



Product Manual

Standard models ST2000LM015 ST1000LM048 ST500LM030

100807728, Rev. A September 2016

Document Revision History

Revision	Date	Pages affected and Description of change
Rev. A	09/06/2016	Initial release

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Publication number: 100807728, Rev. A September 2016

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When referring to drive capacity, one gigabyte, or GB, equals one billion bytes and one terabyte, or TB, equals one trillion bytes. Your computer's operating system may use a different standard of measurement and report a lower capacity. In addition, some of the listed capacity is used for formatting and other functions, and thus will not be available for data storage. Actual quantities will vary based on various factors, including file size, file format, features and application software. Actual data rates may vary depending on operating environment and other factors. The export or re-export of hardware or software containing encryption may be regulated by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Industry and Security (for more information, visit www.bis.doc.gov), and controlled for import and use outside of the U.S. Seagate reserves the right to change, without notice, product offerings or specifications.

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Seagate® Technology Support Services

For information regarding online support and services, visit: <u>http://www.seagate.com/contacts/</u> For information regarding Warranty Support, visit: <u>http://www.seagate.com/support/warranty-and-replacements/</u> For information regarding data recovery services, visit: <u>http://www.seagate.com/services-software/data-recovery-services/</u> For Seagate OEM, Distribution partner and reseller portals, visit: <u>http://www.seagate.com/partners/</u>

1.0 Introduction

This manual describes the functional, mechanical and interface specifications for the following Seagate® BarraCuda® model drives:

Standard models
ST2000LM015
ST1000LM048
ST500LM030

These drives provide the following key features:

- 1000 Gs non-operating shock and 400 Gs of operating shock.
- 128MB buffer.
- 5400-RPM spindle speed.
- Full-track multiple-sector transfer capability without local processor intervention.
- High instantaneous (burst) data-transfer rates (up to 6Gb/s).
- MTC TechnologyTM, proprietary data flow management
- Native Command Queuing (NCQ) with command ordering.
- Perpendicular recording technology.
- Quiet operation. Fluid Dynamic Bearing (FDB) motor.
- SeaToolsTM diagnostic software performs a drive self-test that eliminates unnecessary drive returns.
- State-of-the-art cache and on-the-fly error-correction algorithms.
- Support for Read Multiple and Write Multiple commands.
- Support for S.M.A.R.T. drive monitoring and reporting.
- Worldwide Name (WWN) capability uniquely identifies the drive.

1.1 About the Serial ATA Interface

The Serial ATA interface provides several advantages over the traditional (parallel) ATA interface. The primary advantages include:

- Easy installation and configuration with true plug-and-play connectivity. It is not necessary to set any jumpers or other configuration options.
- Thinner and more flexible cabling for improved enclosure airflow and ease of installation.
- Scalability to higher performance levels.

In addition, Serial ATA makes the transition from parallel ATA easy by providing legacy software support. Serial ATA was designed to allow users to install a Serial ATA host adapter and Serial ATA disk drive in the current system and expect all of the existing applications to work as normal.

The Serial ATA interface connects each disk drive in a point-to-point configuration with the Serial ATA host adapter. There is no master/slave relationship with Serial ATA devices like there is with parallel ATA. If two drives are attached on one Serial ATA host adapter, the host operating system views the two devices as if they were both "masters" on two separate ports. This essentially means both drives behave as if they are Device 0 (master) devices.

Note The host adapter may, optionally, emulate a master/slave environment to host software where two devices on separate Serial ATA ports are represented to host software as a Device 0 (master) and Device 1 (slave) accessed at the same set of host bus addresses. A host adapter that emulates a master/slave environment manages two sets of shadow registers. This is not a typical Serial ATA environment.

The Serial ATA host adapter and drive share the function of emulating parallel ATA device behavior to provide backward compatibility with existing host systems and software. The Command and Control Block registers, PIO and DMA data transfers, resets, and interrupts are all emulated.

The Serial ATA host adapter contains a set of registers that shadow the contents of the traditional device registers, referred to as the Shadow Register Block. All Serial ATA devices behave like Device 0 devices. For additional information about how Serial ATA emulates parallel ATA, refer to the Serial ATA International Organization: Serial ATA (Revision 3.2). The specification can be downloaded from www.serialata.org.

2.0 Drive Specifications

Unless otherwise noted, all specifications are measured under ambient conditions, at 25°C, and nominal power. For convenience, the phrases *the drive* and *this drive* are used throughout this manual to indicate the following drive models:

The specification summaries listed in the following tables are for quick reference. For details on specification measurement or definition, refer to the appropriate section of this manual.

Table 1 Drive Specifications Summary

Drive Specification	ST2000LM015	ST1000LM048	ST500LM030
Formatted capacity ⁽¹⁾	2TB	1TB	500GB
Guaranteed sectors	3,907,029,168	1,953,525,168	976,773,168
Heads	4 2		
Disks	2 1		
Bytes per sector	512 (logical) / 4096 (physical)		
Recording density	2276 Kb/in		
Track density		580 Ktracks/in avg	
Areal density		1320 Gb/in ² avg	
Spindle speed		5400 RPM	
Maximum sustained data rate, OD read		140 MB/s	
Interface		SATA 6Gb/s	
ATA data-transfer modes supported	PIO modes 0-4 Multiword DMA modes 0-2 Ultra DMA modes 0-6		
Cache buffer	128 MB		
Height (mm/in)	7.0 (± 0.2) / 0.276 (± 008)		
Width (mm/in)	69.85 (± 0.25) / 2.750 (± 0.010)		
Length (mm/in)	100.35 (+0.20/-0.25) / 3.951 (+0.008/-0.010)		
Weight (g/lb) max	90 / 0.198 85 / 0.187		
Average latency	5.6 ms		
Startup current, Max (+5V)	1.0 A		
Voltage tolerance (including noise)	5V ± 5%		
Non-Operating (Ambient °C)	-40° to 70°		
Operating ambient temperature (min °C)	0°		
Operating temperature (drive case max °C)	60° [†]		
Temperature gradient	20°C per hour max (operating) 35°C per hour max (non-operating)		
Relative humidity	5% to 95% (operating) 5% to 95% (non-operating)		
Relative humidity gradient (max)	30% per hour		
Wet bulb temperature	37.7°C max (operating) 40.0°C max (non-operating)		
Altitude, operating	-304.8 m to 3048 m (-1000 ft to 10,000+ ft)		
Altitude, non-operating (below mean sea level, max)	–304.8 m to 12,192 m (–1000 ft to 40,000+ ft)		

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Table 1 Drive Specifications Summary (continued)

Drive Specification	ST2000LM015	ST1000LM048	ST500LM030
Operational Shock	400 Gs at 2 ms max		
Non-Operational Shock		1000 Gs at 1 ms max	
Vibration, operating	5–200 Hz: 2.0 Gs 201–500 Hz: 1.0 Gs		
Vibration, non-operating		5–500 Hz: 5.0 Gs	
Non-recoverable read errors	1 per 10 ¹⁴ bits read		
Rated workload	Average annualized workload rating: <55 TB/year. The AFR specification for the product assumes the I/O workload does not exceed the aver- age annualized workload rate limit of 55 TB/year. Workloads exceeding the annualized rate may degrade the product AFR and impact reliability as experienced by the particular appli- cation. The average annualized workload rate limit is in units of TB per calendar year.		
Warranty	To determine the warranty for a specific drive, use a web browser to access t web page: <u>http://www.seagate.com/support/warranty-and-replacements/</u> . From this page, click on the "Is my Drive under Warranty" link. The following are be provided: the drive serial number, model number (or part number) and purchase. The system will display the warranty information for the drive.		eplacements/. . The following are required to part number) and country of
Load-unload cycles	600,000 at 25°C, 50% rel. humidity		
Supports Hotplug operation per the Serial ATA Revision 3.2 specification	Yes		

 One GB equals one billion bytes when referring to hard drive capacity. Accessible capacity may vary depending on operating environment and formatting.

