

TS555

Low-power single CMOS timer

Datasheet - production data

The TS555 is a single CMOS timer with very low consumption:

(I_{cc(TYP)} TS555 = 110 μA at V_{CC} = +5 V versus I_{cc(TYP)} NE555^(a) = 3 mA),

and high frequency:

 $(f_{f(max.)}TS555 = 2.7 \text{ MHz versus} f_{(max)} \text{ NE555}^{(a)} = 0.1 \text{ MHz}).$

Timing remains accurate in both monostable and astable mode.

The TS555 provides reduced supply current spikes during output transitions, which enable the use of lower decoupling capacitors compared to those required by bipolar NE555^(a).

With the high input impedance $(10^{12}\Omega)$, timing capacitors can also be minimized.

SO8 (plastic micropackage) **Pin connections** (top view) GND [8 $\Box V_{CC}$ Trigger 2 Discharge 7 Output 3 Threshold 6 Control Voltage Reset 4 5

Features

- Very low power consumption:
 - 110 μ A typ at V_{CC} = 5 V
 - 90 µa typ at V_{CC} = 3 V
- High maximum astable frequency of 2.7 MHz
- Pin-to-pin functionally-compatible with bipolar NE555^(a)
- Wide voltage range: +2 V to +16 V
- Supply current spikes reduced during output transitions
- High input impedance: 10¹² Ω
- Output compatible with TTL, CMOS and logic MOS

DocID4077 Rev 4

This is information on a product in full production.

a. Terminated product

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Absolute maximum ratings and operating conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit | |
|-------------------|---|-------------|---------|--|
| V _{CC} | Supply voltage | +18 | V | |
| I _{OUT} | Output current | ± 100 | mA | |
| R _{thja} | Thermal resistance junction to ambient ⁽¹⁾ | 125 | | |
| R _{thjc} | Thermal resistance junction to case ⁽¹⁾ | 40 | °C/W | |
| Тj | Junction temperature | +150 | <u></u> | |
| T _{stg} | Storage temperature range | -65 to +150 | | |
| | Human body model (HBM) ⁽²⁾ | 1500 | | |
| ESD | Machine model (MM) ⁽³⁾ | 200 | V | |
| | Charged device model (CDM) ⁽⁴⁾ | 1000 | | |

Table 1. Absolute maximum ratings

1. Short-circuits can cause excessive heating. These values are typical and specified for a four layers PCB.

 Human body model: a 100 pF capacitor is charged to the specified voltage, then discharged through a 1.5kΩ resistor between two pins of the device. This is done for all couples of connected pin combinations while the other pins are floating.

3. Machine model: a 200 pF capacitor is charged to the specified voltage, then discharged directly between two pins of the device with no external series resistor (internal resistor < 5 Ω). This is done for all couples of connected pin combinations while the other pins remain floating.

4. Charged device model: all pins plus package are charged together to the specified voltage and then discharged directly to the ground.

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
|-------------------|--|-------------|------|
| V _{CC} | Supply voltage | 2 to 16 | V |
| I _{OUT} | Output sink current Output source current | 10 50 | mA |
| T _{oper} | Operating free air temperature range | -40 to +125 | °C |

Table 2. Operating conditions



2 Schematic diagrams







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Table 3. Functional table

| Reset | Trigger | Threshold | Output |
|-------|---------|-----------|----------------|
| Low | x | X | Low |
| | Low | Х | High |
| High | High | High | Low |
| | High | Low | Previous state |

Note:

Low: level voltage ≤ minimum voltage specified High: level voltage ≥ maximum voltage specified x: irrelevant



3 Electrical characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------------|---|------------|------|--------------|------|
| I _{CC} | Supply current (no load, high and low states) $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ | | 65 | 200 200 | μA |
| V _{CL} | Control voltage level T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | 1.2 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.4 1.5 | V |
| V _{DIS} | Discharge saturation voltage (I _{dis} = 1 mA) T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | | 0.05 | 0.2 0.25 | |
| I _{DIS} | Discharge pin leakage current | | 1 | 100 | nA |
| V _{OL} | Low level output voltage (I _{sink} = 1 mA) T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | | 0.1 | 0.3 0.35 | v |
| V _{OH} | High level output voltage (I _{source} = -0.3 mA) T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | 1.5 1.5 | 1.9 | | |
| V _{TRIG} | Trigger voltage T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | 0.4 0.3 | 0.67 | 0.95 1.05 | |
| I _{TRIG} | Trigger current | | 10 | | ۳Å |
| I _{TH} | Threshold current | | 10 | | pА |
| V _{RESET} | Reset voltage T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | 0.4 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.5 2.0 | V |
| I _{RESET} | Reset current | | 10 | | pА |

