

# CP41A-RxS, CP41A-AxS: P4 Red & Amber LEDs



# **PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

P4 LEDs offer superior light output for excellent readability in sunlight and dependable performance. They provide extremely stable light output over long periods of time.

These lamps are made with an advanced optical-grade epoxy offering superior high-temperature and high-moisture-resistance performance in vehicle signal lamps and amusement lighting.

# **FEATURES**

- Size (mm): 7.6 x 7.6
- Color and Typical Dominant Wavelength: Red (624nm) Amber (591nm)
- Viewing angles: 40°: CP41A-xDS 70°: CP41A-xFS 100°: CP41A-xHS
- · Lead Free
- · RoHS Compliant

# **APPLICATIONS**

- Channel Letter
- Amusement



# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_A = 25$ °C)

Items	Symbol	Absolute Maximum Rating	Unit	
		Red/Amber		
Forward Current	l <sub>F</sub>	70 Note1	mA	
Peak Forward Current Note2	I <sub>FP</sub>	100	mA	
Reverse Voltage	$V_{_{\mathrm{R}}}$	5	V	
D	P <sub>D</sub> (Red)	238	mW	
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub> (Amber)	224	mW	
Operation Temperature	$T_{opr}$	-40 ~ +100	°C	
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-40 ~ <b>+</b> 100	°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature	T <sub>sol</sub>		or 5 sec. max. se of the epoxy bulb)	
Electrostatic Discharge Classification (MIL-STD-883E)	ESD	Class 2		

# Note:

- 1. A heat sink is recommended if the device is operated at ambient temperatures higher than 25°C.
- 2. Pulse width  $\leq 0.1$  msec, duty  $\leq 1/10$ .

# TYPICAL ELECTRICAL & OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_A = 25$ °C)

Characteristics	Color		Symbol	Condition	Unit	Minimum	Typical	Maximum
F	Red		V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 70 mA	V		2.3	3.2
Forward Voltage	Amber		V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 70 mA	V		2.5	3.2
Reverse Current		Red/Amber	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> = 5 V	μA			100
Di W	Red		$\lambda_{_{D}}$	I <sub>F</sub> = 70 mA	nm	620	624	630
Dominant Wavelength	Amber		$\lambda_{_{D}}$	I <sub>F</sub> = 70 mA	nm	587	591	596
	Red	CP41A-RDS (40 degree)	Ф	I <sub>F</sub> = 70 mA	mlm	4400	5500	
		CP41A-RFS (70 degree)	Ф	I <sub>F</sub> = 70 mA	mlm	4400	6000	
Luminous Flux		CP41A-RHS (100 degree)	Ф	I <sub>F</sub> = 70 mA	mlm	4400	6500	
Luillillous Flux	Amber	CP41A-ADS (40 degree)	Ф	I <sub>F</sub> = 70 mA	mlm	4400	6200	
		CP41A-AFS (70 degree)	Ф	I <sub>F</sub> = 70 mA	mlm	4400	6600	
		CP41A-AHS (100 degree)	Ф	I <sub>F</sub> = 70 mA	mlm	4400	7200	
	CP41A-RDS/ADS		201/2	I <sub>F</sub> = 70 mA	deg		40	
50% Power Angle	CP41A-RFS/AFS		201/2	I <sub>F</sub> = 70 mA	deg		70	
	CP41A-RHS/AHS		201/2	I <sub>F</sub> = 70 mA	deg		100	

<sup>\*</sup> Continuous reverse voltage can cause LED damage.



# **FLUX BIN LIMIT**

Red (70 mA) - CP41A-RDS/RFS/RHS			Amber (70 mA) - CP41A-ADS/AFS/AHS				
Bin Code	Bin Code Min.(mlm) Max.(mlm)			de Min.(mlm) M			
L0	4400	5500	L0	4400	5500		
M0	5500	6600	M0	5500	6600		
N0	6600	8730	N0	6600	8730		
			P0	8730	11000		

<sup>\*</sup> Tolerance of measurement of luminous flux is ±15%

# **COLOR BIN LIMIT**

Red (70 mA) - CP41A-RDS/RFS/RHS			Amber (70 mA) - CP41A-ADS/AFS/AHS			
Bin Code	Min.(nm)	Max.(nm)	Bin Code	Max.(nm)		
RJ	620	630	А3	587	590	
			A4	590	593	
			A5	593	596	

<sup>\*</sup> Tolerance of measurement of dominant wavelength is ±1 nm.

