

Power Electronic Capacitors

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B2563xB*

MKP DC LSI

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1. Construction and general data

Characteristics						
Capacitance tolerance	K: ±10%					
Dielectric dissipation factor (tan δ_0)	2 • 10 ⁻⁴					
Service life expectancy $t_{LD (co)}$	100000 h at T_{hs} +70 °C and V_{RDC} Up to 200 000 h (Considering deratings in voltage and/or temperature upon request)					
Expected Fit rate α _{FQ (co)}	100 Fit at V _{RDC} and 70 °C					
Storage temperature T _{stg}	-40 +85 °C					
Minimum temperature T _{op,min.}	-40 °C					
Maximum temperature Top,max.	+85 °C					
Maximum hotspot temperature Ths	+85 °C					
Climatic category	40/85/56					
Maximum altitude	2000 m above sea level (derating curves for altitudes higher than 2000 m available upon request)					
Safety device	No internal protection					
Clearance distance between terminals	28 mm (typical value)					
Creepage distance between terminals	33.5 mm (typical value)					

Test data						
Voltage between terminals V $ au$	1.5 • V _{RDC} , 10 s					
Dissipation factor tan δ (100 Hz)	≤ 1.0 • 10 ⁻³					
Life test	According to IEC 61071-2017					
Cooling	Naturally air-cooled (or forced air cooling)					
Degree of protection	IP00 (indoor mounting)					

Design data					
Resin filling	Non PCB, hard polyurethane (dry type)				
Mounting	Lateral brackets				
Max. torque terminal	Male M8: 8 Nm				
	Female M5: 2.5 Nm				

Reference standards	
IEC 61071-2017, GB/T 17702-2021	
RoHS and CE compliance	
UL 94 V0	

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1.1 Structure of ordering code



1.2 Label information



The label explanation is following:

10 Z 2022: Production in TDK Electronics Zhuhai factory 2022 year, calendar week 10;

Bar code consists of lot number and serial number:

Lot number: 9 digits (ex.: 905887304)

Serial number: 3 digits (ex.: 001)

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1.3 Dimensional drawings

Figure 1: B25631B

- Male M8 terminals



Figure 2: B25632B

- Female M5 terminals





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Terms and characteristics

The following definitions apply to power capacitors according to IEC 61071.

Rated capacitance C_R

Nominal value of the capacitance at 20 °C and measuring frequency of 100 Hz.

Rated DC voltage VRDC

Maximum operating peak voltage of either polarity but of a non-reversing type wave form, for which the capacitor has been designed, for continuous operation.

Ripple voltage V_{ripple}

Peak-to-peak alternating component of the unidirectional voltage. This value must not exceed 0.28 \cdot V_{RDC}

Maximum surge voltage Vs

Peak voltage induced by a switching or any other disturbance of the system which is allowed for a limited number of times and short period.

Insulation voltage V_i

RMS rated value of the insulation voltage of capacitive elements and terminals to case or earth. When it is not specified in the product data sheet, the insulation voltage is at least:

$$V_{i} = \frac{V_{RDC}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

AC voltage test between terminals and case V_{TC}

Units having all terminals insulated from the container shall be subjected for 10 s to a voltage applied between the terminals (joined together) and the container.

Maximum rate of voltage rise (dv/dt)max

Maximum permissible repetitive rate of voltage rise of the operational voltage.

Maximum current Imax

Maximum RMS current for continuous operation for the given frequency range and for the maximum ripple voltage. Please provide Frequency Spectrum of RMS current to your sales contact.

Maximum peak current Î

Maximum permissible repetitive current amplitude during continuous operation. Maximum peak current (\hat{I}) and maximum rate of voltage rise (dV/dt)_{max} on a capacitor are related as follows:

$$\hat{I} = C \cdot (dv/dt)_{max}$$

Maximum surge current Îs

Admissible peak current induced by a switching or any other disturbance of the system which is allowed for a limited number of times and short period.

$$\hat{I}_s = C \cdot (dv/dt)_s$$



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Ambient temperature T_A

Temperature of the surrounding air, measured at 10 cm distance and 2/3 of the case height of the capacitor.

Lowest operating temperature T_{op,min}

Lowest permitted ambient temperature at which a capacitor may be energized.

Maximum operating temperature Top,max

Highest permitted capacitor temperature during operation, i.e. temperature at the hottest point of the case.

