



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR

**AO4268**

**60V N-Channel AlphaSGT™**

### General Description

- Trench Power AlphaSGT™ technology
- Low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Low Gate Charge

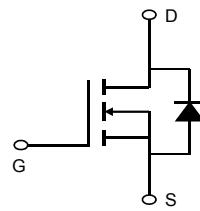
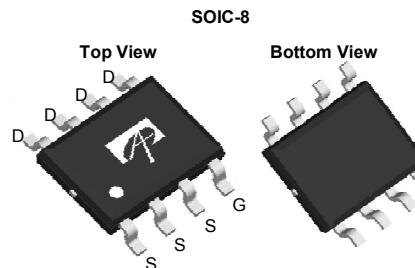
### Product Summary

$V_{DS}$	60V
$I_D$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	19A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	< 4.8mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=4.5V$ )	< 6.5mΩ

### Applications

- Synchronous Rectification for AC-DC Quick Charger

100% UIS Tested  
100%  $R_g$  Tested



Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AO4268	SO-8	Tape & Reel	3000

### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	60	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>A</sup>	$I_D$	19	A
$T_A=70^\circ C$		14.5	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	76	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AS}$	30	A
Avalanche energy $L=0.3mH$ <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AS}$	135	mJ
$V_{DS}$ Spike $t \leq 10\mu s$	$V_{SPIKE}$	72	V
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	3.1	W
$T_A=25^\circ C$		2	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	°C

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup> $t \leq 10s$	$R_{\theta JA}$	31	40	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup> Steady-State		59	75	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead	$R_{\theta JL}$	16	24	°C/W

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$\text{ID}=250\mu\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	60			V
$\text{I}_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=60\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$			1	$\mu\text{A}$
			$T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		5	
$\text{I}_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=\pm20\text{V}$			$\pm100$	nA
$\text{V}_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=\text{V}_{\text{GS}}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$	1.3	1.8	2.3	V
$\text{R}_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=19\text{A}$		4	4.8	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		6.3	7.6	
		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=16\text{A}$		5.2	6.5	
$\text{g}_{\text{FS}}$	Forward Transconductance	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=5\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=19\text{A}$		83		S
$\text{V}_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$\text{I}_{\text{S}}=1\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$		0.7	1	V
$\text{I}_{\text{S}}$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				4	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{C}_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=30\text{V}, \text{f}=1\text{MHz}$		2500		pF
$\text{C}_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance			670		pF
$\text{C}_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			65		pF
$\text{R}_{\text{g}}$	Gate resistance	$\text{f}=1\text{MHz}$	0.5	1.2	2	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{Q}_{\text{g}}(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=30\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=19\text{A}$		44	65	nC
$\text{Q}_{\text{g}}(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			21	30	nC
$\text{Q}_{\text{gs}}$	Gate Source Charge			6.5		nC
$\text{Q}_{\text{gd}}$	Gate Drain Charge			8.5		nC
$t_{\text{D}(\text{on})}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=30\text{V}, \text{R}_{\text{L}}=1.6\Omega, \text{R}_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		7.5		ns
$t_{\text{r}}$	Turn-On Rise Time			6.5		ns
$t_{\text{D}(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			38		ns
$t_{\text{f}}$	Turn-Off Fall Time			8		ns
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$\text{I}_{\text{F}}=19\text{A}, \text{di}/\text{dt}=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		22		ns
$\text{Q}_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$\text{I}_{\text{F}}=19\text{A}, \text{di}/\text{dt}=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		80		nC

A. The value of  $\text{R}_{\text{QA}}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , using  $\leq 10\text{s}$  junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

