

# 74ABT648

Octal transceiver/register; inverting; 3-state

Rev. 04 — 27 April 2005

Product data sheet

## 1. General description

The 74ABT648 high-performance BiCMOS device combines low static and dynamic power dissipation with high speed and high output drive.

The 74ABT648 transceiver/register consists of bus transceiver circuits with inverting 3-state outputs, D-type flip-flops, and control circuitry arranged for multiplexed transmission of data directly from the input bus or the internal registers. Data on the A or B bus will be clocked into the registers as the appropriate clock pin goes HIGH.

Output enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) and direction (DIR) pins are provided to control the transceiver function.

In the transceiver mode, data present at the high-impedance port may be stored in either the A or B register or both.

The select (SAB, SBA) pins determine whether data is stored or transferred through the device in real time. The DIR determines which bus will receive data when the  $\overline{OE}$  is active (LOW).

In the isolation mode ( $\overline{OE} = \text{HIGH}$ ), data from bus A may be stored in the B register and/or data from bus B may be stored in the A register. Outputs from real time or stored registers will be inverted. When an output function is disabled, the input function is still enabled and may be used to store and transmit data. Only one of the two buses A or B may be driven at a time.

## 2. Features

- Combines 74ABT245 and 74ABT374A type functions in one device
- Independent registers for A and B buses
- Multiplexed real time and stored data
- 3-state buffers
- Live insertion and extraction permitted
- Output capability: +64 mA and -32 mA
- Power-up 3-state
- Power-up reset
- Latch-up protection:
  - ◆ JESD78: exceeds 500 mA
- ESD protection:
  - ◆ MIL STD 883 method 3015: exceeds 2000 V
  - ◆ Machine model: exceeds 200 V

**PHILIPS**

### 3. Quick reference data

**Table 1: Quick reference data** $GND = 0 \text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

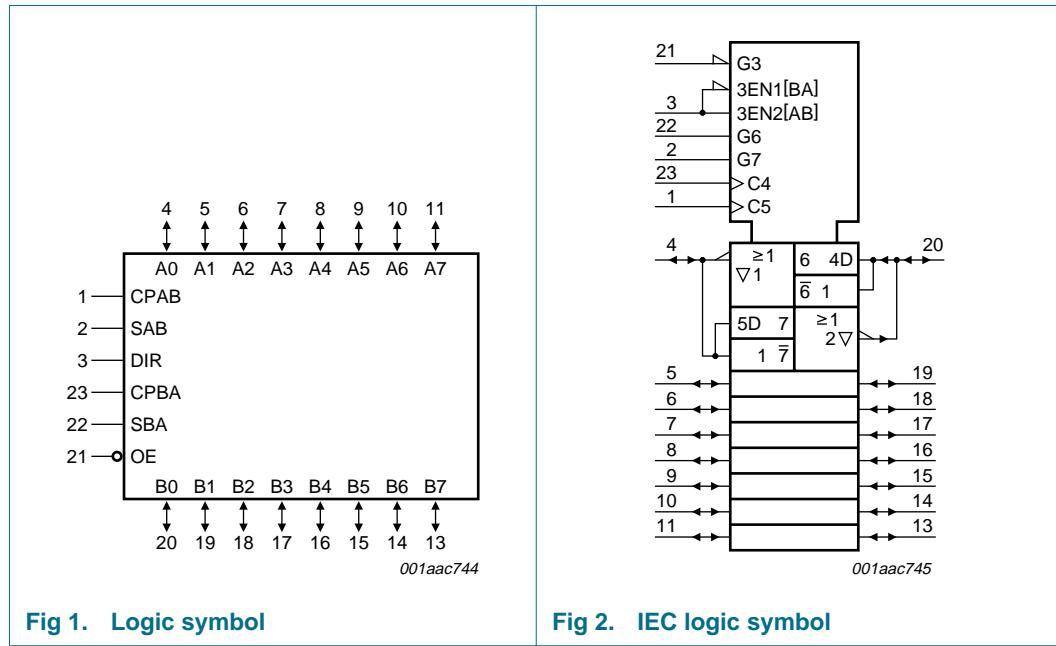
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{PLH}$	propagation delay An to Bn or Bn to An	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}; V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$	-	3.3	-	ns
$t_{PHL}$	propagation delay An to Bn or Bn to An	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}; V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$	-	3.4	-	ns
$C_I$	input capacitance on pins CP, S, OE, DIR	$V_I = 0 \text{ V} \text{ or } V_{CC}$	-	4	-	pF
$C_{I/O}$	I/O capacitance	outputs disabled; $V_O = 0 \text{ V} \text{ or } V_{CC}$	-	7	-	pF
$I_{CC}$	quiescent supply current	outputs 3-state; $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	110	-	$\mu\text{A}$

### 4. Ordering information

**Table 2: Ordering information**

Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74ABT648D	-40 °C to +85 °C	SO24	plastic small outline package; 24 leads; bodywidth 7.5 mm	SOT137-1
74ABT648PW	-40 °C to +85 °C	TSSOP24	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 24 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT355-1