Hot-spot temperature T_{hs}

Temperature zone inside of the capacitor at hottest spot.

$$T_{hs} = T_A + I_{RMS}^2 \cdot ESR \cdot R_{th}$$

Tangent of the loss angle of a capacitor tan $\boldsymbol{\delta}$

Ratio between the equivalent series resistance and the capacitive reactance of a capacitor at a specified sinusoidal alternating voltage, frequency and temperature.

Series resistance R_s

The sum of all ohmic resistances occurring inside the capacitor.

ESR

ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) which if connected in series with an ideal capacitor of capacitance value equal to that of the capacitor in question, would have a power loss equal to active power dissipated in that capacitor under specified operating conditions.

$$\mathsf{ESR} = \frac{\tan \delta}{\omega \cdot C} = R_s + \frac{\tan \delta_0}{\omega \cdot C}$$

Thermal resistance R_{th}

The thermal resistance indicates by how many degrees the capacitor temperature at the hot spot rises in relation to the dissipation losses.

Maximum power loss P_{max}

Maximum permissible power dissipation for the capacitor's operation.

$$\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{max}} = \frac{\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{hs}} - \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{A}}}{R_{th}}$$

Self inductance Lself

The sum of all inductive elements which are contained in a capacitor.

Resonance frequency fr

The lowest frequency at which the impedance of the capacitor becomes minimum.

$$f_r = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot \sqrt{L_{self} \cdot C_R}}$$

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V_{RDC}	CR	I _{max} 1	Î	Îs	ESR ²	L _{self}	fr	R _{th}	Hc	Ht	Weight ³	Ordering code
	μF	A	kA	kA	mΩ	nH	kHz	K/W	mm	mm	kg	
	200	55	2.9	8.7	0.9	30	65	6.8	50	74.5	0.4	B25631B0207K600
600	300	60	2.9	8.7	1.2	35	49	4.5	65	89.5	0.49	B25631B0307K600
	300	60	2.9	8.7	1.2	35	49	4.5	65	69.5	0.46	B25632B0307K600
700	150	55	2.5	7.5	0.9	30	75	6.8	50	74.5	0.4	B25631B0157K700
700	220	60	2.4	7.3	1.2	35	57	4.5	65	89.5	0.49	B25631B0227K700
	120	55	2.2	6.7	1.0	30	84	6.8	50	74.5	0.4	B25631B0127K800
800	180	60	2.2	6.7	1.3	35	63	4.5	65	89.5	0.49	B25631B0187K800
	180	60	2.2	6.7	1.3	35	63	4.5	65	69.5	0.46	B25632B0187K800
000	100	55	2.7	8.1	1.0	30	92	6.8	50	74.5	0.4	<u>B25631B0107K900</u>
900	150	60	2.5	7.5	1.3	35	69	4.5	65	89.5	0.49	B25631B0157K900
	80	50	2.3	6.9	1.1	30	103	6.8	50	74.5	0.4	B25631B1806K100
1100	120	55	2.2	6.6	1.4	35	78	4.5	65	89.5	0.49	B25631B1127K100
	120	55	2.2	6.6	1.4	35	78	4.5	65	69.5	0.46	B25632B1127K100
1000	60	50	2.1	6.3	1.3	30	119	6.8	50	74.5	0.4	B25631B1606K200
1200	95	55	2.2	6.6	1.6	35	87	4.5	65	89.5	0.49	B25631B1956K200
1300	50	50	2.0	6.0	1.4	30	130	6.8	50	74.5	0.4	B25631B1506K300
1300	80	55	2.0	6.0	1.7	35	95	4.5	65	89.5	0.49	B25631B1806K300
1400	45	50	1.7	5.1	1.5	30	137	6.8	50	74.5	0.4	B25631B1456K400*
1400	70	55	1.8	5.4	1.7	35	102	4.5	65	89.5	0.49	B25631B1706K400*
1500	40	45	1.6	4.8	1.6	30	145	6.8	50	74.5	0.4	B25631B1406K500*
1500	60	50	1.6	4.8	1.9	35	110	4.5	65	89.5	0.49	B25631B1606K500*
1600	35	45	1.5	4.5	1.7	30	155	6.8	50	74.5	0.4	B25631B1356K600*
1600	55	50	1.6	4.8	2.3	35	115	4.5	65	89.5	0.49	B25631B1556K600*
2000	20	45	1.2	3.6	1.8	30	205	6.8	50	74.5	0.4	B25631B2206K000*
2000	30	50	1.3	3.9	2.5	35	155	4.5	65	89.5	0.49	B25631B2306K000*

¹ Imax at ambient temperature 55 °C

² ESR at 1 kHz (typical value)

³Weight is typical value

Other configurations and capacitance tolerances available upon request

* This ording code is affected by "Dual Use" regulations according to Export Control law. Deliveries of such products are subject to prior approval by Export Control authorities based on customer declarations. The delivery to certain countries might be restricted.



