

## CY7C09099V CY7C09179V

# 3.3 V 32K/128K × 8/9 Synchronous Dual-Port Static RAM

#### Features

- True Dual-Ported memory cells which enable simultaneous access of the same memory location
- Flow-through and Pipelined devices
- 32K × 9 organizations (CY7C09179V)
- 128K × 8 organizations (CY7C09099V)
- Three Modes
  - Flow-through
  - Pipelined
  - □ Burst
- Pipelined output mode on both ports enables fast 100-MHz operation
- 0.35-micron CMOS for optimum speed and power
- High-speed clock to data access 7.5<sup>[1]</sup>/12 ns (max.)
- 3.3-V low operating power

- □ Active = 115 mA (typical) □ Standby = 10  $\mu$ A (typical)
- Fully synchronous interface for easier operation
- Burst counters increment addresses internally
- Shorten cycle times
- Minimize bus noise
- Supported in Flow-through and Pipelined modes
- Dual Chip Enables for easy depth expansion
- Automatic power down
- Commercial and Industrial temperature ranges
- Available in 100-pin TQFP
- Pb-free packages available

For a complete list of related documentation, click here.

Note

1. See page 9 and page 10 for Load Conditions.

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## Logic Block Diagram



Notes 2.  $I/O_0-I/O_7$  for ×8 devices,  $I/O_0-I/O_8$  for ×9 devices 3.  $A_0-A_{14}$  for 32K and  $A_0-A_{16}$  for 128K devices



#### **Functional Description**

The CY7C09099V and CY7C09179V are high speed synchronous CMOS 128K × 8 and 32K × 9 dual-port static RAMs. Two ports are provided, permitting independent, simultaneous access for reads and writes to any location in memory.<sup>[4]</sup> Registers on control, address, and data lines enable minimal setup and hold times. In pipelined output mode, data is registered for decreased cycle time. Clock to data valid  $t_{CD2}$  = 7.5 ns<sup>[5]</sup> (pipelined). Flow-through mode can also be used to bypass the pipelined output register to eliminate access latency. In flow-through mode, data is available  $t_{CD1}$  = 22 ns after the address is clocked into the device. Pipelined output or flow-through mode is selected via the FT/Pipe pin.

Each port contains a burst counter on the input address register. The internal write pulse width is independent of the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the clock signal. The internal write pulse is self-timed to enable the shortest possible cycle times. A HIGH on  $\overline{CE}_0$  or LOW on  $CE_1$  for one clock cycle powers down the internal circuitry to reduce the static power consumption. The use of multiple Chip Enables enables easier banking of multiple chips for depth expansion configurations. In the pipelined mode, one cycle is required with  $CE_0$  LOW and  $CE_1$  HIGH to reactivate the outputs.

Counter enable inputs are provided to stall the operation of the address input and use the internal address generated by the internal counter for fast interleaved memory applications. A <u>port's</u> burst counter is loaded with th<u>e port's</u> Address Strobe (ADS). When the port's Count Enable (CNTEN) is asserted, the address counter increments on each LOW-to-HIGH transition of that port's clock signal. This reads/writes one word from/into each successive address location until CNTEN is deasserted. The counter can address the entire memory array and loops back to the start. Counter Reset (CNTRST) is used to reset the burst counter.

All parts are available in 100-pin Thin Quad Plastic Flatpack (TQFP) packages.

Notes

4. When writing simultaneously to the same location, the final value cannot be guaranteed.

5. See page 9 and page 10 for Load Conditions.





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#### **Pin Configurations**









Figure 2. 100-pin TQFP (Top View) - CY7C09179V (32K × 9)

Notes

6. This pin is NC for CY7C09179V7. This pin is NC for CY7C09179V



## **Selection Guide**

Description	CY7C09099V -7 <sup>[8]</sup>	CY7C09099V CY7C09179V -12
f <sub>MAX2</sub> (MHz) (Pipelined)	83	50
Max. Access Time (ns) (Clock to Data, Pipelined)	7.5	12
Typical Operating Current I <sub>CC</sub> (mA)	155	115
Typical Standby Current for I <sub>SB1</sub> (mA) (Both Ports TTL Level)	25	20
Typical Standby Current for I <sub>SB3</sub> (µA) (Both Ports CMOS Level)	10	10

