

1/4 Duty General-Purpose LCD Driver



LC75844M

Overview

The LC75844M is a 1/4 duty general-purpose LCD driver that can be used for frequency display in electronic tuners under the control of a microcontroller. The LC75844M can drive an LCD with up to 88 segments directly. The LC75844M can also control up to 4 general-purpose output ports. Since the LC75844M uses separate power supply systems for the LCD drive block and the logic block, the LCD driver block power-supply voltage can be set to any voltage in the range 2.7 to 6.0 volts, regardless of the logic block power-supply voltage.

Features

- Support for 1/4 duty 1/2 bias or 1/4 duty 1/3 bias drive of up to 88 segments under serial data control.
- Serial data input supports CCB format communication with the system controller.
- Serial data control of the power-saving mode based backup function and all the segments forced off function
- Serial data control of switching between the segment output port and the general-purpose output port functions
- High generality, since display data is displayed directly without decoder intervention.
- Independent V_{LCD} for the LCD driver block (V_{LCD} can be set to any voltage in the range 2.7 to 6.0 volts, regardless of the logic block power-supply voltage.)
- The $\overline{\text{INH}}$ pin can force the display to the off state.
- RC oscillator circuit

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Package Dimensions

unit: mm 3204-MFP36S



Specifications Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C, V_{SS} = 0 V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
	V _{DD} max	V _{DD}	-0.3 to +7.0	V
Maximum supply voltage	V _{LCD} max	V _{LCD}	-0.3 to +7.0	V
	V _{IN} 1	CE, CL, DI, INH	-0.3 to +7.0	V
Input voltage	V _{IN} 2	OSC	-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
	V _{IN} 3	V _{LCD} 1, V _{LCD} 2	-0.3 to V _{LCD} + 0.3	V
	V _{OUT} 1	OSC	-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Output voltage	V _{OUT} 2	S1 to S22, COM1 to COM4, P1 to P4	-0.3 to V _{LCD} + 0.3	V
	I _{OUT} 1	S1 to S22	300	μA
Output current	I _{OUT} 2	COM1 to COM4	3	mA
	I _{OUT} 3	P1 to P4	5	mA
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	Ta = 85°C	100	mW
Operating temperature	Topr		-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-55 to +125	°C

Allowable Operating Ranges at Ta = –40 to +85°C, V_{SS} = 0 V

				Ratings			
Parameter	Symbol	mbol Conditions		typ max		Unit	
Supply voltage	V _{DD}	V _{DD}	2.7		6.0	V	
Supply voltage	V _{LCD}	V _{LCD}	2.7		6.0	V	
Input voltage	V _{LCD} 1	V _{LCD} 1		2/3 V _{LCD}	V _{LCD}	V	
Input voltage	V _{LCD} 2	V _{LCD} 2		1/3 V _{LCD}	V _{LCD}	V	
Input high level voltage	VIH	CE, CL, DI, INH	0.8 V _{DD}		6.0	V	
Input low level voltage	VIL	CE, CL, DI, INH	0		0.2 V _{DD}	V	
Recommended external resistance	R _{osc}	OSC		43		kΩ	
Recommended external capacitance	C _{OSC}	OSC		680		pF	
Guaranteed oscillation range	f _{OSC}	OSC	25	50	100	kHz	
Data setup time	t _{ds}	CL, DI: Figure 2	160			ns	
Data hold time	t _{dh}	CL, DI: Figure 2	160			ns	
CE wait time	t _{cp}	CE, CL: Figure 2 160				ns	
CE setup time	t _{cs}	CE, CL: Figure 2	160			ns	
CE hold time	t _{ch}	CE, CL: Figure 2	160			ns	
High level clock pulse width	tøH	CL: Figure 2	160			ns	
Low level clock pulse width	tøL	CL: Figure 2	160			ns	
Rise time	tr	CE, CL, DI: Figure 2 160			ns		
Fall time	t _f	CE, CL, DI: Figure 2		160		ns	
INH switching time	tc	INH, CE: Figure 3	10			μs	