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2. Service life expectancy



Service life t_{LD} at different hotspot temperature (T_{hs}) and V_{OP}

Failure criteria is capacitance drop higher than 3%.

Lifetime estimations are typical theoretical values derived from lifetime tests based on TDK internal standards or mutually agreed test methods and are intended for guidance purposes only. The useful life does not constitute a warranty of any kind or a prolongation of the agreed warranty period.



3. Expected failure rate

Expected fit rate at different hot spot temperatures (T_{hs}) and voltage V_{RDC}

The FIT (Failure In Time) of a component is defined as the number of expected failures in 10⁹ hours of operation.

The FIT rate is calculated on the basis of the number of components operating in the field and the estimated hours of operation. All the reports of failures are taken into consideration for this calculation, which is updated every year.

The other values in the graph are given as indication and calculated based on acceleration factors.



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Cautions and warnings

- In case of dents of more than 1 mm depth or any other mechanical damage, capacitors must not be used at all.
- The energy stored in capacitors may be lethal. To prevent any chance of shock, discharge and shortcircuit the capacitor before handling.
- Failure to follow cautions may result, worst case, in premature failures, bursting and fire.
- Protect the capacitor properly against over current and short circuit.
- TDK Electronics is not responsible for any kind of possible damages to persons or things due to improper installation and application of capacitors for power electronics.

General safety notes for installation and operation

Electrical or mechanical misapplication of capacitors may be hazardous. Personal injury or property damage may result from bursting of the capacitor or from expulsion melted material due to mechanical disruption of the capacitor.

- Observe appropriate safety precautions during operation (self-recharging phenomena and the high energy contained in capacitors).
- Handle capacitors carefully, because they may still be charged even after disconnection.
- The terminals of capacitors, connected bus bars and cables as well as other devices may also be energized.
- Follow good engineering practice.

Thermal load

After installation of the capacitor it is necessary to verify that maximum hot-spot temperature is not exceeded at extreme service conditions.

Installation

Capacitors must be installed in a cool and well ventilated place, and not close to objects that radiate heat, or in the direct sunlight. Within high-power inverter systems the capacitors usually produce the smallest portion of the total losses, and the permissible operating temperatures are low compared to power semiconductors, reactors and resistors. So, the distance between capacitor and heating sources must be large enough to avoid the capacitor overheating. In case of space constraint to make the best possible use of capacitors, technically and economically, it is advisable to supply forced cooling air.

Mechanical protection

The capacitor has to be installed in a way that mechanical damages and dents in the case are avoided.

Connecting

Ensure firm fixing of terminals, fixing torque to be applied as per individual specification. In any case, the maximum specified terminal current may not be exceeded. Please refer to the technical data of the specific series.

Maintenance

Disregarding the following measures may result in severe operation failures, bursting and fire:



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- Check tightness of the connections/terminals periodically, two weeks after installation at the latest, and then once every 6 months.
- Clean the terminals/bushings periodically to avoid short circuits due dust or other contamination.
- Take current reading twice a year and compare with nominal current. Use a harmonic analyser or true effective RMS-meter.
- In case of a current above the nominal current check your application for modification.
- Check the temperature of energized capacitors. In case of excessive temperature of individual capacitors, it is recommended to replace this capacitor, as this could be an indication for loss factor increase, which is a sign for reaching end of life.
- When power capacitors are used, suitable measures must always be taken to eliminate possible danger to humans, animals and property both during operation and when a failure occurs. This applies to capacitors both with and without protective devices. Regular inspection and maintenance by a competent person is therefore essential.

Storage and operating conditions

Do not use or store capacitors in corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. In dusty environments regular maintenance and cleaning especially of the terminals is required to avoid conductive path between phases and/or phases and ground.

Service life expectancy

Electrical components do not have an unlimited service life expectancy; this applies to self-healing capacitors, too. The maximum service life expectancy may vary depending on the application the capacitor is used in.

<u>Handling</u>

Discharge and short circuit the capacitor before handling! When handling the capacitor, do not take the capacitor from the terminal. This can cause accident in case the capacitor is charged, terminal break and capacitance loss due to capacitor is heavy.

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Important notes

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