### 5. Functional diagram



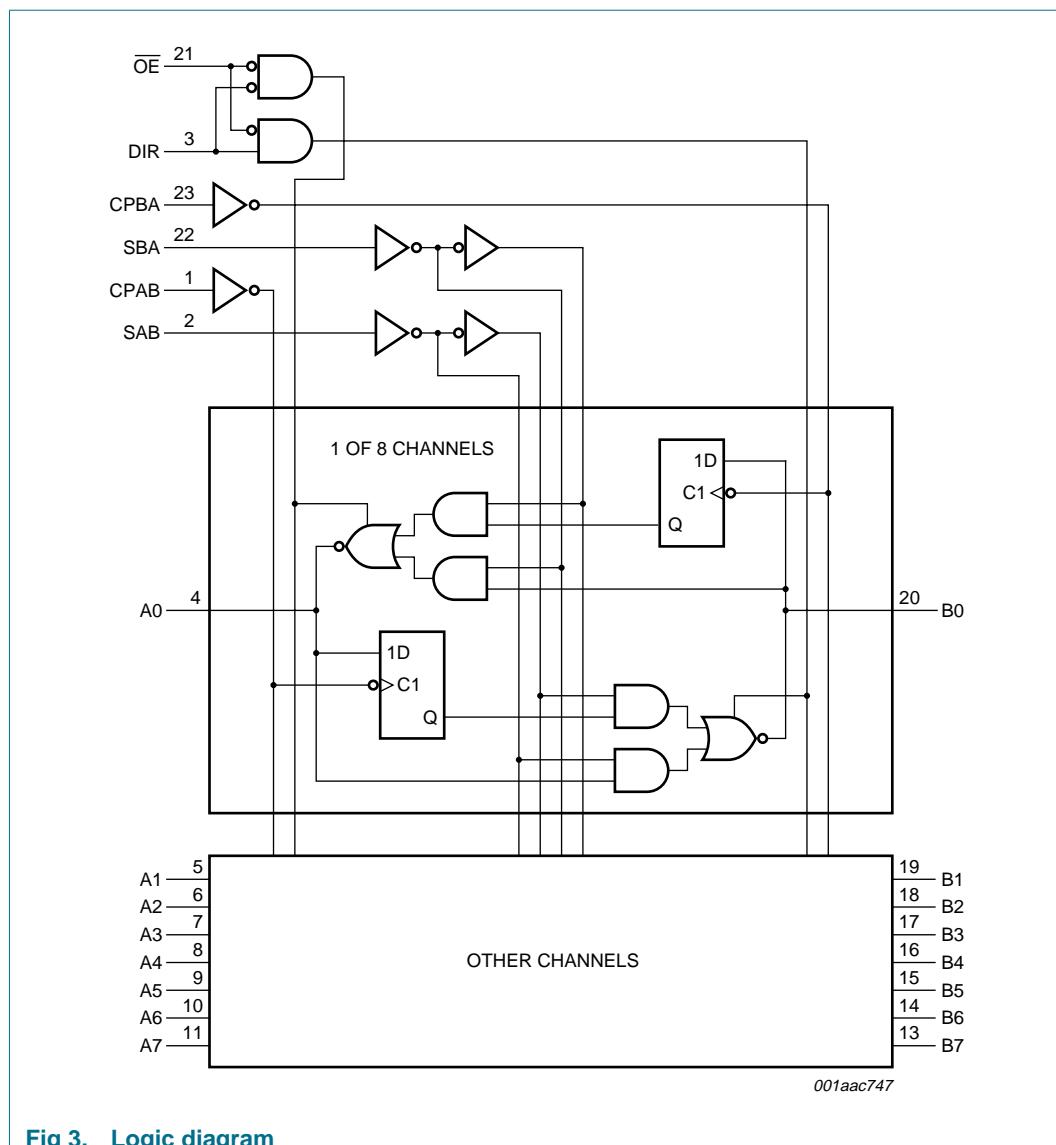
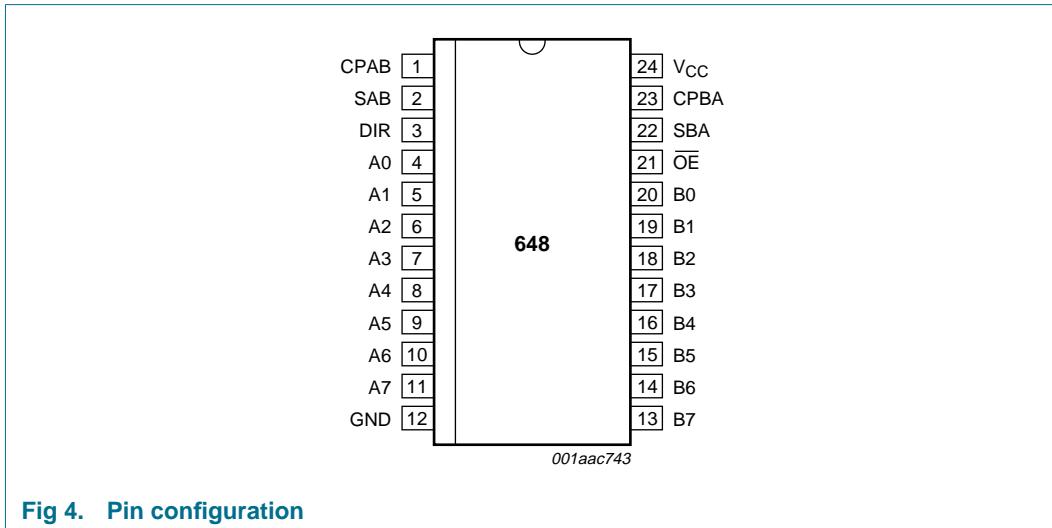


Fig 3. Logic diagram

## 6. Pinning information

### 6.1 Pinning



### 6.2 Pin description

Table 3: Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
CPAB	1	A to B clock input
SAB	2	A to B select input
DIR	3	direction control input
A0	4	data input/output 0 (A side)
A1	5	data input/output 1 (A side)
A2	6	data input/output 2 (A side)
A3	7	data input/output 3 (A side)
A4	8	data input/output 4 (A side)
A5	9	data input/output 5 (A side)
A6	10	data input/output 6 (A side)
A7	11	data input/output 7 (A side)
GND	12	ground (0 V)
B7	13	data input/output 7 (B side)
B6	14	data input/output 6 (B side)
B5	15	data input/output 5 (B side)
B4	16	data input/output 4 (B side)
B3	17	data input/output 3 (B side)
B2	18	data input/output 2 (B side)
B1	19	data input/output 1 (B side)
B0	20	data input/output 0 (B side)
OE	21	output enable input (active LOW)
	24	VCC
	23	CPBA
	22	SBA
	21	OE
	20	B0
	19	B1
	18	B2
	17	B3
	16	B4
	15	B5
	14	B6
	13	B7

**Table 3:** Pin description ...continued

Symbol	Pin	Description
SBA	22	B to A select input
CPBA	23	B to A clock input
V <sub>CC</sub>	24	supply voltage

## 7. Functional description

### 7.1 Function table

**Table 4:** Function table [1]

Operating mode	Input						Data I/O	
	OE	DIR	CPAB	CPBA	SAB	SBA	An	Bn
<b>Store A or B</b>								
Store A, B unspecified	X	X	↑	X	X	X	input	unspecified output [2]
Store B, A unspecified	X	X	X	↑	X	X	unspecified output [2]	input
<b>Store A and B</b>								
Store A and B data	H	X	↑	↑	X	X	input	input
Isolation, hold storage	H	X	H or L	H or L	X	X		
<b>B data to A bus</b>								
Real time B data to A bus	L	L	X	X	X	L	output	input
Stored B data to A bus	L	L	X	H or L	X	H		
<b>A data to B bus</b>								
Real time A data to B bus	L	H	X	X	L	X	input	output
Stored A data to B bus	L	H	H or L	X	H	X		

[1] H = HIGH voltage level;

L = LOW voltage level;

X = don't care;

↑ = LOW-to-HIGH clock transition.