| Table 4. Static electrical characteristics |
|--|
| V _{CC} = +2 V, T _{amb} = +25 °C, reset to V _{CC} (unless otherwise specified) |



| | V_{CC} = +3 V, T_{amb} = +25 °C, reset to V_{CC} (unless otherwise specified) | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|------------|------|-------------|------------|--|
| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | |
| I _{CC} | Supply current (no load, high and low states) $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ | | 90 | 230 230 | μΑ | |
| V _{CL} | Control voltage level T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | 1.8 1.7 | 2 | 2.2 2.3 | V | |
| V_{DIS} | Discharge saturation voltage (I _{dis} = 1 mA) T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | | 0.05 | 0.2 0.25 | | |
| I _{DIS} | Discharge pin leakage current | | 1 | 100 | nA | |
| V _{OL} | Low level output voltage (I _{sink} = 1 mA) T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | | 0.1 | 0.3 0.35 | | |
| V _{OH} | High level output voltage (I_{source} = -0.3 mA) T _{min} $\leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ | 2.5 2.5 | 2.9 | | V | |
| V _{TRIG} | Trigger voltage T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | 0.9 0.8 | 1 | 1.1 1.2 | | |
| I _{TRIG} | Trigger current | | 10 | | n (| |
| I _{TH} | Threshold current | | 10 | | pА | |
| V _{RESET} | Reset voltage T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | 0.4 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.5 2.0 | V | |
| I _{RESET} | Reset current | | 10 | | pА | |

Table 5. Static electrical characteristics V_{CC} = +3 V, T_{amb} = +25 °C, reset to V_{CC} (unless otherwise specified)



| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------|--|------|--------|------|--------|
| | Timing accuracy (monostable) ⁽¹⁾ R = 10 k Ω , C = 0.1 μ F V _{CC} = 2 V V _{CC} = 3 V | | 1 1 | | % |
| | Timing shift with supply voltage variations (monostable) R = 10 k Ω C = 0.1 μ F, V _{CC} = 3 V ± 0.3 V ⁽¹⁾ | | 0.5 | | %/V |
| | Timing shift with temperature $^{(1)}$ T _{min} \leq T _{amb} \leq T _{max} | | 75 | | ppm/°C |
| f _{max} | Maximum astable frequency ⁽²⁾ $R_A = 470 \ \Omega, R_B = 200 \ \Omega, C = 200 \ pF$ | _ | 2 | _ | MHz |
| | Astable frequency accuracy ⁽²⁾ $R_A = R_B = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ to } 100 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ C} = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$ | | 5 | | % |
| | Timing shift with supply voltage variations (astable mode) $^{(2)}$ R _A = R _B = 1 k Ω to 100 k Ω , C = 0.1 µF, V _{CC} = 3 to 5 V | | 0.5 | | %/V |
| ^t R | Output rise time (C _{load} = 10 pF) | | 25 | | |
| t _F | Output fall time (C _{load} = 10 pF) | | 20 | | ns |
| t _{PD} | Trigger propagation delay |] | 100 | | 115 |
| ^t RPW | Minimum reset pulse width (V_{trig} = 3 V) | | 350 | | |

Table 6. Dynamic electrical characteristics V_{CC} = +3 V, T_{amb} = +25 °C, reset to V_{CC} (unless otherwise specified)

1. See Figure 4

2. See Figure 6



| | V _{CC} = +5 V, T _{amb} = +25 °C, reset to V _{CC} (unless otherwise specified) | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|--------------|------|--------------|------------|--|
| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | |
| I _{CC} | Supply current (no load, high and low states) $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ | | 110 | 250 250 | μΑ | |
| V _{CL} | Control voltage level T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | 2.9 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.8 3.9 | V | |
| V_{DIS} | Discharge saturation voltage (I _{dis} = 10 mA) T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | | 0.2 | 0.3 0.35 | | |
| I _{DIS} | Discharge pin leakage current | | 1 | 100 | nA | |
| V _{OL} | Low level output voltage (I _{sink} = 8 mA) T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | | 0.3 | 0.6 0.8 | | |
| V _{OH} | High level output voltage (I _{source} = -2 mA) T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | 4.4 4.4 | 4.6 | | V | |
| V _{TRIG} | Trigger voltage T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | 1.36 1.26 | 1.67 | 1.96 2.06 | | |
| I _{TRIG} | Trigger current | | 10 | | n (| |
| I _{TH} | Threshold current | | 10 | | pА | |
| V _{RESET} | Reset voltage T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | 0.4 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.5 2.0 | V | |
| I _{RESET} | Reset current | | 10 | | pА | |