+ Seagate does not recommend operating at sustained case temperatures above 60°C. Operating at higher temperatures will reduce useful life of the product.

2.1 Formatted Capacity

Model	Formatted Capacity ⁽¹⁾	Guaranteed Sectors	Bytes per Sector
2TB model	2000 GB	3,907,029,168	
1TB model	1000 GB	1,953,525,168	512 (logical) / 4096 (physical)
500GB model	500 GB	976,773,168	

1. One GB equals one billion bytes when referring to hard drive capacity. Accessible capacity may vary depending on operating environment and formatting.

2.1.1 LBA mode

When addressing these drives in LBA mode, all blocks (sectors) are consecutively numbered from 0 to n-1, where n is the number of guaranteed sectors as defined above.

Refer to **Configuring and Mounting the Drive** on page 18 (words 60-61 and 100-103) for additional information about 48-bit addressing support of drives with capacities over 137 GB.

2.2 Physical organization

Drive model	Read/write heads	Number of discs
ST2000LM015	4	2
ST1000LM048 and ST500LM030	2	1

2.3 Recording and Interface Technology

Interface	SATA 6Gb/s
Recording method	Perpendicular
Recording density	2276 Kb/in
Track density	580 ktracks/in avg
Areal density	1320 Gb/in ² avg
Spindle speed	5400 RPM
Data transfer rate (up to)	140 MB/s

2.4 Physical Characteristics

Height (mm/in)	7.0 (± 0.2) / 0.276 (± 008)
Width (mm/in)	69.85 (± 0.25) / 2.750 (± 0.010)
Length (mm/in)	100.35 (+0.20/-0.25) / 3.951 (+0.008/-0.010)
Typical weight (g/lb)	90 / 0.198 (ST2000LM015) 85 / 0.187 (ST1000LM048 & ST500LM030)
Cache buffer	128MB

2.5 Seek time

Seek measurements are taken with nominal power at 25°C ambient temperature. All times are measured using drive diagnostics. The specifications in the table below are defined as follows:

- Track-to-track seek time is an average of all possible single-track seeks in both directions.
- Average seek time is a true statistical random average of at least 5000 measurements of seeks between random tracks, less overhead.

Table 2 Typical seek times

Typical seek times (ms)	Read
Track-to-track	1.5
Average	13.0
Average latency	5.6

Note

These drives are designed to consistently meet the seek times represented in this manual. Physical seeks, regardless of mode (such as track-to-track and average), are expected to meet the noted values. However, due to the manner in which these drives are formatted, benchmark tests that include command overhead or measure logical seeks may produce results that vary from these specifications.

2.6 Start/stop times

Table 3Start/stop times

Capacity	1-disk models	2-disk models	1-disk models	2-disk models
Typical seek times (ms)	Typical		Max @ 25°C	
Power-on to ready (sec)	2.8	3.3	3.0	3.5
Standby to ready (sec)	2.5		3	.0

2.7 Power Specifications

The drive receives DC power (+5V) through a native SATA power connector (refer to Figure 3).

2.7.1 Power consumption

Power requirements for the drives are listed in the table in **Table 4**. Typical power measurements are based on an average of drives tested, under nominal conditions, at 25°C ambient temperature. These power measurements are done with Interface Power Management modes like HIPM and DIPM enabled.

Spinup power

Spinup power is measured from the time of power-on to the time that the drive spindle reaches operating speed.

Seek mode

During seek mode, the read/write actuator arm moves toward a specific position on the disk surface and does not execute a read or write operation. Servo electronics are active. Seek mode power is measured based on three random seek operations every 100 ms. This mode is not typical.

• Read/write power and current

Read/write power is measured with the heads on track, based on three 63 sector read or write operations every 100 ms.

Idle mode power

Idle mode power is measured with the drive up to speed, with servo electronics active and with the heads in a random track location.

Standby mode

During standby mode, the drive accepts commands, but the drive is not spinning, and the servo and read/write electronics are in power-down mode.

Power Dissipation	1-disk models +5V input average (25° C)	2-disk models +5V input average (25° C)
Spinup (max)	1.0	0A
Write average	1.70W	1.80W
Read average	1.60W	1.70W
Idle, performance ⁽¹⁾	1.40W	1.50W
Idle, active	0.69W	0.85W
Idle, low power mode	0.45W	0.50W
Standby ⁽²⁾	0.13W	
Sleep	0.13W	

Table 4DC Power Requirements

1. During periods of drive idle, some offline activity may occur according to the S.M.A.R.T. specification, which may increase acoustic and power to operational levels.

2. Standby power is measured at steady state (after 200ms from transition)

2.7.1.1 Typical current profiles

The typical 5V startup and operation current profile is shown in **Figure 1** and **Figure 2**.

Figure 1 Typical 1D - 5V Startup and Operation Current Profile



Figure 2 Typical 2D - 5V Startup and Operation Current Profile



2.7.2 Conducted noise

Input noise ripple is measured at the host system power supply across an equivalent 15-ohm resistive load on the +5 volt line.

Using 5-volt power, the drive is expected to operate with a maximum of 100 mV peak-to-peak square-wave injected noise at up to 20 MHz.

Note Equivalent resistance is calculated by dividing the nominal voltage by the typical RMS read/write current.

2.7.3 Supply Voltage

Allowable voltage	5V ± 5%
Allowable noise/ripple	100 p-p max, 0-20 MHz
Allowable supply rise time	<100 ms

2.7.4 Power management modes

The drive provides programmable power management to provide greater energy efficiency. In most systems, power management is controlled through the system setup program. The drive features the following power-management modes:

Power modes	Heads	Spindle	Buffer
Active (operating)	Tracking	Rotating	Full power
Idle, performance	Tracking	Rotating	Self refresh—low power
Idle, active	Floating	Rotating	Self refresh—low power
Idle, low power	Parked	Rotating	Self refresh—low power
Standby	Parked	Stopped	Self refresh—low power
Sleep	Parked	Stopped	Self refresh—low power

Active mode

The drive is in active mode during the read/write and seek operations.

n Idle mode

The buffer remains enabled, and the drive accepts all commands and returns to active mode any time disk access is necessary.

Standby mode

The drive enters standby mode when the host sends a standby Immediate command. If the host has set the standby timer, the drive can also enter standby mode automatically after the drive has been inactive for a specifiable length of time. The standby timer delay is established using a standby or idle command. In standby mode, the drive buffer is enabled, the heads are parked and the spindle is at rest. The drive accepts all commands and returns to active mode any time disk access is necessary.

n Sleep mode

The drive enters sleep mode after receiving a sleep command from the host. In sleep mode, the drive buffer is disabled, the heads are parked and the spindle is at rest. The drive leaves sleep mode after it receives a hard reset or soft reset from the host. After receiving a reset, the drive exits sleep mode and enters standby mode with all current translation parameters intact.

n Idle and standby timers

Each time the drive performs an active function (read, write or seek), the standby timer is reinitialized and begins counting down from its specified delay times to zero. If the standby timer reaches zero before any drive activity is required, the drive makes a transition to standby mode. In both Idle and standby mode, the drive accepts all commands and returns to active mode when disk access is necessary.