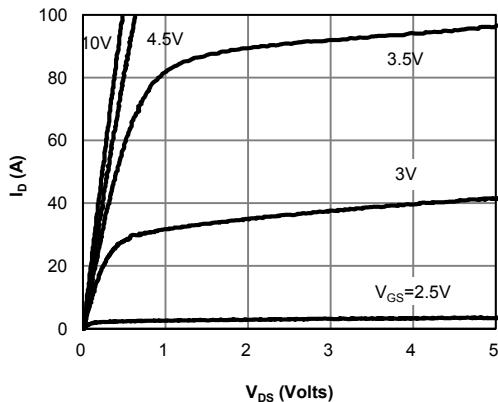
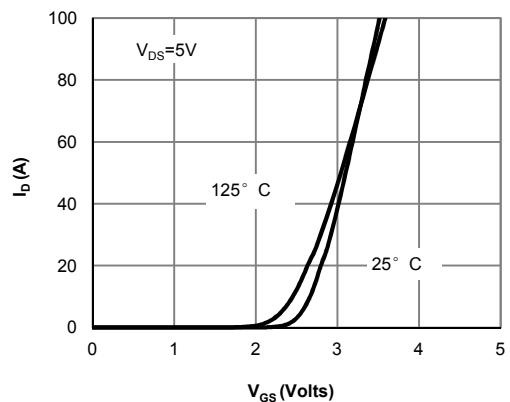
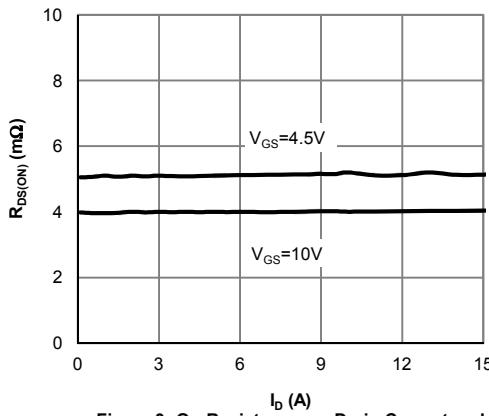
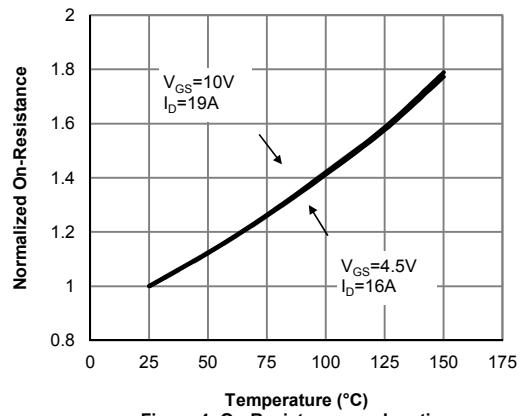
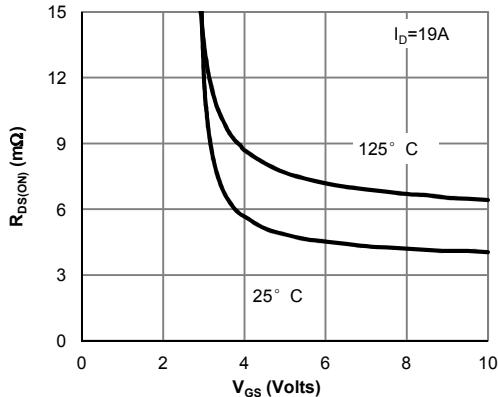
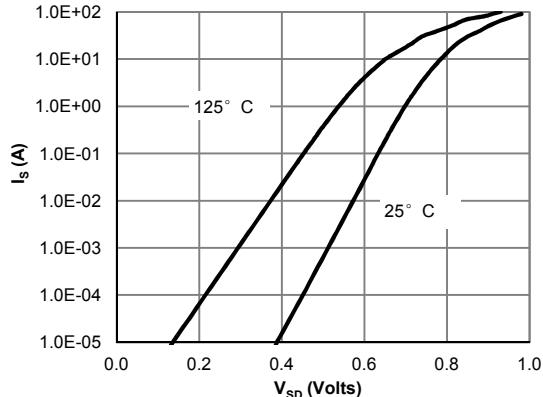
C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $\text{R}_{\text{QA}}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead  $\text{R}_{\text{QJL}}$  and lead to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using  $<300\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-ambient thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