[2] The data output function may be enabled or disabled by various signals at the OE input. Data input functions are always enabled, i.e., data at the bus pins will be stored on every LOW-to-HIGH transition of the clock.

## 7.2 Bus management function

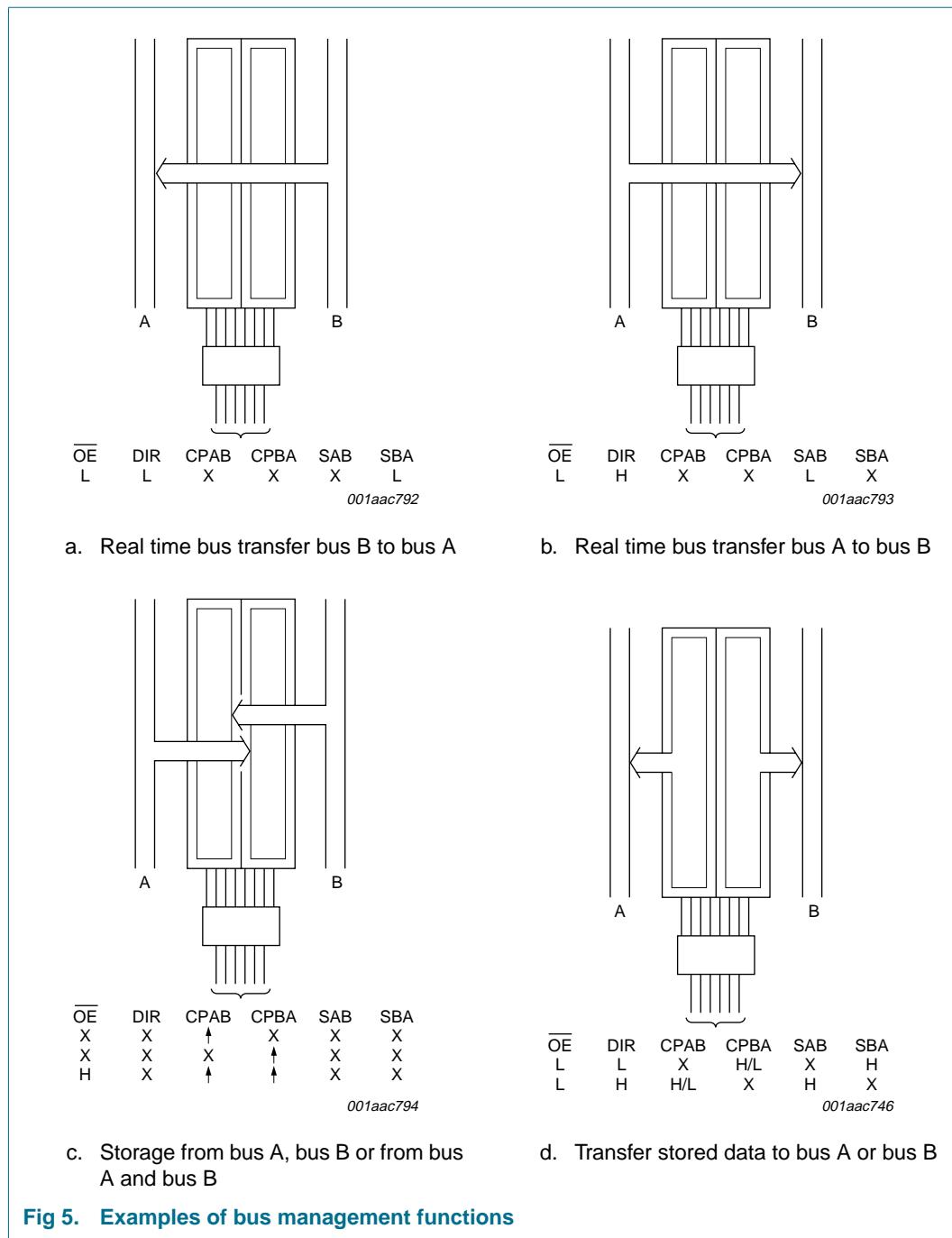


Fig 5. Examples of bus management functions

## 8. Limiting values

**Table 5: Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit	
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		-0.5	+7.0	V	
V <sub>I</sub>	input voltage		[1]	-1.2	+7.0	V
V <sub>O</sub>	output voltage	output in OFF-state or HIGH-state	[1]	-0.5	+5.5	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input diode current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0 V	-	-18	mA	
I <sub>OK</sub>	output diode current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0 V	-	-50	mA	
I <sub>O</sub>	output current	output in LOW-state	-	128	mA	
T <sub>j</sub>	junction temperature		[2]	150	°C	
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C	

[1] The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[2] The performance capability of a high-performance integrated circuit in conjunction with its thermal environment can create junction temperatures which are detrimental to reliability. The maximum junction temperature of this integrated circuit should not exceed 150 °C.