2.8 Environmental Specifications

This section provides the temperature, humidity, shock, and vibration specifications for BarraCuda drives.

Ambient temperature is defined as the temperature of the environment immediately surrounding the drive.

Above 1000 feet (305 meters), the maximum temperature is derated linearly by 1°C every 1000 feet.

Table 5: Environmental specifications

Parameters	Operating	Non-Operating
Ambient temperature	0° to 60°C (32° to 140°F)	-40° to 70°C (-40° to 158°F)
Temperature gradient	20°C per hour (36°F per hour) max, without condensation	35°C per hour (63°F per hour) max, without condensation
Humidity	5% to 95% non-condensing (30% per hour)	5% to 95% non-condensing (30% per hour)
Wet bulb	37.7°C (99.8°F) max	40°C (104°F) max
Altitude	-304.8m to 3048m (-1000ft to 10,000ft)	-304.8m to 12,192m (-1000ft to 40,000ft)

Note Seagate does not recommend operating at sustained case temperatures above 60°C. Operating at higher temperatures will reduce useful life of the product.

	The recommended storage period:
Note	• 1 year under controlled conditions of 34°C 90%RH or less
	 90 days in uncontrolled storage conditions

2.8.1 Shock

All shock specifications assume that the drive is mounted securely with the input shock applied at the drive mounting screws. Shock may be applied in the X, Y, or Z axis.

2.8.1.1 Operating shock

These drives comply with the performance levels specified in this document when subjected to a maximum operating shock of 400 Gs based on half-sine shock pulses of 2ms. Shocks should not be repeated more than one time per axis.

2.8.1.2 Non-operating shock

The non-operating shock level that the drive can experience without incurring physical damage or degradation in performance when subsequently put into operation is 1000 Gs based on a nonrepetitive half-sine shock pulse of 1 ms duration.

2.8.2 Vibration

All vibration specifications assume that the drive is mounted securely with the input vibration applied at the drive mounting screws. Vibration may be applied in the X, Y, or Z axis.

2.8.2.1 Operating vibration

The maximum vibration levels that the drive may experience while meeting the performance standards specified in this document are specified below.

5–200 Hz	2.0 Gs (0 to peak). Max displacement may apply below 10 Hz.
201–500 Hz	1.0 Gs (0 to peak).

2.8.2.2 Non-operating vibration

The maximum non-operating vibration levels that the drive may experience without incurring physical damage or degradation in performance when subsequently put into operation are specified below.

5–500 Hz	5.0 Gs (0 to peak). Max displacement may apply below 22 Hz.
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2.9 Acoustics

Drive emission of sound is measured consistent with the ECMA-74 and its referenced standards. Testing is conducted at room temperature (approximately 25°C). Emission levels are reported as the total A-weighted sound power levers for steady state, idle, and active seeks modes of operation.

 Table 6
 Drive A-weighted Sound Power Levels (SWL, BA)

	1-disk models	2-disk models
ldle ⁽¹⁾	2.0 bels (typ) 2.2 bels (max)	2.2 bels (typ) 2.4 bels (max)
Performance Seek	2.2 bels (typ) 2.4 bels (max)	2.4 bels (typ) 2.6 bels (max)

1. During periods of drive idle, some offline activity may occur according to the S.M.A.R.T. specification, which may increase acoustic and power to operational levels.

2.9.1 Test for prominent discrete tones (PDTs)

Seagate follows the ECMA-74 standards for measurement and identification of PDTs. An exception to this process is the use of the absolute threshold of hearing. Seagate uses the lower limit for the threshold curve* to discern tone audibility and to compensate for the inaudible components of sound prior to computation of tone ratios according to Annex D of the ECMA-74 standards.

*Defined as the median curve given by ISO 389-7 (Tf curve) minus 10dB at all frequencies.

2.10 Electromagnetic Immunity

When properly installed in a representative host system, the drive operates without errors or degradation in performance when subjected to the radio frequency (RF) environment as defined in Table 7.

Table 7 Radio Frequency Environments

Test	Description	Performance Level	Reference Standard
Electrostatic discharge	Contact, HCP, VCP: \pm 4 kV; Air: \pm 8 kV	В	EN 61000-4-2: 95
Radiated RF immunity	80 to 1GHz, 3 V/m, 80% AM with 1 kHz sine 900 MHz, 3 V/m, 50% pulse modulation @ 200 Hz	A	EN 61000-4-3: 96 ENV 50204: 95
Electrical fast transient	\pm 1 kV on AC mains, \pm 0.5 kV on external I/O	В	EN 61000-4-4: 95
Surge immunity	\pm 1 kV differential, \pm 2 kV common, AC mains	В	EN 61000-4-5: 95
Conducted RF immunity	150 kHz to 80 MHz, 3 Vrms, 80% AM with 1 kHz sine	A	EN 61000-4-6: 97
Power Frequency H-field immunity	1 A/m, 50Hz/60Hz, 3 axes	A	EN 61000-4-8: 97
Voltage dips, interrupts	30% Reduction for 25 cycles >95% Reduction for 250 cycles >95%, 0.5 cycles	C C B	EN 61000-4-11: 94

2.10.1 DC Magnetic Field Immunity

Table 8: DC Magnetic Field Immunity

Test	Product Spec (Standalone)
DC Magnetic Field Immunity ^{1, 2, 3}	400 Gauss, RMS
 ¹ Field in Gauss at the drive envelope. Testing per procedures 20800109-349 and 20800109-350. ² Passing Field in Gauss at the drive envelope. In practice, testing is conducted using a fixed distance from the bottom of the magnetic to the top of the drive. Calibration of the field vs. distance is done with a Hall probe with no magnetic materials present. 	

³ Testing to be done with magnet .375" dia. x 0.100" Ni-plated NdFeB; B,~11.5 kG, magnetized along its length; the magnet is oriented with the length perpendicular to the drive cover/PCBA. Drive to be properly secured during test.

2.11 Reliability

Non-recoverable read errors	1 per 10 ¹⁴ bits read, max
Load/Unload (U/UL)	
25°C, 50% relative humidity	600,000 software-controlled power on/off cycles 20,000 hard power on/off cycles
Rated workload	Average annualized workload rating: <55 TB/year. The AFR specification for the product assumes the I/O workload does not exceed the average annualized workload rate limit of 55 TB/year. Workloads exceeding the annualized rate may degrade the product AFR and impact reliability as experienced by the particular application. The average annualized work- load rate limit is in units of TB per calendar year.
Warranty	To determine the warranty for a specific drive, use a web browser to access the following web page: <u>http://www.seagate.com/support/warranty-and-replacements/</u> . From this page, click on the "Is my Drive under Warranty" link. The following are required to be provided: the drive serial number, model number (or part number) and country of purchase. The system will dis- play the warranty information for the drive.

2.12 Agency Certification

2.12.1 Safety certification

These products are certified to meet the requirements of UL60950-1, CSA60950-1 and EN60950 and so marked as to the certify agency.

The following regulatory model number represent all features and configurations within the series:

Regulatory Model Numbers: SDC001/SDC003

2.12.2 Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

Hard drives that display the CE mark comply with the European Union (EU) requirements specified in the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2004/108/EC (Until 19th April, 2016) and 2014/30/EU (From 20th April, 2016). Testing is performed to the levels specified by the product standards for Information Technology Equipment (ITE). Emission levels are defined by EN 55022, Class B and the immunity levels are defined by EN 55024.