Table 7. Static electrical characteristics V_{CC} = +5 V, T_{amb} = +25 °C, reset to V_{CC} (unless otherwise specified)



| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------|--|------|------|------|--------|
| | Timing accuracy (monostable) ⁽¹⁾ R = 10 k Ω C = 0.1 μ F | | 2 | | % |
| | Timing shift with supply voltage variations (monostable) $^{(1)}$ R = 10 k Ω , C = 0.1 μ F,V _{CC} = 5 V ± 1 V | | 0.38 | | %/V |
| | Timing shift with temperature $^{(1)}$ T _{min} \leq T _{amb} \leq T _{max} 5 | | 75 | | ppm/°C |
| f _{max} | Maximum astable frequency $^{(2)}$ R _A = 470 Ω , R _B = 200 Ω , C = 200 pF | | 2.7 | | MHz |
| | Astable frequency accuracy $^{(2)}$ R _A = R _B = 1 k Ω to 100 k Ω C = 0.1 µF |] — | 3 | | % |
| | Timing shift with supply voltage variations (astable mode) $^{(2)}$ R _A = R _B = 10 kΩ, C = 0.1 µF, V _{CC} = 5 to 12 V | | 0.1 | | %/V |
| ^t R | Output rise time (C _{load} = 10 pF) | | 25 | | |
| t _F | Output fall time (C _{load} = 10 pF) | | 20 | | ns |
| t _{PD} | Trigger propagation delay | | 100 | | 115 |
| ^t RPW | Minimum reset pulse width ($V_{trig} = 5 V$) | | 350 | | |

Table 8. Dynamic electrical characteristics V_{CC} = +5 V, T_{amb} = +25 °C, reset to V_{CC} (unless otherwise specified)

1. See Figure 4

2. See Figure 6



| | V _{CC} = +12 V, T _{amb} = +25 °C, reset to V _{CC} (unless otherwise specified) | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|--------------|------|------------|------|--|--|
| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | | |
| I _{CC} | Supply current (no load, high and low states) $T_{min}{\leq}T_{amb}{\leq}T_{max}$ | | 170 | 400 400 | μA | | |
| V _{CL} | Control voltage level T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | 7.4 7.3 | 8 | 8.6 8.7 | V | | |
| V_{DIS} | Discharge saturation voltage (I _{dis} = 80 mA) T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | | 0.09 | 1.5 2.0 | V | | |
| I _{DIS} | Discharge pin leakage current | | 1 | 100 | nA | | |
| V _{OL} | Low level output voltage (I _{sink} = 50 mA) T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | | 1.2 | 2 2.8 | | | |
| V _{OH} | High level output voltage (I _{source} = -10 mA) T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | 10.5 10.5 | 11 | | V | | |
| V _{TRIG} | Trigger voltage T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | 3.2 3.1 | 4 | 4.8 4.9 | | | |
| I _{TRIG} | Trigger current | | 10 | | n A | | |
| I _{TH} | Threshold current | | 10 | | pА | | |
| V _{RESET} | Reset Voltage T _{min} ≤T _{amb} ≤T _{max} | 0.4 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.5 2.0 | V | | |
| I _{RESET} | Reset current | | 10 | | pА | | |

Table 9. Static electrical characteristics V_{CC} = +12 V, T_{amb} = +25 °C, reset to V_{CC} (unless otherwise specified)



| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------|---|------|------|------|--------|
| | Timing accuracy (monostable) ⁽¹⁾ R = 10 k Ω C = 0.1 μ F, V _{CC} = +12 V | | 4 | | % |
| | Timing shift with supply voltage variations (monostable) $^{(1)}$ R = 10 k Ω C = 0.1 μ F, V _{CC} = +5 V ±1 V | | 0.38 | | %/V |
| | Timing shift with temperature $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$, V_{CC} = +5 V | | 75 | | ppm/°C |
| f _{max} | Maximum astable frequency $^{(2)}$ R _A = 470 Ω R _B = 200 Ω C = 200 pF, V _{CC} = +5 V | — | 2.7 | — | MHz |
| | Astable frequency accuracy $R_A = R_B = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ to } 100 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ C} = 0.1 \mu\text{F},$ $V_{CC} = +12 \text{ V}$ | | 3 | | % |
| | Timing shift with supply voltage variations (astable mode) $R_A = R_B = 1 k\Omega \text{ to } 100 k\Omega \text{ C} = 0.1 \mu\text{F},$ $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ to } +12 \text{ V}$ | | 0.1 | | %/V |

Table 10. Dynamic electrical characteristics V_{CC} = +12 V, T_{amb} = +25 °C, reset to V_{CC} (unless otherwise specified)

1. See Figure 4

2. See Figure 6

Figure 3. Supply current (per timer) versus supply voltage





4 Application information

4.1 Monostable operation

In monostable mode, the timer operates like a one-shot generator. The external capacitor is initially held discharged by a transistor inside the timer, as shown in *Figure 4*.