## 9. Recommended operating conditions

**Table 6: Recommended operating conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		4.5	-	5.5	V
V <sub>I</sub>	input voltage		0	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage		2.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage		-	-	0.8	V
I <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output current		-	-	-32	mA
I <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output current		-	-	64	mA
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise or fall rate		0	-	10	ns/V
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature	in free air	-40	-	+85	°C

## 10. Static characteristics

**Table 7: Static characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C</b>						
V <sub>IK</sub>	input diode voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; I <sub>IK</sub> = -18 mA	-	-0.9	-1.2	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub>				
		I <sub>O</sub> = -3 mA	2.5	3.2	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -32 mA	2.0	2.3	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub>				
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = -3 mA	3.0	3.7	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub>				
		I <sub>O</sub> = 64 mA	-	0.42	0.55	V
V <sub>RST</sub>	power-up output low voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; I <sub>O</sub> = 1 mA; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>	[1]	-	0.13	0.55 V
I <sub>LI</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or 5.5 V				
		control pins	-	±0.01	±1.0	µA
		data pins	-	±5	±100	µA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>O</sub> or V <sub>I</sub> ≤ 4.5 V	-	±5.0	±100	µA
I <sub>PU</sub> , I <sub>PD</sub>	power-up or power-down 3-state output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.1 V; V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub> ; V <sub>OE</sub> = don't care	[2]	-	±5.0	±50 µA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	3-state output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub>				
		output HIGH-state at V <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 V	-	5.0	50	µA
		output LOW-state at V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V	-	-5.0	-50	µA
I <sub>CEx</sub>	output HIGH-state leakage current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>O</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>	-	5.0	50	µA
I <sub>O</sub>	output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V	[3]	-50	-65	-180 mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>				
		outputs HIGH-state	-	110	250	µA
I <sub>CC</sub>	quiescent supply current	outputs LOW-state	-	20	30	mA
		outputs 3-state	-	110	250	µA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current per data input pin	one data input at 3.4 V and other inputs at V <sub>CC</sub> or GND; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	[4]	0.3	1.5	mA
C <sub>I</sub>	input capacitance	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V or V <sub>CC</sub>	-	4	-	pF
C <sub>I/O</sub>	I/O capacitance	outputs disabled; V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V or V <sub>CC</sub>	-	7	-	pF

**Table 7: Static characteristics ...continued**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +85 °C</b>						
V <sub>IK</sub>	input diode voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; I <sub>IK</sub> = -18 mA	-	-	-1.2	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub>				
		I <sub>O</sub> = -3 mA	2.5	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -32 mA	2.0	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub>				
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = -3 mA	3.0	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 64 mA	-	-	0.55	V
V <sub>RST</sub>	power-up output low voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; I <sub>O</sub> = 1 mA; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>	[1]	-	-	0.55 V
I <sub>LI</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or 5.5 V	-	-	±1.0	µA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.0 V; V <sub>O</sub> or V <sub>I</sub> ≤ 4.5 V	-	-	±100	µA
I <sub>PU</sub> , I <sub>PD</sub>	power-up or power-down down 3-state output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.1 V; V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub> ; V <sub>OE</sub> = don't care	[2]	-	-	±50 µA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	3-state output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub>				
		output HIGH-state at V <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 V	-	-	50	µA
		output LOW-state at V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V	-	-	-50	µA
I <sub>CEx</sub>	output HIGH-state leakage current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>O</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	50	µA
I <sub>O</sub>	output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V	[3]	-50	-	-180 mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	quiescent supply current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>				
		outputs HIGH-state	-	-	250	µA
		outputs LOW-state	-	-	30	mA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current per data input pin	outputs 3-state	-	-	250	µA
		one data input at 3.4 V and other inputs at V <sub>CC</sub> or GND; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	[4]		1.5	mA

[1] For valid test results, data must not be loaded into the flip-flops (or latches) after applying the power.

[2] This parameter is valid for any V<sub>CC</sub> between 0 V and 2.1 V, with a transition time of up to 10 ms. From V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.1 V to V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 10 % a transition time of up to 100 µs is permitted.

[3] Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed one second.

[4] This is the increase in supply current for each input at 3.4 V.

## 11. Dynamic characteristics

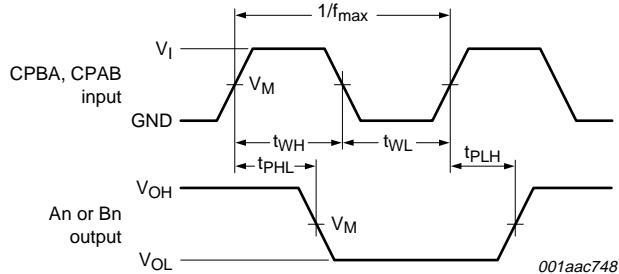
**Table 8: Dynamic characteristics***GND = 0 V; for test circuit see [Figure 12](#)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C; V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V</b>						
t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay CPAB to Bn or CPBA to An	see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>	1.8	3.2	4.6	ns
	An to Bn, Bn to An	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a> and <a href="#">8</a>	1.9	3.3	4.2	ns
	SAB to Bn or SBA to An	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a> and <a href="#">8</a>	1.8	3.9	4.5	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	propagation delay CPAB to Bn or CPBA to An	see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>	2.6	4.0	5.7	ns
	An to Bn, Bn to An	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a> and <a href="#">8</a>	2.2	3.4	5.0	ns
	SAB to Bn or SBA to An	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a> and <a href="#">8</a>	2.5	4.1	5.6	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	output enable time to HIGH level OE to An or Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 10</a>	2.2	3.5	4.4	ns
	DIR to An or Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 10</a>	2.1	3.3	4.4	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	output disable time from HIGH level OE to An or Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 10</a>	2.3	3.6	4.6	ns
	DIR to An or Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 10</a>	1.9	3.5	4.8	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	output disable time to LOW level OE to An or Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 11</a>	3.2	4.5	6.0	ns
	DIR to An or Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 11</a>	3.1	4.4	5.6	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	output disable time from LOW level OE to An or Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 11</a>	2.1	3.0	4.4	ns
	DIR to An or Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 11</a>	1.9	3.4	4.7	ns
t <sub>su(H)</sub>	set-up time HIGH An to CPAB, Bn to CPBA	see <a href="#">Figure 9</a>	3.0	1.5	-	ns
t <sub>su(L)</sub>	set-up time LOW An to CPAB, Bn to CPBA	see <a href="#">Figure 9</a>	3.0	1.0	-	ns
t <sub>h(H)</sub>	hold time HIGH An to CPAB, Bn to CPBA	see <a href="#">Figure 9</a>	0.0	-0.4	-	ns
t <sub>h(L)</sub>	hold time LOW An to CPAB, Bn to CPBA	see <a href="#">Figure 9</a>	0.0	-1.0	-	ns
t <sub>WH</sub>	pulse width HIGH CPAB or CPBA	see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>	3.5	2.6	-	ns
t <sub>WL</sub>	pulse width LOW CPAB or CPBA	see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>	4.0	1.0	-	ns
f <sub>max</sub>	maximum clock frequency	see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>	125	200	-	MHz