Drives are tested in representative end-user systems. Although CE-marked Seagate drives comply with the directives when used in the test systems, we cannot guarantee that all systems will comply with the directives. The drive is designed for operation inside a properly designed enclosure, with properly shielded I/O cable (if necessary) and terminators on all unused I/O ports. Computer manufacturers and system integrators should confirm EMC compliance and provide CE marking for their products.

Korean RRA

If these drives have the Korean Communications Commission (KCC) logo, they comply with paragraph 1 of Article 11 of the Electromagnetic Compatibility control Regulation and meet the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Framework requirements of the Radio Research Agency (RRA) Communications Commission, Republic of Korea.

These drives have been tested and comply with the Electromagnetic Interference/Electromagnetic Susceptibility (EMI/EMS) for Class B products. Drives are tested in a representative, end-user system by a Korean-recognized lab.



Australian RCM Compliance Mark

Models displayed with the RCM compliance mark, comply with the mandatory standards as per the Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA) Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) regulatory arrangement.

2.12.3 FCC verification

These drives are intended to be contained solely within a personal computer or similar enclosure (not attached as an external device). As such, each drive is considered to be a subassembly even when it is individually marketed to the customer. As a subassembly, no Federal Communications Commission verification or certification of the device is required.

Seagate has tested this device in enclosures as described above to ensure that the total assembly (enclosure, disk drive, motherboard, power supply, etc.) does comply with the limits for a Class B computing device, pursuant to Subpart J, Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation with noncertified assemblies is likely to result in interference to radio and television reception.

Radio and television interference. This equipment generates and uses radio frequency energy and if not installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, may cause interference to radio and television reception.

This equipment is designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference in a residential installation. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television, which can be determined by turning the equipment on and off, users are encouraged to try one or more of the following corrective measures:

- Reorient the receiving antenna.
- Move the device to one side or the other of the radio or TV.
- Move the device farther away from the radio or TV.
- Plug the computer into a different outlet so that the receiver and computer are on different branch outlets.

If necessary, users should consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions. Users may find helpful the following booklet prepared by the Federal Communications Commission: *How to Identify and Resolve Radio-Television Interference Problems*. This booklet is available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. Refer to publication number 004-000-00345-4.

2.13 Environmental Protection

Seagate designs its products to meet environmental protection requirements worldwide, including regulations restricting certain chemical substances.

2.13.1 European Union Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive

The European Union Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive, restricts the presence of chemical substances, including Lead, Cadmium, Mercury, Hexavalent Chromium, PBB and PBDE, in electronic products, effective July 2006. This drive is manufactured with components and materials that comply with the RoHS Directive.

2.13.2 China Requirements — China RoHS 2

China RoHS 2 refers to the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology Order No. 32, effective July 1, 2016, titled Management Methods for the Restriction of the Use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Products. To comply with China RoHS 2, we determined this product's Environmental Protection Use Period (EPUP) to be 20 years in accordance with the Marking for the Restricted Use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical Products, SJT 11364-2014.

中国电器电子产品有害物质限制使用管理办法

(Management Methods for the Restriction of the Use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Products _ China RoHS)

产品中有害物质的名称及含量

(Name and Content of the Hazardous Substances in Product)

Table 9 Hazardous Substances

部件名称 Part Name	有害物 质 Hazardous Substances					
	铅 Lead (Pb)	汞 Mercury (Hg)	镉 Cadmium (Cd)	六价铬 Hexavalent Chromium (CF (VI))	多溴联苯 Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)
印刷电路板组 装 PCBA	x	0	0	0	0	0
机壳 Chassis	x	0	0	0	0	0

本表格依据 SJ/T 11364 的规定编制。

This table is prepared in accordance with the provisions of SJ/T 11364-2014

- O: 表示该有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在 GB/T 26572 规定的限量要求以下。
- **O:** Indicates that the hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement of GB/T26572.
- X: 表示该有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出 GB/T 26572 规定的限量要求。
- X: Indicates that the hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials used for this part is above the limit requirement of GB/T26572.

2.14 Corrosive Environment

Seagate electronic drive components pass accelerated corrosion testing equivalent to 10 years exposure to light industrial environments containing sulfurous gases, chlorine and nitric oxide, classes G and H per ASTM B845. However, this accelerated testing cannot duplicate every potential application environment.

Users should use caution exposing any electronic components to uncontrolled chemical pollutants and corrosive chemicals as electronic drive component reliability can be affected by the installation environment. The silver, copper, nickel and gold films used in Seagate products are especially sensitive to the presence of sulfide, chloride, and nitrate contaminants. Sulfur is found to be the most damaging. In addition, electronic components should never be exposed to condensing water on the surface of the printed circuit board assembly (PCBA) or exposed to an ambient relative humidity greater than 95%. Materials used in cabinet fabrication, such as vulcanized rubber, that can outgas corrosive compounds should be minimized or eliminated. The useful life of any electronic equipment may be extended by replacing materials near circuitry with sulfide-free alternatives.

3.0 Configuring and Mounting the Drive

This section contains the specifications and instructions for configuring and mounting the drive.

3.1 Handling and Static-Discharge Precautions

After unpacking, and before installation, the drive may be exposed to potential handling and electrostatic discharge (ESD) hazards. Observe the following standard handling and static-discharge precautions.

CAUTION	 Keep the drive in the electrostatic discharge (ESD) bag until ready for installation to limit the drive's exposure to ESD. Before handling the drive, put on a grounded wrist strap, or ground yourself frequently by touching the metal chassis of a computer that is plugged into a grounded outlet. Wear a grounded wrist strap throughout the entire installation procedure. Handle the drive by its edges or frame <i>only</i>. The drive is extremely fragile—handle it with care. Do not press down on the drive top cover. Always rest the drive on a padded, antistatic surface until mounting it in the computer. Do not touch the connector pins or the printed circuit board. Do not remove the factory-installed labels from the drive or cover them with additional labels. Removal voids the warranty. Some factory-installed labels contain information needed to service the drive. Other labels are used to seal out dirt and contamination.
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3.2 Configuring the Drive

Each drive on the Serial ATA interface connects in a point-to-point configuration with the Serial ATA host adapter. There is no master/slave relationship because each drive is considered a master in a point-to-point relationships. If two drives are attached on one Serial ATA host adapter, the host operating system views the two devices as if they were both "masters" on two separate ports. Both drives behave as if they are Device 0 (master) devices.

3.2.1 Serial ATA Cables and Connectors

The Serial ATA interface cable consists of four conductors in two differential pairs, plus three ground connections. The cable size may be 30 to 26 AWG with a maximum length of one meter (39.37 in). Refer to **Table 10** for connector pin definitions. Either end of the SATA signal cable can be attached to the drive or host.

For direct backplane connection, the drive connectors are inserted directly into the host receptacle. The drive and the host receptacle incorporate features that enable the direct connection to be hot pluggable and blind mateable. For installations which require cables, users can connect the drive as shown in **Figure 3**.





Each cable is keyed to ensure correct orientation. BarraCuda drives support latching SATA connectors.

