## LITEONI I-I (3mm) SOLID SI ALL LANES UTL-16KR/16KRE\_RED III TRKG/16KRE\_GREEN LTL-16KP/16KRE\_BRIGHT RED LTL-16KY/16KRE\_YELLOW LTL-16KE/16KEE\_HIGH EFFICIENCY BED

# **FEATURES**

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- HIGH EFFICIENCY.
- VERSATILE MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR PANEL.
- · CMOS/MOS AND TTL COMPATIBLE.
- · LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- WIDE VIEWING.
- · LOW COST.

## DESCRIPTION

The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The High Efficiency Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode. The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

## DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-		SOURCE	
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	COLOR
16KR 16KRE	Red	Diffused Transparent	Red
16KP 16KPE	Red	Diffused Transparent	Bright Red
16KE 16KEE	I Red	Diffused Transparent	Hi. Eff. Red
16KG 16KGE	Green	Diffused Transparent	Green
16KY 16KYE	Yellow.	Diffused Transparent	Yellow



### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is  $\pm 0.25$ mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.0mm (.04") max.
- 4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
- 5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT TA = 25 °C

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT	GREEN	YELLOW	HI. EFF. RED.	UNIT
Power Dissibution	80	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	. 200	60	120	80	120	mĀ
Cominuous Forward Current	40	115	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 59 C	0.5	0.2	, 0,4	0,25	. 0;4	mA/C
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	<b>5</b>	v.
Operating Temperature Range	55 °C to +100 °C					
Storage Temperature Range	-55 ℃ to +100 ℃					
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]			260 °C for	5 Seconds		



Wavelength  $\lambda$  (nm) FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

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Contractor Section 1

Selm