Pin Assignment



				Ratings			
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit	
Hysteresis	V _H	CE, CL, DI, INH		0.1 V _{DD}		V	
Input high level current	IIH	CE, CL, DI, INH; VI = 6.0 V			5.0	μA	
Input low level current	I _{IL}	CE, CL, DI, \overline{INH} ; V _I = 0 V	-5.0			μA	
	V _{OH} 1	S1 to S22; I _O = -20 μA	V _{LCD} - 0.9			V	
Output high level voltage	V _{OH} 2	COM1 to COM4; $I_0 = -100 \ \mu A$	$V_{LCD} - 0.9$			V	
	V _{OH} 3	P1 to P4; I _O = -1 mA	$V_{LCD} - 0.9$			V	
	V _{OL} 1	S1 to S22; I _O = 20 μA			0.9	V	
Output low level voltage	V _{OL} 2	COM1 to COM4; $I_0 = 100 \ \mu A$			0.9	V	
	V _{OL} 3	P1 to P4; I ₀ = 1 mA			0.9	V	
	V _{MID} 1	COM1 to COM4; 1/2 bias, I_{O} = ±100 μA	1/2 V _{LCD} – 0.9		1/2 V _{LCD} + 0.9	V	
Output middle level voltage*1	V _{MID} 2	S1 to S22; 1/3 bias, I _O = ±20 μA	2/3 V _{LCD} - 0.9		2/3 V _{LCD} + 0.9	V	
	V _{MID} 3	S1 to S22; 1/3 bias, I _O = ±20 μA	1/3 V _{LCD} – 0.9		1/3 V _{LCD} + 0.9	V	
	V _{MID} 4	COM1 to COM4; 1/3 bias, I_{O} = ±100 μA	2/3 V _{LCD} – 0.9		2/3 V _{LCD} + 0.9	V	
	V _{MID} 5	COM1 to COM4; 1/3 bias, I_{O} = ±100 μA	1/3 V _{LCD} – 0.9		1/3 V _{LCD} + 0.9	V	
Oscillator frequency	f _{osc}	OSC; R_{OSC} = 43 k Ω , C_{OSC} = 680 pF	40	50	60	kHz	
	I _{DD} 1	V _{DD} ; power saving mode			5	μA	
	I _{DD} 2	V_{DD} ; V_{DD} = 6.0 V, output open, fosc = 50 k Hz		230	460	μA	
	I _{LCD} 1	V _{LCD} ; power saving mode			5	μA	
Current drain	I _{LCD} 2	V_{LCD} ; V_{LCD} = 6.0 V, output open 1/2 bias, fosc = 50 k Hz		100	200	μA	
	I _{LCD} 3	V_{LCD} ; V_{LCD} = 6.0 V, output open 1/3 bias, fosc = 50 k Hz		60	120	μA	

Note: *1 Excluding the bias voltage generation divider resistors built in the V_{LCD} 1 and V_{LCD} 2. (See Figure 1.)



Figure 1



2. When CL is stopped at the high level





Block Diagram



Pin Functions

Pin	Pin No.	Function		Active	I/O	Handling when unused
S1/P1 to S4/P4 S5 to S22	1 to 4 5 to 22	Segment outputs for displaying the display data tra S1/P1 to S4/P4 can be used as general-purpose of control data.		_	0	Open
COM1 COM2 COM3 COM4	23 24 25 26	Common driver outputs. The frame frequency f_0 is given by: $f_0 = (f_{OSC}/512)$	Hz.	_	0	Open
OSC	32	Oscillator connection An oscillator circuit is formed by connecting an ext	ernal resistor and capacitor to this pin.	_	I/O	V _{DD}
CE CL DI	34 35 36	Serial data transfer inputs. These pins are connected to the control microprocessor. DI: Transfer data		H	I	GND
ĪNĦ	33	$\label{eq:static_static} \begin{array}{l} \hline Display off control input \\ \bullet \overline{INH} = low (V_{SS}): Off \\ & S1/P1 \ to \ S4/P4 = Low \\ & (These pins are forcibly set to fixed at the V_{SS} evel.) \\ & S5 \ to \ S22 = Low \ (V_{SS}), \\ & COM1 \ to \ COM4 = Low \ (V_{SS}) \\ \bullet \overline{INH} = high \ (V_{DD}): On \\ & Note \ that \ serial \ data \ transfers \ can \ be \ performed \ w \\ & display \ is \ forced \ off \ by \ this \ pin. \end{array}$	L	I	GND	
V _{LCD} 1	29	Used to apply the LCD drive 2/3 bias voltage exter $V_{LCD}2$ when 1/2 bias drive is used.	_	Ι	Open	
V _{LCD} 2	30	Used to apply the LCD drive 1/3 bias voltage exter $V_{LCD}1$ when 1/2 bias drive is used.	-	Ι	Open	
V _{DD}	27	Logic block power supply. Provide a voltage in the	_	_	_	
V _{LCD}	28	LCD driver block power supply. Provide a voltage	_	_	—	
V _{SS}	31	Ground pin. Connect to ground.		_	_	—