3.3 Drive Mounting

Users can mount the drive in any orientation using four screws in the side-mounting holes or four screws in the bottom-mounting holes. Refer to Figure 4 and Figure 5 for drive mounting dimensions. Follow these important mounting precautions when mounting the drive:

- Allow a minimum clearance of 0.030 in (0.76 mm) around the entire perimeter of the drive for cooling.
- Use only M3 x 0.5 mounting screws.
- Do not overtighten the mounting screws. Maximum torque: 4.0 in-lb (0.4519 N-m).
- Four (4) threads (0.080 in, 2.032 mm) minimum screw engagement recommended.
- Avoid excessive drive distortion when mounting. Refer to the following specifications for stiffness/deflection information:

Top cover stiffness/deflection	
Operating: no performance degradation, emitted noise, mechanical damage, or hard errors	10 mm probe: 2.0kgf (typical)
Non-operating: no hard errors	10 mm probe: maximum 2.0kgf (instantaneous)

Figure 4 Mounting Dimensions (for 1-disk models)





4.0 Serial ATA (SATA) Interface

These drives use the industry-standard Serial ATA interface that supports FIS data transfers. It supports ATA programmed input/output (PIO) modes 0–4; multiword DMA modes 0–2, and Ultra DMA modes 0–6. The drive also supports the use of the IORDY signal to provide reliable high-speed data transfers.

For detailed information about the Serial ATA interface, refer to the Serial ATA: High Speed Serialized AT Attachment specification.

4.1 Hot-Plug Compatibility

BarraCuda drives incorporate connectors which enable users to hot plug these drives in accordance with the Serial ATA: High Speed Serialized AT Attachment specification revision 2.0. This specification can be downloaded from <u>www.serialata.org</u>. This device requires a COMRESET from the host after a hotplug event.

4.2 Serial ATA Device Plug Connector Pin Definitions

Table 10 summarizes the signals on the Serial ATA interface and power connectors. Refer to the Notes below.

 Table 10
 Serial ATA Connector Pin Definitions

Segment	Pin	Function	Definition
	S1	Ground	2nd mate
	S2	A+	Differential signal pair A from Phy
	S3	A-	
Signal	S4	Ground	2nd mate
	S5	В-	Differential signal pair B from Phy
	S6	B+	
	S7	Ground	2nd mate
Key and spa	cing sep	arate signal and power seg	ments
	P1	V33	3.3V power
	P2	V33	3.3V power
	P3	V33	3.3V power, pre-charge, 2nd mate
	P4	Ground	1st mate
	P5	Ground	2nd mate
	P6	Ground	2nd mate
	P7	V5	5V power, pre-charge, 2nd mate
Power	P8	V5	5V power
	P9	V5	5V power
	P10	Ground	2nd mate
	P11	Ground or LED signal	If grounded, drive does not use deferred spin
	P12	Ground	1st mate
	P13	V12	12V power, pre-charge, 2nd mate
	P14	V12	12V power
	P15	V12	12V power

Notes

4 All used voltage pins (V_x) must be terminated.

¹ All pins are in a single row, with a 1.27 mm (0.050 in) pitch.

² The comments on the mating sequence apply to the case of backplane blindmate connector only. In this case, the mating sequences are:

[•] the ground pins P4 and P12.

[•] the pre-charge power pins and the other ground pins.

[•] the signal pins and the rest of the power pins.

³ There are three power pins for each voltage. One pin from each voltage is used for pre-charge when installed in a blind-mate backplane configuration.

4.3 Supported ATA Commands

 Table 11
 lists Serial ATA standard commands that the drive supports. For a detailed description of the ATA commands, refer to the Serial ATA International Organization: Serial ATA (Revision 2.6). Refer to www.sata-io.org.

Refer to **S.M.A.R.T. commands** on page 29 for details and subcommands used in the S.M.A.R.T. implementation.