## **Pin Definitions**

Left Port	Right Port	Description
A <sub>0L</sub> -A <sub>16L</sub>	A <sub>0R</sub> -A <sub>16R</sub>	Address Inputs ( $A_0-A_{14}$ for 32K and $A_0-A_{16}$ for 128K devices).
ADSL	ADS <sub>R</sub>	Address Strobe Input. Used as an address qualifier. This signal should be asserted LOW to access the part using an externally supplied address. Asserting this signal LOW also loads the burst counter with the address present on the address pins.
CE <sub>0L</sub> , CE <sub>1L</sub>	CE <sub>0R</sub> , CE <sub>1R</sub>	Chip Enable Input. To select either the left or right port, both $\overline{CE}_0$ AND $CE_1$ must be asserted to their active states ( $\overline{CE}_0 \leq V_{IL}$ and $CE_1 \geq V_{IH}$ ).
CLKL	CLK <sub>R</sub>	Clock Signal. This input can be free running or strobed. Maximum clock input rate is $f_{MAX}$ .
CNTENL	CNTEN <sub>R</sub>	Counter Enable Input. Asserting this signal <u>LOW</u> increments the <u>burst</u> address counter of its respective port on each rising edge of CLK. CNTEN is disabled if ADS or CNTRST are asserted LOW.
CNTRSTL	CNTRST <sub>R</sub>	Counter Reset Input. Asserting this signal LOW resets the burst address counter of its respective port to zero. CNTRST is not disabled by asserting ADS or CNTEN.
I/O <sub>0L</sub> -I/O <sub>8L</sub>	I/O <sub>0R</sub> -I/O <sub>8R</sub>	Data Bus Input/Output (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> for ×8 devices; I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>8</sub> for ×9 devices).
OEL	OER	Output Enable Input. This signal must be asserted LOW to enable the I/O data pins during read operations.
R/WL	R/W <sub>R</sub>	Read/Write Enable Input. This signal is asserted LOW to write to the dual port memory array. For read operations, assert this pin HIGH.
FT/PIPEL	FT/PIPE <sub>R</sub>	Flow-Through/Pipelined Select Input. For flow-through mode operation, assert this pin LOW. For pipelined mode operation, assert this pin HIGH.
GND		Ground Input.
NC		No Connect.
V <sub>CC</sub>		Power Input.



#### **Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.  $^{\left[9\right]}$ 

Storage Temperature65 °C to +150 °C
Ambient Temperature with Power Applied
Supply Voltage to Ground Potential0.5 V to +4.6 V
DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High Z State–0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
DC Input Voltage

Output Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage	. > 2001 V
Latch-Up Current	> 200 mA

#### **Operating Range**

Range	Ambient Temperature	V <sub>cc</sub>
Commercial	0 °C to +70 °C	$3.3~V\pm300~mV$
Industrial <sup>[10]</sup>	–40 °C to +85 °C	$3.3~V\pm300~mV$

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

	CY7C09099V/ CY7C0						9179V		
Parameter	Description	Description				-12			
		Min	Typ	Мах	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ = Min., $I_{OH}$ = -4.0 mA)		2.4	-	-	2.4	_	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ = Min., $I_{OH}$ = +4.0 mA)				0.4	-		0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0		-	2.0		_	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Voltage		-		0.8	—		0.8	V
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output Leakage Current				10	-10		10	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Operating Current	Commercial	-	155	275	—	115	205	mA
	(V <sub>CC</sub> = Max., I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA) Outputs Disabled	Industrial <sup>[10]</sup>		275	390		_	-	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Standby Current	Commercial		25	85		20	50	mA
	$(Both Ports TTL Level)^{[12]} \overline{CE}_{L} \& \overline{CE}_{R} \\ \ge V_{IH}, f = f_{MAX}$	Industrial <sup>[10]</sup>	-	85	120		_	-	mA
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Standby Current	Commercial		105	165		85	140	mA
	$\begin{array}{l} (\text{One Port TTL Level})^{[12]}  \overline{\text{CE}}_L \mid \overline{\text{CE}}_R \geq \\ V_{IH},  f = f_{MAX} \end{array}$	Industrial <sup>[10]</sup>		165	210		_	-	mA
I <sub>SB3</sub>	Standby Current	Commercial		10	250		10	250	μΑ
	$\frac{(Both Ports CMOS Level)^{[12]}}{CE_L \& CE_R \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 V,}$ f = 0	Industrial <sup>[10]</sup>		10	250		_	_	μΑ
I <sub>SB4</sub>	Standby Current	Commercial	1	95	125		75	100	mA
	$\frac{(One Port CMOS Level)^{[12]}}{CE_L \mid CE_R \geq V_{IH}, f = f_{MAX}}$	Industrial <sup>[10]</sup>		125	170		-	-	mA

#### Notes

- 9. The Voltage on any input or I/O pin cannot exceed the power pin during power-up. 10. Industrial parts are available in CY7C09099V 11. See page 9 and page 10 for Load Conditions. 12.  $\overline{CE}_L$  and  $\overline{CE}_R$  are internal signals. To select either the left or right port, both  $\overline{CE}_0$  AND  $CE_1$  must be asserted to their active states ( $\overline{CE}_0 \leq V_{IL}$  and  $CE_1 \geq V_{IH}$ ).