**Table 8: Dynamic characteristics ...continued**  
*GND = 0 V; for test circuit see [Figure 12](#)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$T_{\text{amb}} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; $V_{\text{CC}} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$						
$t_{\text{PLH}}$	propagation delay					
	CPAB to Bn or CPBA to An	see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>	1.7	-	5.1	ns
	An to Bn, Bn to An	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a> and <a href="#">8</a>	1.8	-	4.8	ns
	SAB to Bn or SBA to An	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a> and <a href="#">8</a>	1.8	-	5.1	ns
$t_{\text{PHL}}$	propagation delay					
	CPAB to Bn or CPBA to An	see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>	2.7	-	6.1	ns
	An to Bn, Bn to An	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a> and <a href="#">8</a>	2.3	-	5.2	ns
	SAB to Bn or SBA to An	see <a href="#">Figure 7</a> and <a href="#">8</a>	2.7	-	6.1	ns
$t_{\text{PZH}}$	output enable time					ns
	OE to An or Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 10</a>	2.0	-	5.0	ns
	DIR to An or Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 10</a>	1.6	-	5.0	ns
$t_{\text{PHZ}}$	output disable time					
	OE to An or Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 10</a>	2.1	-	5.2	ns
	DIR to An or Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 10</a>	1.8	-	5.6	ns
$t_{\text{PZL}}$	output disable time					
	OE to An or Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 11</a>	2.4	-	6.6	ns
	DIR to An or Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 11</a>	2.7	-	6.3	ns
$t_{\text{PLZ}}$	output disable time					
	OE to An or Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 11</a>	2.1	-	5.1	ns
	DIR to An or Bn	see <a href="#">Figure 11</a>	2.0	-	5.1	ns
$t_{\text{su(H)}}$	set-up time HIGH An to CPAB, Bn to CPBA	see <a href="#">Figure 9</a>	3.0	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{su(L)}}$	set-up time LOW An to CPAB, Bn to CPBA	see <a href="#">Figure 9</a>	3.0	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{h(H)}}$	hold time HIGH An to CPAB, Bn to CPBA	see <a href="#">Figure 9</a>	0.0	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{h(L)}}$	hold time LOW An to CPAB, Bn to CPBA	see <a href="#">Figure 9</a>	0.0	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{W(H)}}$	pulse width HIGH CPAB or CPBA	see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>	3.5	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{W(L)}}$	pulse width LOW CPAB or CPBA	see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>	4.0	-	-	ns
$f_{\text{max}}$	maximum clock frequency	see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>	125	-	-	MHz

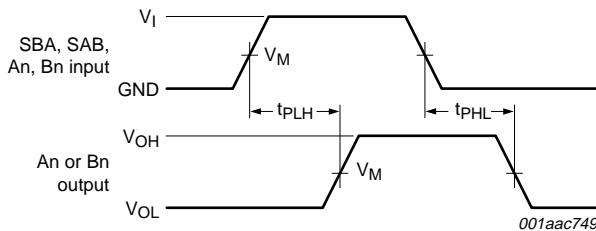
## 12. Waveforms



$V_M = 1.5 \text{ V}$ .

$V_{OL}$  and  $V_{OH}$  are typical voltage output drop that occur with the output load.

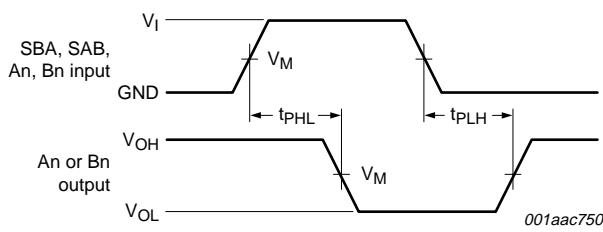
**Fig 6. Propagation delay clock input to output, clock pulse width and maximum clock frequency**



$V_M = 1.5 \text{ V}$ .

$V_{OL}$  and  $V_{OH}$  are typical voltage output drop that occur with the output load.