# **VOLTAGE BIN LIMIT**

Red & Amber							
Bin Code	Min. (V)	Max. (V)					
23	2.0	2.2					
24	2.2	2.4					
25	2.4	2.6					
26	2.6	2.8					
27	2.8	3.0					
28	3.0	3.2					

<sup>\*</sup> Tolerance of measurement of voltage is ±0.05V



# **ORDER CODE TABLE**

	Viewing	Kit Number	Luminous	Flux (mlm)	Dominant Wavelength			
Color	Angle		Min.	Max.	Color Bin	Min.(nm)	Color Bin	Max.(nm)
	40°	CP41A-RDS-CL0N0JJ4	4400	8730	RJ	620	RJ	630
Red	70°	CP41A-RFS-CL0N0JJ4	4400	8730	RJ	620	RJ	630
Red	100°	CP41A-RHS-CL0N0JJ4	4400	8730	RJ	620	RJ	630
		CP41A-RHS-CM0N0JJ4	5500	8730	RJ	620	RJ	630
	40°	CP41A-ADS-CL0P0354	4400	11000	A3	587	A5	596
		CP41A-ADS-CL0P0454	4400	11000	A4	590	A5	596
	70° Amber	CP41A-AFS-CL0P0354	4400	11000	A3	587	A5	596
A l		CP41A-AFS-CL0P0454	4400	11000	A4	590	A5	596
Affiber		CP41A-AFS-CM0P0354	5500	11000	A3	587	A5	596
		CP41A-AHS-CL0P0354	4400	11000	АЗ	587	A5	596
	100°	CP41A-AHS-CM0P0354	5500	11000	A3	587	A5	596
		CP41A-AHS-CM0P0454	5500	11000	A4	590	A5	596

# Notes:

- The above kit numbers represent order codes which include multiple flux-bin and color-bin codes. Only one flux-bin code and one color-bin code will be shipped on each reel. And single flux-bin code, single color bin-codes will not be orderable.
- · Please refer to the HB LED Lamp Reliability Test Standards document for reliability test conditions.
- Please refer to the HB LED Lamp Soldering & Handling document for information about how to use this LED product safely.



# **GRAPHS**

The data below are collected from statistical figures that do not necessarily correspond to the actual parameters of each single LED. Hence, these data will be changed without further notice.

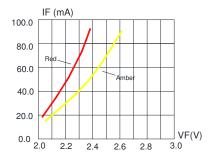


FIG.1 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

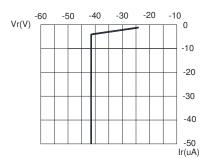
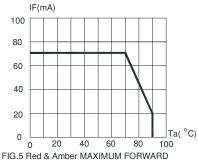


FIG.3 Red & Amber REVERSE CURRENT VS. REVERSE VOLTAGE.



DC CURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE (Tjmax=110°C)

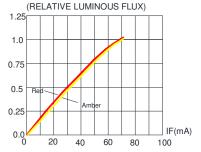


FIG.2 RELATIVE LUMINOUS FLUX VS. FORWARD CURRENT

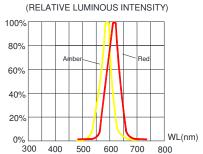
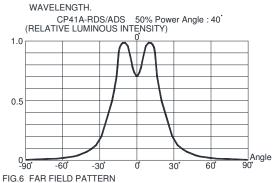


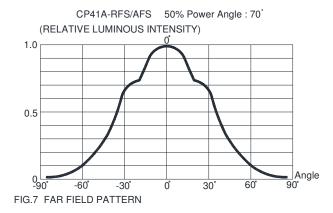
FIG.4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS.

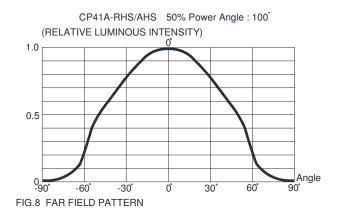




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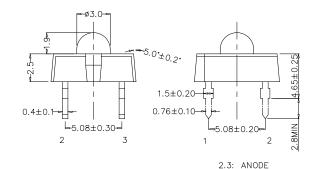
# **MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS**

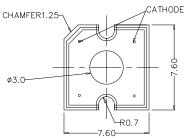
All dimensions are in mm. Tolerance is ±0.25 mm unless otherwise noted.

An epoxy meniscus extend about 1.5 mm down the leads.

All metal burr dimension is 0.2 mm max.

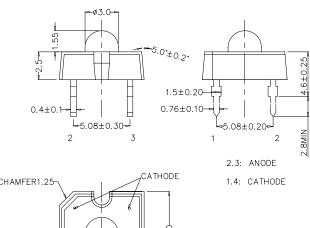
#### CP41A-RDS/ADS:

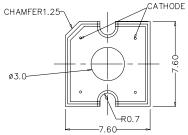




1.4: CATHODE

# CP41A-RFS/AFS:





# **NOTES**

#### **RoHS Compliance**

The levels of RoHS restricted materials in this product are below the maximum concentration values (also referred to as the threshold limits) permitted for such substances, or are used in an exempted application, in accordance with EU Directive 2011/65/EC (RoHS2), as implemented January 2, 2013. RoHS Declarations for this product can be obtained from your Cree LED representative or from the Product Ecology section of the Cree LED website.

# **Vision Advisory**

WARNING: Do not look at an exposed lamp in operation. Eye injury can result.