Serial Data Transfer Format

1. When CL is stopped at the low level



2. When CL is stopped at the high level





Note: DD ... Direction data

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- CCB address.....44H
- D1 to D88.....Display data
- P0 to P2Segment output port/general-purpose output port switching control data
- DR1/2 bias drive or 1/3 bias drive switching control data
- SC.....Segments on/off control data
- BUNormal mode/power-saving mode control data

Serial Data Transfer Examples

• When 45 or more segments are used, all 112 bits of the serial data must be sent.



• When fewer than 45 segments are used, only 56 bits of serial data need to be sent. However, the display data D1 to D44 and the control data must be sent.



Note: When fewer than 45 segments are used, transfers such as that shown in the figure below cannot be used.



Control Data Functions

 P0 to P2: Segment output port/general-purpose output port switching control data. These control data bits switch the S1/P1 to S4/P4 output pins between their segment output port and general-purpose output port functions.

C	Control data		Output pin states			
P0	P1	P2	S1/P1	S2/P2	S3/P3	S4/P4
0	0	0	S1	S2	S3	S4
0	0	1	P1	S2	S3	S4
0	1	0	P1	P2	S3	S4
0	1	1	P1	P2	P3	S4
1	0	0	P1	P2	P3	P4

Note: Sn (n = 1 to 4): Segment output ports

Pn (n = 1 to 4): General-purpose output ports

Also note that when the general-purpose output port function is selected, the output pins and the display data will have the correspondences listed in the tables below.

Output pin	Corresponding display data
S1/P1	D1
S2/P2	D5
S3/P3	D9
S4/P4	D13

For example, if the output pin S4/P4 has the general-purpose output port function selected, it will output a high level (V_{LCD}) when the display data D13 is 1, and will output a low level (V_{SS}) when D13 is 0.

2. DR: 1/2 bias drive or 1/3 bias drive switching control data

This control data bit selects either 1/2 bias drive or 1/3 bias drive.

DR	Drive type
0	1/3 bias drive
1	1/2 bias drive

3. SC: Segments on/off control data

This control data bit controls the on/off state of the segments.

SC	Display state
0	On
1	Off

However, note that when the segments are turned off by setting SC to 1, the segments are turned off by outputting segment off waveforms from the segment output pins.

4. BU: Normal mode/power-saving mode control data

This control data bit selects either normal mode or power-saving mode.

BU	Mode
0	Normal mode
1	Power saving mode (The OSC pin oscillator is stopped, and the common and segment output pins go to the V _{SS} level. However, the S1/P1 to S4/P4 output pins that are set to be general-purpose output ports by the control data P0 to P2 can be used as general-purpose output ports.)