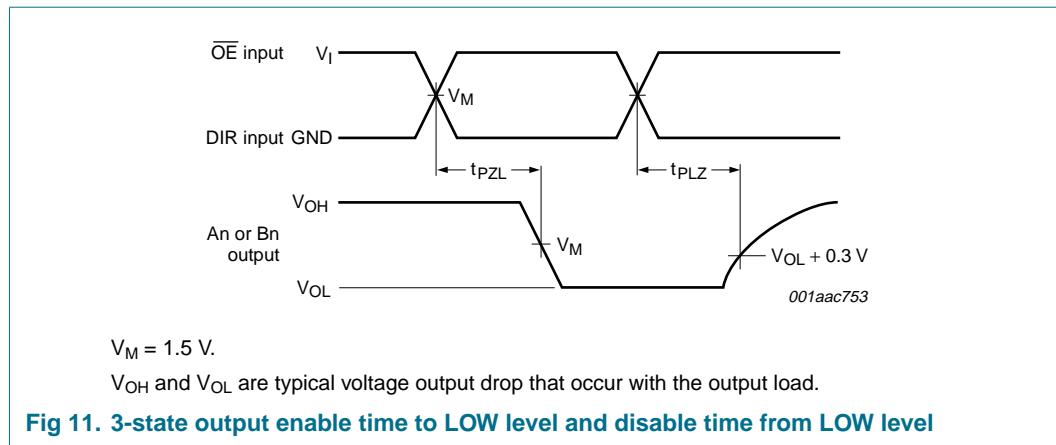
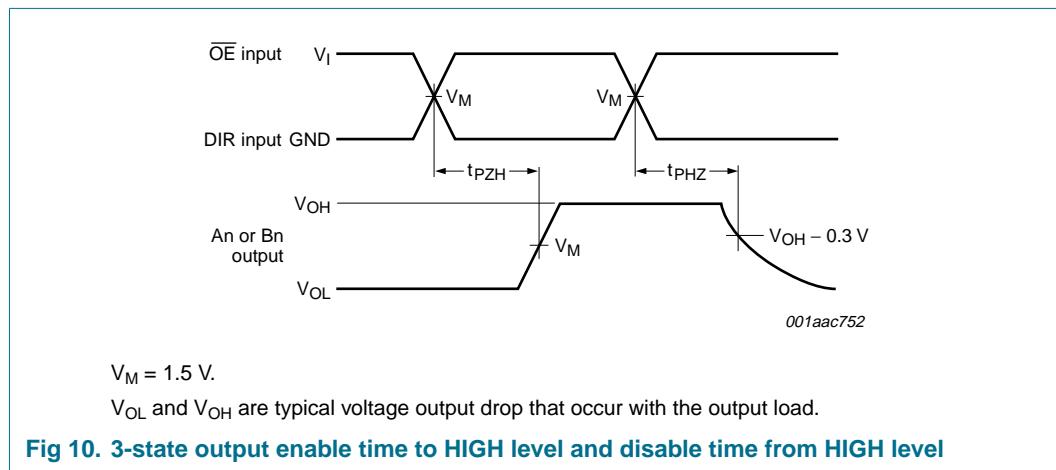
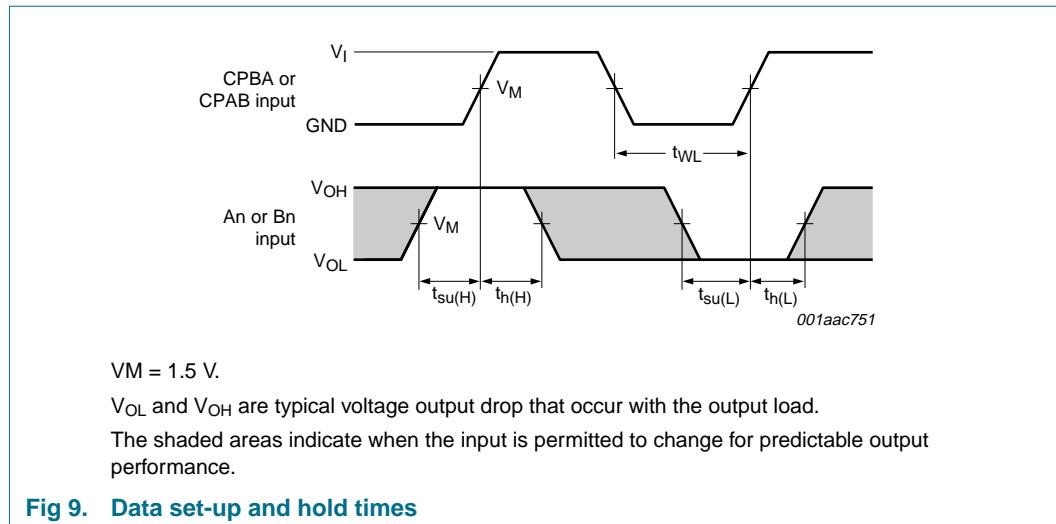
**Fig 7. Propagation delay An to Bn or Bn to An and SAB to Bn or SBA to An**

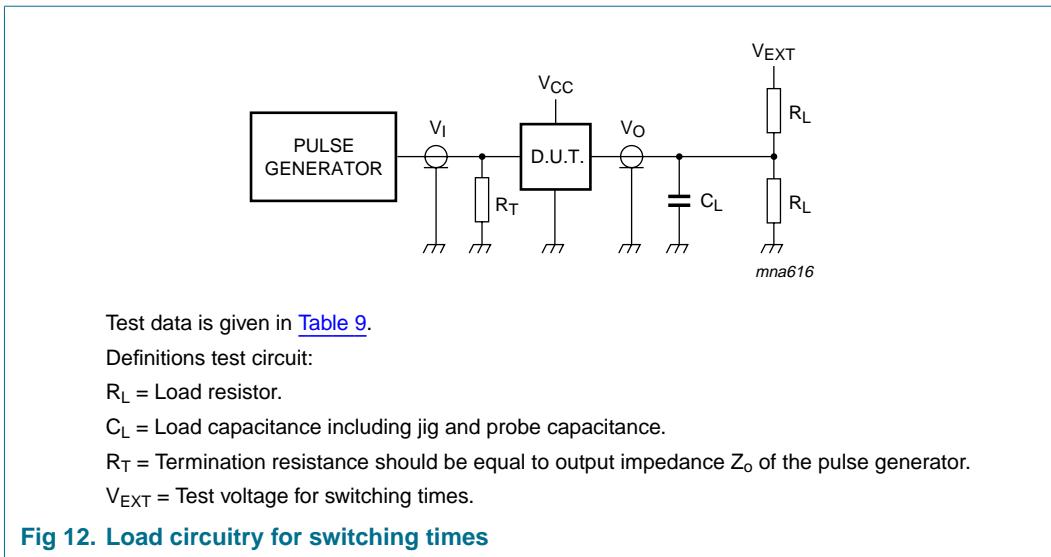


$V_M = 1.5 \text{ V}$ .

$V_{OL}$  and  $V_{OH}$  are typical voltage output drop that occur with the output load.