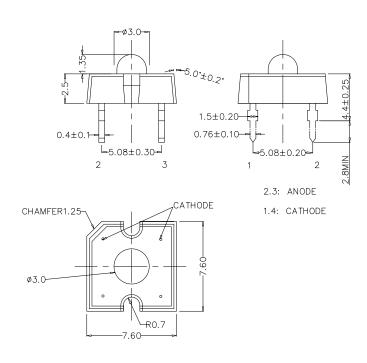
# **MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS**

All dimensions are in mm. Tolerance is ±0.25 mm unless otherwise noted.

An epoxy meniscus extend about 1.5 mm down the leads.

All metal burr dimension is 0.2 mm max.

#### CP41A-RHS/AHS:



#### **NOTES**

# **RoHS Compliance**

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# **Vision Advisory**

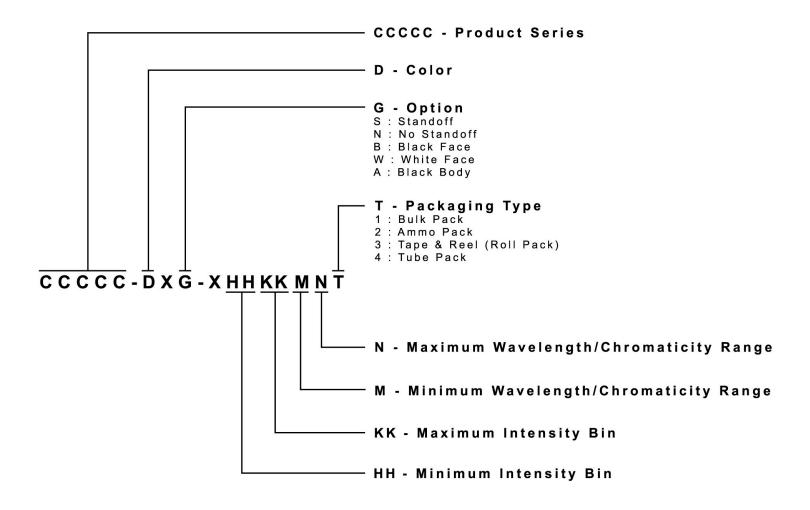
WARNING: Do not look at an exposed lamp in operation. Eye injury can result.



# **KIT NUMBER SYSTEM**

Cree LED lamps are tested and sorted into performance bins. A bin is specified by ranges of color, forward voltage, and brightness. Sorted LEDs are packaged for shipping in various convenient options.

Cree LEDs are sold by order codes in combinations of bins called kits. Order codes are configured in the following manner:



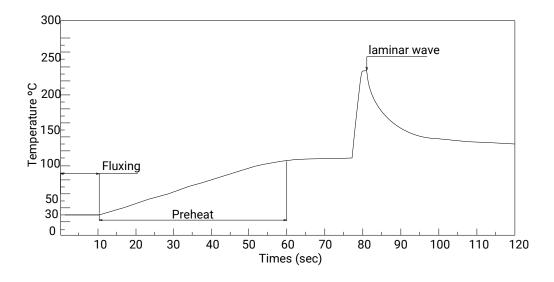


# **SOLDERING GUIDELINES**

The LED soldering specification is shown below(suitable for both leaded solder & lead-free solder):

	Manual Soldering	Solder Dipping			
Soldering iron	35 W max	Preheat	110 °C max		
Temperature	300 °C max	Preheat time	60 seconds max		
		Solder-bath temperature	260 °C Max		
Soldering time	3 seconds max	Dipping time	5 seconds max		
Position	Not less than 3 mm from the base of the package.	Position	Not less than 3 mm from the base of the package.		

- Manual soldering onto the PCB is not recommended because soldering time is uncontrollable.
- · The recommended wave soldering is as below:



- · Do not apply any stress to the LED package, particularly when heated.
- · Only bottom preheat is suggested & should not preheat on top in order to reduce thermal stress experienced by the LEDs.
- The LEDs must not be re used once they have been extracted from PCB.
- After soldering the LEDs, the package should be protected from mechanical shock or vibration until the LEDs have reached 40 °C or below.
- Precautions must be taken as mechanical stress on the LEDs may be caused by PCB warpage or from the clinching and cutting of the LED leads.
- · When it is necessary to clam the LEDs during soldering, it is important to ensure no mechanical stress is exerted on the LEDs.
- · Cut the LED lead at normal room temperature. Lead cutting at high temperature may cause failure of the LEDs.
- Please refer to the HB LED Lamp Soldering & Handling document for information about how to use this LED product safely.



# **PACKAGING**

- The LEDs are packed in cardboard boxes after packaging in normal or anti-electrostatic bags.
- · Cardboard boxes will be used to protect the LEDs from mechanical shock during transportation.
- The boxes are not water resistant, and they must be kept away from water and moisture.
- The Tube Pack type of packaging. Max 60 pcs per tube.