## Capacitance

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, f = 1 MHz, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V	10	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance		10	pF

Figure 3. AC Test Loads



(Used for t<sub>CKLZ</sub>, t<sub>OLZ</sub>, & t<sub>OHZ</sub> including scope and jig)

Figure 4. AC Test Loads (Applicable to -6 and -7 only)<sup>[13]</sup>



(a) Load 1 (-6 and -7 only)

Note 13. Test Conditions: C = 10 pF.











## **Switching Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

			CY7C09099V CY7C09179V			
Parameter	Description	-7	[14]	-	12	Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
f <sub>MAX1</sub>	f <sub>Max</sub> Flow-through	-	45	-	33	MHz
f <sub>MAX2</sub>	f <sub>Max</sub> Pipelined	-	83	-	50	MHz
t <sub>CYC1</sub>	Clock Cycle Time - Flow-through	22	-	30	-	ns
t <sub>CYC2</sub>	Clock Cycle Time - Pipelined	12	-	20	-	ns
t <sub>CH1</sub>	Clock HIGH Time - Flow-through	7.5	-	12	-	ns
t <sub>CL1</sub>	Clock LOW Time - Flow-through	7.5	-	12	-	ns
t <sub>CH2</sub>	Clock HIGH Time - Pipelined	5	-	8	_	ns
t <sub>CL2</sub>	Clock LOW Time - Pipelined	5	_	8	_	ns
t <sub>R</sub>	Clock Rise Time	-	3	_	3	ns
t <sub>F</sub>	Clock Fall Time	-	3	-	3	ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address Set-Up Time	4	_	4	_	ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address Hold Time	0	_	1	_	ns
t <sub>SC</sub>	Chip Enable Set-Up Time	4	-	4	-	ns
t <sub>HC</sub>	Chip Enable Hold Time	0	_	1	-	ns
t <sub>SW</sub>	R/W Set-Up Time	4	-	4	-	ns
t <sub>HW</sub>	R/W Hold Time	0	-	1	-	ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Input Data Set-Up Time	4	_	4	-	ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Input Data Hold Time	0	-	1	-	ns
t <sub>SAD</sub>	ADS Set-Up Time	4	_	4	-	ns
t <sub>HAD</sub>	ADS Hold Time	0	_	1	-	ns
t <sub>SCN</sub>	CNTEN Set-Up Time	4.5	_	5	-	ns
t <sub>HCN</sub>	CNTEN Hold Time	0	_	1	-	ns
t <sub>SRST</sub>	CNTRST Set-Up Time	4	_	4	-	ns
t <sub>HRST</sub>	CNTRST Hold Time	0	-	1	-	ns
t <sub>OF</sub>	Output Enable to Data Valid	-	9	_	12	ns
torz <sup>[15, 16]</sup>	OE to Low Z	2	_	2	-	ns
t <sub>OHZ</sub> <sup>[15, 16]</sup>	OE to High Z	1	7	1	7	ns
t <sub>CD1</sub>	Clock to Data Valid - Flow-through	_	18	_	25	ns
t <sub>CD2</sub>	Clock to Data Valid - Pipelined	-	7.5	_	12	ns
t <sub>DC</sub>	Data Output Hold After Clock HIGH	2	- 1	2	_	ns
t <sub>скн7</sub> <sup>[15, 16]</sup>	Clock HIGH to Output High Z	2	9	2	9	ns
t <sub>CKLZ</sub> <sup>[15, 16]</sup>	Clock HIGH to Output Low Z	2	-	2	_	ns

#### Notes

14. See page 9 and page 10 for Load Conditions.
15. Test conditions used are Load 2.
16. This parameter is guaranteed by design, but it is not production tested.