**Fig 8. Propagation delay An to Bn or Bn to An, and SBA to An or SAB to Bn**



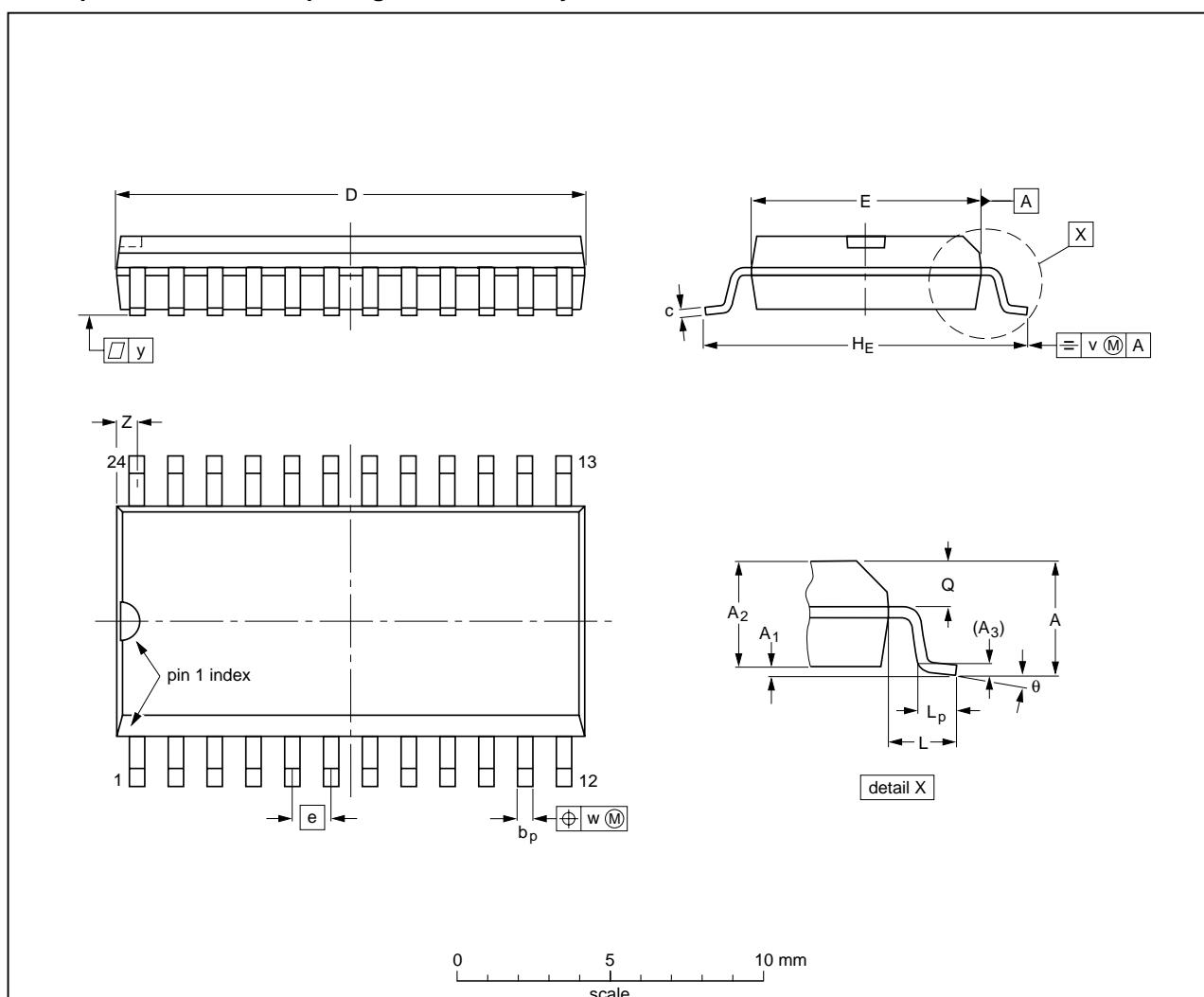
**Table 9: Test data**

Input	Load		$V_{EXT}$		
$V_I$	$C_L$	$R_L$	$t_{PHZ}, t_{PZH}$	$t_{PLZ}, t_{PZL}$	$t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$
3.0 V	50 pF	500 $\Omega$	open	7.0 V	open

## 13. Package outline

SO24: plastic small outline package; 24 leads; body width 7.5 mm

SOT137-1



**DIMENSIONS** (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	b <sub>p</sub>	c	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(1)</sup>	e	H <sub>E</sub>	L	L <sub>p</sub>	Q	v	w	y	z <sup>(1)</sup>	θ
mm	2.65 0.1	0.3 2.25	2.45	0.25	0.49 0.36	0.32 0.23	15.6 15.2	7.6 7.4	1.27	10.65 10.00	1.4	1.1 0.4	1.1 1.0	0.25	0.25	0.1	0.9 0.4	8° 0°
inches	0.1	0.012 0.004	0.096 0.089	0.01	0.019 0.014	0.013 0.009	0.61 0.60	0.30 0.29	0.05	0.419 0.394	0.055	0.043 0.016	0.043 0.039	0.01	0.01	0.004	0.035 0.016	

**Note**

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm (0.006 inch) maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES			EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		
SOT137-1	075E05	MS-013			-99-12-27 03-02-19

**Fig 13. Package outline SOT137-1 (SO24)**

TSSOP24: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 24 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT355-1

