

PLASTIC MEDIUM-POWER

COPPLEMENTARY SILICON TRANSISTORS

...designed for general-purpose amplifier and low speed switching applications

FEATURES:

* Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage-

$V_{CEO(sus)}$ = 60 V (Min) - TIP110,TIP115

= 80 V (Min) - TIP111,TIP116

= 100 V (Min) - TIP112,TIP117

* Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage

$V_{CE(sat)}$ = 2.5 V (Max.) @ I_C = 2.0 A

* Monolithic Construction with Built-in Base-Emitter Shunt Resistor

NPN	PNP
TIP110	TIP115
TIP111	TIP116
TIP112	TIP117

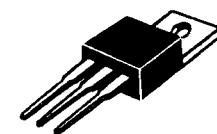
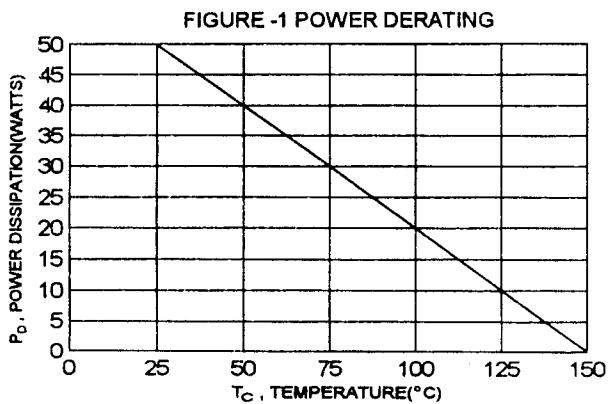
2.0 AMPERE
DARLINGTON
COMPLEMENTARY SILICON
POWER TRANSISTORS
60-100 VOLTS
50 WATTS

MAXIMUM RATINGS

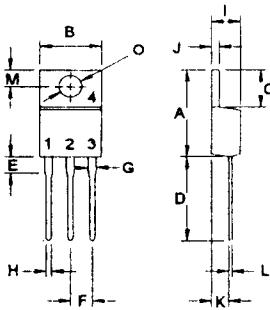
Characteristic	Symbol	TIP110 TIP115	TIP111 TIP116	TIP112 TIP117	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	60	80	100	V
Collector-Base Voltage	V_{CBO}	60	80	100	V
Emitter-Base Voltage	V_{EBO}		5.0		V
Collector Current-Continuous -Peak	I_C I_{CM}		2.0 4.0		A
Base Current	I_B		50		mA
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D		50 0.4		W W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}		- 65 to +150		$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	R_{JC}	2.5	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$



TO-220



PIN 1.BASE
2.COLLECTOR
3.EMITTER
4.COLLECTOR(CASE)

DIM	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX
A	14.68	15.31
B	9.78	10.42
C	5.01	6.52
D	13.06	14.62
E	3.57	4.07
F	2.42	3.66
G	1.12	1.36
H	0.72	0.96
I	4.22	4.98
J	1.14	1.38
K	2.20	2.97
L	0.33	0.55
M	2.48	2.98
O	3.70	3.90

TIP110, TIP111, TIP112 NPN / TIP115, TIP116, TIP117 PNP

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS				
Collector - Emitter Sustaining Voltage (1) ($I_C = 30 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$)	$V_{CEO(\text{sus})}$	60 80 100		V
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 30 \text{ V}, I_B = 0$) ($V_{CE} = 40 \text{ V}, I_B = 0$) ($V_{CE} = 50 \text{ V}, I_B = 0$)	I_{CEO}		2.0 2.0 2.0	mA
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$) ($V_{CB} = 80 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$) ($V_{CB} = 100 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$)	I_{CBO}		1.0 1.0 1.0	mA
Emitter Cutoff Current ($V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$)	I_{EBO}		2.0	mA

ON CHARACTERISTICS (1)

DC Current Gain ($I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 4.0 \text{ V}$) ($I_C = 2.0 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 4.0 \text{ V}$)	hFE	1000 500		
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = 2.0 \text{ A}, I_B = 8.0 \text{ mA}$)	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$		2.5	V
Base-Emitter On Voltage ($I_C = 2.0 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 4.0 \text{ V}$)	$V_{BE(\text{on})}$		2.8	V

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Small-Signal Current Gain ($I_C = 0.75 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$)	h_{fe}	25		
Output Capacitance ($V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, f = 0.1 \text{ MHz}$)	C_{ob}		250 150	pF

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse width = 300 us , Duty Cycle $\leq 2.0\%$