Table 11 Supported ATA commands

Device Configuration RestoreB1h/C0hDevice Configuration IdentifyB1h/C1hDevice Configuration IdentifyB1h/C3hDownload Microcode92hExecute Device Diagnostics90hFlush CacheE7hFlush Cache ExtendedEAhIdentify DeviceEChInitialize Device Parameters91hRead DMAC8hRead DMAC8hRead DMA Ketneded25hRead DMA Ketneded22hRead DMA KetnesC9hRead DMA Ketnes22hRead DMA Ketnes22hRead Long with Retries23hRead NultipleC4hRead Nultiple Extended29hRead Nultiple Extended29hRead Sutive Max AddressF8hRead Sutive Max Address20hRead Sutive Max Address Extended20hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Without Retries20hRead Sectors Suthout Retries21hRead Sectors Sectored20hRead Sectors Sectored20hRead Sectors Sectored21hRead Sectors Sectored42hRead Verify Sectors Retried42hSeck70hSeck Sector Sectored6PhSect Max Address Extended6PhSeck Sector Sectored6PhSeck Sector Sectored6PhSeck Sector Sector Sectored6PhSeck Sector Sector Sectored6PhSeck Max Address Ext7PhSect Max Address Ext7Ph	ATA-standard commands names	Command code (in hex)	
Device Configuration IdentifyB1h/x2hDevice Configuration SetB1h/x2hDownload Microcode92hExecute Device Diagnostics90hFlush CacheE7hFlush CacheEAhIdentify DeviceEChInitialize Device Parameters91hRead BufferE4hRead DMAC8hRead DMAC9hRead DMA Extended25hRead DMA extended22hRead DMA extended22hRead DMA extended23hRead Nawithout Retries23hRead Nawithout Retries23hRead NultipleC4hRead Nultiple Extended29hRead Nultiple Extended27hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hSet Read Verify Sectors Extended21hSet Read Verify Sectors Extended21hSet Read Verify Sectors Extended21hSet Max Address Ext70hSet Read Native Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features01_HSet Max Address Ext73hSet Max Address Ext73h	Device Configuration Restore	B1h/C0h	
Device Configuration SetB1h/C3hDownload Microcode92hExecute Device Diagnostics90hFlush CacheE7hFlush Cache ExtendedEAhIdentify DeviceEChInitialize Device Parameters91hRead BufferE4hRead DMAC8hRead DMA Extended25hRead DMA extended29hRead DMA tetriesC9hRead DMA without Retries21hRead Long with Retries22hRead MultipleC4hRead Nultiple Extended29hRead Nultiple Extended29hRead Nultiple Extended29hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Sectors Sectorabed21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hSeek70hSet FeaturesF9hNote: Individual Set Max Commands are identifier Password: Lock: Unlock: recez ad efined to the right.00h Password: O4H O4H O4H O4HSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext <t< td=""><td>Device Configuration Freeze Lock</td><td>B1h/C1h</td></t<>	Device Configuration Freeze Lock	B1h/C1h	
Download Microcode92hExecute Device Diagnostics90hFlush CacheE7hFlush Cache ExtendedEAhIdentify DeviceEChInitialize Device Parameters91hRead BufferE4hRead DMAC8hRead DMA Extended25hRead DMA Extended29hRead DMA KetriesC9hRead Long with Retries21hRead Long with Retries22hRead MultipleC4hRead Nultiple Extended29hRead Nultiple Extended29hRead Nultiple Extended27hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hSeek70hSet Raux AddressF8hSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max FeaturesF9hSet Max Address Ext70hSet Max Address Ext<	Device Configuration Identify	B1h/C2h	
Execute Device Diagnostics90hFlush CacheE7hFlush Cache ExtendedEAhIdentify DeviceEChInitialize Device Parameters91hRead BufferE4hRead DMAC8hRead DMAC9hRead DMA Extended25hRead DMA Extended22hRead Long with Retries22hRead Long without Retries23hRead MultipleC4hRead Multiple Extended29hRead Native Max AddressF8hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hSeek70hSet Features61hSeek70hSet FeaturesF8hSeek70hSet Max Address Extended62hSeek60hSeek60hSeek60hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek61hSeek <td>Device Configuration Set</td> <td>B1h/C3h</td>	Device Configuration Set	B1h/C3h	
Flush CacheE7hFlush Cache ExtendedEAhIdentify DeviceEChInitialize Device Parameters91hRead BufferE4hRead DMAC8hRead DMAC8hRead DMA Extended25hRead DMA without RetriesC9hRead Long with Retries22hRead Long without Retries23hRead MultipleC4hRead Multiple Extended29hRead Native Max Address Extended27hRead Sectors Extended27hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hSet Features51hSet Features51hSet Max AddressF8hSet Max Address61hSet Max Address61hSet Max Address61hSet Max Address61hSet Max Address61hSet Max Address Extended70hSet Max Address61hSet Max Address70hSet Max Address70hSet Max Address70hSet Max Address Ext70hSet Max Address Ext70h	Download Microcode	92h	
Flush Cache ExtendedEAhIdentify DeviceEChInitialize Device Parameters91hRead BufferE4hRead DMAC8hRead DMAC9hRead DMA Extended25hRead DMA without RetriesC9hRead Long with Retries22hRead Long without Retries23hRead MultipleC4hRead Multiple Extended29hRead Native Max Address Extended27hRead Sectors Extended27hRead Sectors Extended24hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hSet Features5PhSet FeaturesF9hSet Max AddressF9hSet Max Address6HSet Max Address6HSet Max Address Extended20hSet Max Address6HSet Max Address6HSet Max Address6HSet Max Address7hSet Max Address Ext $Address: Paysword: DOH HE AND PARAMERESet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext6HSet Max Address Ext6H$	Execute Device Diagnostics	90h	
Identify DeviceEChInitialize Device Parameters91hRead BufferE4hRead DMAC8hRead DMAC8hRead DMA Extended25hRead DMA without RetriesC9hRead Long with Retries22hRead Long with Retries23hRead MultipleC4hRead Multiple Extended29hRead Native Max AddressF8hRead Native Max Address7hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hSeek70hSet FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max Commands are identified py the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right.Address: Password: NOTH D3H D3H D3H D3H D3HSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext6h/D9hSet Max Address Ext6h/D9hSet Multiple ModeC6hSM.A.R.T. Enable/Disable AutosaveBoh/D2h	Flush Cache	E7h	
Initialize Device Parameters91hRead BufferE4hRead DMAC8hRead DMA Extended25hRead DMA without RetriesC9hRead Long with Retries22hRead Long without Retries23hRead Long without Retries23hRead MultipleC4hRead Multiple Extended29hRead Naive Max AddressF8hRead Native Max Address Extended27hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended24hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended41hSeek70hSet FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right.00 Password: 03H 03	Flush Cache Extended	EAh	
Read BufferE4hRead DMAC8hRead DMA Extended25hRead DMA without RetriesC9hRead Long with Retries22hRead Long with Retries23hRead MultipleC4hRead Multiple Extended29hRead Native Max AddressF8hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors without Retries21hSeek70hSet Features51hSet Max AddressF8hSet Max Address61hSet Max Address90hSet Max Address70hSet Max Address61hSet Max Address70hSet Max Address70hSet Max Address Extended61hSet Max Address70hSet Max Address70hSet Max Address Ext61hSet Max Address Ext70hSet Max Address Ext </td <td>Identify Device</td> <td colspan="2">ECh</td>	Identify Device	ECh	
Read DMAC8hRead DMA Extended25hRead DMA without RetriesC9hRead Long with Retries22hRead Long with Retries23hRead Long without Retries23hRead MultipleC4hRead Multiple Extended29hRead Native Max AddressF8hRead Native Max Address Extended27hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended24hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended41hSeek70hSet FeaturesFFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max Commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features' register as defined to the right.00h 10 H 024 HSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext30h/D9hSh.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Aut	Initialize Device Parameters	91h	
Read DMA Extended25hRead DMA without RetriesC9hRead Long with Retries22hRead Long without Retries23hRead MultipleC4hRead Multiple Extended29hRead Native Max AddressF8hRead Native Max Address Extended27hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended24hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors without Retries21hSeek70hSet FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right.Address: Password: 00H (1)H (0)H (0)H (0)H (0)H (0)H (0)H (0)H (0	Read Buffer	E4h	
Read DMA without RetriesC9hRead Long with Retries22hRead Long without Retries23hRead Long without Retries23hRead MultipleC4hRead Multiple Extended29hRead Native Max AddressF8hRead Native Max Address Extended27hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended24hRead Sectors Extended24hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Verify Sectors40hRead Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors without Retries41hSeek70hSet FeaturesFFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right.Address: Password: Unlock: Freeze Lock:00H 01H 01H 03H 03H 04HSet Max Address Ext37h	Read DMA	C8h	
Read Long with Retries22hRead Long without Retries23hRead MultipleC4hRead Multiple Extended29hRead Native Max AddressF8hRead Native Max AddressF8hRead Native Max Address Extended20hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended24hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Sectors Extended40hRead Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors Extended41hSeek70hSet FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right.00H OIH 	Read DMA Extended	25h	
Read Long without Retries23hRead MultipleC4hRead Multiple Extended29hRead Native Max AddressF8hRead Native Max Address Extended27hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended24hRead Sectors Extended24hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Sectors without Retries21hRead Verify Sectors40hRead Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors Extended41hSeek70hSet FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right.00 _H 02 _H 03 _H 04 _H Set Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext60h/D9hSet Max Address Ext80h/D9hSet Max Address Ext80h/D9h	Read DMA without Retries	C9h	
Read MultipleC4hRead Multiple Extended29hRead Native Max AddressF8hRead Native Max Address Extended27hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended24hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Sectors without Retries21hRead Verify Sectors Extended40hRead Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors without Retries41hSeek70hSet FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right.Address: Password: Unlock: Preze Lock:00H 01H 02H 03H 04HSet Max Address Ext37h	Read Long with Retries	22h	
Read Multiple Extended29hRead Native Max AddressF8hRead Native Max Address Extended27hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended24hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Sectors without Retries21hRead Verify Sectors40hRead Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors extended41hSeek70hSet FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right.00H OTH OTH OCH OTH OCH OTHSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address ExtB0h/D9hS.M.A.R.T. Disable OperationsB0h/D2h	Read Long without Retries	23h	
Read Native Max AddressF8hRead Native Max Address Extended27hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended24hRead Sectors without Retries21hRead Verify Sectors40hRead Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors without Retries41hSeek70hSet FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max FeaturesAddress: 00H 01H Freeze Lock:00H 01H 02H 03H 04HSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address ExtS0h/D9hSet Max Address Ext80h/D9h	Read Multiple	C4h	
Read Native Max Address Extended27hRead Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended24hRead Sectors Extended21hRead Sectors without Retries21hRead Verify Sectors40hRead Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors Extended41hSeek70hSet FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features00H O2H O3H O4HSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext66hS.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations80h/D9hS.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Autosave80h/D2h	Read Multiple Extended	29h	
Read Sectors20hRead Sectors Extended24hRead Sectors without Retries21hRead Verify Sectors40hRead Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors without Retries41hSeek70hSet FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right.00H 02H 03H 04HSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext37hSet Multiple ModeC6hS.M.A.R.T. Disable OperationsB0h/D9hS.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable AutosaveB0h/D2h	Read Native Max Address	F8h	
Read Sectors Extended24hRead Sectors without Retries21hRead Verify Sectors40hRead Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors without Retries41hSeek70hSet FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features00 _H 01 _H 02 _H 03 _H 03 _H Set Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext37hSet Multiple ModeC6hS.M.A.R.T. Disable OperationsB0h/D2hSundard Marce Set Max SeaveB0h/D2h	Read Native Max Address Extended	27h	
Read Sectors without Retries21hRead Verify Sectors40hRead Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors without Retries41hSeek70hSet FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features00H O2H O3H O4HSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address Ext66hSet Max Address Ext80h/D9hSet Max Address Ext80h/D9h	Read Sectors	20h	
Read Verify Sectors40hRead Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors without Retries41hSeek70hSet FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max FeaturesAddress: Password: Unlock: Freeze Lock:00H 01H 02H 03H 04HSet Max Address Ext37hSet Max Address ExtS7hSet Max Address ExtB0h/D9hS.M.A.R.T. Disable OperationsB0h/D2h	Read Sectors Extended 24h		
Read Verify Sectors Extended42hRead Verify Sectors without Retries41hSeek70hSet FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right.Address: Password: Unlock: Preze Lock:00H 01H 02H 03H 04HSet Max Address Ext37hSet Multiple ModeC6hS.M.A.R.T. Disable OperationsB0h/D9hS.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable AutosaveB0h/D2h	Read Sectors without Retries	21h	
Read Verify Sectors without Retries41hSeek70hSet FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right.Address: Password: Lock: Unlock: Freeze Lock:00 _H 01 _H 02 _H 03 _H Set Max Address Ext37hSet Multiple ModeC6hS.M.A.R.T. Disable OperationsB0h/D9hS.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable AutosaveB0h/D2h	Read Verify Sectors	40h	
Seek70hSet FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right.Address: Password: Lock: Unlock: Freeze Lock:00 _H 01 _H 02 _H 03 _H 04 _H Set Max Address Ext37hSet Multiple ModeC6hS.M.A.R.T. Disable OperationsB0h/D9hS.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable AutosaveB0h/D2h	Read Verify Sectors Extended	42h	
Set FeaturesEFhSet Max AddressF9hNote: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right.Address: Password: Lock: Unlock: Hody Password: Lock: Unlock: O3H O4H00H O1H O2H O2H O3H O4HSet Max Address Ext37hSet Multiple ModeC6hS.M.A.R.T. Disable OperationsB0h/D9hS.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable AutosaveB0h/D2h	Read Verify Sectors without Retries	41h	
Set Max Address F9h Note: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right. Address: 00 _H Password: 01 _H 02 _H 03 _H Unlock: 03 _H 04 _H Set Max Address Ext 37h Set Multiple Mode C6h S.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations B0h/D9h S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Autosave B0h/D2h	Seek	70h	
Note: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right. Address: Password: 01 _H 02 _H 02 _H 03 _H 02 _H 03 _H Set Max Address Ext 37h Set Multiple Mode C6h S.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations B0h/D9h S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Autosave B0h/D2h	Set Features	EFh	
by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right. Set Max Address Ext Set Multiple Mode S.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Autosave B0h/D2h	Set Max Address	F9h	
Set Multiple Mode C6h S.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations B0h/D9h S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Autosave B0h/D2h	by the value placed in the Set Max Features	Password: 01 _H Lock: 02 _H Unlock: 03 _H	
S.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations B0h/D9h S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Autosave B0h/D2h	Set Max Address Ext	37h	
S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Autosave B0h/D2h	Set Multiple Mode	C6h	
	S.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations	B0h/D9h	
S.M.A.R.T. Enable Operations B0h/D8h	S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Autosave	B0h/D2h	
	S.M.A.R.T. Enable Operations	B0h/D8h	