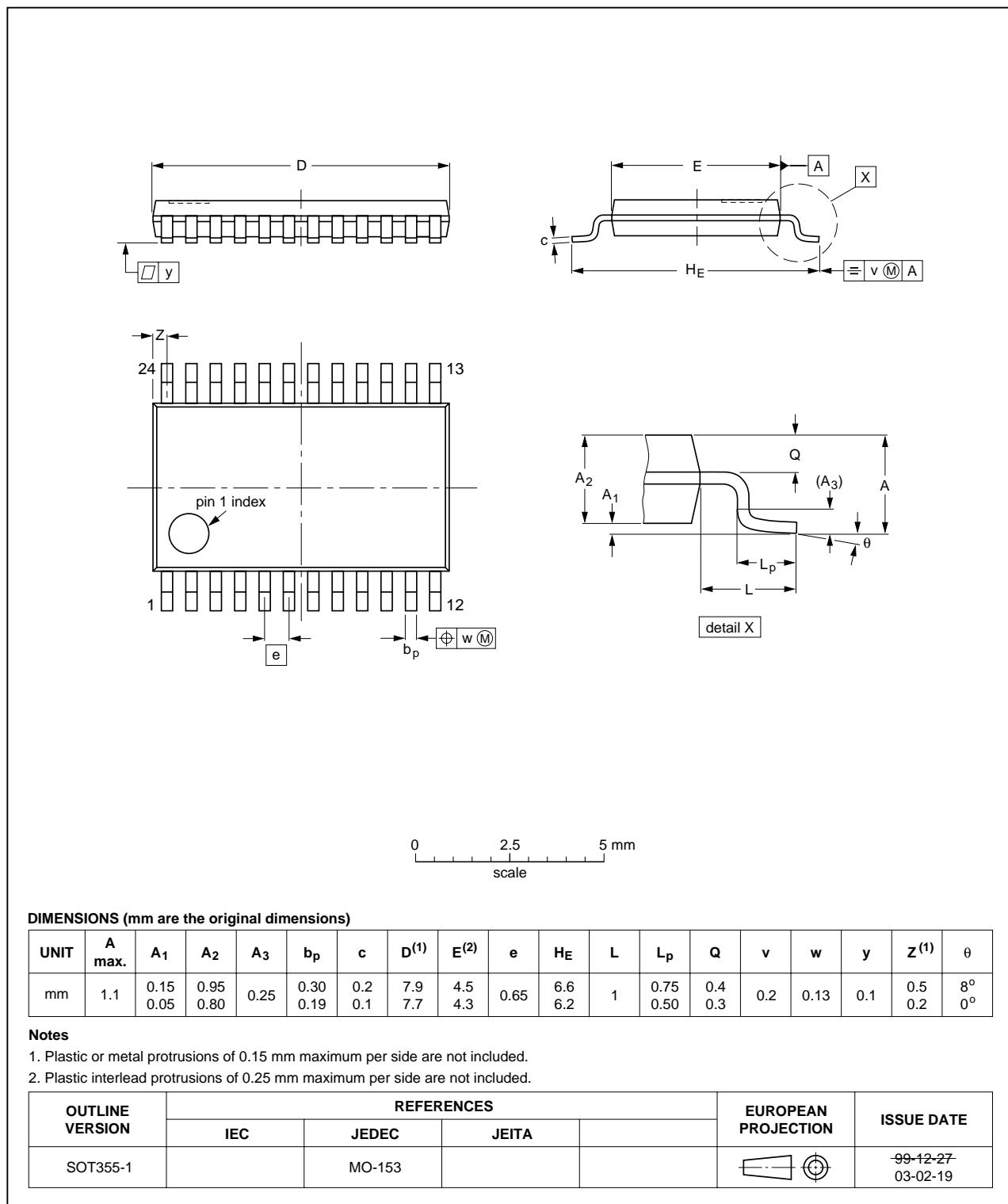


Fig 14. Package outline SOT355-1 (TSSOP24)



## 14. Revision history

**Table 10: Revision history**

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Doc. number	Supersedes
74ABT648_4	20050427	Product data sheet	-	9397 750 14858	74ABT648_3
Modifications:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the new presentation and information standard of Philips Semiconductors.</li> <li><a href="#">Section 2</a>: modified 'JEDEC Std 17' into 'JESD78'.</li> <li><a href="#">Table 1</a>: changed <math>t_{PLH}</math> from 5.9 ns to 3.3 ns and <math>t_{PHL}</math> from 5.9 ns to 3.4 ns.</li> <li><a href="#">Table 8</a>: all values changed.</li> </ul>				
74ABT648_3	20021213	Product specification	-	9397 750 10848	74ABT648_2
74ABT648_2	19980608	Product specification	-	9397 750 04022	74ABT648_1
74ABT648_1	19950417	Product specification	-	-	-

## 15. Data sheet status

Level	Data sheet status [1]	Product status [2][3]	Definition
I	Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.
II	Preliminary data	Qualification	This data sheet contains data from the preliminary specification. Supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification without notice, in order to improve the design and supply the best possible product.
III	Product data	Production	This data sheet contains data from the product specification. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time in order to improve the design, manufacturing and supply. Relevant changes will be communicated via a Customer Product/Process Change Notification (CPCN).

[1] Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The product status of the device(s) described in this data sheet may have changed since this data sheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com>.

[3] For data sheets describing multiple type numbers, the highest-level product status determines the data sheet status.

## 16. Definitions

**Short-form specification** — The data in a short-form specification is extracted from a full data sheet with the same type number and title. For detailed information see the relevant data sheet or data handbook.

**Limiting values definition** — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**Application information** — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. Philips Semiconductors make no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips Semiconductors for any damages resulting from such application.

**Right to make changes** — Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes in the products - including circuits, standard cells, and/or software - described or contained herein in order to improve design and/or performance. When the product is in full production (status 'Production'), relevant changes will be communicated via a Customer Product/Process Change Notification (CPCN). Philips Semiconductors assumes no responsibility or liability for the use of any of these products, conveys no license or title under any patent, copyright, or mask work right to these products, and makes no representations or warranties that these products are free from patent, copyright, or mask work right infringement, unless otherwise specified.

## 18. Trademarks

**Notice** — All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

## 17. Disclaimers

**Life support** — These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips Semiconductors

## 19. Contact information

For additional information, please visit: <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com>

For sales office addresses, send an email to: [sales.addresses@www.semiconductors.philips.com](mailto:sales.addresses@www.semiconductors.philips.com)

## 20. Contents

1	General description .....	1
2	Features .....	1
3	Quick reference data .....	2
4	Ordering information .....	2
5	Functional diagram .....	2
6	Pinning information .....	4
6.1	Pinning .....	4
6.2	Pin description .....	4
7	Functional description .....	5
7.1	Function table .....	5
7.2	Bus management function .....	6
8	Limiting values .....	7
9	Recommended operating conditions .....	7
10	Static characteristics .....	8
11	Dynamic characteristics .....	10
12	Waveforms .....	12
13	Package outline .....	15
14	Revision history .....	17
15	Data sheet status .....	18
16	Definitions .....	18
17	Disclaimers .....	18
18	Trademarks .....	18
19	Contact information .....	18

© Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V. 2005

All rights are reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner. The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice. No liability will be accepted by the publisher for any consequence of its use. Publication thereof does not convey nor imply any license under patent- or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Date of release: 27 April 2005  
Document number: 9397 750 14858

Published in The Netherlands