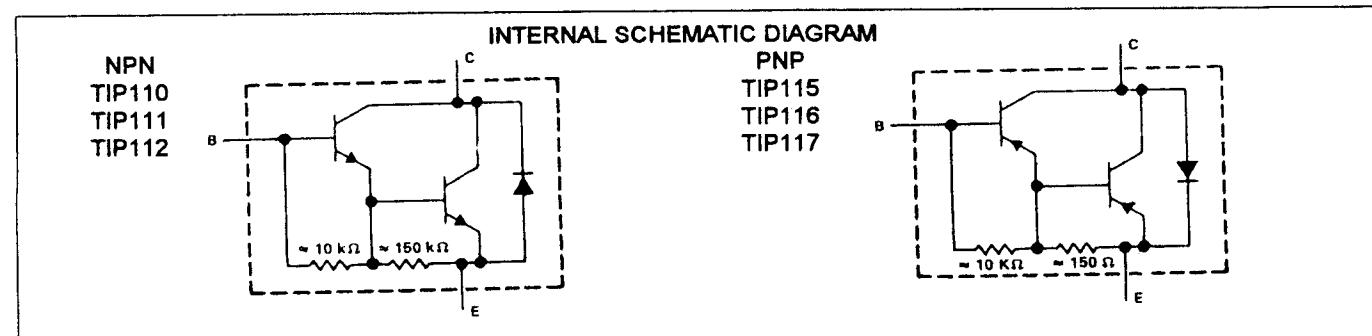


FIG-2 SWITCHING TIME

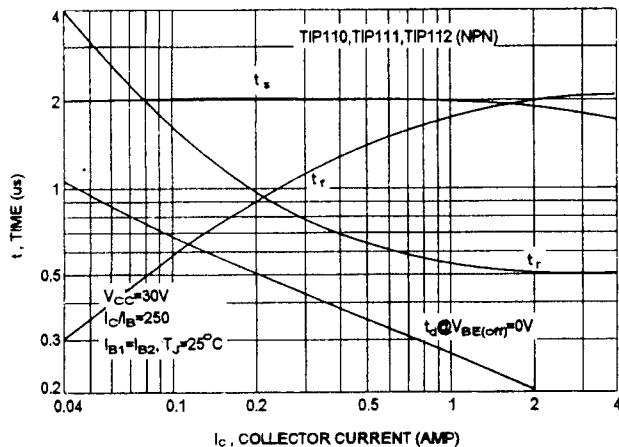


FIG-3 SWITCHING TIME

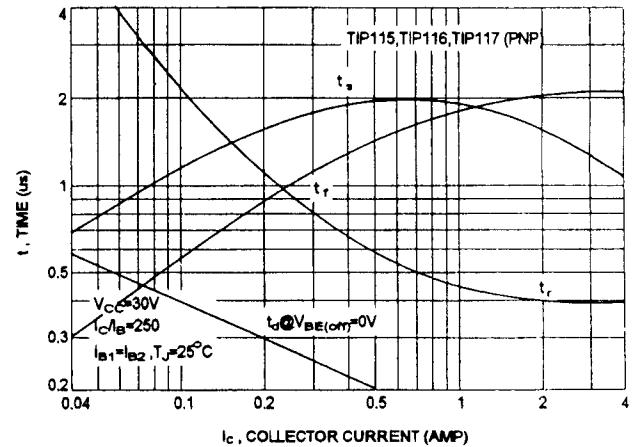


FIG-4 CAPACITANCES

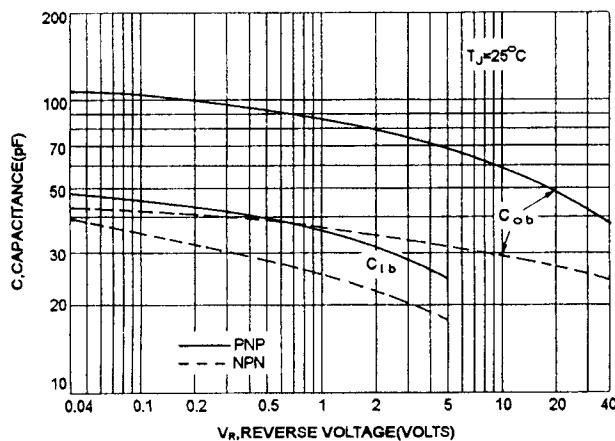


FIG-5 ACTIVE REGION SAFE OPERATING AREA

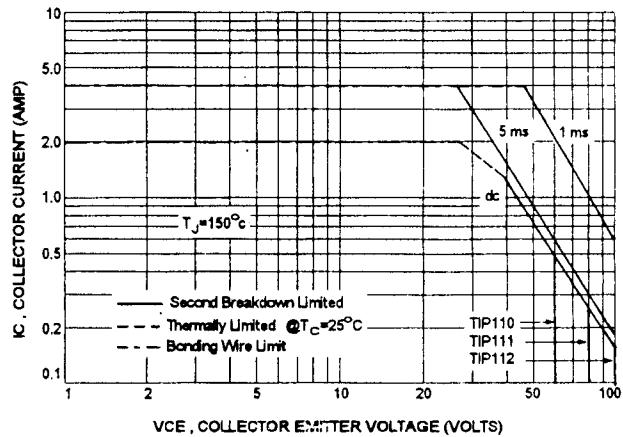
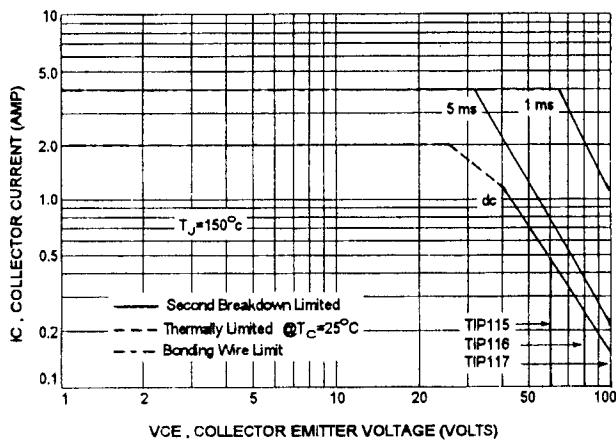


FIG-6 ACTIVE REGION SAFE OPERATING AREA



There are two limitation on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown safe operating area curves indicate I_C-V_{CE} limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than curves indicate.

The data of FIG-5 and 6 is base on $T_{J(PK)}=150^\circ C$; T_C is variable depending on power level. second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% provided $T_{J(PK)} \leq 150^\circ C$. At high case temperatures, thermal limitation will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.