#### **Switching Characteristics (continued)**

#### Over the Operating Range

			CY7C09099V CY7C09179V					
Parameter	Description	<b>-7</b> <sup>[14]</sup>		-12		Unit		
		Min	Max	Min	Max			
Port to Port Dela	Port to Port Delays							
t <sub>CWDD</sub>	Write Port Clock HIGH to Read Data Delay	-	35	-	40	ns		
t <sub>CCS</sub>	Clock to Clock Set-Up Time	-	10	-	15	ns		

#### **Switching Waveforms**





#### Notes

 $\frac{17.}{20} \underbrace{OE}_{I} is a synchronously controlled; all other inputs are synchronous to the rising clock edge.$   $18. \overline{ADS} = V_{IL}. \underbrace{CNTEN}_{ILT} and \underbrace{CNTRST}_{I} = V_{IH}.$   $19. The output is disabled (high-impedance state) by \overline{CE}_0 = V_{IH} or CE_1 = V_{IL}$  following the next rising edge of the clock.  $20. Addresses do not have to be accessed sequentially since ADS = V_{IL} constantly loads the address on the rising edge of the CLK. Numbers are for reference only.$ 





Figure 7. Read Cycle for Pipelined Operation  $(\overline{FT}/PIPE = V_{IH})^{[21, 22, 23, 24]}$ 

- Notes

   21. <u>OE</u> is asynchronously controlled; all other inputs are synchronous to the rising clock edge.

   22. ADS = V<sub>IL</sub>, CNTEN and CNTRST = V<sub>IH</sub>.

   23. The output is disabled (high-impedance state) by CE<sub>0</sub> = V<sub>IH</sub> or CE<sub>1</sub> = V<sub>IL</sub> following the next rising edge of the clock.

   24. Addresses do not have to be accessed sequentially since ADS = V<sub>IL</sub> constantly loads the address on the rising edge of the CLK. Numbers are for reference only.





Figure 8. Bank Select Pipelined Read<sup>[25, 26]</sup>

#### Notes

25. In this depth expansion example, B1 represents Bank #1 and B2 is Bank #2; Each Bank consists of one Cypress dual-port device from this datasheet. <u>ADDRESS<sub>(B1)</sub> = ADDRESS<sub>(B2)</sub>.</u>
 26. OE and ADS = V<sub>IL</sub>; CE<sub>1(B1)</sub>, CE<sub>1(B2)</sub>, R/W, CNTEN, and CNTRST = V<sub>IH</sub>.





Figure 9. Left Port Write to Flow-through Right Port Read<sup>[27, 28, 29, 30]</sup>

Notes

- Proces
   27. The same waveforms apply for a right port write to flow-through left port read.
   28. <u>CE<sub>0</sub></u> and ADS = V<sub>IL</sub>; CE<sub>1</sub>, CNTEN, and CNTRST = V<sub>IH</sub>.
   29. OE = V<sub>IL</sub> for the right port, which is being read from. OE = V<sub>IH</sub> for the left port, which is being written to.
   30. It t<sub>CCS</sub> ≤ maximum specified, then data from right port READ is not valid until the maximum specified for t<sub>CWDD</sub>. If t<sub>CCS</sub> > maximum specified, then data is not valid until t<sub>CCS</sub> + t<sub>CD1</sub>. t<sub>CWDD</sub> does not apply in this case.





Figure 10. Pipelined Read-to-Write-to-Read ( $\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$ )<sup>[31, 32, 33, 34]</sup>

Notes

31. Addresses do not have to be accessed sequentially since  $\overline{ADS} = V_{IL}$  constantly loads the address on the rising edge of the CLK. Numbers are for reference only. 32. <u>Output state (HIGH, LOW, or high-impedance)</u> is determined by the previous cycle control signals. 33.  $\overline{CE}_0$  and  $\overline{ADS} = V_{IL}$ ;  $\overline{CE}_1$ ,  $\overline{CNTEN}$ , and  $\overline{CNTRST} = V_{IH}$ . 34. During "No Operation", data in memory at the selected address may be corrupted and should be re-written to ensure data integrity.





Figure 11. Pipelined Read-to-Write-to-Read (OE Controlled)<sup>[35, 36, 37, 38]</sup>

Notes

35. Addresses do not have to be accessed sequentially since ADS = V<sub>IL</sub> constantly loads the address on the rising edge of the CLK. Numbers are for reference only.

36. Output state (HIGH, LOW, or high-impedance) is determined by the previous cycle control signals. 37.  $\overline{CE}_0$  and  $\overline{ADS} = V_{IL}$ ;  $\overline{CE}_1$ ,  $\overline{CNTEN}$ , and  $\overline{CNTRST} = V_{IH}$ . 38. During "No Operation", data in memory at the selected address may be corrupted and should be re-written to ensure data integrity.