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Table 11 Supported ATA commands

ATA-standard commands names	Command code (in hex)	
S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Auto Offline	B0h/DBh	
S.M.A.R.T. Enable One Attribute Modification	B0h/E0h	
S.M.A.R.T. Execute Offline	B0h/D4h	
S.M.A.R.T. Free Fall Protection Host Interface	FEh	
S.M.A.R.T. Read Attribute Thresholds	B0h/D1h	
S.M.A.R.T. Read Data	B0h/D0h	
S.M.A.R.T. Read Log Sector	B0h/D5h	
S.M.A.R.T. Return Status	B0h/DAh	
S.M.A.R.T. Save Attribute Values	B0h/D3h	
S.M.A.R.T. Write Attribute Thresholds	B0h/D7h	
S.M.A.R.T. Write Attribute Values	B0h/E1h	
S.M.A.R.T. Write Log Sector	B0h/D6h	
Trusted Receive	5Ch (SED only)	
Trusted Receive DMA	5Dh (SED only)	
Trusted Send	5Eh (SED only)	
Trusted Send DMA	5Fh (SED only)	
Write Buffer	E8h	
Write DMA	CAh	
Write DMA Extended	35h	
Write DMA without Retries	CBh	
Write Long with Retries	32h	
Write Long without Retries	33h	
Write Multiple	C5h	
Write Multiple Extended	39h	
Write Sectors	30h _, 31h	
Write Sectors Extended	34h	
ATA-standard power-management commands		
Check Power Mode	E5h	
Idle	E3h	
Idle Immediate	E1h	
Sleep	E6h	
Standby	E2h	
Standby Immediate	E0h	
ATA-standard security commands		
Security Set Password	F1h	
Security Unlock	F2h	
Security Erase Prepare	F3h	
Security Erase Unit	F4h	
Security Freeze Lock	F5h	
Security Disable Password	F6h	

4.3.1 Identify Device command

The Identify Device command (command code EC_H) transfers information about the drive to the host following power up. The data is organized as a single 512-byte block of data, whose contents are shown in **Table 12**. All reserved bits or words should be set to zero. Parameters listed with an "x" are drive-specific or vary with the state of the drive. Refer to **Drive Specifications** on page 6 for default parameter settings.

The following commands contain drive-specific features that may not be included in the Serial ATA specification.

Table 12 Identify Device command

Word	Description	Value
0	Configuration information: • Bit 15: 0 = ATA; 1 = ATAPI • Bit 7: removable media • Bit 6: removable controller • Bit 0: reserved	0C5A _H
1	Number of logical cylinders	16,383
2	Specific configuration	С837Н
3	Number of logical heads	16
4	Retired	0000 _H
5	Retired	0000 _H
6	Number of logical sectors per logical track: 63	003F _H
7–9	Retired	0000 _H
10–19	Serial number: (20 ASCII characters, 0000 _H = none)	ASCII
20	Retired	0000 _H
21	Retired	8000 _H
22	Obsolete	0004 _H
23–26	Firmware revision: (8 ASCII character string, padded with blanks to end of string)	x.xx
27–46	Drive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string)	ST1000LM048 ST2000LM015 ST500LM030
47	(Bits 7–0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16)	8010 _H
48	Trusted Computing Feature set options	4001 _H
49	Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled	2F00 _H
50	Capabilities	4000 _H
51	PIO data-transfer cycle timing mode	0200 _H
52	Retired	0200 _H
53	Words 54–58, 64–70 and 88 are valid	0007 _H
54	Number of current logical cylinders	xxxx _H
55	Number of current logical heads	xxxx _H
56	Number of current logical sectors per logical track	xxxx _H
57–58	Current capacity in sectors	xxxx _H
59	Number of sectors transferred during a Read Multiple or Write Multiple command	xxxx _H
60–61	Total number of user-addressable sectors This field contains a value that is one greater than the total number of user-addressable sectors. The maximum value that shall be placed in this field is OFFFFFFh. The OFFFFFFh value applies to all capacities over 137GB (see Section 2.1, Formatted Capacity for related information).	ST1000LM048 = 0FFFFFFh ST2000LM015 = 0FFFFFFh ST500LM030 = 0FFFFFFFh
62	Retired	0000 _H

