REFERENCE GUIDE

LEMO'S PLUG IDENTIFICATION GUIDE







INTRODUCTION

This guide is designed for individuals who have a LEMO plug, and wish to identify its part number. It describes basic steps in identifying a part number for a specific LEMO plug and covers only the most common LEMO connectors. To identify items not listed in the document, refer to LEMO's web site and/or catalogs. Knowing the cable or cable size to be used will also greatly help. For additional assistance, or with help on more complex models, please contact LEMO.

A QUICK PATH

If you know the part number for the plug mate, use the Part # Search feature on the LEMO web site, and select "Find Mate" on the Product Details page.

STEPS

1. Determine if the plug is a LEMO product

The B Series, K Series and E Series have the LEMO chocolate block pattern. The S Series has two knurled bands.



"Chocolate block" pattern

Examples of Non-LEMO plugs







"Knurled" band pattern

2. Determine model, size, and series



LEMO plugs have the model, size, and series marked on the circumference of the shell. Example: FGG.1B. Note: the 3rd letter is the Key style. 'G' is most common, but other key configurations are available (refer to catalogs).





3. Determine insert/contact type



Type

Look into the nose of the plug to determine the insert/contact type.

Single Contact If there is only one electrical contact, it will be a low voltage pin, coax, triax, or a high voltage contact. For more specifics on each of these insert/contact types, see the <u>Concentric Contacts Identification</u> <u>Guide</u>. For the most common single pin contact, a single 'low voltage' pin, the sixth position of the part number is a '1'. A coax connector is nominally a '2', a high voltage (with its additional anti creep spacer) will be a '4', and a triax has a '6' designation.



Single pin



Coax

Multi Contact

If there are multiple contacts, they may be low voltage, coax, triax, high voltage, fiber optic, or a combination thereof. For the most common multiple contact connector, with low voltage pins, the sixth position of the part number is a "3".



Two pin, 'B' type insert



Hermaphroditic or 'S" type insert

4. Determine insert/contact configuration



Having determined the first digit in the "type identifier", now determine the next two digits. For common low voltage configurations, count the number of pins and see the <u>Part Number</u> <u>Explanation</u> page on the web site, or the 'type tables' in the catalog of the series identified in step 2. A typical table is shown below. For example, the multi-pin low voltage insert, with 5 pins is a 'type' **305**.

					Contact type availability				Solder contact		Crimp contact		
		Reference	Number of contacts	ø A (mm)	Solder	Crimp	Printed circuit (straight)	Printed circuit (elbow)	Test voltage (kV rms) ¹⁾ Contact-contact	Test voltage (kV rms) ¹⁾ Contact-shell	Test voltage (kV rms) ¹⁾ Contact-contact	Test voltage (kV rms) ¹⁾ Contact-shell	Rated current (A) ¹⁾
1B	8	302	2	1.3	•	•	•	•	1.50	1.35	1.70	1.45	15.0 ³⁾
		303	3	1.3	•	•	•	•	1.30	1.55	1.60	1.85	12.0
	63	304	4	0.9	•	•	•	•	1.35	1.45	1.70	1.80	10.0 ²⁾
	63	305	5	0.9	•	•	•	•	1.25	1.15	1.30	1.55	9.0 ²⁾



5. Determine shell material



Shell Material

For 9th position number, determine the shell material. The most common shell material is brass with matte chrome plating and is indicated with the letter "C". Anodized aluminum alloy has an L designator and so on. There are many alternative choices available. Details and shell material codes can be found on the <u>Part Number Explanation</u> page of LEMO's web site, and catalogs.

6. Determine insert material



Insulator Material

The 10th position is the insulator material of the insert. The most common insert material is 'PEEK' plastic, a pale beige in color, and is the letter 'L' (or sometimes Y). Coax inserts are most often Teflon, which is white, and indicated with the letter "T". Other insert materials are available and are indicated in a table in the catalogs. Contact LEMO if you are unable to determine the material.

7. Determine termination type

F G G . 1 B . 3 0 5 . C L A X X X

Termination Type

Part number of the collet 1)

FFC 00 727 CN

FFC.00.731.CN

FGG.1B.742.DN

FGG.1B.752.DN

EGG 1B 762 DN

FGG.1B.772.DN

EGG.1B.776.DN 3)

The 11th position indicates the type of pin termination. If the termination is solder, the termination is type "A". A crimp connection is a "C". In a B-series connector female solder pin, type "L", or crimp type "M" are possible, for reverse sex configurations (female contacts in a male plug). (Note: there are certain *keyways*, such as the J-keyway, reserved for reverse sex connectors, see step 2.)

8. Determine collet size and type

F	G	G		1	В		3	0	5	С	L	A	D	5	2	?
			-			-						(Coll	et S	Size	

Cable ø

max.

2.6

3.0

4.0

5.0

6.0

7.0

7.5

min.

22

2.6

4.1

5.1

6.1

7.1

Measure the diameter of the cable to determine the collet size. In the collet tables of the catalog, find the appropriate table for your size and series as determined in step 2. Find the cable max and min dimension, which best describes your cable, and then look for the 'referenced type' of the collet

1B

Reference

Type ø

M 27

M 31

D

D

D 72

D 76

52

62

Collet ø

øΒ

_

øΑ

27

3.1

5.2

6.2

7.2 6.7

7.6 6.7

best suited for your cable. If your connector is not terminated, measure the inside diameter of the collet to determine its size.

The last position is reserved for options (like an additional bend relief etc.) and is not required for a viable connector.

9. Configure the part number for your LEMO plug - Summary







635 Park Court, Rohnert Park, CA 94928 P.O. Box 2408, Rohnert Park, CA 94928-2408 (800) 444-5366 • (707) 578-8811 • fax (707) 578-0869

www.LemoUSA.com • email: info@lemousa.com

Notice: The information contained in this document is subject to change without notice. LEMO makes no warranty of any kind with regard to this material, including, but not limited to, the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. LEMO shall not be liable for errors contained herein or for incidental or consequential damages in connection with the furnishing, performance or use of this material.

Reproduction, adaptation or translation of this document is prohibited without prior written permission of LEMO.