Figure 12. Flow-through Read-to-Write-to-Read ( $\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$ )<sup>[39, 40, 41, 42, 43]</sup>

Notes

- 39.  $\overline{ADS} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{CNTEN}$  and  $\overline{CNTRST} = V_{IH}$ . 40. Addresses do not have to be accessed sequentially since  $\overline{ADS} = V_{IL}$  constantly loads the address on the rising edge of the CLK. Numbers are for reference only.
- 41. Output state (HIGH, LOW, or high-impedance) is determined by the previous cycle control signals.
- 42.  $\overline{Ce_0}$  and  $\overline{ADS} = V_{IL}$ ;  $\overline{Ce_1}$ ,  $\overline{CNTEN}$ , and  $\overline{CNTRST} = V_{IH}$ . 43. During "No Operation", data in memory at the selected address may be corrupted and should be re-written to ensure data integrity.





Figure 13. Flow-through Read-to-Write-to-Read (OE Controlled)<sup>[44, 45, 46, 47, 48]</sup>

Notes

44. ADS = V<sub>IL</sub>, CNTEN and CNTRST = V<sub>IH</sub>.
45. In this depth expansion example, B1 represents Bank #1 and B2 is Bank #2; Each Bank consists of one Cypress dual-port device from this datasheet. ADDRESS<sub>(B1)</sub> = ADDRESS<sub>(B2)</sub>.
46. Output state (HIGH, LOW, or high-impedance) is determined by the previous cycle control signals.
47. CE<sub>0</sub> and ADS = V<sub>IL</sub>; CE<sub>1</sub>, CNTEN, and CNTRST = V<sub>IH</sub>.

48. During "No Operation", data in memory at the selected address may be corrupted and should be re-written to ensure data integrity.





Figure 14. Pipelined Read with Address Counter Advance<sup>[49]</sup>





Note 49.  $\overline{CE}_0$  and  $\overline{OE}$  = V<sub>IL</sub>; CE<sub>1</sub>, R/W and  $\overline{CNTRST}$  = V<sub>IH</sub>.





Figure 16. Write with Address Counter Advance (Flow-through or Pipelined Outputs)<sup>[50, 51]</sup>

Notes 50.  $\overline{CE}_0$  and  $\overline{R/W} = V_{IL}$ ;  $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $\overline{CNTRST} = V_{IH}$ . 51. The "Internal Address" is equal to the "External Address" when  $\overline{ADS} = V_{IL}$  and equals the counter output when  $\overline{ADS} = V_{IH}$ .





Notes

52. Addresses do not have to be accessed sequentially since  $\overline{ADS} = V_{IL}$  constantly loads the address on the rising edge of the CLK. Numbers are for reference only. 53. Output state (HIGH, LOW, or high-impedance) is determined by the previous cycle control signals. 54.  $\overline{CE}_0 = V_{IL}$ ;  $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IH}$ .

- 55. No dead cycle exists during counter reset. A READ or WRITE cycle may be coincidental with the counter reset.



#### Read/Write and Enable Operation [56, 57, 58]

Inputs				Outputs		
OE	CLK	CE0	CE <sub>1</sub>	R/W	I/O <sub>0</sub> —I/O <sub>9</sub>	Operation
Х		Н	Х	Х	High Z	Deselected <sup>[59]</sup>
Х		Х	L	Х	High Z	Deselected <sup>[59]</sup>
Х		L	Н	L	D <sub>IN</sub>	Write
L		L	Н	Н	D <sub>OUT</sub>	Read <sup>[59]</sup>
Н	Х	L	Н	Х	High Z	Outputs Disabled

#### Address Counter Control Operation [56, 60, 61, 62]

Address	Previous Address	CLK	ADS	CNTEN	CNTRST	I/O	Mode	Operation
Х	Х		Х	Х	L	D <sub>out(0)</sub>	Reset	Counter Reset to Address 0
A <sub>n</sub>	Х		L	Х	Н	D <sub>out(n)</sub>	Load	Address Load into Counter
Х	A <sub>n</sub>		Н	Н	Н	D <sub>out(n)</sub>	Hold	External Address Blocked—Counter Disabled
Х	A <sub>n</sub>		Н	L	H	D <sub>out(n+1)</sub>	Increment	Counter Enabled—Internal Address Generation