Table 12 Identify Device command

Word	Description	Value
63	Multiword DMA active and modes supported (see note following this table)	xx07 _H
64	Advanced PIO modes supported (modes 3 and 4 supported)	0003 _H
65	Minimum multiword DMA transfer cycle time per word (120 ns)	0078 _H
66	Recommended multiword DMA transfer cycle time per word (120 ns)	0078 _H
67	Minimum PIO cycle time without IORDY flow control (240 ns)	0078 _H
68	Minimum PIO cycle time with IORDY flow control (120 ns)	0078 _H
69	Additional Supported bits Bit 4 means Device Encrypts All User Data on the device. Bit 7 means IEEE1667 protocol is supported.	xx1x _H or xx9x _H
70–74	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
75	Queue depth	001F _H
76	Serial ATA capabilities	0D06 _H
77	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
78	Serial ATA features supported	0048 _H
79	Serial ATA features enabled	0048 _H
80	Major version number	01F0 _H
81	Minor version number	0029 _H
82	Command sets supported	746B _H
83	Command sets supported	7D69 _H
84	Command sets support extension	61E3 _H
85	Command sets enabled	7469
86	Command sets enabled	BC49 _H
87	Command sets enable extension	61E3 _H
88	Ultra DMA support and current mode (see note following this table)	xx7F _H
89	Security erase time	xxxx _H
90	Enhanced security erase time	xxxx _H
91	Current APM values	8080 _H
92	Master password revision code	FFFE _H
93	Hardware reset value (see description following this table)	xxxx _H
94	Auto acoustic management setting	xxxx _H
95	Stream Min. Request Size	0000 _H
96	Streaming Transfer Time - DMA	0000 _H
97	Streaming Access Latency - DMA and PIO	0000 _H
98-99	Streaming Performance Granularity	0000 _H
100–103	Total number of user-addressable LBA sectors available (see Section 3.2, Configuring the Drive for related information) These words are required for drives that support the 48-bit addressing feature. Maximum value: 0000FFFFFFFFFF.	ST1000LM048 = 1,953,525,168 ST2000LM015 = 3,907,029,168 ST500LM030 = 976,773,168
104	Streaming Transfer Time - PIO	0000 _H
105	Reserved	0000 _H

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Table 12 Identify Device command

Word	Description	Value
106	Physical sector size / Logical sector size	6003 _H
107	Seagate reserved	0000 _H
108-111	The mandatory value of the world wide name (WWN) for the drive. NOTE: This field is valid if word 84, bit 8 is set to 1 indicating 64-bit WWN support.	Each drive will have a unique value.
112-118	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
119	Free Fall Protection support (bit 5)	1 = Free Fall Protection supported 0 = Free Fall Protection not supported
120	Free Fall Protection enable/disable (bit 5)	1 = Free Fall Protection feature is enabled 0 = Free Fall Protection feature is disabled
121–127	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
128	Security status	0021 _H
129–159	Seagate-reserved	xxxx _H
160–221	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
222	Transport major version number	101F _H
223–254	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
255	Integrity word	xxA5 _H

Note

See the bit descriptions below for words 63, 88 and 93 of the Identify Drive data. (on next page)

Table 13 Bit Descriptions

Description (if bit is set to 1)		
Bit	Word 63	
0	Multiword DMA mode 0 is supported.	
1	Multiword DMA mode 1 is supported.	
2	Multiword DMA mode 2 is supported.	
8	Multiword DMA mode 0 is currently active.	
9	Multiword DMA mode 1 is currently active.	
10	Multiword DMA mode 2 is currently active.	
Bit	Word 88	
0	Ultra DMA mode 0 is supported.	
1	Ultra DMA mode 1 is supported.	
2	Ultra DMA mode 2 is supported.	
3	Ultra DMA mode 3 is supported.	
4	Ultra DMA mode 4 is supported.	
5	Ultra DMA mode 5 is supported.	
6	Ultra DMA mode 6 is supported.	
8	Ultra DMA mode 0 is currently active.	
9	Ultra DMA mode 1 is currently active.	
10	Ultra DMA mode 2 is currently active.	
11	Ultra DMA mode 3 is currently active.	
12	Ultra DMA mode 4 is currently active.	
13	Ultra DMA mode 5 is currently active.	
14	Ultra DMA mode 6 is currently active.	
Bit	Word 93	
13	1 = 80-conductor cable detected, CBLID above VIH 0 = 40-conductor cable detected, CBLID below VIL	

4.3.2 Set Features command

This command controls the implementation of various features that the drive supports. When the drive receives this command, it sets BSY, checks the contents of the Features register, clears BSY and generates an interrupt. If the value in the register does not represent a feature that the drive supports, the command is aborted. Power-on default has the read look-ahead and write caching features enabled.

The acceptable values for the Features register are defined as follows:

Table 14 Set Features command values

02 _H	Enable write cache (<i>default</i>).
03 _H	Set transfer mode (based on value in Sector Count register). Sector Count register values:
	00 _H Set PIO mode to default (PIO mode 2).
	01 _H Set PIO mode to default and disable IORDY (PIO mode 2).
	08 _H PIO mode 0
	09 _H PIO mode 1
	0A _H PIO mode 2
	0B _H PIO mode 3
	0C _H PIO mode 4 (<i>default</i>)
	20 _H Multiword DMA mode 0
	21 _H Multiword DMA mode 1
	22 _H Multiword DMA mode 2
	40 _H Ultra DMA mode 0
	41 _H Ultra DMA mode 1
	42 _H Ultra DMA mode 2
	43 _H Ultra DMA mode 3
	44 _H Ultra DMA mode 4
	45 _H Ultra DMA mode 5
	46 _H Ultra DMA mode 6
55 _H	Disable read look-ahead (read cache) feature.
82 _H	Disable write cache
AA _H	Enable read look-ahead (read cache) feature <i>(default)</i> .
C1 _H	Disable the Free Fall Protection feature (41 _H above enables the Free Fall Protection feature)
F1 _H	Report full capacity available

4.3.3 S.M.A.R.T. commands

S.M.A.R.T. provides near-term failure prediction for disk drives. When S.M.A.R.T. is enabled, the drive monitors predetermined drive attributes that are susceptible to degradation over time. If self-monitoring determines that a failure is likely, S.M.A.R.T. makes a status report available to the host. Not all failures are predictable. S.M.A.R.T. predictability is limited to the attributes the drive can monitor. For more information on S.M.A.R.T. commands and implementation, see the *Draft ATA-5 Standard*.

SeaTools diagnostic software activates a built-in drive self-test (DST S.M.A.R.T. command for D4_H) that eliminates unnecessary drive returns. The diagnostic software ships with all new drives and is also available at: <u>http://www.seagate.com/support/downloads/seatools/</u>.

This drive is shipped with S.M.A.R.T. features disabled. Users must have a recent BIOS or software package that supports S.M.A.R.T. to enable this feature. The table below shows the S.M.A.R.T. command codes that the drive uses.

Code in features register	S.M.A.R.T. command
D0 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Read Data
D2 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Attribute Autosave
D3 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Save Attribute Values
D4 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Execute Off-line Immediate (runs DST)
D5 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Read Log Sector
D6 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Write Log Sector
D8 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Enable Operations
D9 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations
DA _H	S.M.A.R.T. Return Status

Table 15 S.M.A.R.T. Commands

Note	If an appropriate code is not written to the Features Register, the
	command is aborted and 0x04 (abort) is written to the Error register.



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Publication Number: 100807728, Rev. A September 2016