Figure 4. Application schematic



The circuit triggers on a negative-going input signal when the level reaches $1/3 V_{CC}$. Once triggered, the circuit remains in this state until the set time has elapsed, even if it is triggered again during this interval. The duration of the output HIGH state is given by $t = 1.1 R \times C$.

Since the charge rate and threshold level of the comparator are both directly proportional to the supply voltage, the timing interval is independent of the supply. Applying a negative pulse simultaneously to the reset terminal (pin 4) and the trigger terminal (pin 2) during the timing cycle discharges the external capacitor and causes the cycle to start over. The timing cycle then starts on the positive edge of the reset pulse. While the reset pulse is applied, the output is driven to the LOW state.

When a negative trigger pulse is applied to pin 2, the flip-flop is set, releasing the short circuit across the external capacitor and driving the output HIGH. The voltage across the capacitor increases exponentially with the time constant $\tau = R \times C$.

When the voltage across the capacitor equals 2/3 V_{CC}, the comparator resets the flip-flop which then discharges the capacitor rapidly and drives the output to its LOW state. *Figure 5* shows the actual waveforms generated in this mode of operation.

When reset is not used, it should be tied high to avoid any false triggering.



Figure 5. Timing diagram



4.2 Astable operation

When the circuit is connected as shown in *Figure 6* (pins 2 and 6 connected) it triggers itself and runs as a multi-vibrator. The external capacitor charges through R_A and R_B and discharges through R_B only. Therefore, the duty cycle may be precisely set by the ratio of these two resistors.

In the astable mode of operation, C charges and discharges between 1/3 V_{CC} and 2/3 V_{CC}. As in the triggered mode, the charge and discharge times, and therefore frequency, are independent of the supply voltage.



Figure 6. Application schematic

Figure 7 shows actual waveforms generated in this mode of operation.

The charge time (output HIGH) is given by:

 $t1 = 0.693 (R_A + R_B) C$

The discharge time (output LOW) by:

 $t2 = 0.693 \times R_B \times C$

Thus the total period T is given by:

$$T = t1 + t2 = 0.693 (R_A + 2R_B) C$$

The frequency of oscillation is then:

$$f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1.44}{(RA + 2RB)C}$$

The duty cycle is given by:

$$D = \frac{RB}{RA + 2RB}$$



Figure 7. Timing diagram

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5 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK[®] packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK[®] specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: *www.st.com*. ECOPACK[®] is an ST trademark.



5.1 SO8 package information



Table 11. SO8 mechanical data

| | Dimensions | | | | | | |
|------|-------------|------|------|--------|-------|-------|--|
| Ref. | Millimeters | | | Inches | | | |
| | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Min. | Тур. | Max. | |
| A | | | 1.75 | | | 0.069 | |
| A1 | 0.10 | | 0.25 | 0.004 | | 0.010 | |
| A2 | 1.25 | | | 0.049 | | | |
| b | 0.28 | | 0.48 | 0.011 | | 0.019 | |
| с | 0.17 | | 0.23 | 0.007 | | 0.010 | |
| D | 4.80 | 4.90 | 5.00 | 0.189 | 0.193 | 0.197 | |
| E | 5.80 | 6.00 | 6.20 | 0.228 | 0.236 | 0.244 | |
| E1 | 3.80 | 3.90 | 4.00 | 0.150 | 0.154 | 0.157 | |
| е | | 1.27 | | | 0.050 | | |
| h | 0.25 | | 0.50 | 0.010 | | 0.020 | |
| L | 0.40 | | 1.27 | 0.016 | | 0.050 | |
| L1 | | 1.04 | | | 0.040 | | |
| k | 1° | | 8° | 1° | | 8° | |
| CCC | | | 0.10 | | | 0.004 | |



6 Ordering information

Table 12. Order code table

| Order code | Temperature range | Package | Packaging | Marking |
|------------|-------------------|---------|---------------|---------|
| TS555IDTTR | -40 °C to 125 °C | SO8 | Tape and reel | 5551 |



7 Revision history

| Date | Revision | Changes |
|---------------|----------|--|
| 01-Feb-2003 | 1 | Initial release. |
| 03-Nov-2008 | 2 | Document reformatted. Added output current, ESD and thermal resistance values in <i>Table 1: Absolute maximum ratings</i> . Added output current values in <i>Table 2: Operating conditions</i> . |
| 29-Aug-2014 | 3 | Section 5: Package information: updated corporate text Replaced Table 15: Ordering information scheme |
| 24-Jun-2015 4 | | <i>Features</i> and <i>Description</i> : added footnote to NE555 product to explain it is terminated. Removed all references to DIP8 and TSSOP8 packages Removed all temperature ranges except -40 to 125 °C Replaced <i>Table 15: Ordering information scheme</i> with <i>Table 12:</i> <i>Order code table</i> . |

Table 13. Document revision history



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