placed as close as possible to the WM8946 device. The connection between GND, the LDOVOUT decoupling capacitor and the main system ground should be made at a single point as close as possible to the GND ball of the WM8946.

The VMIDC capacitor is not, technically, a decoupling capacitor. However, it does serve a similar purpose in filtering noise on the VMID reference. The connection between GND, the VMID decoupling capacitor and the main system ground should be made at a single point as close as possible to the GND ball of the WM8946.

Due to the wide tolerance of many types of ceramic capacitors, care must be taken to ensure that the selected components provide the required capacitance across the required temperature and voltage ranges in the intended application. For most application the use of ceramic capacitors with capacitor dielectric X5R is recommended.

#### **MICROPHONE BIAS CIRCUIT**

The WM8946 is designed to interface easily with electret microphones. These may be connected in single-ended or differential configurations. The single-ended method allows greater capability for the connection of multiple audio sources simultaneously, whilst the differential method provides better performance due to its rejection of common-mode noise.

In either configuration, the microphone requires a bias current (electret condenser microphones) or voltage supply (silicon microphones), which can be provided by MICBIAS. This reference is generated by an output-compensated amplifier, which requires an external capacitor in order to guarantee accuracy and stability. The recommended capacitance is  $4.7\mu$ F, although it may be possible to reduce this to  $1\mu$ F if the analogue supply (LDOVOUT) is not too noisy. A ceramic type is a suitable choice here, providing that care is taken to choose a component that exhibits this capacitance at the intended MICBIAS voltage.

Note that the MICBIAS voltage may be adjusted using register control to suit the requirements of the microphone. Also note the WM8946 supports a maximum current of 3mA. If more than one microphone is connected to the MICBIAS, then combined current must not exceed 3mA.

A current-limiting resistor is also required when using an electret condenser microphone (ECM). The resistance should be chosen according to the minimum operating impedance of the microphone and MICBIAS voltage so that the maximum bias current of the WM8946 is not exceeded. Cirrus Logic recommends a  $2.2k\Omega$  current limiting resistor as it provides compatibility with a wide range of microphone models.

The recommended connections for single-ended and differential microphone modes are illustrated in Figure 57 and Figure 58.





Figure 57 Single-Ended Microphone Connection



Figure 58 Pseudo-Differential Microphone Connection

#### **VIDEO BUFFER COMPONENTS**

External components are required for the Video Buffer.

In a typical application,  $R_{LOAD} = 75\Omega$ ,  $R_{SOURCE} = 75\Omega$ ,  $R_{REF} = 187\Omega$ .

See "Video Buffer" for details of alternative components under different load impedance conditions.







#### RECOMMENDED EXTERNAL COMPONENTS DIAGRAM

Figure 60 provides a summary of recommended external components for WM8946. Note that the actual requirements may differ according to the specific target application.





### PCB LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS

Poor PCB layout will degrade the performance and be a contributory factor in EMI, ground bounce and resistive voltage losses. All external components should be placed as close to the WM8946 device as possible, with current loop areas kept as small as possible.



### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**



Symbols	Dimensions (mm)			
	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
Α	0.660	0.700	0.740	
A1	0.207	0.244	0.281	
A2	0.418	0.434	0.450	
D	2.945	2.970	2.995	
D1		2.500 BSC		
E	3.045	3.070	3.095	
E1		2.500 BSC		
е		0.500 BSC		5
f1	0.223			
f2	0.273			
g		0.022		
h	0.264	0.314	0.364	
aaa		0.025		
bbb		0.060		
ccc	0.030			
ddd	0.015			

NOTES: 1. PRIMARY DATUM -Z- AND SEATING PLANE ARE DEFINED BY THE SPHERICAL CROWNS OF THE SOLDER BALLS. 2. THIS DIMENSION INCLUDES STAND-OFF HEIGHT 'A1' AND BACKSIDE COATING. 3. A1 CORNER IS IDENTIFIED BY INKLASER MARK ON TOP PACKAGE. 4. BILATERAL TOLERANCE ZONE IS APPLIED TO EACH SIDE OF THE PACKAGE BODY. 5. 'e' REPRESENTS THE BASIC SOLDER BALL GRID PITCH. 6. THIS DRAWING IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. 7. FOLLOWS JEDEC DESIGN GUIDE MO-211-C.



### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

### **Contacting Cirrus Logic Support**

For all product questions and inquiries, contact a Cirrus Logic Sales Representative. To find one nearest you, go to www.cirrus.com.

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### **REVISION HISTORY**

DATE	REV	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES	PAGE	CHANGED BY
11/10/10	4.0	Product Status updated to Production Data		
		Added comment about ADC volume being in digital filter block	30	
		Added comment about DAC volume being in digital filter block	47	
		Notch filter plots updated	36	
		Added note about DAC_VOL_RAMP rate	48	
15/05/11	4.1	Added note about LDOVDD being enabled before SPKVDD to ensure pop-free start-up	8	JJ
25/06/12	4.2	Package Diagram updated to DM063B	172	JMacD
26/06/12	4.2	Added note that SYSCLK is required for Volume Update functions.	25, 47, 59	PH
		Noted the notch filter is not usable below 120Hz	35	
04/07/12	4.2	Reel quantity changed to 5,000	6	JMacD/TS
27/07/12	4.3	Package Diagram dimensions updated in Features	1	JMacD
12/07/13	4.4	Typical Power Consumption data updated	15	PH
		Clarification of DRC Attack/Decay times	45	
		Clarification of LDO Regulator example configurations	63, 64	
13/10/14	4.4	Noted 4.5dB gain in Analogue Bypass paths	5, 16, 52, 54, 56	PH
01/03/16	4.5	Correction to recommended power-down sequence	106-107	PH