Segment output pin	COM1	COM2	COM3	COM4
S1/P1	D1	D2	D3	D4
S2/P2	D5	D6	D7	D8
S3/P3	D9	D10	D11	D12
S4/P4	D13	D14	D15	D16
S5	D17	D18	D19	D20
S6	D21	D22	D23	D24
S7	D25	D26	D27	D28
S8	D29	D30	D31	D32
S9	D33	D34	D35	D36
S10	D37	D38	D39	D40
S11	D41	D42	D43	D44
S12	D45	D46	D47	D48
S13	D49	D50	D51	D52
S14	D53	D54	D55	D56
S15	D57	D58	D59	D60
S16	D61	D62	D63	D64
S17	D65	D66	D67	D68
S18	D69	D70	D71	D72
S19	D73	D74	D75	D76
S20	D77	D78	D79	D80
S21	D81	D82	D83	D84
S22	D85	D86	D87	D88

Display Data to Segment Output Pin Correspondence

Note: This applies to the case where the S1/P1 to S4/P4 output pins are set to be segment output ports.

	Display data			Commont output sin (C11) state
D41	D42	D43	D44	Segment output pin (S11) state
0	0	0	0	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1 to COM4 are off.
0	0	0	1	The LCD segment corresponding to COM4 is on.
0	0	1	0	The LCD segment corresponding to COM3 is on.
0	0	1	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM3 and COM4 are on.
0	1	0	0	The LCD segment corresponding to COM2 is on.
0	1	0	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM2 and COM4 are on.
0	1	1	0	The LCD segments corresponding to COM2 and COM3 are on.
0	1	1	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM2, COM3 and COM4 are on.
1	0	0	0	The LCD segment corresponding to COM1 is on.
1	0	0	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1 and COM4 are on.
1	0	1	0	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1 and COM3 are on.
1	0	1	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1, COM3 and COM4 are on.
1	1	0	0	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are on.
1	1	0	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1, COM2 and COM4 are on.
1	1	1	0	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1 to COM3 are on.
1	1	1	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1 to COM4 are on.

For example, the table below lists the segment output states for the S11 output pin.

1/4 Duty, 1/2 Bias Drive Technique



1/4 Duty, 1/2 Bias Waveforms

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1/4 Duty, 1/3 Bias Drive Technique



1/4 Duty, 1/3 Bias Waveforms

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The INH pin and Display Control

Since the IC internal data (the display data and the control data) is undefined when power is first applied, applications should set the \overline{INH} pin low at the same time as power is applied to turn off the display (This sets the S1/P1 to S4/P4, S5 to S22, and COM1 to COM4 to the V_{SS} level.) and during this period send serial data from the controller. The controller should then set the \overline{INH} pin high after the data transfer has completed. This procedure prevents meaningless displays at power on. (See Figure 3.)

Notes on the Power On/Off Sequences

Applications should observe the following sequence when turning the LC75844M power on and off.

- At power on: Logic block power supply (V_{DD}) on \rightarrow LCD driver block power supply (V_{LCD}) on
- At power off: LCD driver block power supply (V_{LCD}) off \rightarrow Logic block power supply (V_{DD}) off

However, if the logic and LCD driver block use a shared power supply, then the power supplies can be turned on and off at the same time.



Notes on Controller Transfer of Display Data

Since the LC75844M accept display data (D1 to D88) divided into two separate transfer operations, we recommend that applications transfer all of the display data within a period of less than 30 ms to prevent observable degradation of display quality.

Sample Application Circuit 1

1/2 Bias (for use with normal panels)



Note: *2 When a capacitor except the recommended external capacitance (C_{OSC} = 680 pF) is connected the OSC pin, we recommend that applications connect the OSC pin with a capacitor in the range 220 to 2200pF.

Sample Application Circuit 2

1/2 Bias (for use with large panels)



Note: *2 When a capacitor except the recommended external capacitance (C_{OSC} = 680 pF) is connected the OSC pin, we recommend that applications connect the OSC pin with a capacitor in the range 220 to 2200pF.

Sample Application Circuit 3

1/3 Bias (for use with normal panels)



Note: *2 When a capacitor except the recommended external capacitance (C_{OSC} = 680 pF) is connected the OSC pin, we recommend that applications connect the OSC pin with a capacitor in the range 220 to 2200pF.

Sample Application Circuit 4

1/3 Bias (for use with large panels)



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Note: *2 When a capacitor except the recommended external capacitance (C_{OSC} = 680 pF) is connected the OSC pin, we recommend that applications connect the OSC pin with a capacitor in the range 220 to 2200pF.

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