

KITRONIK **RESOURCES**



INTRODUCTION

Learn how to set alarms and trigger events with the Halo HD.

If you have not done the 'Halo HD Basic Clock' and 'Halo HD Adjustable Clock' tutorials, it is recommended that you complete them first.

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SETTING UP

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED:

- 1 x BBC micro:bit (<u>www.kitronik.co.uk/5613</u>),
- 1 x Halo HD Alarm Clock Kit (<u>www.kitronik.co.uk/5681</u>)

ADDING IN CUSTOM MAKECODE BLOCKS:

We have made custom coding blocks especially for the Halo HD, which helps to make coding super simple within Microsoft MakeCode.

To add these blocks, follow the steps below:

STEP 1: Bring up the MakeCode Block Editor - (makecode.microbit.org).

STEP 2: Click 'New Project'.

STEP 3: In the toolbox towards the left of the screen, select the **'Advanced'** section. Additional block categories will appear below.

STEP 4: Select 'Extensions'.

STEP 5: In the pop up's search bar type 'Kitronik'.STEP 6: Locate & select the 'kitronik-halohd' box.

🗧 Go back Extensions kitronik Q kitronik-servo-lite kitronik-motor-driver kitronik-I2C-16-servo kitronik-halohd Custom Blocks for driving the Kitronik Halo HD for the BBC Blocks for driving the Kitronik I2C 16 servo expansion board Blocks for driving Kitronik micro:bit Blocks for driving the Kitronik micro:bit motor driver board boards Learn mor Learn more Learn mo







THE TUTORIAL

RECREATE ADJUSTABLE CLOCK CODE

STEP 1: From the first two tutorials, we had the code for setting and displaying the time using the micro:bit button interface. Start by opening your program from the 'Adjustable Clock Tutorial' and refamiliarising yourself with it.





SETTING THE ALARM

STEP 1: The clock currently has two modes: "Display Time" and "Set Time".

We need to add another mode, "Set Alarm", and to do this we need to create a new variable called 'setAlarmMode'. Add it to the 'on start' block and set it to 'false' using the block in the 'logic' section.



STEP 2: Just like with the "Set Time" mode, the code needs to be told that we are in "Set Alarm" mode. All the button press combinations are already in use, so we'll need to be a bit clever...

To start with, place an 'if else' statement in the 'on button B pressed' and click the '+' icon to add an 'else if' statement as well.







STEP 3: Now we need some conditions in our 'if else' statement to enable pressing button 'B' to do different things in different modes. Firstly, we still want it to increment the minutes by 10 if we're setting the time, so put a check in the 'if' section to see if 'setTimeMode' is 'true', and move the 'change minutes by 10' block inside the 'if' section.



STEP 4: Secondly, it makes sense for button 'B' to also change the minutes for the "Set Alarm" mode (we'll need a couple of new variables at this point: 'alarmMinutes' and 'alarmHours'). Next, put a check in the 'else if' section to see if 'setAlarmMode' is 'true' and add a 'change alarmMinutes by 10' block inside the 'else if' section.



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STEP 5: Finally, we actually want to enter "Set Alarm" mode by pressing button 'B', so add a block setting 'setAlarmMode' to be 'true' inside the 'else' section.

| on button B 🔻 pressed | |
|--|--|
| if setTimeMode ▼ = ▼ true ▼ then | |
| change minutes - by 10 | |
| else if setAlarmMode ▼ = ▼ true ▼ then ⊖ | |
| change alarmMinutes ▼ by 10 | |
| else Θ | |
| set setAlarmMode - to true - | |
| | |
| | |

STEP 6: Now see if you can make button 'A' change the minutes by 1 for both the "Set Time" and "Set Alarm" modes using a similar setup (but leave the 'else' section blank for now).







STEP 7: Button 'B' can now be used to increment both 'minutes' and 'alarmMinutes' by 10 and enter "Set Alarm" mode, and button 'A' can be used to increment both 'minutes' and 'alarmMinutes' by 1. Once an alarm has been set, it will - at some point - go off, so we need a way to silence it.

Create another new variable called 'silenceAlarm'. We will use button 'A' to silence alarms, so add a block to the 'else' section setting the 'silenceAlarm' variable to be 'true'.



STEP 8: Our final change to the control button interface is to the 'on button A+B pressed' block. We will need to enter a time for both the "Set Time" and "Set Alarm" modes, so add a check to the 'if' statement to enable 'enterTime' to be set to 'true' if we are in "Set Time" mode **OR** "Set Alarm" mode.





STEP 9: The next stage is adding the functionality for a "Set Alarm" mode, which is actually quite simple. Going back to the 'forever' loop, we need to add an 'else if' section by pressing the '+' icon, and put a check in the statement to see if we are in "Set Alarm" mode.



STEP 10: Then, copy all the code from the 'if' section and put in into the 'else if' section. We will make some changes in the next few steps to enable alarms to be set.

STEP 11: Go through the code we have just placed in the 'else if' section and replace all uses of the variable 'minutes' with 'alarmMinutes', and all uses of the variable 'hours' with 'alarmHours'. This is easily done by changing the selection in the drop-down box.



STEP 12: Now that the variables have been changed, the only other differences between the two sections are after the 'while' loop. Remove the 'Set Time', 'set enterTime to false' and 'set setTimeMode to false' blocks.

STEP 13: Inside the Clock section of the Halo HD extension is the 'set alarm' block. Add this after the 'while' loop and insert the 'alarmHours' and 'alarmMinutes' variables into the appropriate slots. We want this alarm to only go off once, so set the alarm type to "Single" and to be "User" silenced.



STEP 14: Just like with the "Set Time" mode, we now need to set some variables to be 'false'. Do this for: 'silenceAlarm', 'enterTime' and 'setAlarmMode'.





TRIGGERING & TURNING OFF THE ALARM

STEP 1: We now have the ability to set an alarm at a particular hour and minute, but at the moment, nothing will happen when it goes off.

Add the 'on alarm trigger' block from inside the Clock section of the Halo HD extension. This block waits until the alarm goes off, and then runs any code which is put inside it. From the 'Music' section, add a 'start melody' block to run when the alarm triggers. Choose a tune from the drop-down list and have it repeat "once".

We also need to set up the music blocks to work on the Halo HD by adding the 'set pitch pin' block to the 'on start' block.

| on start | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| set music pin fo | r buzzer |
| set haloDisplay | ✓ to to Halo HD with 60 ZIP LEDs |
| set setTimeMode | e to false |
| on alarm trigge | r |
| start melody (| power up repeating once |
| | |

STEP 2: The final stage before our alarm clock is complete is to add the functionality to turn off the alarm. Start by placing an 'if' statement at the end of the 'forever' loop. The condition it needs to check for is if the 'silenceAlarm' variable is 'true'.







STEP 3: Now add the 'turn off alarm' block from the Clock section of the Halo HD extension inside the 'if' statement, followed by the 'stop melody all' block from the 'Music' section.

| if SilenceAlarm ▼ = ▼ true ▼ then |
|-----------------------------------|
| turn off alarm |
| stop melody all ▼ |
| |

STEP 4: Finally, click 'Download' and transfer your code to the Halo HD and try out setting and silencing some alarms. (The complete code is shown across the next two pages).







COMPLETE CODE CONTINUED...







For any further queries or support, please visit the Kitronik website: www.kitronik.co.uk/5672

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