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**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)**

**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)**

**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)**

**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)**

**Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)**

**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)**

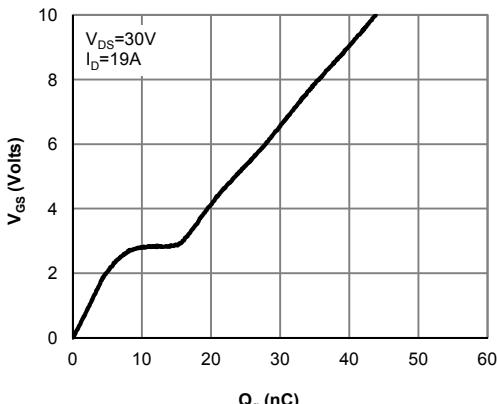
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

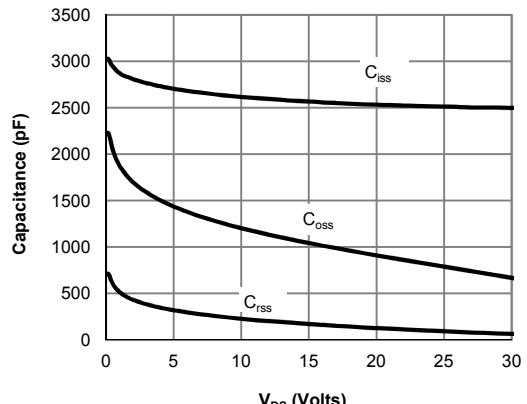


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

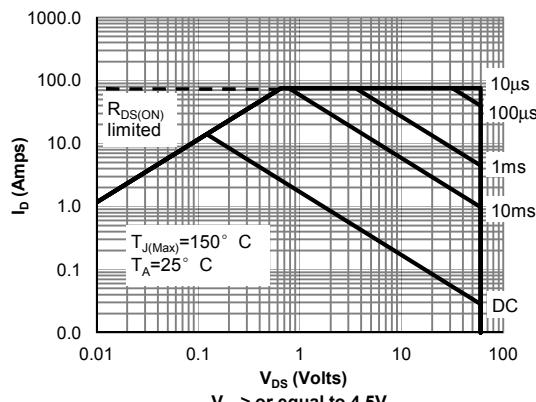


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

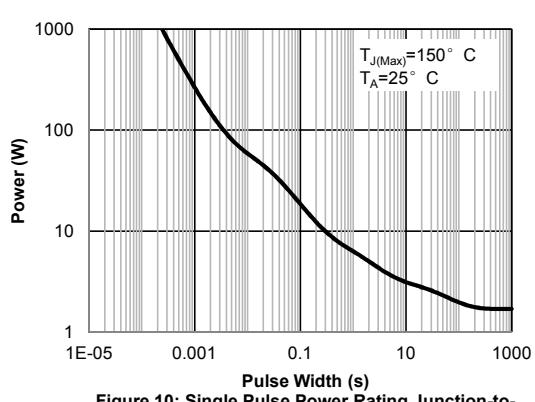


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note F)