Notes

- **Notes** 56. "X" = "Don't Care", "H" = V<sub>IH</sub>, "L" = V<sub>IL</sub>. 57. <u>ADS</u>, CNTEN, CNTRST = "Don't Care." 58. OE is an asynchronous input signal. 59. <u>When CE ch</u>anges state in the <u>pi</u>pelined mode, deselection and read happen in the following clock cycle. 60. CE<sub>0</sub> and  $\overrightarrow{OE} = V_{IL}$ ; CE<sub>1</sub> and R/W = V<sub>IH</sub>. 61. Data shown for flow-through mode; <u>pipelined</u> mode output will be delayed by one cycle. 62. Counter operation is independent of  $\overrightarrow{CE}_0$  and  $\overrightarrow{CE}_1$ .



## **Ordering Information**

The following table contains only the parts that are currently available. If you do not see what you are looking for, contact your local sales representative. For more information, visit the Cypress website at www.cypress.com and refer to the product summary page at http://www.cypress.com/products

Cypress maintains a worldwide network of offices, solution centers, manufacturer's representatives and distributors. To find the office closest to you, visit us at http://www.cypress.com/go/datasheet/offices.

#### 128 K × 8 3.3 V Synchronous Dual-Port SRAM

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
7.5 <sup>[63]</sup>	CY7C09099V-7AXI	A100	100-pin Thin Quad Flat Pack (Pb-free)	Industrial
12	CY7C09099V-12AXC	A100	100-pin Thin Quad Flat Pack (Pb-free)	Commercial

#### 32 K × 9 3.3 V Synchronous Dual-Port SRAM

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
12	CY7C09179V-12AXC	A100	100-pin Thin Quad Flat Pack (Pb-free)	Commercial

#### **Ordering Code Definitions**





## Package Diagram

Figure 18. 100-pin TQFP 14 × 14 × 1.4 mm A100SA, 51-85048





## Acronyms

Acronym	Description
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor
I/O	input/output
OE	output enable
SRAM	static random access memory
TQFP	thin quad flat pack
TTL	transistor-transistor logic
WE	write enable

### **Document Conventions**

#### **Units of Measure**

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degree Celsius
MHz	megahertz
μA	microamperes
mA	milliamperes
mm	millimeter
ms	milliseconds
mV	millivolts
ns	nanoseconds
Ω	ohm
%	percent
pF	picofarads
V	volts
W	watts



## **Document History Page**

Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	110191	SZV	09/29/01	Change from Spec number: 38-00667 to 38-06043
*A	122293	RBI	12/27/02	Power up requirements added to Operating Conditions Information
*В	365034	PCN	See ECN	Added Pb-Free Logo Added Pb-Free Part Ordering Information: CY7C09089V-6AXC, CY7C09089V-12AXC, CY7C09099V-6AXC, CY7C09099V-7AI, CY7C09099V-7AXI, CY7C09099V-12AXC, CY7C09179V-6AXC, CY7C09179V-12AXC, CY7C09189V-6AXC, CY7C09189V-12AXC, CY7C09199V-6AXC, CY7C09199V-7AXC, CY7C09199V-9AXC, CY7C09199V-9AXI, CY7C09199V-12AXC
*C	2623658	VKN/PYRS	12/17/08	Added CY7C09089V-12AXI part in the Ordering information table
*D	2897159	RAME	03/22/10	Removed inactive parts from ordering information table. Updated package diagram. Added Note in ordering information section.
*E	3110406	ADMU	12/14/2010	Updated Ordering Information. Added Ordering Code Definitions.
*F	3264673	ADMU	05/24/2011	Updated Document Title to read "CY7C09099V, CY7C09179V, 3.3 V 32 K/64 K/128 K × 8/9 Synchronous Dual-Port Static RAM". Updated Features. Updated Pin Configurations (Removed the Note "This pin is NC for CY7C09079V." in page 5). Updated Selection Guide. Updated Package Diagram. Added Acronyms and Units of Measure. Updated in new template.
*G	3849285	ADMU	12/21/2012	Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers). Updated Package Diagram: spec 51-85048 – Changed revision from *E to *G.
*H	4411062	ADMU	06/17/2014	Information for MPNs CY7C09089V and CY7C09199V removed. Information for -6 and -9 speed bins also removed. Updated document title to "CY7C09099V, CY7C09179V, 3.3 V 32K/128K × 8/9 Synchronous Dual-Port Static RAM"
*	4580622	ADMU	11/26/2014	Added related documentation hyperlink in page 1.



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