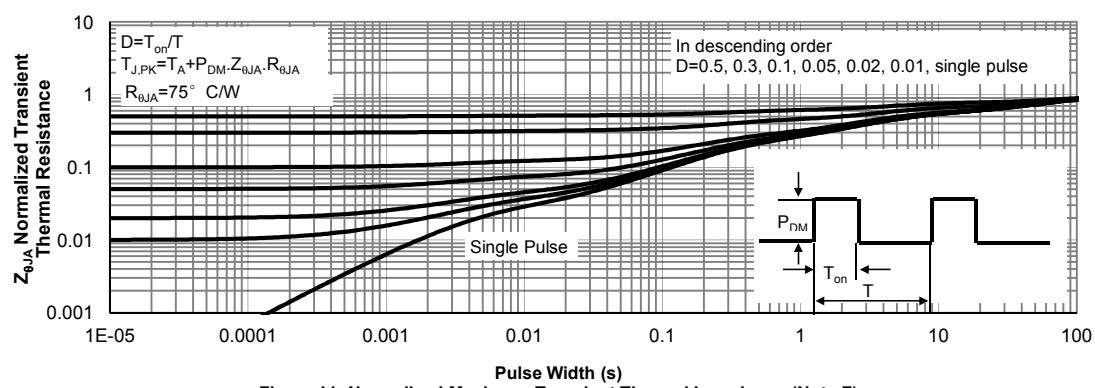


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

Figure A: Gate Charge Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms

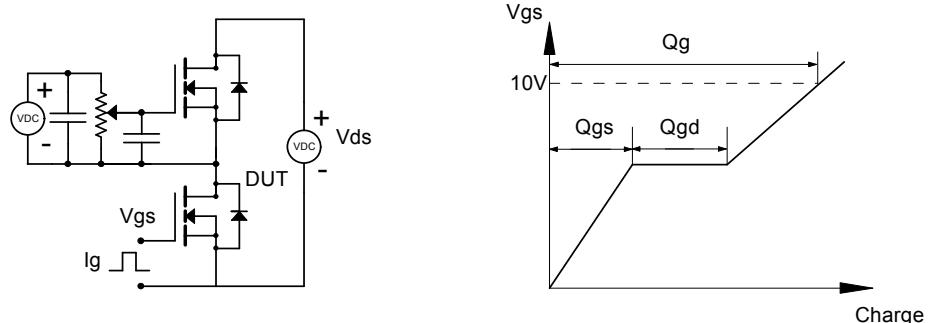


Figure B: Resistive Switching Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms

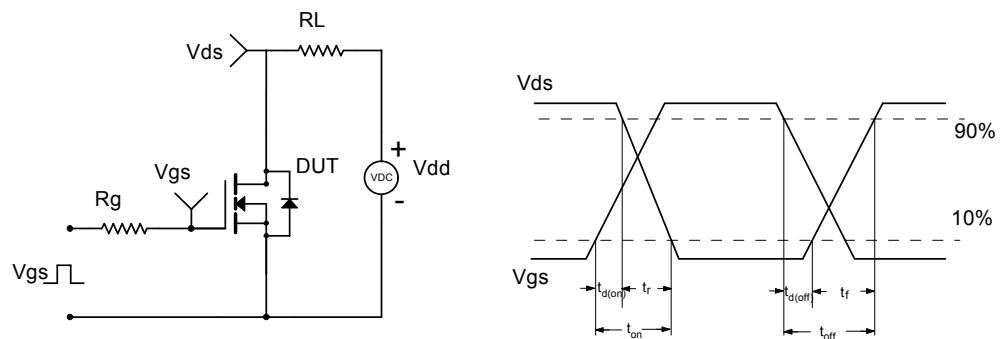


Figure C: Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms

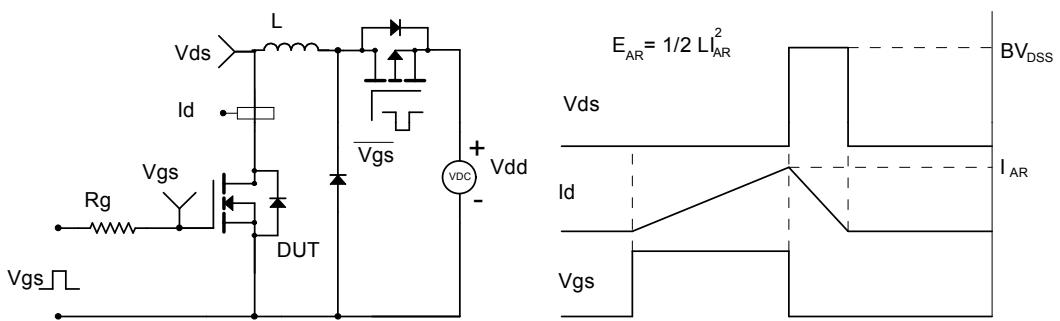


Figure D: Diode Recovery Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms

